

**SUBJECT: SEXUAL HARASSMENT**

The Board of Education recognizes that harassment of students, staff, school volunteers, and certain “non-employees” (which includes contractors, subcontractors, vendors, consultant and other persons providing services pursuant to a contract, or their employees) on the basis of sex, gender and/or sexual orientation is abusive and illegal behavior that harms victims and negatively impacts the school culture by creating an environment of fear, distrust, intimidation and intolerance. The Board further recognizes that preventing and remedying sexual harassment in schools is essential to ensure a healthy, nondiscriminatory environment in which students can learn and employees and “non-employees” can work productively.

Sexual harassment is a form of sex discrimination and is unlawful under federal, state, and (where applicable) local law. Sexual harassment includes harassment on the basis of actual or perceived or self-identified sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, and transgender status. Sexual or gender-based harassment of a student can deny or limit the student’s ability to participate in or to receive benefits, services, or opportunities from the school’s program.

The Board is committed to providing an educational and working environment that promotes respect, dignity and equality and that is free from all forms of harassment based on gender and sexual orientation. To this end, the Board condemns and strictly prohibits all forms of sexual harassment on school grounds, school buses and at all school-sponsored activities, programs and events including those that take place at locations outside the district, or outside the school setting if the harassment impacts the individual’s education or employment in a way that violates their legal rights.

Under various state and federal laws, students, employees, school volunteers and “non-employees” have legal protections against sexual harassment in the school environment as described above. Additionally, local laws (e.g., county, city, town, village) may apply to the district. The district’s Code of Conduct also addresses appropriate behavior in the school environment. Sexual harassment can occur between persons of all ages and genders.

In order for the Board to effectively enforce this policy and to take prompt corrective measures, it is essential that all victims of sexual harassment and persons with knowledge of sexual harassment report the harassment immediately.

The district will promptly investigate all complaints of sexual harassment, either formal or informal, verbal or written. To the extent possible, all complaints will be treated in a confidential manner. Limited disclosure may be necessary to complete a thorough investigation. If the complainant reports that they feel unsafe at school due to the nature of the complaint, the district will determine if accommodations need to be made until the issue is resolved.

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**SUBJECT: SEXUAL HARASSMENT (cont'd)**

If, after appropriate investigation, the district finds that a student, an employee, school volunteer, “non-employee” or a third party has violated this policy, prompt corrective action will be taken in accordance with the applicable collective bargaining agreement, contract, district policy and state law.

As per Board Policy 5573, “Whistle-Blower” Protection, the Board prohibits any retaliatory behavior directed against complainants, victims, witnesses, and/or any other individuals who participated in the investigation of a complaint of sexual harassment. Follow-up inquiries shall be made to ensure that sexual harassment has not resumed and that all those involved in the investigation of the sexual harassment complaint have not suffered retaliation.

The Superintendent of Schools is directed to develop and implement regulations for reporting, investigating and remedying allegations of sexual harassment. These regulations are to be attached to this policy. In addition, training programs shall be established for students and annually for employees to raise awareness of the issues surrounding sexual harassment and to implement preventative measures to help reduce incidents of sexual harassment. Age-appropriate instructional materials will be incorporated into the curriculum to educate students so that they can recognize and reduce the incidence of sexual harassment.

This policy shall be posted in a prominent place in each district facility, on the district's website, and shall also be published in student registration materials, student, parent and employee handbooks, and other appropriate school publications.

The Board of Education and Superintendent will review this policy annually.

Ref:

- Education Amendments of 1972, Title IX, 20 U.S.C. §1681 *et seq.*
- Title VII of Civil Rights Act (1964), 42 U.S.C. §2000-e; 34 CFR §100 *et seq.*
- Executive Law §296-d (prohibition of sexual harassment of non-employees)
- Labor Law §201-g (required sexual harassment policy and training)
- *Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education*, 526 U.S. 629, 652 (1999)
- *Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent School District*, 524 U.S. 274 (1998)
- *Faragher v. City of Boca Raton*, 524 U.S. 775 (1998)
- *Burlington Industries v. Ellerth*, 524 U.S. 742 (1998)
- *Oncale v. Sundowner Offshore Services, Inc.*, 523 U.S. 75 (1998)
- *Franklin v. Gwinnett County Public Schools*, 503 U.S. 60 (1992)
- *Meritor Savings Bank, FSB v. Vinson*, 477 U.S. 57 (1986)
- Office for Civil Rights *Revised Sexual Harassment Guidance (January 19, 2001)*
- Office for Civil Rights, *Dear Colleague Letter: Sexual Harassment Issues (2006)*
- Office for Civil Rights, *Dear Colleague Letter: Bullying (October 26, 2010)*
- Code of Conduct; Policy 3420 Anti-Harassment in the School District; Policy 5573 “Whistle-Blower” Protection Policy

Adopted: 10/9/2018