

6th Grade Social Studies Scope & Sequence

Grading Period	Unit Title	Learning Targets
Throughout the	Process Standards	
School Year	Communicates in written, oral, and visual forms.	
	Applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired through established research	
	methodologies from a	a variety of valid sources, including electronic technology.
	Uses problem-solving	g and decision-making skills, working independently and with others.
1st Nine Weeks	Essentials of Geography How do changes in physical geography impact the population? Why do people adapt to and modify their environment? How do societies organize economic and political systems?	 I can identify and locate landforms oceans, continents, selected world countries and various regions. I can draw and sketch thematic maps on various topics. I can pose and answer questions on the 5 themes of geography including: location, place, human, movement, region. I can use latitude and longitude to find locations on a map I can read and interpret information off of maps, charts, and graphs.
	North America How do physical features of a region affect its human geography? How does human geography affect physical regions?	 I can locate and label important physical features of North America: Rocky Mountains, Appalachian Mountains, Mississippi River, Great Lakes, Gulf of Mexico, Hudson Bay, Great Plains, Pacific Ocean, Atlantic Ocean, Rio Grande River I can locate and label important political features of North America on a Political Map: United States, Canada, Mexico, Ottawa, Washington D.C., Mexico City I can analyze the conflict between British and French Colonies. I can synthesize information about the goals and results of the Mexican Revolution from primary sources.

	How are cultures impacted by historical, social, economic, and political events? What physical and human factors define a region?	 I can describe the cultural achievements of the Maya and Aztecs. I can understand historical events that influence contemporary societies in North America. I can make inferences about the connections between the US and Canada based on their historical data I can compare the levels of economic development of the United States, Canada and Mexico. I can describe the principles upon which the Constitution is based. I can define rights and responsibilities, describe key rights and responsibilities, and suggest examples that relate to their life. I can understand that participation of citizens in the election of leaders is one way to limit the power of government. I can identify and explain the duty of civic participation in representative governments.
2nd Nine Weeks	In what ways do cultural elements – economics, political systems, religious beliefs – influence life in a given region of the world? Why do people live where they live? How does where we live affect how we live? Why and how do people govern themselves as they do? What is the nature of citizenship in a given place or region?	 I can identify countries and capitals of South American countries. I can locate physical features South America using latitude and longitude. I can describe how elevation and climate affect life in South America. I can understand how similar cultural traits characterize countries in a region while still maintaining cultural diversity in those countries. I can compare levels of economic development that differ significantly within the same region and depend on a variety of economic, social, political, and geographic factors. I can understand the organization and power of a country's government affects the rights and control of a country's citizens.
	Sub-Saharan Africa In what ways do cultural elements – economics, political systems, religious beliefs – influence life in a given region of the world?	 I can describe major landforms of Africa and the physical processes that caused their development. I can identify and explain the major factors that influence the distribution of climate regions in Africa. I can identify the locations of major biomes in Africa and the influence of climate on that distribution.

	Why do people live where they live? How does where we live affect how we live? Why and how do people govern themselves as they do? What is the nature of citizenship in a given place or region?	 I can compare the ways humans depend on, adapt to, and modify the physical environment. I can describe patterns of culture (language and religion), in Africa. I can identify examples traditional cultures and economies in Africa. I can recognize and interpret visual representations of African culture. I can describe trends in population growth and distribution in Africa. I can locate and describe human and physical features that influence the size and distribution of settlements in Africa. I can explain how push and pull factors and physical geography affect the routes and flows of human migration in Africa. I can evaluate the social and economic effects of Africa health hazards. I can analyze factors that influenced the control territory and resources in Africa.
3rd Nine Weeks	Europe What are the benefits of different types of economy on a society? How did democratic forms of government in Ancient Greece and Ancient Rome influence modern democratic and republic systems? How did inventions during the Industrial Revolution change the world?	 I can identify the following political features of Europe: Paris, France; Madrid, Spain; Riga, Latvia; Berlin, Germany; Athens, Greece; Minsk, Belarus; Rome, Italy; Stockholm, Sweden; Kiev, Ukraine; Oslo, Norway; London, United Kingdom; Lisbon, Portugal. I can locate the following physical features of Europe using latitude and longitude: Atlantic Ocean, Alps (Mountain Range), Pyrenees Mountains, English Channel, Mediterranean Sea, Iberian Peninsula, Seine River, Scandinavian Peninsula. I can identify and explain how geography impacts the economy of Europe. I can identify historical roots of democracy and representative government. I can identify the advantages and disadvantages of different ways to organize government.
	Russia and the Eurasian Republics In what ways do cultural elements – economics, political systems, religious beliefs – influence life in a given region of the world?	 I can understands how geographic factors influence the economic development, political relationships, and policies of societies. I can identify geographic factors such as location, physical features, transportation corridors and barriers, and distribution of natural resources that influence a society's ability to control territory I can explain the impact of geographic factors on economic development and the domestic and foreign policies of societies

	Why do people live where they live? How does where we live affect how we live? Why and how do people govern themselves as they do? What is the nature of citizenship in a given place or region?	 I can understand the similarities and differences within and among cultures in various world societies. I can identify and explain examples of conflict and cooperation between and among cultures. I can explain ways in which human migration influences the character of places and regions. I can understand that the nature of citizenship varies among societies.
	In what ways do cultural elements – economics, political systems, religious beliefs – influence life in a given region of the world? Why do people live where they live? How does where we live affect how we live? Why and how do people govern themselves as they do? What is the nature of citizenship in a given place or region?	 I can understand the relationship that exists between the arts and the societies in which they are produced. The student is expected to: I can explain the relationships that exist between societies and their architecture, art, music, and literature. I can relate ways in which contemporary expressions of culture have been influenced by the past. I can understand the relationships among religion, philosophy, and culture. I can explain the relationship among religious ideas, philosophical ideas, and cultures. I can explain the significance of religious holidays and observances such as Christmas, Easter, Ramadan, the annual hajj, Yom Kippur, Rosh Hashanah, Diwali, and Vaisakhi in various contemporary societies.
4th Nine Weeks	Asia (East and Southeast) In what ways do cultural elements – economics, political systems, religious beliefs – influence life in a given region of the world? Why do people live where they live? How does where we live affect how we live?	 I can discuss the diversity of the geography of the Indian Subcontinent. I know that the Himalayas are the major mountain range in South Asia. I can list ways that the Himalayas have affected lifestyles. I can identify and describe the influence of individual or group achievements on various historical or contemporary societies. I can understand the degree to which cultures reflect continuity and change depends on a variety of economic, social, political, and geographic factors. I can understand that scientific discoveries, inventions and technological innovations transcend boundaries and transform societies around the world.

Why and how do people govern themselves as they do? What is the nature of citizenship in a given place or region?	
Australia and the Pacific Realm In what ways do cultural elements – economics, political systems, religious beliefs – influence life in a given region of the world? Why do people live where they live? How does where we live affect how we live? Why and how do people govern themselves as they do? What is the nature of citizenship in a given place or region?	 I can identify and analyze ways people have adapted to the physical environment in various places and regions. I can analyze the effects of the interaction of physical processes and the environment on humans. I can identify and analyze ways people have modified the physical environment such as mining, irrigation, and transportation infrastructure. I can understand the impact of interactions between people and the physical environment on the development and conditions of places and regions.