Barton Malow

Design/Construction Services

Troy School District
2004 Bond Program
Troy, MI

Phase II – Troy High School
Additions & Renovations
Bid Package # 9390

PROJECT MANUAL

Issue Date: January 31, 2007
Pre-Bid Conference: February 6, 2007 @ 3:00PM
Bid Due Date: March 6, 2007 @ 3:00PM

SECTION 00010
PROJECT MANUAL
TABLE OF CONTENTS

01600	Forms	January 31, 2007
01630	Product Substitutions	January 31, 2007
01700	Contract Close-out	January 31, 2007
01720	Project Record Documents	January 31, 2007
01730	Operations and Maintenance Data	January 31, 2007
01740	Warrantees and Guarantees	January 31, 2007
01750	Systems Demonstration, Operational Instructions and Start-up	January 31, 2007

DIVISIONS 2 THROUGH 16 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Prepared by Kingscott Architects, Engineering, Interior Design are issued under a separate Cover

DOCUMENTS ISSUED FOR BID PACKAGE NUMBER # 9390

Kingscott Architects, Engineering, Interior Design Specifications dated **January 15, 2007**

Construction Documents for Phase II – Troy High School Additions and Renovations prepared by Kingscott Architects, Engineering, Interior Design Dated **January 15, 2007**

Barton Malow Company Project Manual dated **January 31, 2007**

Professional Service Industries, Inc. Geotechnical Exploration and Engineering Report dated **September 14, 2005** (included behind Specification Section 02300 – Earthwork)

SECTION 00015
PROJECT MANUAL
LIST OF DRAWINGS
TROY HIGH SCHOOL

T1	1/15/07	TITLE SHEET
T2	1/15/07	DATA SHEET
SITE		
C0.1	1/15/07	SITE DEMOLITION PLAN
C1.1	1/15/07	SITE LAYOUT PLAN
C1.2	1/15/07	SITE LAYOUT PLAN
C2.1	1/15/07	SITE GRADING DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN
C3.1	1/15/07	SITE DETAILS
C3.2	1/15/07	SITE DETAILS
ARCHITECTURAL		
A0.1	1/15/07	COMPOSITE PLANS
A0.2	1/15/07	CODE COMPLIANCE PLANS
D1.2A	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN – UNIT A
D1.2B	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN – UNIT B
D1.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN – UNIT C
D1.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN – UNIT D
D1.2G	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN – UNIT G
D1.9	1/15/07	ENLARGED DEMOLITION PLAN
A1.2A	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR PLAN – UNIT A
A1.2B	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR PLAN – UNIT B
A1.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR PLAN – UNIT C
A1.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR & CLERESTORY PLANS - UNIT D
A1.2G	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR PLAN – UNIT G
A1.3	1/15/07	TICKET BOOTH – PLANS, ELEVATIONS, BLDG. SECTIONS
A1.4	1/15/07	EXIST. CONCESSIONS BLDG. – PLANS & ELEVATIONS
A1.5	1/15/07	VISITOR'S PRESSBOX – PLANS, ELEVATIONS, BLDG. SECTIONS
A1.9	1/15/07	ENLARGED PLANS
A1.10	1/15/07	ROOF PLANS AND DETAILS
A2.0	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR COMPOSITE REFLECTED CEILING PLAN
A2.2A	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR REFLECTED CEILING PLAN – UNIT A
A2.2B	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR REFLECTED CEILING PLAN – UNIT B
A2.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR REFLECTED CEILING PLAN – UNIT C
A2.2D	1/15/07	PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR REFLECTED CEILING PLANS – UNITS D & G
A2.3	1/15/07	PARTITION TYPES & BULKHEAD DETAILS
A3.1	1/15/07	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

A3.2	1/15/07	BUILDING SECTIONS
A3.3	1/15/07	EXT. ELEVATIONS, BLDG. SEC. @ DINING PATIO
A4.1	1/15/07	WALL SECTIONS
A4.2	1/15/07	WALL SECTIONS
A4.3	1/15/07	WALL SECTIONS
A4.4	1/15/07	WALL SECTIONS
A4.5	1/15/07	WALL SECTIONS
A5.1	1/15/07	BUILDING DETAILS
A5.2	1/15/07	BUILDING DETAILS
A5.3	1/15/07	BUILDING DETAILS
A5.4	1/15/07	BUILDING DETAILS
A5.5	1/15/07	BUILDING DETAILS
A6.1	1/15/07	DOOR SCHEDULE
A6.2	1/15/07	DOOR FRAME DETAILS
A6.3	1/15/07	DOOR & WINDOW FRAME DETAILS
A6.4	1/15/07	DOOR & WINDOW FRAME DETAILS
A8.1	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR COLOR LAYOUT PLAN – UNIT D
A9.1	1/15/07	INTERIOR ELEVATIONS
A9.2	1/15/07	INTERIOR ELEVATIONS

STRUCTURAL

S1.1	1/15/07	FOUNDATION PLAN
S2.0	1/15/07	FOUNDATION NOTES & TYPICAL DETAILS
S2.1	1/15/07	FOUNDATION DETAILS
S3.1	1/15/07	ROOF FRAMING PLAN
S4.0	1/15/07	STRUCTURAL NOTES & TYPICAL DETAILS
S4.1	1/15/07	STRUCTURAL DETAILS
S4.2	1/15/07	PRESSBOX FRAMING PLANS & TYPICAL DETAILS

MECHANICAL

FPI.2A	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – FIRE PROTECTION PLAN – UNIT A
FPI.2B	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – FIRE PROTECTION PLAN – UNIT B
FPI.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – FIRE PROTECTION PLAN – UNIT C
FPI.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – FIRE PROTECTION PLAN – UNIT D
FPI.2E	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – FIRE PROTECTION PLAN – UNIT E
P0.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – DEMOLITION PLUMBING PLAN – UNIT C
P0.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – DEMOLITION PLUMBING PLAN – UNIT D
P0.2E	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – DEMOLITION PLUMBING PLAN – UNIT E
P0.2G	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – DEMOLITION PLUMBING PLAN – UNIT G
P1.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR - PLUMBING PLAN – UNIT C
P1.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR - PLUMBING PLAN – UNIT D
P1.2G	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR - PLUMBING PLAN – UNIT G

M0.2A	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR - DEMOLITION HVAC PLAN – UNIT A
M0.2B	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR - DEMOLITION HVAC PLAN – UNIT B
M0.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR - DEMOLITION HVAC PLAN – UNIT C
M0.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR - DEMOLITION HVAC PLAN – UNIT D
M1.2A	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – HVAC PLAN – UNIT A
M1.2B	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – HVAC PLAN – UNIT B
M1.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – HVAC PLAN – UNIT C
M1.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – HVAC PLAN – UNIT D
M1.2G	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR – HVAC PLAN – UNIT G
M2.1	1/15/07	SEQUENCE OF OPERATION
M3.1	1/15/07	MECHANICAL DETAILS
ME1.1	1/15/07	MECHANICAL / ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES

ELECTRICAL

E0.1	1/15/07	ELECTRICAL SITE PLAN
E0.1B	1/15/07	PRESSBOX AND TICKET BOOTH LIGHTING PLAN
E0.1C	1/15/07	PRESSBOX AND TICKET BOOTH POWER PLANS
E1.1H	1/15/07	LOWER LEVEL LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT H
E1.1J	1/15/07	LOWER LEVEL LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT J
E1.1K	1/15/07	LOWER LEVEL LIGHTING PLAN – UNITK
E1.2A	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT A
E1.2B	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT B
E1.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT C
E1.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT D
E1.2E	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT E
E1.2F	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT F
E1.2G	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT G
E1.2H	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT H
E1.2J	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT J
E1.2K	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT K
E1.3A,C	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT A & C
E1.3G	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT G
E1.3H	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT H
E1.3J	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT J
E1.3K	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR LIGHTING PLAN – UNIT K
E2.1H	1/15/07	LOWER LEVEL POWER PLAN – UNIT H
E2.1J	1/15/07	LOWER LEVEL POWER PLAN – UNIT J
E2.1K	1/15/07	LOWER LEVEL POWER PLAN – UNIT K
E2.2A	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT A
E2.2B	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT B
E2.2C	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT C
E2.2D	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT D
E2.2E	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT E
E2.2F	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT F

E2.2G	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT G
E2.2H	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT H
E2.2J	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT J
E2.2K	1/15/07	FIRST FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT K
E2.3A,C	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT A & C
E2.3G	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT G
E2.3H	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT H
E2.3J	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT J
E2.3K	1/15/07	SECOND FLOOR POWER PLAN – UNIT K
E3.1	1/15/07	ELECTRICAL DETAILS AND FIXTURE SCHEDULE
E3.2	1/15/07	PANELBOARD SCHEDULES

END OF SECTION 00015

SECTION 00030
PROJECT MANUAL
INFORMATION AND IDENTITIES

This Project Manual contains the Bidding and Contract Requirements for Troy School District – Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations, Bid Package No. 9390 in Troy, Michigan. Review of this Manual is important in fulfilling the Contract Requirements. Any questions regarding this Manual or any of the Bidding or Contract Requirements should be directed to the Barton Malow Company.

PROJECT:	**Troy School District** **2004 Bond Program** **Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations** **Bid Package No. 9390**
OWNER:	**Troy School District** **4400 Livernois Road** **Troy, MI 48098**
Construction Manager:	**BARTON MALOW COMPANY** **1301 Boyd** **Troy, MI 48083** **Andrea Wright, Assistant Project Manager** **Phone: 248-823-4631** **Fax: 248-823-4672** **Email: andrea.wright@bartonmalow.com**
ARCHITECT:	**Kingscott Architecture, Engineering, Interior Design** **229 East Michigan, Suite 335** **Kalamazoo, MI 49007-6403**

SECTION 00100
ADVERTISEMENT TO BID

1. Barton Malow Company, requests Bid Proposals on behalf of Troy School District for the **Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations** for Bid Package No. 9390 work. Bid Proposals will be received by Troy School District, 1140 Rankin, Troy, MI 48098 delivery or mail, to the attention of Frank Lams by 3:00 p.m. local time on Tuesday, March 6, 2007. (The clock used for receiving bids is located at the Rankin office in Nancy Cryderman's area. The clock is linked to the TSD computer resource center). Proposals must be sealed with Bidder's name on the outside of the envelope and designated as follows:

   Sealed Proposal
   Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations
   Bid Package No. 9390
   Bid Category: _____
   Contractor Name, Address, Phone Number

2. Proposals shall be based on the requirements set forth in the Project Manual by Barton Malow Company and Specifications and Construction Documents prepared by Kingscott Architects, Engineering, Interior Design dated December 1, 2006 for:

BID PACKAGE NO. 9390, Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations
2004 Bond Program

Bid Category	Titles
2.1	Sitework
3.1	Concrete
4.1	Masonry
5.1	Structural Steel
6.1	Carpentry and Acoustical Ceilings
7.1	Roofing
8.1	Aluminum Door, Window and Glazing
9.1	Painting
9.2	Ceramic Tile
9.3	Carpet, Resilient Tile and Base
9.4	Athletic Flooring
15.1	Mechanical
15.2	Temperature and Lighting Controls
15.3	Mechanical Testing and Balancing
16.1	Electrical

3. Accepted Bidders will be required, as a condition precedent to award of Contract, to furnish in the amount of 100% of the contract price, satisfactory Performance Bond and Payment Bond and Certificates of Insurance as required in the Project Manual.

4. Unless otherwise specifically set forth in Section 00880 of the Project Manual, this Project is subject to state sales and/or use taxes and Bidder is required to include such taxes in its Bid Proposal.

5. Barton Malow Company has been contracted by the Owner in the capacity of **Construction Manager,** for the Project, and as such has the rights and obligations set forth in its contract with the Owner for those services, and shall act as representative of the Owner to the extent required/allowed under its Owner contract.

6. Bid Proposals will be publicly opened immediately following receipt of bids by the Troy School District and Barton Malow Company, evaluated by Barton Malow Company, Owner and the Architect, with awards subsequently made by Troy School District, Barton Malow Company and Kingscott Architects, Engineering, Interior Design.

   The Owner shall not open, consider, or accept a Bid Proposal that is received after the date and time specified for bid submission in this Advertisement for Bids.

7. Bidding Documents will be available for examination and distribution on or after Wednesday, January 31, 2007**.** Examination may be made at the following locations:

   - Barton Malow Company Site Office, 1301 Boyd, Troy, MI 48083
   - Construction Association of Michigan, 43636 Woodward Ave., Bloomfield, MI 48302
   - F. W. Dodge, 21415 Civic Center Drive, Suite 115, Southfield, MI 48076

8. A **STRONGLY ENCOURAGED PRE-BID CONFERENCE** and site tour will be held for all trades at Troy High School (4777 Northfield Parkway Troy, MI 48084), on **Tuesday, February 6, 2007, at 3:00 p.m.** All Bidders should plan to attend the pre-bid conference. Pre-bid conference minutes will be distributed to all attendees by Barton Malow Company. But, Barton Malow Company, the Architect and Owner are not responsible for providing information to those who do not attend the pre-bid conference. Information disclosed in the pre-bid conference minutes will be considered part of the Bidding and Contract Documents.

9. A deposit of **$100** per document set is required. Deposit check should be made payable to the Troy School District. Each Bidder shall provide its shipper number for shipping fees if the Bidder desires to have plans sent by ground or air transportation. More than one set is available upon payment of printing and shipping costs. **Deposits will be refunded upon return of the Bidding Documents to the Barton Malow Company by April 9, 2007**, provided the Bidding Documents are returned complete, in clean and usable condition, and free of marks or other defacements. **DEPOSIT WILL NOT BE REFUNDED FOR DRAWINGS RETURNED AFTER APRIL 9, 2007.** Successful Bidders shall retain their set of Bidding Documents and their deposits will be refunded upon execution of the Agreement.

10. Bid Proposals shall be on forms furnished by **Barton Malow Company in Section 00400**. Bidders will be required to submit with their Bid Proposals, a notarized Familial Relationship Disclosure Form furnished by **Barton Malow Company in Section 00410**, a Bid Security by a qualified surety authorized to do business in the State of Michigan where the Project is located, an OSHA Form 300 for the most recent completed year, their worker's compensation Experience Modification Rate (EMR) factor, and any other information required in the Instructions to Bidders. Bidders shall not withdraw Bid Proposals for a period of **ninety (90)** Days after date for receipt of Bid Proposals.

11. The successful Bidder(s) will be required to enter into an agreement with Troy School District on the Agreement Form identified in Section 00500 of the Project Manual.

12. The right to accept or reject any or all Bid Proposals, either in whole or in part, to waive any informalities or irregularities therein and to award the contract to other than the low bidder is reserved by Troy School District.

13. All Bid Proposals shall be accompanied by the sworn and notarized statement included in Section 00410 of the Project Manual, in accordance with MCL 380.1267, disclosing any familial relationship that exists between the owner(s) or any employee of the Bidder and any member of the School board or the superintendent of the School District. Bid Proposals that do not include this sworn and notarized disclosure statement will not be considered accepted.

BARTON MALOW COMPANY

Troy School District
Andrea Wright
Assistant Project Manager

END OF SECTION 00100

SECTION 00200
INSTRUCTION TO BIDDERS

PART 1 – DEFINITIONS

1.01 Capitalized terms used in this Project Manual shall have the meanings set forth below. If a capitalized term is used herein but not defined in this Section, 00200, Part 1, it shall have the meaning set forth in other applicable Contract Documents (such as the Agreement or Conditions of the Contract).

1.02 "**Addenda**" means the written and graphic instruments issued by the Architect and/or Barton Malow Company prior to the execution of the Agreement that modify or interpret the Bidding Documents by additions, deletions, clarifications, or corrections.

1.03 "**Agreement**" means the document defined as such in Section 00500, including all other documents incorporated by reference in the Agreement.

1.04 "**An Alternate Bid**" (or "**Alternate**") is an amount stated in the Bid Proposal to be added to or deducted from the amount of the Base Bid if the corresponding change in the Work, as described in the Bidding Documents, is accepted.

1.05 "**Architect**" means the person or entity listed in Project Manual, section 00030 as such, and may include professional engineers if so designated.

1.06 "**Base Bid**" is the sum stated in the Bid Proposal for which the Bidder offers to perform the Work described in the Bidding Documents as the base, to which Work may be added to or deducted from for sums stated in Alternate Bids.

1.07 A "**Bidder**" is a person or legal entity that submits a Bid Proposal in conformance with the Bidding Documents. After award of the Agreement, the Bidder will be referred to as **Contractor: "All Contractors on this project are considered prime/principal contractors".**

1.08 "**Bid Categories**" are units of Work performed by a Contractor and its Subcontractors which form part of the total Project. The term "Bid Category" should not be confused with the term "**Technical Section**". Technical Sections of the Specification (Division 2 through Division 17) establish quality and performance criteria, and the Bid Categories designate work scope and assignment.

1.09 A "**Bid Category Description**" is a written description of the scope of Work to be performed by a Bidder for a Bid Category. A description of the Work is provided in the Scope of Work for each Bid Category.

1.10 "**Bidding Documents**" means the Bidding Requirements, the Contract Documents, and the Resource Drawings collectively.

1.11 A "**Bid Package**" means a series of Bid Categories that are released for bidding in the same set of Bidding Documents.

1.12 "**Bidding Requirements**" include the **ADVERTISEMENT TO BID**, Instructions to Bidders, Information Available to Bidders, and Bid forms and supplements.

1.13 "**Bid Proposal**" is a complete and properly signed proposal to do the Work of an individual Bid Category (ies) for the sums stipulated therein, submitted in accordance with the Bidding Documents.

1.14 The "**Contract Documents**" consist of all Contracting Requirements set forth in Division 0 of this Project Manual, including, but not limited to, the Contract Forms (the Agreement, Performance/Payment Bonds, and Certificates), the Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplementary or Special), the Division 1-General Requirements of this Project Manual, the Specifications set forth in Division 2 through 17 of this

Project Manual, the Drawings, and all other documents incorporated into the Agreement by reference, all Addenda issued prior to and all modifications issued after execution of the Agreement.

1.15 "**Day**" means calendar day, unless otherwise defined in the particular Contract Document.

1.16 "**Hazard Communications Program**" means the **Contractor** own hazard communications program that will govern project safety for such **Contractor** Work and that must be submitted to Barton Malow Company by each successful Bidder before commencing Work. The Hazard Communications Program will be no less stringent than Section 00810 - On Site Safety and Loss Control Program included in the Bidding Documents. Each **Contractor** shall be fully responsible for the safety of its Work and the Work of its Subordinate Parties.

1.17 "**Hazardous Materials**" means asbestos; asbestos containing material; lead (including lead-based paint); PCB; molds; any other chemical, material, or substance subject to regulation as a hazardous material, hazardous substance, toxic substance, or otherwise, under applicable federal, state, or local law; and any other chemical, material, or substance that may have adverse effects on human health or the environment.

1.18 "**Lowest Responsive, Responsible Bidder**" means a Bidder whose Bid Proposal conforms in all material aspects to the terms, conditions, specifications and requirements of the solicitations and who has demonstrated the ability to properly perform the Work.

1.19 "**MBE/WBE/SBE**" means Minority Owned Business Enterprise/Women Owned Business Enterprise/ Small Business Enterprise as these terms are defined in the applicable ordinances and laws governing the Project. Refer to Project Manual, Section 00861 for more specific requirements.

1.20 "**Project Safety Program**" means the **Contractor** own site safety program that will govern project safety for such **Contractor** Work, and that must be submitted to Barton Malow Company by each successful Bidder before commencing Work. The Project Safety Program will be no less stringent than Section 00810 - On Site Safety and Loss Control Program included in the Bidding Documents. Each **Contractor** shall be fully responsible for the safety of its Work and the Work of its Subordinate Parties.

1.21 "**Resource Drawings**" are drawings that do not form a part of the Contract Documents and are included in the Bidding Documents as a courtesy only. The Bidder is not entitled to rely upon the accuracy of the Resource Drawings and they are not warranted to be correct or reliable by the Owner or Barton Malow Company. The Bidder is expected to have conducted its own investigation into the reliability or accuracy of any Resource Drawings, and no adjustment to the Base Bid shall be made if such request arises or results from the Bidder's failure to conduct such investigation.

1.22 "**Subordinate Parties**" means all of **Contractor** employees, workers, laborers, agents, consultants, suppliers or subcontractors, at any tier, who perform, assist with, or otherwise are involved in any of the Work.

1.23 A "**Unit Price**" is an amount stated in the Bid Proposal as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services as described in the Bidding Documents or in the proposed Contract Documents.

PART 2 - BIDDERS REPRESENTATIONS

2.01 QUALIFICATION OF BIDDER

A. The **Owner** reserves the right to request qualification forms or additional information from and Bidder before issuing documents, receiving Bid Proposals or awarding an Agreement. The **Owner** may, at their sole discretion, accept or reject Bidders as qualified. The right to waive any informalities or irregularities in qualification materials is reserved by the **Owner**.

2.02 BIDDER BY MAKING ITS BID REPRESENTS THAT:

A. Bidder has carefully read, reviewed and understands the Bidding Documents and its Bid Proposal is made in accordance therewith.

B. Bidder's Bid Proposal is based upon the materials, systems and equipment required by the Bidding Documents without exception.

C. Bidder certifies that it has examined the Project site, has carefully reviewed the Bidding and Contract Documents, has compared its examination of the Project site with the Bidding and Contract Documents, including the Drawings and Specifications, and is satisfied as to the condition of the Project site, any surface or subsurface obstruction, the actual levels, and all excavating, filling in, removal and demolition, measurements and quantities involved in the Work, and is familiar with weather conditions of the Project area, and has taken account of all of these factors in preparing and presenting its Bid Proposal. Bidder further certifies that it has fully acquainted itself with the character and extent of the Owner's, Barton Malow Company's and other contractor's operations in the area of the Work, and it has taken account of coordination of operations of others in its construction plans set forth in the Bid Proposal. No change orders will be issued to the **Contractor** for or on account of costs or expenses occasioned by its failure to comply with the provisions of this paragraph, or by reason of error or oversight on the part of the **Contractor**, or on account of interferences by the Owner's Barton Malow Company's or other contractor's activities.

D. The Bidder, by submitting its Bid Proposal, represents that it has carefully reviewed the project schedule, along with the related requirements of Section 00230 - Schedule and Phasing, and acknowledges that these are acceptable and have been taken into account in preparing its Bid Proposal.

PART 3 - BIDDING DOCUMENTS

3.01 COPIES

A. Bidders may obtain Bidding Documents pursuant to the requirements in the **Advertisement to Bid**.

B. Bidders shall use complete sets of Bidding Documents in preparing Bid Proposals. Neither the Owner, Barton Malow Company nor the Architect shall be responsible for errors, omissions or misinterpretations resulting from the Bidder's use of partial sets of Bidding Documents.

C. Copies of the Bidding Documents are being made available on the above terms for the purposes of obtaining Bid Proposals for the Work only. Bidders shall not use the Bidding Documents for any other purpose. Neither the Owner, Barton Malow Company nor the Architect warrants the completeness and/or adequacy of the Bidding Documents.

D. The Architect will provide, for a fee, electronic data files, and compatible with AutoCAD 2000, for contractors convenience and use in the preparation of shop drawings. Requests for electronic data and fee quote shall be in written form through the architect. Prior to the release of electronic files, the Architect will require a signed waiver of release and payment of the fee. See section **01330-5.03E** for fee.

E. The Contractors shall be responsible to review Bid Documents before start of construction, and bring any items that could be considered errors or omissions to the attention of the Construction Manager and Architect. Any error or omission items discovered after start of construction shall be the responsibility of the Contractor if determined to be reasonable by the Architect and Construction Manager.

3.02 INTERPRETATION OR CORRECTION OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS

A. Bidder shall promptly notify the Architect through Barton Malow Company of all ambiguities, inconsistencies, or errors that it may discover upon examination of the Bidding Documents or upon examination of the Project site and local conditions. Bidders requesting clarification or interpretation of the Bidding Documents shall make a written request, which shall reach Barton Malow Company by February 21, 2007.

Barton Malow Company
Attn: Andrea Wright, Assistant Project Manager
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
PH: 248-823-4631
FAX: 248-823-4672

B. Any interpretation, correction, or change of the Bidding Documents will be made by Addendum. Interpretations, corrections, or changes of the Bidding Documents made in any other manner will not be binding, and Bidders shall not rely upon such interpretations, corrections and changes. Addenda will be mailed, faxed or delivered to all who are known to have received Bidding Documents.

C. For the dissemination of information, clarification of the intent of the Bidding Documents, and a site visit/tour, a Pre-bid Conference will be held as stated in the **Advertisement to Bid.**

3.03 SUBSTITUTIONS

A. See Section 01630 Product Substitutions in the Project Manual for substitution submittal requirements. Submit all substitution request forms to Barton Malow Company who will transmit them to the Architect.

3.04 ADDENDA

A. Addenda will be mailed, faxed or delivered to all who are known by Barton Malow Company to have a complete set of Bidding Documents. Copies of Addenda will be made available for inspection wherever Bidding Documents are on file for that purpose.

B. No Addenda will be issued later than **three (3)** days prior to the date for receipt of Bids except an Addendum withdrawing the request for Bid Proposals or one, which includes postponement of the date for receipt of Bid Proposals.

C. Each Bidder shall ascertain prior to submitting its Bid Proposal that it has received all Addenda issued, and it shall acknowledge its receipt in the proper location on the Bid Proposal.

3.05 ALTERNATES

A. Each Bidder must bid on all Alternates listed in the Bid Proposal that are applicable to its Bid Category. Alternates will be fully considered in awarding the Agreement.

B. **Troy School District** shall be allowed a period of **sixty (60)** Days after date of receipt of the Bid Proposals to exercise the right to accept or reject any or all Alternates submitted on the Bid Proposal.

C. Successful Bidders shall perform all Work required for complete execution of accepted Alternates, and the Bid Proposal shall include all overhead and profit for the Work required.

3.06 VOLUNTARY ALTERNATES

A. All Bid Proposals must be based upon the Contract Documents. In addition to a Base Bid Proposal, the submission of voluntary Alternates is acceptable and encouraged. If a voluntary Alternate is submitted for consideration, it shall be expressed on the bid form as an add or deduct amount from the Base Bid. If a voluntary Alternate is submitted, the Bidder shall also submit sufficient information in the form of drawings, specifications, test data, delivery dates, scheduling issue considerations, and all other information necessary and sufficient for analysis of the Alternate. The **Owner** reserve the right to unilaterally accept or reject voluntary Alternates and to determine if the voluntary Alternates will be considered in the awarding of the Agreement.

3.07 UNIT PRICES

A. Each Bidder must bid on all unit prices listed in the Bid Proposal that are applicable to its Bid Category. Unit Prices will be fully considered in awarding the Agreement.

B. Successful Bidders shall perform all Work required for complete execution of accepted Unit Prices, and such Unit Prices shall include all overhead and profit for the Work required.

3.08 SALES TAX

A. Unless specifically stated otherwise in Section 00880 of the Project Manual, this Project is subject to state Sales Tax and/or Use Tax and the Bidder's Bid Proposal shall include all applicable sales and use tax.

3.09 NO DISCRIMINATION

A. All Bidders shall ensure that employees and applicants for employment are not discriminated against because of their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, marital status, sexual orientation, or disability and in conformance with local, state and federal laws, regulations and ordinances.

B. In regard to any Agreement entered into pursuant to this Bid Package, minority and women owned business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit Bid Proposals in response to the **Advertisement to Bid** and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, marital status, sexual orientation, disability or any other status protected by applicable law.

3.10 PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION

A. The Bidder, if awarded the Agreement, agrees to proceed under the method known as phased construction whereby construction commences prior to completion of all working drawings for subsequent Work.

B. The Project has been and may be bid in the following phases:

BID PACKAGES	**ESTIMATED DUE DATE**
Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations	**March 6, 2007**

C. Bidder shall acquaint itself with the nature and content of the other Bid Packages of this Project. Bidder shall be familiar with the current phase(s) of construction and the extent of how this and the other Bid Packages affect its Work.

3.11 OTHER BID CONSIDERATIONS

A. PREVAILING WAGES – The successful Bidder and its Subordinate Parties shall comply with the Prevailing Wage requirements described in Section 00870 Labor Relations in the Project Manual.

PART 4 - BIDDING PROCEDURE

4.01 FORM AND STYLE OF BIDS

A. Bid Proposals shall be submitted in triplicate on the Bid Proposal Form included in Section 00400 with the Bidding Documents.

B. All blanks on the Bid Proposal Form shall be filled in by typewriter or manually in ink.

C. Where so indicated by the makeup of the Bid Proposal Form, sums shall be expressed in both words and figures, and in case of discrepancy between the two, the amount written in words shall govern.

D. All interlinear marks, alterations or erasures shall be initialed by the signer of the Bid Proposal.

E. All requested Alternates and/or Unit Prices shall be bid. A dollar amount of each Alternate and/or Unit Price in both words and numerals, even if the amount is $0.00, shall be included. Terminology such as "No Bid", "Not Applicable", "No Change" or "Does Not Apply" shall not be used. If the Alternate and/or Unit Price do not apply to the Bidder, an amount of $0.00 shall be included.

F. Each copy of the Bid Proposal shall include the legal name of the Bidder and a statement that the Bidder is a sole proprietor, a partnership, a corporation, or some other legal entity. Each copy shall be signed by the person or persons legally authorized to bind the Bidder to a contract of the size and scope of the Agreement. A Bid Proposal by a corporation or LLC shall further indicate the state of incorporation or registration. A Bid Proposal submitted by an agent shall have a current power of attorney attached certifying the agent's authority to bind the Bidder.

G. The Work of an individual Bid Category described in these documents is the sole responsibility of the successful Bidder for that Bid Category. Bids will only be accepted on the full scope of Work outlined by this Bid Package/Bid Category. The Work of each Bid Category is described in Section 00220 Work Scopes.

H. Each Bid Proposal received shall be in strict conformity with the requirements of the Bidding Documents, including, but not limited to, the Description of the Work/Special Provisions, Work Scopes and Scheduling information.

4.02 BID SECURITY

A. Bid security in the form of a bid bond issued by a qualified surety, certified check or cashier's check in the amount of five percent (5%) of the Base Bid amount will be required at the time of submission of the Bid Proposal. Bid bonds shall be duly executed by the Bidder, as principal and by a surety that is properly licensed and authorized to do business in the state in which the Work is to be performed. All sureties providing bonds for this Project must be listed in the latest version of the Department of Treasury's Circular 570, entitled "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies", with the bond amount less than or equal to the underwriting limitation, and/or have an A.M. best rating of A- or better.

B. Bid bond shall pledge that the Bidder, with the understanding that if its Bid Proposal is accepted, will enter into the Agreement with **Troy School District** for any of the Bid Category (ies) accepted from its Bid Proposal and will, if required, furnish performance and payment bonds covering the faithful performance of the Agreement and the payment of all obligations arising there under. The attorney-in-fact, who signs the surety bond, must submit along with the bond, a certified and effectively dated copy of his/her power of attorney.

C. Bid bond form AIA Document A310 is approved for use on this Project.

D. The bid security obligees shall be **Troy School District** and the amount of the bid security shall become **their** property in the event that the Bidder fails, within **Sixty (60)** days of notice of award or receipt of the Agreement form, to execute the Agreement, and deliver the performance and payment bonds as described in the Project Manual, section 00610. In such case, the bid security shall be forfeited to **Troy School District** as liquidated damages, not as a penalty

E. The Owner will have the right to retain the bid security(ies) of Bidders to whom an award is being considered until either (a) the Agreement has been executed and bonds, if required, have been furnished, or (b) the specified time has elapsed so that Bid Proposals may be withdrawn, or (c) all Bid Proposals have been rejected.

F. Bid security will be returned to the successful Bidders after the Agreement has been executed, and acceptance of required performance and payment bonds. The bid security of Bidders that are not under consideration for award of the Agreement will be returned to those Bidders.

4.03 SUBMISSION OF BIDS

A. All copies of the Bid Proposal, the bid security and any other documents required to be submitted with the Bid Proposal shall be enclosed in a sealed opaque envelope. The envelope shall be addressed to the party receiving the Bids and shall be identified with the Project name, the Bidder's name and address, if applicable, the designated portion of the Work for which the Bid Proposal is submitted. If the Bid Proposal is sent by mail, the sealed envelope shall be enclosed in a separate mailing envelope with the notation "SEALED BID ENCLOSED" on the face of the envelope.

B. Bid Proposals shall be deposited at the designated location prior to the time and date for receipt of Bid Proposals indicated in the **Advertisement to Bid**, or any extension thereof made by Addendum. Bid Proposals received after the date and time for receipt of bids will be returned unopened.

C. The Bidder shall assume full responsibility for timely delivery at the location designated for receipt of Bid Proposals.

D. Oral, telephonic, facsimile, e-mailed or telegraphic Bid Proposals or bid securities are invalid and will not receive consideration.

E. Bid Proposals will only be accepted for individual Bid Categories. Bidders are required to bid an entire Bid Category. Bidders may bid more than one Bid Category. Combined bids covering several Bid Categories may not be accepted unless separate bid amounts are listed for each Bid Category making up the combined bid amount. The amount for a combined bid, however, need not be equal in amount to the total of the individual category bids.

4.04 MODIFICATION OR WITHDRAWAL OF BID PROPOSAL

A. A Bid Proposal may not be modified, withdrawn or canceled by the Bidder after the stipulated time period and date designated for the receipt of Bid Proposals, and each Bidder so agrees in submitting its Bid.

B. Prior to the time and date designated for receipt of Bid Proposals, any Bid Proposal submitted may be modified or withdrawn by notice to the party receiving Bid Proposals at the place designated for their receipt. Such notice shall be in writing over the signature of the Bidder.

C. Withdrawn Bid Proposals may be resubmitted up to the time designated for the receipt of bids provided that they are then fully in conformance with these Instructions to Bidders.

D. Bid security under B. or C., above shall be in an amount for the Base Bid as modified or resubmitted.

PART 5 - CONSIDERATION OF BIDS

5.01 OPENING OF BIDS

A. Bid Proposals received on time will be open **publicly**.

B. Bid Proposals shall be held open and irrevocable for **Forty-five (45)** Days after the date for receipt of bids.

5.02 REJECTION OF BIDS

A. **Troy School District** shall have the right to reject any or all Bid Proposals and to reject a Bid Proposal not accompanied by the required bid security or by other information required by the Bidding Documents, or to reject a Bid Proposal which is in any way incomplete or irregular.

B. Bids Proposals are considered irregular and may be rejected for any of the following reasons unless otherwise provided by law:

1. If Bid Proposal Form furnished is not used or is altered.

2. If there are unauthorized additions, qualified or conditional Bid Proposals, or irregularities of any kind which may make the Bid Proposal incomplete, indefinite, or ambiguous as to its meaning.

3. If Bidder adds any provisions reserving right to accept or reject any award, or enter into the Agreement pursuant to an award.

4. If Unit or Lump Sum prices or Alternates contained in the Bid Proposal are obviously unbalanced either in excess of, or below, reasonable cost analysis values.

5. If Bidder fails to complete the Bid Proposal Form where information is requested so the Bid Proposal form cannot be properly evaluated.

6. Bidder is deemed to not be the Lowest Responsive, Responsible Bidder by definition and prevailing statutes.

7. Bidder does not submit with its Bid Proposal a sworn an notarized statement of Familial Disclosure.

5.03 ACCEPTANCE OF BID (AWARD)

A. It is the intent of the **Troy School District** to award the Agreement to the Lowest Responsive and Responsible Bidder provided the Bid Proposal has been submitted in accordance with the requirements of the Bidding Documents and does not exceed the funds available. **Troy School District** shall have the right to waive any informality or irregularity in any Bid Proposal received and to accept Bid Proposals which, in its judgment, are in its own best interest which includes not awarding to the low bidder. **Troy School District** reserves the right to reject any Bid Proposal in **its** sole discretion except where otherwise provided by law.

B. **Troy School District** shall have the right to accept Alternates in any order or combination and to determine the low Bidder on the basis of the sum of the Base Bid, Voluntary Alternates, and Alternates accepted.

C. **Troy School District** shall have the right to accept combination bids from a Bidder for more than one Bid Category.

5.04 To the extent that these Instructions to Bidders and applicable public bidding laws, rules, regulations or ordinances conflict with each other, the provisions of the applicable bidding laws, rules, regulations or ordinances shall govern.

PART 6 - POST BID INFORMATION

6.01 POST BID INFORMATION

A. After the Bids are received, tabulated, and evaluated, the apparent low Bidders **when so requested by the owner and/or Barton Malow Company shall** meet with the Barton Malow Company at a post-bid meeting for the purposes of determining completeness of scope and any contract overlaps or omissions. If requested, the Bidder shall submit additional qualification forms or other information as required in the Instructions to Bidders. The Bidder will provide the following information at the post-bid meeting:

1. Designation of the Work to be performed by the Bidder with its own forces including manpower for the **Contractor** and that of its Subordinate Parties.

2. Detailed cost breakdown of the Bidder's Bid Proposal including labor, equipment and material unit prices.

3. A list of names of the Subordinate Parties proposed for the principal portions of the Work.

4. The proprietary names and suppliers of principal items or systems of materials and equipment proposed for the Work.

5. The names and backgrounds of the Bidder's key staff members including superintendent and assistants. Bidder shall be requested to establish the reliability and responsibility of the persons or entities proposed to furnish and perform the Work described in the Bidding Documents.

6. Commitment to construction schedules, identification of items requiring long lead deliveries and manpower information in accordance with Section 00230 of the Project Manual.

B. Prior to award of the Agreement, Barton Malow Company will notify the Bidder if either the Owner, the Architect, or Barton Malow Company, after due investigation, has reasonable objection to any proposed Subordinate Party. If the Owner, Architect or Barton Malow Company has reasonable objection to any proposed Subordinate Party, the Bidder may, at its option: (1) withdraw its Bid Proposal; or (2) submit an acceptable substitute Subordinate Party with an adjustment in its bid amount to cover the difference in cost occasioned by such substitution. The **Troy School District** may, at its discretion, accept the adjusted bid amount or it may disqualify the Bidder. In the event of either withdrawal or disqualification under this Subparagraph, bid security will not be forfeited, notwithstanding the provision of Part 4, paragraph 4.04., A in the Instructions to Bidders.

C. Upon the Award of the Agreement, the **Contractor** shall submit to Barton Malow Company a complete list of all items, products, and layouts for which shop drawings, brochures, or samples are required; name of each Subordinate Party; and date of planned submission. Refer to Section 01330 Submittals of the Project Manual for additional information.

D. The Bidder will be required to establish to the satisfaction of the Barton Malow Company, Owner and Architect, the reliability and responsibility of the Subordinate Parties proposed to furnish and perform the Work described in the Bidding Documents.

E. Prior to execution of the Agreement, the Bidder shall furnish separate Performance and Payment Bonds, if required, covering the faithful performance of the **Contractor** and the payment of all obligations

arising there under equal to 100 per cent of the total amount payable by the terms of the Agreement. If the Work is to be commenced prior thereto in response to a letter of intent, the Bidder shall, prior to commencement of the Work submit evidence satisfactory to the Owner and Barton Malow Company that such bonds will be furnished. Refer to Section 00610 of the Project Manual for further information.

F. Before commencement of any Work, a Certificate of Insurance executed by Bidder's insurance agent or carrier showing evidence of required insurance coverages shall be submitted in accordance with the Insurance Requirements set forth in Section 00620 of the Project Manual.

G. The Agreement Form to be used for this project is described in Section 00500 of the Project Manual.

END OF SECTION 00200

SECTION 00210
DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK/SPECIAL PROVISIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. All Bidders are responsible to review all other Bid Category Work descriptions and immediately advise the Barton Malow Company of any adverse factors, conflicts or ambiguities that might affect the execution of Work of this Bid Package. Each Bidder is responsible to review all Bid Category descriptions and Contract Documents and coordinate the Work accordingly. Each Bidder shall incorporate into its Bid Proposal the cost of coordination of the Work with the requirements of all related Contract Documents, as shown, specified, or required.

C. Each Bidder shall thoroughly examine all of the Bidding Documents for the Work of all trades so as to familiarize itself both with the Work required under its Bid Category (ies) and with Work required under all other Bid Categories.

D. The Bidding Documents shall be construed so as to require the Bidder to perform all Work reasonably inferable therefrom as being necessary to produce the intended results. Bidders are required to visit and examine the Project site and may arrange the visit through Barton Malow Company.

1.02 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A. The Project is Troy School District, Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations, bid pack #9390. The additions to Troy High consists a 3,300 sq. ft. cafeteria addition, a 2,600 sq. ft. locker room / storage addition and (2) 330 sq. ft. instrument storage room additions. The renovation work consists of new toilet partitions, interior lighting, and acoustical treatments in the gym and pool areas as well as different components and systems throughout. The Athletic field work consists of a new press box and a 164 sq. ft. ticket booth building. The Athletic field site work consists of fencing, asphalt drives and parking areas, curbs, gutters and sidewalks, unit pavers and minimal landscaping.

B. The Additions and Renovations to Troy High School are scheduled to start April 9th, 2007 and turn over to Troy School District by August 24th, 2007. The Athletic field work is scheduled to start June 4th, 2007 and turn over the Troy School District by August 24th, 2007. The contractor will be responsible to complete all work by the completion dates listed above. See project manual section 00230 – Schedule and Phasing for further clarification.

C. A Pre-Bid Conference for this project will be held on Tuesday, February 6th, 2007 at 3:00PM at the Troy High School (located at 4777 Northfield Parkway, Troy, MI 48084).

1.03 SUMMARY OF THE BID CATEGORIES/WORK SCOPES

A. The following is a listing of Bid Categories for **Bid Package No.9390, PhaseII – Troy High School Additions & Renovations** for **Troy School District.** All work relative to the Bid Package is identified on plans and specifications as prepared by the Architect. Each Bid Category description identifies the Scope of Work to be performed by the Bidder as designated by Barton Malow Company.

BID CATEGORY CODE	TITLE
2.1	Site Construction
3.1	Concrete
4.1	Masonry
5.1	Structural Steel
6.1	Carpentry and Acoustical Ceilings
7.1	Roofing
8.1	Aluminum Doors, Windows and Glazing
9.1	Painting
9.2	Terrazzo and Ceramic Tile
9.3	Carpet, Resilient Tile and Base
9.4	Athletic Flooring
15.1	Mechanical
15.2	Temperature and Lighting Controls
15.3	Mechanical Testing and Balancing
16.1	Electrical

B. Specific Bid Category/Work Scope descriptions are found in Section 00220.

1.04 SPECIAL PROVISIONS

A. The following special provisions form a part of each Bid Category Work Scope and apply to each Contractor's Scope of Work found in Section 00220.

B. The Bid Category/Work Scopes should in no way be construed as being all inclusive. The Work Scope is issued as a guide to aid in the assignment of Work. If conflict regarding assignment of Work exists between the drawing notes and these descriptions, the Description of the Work and Bid Category/Work Scopes will take precedence. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the **Contractor** shall carefully review and compare the Drawings and Specifications with the Work Scopes, and if a conflict exists, the **Contractor** shall immediately notify Barton Malow Company in writing. The Bid Category numbers and the specification section numbers are not, in all cases, identical.

C. Each Bidder is to carefully examine the schedule enclosed in the Bidding Documents. Each Bidder shall be prepared to review at the post-bid meetings a schedule for the engineering, fabrication, delivery and installation of its Work. This information will be considered in the award recommendation.

D. All **Contractors** are to coordinate all Work with the work of other trades for proper function and sequence (see Section 01360). **Contractor** must furnish approved copies of shop drawings, mock-ups, and technical data to other contractors designated by the Barton Malow Company for the purposes of coordination of this Work. **Contractor** must provide to all other trades all information (drawings, diagrams, templates, embedments) and other related Work necessary for the proper coordination of the Work of all trades. Each phase of the Work shall be coordinated, and the coordination plan approved by Barton Malow Company prior to proceeding. **Contractor** shall keep informed as to Work of all trades engaged in the Project, and shall execute Work in such a manner as not to delay or interfere with the progress of other trades involved. **Contractor** is required to schedule its Work so that no other party is delayed in execution of its work. **Contractor** is required to employ competent supervision on the Project throughout the entire period of construction to ensure proper coordination.

E. **Contractor** will furnish before any Work is started, evidence of ISO Certification or documented procedures for process control, including drawings, submittals, inspection/surveillance and training. In lieu of defined procedures, **Contractor** will follow Barton Malow Company's documented procedures for process control.

F. When it is necessary to modify or tie into existing utility services, **Contractor** shall notify Barton Malow Company in writing a minimum of 48 hours prior to the planned disruption. All disruptions shall be

scheduled with Barton Malow Company and shall be kept to a minimum time. Tie-ins and shutdowns of existing utilities may have to be performed during off hours. **Contractors** are to include any required premium time in the Base Bid.

G. If Owner will occupy the premises or a portion of the premises during the construction, **Contractor** shall cooperate with Barton Malow Company and Owner in all construction operations to minimize conflict, and to facilitate Owner occupancy.

H. Information pertaining to the existing building has been obtained through photographs and investigations and is indicated on the Resource Drawings. This information is not warranted to be complete or accurate. **Contractor** shall verify all dimensions in the field prior to ordering materials or construction and any costs or expenses arising out of its failure to do so shall be borne solely by **Contractor.**

I. The **Contractor** shall examine the existing site conditions and carefully compare them to the Drawings. All measurements must be verified from actual observation at the Project site. The **Contractor** is responsible for all Work fitting in place in approved, satisfactory and workmanlike manner in every particular. If the **Contractor** encounters unexpected existing site or building conditions, it shall cease operations immediately to minimize damage and shall immediately notify Barton Malow Company in writing. **Contractor** shall bear all costs, expenses or damages arising or resulting from its failure to comply with this paragraph.

J. Hoisting of material or equipment above occupied areas will NOT be permitted unless the existing structure has been properly verified by a licensed professional Engineer to be able to bear the load of the material or equipment being hoisted if accidentally released. It is the responsibility of the **Contractor** performing such hoisting to properly and adequately reinforce existing structures.

K. Space for electrical and mechanical lines is limited for the Project. Therefore, it is imperative that **Contractor** coordinate its Work with the Work of all other trades to ensure containment of electrical and mechanical lines in space provided. Priority of space will be decided in discretion of Barton Malow Company, with no additional compensation, where unresolved conflict exists. If Work is not properly coordinated, **Contractor** shall remove and relocate Work without additional compensation.

1.05 REQUIREMENTS

A. All start-up administrative documents shall be submitted within (10) working days of award. Also, submit material and shop drawing register and delivery schedules for pre-approval.

B. Coordinate purchase, color selection, approvals, delivery and installation of new work to maintain project schedule. Include all pre-purchase and storage costs associated with securing materials. Include cost of at lease one (1) months storage in advance of installation.

C. Coordination with other trades, including mandatory participation in job meetings.

D. Verify all dimensions and conditions of openings for compliance with the design intent prior to submittal of related shop drawings for fabrication of materials. For long lead items, in lieu of completed openings of as-built measurements, secure and sign-off on "Hold-Dimensions" through Barton Malow with the appropriate trade contractor(s).

E. It is the responsibility of this Bid Category to review ALL drawing notes including civil, code plans, architectural, structural, food service, mechanical and electrical drawings as well as the specifications for areas requiring work described by this Bid Category and include same in bid.

F. This contractor shall be responsible for receiving, off loading, hoisting into/onto building including the safe and secure storage of materials related to this work.

G. Furnish and install temporary partitions for dust control measures as required for work of this category. Use wet cutting methods and dust collection, engineered controls in order to eliminate silica exposure. Comply with all MIOSHA requirements. Use only electric and pneumatic equipment. Contractor shall not exceed permissible levels of exhaust from power equipment as established by MIOSHA requirements. (Gas operated equipment shall be prohibited within the building after enclosure).

H. Provide daily clean up, according to Barton Malow Company standards, including daily removal of all materials and identifiable debris related to this category. If daily clean up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide labor to complete the clean up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

I. Contractors shall be responsible for safe disposal of any Hazardous Materials as a result of their own work.

J. Provide joint sealers where shown and as required by work of this category. Contractor is responsible for all joint prep, backers, primers, caulking and sealants where installed material is adjoining a dissimilar material.

K. Provide all cold weather protection as described in section 01520 Temporary Construction Facilities and Controls section of the Project Manual.

L. All penetrations through walls, floors, and ceilings shall be fire and smoke stopped using materials and rated assemblies as required to comply with the State Fire Marshall Requirements as identified on the code plan for building separations.

M. Protection of new construction shall be part of this bid. Cover and protect adjacent items when installing work of this category in order to prevent any damage. If any adjacent surfaces are damaged it will be the sole responsibility of the contractor at fault to completely repair and replace all damaged construction to the satisfaction of the Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect.

N. Remove packaging labels and final clean all surfaces of items installed by this category. Verify acceptance and secure sign-off with Construction Manager prior to leaving the site.

O. This contractor shall furnish, upon completion of work, as-built reproducible drawings showing the installation of the work as completed and three sets of operating and maintenance manuals as described in the specifications.

P. Deliver maintenance stock to Owner's Maintenance Facility, as required. Check with Barton Malow Company prior to delivery. Provide a signed transmittal of these items by Owner for a close out file.

Q. Reference section 01330-2.01-F of the project manual for additional fees which may be incurred regarding submittals.

R. Any and all time tickets are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance, when billed, shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Any money not used at the end of the project will be deduced from the contract.

END OF SECTION 00210

WORK SCOPE ASSIGNMENT	GENERAL DEMO NOTES:
ALL	1. INFILL, PATCH AND/OR REPAIR EXISTING WALLS, FLOORS AND CEILINGS TO MATCH EXISTING WHERE DEMOLITION OCCURS.
ALL	2. PATCH AND/OR REPAIR REMAINING ADJACENT SURFACES AT AREAS OF REMOVAL AND/OR ALTERATION TO MATCH EXISTING. PROVIDE A SOUND AND PROPER SUBSTRATE FOR NEW FINISH. COORDINATE WITH COLOR LAYOUT PLANS. WHERE A NEW FINISH IS NOT INDICATED, MATCH EXISTING ADJACENT FINISHES.
ALL	3. CLEAN AND PREPARE ALL EXISTING SURFACES WHICH ARE TO BE PATCHED AND PAINTED.
2.1, 3.1, 4.1, 5.1, 6.1, 8.1	4. PROVIDE TEMPORARY SHORING, BRACING, AND/OR SUPPORTS AS REQUIRED FOR WALL AND/OR ROOF AT AREAS OF REMOVAL AND ALTERATION.
6.1, 8.1	5. CONSULT WITH OWNER TO DETERMINE DEMOLISHED HARDWARE ITEMS TO BE RETURNED TO OWNER. PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ALL UN-CLAIMED HARDWARE.
ALL	6. ALL CONTRACTORS, INCLUDING MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND ROOF, ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR SELECT DEMOLITION WORK AS DESCRIBED IN OTHER AREAS OF THE DOCUMENTS.
6.1	7. WHERE VISUAL DISPLAY BOARDS, PROJECTION SCREENS, LOCKERS, OR OTHER WALL-MOUNTED ITEMS ARE REMOVED, REMOVE ALL RELATED BRACKETS, SCREWS, ANCHORS, GLUE AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS TO PREPARE FOR NEW FINISHES.
15.1, 16.1 (DEMO & REPLACE FOR CONTRACT WORK)	8. SAW CUT EXISTING CONCRETE SLAB FOR NEW MECHANICAL AND/OR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION. COORDINATE WITH MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS AND TRADES. PATCH FLOOR SLAB TO MATCH EXISTING CONC. SLAB. PREPARE FOR NEW FLOOR FINISH. COORDINATE WITH COLOR LAYOUT PLANS FOR NEW FLOOR FINISH.
15.1	9. CHANNEL EXISTING CMU WALLS FROM FLOOR TO DECK AS REQUIRED FOR THE INSTALLATION OF NEW PLUMBING AND PLUMBING FIXTURES.
ALL	10. SEE WALL SECTIONS AND DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DEMOLITION INFORMATION.
6.1, 8.1	11. COORDINATE DEMOLITION WORK FOR DOOR AND FRAMES W/ DOOR SCHEDULE
15.1, 16.1 (RE-INSTALL AS NECESSARY)	12. REMOVE CEILING GRID, TILES, LIGHT FIXTURES, MECHANICAL GRILLES, DIFFUSERS, AND OTHER PIECES OF EQUIPMENT AS REQUIRED FOR MECH AND ELEC. DEMOLITION ABOVE CEILING. SEE MECH./ELEC. PLANS.
15.1	13. REMOVE PLUMBING FIXTURES AS SHOWN ON MECHANICAL DEMO PLANS. PATCH OR REPAIR EXISTING SURFACES AT DEMO WORK AND PREPARE SURFACES TO RECEIVE NEW FIXTURES IN LOCATIONS SHOWN ON ENLARGED PLANS.

WORK SCOPE ASSIGNMENT	○ DEMOLITION NOTES:
Le.1	① REMOVE TOILET PARTITIONS, GRAB BARS, AND TOILET ACCESSORIES MOUNTED ON PARTITIONS. SALVAGE ALL TOILET ACCESSORIES FOR REINSTALLATION. PATCH WALLS & FLOORS TO MATCH EXIST.
Le.1	② REMOVE THEATER SEATING AND ALL RELATED CONNECTIONS. PATCH FLOOR AS REQ'D.
Le.1	③ REMOVE CASEWORK AS INDICATED WITH DASHED LINES. PATCH WALLS/ FLOOR AS REQUIRED. TYP.
Le.1, 8.1, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3	④ REMOVE DOOR AND FRAME OR BORROWED LIGHT. TURN HARDWARE OVER TO OWNER. PATCH WALLS AS REQUIRED. SPOT PAINT & REPAIR OR REPLACE FLOOR BASE TO MATCH EXIST.
Le.1	⑤ REMOVE BOTTOM SECTION OF EXIST. ACOUSTICAL WALL PANELS AND ALL ASSOCIATED GLUE OR MECHANICAL FASTENERS. CUT METAL TRIM AS REQ'D. PATCH WALLS AS REQUIRED. SEE INTERIOR ELEV.
Le.1, 8.1, 9.2, 9.3	⑥ REMOVE FRAME AND GLAZING ASSEMBLY INCLUDING ALL RELATED ANCHORS AND/OR SUPPORTS AS REQUIRED. PATCH WALLS/FLOOR AS REQUIRED.
4.1, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3	⑦ REMOVE MASONRY WALL CONSTRUCTION AND ALL RELATED BRACING/SUPPORTS. SHORE OR BRACE EXIST. CONSTRUCTION AS REQ'D. PATCH AND REPAIR REMAINING FLOOR AND WALL SURFACES TO MATCH EXISTING AND/OR TO RECEIVE NEW FINISH OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION.
15.1, 16.1	⑧ REMOVE CABINET HEATERS AS SHOWN ON MECHANICAL DEMO PLANS.
2.1	⑨ REMOVE GUARDRAIL & STONE CAP.
2.1	⑩ REMOVE CANOPY & ASSOCIATED ROOF FRAMING. STORE (1) BAY OF STEEL FRAMING FOR REINSTALLATION.
2.1	⑪ REMOVE MASONRY WALL TO TOP OF FOUNDATION WALL. SEE DETAIL 4/A4.1. EXISTING CONCRETE FOUNDATION SHALL REMAIN.
2.1	⑫ REMOVE EXTERIOR CONCRETE SLAB.
Le.1	⑬ REMOVE EXIST. VISUAL DISPLAY BOARD AND SALVAGE FOR RELOCATION.
Le.1	⑭ REMOVE EXISTING CHALK AND TACK BOARDS AS SHOWN BY DASHED LINES TYP. CONSULT WITH OWNER REGARDING SALVAGE OR PROPER DISPOSAL.
9.3 (SALVAGE HDWR.)	⑮ REMOVE CARPET, GLUE, WALL BASE, AND OTHER INSTALLATION MATERIALS AND HARDWARE. PREPARE FLOOR TO RECEIVE NEW FINISHES.
Le.1	⑯ REMOVE EXIST. METAL LOCKERS & RELOCATE AS REQUIRED ADJACENT TO NEW WALL PARTITION.
9.2	⑰ REMOVE EXIST. TERRAZZO FLOORING. COORD. EXACT CUT LOCATION W/ EXIST. PATTERN. PREP FLOOR SLAB AS REQ'D. FOR NEW FINISHES.
9.2, 9.3	⑱ REMOVE EXISTING FLOORING, BASE & ASSOC. GLUE. PREP FLOOR/ WALL FOR NEW FINISHES.
Le.1	⑲ REMOVE ACOUSTICAL PANEL AS SHOWN ON INTERIOR ELEVATION 6/A9.2
Le.1	⑳ REMOVE STEEL DOOR FRAME & HINGES. PATCH WALLS AS REQUIRED.
Le.1	㉑ REMOVE EXISTING MUSIC STORAGE CABINETS. EXIST. MASONRY OR WD. BASE SHALL REMAIN. PATCH WALL & FLOOR AS REQUIRED FOR INSTALLATION OF NEW STORAGE CABINETS.

WORK SCOPE ASSIGNMENT	
6.1	(22) REMOVE EXISTING CASEWORK & COUNTERTOP. PATCH FLOOR & WALLS AS REQUIRED.
6.1	(23) REMOVE METAL SOFFIT/OVERHANG AND FRAMING. STEEL FRAMING SOUTH OF COLUMN LINE 319 SHALL REMAIN TO BE RECOVERED W/ NEW METAL PANEL. SEE 13/A5.4.
9.2, 9.3	(24) REMOVE FLOOR ADHESIVE AS REQUIRED & PREP FLOOR AS REQUIRED FOR NEW FINISH.
6.1, 15.1, 16.1	(25) REMOVE HANGING BULKHEAD, STEEL FRAMING, DUCTWORK, LIGHTING & FIRE PROTECTION AS REQ'D. SEE PLUMBING, HVAC & ELEC. PLANS.
9.3	(26) REMOVE EXIST. SHEET VINYL FLOORING & ASSOC. GLUE. PREP FLOOR FOR NEW FINISHES.
6.1, 8.1, 9.1	(27) REMOVE DOOR AND FRAME W/ GLAZING. TURN HARDWARE OVER TO OWNER. PATCH WALLS AS REQ'D. SPOT PAINT AS REQ'D.
15.1	(28) REMOVE SINK W/ SHELVING BELOW - SEE PLUMBING PLANS.
6.1, 8.1, 9.1	(29) REMOVE DOOR & HARDWARE. EXIST. FRAME TO REMAIN. STRIP FRAME, SAND SMOOTH & PREP FOR NEW EPOXY PAINT FINISH.
15.1	(30) REMOVE DRAIN - SEE CIVIL SHEETS
16.1	(31) REMOVE & RELOCATE TV & ASSOC. POWER/DATA AS SHOWN ON ELEC. PLANS. COORDINATE RELOCATION W/ TECHNOLOGY BID PACKAGE.
6.1, 15.1, 16.1	(32) REMOVE CEILING TILE. CEILING GRID AND GYP. BOARD BULKHEADS SHALL REMAIN. REMOVE & REINSTALL EXIST. SPEAKERS/SPRINKLER HEADS.
15.1, 16.1	(33) REMOVED EXIST. SUSPENDED CEILING SYSTEM. REFER TO MECH./ELEC. FOR DEMOLITION OR REINSTALLATION OF MECH/ELEC. UNITS.
15.1	(34) REMOVED EXIST. SUSPENDED CEILING TILE & GRID AS REQ'D. FOR MECH. WORK. SALVAGE TILE & GRID TO BE RE-INSTALLED IN ORIGINAL LOCATION.
15.1	(35) SAWCUT EXIST. CONC. FLOOR SLAB FOR SANITARY PIPING INSTALLATION. PATCH FLOOR AS REQ'D.
7.1	(36) REMOVE CANOPY CLADDING - EXIST. STRUCTURE SHALL REMAIN WHERE SHOWN.
8.1	(37) REMOVE DOOR & HARDWARE. EXIST. ALUMINUM CURTAINWALL FRAME TO REMAIN.

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Site Construction 2.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
02230	Site Clearing
02300	Earthwork
	Geotechnical Soils Report
02630	Storm Drainage
02741	Hot Mix Asphalt Paving
02751	Cement Concrete Pavement
02780	Unit Pavers
02821	Galvanized Steel Chain Linked Fences and Gates
02825	Decorative Metal Fences and Gates
02840	Walk, Road and Parking Appurtenances
02920	Lawns and Grasses

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Furnish, install and maintain temporary construction road and lay down area as shown on Temporary Road Plan, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. The road is to begin at Northfield Parkway and run through the retention pond as directed. A sheet piling retaining wall may be necessary. This includes stripping the ground surface at location of road. Temporary road is to consist of 6" 1x3 stone aggregate on geo-textile fabric, choke with 21AA, 20'-0" wide. Remove temporary construction road and lay down area prior to final restoration and restore site to original condition. This includes removal and replacement of concrete and / or asphalt walks, asphalt paving and restoration of retention pond. Coordinate removal of disposal of temp road with Barton Malow for potential relocation to another site.

3. In addition to the silt fence noted on drawings, this contractor is to add silt fence to both sides of temporary construction road as well as around entire perimeter of each site.

4. This contractor is responsible to provide (2) left turn only signs to be located at entrance of temporary road as directed by BMC.

5. This contractor will be responsible to install, maintain, and remove a firm, properly graded, and drained area for the steel erector. This area must be readily accessible to the work and have adequate space for the safe storage of material and the safe operation of construction activities. The area shall be stripped of topsoil, and cut to level and suitable to install geo textile fabric, a large aggregate base, and a topping of 21AA. Coordinate exact location with Barton Malow. Total area shall equal 20,000 sq. ft. This contractor will remove all temporary materials from site and restore area to existing grades utilizing suitable backfill, topsoil, and seeding.

6. Maintain street sweeping between front parking lot and athletic field as well as delivery routes along Northfield Parkway from 200' south of temporary road to Long Lake Road twice per week through duration of project.

7. Control dust, created due to the execution of work in this contract, and maintain clean roadways entering into the campus where all contractors, suppliers, and deliveries will travel.

8. This contractor is responsible to maintain and keep all site utilities/systems in working order that are within the work limits. Site utilities should be identified and marked by this contractor to proactively prevent interruptions in service. Employ the service of an independent contractor (such as **Power Plus – 248-344-0200**) to identify and mark underground services. Provide as-built drawings to BMC for distribution to other trades. It is this contractors responsibility to review survey drawings and Barton Malow record drawings prior to excavation. It is also this contractors responsibility to walk site with the Barton Malow superintendent before start of work.

9. Perform all layouts as required to complete the work of this contract.

10. This contractor is responsible to have on-site supervision by this contractor for all sub-contractors for any work occurring within this work scope.

11. Temporary fencing and permanent fencing is the responsibility of this contractor.

12. This contractor is responsible for all site demolition, clearing, grubbing and removal of existing pavement. Remove all spoils generated from this contractor's work.

13. Only wet cutting will be permitted on silica containing materials.

14. New drive throats must be constructed per City of Troy requirements. It is this contractor's responsibility to ensure drive throats are installed correctly and per City of Troy specifications.

15. ADA Tactile Detectable Warning Strips are the responsibility of this contractor.

16. Perform all rough and finish grading. Establish sub-grade for building pad at all additions. Place topsoil and seed where shown on drawings.

17. Furnish and install all landscaping as specified and shown.

18. Re-grade and establish building pad elevations following completion of foundation work.

19. This contractor is responsible to have all necessary equipment on site for proof roll(s).

20. Furnish and install all asphalt paving, concrete paving, concrete sidewalks, concrete curbs and gutters. Re-grade and dress all existing areas of stone base and sub base prior to placement of wearing course and curbs.

21. Perform all dewatering necessary for any contractor.

22. Furnish and install all necessary site signage per plans and specifications.

23. Provide 48-hour notice to the Construction Manager prior to placement of backfill, concrete and asphalt so the testing laboratory can be scheduled to test these materials. This contractor will be responsible for the cost of emergency testing services if the 48-hour notice is not given. The contractor's on-site foreman shall be present during testing and field reviews conducted by various inspection agencies.

24. Coordinate with the site superintendent regarding a designated wash out area. It will be this contractor's responsibility to remove their spoils at the appropriate time.

25. Furnish and install per code all underground piping and structures. It is this contractor's responsibility to bring all underground piping within 5'-0" of the building. Coordinate as needed with the Mechanical, Electrical and the City of Troy for necessary inspections.

26. Furnish, install, maintain and replace if needed, all erosion control measures and protection barriers, tree protection and drainage structure protection that is in place and is required by authorities having jurisdiction, until City of Troy acceptance is granted, erosion control measures are this contractor's responsibility.

27. Reference Geo Tech report and notes on S1.1 pertaining to soil conditions. Imported engineered fill shall be furnished and placed beneath building additions and parking lots.

28. This contractor shall provide a soil erosion operator and comply with the Environmental Protection Agency's storm water regulations and the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality's National Pollutant Elimination System. This includes, but is not limited to, inspection of the soil erosion and sedimentation control practices once a week and within 24 hours of a rainfall. A written report including photographs of the inspection and the maintenance of a log of written reports is requested. The inspections must start with the commencement of the construction schedule and continue until the site is completely stabilized and a Notice of Termination is filed with the M.D.E.Q. Copies of the reports must be forwarded monthly to BMC.

29. Dumpsters will NOT be provided by the owner for this category. Include use and disposal of dumpsters in this bid.

30. Final cleaning and/or brooming of surfaces must be performed prior to owner turnover.

31. Include an allowance of $20,000, for maintenance of concrete, asphalt, wood and/or stone paths to be used at Barton Malow's discretion. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. This Bidder is required to submit unit prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 0200 Instructions to Bidders.

2. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

3. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this Bidder's scope of work.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – SITE CONSTRUCTION 2.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Concrete 3.1

The work of this bid category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all concrete in accordance with the specifications, drawings and applicable codes. All work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
03300	Cast in place concrete
07210	Building Insulation
07920	Joint Sealants

In addition to the above, this bid category includes but is not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and various other Technical Specifications interfacing with this work. The bidder is advised to review the work descriptions of the other categories so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Perform all layout necessary to complete this contractor's work. It is this contractors responsibility to identify and locate site utilities prior to excavation of footings.

3. This contractor is responsible to maintain and keep all site utilities/systems in working order that are within the work limits. Site utilities should be identified and marked by this contractor to proactively prevent interruptions in service. Employ the service of an independent contractor (such as **Power Plus – 248-344-0200**) to identify and mark underground services. Provide as-built drawings to BMC for distribution to other trades. It is this contractors responsibility to review survey drawings and Barton Malow record drawings prior to excavation. It is also this contractors responsibility to walk site with the Barton Malow superintendent before start of work.

4. Excavate for and place concrete including but not limited to floor slabs, foundations, footings, entry stoops, stairs and equipment pads as shown on drawings. Replace backfill at excavations and remove spoils off site.

5. Patch floors where existing walls are shown to be removed.

6. Install exterior perimeter insulation at foundations.

7. Furnish and install all reinforcement steel as detailed in this contractors work.

8. Sub-grade will be established inside the building footprint + or – 4". Re grade below slabs, and re-establish sub-grade elevation. Furnish and install compacted granular base material.

9. Provide 48-hour notice to the Construction Manager prior to the placement of backfill or concrete so the testing laboratory can be scheduled to test these materials. This contractor will be responsible for the cost of emergency testing services if the 48-hour notice is not given. The contractor's on-site foreman shall be present during testing and field reviews conducted by various inspection agencies.

10. Only wet cutting will be permitted on silica containing materials.

11. Install all anchor bolts, leveling/anchor plates, and mechanical/electrical sleeves in your work. These items are to be provided by 5.1 – Steel and 15.1/16.1 – Mechanical/Electrical contractors respectively. Coordinate with necessary trades for placement of such items. Leveling plates must be set to elevation and grouted.

12. This contractor is required to provide written verification of correct anchor bolt placement to BMC with in 3 days of foundations being complete. This verification shall be performed and certified by a reputable and licensed surveyor.

13. Coordinate with the site Superintendent regarding a designated wash out area. It will be this contractor's responsibility to remove their spoils at the appropriate time.

14. Re-grade areas disturbed by work activities of this category within the building footprint immediately before pouring slab.

15. Dumpsters indicated to be provided by the Owner in the General Requirements and Supplementary Conditions WILL NOT be provided for this category.

16. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

17. Final cleaning must be included as part of this base bid.

18. Include an allowance of $8,000 to be used at Barton Malow's discretion. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this Bidder's scope of work.

2. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor's expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – CONCRETE 3.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Masonry 4.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
04720	Cast Stone
04810	Unit Masonry Assemblies
07210	Building Insulation
07841	Through-Penetration Firestop Systems
07920	Joint Sealants

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.
2. Perform all layout and engineering associated with this work necessary to perform a complete job using established building lines, control points, and elevations. It is this contractor's responsibility to field verify the accuracy of survey points provided, prior to job startup/mobilization.
3. Tooth in any areas necessary pertaining to the tie in of the addition(s) to the existing building or for new and/or larger openings necessary in the existing building.
4. Patch existing masonry surfaces to match existing where affected by demolition and / or shown on demolition drawings.
5. Provide CMU infill where existing windows, doors, louvers, etc. have been removed. Tooth in brick to match existing.
6. Unload, store, protect, and install metal fabrications provided by 5.1 - Steel and 6.1 - Carpentry contractors. Coordinate placement of steel plates with 5.1 - Steel contractor.
7. Furnish and install all building damproofing shown on masonry walls.

8. Furnish and install building insulation including all spray foam insulation, on masonry walls.
9. Z-girts and wall angle necessary for panel installation must be installed before spray foam insulation installation. Coordinate with 8.1 – Glazing & Metal Wall Panel contractor and with 6.1 – carpentry contractor.
10. Install all miscellaneous structural steel beams and lintels, plates, steel reinforcement miscellaneous steel supports and bond beams required to support masonry. Include all welding, bolting, anchorages etc.
11. 8' planking on all scaffolding shall be cleated and decking must have toe kicks per MIOSHA/OSHA/ANSI standards.
12. This contractor is responsible for all firestopping assemblies on existing and new CMU walls where new work is being performed called out on plans, per UL listing standards in the specifications. See code compliance sheets and Partition Type Details in the drawings for further clarification. Include fire rating at head of wall at existing remodel spaces.
13. This contractor is responsible to protect classroom control panels and electrical back boxes after installation.
14. Furnish and install all rebar (including horizontal, vertical, and positioning accessories) necessary for CMU walls.
15. Install hollow metal door and window frames and associated anchors in all masonry walls.
16. Install sleeves furnished by other trades.
17. Furnish and install bond breaker strips.
18. Furnish and install sealant within exterior and interior masonry wall construction and when masonry abuts an existing dissimilar surface.
19. Provide all necessary barricades, safety and warning devices until this work is safe and complete.
20. Provide hoisting, scaffolding, and lifting equipment necessary for the execution of this work.
21. Perform brick washing in accordance with specifications and protect adjacent materials to prevent damage to finishes from the cleaning process. Clean block-walls to provide a smooth surface suitable for paint. Condition of interior block must be left in a condition suitable for painting.
22. 15.1 - Mechanical will provide layout drawings for through wall penetrations of mechanical systems to 4.1 - Masonry at least two weeks prior to block installation in that unit. Any layout drawings not provided in this time frame may result in a back charge to the Mechanical contractor.
23. Cutting of walls for installation of electrical / technology boxes provided by others are this contractor's responsibility within masonry walls. The masonry, electrical and carpentry contractors will share the responsibility and any cost incurred for adjustment to ensure a square/plumb quality finished product.

24. Coordinate with the site Superintendent regarding a designated wash out area. It will be this contractor's responsibility to remove their spoils at the appropriate time.

25. Cutting and welding operations shall cease 2 hours prior to the close of construction each day to minimize the risk of undetected smoldering fire. Contractors performing such operations shall have within their immediate work area, ABC-type fire extinguisher(s). Only wet cutting will be permitted.

26. Only wet cutting will be permitted on silica containing materials.

27. Furnish and install all joint systems within masonry walls and where masonry walls meet existing surfaces.

28. Dumpsters indicated to be provided by the Owner in the General Requirements and Supplementary Conditions WILL NOT be provided for this category.

29. Provide daily clean-up according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed the Construction Manager will provide labor to perform the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

30. Final cleaning and/or brooming must be included in base bid.

31. Include $3,000 allowance to be used as directed by BMC. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – MASONRY 4.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Structural Steel 5.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
05120	Structural Steel
05210	Steel Joists
05310	Steel Deck
05500	Metal Fabrications
05521	Pipe and Tube Railings

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

1. Perform all lay-out and supply all materials as shown and required by the drawings, specifications and job conditions as required to complete the work of this contract.

2. This contractor will cut all roof penetrations in new steel decking as laid out by the mechanical, and/or electrical contractor for roof sump pans only.

3. Provide on site supervision by this trade for all subcontractors of this trade.

4. Provide and maintain ladders necessary for this contractors work. It is this contractor's responsibility to relocate ladders if necessary.

5. Furnish and install roof drain pans and associated framing.

6. This contractor is responsible to have all lintels, plates and anchor bolts for masonry completion on site at beginning of foundation walls.

7. This contractor is responsible for all lintel sizes and coordination with all necessary contractors. Inform BMC of coordination issues and efforts.

8. It is this contractors responsibility to unload all joists, decking and miscellaneous steel required for job completion.

9. Furnish anchor bolts to 3.1 - Concrete contractor. Before steel erection obtain test reports/survey on anchor bolts from 3.1 - Concrete contractor to verify that test results meet ASTM standards.

10. Furnish anchor/leveling plates to 3.1 – Concrete contractor for installation by 3.1 – Concrete contractor.

11. Provide steel handrails that are suitable for painting without further prep work, including touch ups on scratched or blemished spots after erection is complete. Wrap rails with covering until job is complete.

12. Any utility disturbed by this contractor shall be repaired and placed in service immediately and the cost associated to do so will be this contractor's responsibility.

13. This project will enforce the use of 100% fall protection for all exposures 6 feet or greater for all workers (including connecting, detailing, and decking).

14. Cutting and welding operations shall cease 2 hours prior to the close of construction each day to minimize the risk of undetected smoldering fire. Contractors performing such operations shall have within their immediate work area, ABC-type fire extinguisher(s).

15. Furnish and install ladders at each roof hatch. Ladders must conform to building codes. Furnish and install roof opening framing as shown and for roof hatch as necessary.

16. Provide all necessary barricades, safety, and warning devices for this work. Including all welded metal fabrications with metal cables.

17. This contractor shall plan on timely installation and removal of debris from lay-down area and site.

18. Contractor is responsible for de-mudding of vehicles prior to leaving the construction site.

19. All stored materials must be kept on dunnage and off the ground.

20. Provide and maintain, while on site, MIOSHA approved temporary guardrails and perimeter cables. Plan to return to the site on 2 separate occasions for repairs to in-place guardrails and/or perimeter cables. Include in this bid and plan to remove temporary guardrails and perimeter cables on different days, on each unit, as directed by BMC.

21. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

22. Final cleaning of finish installations must be included within this bid.

23. Include a $3,000 allowance to be used for miscellaneous steel as directed by BMC. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – STRUCTURAL STEEL 5.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Carpentry and Acoustical Ceilings 6.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all **carpentry, doors and hardware, drywall, ceilings and miscellaneous as noted** in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
04810	Unit Masonry Assemblies
05400	Cold-Formed Metal Framing
06105	Miscellaneous Carpentry
06160	Sheathing
07210	Building Insulation
07240	Direct Exterior Finish System
07720	Roof Accessories
07841	Through-penetration Firestop Systems
07920	Joint Sealants
08110	Steel Doors and Frames
08211	Flush Wood Doors
08311	Access Doors and Frames
08331	Overhead Coiling Doors
08710	Door Hardware
09111	Non-Load Bearing Steel Framing
09250	Gypsum Board
09265	Gypsum Board Shaft-Wall Assemblies
09511	Acoustical Panel Ceilings
09841	Acoustical Wall Panels
10101	Visual Display Surfaces
10155	Toilet Compartments
10505	Metal Lockers
10520	Fire-Protection Specialties
12355	Institutional Casework
12356	Music Casework
12610	Fixed Audience Seating

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.
2. Furnish and install items listed in specification sections above.
3. Furnish and install all rough carpentry, finish carpentry, wood treatments, wood blocking, sleepers, nailers, curbs, framing, and plywood indicated on the drawings. Include all window blocking and roof blocking. Include casework/equipment blocking. Coordinate with appropriate supplier/installer.
4. Furnish and receive all wood, hollow metal and steel doors, frames and door hardware. Store doors and frames prior to installation including insulated panels and louvers in doors. Doors and frames are to be free of rust and debris upon installation. Contractor will be responsible for removing any rust that may appear on the steel doors and frames. Perform all trouble-shooting and correction of hardware problems after owner occupancy for the duration of the warranty period. Shake out and place material in respective unit upon delivery.
5. This contractor is responsible for the removal and replacement of all wood, hollow metal and steel doors, frames and hardware that are to be replaced. Existing doors are not be removed until receiving delivery of replacement door. Include removal and disposal of the existing door and frame.
6. Furnish and install all access panels in gypsum walls and/or ceilings as shown on plans. Install access panels provided by mechanical and electrical trades.
7. This contractor is responsible for the furnishing and installation of the fixed audience seating complete.
8. This contractor is responsible to increase wall support of all frames (door and window) if existing framing is not adequate.
9. Lock cylinders for demolished doors that are to be replaced are to be salvaged, labeled, and turned over to the Owner.
10. Specification section 08710-1.4-D shall be superseded by the following: Keyway for all cylinders shall be provided per the Owner's schedule. Keying shall be by contractor for all doors, per the direction of the Owner. Contractor is to use a local licensed, bonded and insured locksmith.
    Note: The School district states to use the first 5 pins, drop the 6^{th} and 7^{th}. TSD will provide master and grand master key through Barton Malow. All interior doors are to be keyed with their respective key, as well as the grand master and master key. All exterior doors are to be keyed with the grand master and master. Each pass key is to be labeled and turned over to the district through Barton Malow along with the original master and grandmaster keys.
11. Furnish and install all institutional casework required for a complete installation. All final adjustments will be the responsibility of this contractor.

12. This contractor is responsible for the covering of casework and countertops for protection against damage. Protection shall be secured cardboard, masonite or appropriate material for owner turnover.
13. This contractor is responsible to cover and maintain existing gym floor with a visqueen underlayment and masonite above and / or appropriate covering to maintain structure and finish of gym floor.
14. Provide and coordinate the installation of all mechanical and electrical fixtures and devices, associated with casework, with the appropriate trades. Provide detailed rough-in drawings within twenty (20) calendar days of contract award.
15. Layout of piping to be reviewed by the casework contractor to avoid unnecessary cutting of casework. Piping layout on drawings is diagrammatic only.
16. The electrical and carpentry contractor will share the responsibility for a square/plumb installation of all electrical and technology boxes in gypsum wall assemblies. Any cost incurred to adjust boxes to ensure a quality finished product will be shared by these contractors
17. Z-girts and wall angle necessary for panel installation must be installed by 6.1 before spray foam insulation by 4.1- Masonry. Coordinate with 4.1 – masonry contractor.
18. Furnish and maintain all necessary barricades, safety and warning devices for this work.
19. Furnish and install gypsum ceiling and soffit assemblies complete.
20. Furnish and install toilet compartments and provide all final adjustments. Field verify dimensions, before ordering, to ensure proper fit. It is the intent of the Architect, and the responsibility of this contractor, to reuse or cover/patch existing anchor holes.
21. Demolition of existing toilet partitions must not occur until receiving the delivery of new partitions. Include the removal and disposal of existing toilet partitions in your bid.
22. Furnish and install building insulation as it relates to this contractors work. 4.1 - Masonry is responsible for building insulation at new masonry walls. 6.1 - Carpentry is responsible to replace all insulation behind existing wall panels.
23. Protect existing surfaces in rooms, while performing this contractor's work. Provide protection of this contractors installed work until Owner turnover. If any adjacent surfaces are damaged it will be the sole responsibility of the contractor at fault to completely repair and replace all damaged construction to the satisfaction of the owner, construction manager and architect.
24. Furnish and install all acoustical lay-in assembly materials.
25. Refer to code compliance sheets and Partition Type Details. This contractor is responsible for all firestopping assemblies at new and existing drywall assembled walls where new work is being performed. Ratings of assemblies shall meet UL #U905 standards. Include fire rating at head of wall for existing remodel spaces.

26. Furnish and install all joint systems where this work abuts existing surfaces as shown. Caulk all products installed by this contractor.

27. Furnish and install one hour temporary walls with frame and door with handle and hasp between existing building and new construction as directed by OFS and/or BMC. Temporary wall must be weatherproof if exposed to exterior elements. This is to include grid work removal and replacement as necessary for completion of this work. Patch and repair existing surfaces as needed upon temporary wall removal. See composite plans found behind project manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

28. Field verify all openings, provide and install all trim, spaces and blanks necessary to properly install a complete locker system.

29. This project will enforce the use of 100% fall protection for all exposures 6 feet or greater for all workers.

30. Furnish and maintain dust mats at all construction area entrances and exits on both sides of doors. Clean as needed.

31. Final cleaning must be included as part of this base bid.

32. Include a $10,000 allowance for miscellaneous items. Allowance to be used on a time and material basis as directed by BMC. Unused portions will be deducted from contract. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement**, **must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – CARPENTRY AND ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS 6.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Roofing 7.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
07210	Building Insulation
07531	EPDM Membrane Roofing
07620	Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim
07720	Roof Accessories
07841	Through Penetration Firestop Systems

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

1. Furnish and install a complete roofing system as specified. Furnish and install any insulation and/or components as detailed or required for a complete positive draining roof system.

2. Install and level all roof mounted curbs. Layout is done by 15.1 – Mechanical and/or 16.1 - Electrical trades if the curb is for their equipment.

3. Furnish and install flashing around curbs, pipe sleeves, roof sumps, roof hatches, and any penetrations and/or ladders as shown on plans. Coordinate with mechanical/electrical contractor(s) for proper adjustments.

4. Perform all demolition and removal of existing roofing systems, coping and flashing associated at new tie-in locations. Provide a water tight patch until final roofing activities can be completed.

5. Furnish and install all waterproof underlayment that will be covered by roofing, flashing, or siding.

6. Furnish metal flashing, which form part of the roof system, to masonry contractor and coordinate installation.

7. This project will enforce the use of 100% fall protection for all exposures 6 feet or greater for all workers.

8. Remove any fall protection anchors installed by the steel contractor for fall protection prior to roof installation.

9. If this contractor chooses to have a roof monitor, it does not relieve the contractor from following MIOSHA and BMC tie-off rules.

10. Coordinate all penetrations necessary with the mechanical and electrical contractors. Cut roofing where required by other trades to include, but not limited to, the roof top Units and condensing units. It is this contractor's responsibility to remobilize if necessary for additional penetrations created after the initial roof is completed.

11. Witness installation of exhaust fans and all other roof mounted equipment and provide instruction when necessary to ensure that the roofing system is not compromised. Provide written report immediately following installation stating the condition of the roof prior to and subsequent installation of the new equipment.

12. Provide and maintain all necessary barricades, safety and warning devices for this work.

13. Provide protection of existing roof systems during installation of new roof until system is complete. Provide protection that will not compromise the existing roof.

14. Do not throw materials off of the roof. All waste generated by the work in this category shall be removed off site.

15. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

16. Final cleaning of the finished roof system, prior to manufacturer's inspection, is this contractors responsibility.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement**, **must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 - ROOFING 7.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Aluminum Door, Window and Glazing 8.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
07210	Building Insulation
07412	Metal Wall Panels
07920	Joint Sealants
08411	Aluminum-Framed Entrances & Storefronts
08412	Fiberglass Reinforced Polyester Doors
08520	Aluminum Windows
08710	Door Hardware
08800	Glazing
08911	Glazed Aluminum Curtain Walls

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Establish hold dimensions for all openings and provide written documentation required for hold open dimensions to 4.1 – Masonry and to the Construction Manger to distribute as necessary at least 2 weeks prior to block installation. Any layout drawings not provided in this time frame may result in a back charge to the 8.1 – Aluminum Door, Window and Glazing Panels contractor.

3. Demolition of all exterior doors, to be replaced, are the responsibility of this contractor. Where replacing doors and/or existing frames, include the removal and disposal of the existing door and frame. Hardware shall be salvaged and turned over to the Owner. Install temporary closure if new door cannot be installed within the work day.

4. If this contractor removes a window, it is this contractor's responsibility to install and maintain temporary protection in this opening. Temporary protection shall be wood framed reinforced visqueen.

5. Furnish and install aluminum framed entrances and storefronts, FRP doors, aluminum windows, screens, window hardware, and glazing and trim metal within or around these systems. This should also include glazing in doors, borrowed lite windows, insulated panels and louvers/grilles in doors that are installed by this contractor and other glazed openings.

6. Furnish and install all hardware for the above specified assemblies, including door hardware. Perform all adjustments necessary for hardware to operate satisfactorily.

7. Specification section 08710-1.4-D shall be superseded by the following: Keyway for all cylinders shall be provided per the Owner's schedule. Keying shall be by the contractor for all doors, per the direction of the Owner. Contractor is to use a local licensed, bonded and insured locksmith.
8. Note: The School district states to use the first 5 pins, drop the 6^{th} and 7^{th}. TSD will provide the master and grand master key through Barton Malow. All interior doors are to be keyed with their respective key, as well as the grand master and master key. All exterior doors are to be keyed with the grand master and master. Each pass key is to be labeled and turned over to the district through Barton Malow along with the original master and grandmaster keys.

9. It is this contractor's responsibility to coordinate with 6.1 – Carpentry to obtain fire-lite glazing sizes in all interior doors, side lites, and transoms. Installation must be coordinated with 6.1 – Carpentry to meet project schedule.

10. Furnish and install all metal wall panels as noted in plans and specifications under 07412 and furnish and install all metal wall panels noted on details. This is the contractor's responsibility to verify substrate and any problems thereof prior to installation of metal panels and metal wall panels.

11. Joint sealants must be installed on the perimeter of this contractors installed assemblies. Architectural joint sealants and/or weather sealant must be installed by this contractor on the exterior and interior of each window and storefront system.

12. Furnish and install all joint sealants where the work of this contractor meets adjacent surfaces.

13. Work must be furnished and installed per the project schedule.

14. Dispose of all unusable material in dumpster daily. Dumpsters will be provided by BMC.

15. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

16. Final cleaning must be included in this base bid and performance of will be directed by BMC when appropriate and logical.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement**, **must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – ALUMINUM DOOR, WINDOW OR GLAZING 8.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Painting 9.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
07920	Joint Sealants
09911	Exterior Painting
09912	Interior Painting

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Furnish and install all items listed or described in assigned Specification Sections and as indicated on the drawings and/or listed on the color plan layout.

3. Clean and prepare all walls, hollow metal doors and frames, and surfaces for finishing, including all required caulking, patching, sanding and minor repairs. Joint sealer is to be used at all interior finishes or all dissimilar metals and/or surfaces. If walls need more than minor prep notify job superintendent.

4. This contractor is responsible for removing or covering all cover plates, trim pieces and other pre-finished surfaces necessary for the performance of this work and replacing same at the conclusion of this Contractor's work. Cover and protect new work to avoid damage.

5. Provide finish painting for walls, ceilings, soffits and underside of deck where ceiling is exposed.

6. Provide finish painting of all hollow metal doors and frames as shown on drawings. Install joint sealant at perimeter of frames prior to painting.

7. Provide minor prep and paint existing wall surfaces where existing casework, shelving, toilet partitions and accessories are to be removed.

8. Provide finish painting of exposed pipes, conduit and ducts, hangers and exposed steel and ironwork as indicated on drawings. This includes hand railings and stringers.

9. If any adjacent surfaces are damaged it will be the sole responsibility of the contractor at fault to completely repair and replace all damaged construction to the satisfaction of the owner, construction manager and architect.

10. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

11. Final cleaning may not be excluded from this contract.

12. Provide an allowance of $3,000.00 in the base bid to cover the cost of touch-up painting needed following owner move in, or as directed by BMC. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 - PAINTING 9.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY –Terrazzo and Ceramic Tile 9.2

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
07920	Joint Sealants
09310	Ceramic Tile
09401	Portland Cement Terrazzo Flooring

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Perform all layout as required to complete the work of this contract.

3. Control dust created by the execution of this contract.

4. Base bid shall include all necessary floor/wall prep including, but not limited to scarification, wall leveling, and insuring a substrate that is plumb and level. Coordinate all required depressions in new concrete with flat work contractor.

5. Furnish and install all ceramic tile flooring, ceramic tile base, beveled thresholds and all other accessory items required for a complete flooring installation.

6. Furnish and install all sealant joints where the work in this category abuts adjacent surfaces.

7. It is this contractor's responsibility to cover and maintain his work with temporary protection. This protection must be masonite, a minimum of 3/16" thickness.

8. Protect adjacent surfaces and finishes during installation of new work by this contractor.

9. If any adjacent surfaces are damaged it will be the sole responsibility of the contractor at fault to completely repair and replace all damaged construction to the satisfaction of the owner, construction manager and architect.

10. Cover, seal and protect new work in place to avoid damage until building is turned over to owner.

11. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

12. Final cleaning of this contractor's installed material must be included in base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – TERRAZZO AND CERAMIC TILE 9.2

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Carpet, Resilient Tile and Base 9.3

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
09651	Resilient Floor Tile
09652	Resilient Sheet Flooring
09653	Resilient Wall Base and Accessories
09680	Carpet
09681	Carpet Tile

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Perform all layouts as required to complete the work of this contract.

3. Provide on-site supervision by this trade for all subcontractors of this trade.

4. Control dust created by the execution of this contract.

5. Base bid shall include all necessary floor and wall prep to complete job.

6. Furnish and install all resilient tile flooring, rubber base, and all other accessory items required for a complete flooring installation. Refer to any specific patterns indicated on drawings.

7. Furnish and install all sills, metal thresholds, doorsills and required transitions at all dissimilar floor materials.

8. Furnish and install rubber base at casework.

9. Furnish all carpet and VCT out of one dye lot to provide color unity.

10. Contractor is responsible to incur all costs for moisture testing and sealer, as required by flooring manufacturer's recommendation prior to installation of any flooring. Provide Barton Malow with written documentation one week prior to floor installation.

11. Protect adjacent surfaces while installing the new work of this contract.

12. If any adjacent surfaces are damaged it will be the sole responsibility of the contractor at fault to completely repair and replace all damaged construction to the satisfaction of the owner, construction manager and architect.

13. Provide and maintain a minimum of 3 ft. of adhesive floor protection as pathways on newly installed flooring surfaces provided by this contractor.

14. Clean existing walls of adhesive prior to installing new base material.

15. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

16. Final cleaning of this contractor's installed material must be included in base bid.

17. Include a $4,000 allowance to be used as directed by BMC. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – CARPET, RESILIENT TILE AND BASE 9.3

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Athletic Flooring 9.4

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
09621	Fluid Applied Sports Flooring

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Provide all necessary testing 4 weeks prior to installation.

3. Furnish and install all items listed or described in assigned Specification Sections and as indicated on the drawings and/or listed on the color plan layout.

4. Perform all required sub base preparations

5. Furnish and install fluid applied athletic flooring system complete.

6. Furnish and install thresholds at all floor transitions as required.

7. Install all lines and markings complete.

8. If any adjacent surfaces are damaged it will be the sole responsibility of the contractor at fault to completely repair and replace all damaged construction to the satisfaction of the owner, construction manager and architect.

9. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

10. Final cleaning may not be excluded from this contract.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – ATHLETIC FLOORING 9.4

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY - Mechanical 15.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all **mechanical, plumbing, fire protection, and other specified items** in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
07210	Building Insulation
07841	Through-Penetration Firestop Systems
07920	Joint Sealants
08311	Access Doors and Frames
10801	Toilet and Bath Accessories
13915	Fire-Suppression Piping
All 15000	Mechanical (Except 15950)

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Include mechanical, plumbing, fire protection and HVAC demolition as shown on plans. Salvaged items, cutting and capping lines is this contractor's responsibility. Capping lines in building units that will be connected to future lines, in adjacent units at different times, is the responsibility of this contractor.

3. Furnish all labor, tools, equipment, material and services necessary to install all mechanical systems complete.

4. This contractor shall field verify all dimensions and furnish dimensional layout drawings and coordinated required roof openings and structural supports for the hood and any other rooftop equipment, per the sequencing of the bid schedule.

5. This contractor is to include fire suppression testing when new water main is installed supplying new and/or existing fire suppression system.

6. Furnish and install all required ductwork and fittings with the hood and exhaust.

7. Provide final adjustments and cleaning of equipment and provide Owner training with demonstrations to operate equipment.

8. Troy School District will furnish and install soap dispensers, paper towel holders and toilet paper holders and sanitary napkin disposal. Furnish other toilet and bath accessories as specified.

9. Furnish and install all louvers and vents complete, including blank-off panels and screens if shown on drawings. Layout openings for masonry and/or glazing contractor to cut openings, at least 2 weeks prior to block installation. Any layout not provided in this time frame may result in a back charge to the 15.1 – Mechanical contractor.

10. 15.1 - Mechanical will provide layout drawings for through wall penetrations of mechanical systems to 4.1 - Masonry at least two weeks prior to block installation in that unit. It is this contractor's responsibility to review CMU openings and provide documentation of a sign off sheet by both parties. Once this sheet is sent to BMC, 15.1 – Mechanical will assume all responsibility for openings.

11. Removal and replacement of existing diffusers and any other mechanical equipment necessary for the ceiling grid and tile replacement is the responsibility of this contractor.

12. Removal and replacement of existing ceiling tile and grid to remain is the responsibility of this contractor. Refer to demo plans and notes for more information.

13. The manufacturer for Variable Frequency Drives listed in Specification Section 15055 – Motors shall be ABB Drives, Inc. ONLY.

14. Provide VFD's for 16.1 – Electrical contractor installation and terminations.

15. Furnish and install sleeves required for this contractor's work to concrete or site contractor where applicable.

16. Furnish mechanical sleeves necessary for your work, to be installed by 3.1 – Concrete contractor.

17. Include all saw cutting, excavation, backfill and concrete infill as indicated on mechanical and plumbing and HVAC drawings to install new mechanical systems. Remove concrete and spoils from site.

18. Include labor to readjust any such penetrations just prior to any activity that will permanently lock such rough-ins in place, i.e., roof sump pans.

19. Provide all concrete equipment pads required for mechanical equipment but not shown on the drawings.

20. Furnish equipment roof curbs to roofing contractor. Layout in field of these roof curbs to be completed by this contractor. This contractor will coordinate with the roofing contractor before any penetrations are made in the roofing system.

21. Furnish all new mechanical equipment, systems, and components as indicated on the drawings as required for complete systems.

22. This contractor is responsible to make all connections to tie-in all sanitary piping, domestic water, and roof drains up to 5'-0" outside of the building footprint.

23. The contractor's field superintendent shall be present during testing and field reviews conducted by inspection agencies.

24. Coordinate delivery, receive, unload, store and protect all mechanical equipment. Maintain insurance for equipment in transit, while stored on or off site until equipment is installed.

25. Provide all duct and pipe insulation AND labeling as shown and specified.

26. Furnish and layout piping boots in field for installation by roofing contractor.

27. Furnish and install fire dampers where ductwork penetrates rated wall assemblies. Ensure engineers drawings comply with life safety codes for rated walls.

28. It is this contractor's responsibility to install control valves, dampers, motors, wells, and accessories. Instrument wells and dampers to be furnished by 15.2 – Temperature and Lighting Controls contractor.

29. This contractor shall factory install all DDC controls per mechanical schedules and specifications.

30. Provide all trouble shooting and diagnosis of malfunctioning mechanical systems.

31. Test all systems to assure complete installation and notify BMC when systems are ready for balancing contractor to perform adjusting and balancing.

32. Correct findings from balancing reports immediately following receipt of reports. The balancing contractor will verify compliance with report findings in a final review. Repeat visits, by the balancing contractor resulting from incomplete corrections shall be at the expense of the Mechanical contractor.

33. Install temporary building enclosure assemblies where openings exist for existing and new mechanical installations. Assemblies shall be wood framed reinforced visqueen.

34. It is this contractor's responsibility to modify and/or relocate sprinkler head drops in new ceilings as required. Reference Fire Protection Plans.

35. All ductwork shall be kept clean and protected throughout construction. Install necessary coverage at existing branches and/or install temporary fillers to be changed out prior to testing, adjusting and balancing. Provide final cleaning, dusting and washing as needed of all materials, equipment, fixtures and systems installed and/or supplied under this work category. Coordinate the time of implementation with the Construction Manager.

36. Install weather and joint sealants for newly installed equipment. At floors, use backer rod to cover shims and seal.

37. Caulk all products installed by this contractor where required for work of this category.

38. Furnish and install all fire stopping necessary to seal penetrations related to mechanical system installations. Use UL approved products. Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings and floors at penetrations.

39. Provide all necessary barricades, safety and warning devices for this work.

40. Furnish access panels and layout locations to 6.1 - Carpentry and/or 4.1 -Masonry contractor. These panels may not be shown on drawings but are necessary for the end user to maintain and access this system.

41. Obtain and pay for all local, state and municipal permit and/or fees required for the execution of the work. On Plumbing Permit Application check Box 24, Certification Fee and include $10.00. **On Mechanical Permit Application check Box 36, Certificate Fee, and include $10.00. These certificates will be turned over to the construction manager with close out documents.**

42. Contractor of this work category shall locate and layout all elevations and locations of pipe or ductwork penetrations required by this category for shown locations. Penetrations required, but not shown, by this work category shall be approved by the Architect prior to installation. A qualified masonry contractor must perform penetrations through masonry that will be exposed to view. Costs for all penetrations required to complete the work of this category will be the responsibility of the Mechanical Contractor.

43. Cutting and welding operations shall cease 2 hours prior to the close of construction each day to minimize the risk of undetected smoldering fire. Contractors performing such operations shall have within their immediate work area, ABC-type fire extinguishers.

44. A walk through must be taken with the Construction Manager, Owner's Representative, Building Head Custodian prior to ceiling tile installation to locate all above ceiling valves. All valves must have location labeled below ceiling level. Documentation of this walk through must be given to Construction Manager in writing the day after the walk through takes place.

45. Complete as-built drawings on reproducibles as specified. Refer to Section 01330-5.03-E for costs associated with this item.

46. Dispose of all unusable material in dumpster daily. Dumpsters will be provided by. It is the responsibility of each contractor to dispose of their own spoils off site.

47. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. N/A

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 - MECHANICAL 15.1

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Temperature and Lighting Controls 15.2

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all **temperature and lighting controls and sequence of operations as indicated in specifications, plans and by coordination with Owner** in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01721	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
07841	Through-Penetration Firestop Systems
13845	Lighting Controls
15900	HVAC Instrumentation and Controls
All 15000	For Reference

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. It shall be the responsibility of this contractor to thoroughly review the mechanical and electrical drawings divisions 15 and 16 specifications in their entirety, to coordinate components to be furnished and or installed to result in fully functioning systems.

3. Furnish hydronic instrument wells and dampers. These items will be installed by 15.1 - Mechanical contractor.

4. Control valves are to be furnished by this contractor for installation by 15.1 – Mechanical contractor.

5. This contractor to interlock duct smoke detectors with motor controls for shutdown upon activation. 16.1 to provide and install duct detector.

6. Provide lighting control panels (LCP) as specified in section 13845, to be installed by 16.1 – Electrical contractor.

7. Provide back boxes for low voltage switches, to be installed by 16.1 – Electrical contractor.

8. Provide and install low voltage lighting control devices directly connected to LCP as specified under section 13845, and shown on electrical drawings.

9. Provide all labor, tools, equipment, material and services necessary to install complete controls as indicated. Including but not limited to penetrations in floors and walls required for the installation of this work.

10. Provide input to trouble shoot and diagnose malfunctioning mechanical systems and sequence of operation of mechanical systems.

11. All work to be completed in accordance with the project schedule and so not to disturb any finished and rated material or surface.

12. Removal and replacement of ceiling tiles and grid necessary for the installation of this contractors scope are the responsibility of this contractor. All new penetrations MUST be UL rated.

13. Provide and install all low voltage wiring devices and LCP's with regard to specification section 13845.

14. Cover and protect work as required or conditions warrant.

15. Obtain and pay for all local, state and municipal permit and/or fees required for the execution of the work.

16. Provide Owner with operational instruction as necessary to enable them to operate and maintain new systems controls. Provide signed documentation of instruction session, including date and attendees to BMC within 24hrs of each session. This is a required component for closeout.

17. Complete as-built drawings on reproducibles as specified. Refer to section 01330-5.03-E for costs associated with this item.

18. Broom clean areas at the end of each day's work.

19. Dispose of all unusable material in dumpster daily. Dumpsters will be provided by BMC. It is the responsibility of each contractor to dispose of their own spoils off site.

20. Final cleaning of installed end user devices must be performed.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

N/A

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – TEMPERATURE AND LIGHTING CONTROLS 15.2

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Mechanical Testing and Balancing 15.3

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all **mechanical, plumbing, fire protection, selective demolition and other specified items** in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
15950	Testing, Adjusting and Balancing
All 15000	Mechanical for reference

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. Coordinate onsite activities with Barton Malow Company superintendent and mechanical contractor.

2. Perform all activities defined in examination section of 15950 and furnish written report of findings.

3. Review all mechanical and electrical specification sections for balancing requirements and include all costs associated to comply with same.

4. Provide all labor, tools, equipment, material and services necessary to complete all adjusting and balancing specified. Provide (4) copies of Final Certified Balance Reports to BMC.

5. Removal and replacement of ceiling tiles and grids necessary for the installation of this contractors' scope are the responsibility of this contractor.

6. Include a follow up site inspection to verify that any non-compliance items identified in the Final Report have been corrected. Furnish amendment to Final Report documenting findings.

7. All work to be completed in accordance with project schedule.

8. Provide all necessary barricades, safety and warning devices for this work.

9. This contractor shall attend a walk through with the Construction Manager, Owner's Representative, and Building Head Custodian prior to ceiling tile installation to locate all above ceiling valves.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – MECHANICAL TESTING AND BALANCING 15.3

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Electrical 16.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all **fire alarm, lighting protection, selective demolition and electrical systems and items specified** in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
07210	Building Insulation
07841	Through-penetration Firestop Systems
07920	Joint Sealants
08311	Access Doors and Frames
13100	Lighting Protection
13845	Lighting Controls
13851	Fire Alarm
15900	HVAC Instrumentation and controls
All 16000	Electrical

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. This contractor will disconnect and remove all existing electrical items and reinstall where necessary, as shown and required. Disconnect power to mechanical equipment to be removed by others. This contractor will connect all new electrical systems to existing systems and provide all new work on existing systems, as required. This contractor is responsible for protection of all existing electrical equipment and systems to remain.

3. Provide power to all mechanical equipment consistent with mechanical schedules and specifications from nearest panel unless noted otherwise.

4. Furnish electrical sleeves and provide layout, as necessary for your work, to be installed by the 3.1 – Concrete contractor.

5. Employ services of a registered surveyor to perform layout of all electrical work.

6. It is this contractor's responsibility to provide any and all electrical testing and inspections as listed in the electrical specifications.
7. This contractor to provide and install duct smoke detectors. 15.2 to interlock duct smoke detectors with motor controls for shutdown upon activation.
8. Employ services of a reputable company to locate existing underground technology and power to eliminate damage to existing services for installation of new work.
9. Complete demolition, cutting, capping, temporary service connections and/or return to service as indicated on the electrical demolition plans and notes. Turn over salvaged items as directed. Maintain and/or provide safe electrical systems while in a temporary status.
10. All existing furniture, equipment, etc. will remain in each room during lighting replacement. It is this contractor's responsibility to work around all owners' furniture, equipment, etc. It is also the responsibility of this contractor to clean each room as work is completed.
11. It is the responsibility of this contractor to remove and reinstall scoreboards. There is a fiber optic cable that leads to the pool area board that must be removed with care. Coordinate with Barton Malow storage location.
12. Removal and replacement of existing ceiling tile to remain, as it relates to 16.1 work, is the responsibility of this contractor. Refer to demo plans and notes for more information.
13. Maintain existing fire alarm system until all new components, panels and systems are installed and tested. Existing fire alarms to be removed at appropriate time.
14. Sawcut, remove and dispose of concrete, asphalt and/or greenbelt required to install the work of this category. Patch and restore as necessary in these areas.
15. Furnish and install all labor and material to install all electrical site elements complete. Concrete pole bases are this contractor's responsibility. This contractor is responsible for the re-seeding of disturbed green belt areas due to this contractor's work.
16. Furnish all access panels required to service the electrical systems but which are not shown on the drawings to the carpentry contractor.
17. Protect all thru-wall, floor and ceiling penetrations against damage. Include cost to re-adjust such rough-ins just prior to secured in-place. Coordinate this adjustment with the appropriate contractor.
18. Install blank covers at all abandoned boxes.
19. The masonry, electrical and carpentry contractor will share the responsibility for a square / plumb installation of all electrical and technology boxes, any cost incurred to adjust boxes to ensure a quality finished product will be shared by these contractors.
20. Furnish all concrete equipment pads required for electrical equipment needed but not shown on the drawings.
21. Install back boxes for the low voltage switches, to be provided by 15.2 – Temperature and Lighting Controls.

22. Install VFD's provided by 15.1 – Mechanical contractor.

23. Supply power to all mechanical fire/smoke dampers, and any other dampers requiring power.

24. Coordinate delivery, receive, unload, store and protect all electrical equipment. Maintain insurance for equipment in transit, while stored on or off site until equipment in installed.

25. Coordinate electrical device locations with architectural elements, i.e. tack boards, casework and marker boards prior to installation of electrical boxes to avoid installation conflicts.

26. The contractor's field superintendent must be present during testing and field reviews conducted by inspection agencies.

27. All contactors must be labeled on the front of the box as to what they control. If located above ceilings the location must be noted below ceiling level.

28. A walk through with the Construction Manager, Owner Representative, and building head custodian must be done and documented prior to completion of the project to show the location of all above ceiling control devices.

29. All panel boxes must be labeled with permanent room numbers.

30. Provide and maintain all necessary barricades, safety and warning devices until work is safe and complete.

31. Provide and install all fire stopping and joint sealants necessary to seal penetrations related to electrical system installations. Use UL approved products. Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings and floors at penetrations.

32. Obtain and pay for all necessary state and local permits, fees and insurance to perform this work. **On Electrical Permit Application check box 30 Certificate Fee and include $10.00.** This certificate will be turned over to the construction manager with close out documents.

33. Submit fire alarm shop drawings to governing agencies for approval 3 weeks after award of 16.1 – Electrical contract. Since this contractor is specialized and working under performance specifications, added devices in new areas from State review will NOT be compensated for.

34. The manufacturer for occupancy sensors listed in Specification Section 16145 – Lighting Control Devices shall be Leviton ONLY.

35. Provide and install all lighting and associated wiring indicated on the drawings and specified in Section 16145.

36. Complete as-built drawings on reproducibles as specified, Refer to Section 01330-5.03-E for costs associated with this item.

37. With regard to Specification Section 13845, install all light control contactors and LCP's provided by 15.2 (Lighting and Temperature Controls) contractor. All branch circuit relay switching and rough-ins for low voltage switches is the responsibility of this contractor.

38. Install only temperature sensors as specified in 15900. Include rough-in of temperature sensor device in this contractors work.

39. Provide and install all conduit rough-ins for wall mounted thermostats, sensors and lighting control switches as shown on mechanical and electrical drawings. Minimally, each rough-in should consist of a single gang switch box with ½" EMT turning out above finished ceiling on the same side of the wall as the equipment, which is served by the thermostat, sensor or switch. Coordinate this work with 15.3 – Temperature and Lighting Controls contractor as certain sensors or lighting control switches may require alternate rough-on requirements that are to be included in your base bid.

40. It is this contractor's responsibility to ensure that all occupancy sensors or power packs have auxiliary contacts needed for BMS systems, per details.

41. Dispose of all unusable material in dumpster daily. Dumpsters will be provided by BMC. It is the responsibility of each contractor to dispose of their own spoils off site.

42. This contractor is responsible to bring a documented schedule of completion to the post bid meeting, broken down by building area.

43. Provide daily clean-up, according to Barton Malow standards, including daily removal of all materials and debris related to this category. If daily clean-up is not performed, the Construction Manager will provide his labor to complete the clean-up and the appropriate contractor will be back-charged.

44. Include an allowance of $25,000 to be used for low voltage remediation, to be used at Barton Malow's discretion. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

2. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this bidder's scope of work.

3. This Bidder is required to submit alternate prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These alternate prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 - ELECTRICAL 16.1

SECTION 00230
SCHEDULE AND PHASING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 MILESTONE SCHEDULE

A. The following are the milestone schedule dates for the listed work and will become a part of the Contract Documents. Each contractor is responsible to review the supplementary General Conditions for additional requirements. The master construction schedule will be developed after award of the Agreement with Contractor input.

MILESTONE ACTIVITIES	SCHEDULED START	SCHEDULED COMPLETION
Last pre-bid RFI taken	February 21, 2007	-
Receive Bids	March 06, 2007	
Issuance of Contracts (tentatively)	April 03, 2007	-
Locker room and Storage Addition	April 09, 2007	August 24, 2007
Cafeteria Addition (temp road, site prep ONLY)	April 09, 2007	
Athletic Field Parking Lot, Ticket Booth, Press Box & Concession Stand	June 18, 2007	August 24, 2007
Circle Drive Parking Lot Construction	June 18, 2007	August 24, 2007
Interior Renovations	June 18, 2007	August 24, 2007
Cafeteria Addition Construction	June 18, 2007	September 30, 2007

Close coordination will be required between all construction trades in order that individual areas of renovation and new construction can be completed within the scheduled time. Consult the proposed construction sequence and renovation sequence schedules and key plans found in Part 2 for start and completion dates of individual Work areas.

B. It is expressly agreed that time is of the essence for the completion of Work under the Agreement and **Contractor** agrees to perform the Work within the allotted time and in the manner specified. **Contractor** shall be liable for any and all damages and expenses suffered by the Owner or Barton Malow Company arising or resulting from the failure of **Contractor** to perform the Work in accordance with the construction schedule.

1.03 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

A. **Contractor** agrees to commence Work in the field within five (5) Days after being notified to do so by the Barton Malow Company. **Contractor** shall diligently perform and fully complete all Work to the satisfaction of Barton Malow Company and Owner.

Work shall begin at such points as Barton Malow Company may designate and shall be carried to completion with the utmost speed.

B. **Contractor** shall submit to Barton Malow Company **within fifteen (15) Days of award of the Agreement a Bar Chart/CPM construction schedule using all necessary scheduling information using Barton Malow Company specified coding** of all activities contained in the **Contractor's** scope of Work. This schedule shall include activity descriptions and durations in working days, for shop drawings, fabrication, delivery and installation of products, materials and equipment. This schedule shall identify precedent relationships between **Contractor's** activities and those of other **contractors**, the dollar value,

necessary manpower loadings, and precedent activities for other **contractors**. The activities on the schedule must be at a level of detail approved by Barton Malow Company and should agree with the terminology and building sequencing established by Barton Malow Company.

C. Barton Malow Company will compile all **Contractors'** schedules and develop a project master construction schedule. Once the individual **Contractors** schedules are agreed upon by Barton Malow Company, this project master construction schedule will become the project plan for construction.

D. Special requirements and/or sequencing issues should be brought to the attention of Barton Malow Company. It is intended the milestones remain in effect and all Bidders agree to accept the milestone dates. Barton Malow Company reserves the right to revise the project master construction schedule as deemed necessary.

E. Barton Malow Company shall periodically update the project master construction schedule and display it at the Project site. Contractor shall familiarize itself with the project master construction schedule and how it will affect or modify its operations, including coordination with the activities of other **contractors**. Reasonable changes in sequencing, durations and phasing are to be expected with each master schedule update. These changes will be made by **Contractor** at no additional cost.

F. If it is apparent **Contractor** is unable to perform its Work in the sequence indicated or the time allotted, **Contractor** must notify Barton Malow Company within five (5) Days after initial publication of the project master construction schedule. **Contractors** schedule of activities may be re-sequenced, and the schedule may be adjusted, provided all Work is completed within the stated milestone dates and provided Barton Malow Company and affected **contractors** are notified of the change within five (5) calendar days of receipt of the schedule and the change does not otherwise negatively impact the other scheduled work; otherwise, the project master construction schedule shall be deemed accepted by all parties and becomes a contractual requirement for each **Contractor**.

G. If **Contractor** delays progress for any reason other than those delays specifically excused under the Contract Documents, Contractor will take all necessary steps to expedite its Work to maintain milestone target dates at no expense or additional cost to Owner or Barton Malow Company.

H. If **Contractor** is behind schedule and is so notified by Barton Malow Company, **Contractor** shall be required to accelerate the Work at its own expense. **Contractor** shall furnish to Barton Malow Company a short interval schedule of its Work showing location, number of men and crew required to get back on the agreed upon master construction schedule. If **Contractor** fails to maintain and meet the short interval schedule, **Barton Malow Company** reserves the right to take whatever steps it deems necessary in its sole discretion to recover the schedule at the **Contractor**'s expense. The **Contractor** shall employ such means as overtime work, multiple work shifts, and additional equipment, all without additional compensation, and shall continue to do so until the progress of the Work, in the opinion of Barton Malow Company, is in conformance with the master project construction schedule.

I. **Contractor** agrees that it shall have no claim against the Owner, Architect, or Barton Malow Company for an increase in the contract price nor for a payment or allowance of any kind for damage, loss, or expense arising or resulting from delays, regardless of whether the delay is the basis for an extension of time. This provision includes claims for damage, loss, or expense arising or resulting from interruptions to, or necessary suspension of, **Contractor**'s Work to enable other **contractors** to perform their work.

END OF SECTION 00230

SECTION 00400
BID PROPOSAL FORM
(Submit in Triplicate)

DATE: _____

TO: **Troy School District**
4400 Livernois Road
Troy, MI. 48098

PROJECT: **Phase II–Troy High School**
Additions & Renovations
Bid Package No. 9390

Attn: **Barton Malow Company**
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
Call 248-823-4631, with any questions

Architect: **Kingscott Associates, Inc.**

FROM:

Name of Bidder: _____

Business Address: _____

_____

Phone Number: _____

Fax Number: _____

Bid Proposal for Category(ies): _____

Bidder, in compliance with the **Advertisement to Bid** for construction contemplated for **Bid Package No. 9390 Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations** having carefully examined the Bidding Documents and the site of the proposed Project and the conditions affecting the proposed Work in the Bid Category(ies) including the condition of the Project site, any surface or subsurface obstruction, the actual levels, all excavating, filling in, removal and demolition, measurements and quantities involved in the Work, the availability of labor, materials and equipment, and the weather conditions that may possibly may be experienced in the Project vicinity, proposes to furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment, machinery, equipment rental, transportation, superintendence, and services as are necessary to perform all Work in the Bid Category(ies) stated in accordance with the Contract Documents for the Base Bid and Alternate amounts stated below.

If identified as one of the apparent lowest responsive, responsible bidder(s) for a Bid Category Bidder agrees to meet immediately with the Barton Malow Company and shall submit post bid information as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders.

Bidder, if awarded a contract, agrees to: (1) execute the Agreement within fifteen (15) days of receiving notice of the award; (2) provide performance/payment bonds and insurance certificates in full compliance with the Contract Documents, (3) submit the Project Safety Program as described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders; (4) commence Work upon execution of the Agreement or at such other time as directed in the notice of award, and (5) to complete its Work in accordance with the Contract Documents and within the milestone activity dates and durations set

forth in the Bidding Documents and subsequent construction project master schedule established by Barton Malow Company.

In the event Bidder defaults in complying with any portion of this paragraph, Bidder specifically agrees that the entire bid security amount shall become the property of **Troy School District** as liquidated damages constituting the reasonable estimate of the damages that Troy School District would incur for delays and additional expenses in the event of such default, and not as a penalty.

BASE BID: Bidder agrees to perform all Work for Bid Category(ies) as described in the Contract Documents, for the Base Bid(s) stated below. The Base Bid(s) shall include the cost of Performance and Payment Bonds. For each Bid Category to be bid, include the Base Bid, written and in figures, the cost of the Performance Bond and Payment Bond which is included in the Base Bid, written and in figures, and the Bid Category and description. The cost of the Performance Bond and Payment Bond shall be treated as a deduct Alternate should the Owner and Barton Malow Company decide to waive the requirement for the successful Bidder providing same.

(Show amounts in both words and figures. In case of discrepancy, amount shown in words will govern).

BASE BID MUST INCLUDE BID AMOUNTS FOR ALL OF PHASE II TROY HIGH SCHOOL. BIDS THAT DO NOT INCLUDE A PRICE FOR ALL WORK WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

BID CATEGORY	WRITTEN DESCRIPTION/AMOUNT(S)	BID AMOUNT IN FIGURES
1. Bid Category No. _____		
Base Bid (including bond)	_____ DOLLARS	$ _____
Amount included for bond	_____ DOLLARS	$ _____

COMBINED BID: Bidder agrees to perform all Work necessary to complete the Work in Bid Categories _____, _____, _____, _____, in full accordance with the Contract Documents, for the lump sum of:

COMBINED BID AMOUNT	WRITTEN DESCRIPTION AMOUNT(S)	BID AMOUNT IN FIGURES
Base Bid (including bond)	_____ DOLLARS	$ _____
Amount included for bond	_____ DOLLARS	$ _____

ALTERNATES: The following Alternate(s) to Base Bid(s) are required to be offered by the respective bidders. **Further description of these alternates can be found in Kingscott Specification Section 01230 Alternate.** In the event the Alternate is accepted, Bidder agrees to perform all Work necessary to complete the Work as modified by the Alternate in full accordance with the Contract Documents, for the following add or deduct from the Base Bid as indicated: (Show amount(s) in both words and figures for Alternates. In case of discrepancy, amount shown in words will govern.)

ALTERNATES:

E-1 Provide replacement of the existing National Time and Signal Corp. fire alarm system including main fire alarm control panel and re-using wire and cable where possible.

BID CATEGORY	WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF ALTERNATE AMOUNT(S)	ADD	DEDUCT
16.1		$	$

For the amount of: _____ DOLLARS

A-1 Provide an operable partition between rooms 7244 and 293. The operable partition shall be clarified on this bid form.

BID CATEGORY	WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF ALTERNATE AMOUNT(S)	ADD	DEDUCT
6.1		$	$

For the amount of: _____ DOLLARS

VOLUNTARY ALTERNATES: The following Voluntary Alternates are offered by the Bidder. Bidder agrees that the amounts indicated below shall be added to or deducted from the Base Bid, as indicated, for each voluntary Alternate that is accepted.

(Show amount(s) in both words and figures for voluntary alternates. In case of discrepancy, amount shown in words will govern.)

BID CATEGORY	WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF VOLUNTARY ALTERNATE AMOUNT(S)	ADD	DEDUCT
1.		$	$

For the amount of: _____ DOLLARS

2. _____ _____ $ _____ $ _____

For the amount of: _____
DOLLARS

3. _____ _____ $ _____ $ _____

For the amount of: _____
DOLLARS

UNIT PRICES: The following Unit Prices to Base Bid Categories are required to be offered by the respective Bidders. Bidder agrees that the following amounts will be used in determining contract changes from the Base Bid for authorized Changes in the Work. Bidder shall not include these unit costs in the Base Bid amount(s). **[All unit prices shall include Bidder's mark-up for overhead and profit.]**

	BID CATEGORY CODE	DESCRIPTION OF UNIT PRICE	UNIT PRICE ADD	UNIT PRICE DEDUCT
1.	2.1	Undercuts sq. ft. (geofiber, 1ft. 3 in. crushed concrete, appropriate limestone sub base)	$	$
2.	2.1	21 AA Limestone cu. yd.	$	$
3.	2.1	Topsoil cu. yd.	$	$
4.	2.1	Sand cu. yd.	$	$
5.	2.1	Sidewalk lineal ft. (5 x 5)	$	$
6.	2.1	Asphalt	$	$
7.	3.1	Concrete 3000 PSI cu. yd.	$	$
8.	6.1	Drywall patch ready for paint sq. ft.	$	$
9.	6.1	Replace 2 x 2 ceiling tile (only)	$	$
10.	6.1	Replace 2 x 4 ceiling tile (only)	$	$
11.	6.1	Replace ceiling grid 2 x 2 (only)	$	$
12.	6.1	Replace ceiling grid 2 x 4 (only)	$	$
13.	9.1	Painting sq. ft.	$	$
14.	9.3	Rubber base installation	$	$
15.	9.2 / 9.3	Floor prep per hour	$	$

All applicable taxes and bond costs are included in the above Base Bid and all listed Alternates and Unit Prices.

Bid Security in the form of a bid bond from a qualified surety ( ), certified check ( ), or cashier's check ( ), (check one) accompanies this proposal in the amount of five (5) percent of the Base Bid amount(s). Bidder agrees that this Bid Proposal shall be irrevocable for a period of **ninety (90)** days after the day and time designated for receipt of the Bid Proposal in Section 00100 of the Project Manual.

As of the date of submission of the Bid Proposal, Bidder's worker's compensation Experience Modification Rate (EMR) for the state in which the Work is to be performed is _____._____. Bidder has attached to the Bid Proposal form the following (3) forms:

1.) OSHA Form 300 indicating recordable incidence rates for the last calendar year per 200,000 man-hours for the following categories:

1) Total Cases _____
2) Lost Workday Cases _____
3) Non-fatal Cases Without Lost Workdays _____
4) Employee Hours Worked Last Year _____
5) Fatalities in the last year (if yes describe below)

_____
_____
_____

2.) Affidavit of Bidder (Familial Relationship Disclosure) Form located in section 00410

Has Bidder been cited by state of federal OSHA for any serious or willful violation? If yes, please describe:

_____
_____
_____

Bidder understands that **Troy School District** reserves the right to reject any or all Bid Proposals and to waive any informalities or irregularities therein.

Bidder acknowledges receipt of the following Addenda (identify no. and date of each): _____

_____

Bidder acknowledges receipt of the pre-bid conference minutes dated _____

_____

If awarded a contract, Bidder's surety will be _____.

Check

☐ I have included a fully executed and notarized copy of the familial disclosure form set forth in Section 00410 of this Project Manual with my Bid Proposal.

Bidder accepts the provisions of the Bidding and Contract Documents and certifies that this Bid Proposal is submitted in good faith and without collusion with any other person or entity submitting a Bid Proposal for the Work. If Bidder is required to be licensed in the state where the work is performed add "Bidder certifies that it meets all licensing requirements of the state in which work is to be performed, its current license number and classification are as follows:_____". Bidder hereby affixes its authorized signature(s) representing (check one):

_____ An individual doing business as _____
_____ A partnership
_____ A limited liability company, organized in _____ (enter state)
_____ A corporation, organized in _____ (enter state)
_____ Joint venture formed between _____ and _____
(Signature from authorized representatives of each partner are required)

Signature(s): _____ Title: _____

_____ Title: _____

Name of firm: _____

Business address: _____

_____

Telephone no.: ( ) _____

END OF SECTION 00400

SECTION 00410
FAMILIAL RELATIONSHIP DISCLOSURE FORM
AFFIDAVIT OF BIDDER

All Bidders must complete the following familial disclosure form in compliance with MCL 380.1267 and attach this information to the Bid Proposal.

The undersigned, the owner or authorized officer of _____ (the "Bidder"), pursuant to the familial disclosure requirement provided in the Advertisement for Bid, Section 00100 of the Project Manual, hereby represents and warrants, except as provided below, that no familial relationships exist between the Owner(s) or any employee of _____ and any member of the Board of Education of the School District or the Superintendent of the School District.

List and describe any Familial Relationships:

_____

_____

_____

BIDDER:

_____

By: _____

Its: _____

STATE OF MICHIGAN

COUNTY OF _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me on the _____ day of _____ 2005, by

_____

_____
Notary Public

_____ County, Michigan

My Commission Expires _____

Acting in County of _____

END OF SECTION 00410

SECTION 00500
AGREEMENT FORM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Specific attention is directed to the requirements described in Section 00700 General Conditions of the Contract and Section 00800 Supplementary General Conditions.

1.02 AGREEMENT FORM

A. The form of Agreement that will be used for Work under this Bid Package shall be **AIA 101/CMa** Document - 1992 Edition.

1. The above Agreement Form is **behind this section.**

2. Comments:

- Refer to section 00880 Regulatory Requirements for tax requirements.
- Refer to Section 01290 Payment procedures for payment process

END OF SECTION 00500

DRAFT

AIA® Document A101/CMa™ – 1992

Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Contractor

where the basis of payment is a STIPULATED SUM

AGREEMENT
made as of the day of in the year of
(In words, indicate day, month and year)

BETWEEN the Owner:
(Name and address)

Troy School District
4400 Livernois
Troy, MI 48098

and the Contractor:
(Name and address)

For the following Project:
(Include detailed description of Project, location, address and scope.)

Phase II - Troy High School
4777 Northfield Parkway
Troy, MI 48084
See Project Manual, Section 00210, Description of Work

The Construction Manager is:
(Name and address)

Barton Malow Company
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083

The Architect is:
(Name and address)

Kingscott, Architecture, Engineering, Interiors Design
229 East Michigan, Suite #335
Kalamazoo, Michigan 49007

The Owner and Contractor agree as set forth below.

ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS: The author of this document has added information needed for its completion. The author may also have revised the text of the original AIA standard form. An *Additions and Deletions Report* that notes added information as well as revisions to the standard form text is available from the author and should be reviewed.

This document has important legal consequences. Consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its completion or modification.

The 1992 Edition of AIA Document A201/CMa, General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, Construction Manager-Adviser Edition, is adopted in this document by reference. Do not use with other general conditions unless this document is modified.

ELECTRONIC COPYING of any portion of this AIA® Document to another electronic file is prohibited and constitutes a violation of copyright laws as set forth in the footer of this document.

ARTICLE 1 THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

The Contract Documents consist of this Agreement, Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplementary and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications, Addenda issued prior to execution of this Agreement, other documents listed in this Agreement and Modifications issued after execution of this Agreement; these form the Contract, and are as fully a part of the Contract as if attached to this Agreement or repeated herein. The Contract represents the entire and integrated agreement between the parties hereto and supersedes prior negotiations, representations or agreements, either written or oral. An enumeration of the Contract Documents, other than Modifications, appears in Article 9.

ARTICLE 2 THE WORK OF THIS CONTRACT

The Contractor shall execute the entire Work described in the Contract Documents, except to the extent specifically indicated in the Contract Documents to be the responsibility of others, or as follows:

ARTICLE 3 DATE OF COMMENCEMENT AND SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

§ 3.1 The date of commencement is the date from which the Contract Time of Section 3.2 is measured, and shall be the date of this Agreement, as first written above, unless a different date is stated below or provision is made for the date to be fixed in a notice to proceed issued by the Owner.

(Insert the date of commencement, if it differs from the date of this Agreement or, if applicable, state that the date will be fixed in a notice to proceed.)

Unless the date of commencement is established by a notice to proceed issued by the Owner, the Contractor shall notify the Owner, through the Construction Manager, in writing not less than five days before commencing the Work to permit the timely filing of mortgages, mechanic's liens and other security interests.

§ 3.2 The Contractor shall achieve Substantial Completion of the entire Work not later than ( ) days after the Date of Commencement.

(Insert the calendar date or number of calendar days after the date of commencement. Also insert any requirements for earlier Substantial Completion of certain portions of the Work, if not stated elsewhere in the Contract Documents.)

Portion of Work	Substantial Completion date

, subject to adjustments of this Contract Time as provided in the Contract Documents.

(Insert provisions, if any, for liquidated damages relating to failure to complete on time.)

ARTICLE 4 CONTRACT SUM

§ 4.1 The Owner shall pay the Contractor in current funds for the Contractor's performance of the Contract the Contract Sum of ($), subject to additions and deductions as provided in the Contract Documents.

§ 4.2 The Contract Sum is based upon the following alternates, if any, which are described in the Contract Documents and are hereby accepted by the Owner:

(State the numbers or other identification of accepted alternates. If decisions on other alternates are to be made by the Owner subsequent to the execution of this Agreement, attach a schedule of such other alternates showing the amount for each and the date until which that amount is valid.)

§ 4.3 Unit prices, if any, are as follows:

Description	Units	Price ($ 0.00)

ARTICLE 5 PROGRESS PAYMENTS

§ 5.1 Based upon Applications for Payment submitted by the Contractor to the Construction Manager, and upon Project Applications and Certificates for Payment issued by the Construction Manager and Architect, the Owner shall make progress payments on account of the Contract Sum to the Contractor as provided below and elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

§ 5.2 The period covered by each Application for Payment shall be one calendar month ending on the last day of the month, or as follows:

§ 5.3 Provided an Application for Payment is submitted to the Construction Manager not later than the day of a month, the Owner shall make payment to the Contractor not later than the day of the same month. If an Application for Payment is received by the Construction Manager after the application date fixed above, payment shall be made by the Owner not later than ( ) days after the Construction Manager receives the Application for Payment.

§ 5.4 Each Application for Payment shall be based upon the Schedule of Values submitted by the Contractor in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Schedule of Values shall allocate the entire Contract Sum among the various portions of the Work and be prepared in such form and supported by such data to substantiate its accuracy as the Construction Manager or Architect may require. This schedule, unless objected to by the Construction Manager or Architect, shall be used as a basis for reviewing the Contractor's Applications for Payment.

§ 5.5 Applications for Payment shall indicate the percentage of completion of each portion of the Work as of the end of the period covered by the Application for Payment.

§ 5.6 Subject to the provisions of the Contract Documents, the amount of each progress payment shall be computed as follows:

§ 5.6.1 Take that portion of the Contract Sum properly allocable to completed Work as determined by multiplying the percentage completion of each portion of the Work by the share of the total Contract Sum allocated to that portion of the Work in the Schedule of Values, less retainage of ( ). Pending final determination of cost to the Owner of changes in the Work, amounts not in dispute may be included as provided in Section 7.3.7 of the General Conditions;

§ 5.6.2 Add that portion of the Contract Sum properly allocable to materials and equipment delivered and suitably stored at the site for subsequent incorporation in the completed construction (or, if approved in advance by the Owner, suitably stored off the site at a location agreed upon in writing), less retainage of ( );

§ 5.6.3 Subtract the aggregate of previous payments made by the Owner; and

§ 5.6.4 Subtract amounts, if any, for which the Construction Manager or Architect has withheld or nullified a Certificate for Payment as provided in Section 9.5 of the General Conditions.

§ 5.7 The progress payment amount determined in accordance with Section 5.6 shall be further modified under the following circumstances:

§ 5.7.1 Add, upon Substantial Completion of the Work, a sum sufficient to increase the total payments to ( ) of the Contract Sum, less such amounts as the Construction Manager recommends and the Architect determines for incomplete Work and unsettled claims; and

§ 5.7.2 Add, if final completion of the Work is thereafter materially delayed through no fault of the Contractor, any additional amounts payable in accordance with Section 9.10.3 of the General Conditions.

§ 5.8 Reduction or limitation of retainage, if any, shall be as follows:
(If it is intended, prior to Substantial Completion of the entire Work, to reduce or limit the retainage resulting from the percentages inserted in Sections 5.6.1 and 5.6.2 above, and this is not explained elsewhere in the Contract Documents, insert here provisions for such reduction or limitation.)

ARTICLE 6 FINAL PAYMENT

Final payment, constituting the entire unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, shall be made by the Owner to the Contractor when (1) the Contract has been fully performed by the Contractor except for the Contractor's responsibility to correct nonconforming Work as provided in Section 12.2.2 of the General Conditions and to satisfy other requirements, if any, which necessarily survive final payment; and (2) a final Project Certificate for Payment has been issued by the Construction Manager and Architect; such final payment shall be made by the Owner not more than 30 days after the issuance of the final Project Certificate for Payment, or as follows:

ARTICLE 7 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§ 7.1 Where reference is made in this Agreement to a provision of the General Conditions or another Contract Document, the reference refers to that provision as amended or supplemented by other provisions of the Contract Documents.

§ 7.2 Payments due and unpaid under the Contract shall bear interest from the date payment is due at the rate stated below, or in the absence thereof, at the legal rate prevailing from time to time at the place where the Project is located.
(Insert rate of interest agreed upon, if any.)

( ) per annum

(Usury laws and requirements under the Federal Truth in Lending Act, similar state and local consumer credit laws and other regulations at the Owner's and Contractor's principal places of business, the location of the Project and elsewhere may affect the validity of this provision. Legal advice should be obtained with respect to deletions or modifications, and also regarding requirements such as written disclosures or waivers.)

§ 7.3 Temporary facilities and services:
(Here insert temporary facilities and services which are different from or in addition to those included elsewhere in the Contract Documents.)

§ 7.4 Other Provisions:
(Here list any special provisions affecting the Contract.)

ARTICLE 8 TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION

§ 8.1 The Contract may be terminated by the Owner or the Contractor as provided in Article 14 of the General Conditions.

§ 8.2 The Work may be suspended by the Owner as provided in Article 14 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 9 ENUMERATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

§ 9.1 The Contract Documents, except for Modifications issued after execution of this Agreement, are enumerated as follows:

§ 9.1.1 The Agreement is this executed Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Contractor, AIA Document A101/CMa, 1992 Construction Manager-Adviser Edition.

§ 9.1.2 The General Conditions are the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, AIA Document A201/CMa, 1992 Construction Manager-Adviser Edition.

§ 9.1.3 The Supplementary and other Conditions of the Contract are those contained in the Project Manual dated , and are as follows:

Document	Title	Pages

§ 9.1.4 The Specifications are those contained in the Project Manual dated as in Section 9.1.3, and are as follows:
(Either list the Specifications here or refer to an exhibit attached to this Agreement.)

Title of Specifications exhibit:

§ 9.1.5 The Drawings are as follows, and are dated unless a different date is shown below:
(Either list the Drawings here or refer to an exhibit attached to this Agreement.)

Title of Drawings exhibit:

§ 9.1.6 The Addenda, if any, are as follows:

Number	Date	Pages

Portions of Addenda relating to bidding requirements are not part of the Contract Documents unless the bidding requirements are also enumerated in this Article 9.

§ 9.1.7 Other documents, if any, forming part of the Contract Documents are as follows:
(List here any additional documents which are intended to form part of the Contract Documents. The General Conditions provide that bidding requirements such as advertisement or invitation to bid, Instructions to Bidders, sample forms and the Contractor's bid are not part of the Contract Documents unless enumerated in this Agreement. They should be listed here only if intended to be part of the Contract Documents.)

This Agreement is entered into as of the day and year first written above and is executed in at least four original copies of which one is to be delivered to the Contractor, one each to the Construction Manager and Architect for use in the administration of the Contract, and the remainder to the Owner.

OWNER	CONTRACTOR
(Signature)	*(Signature)*
Michael A. Adamczyk, Superintendent, Business Services	
(Printed name and title)	*(Printed name and title)*

SECTION 00610
BONDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Specific attention is directed to the requirements described in Section 00200 Instructions to Bidders regarding preparing a Bid Security to be delivered at time of bid.

PART 2 - BOND REQUIREMENTS

2.01 PERFORMANCE BONDS AND PAYMENT BONDS

A. Troy School District will, require Contractor to furnish a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond, in amounts equal to the Agreement price, by a qualified surety naming both the Owner and Barton Malow as Obligees. All sureties providing bonds on this Project must be listed in the Department of Treasury's Circular 570, entitled "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies" with the bond amounts less than or equal to the underwriting limitation indicated in the Circular, and/or must have an A.M. Best rating of A - or better. Bonds shall be duly executed by the Contractor, as principal, and by a surety that is licensed in the state in which the Work is to be performed.

B. The Contractor shall deliver the required bonds to Barton Malow Company prior to execution of the Agreement. If the Work is to be commenced prior thereto in response to a letter of intent, the Bidder, at a minimum, shall submit evidence to the satisfaction of Barton Malow Company that such bonds will be furnished prior to commencement of on site Work. In no event may the Contractor commence on-site Work without the required bonds properly issued and delivered.

C. Performance Bond and Payment Bond form AIA Document A312 (1984 Edition) must be used for this Project.

D. The Bidder's proposed surety must be acceptable to the Owner and Barton Malow Company. If, at any time, after acceptance of the **Contractor's** bonds, the surety fails to meet the criteria stated in Paragraph 2.01A. above, the **Contractor** must, as a precondition to continuing Work and receiving further payments, replace the bonds with bonds from a surety that meets the stated criteria.

E. The Performance and Payment Bond penal sums (i.e. the Agreement price) must be listed as a separate line item in the schedule of values described in Section 01290 Payment Procedures in the Project Manual.

F. In the event of a Change Order to the Agreement that increases the Agreement price, the penal sum of any required Performance and Payment Bonds shall also be increased so that each penal sum equals the adjusted Agreement price, or such other percentage of the Agreement price listed in the Project Manual - Section 00200 –Instructions to Bidders. Barton Malow Company or Owner shall have the right to request submission of bond riders, issued by the original qualified surety, evidencing that such increase to the penal sum of the bonds has been accomplished. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the next pay application after the Agreement price has been increased by twenty-five percent (25%) or more, as a condition precedent to payment, Contractor shall deliver a bond rider issued by the original qualified surety evidencing that the appropriate increase in penal sums has been accomplished. See Project Manual Section 01290 – Payment Procedures.

END OF SECTION 00610

SECTION 00620
INSURANCE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. A sample of the Certificate of Insurance (ACORD) form is in Section 01600 Forms.

1.02 STANDARD INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

1. Barton Malow Company Contractor Insurance Requirements for Agency Work, PRO 15.14, shall govern this Project. A copy of these Insurance Requirements is attached in this Section, immediately following this page.

BARTON MALOW COMPANY
CONTRACTOR
INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

For agency work

1. As a condition of performing work under the Agreement, Contractor will keep in force, at all times during performance of the Work, policies of insurance covering all Basic Insurance Requirements and any applicable Supplemental Insurance Requirements. The requirements identified below are minimum requirements. If the Agreement or other Contract Documents impose additional or higher standards, Contractor shall meet those as well. Where a Controlled Insurance Program ("CIP") is specified in the Contract Documents, these insurance requirements shall not apply to coverages supplied by the CIP, but shall apply to coverages which Contractor is required to carry outside the scope of the CIP.
2. Basic Insurance Requirements

   2.1. Workers' Compensation covering Contractor's statutory obligations in the State(s) in which the Work is to be performed or Federal statutory obligations, if applicable to the Project, and Employers' Liability insurance with limits of liability of $1,000,000 per accident. Where applicable, a US Longshore and Harborworker's Compensation Act endorsement must be included.

   2.1.1. If Contractor employs the services of leased employees for the Work or for a portion of the Work, it will be required to submit evidence, to the satisfaction of Barton Malow Company, that such leased employees are fully covered by the minimum limits of Workers' Compensation and Employers' Liability Insurance. Such evidence shall include, but not be limited to, submission of the applicable leasing agreement.

   2.2. Automobile Liability insurance with the limit of $1,000,000 per accident covering Contractor's owned, non-owned and hired automobiles.

   2.3. Commercial General Liability insurance written on the 1988 ISO OCCURRENCE policy form or subsequent versions with limits of liability as follows:

General Aggregate	$2,000,000
Products-Completed Operations Aggregate	$2,000,000
Personal/Advertising Injury	$2,000,000
Each Occurrence	$2,000,000

   This coverage shall include coverage for premises-operations, independent contractors' protective, products and completed operations, personal injury and broad form property damage (including coverage for explosion, collapse, and underground hazards), and Contractual Liability protection with respect to Contractor's indemnification obligations under the Contract Documents. Products-completed operations coverage must be maintained for at least two years after final completion of the Project.
3. Supplemental Insurance Requirements

   3.1. Watercraft Protection and Indemnity Liability insurance if any of the Work is on or over navigable waterways or involves use of any vessel. Limits are to be approved by Barton Malow Company in writing.

   3.2. Aircraft Liability insurance if any aircraft is used in performance of the Work. Limits are to be approved by Barton Malow Company in writing.

   3.3. Railroad Protective Liability insurance if any of the Work is on or within 50 feet of any railroad or affects railroad property, including but not limited to tracks, bridges, tunnels, and switches. Limits are to be approved by Barton Malow Company in writing.

   3.4. Professional Liability insurance, if Professional Services are provided, with limits of liability as follows:

Each Claim	$5,000,000
Aggregate	$5,000,000

   Contractor shall keep such Professional Liability insurance in force during the Agreement, and for three years after final completion of the Project.

   3.5. Pollution Liability insurance, which must be on an occurrence basis, if Environmental Services are provided. "Environmental Services" means any abatement, removal, remediation, transporting, or disposal of a Hazardous Material, or any assessments or consulting relating to same. Limits of liability for Pollution Liability insurance shall be as follows:

Each Occurrence	$5,000,000
Aggregate	$5,000,000

4. General Provisions.

   4.1. Every policy must be written by an insurance company licensed in the state where work is being done and is reasonably acceptable to Barton Malow Company and Owner.

   4.2 Limits for Employer's Liability, Commercial General Liability and Automobile Liability may be attained by a combination of an underlying policy with an umbrella or excess liability policy.

   4.3. "Barton Malow Company," Owner, and all other entities as required in the Contract Documents shall be endorsed as additional insureds on Contractor's liability insurance (including general liability, excess liability, automobile liability and pollution liability, where applicable) with respect to liability arising out of activities performed by

or on behalf of Contractor, including Barton Malow Company's general supervision of Contractor, products and completed operations of Contractor, and automobiles owned, leased, hired or borrowed by Contractor. The coverage provided by the additional insured endorsement shall be at least as broad as the Insurance Service Office, Inc.'s Additional Insured, Form B CG 20 10 11 85 or CG 20 26 11 85. Forms that do not provide additional insured status for completed operations will not be accepted.

4.4. Contractor will furnish, before any work is started, certificates of insurance showing the required coverages. Receipt by Barton Malow Company of a non-conforming certificate of insurance without objection, or Barton Malow Company's failure to collect a certificate of insurance, shall not waive or alter Contractor's duty to comply with the insurance requirements. Modifications to these insurance requirements will not be effective unless made in a writing executed by an authorized representative of Barton Malow Company. Upon written request by Barton Malow Company, Contractor will provide copies of its insurance policies.

4.5. Evidence of the required insurance is to be provided to Barton Malow Company on ACORD Certificate Form 25-S and must indicate:

4.5.1. Any coverage exclusions or deviations from the 1988 ISO commercial general liability form or subsequent versions;

4.5.2. A Best's rating for each insurance carrier at A minus VII or better;

4.5.3. That the issuing insurance company will provide thirty (30) days written notice of cancellation to the certificate holder and the words "endeavor to" and "but failure to mail such notice shall impose no obligation or liability of any kind upon the company, its agents or representatives" do not apply or have been removed;

4.5.4. That additional insured endorsements have been provided as required under the Contract Documents; and

4.5.5. Any deductibles over $10,000 applicable to any coverage.

4.6. All coverage must be primary and not excess over or contributory with any other valid, applicable, and collectible insurance in force for Barton Malow Company, Owner, or other additional insureds.

4.7. Contractor will provide full coverage for all of Contractor's equipment, property and tools used in the Work.

4.8. Contractor shall waive, and shall require (by endorsement or otherwise) its insurers providing the coverage required by these insurance requirements to waive, subrogation rights against Barton Malow Company, Owner, and all other additional insureds for losses and damages incurred and/or paid under the insurance policies required by these insurance requirements or other insurance applicable to Contractor or its Subordinate Parties, and will include this same requirement in contracts with its Subordinate Parties. If the policies of insurance referred to in this paragraph require an endorsement to provide for continued coverage where there is a waiver of subrogation, the owners of such policies will cause them to be so endorsed.

4.9. Contractor will send or fax a copy of these insurance requirements to its agent when an insurance certificate is requested to assure that the policies comply with the insurance requirements.

4.10. If Contractor requires its Subordinate Parties to provide additional insured endorsements in favor of Contractor, those endorsements shall be extended to Barton Malow Company, Owner and all other required additional insureds.

4.11. Contractor's duty to provide the insurance coverage set forth in these insurance requirements is a severable obligation from Contractor's indemnification obligations under the Contract Documents. Nothing in these insurance requirements shall be deemed to limit Contractor's liability under the Agreement.

4.12. If these insurance requirements are used in conjunction with a Project where an Affiliated Company of Barton Malow Company is acting as Construction Manager, Design Builder or otherwise (the "Construction Entity"), the term "Barton Malow Company" as used in these insurance requirements shall be deemed to be replaced with the name of the Construction Entity, and the additional insured requirements of Section 4.3 above shall be amended to include "Barton Malow Company", and all partners and/or members of the Construction Entity as applicable. "Affiliated Company" means any entity in which Barton Malow Company has an ownership interest.

SECTION 00700
GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Specific attention is directed to the requirements described in Section 00800 Supplementary General Conditions and Section 00500 Agreement Form.

1.02 GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT

A. Document **AIA 201/CMa 1992** Edition, is bound within this Project Manual and is a part of the Contract Documents

END OF SECTION 00700

AIA Document A201/CMa - Electronic Format

General Conditions of the Contract for Construction

Where the Construction Manager is NOT a Constructor

1992 Construction Manager-Adviser Edition

THIS DOCUMENT HAS IMPORTANT LEGAL CONSEQUENCES; CONSULTATION WITH AN ATTORNEY IS ENCOURAGED WITH RESPECT TO ITS MODIFICATION. AUTHENTICATION OF THIS ELECTRONICALLY DRAFTED AIA DOCUMENT MAY BE MADE BY USING AIA DOCUMENT D401.

Table of Articles

INDEX

ARTICLE 1
GENERAL PROVISIONS

1.1 BASIC DEFINITIONS

1.1.1 THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

The Contract Documents consist of the Agreement between Owner and Contractor (hereinafter the Agreement), Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplementary and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications, addenda issued prior to execution of the Contract, the portions of the Project Manual defined as Contract Documents therein, and other documents listed in the Agreement and Modifications issued after execution of the Contract. A Modification is (1) a written amendment to the Contract signed by both parties, (2) a Change Order, (3) a Notice to Proceed~~Construction Change Directive~~ or (4) a written order for a minor change in the Work issued by the Architect. Unless specifically enumerated in the Agreement, the Contract Documents do not include other documents such as bidding requirements (advertisement or invitation to bid, Instructions to Bidders, sample forms, the Contractor's bid or portions of addenda relating to bidding requirements).

In the event of any conflict among the Contract Documents, the Contract Documents shall be construed according to the following priorities:

Highest Priority: Modifications including Change Orders and Notice to Proceeds;
2nd Priority: Owner/Contractor Agreement;
3rd Priority: Addenda, later date to take precedence;
4th Priority: The Contract Documents (other than those mentioned above) that are included in the Project Manual sections 0 - 2000;
5th Priority: Drawings and Technical Specifications.

In the event of a conflict among the General Conditions and Supplementary Conditions, the Supplementary Conditions shall control.

1.1.2 THE CONTRACT

The Contract Documents form the Contract for Construction. The Contract represents the entire and integrated agreement between the parties hereto and supersedes prior negotiations, representations or agreements, either written or oral. The Contract may be amended or modified only by a Modification. The Contract Documents shall not be construed to create a contractual relationship of any kind (1) between the Architect and Contractor, (2) between the Construction Manager and Contractor, (3) between the Architect and Construction Manager, (4) between the Owner and a Subcontractor or Sub-subcontractor or (5) between any persons or entities other than the Owner and Contractor. The Construction Manager and Architect shall, however, be entitled to performance and enforcement of obligations under the Contract intended to facilitate performance of their duties.

1.1.3 THE WORK

The term "Work" means the construction and services required by the Contract Documents, whether completed or partially completed, and includes all other labor, materials, equipment and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project.

1.1.4 THE PROJECT

The Project is the total construction of which the Work performed under the Contract Documents may be the whole or a part and which may include construction by other Contractors and by the Owner's own forces including persons or entities under separate contracts not administered by the Construction Manager.

1.1.5 THE DRAWINGS

The Drawings are the graphic and pictorial portions of the Contract Documents, ~~wherever located and whenever issued,~~ showing the design, location and dimensions of the Work, generally including plans, elevations, sections, details, schedules and diagrams.

1.1.6 THE SPECIFICATIONS

The Specifications are that portion of the Contract Documents consisting of the written requirements for materials, equipment, construction systems, standards and workmanship for the Work, and performance of related services.

1.1.7 THE PROJECT MANUAL

The Project Manual is the volume usually assembled for the Work which may include the bidding requirements, sample forms, Conditions of the Contract and Specifications.

1.1.8 Provide. When the word "provide," including derivatives, is used, it shall mean to fabricate properly, complete, transport, deliver, install, erect, construct, test, and furnish all labor, materials, equipment, apparatus, appurtenances, and all other items necessary to properly

complete in place, ready for operation or use under the terms of the Specifications.

1.1.9 Addenda. Addenda are written or graphic instruments issued prior to the execution of the Contract that modify or interpret the Bidding Documents, including the Drawings and Specifications, by additions, deletions, clarifications, or corrections.

1.1.10 Knowledge. The terms "knowledge," "recognize," and "discover," their respective derivatives, and similar terms in the Contract Documents, as used in reference to the Contractor, shall mean that which the Contractor knows (or should know), recognizes (or should recognize) and discovers (or should discover) in exercising the care, skill, and diligence required by the Contract Documents. Analogously, the expression "reasonably inferable" and similar terms in the Contract Documents shall be interpreted to mean reasonably inferable by a contractor exercising the care, skill and diligence required of the Contractor by the Contract Documents.

1.1.11 Persistently. The phrase "persistently fails" and other similar expressions, as used in reference to the Contractor, shall mean any combination of acts and omissions that cause the Owner, Construction Manager, or Architect to reasonably conclude that the Contractor will not complete the Work within the Contract Time, for the Contract Sum, or in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

1.2 EXECUTION, CORRELATION AND INTENT

1.2.1 The Contract Documents shall be signed, in not less than triplicate, by the Owner and Contractor as provided in the Agreement. If either the Owner or Contractor or both do not sign all the Contract Documents, the Architect shall identify such unsigned Documents upon request.

1.2.2 Execution of the Contract by the Contractor is a representation that the Contractor has visited the site, become familiar with local conditions under which the Work is to be performed and correlated personal observations with requirements of the Contract Documents.

1.2.3 The intent of the Contract Documents is to include all items necessary for the proper execution and completion of the Work by the Contractor. The Contract Documents are complementary, and what is required by one shall be as binding as if required by all; ~~performance by the Contractor shall be required only to the extent consistent with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce the intended results.~~ In the event of inconsistencies within or between parts of the Contract Documents, or between the Contract Documents and the applicable standards, codes, and ordinances, the Contractor shall (1) provide the better quality or greater quantity of Work, or (2) comply with the more stringent requirement, either or both in accordance with the Architect's interpretation. The terms and conditions of this Subparagraph 1.2.3, however, shall not relieve the Contractor of any of the obligations set forth in Paragraphs 3.2 and 3.7.

1.2.3.1 On the Drawings, given dimensions shall take precedence over scaled measurements, and large-scale drawings over small scale drawings.

1.2.3.2 Before ordering any materials or doing any Work, the Contractor and each Subcontractor shall verify measurements at the Project site and shall be responsible for the correctness of such measurements. No extra charges or compensation will be allowed on account of differences between actual dimensions and the dimensions indicated on the Drawings. Any difference that may be found shall be submitted to the Construction Manager and Architect for resolution before proceeding with the Work.

1.2.3.3 If a minor change in the Work is found necessary due to actual field conditions, the Contractor shall submit detailed drawings of such departure to the Construction Manager for approval by the Architect before making the change.

1.2.4 Organization of the Specifications into divisions, sections and articles, and arrangement of Drawings shall not control the Contractor in dividing the Work among Subcontractors or in establishing the extent of Work to be performed by any trade.

1.2.5 Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, words which have well-known technical or construction industry meanings are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meanings.

1.3 OWNERSHIP AND USE OF ARCHITECT'S DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

1.3.1 The Drawings, Specifications and other documents prepared by the Architect are instruments of the Architect's service through which the Work to be executed by the Contractor is described. The Contractor may retain one contract record set. Neither the Contractor nor any Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor or material or equipment supplier shall own or claim a copyright in the Drawings, Specifications and other documents prepared by the Architect, and unless otherwise indicated the Architect shall be deemed the author of them and will retain all common law, statutory and other reserved rights, in addition to the copyright. All

copies of them, except the Contractor's record set, shall be returned or suitably accounted for to the Architect, on request, upon completion of the Work. The Drawings, Specifications and other documents prepared by the Architect, and copies thereof furnished to the Contractor, are for use solely with respect to this Project. They are not to be used by the Contractor or any Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor or material or equipment supplier on other projects or for additions to this Project outside the scope of the Work without the specific written consent of the Owner and Architect. The Contractor, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors and material or equipment suppliers are granted a limited license to use and reproduce applicable portions of the Drawings, Specifications and other documents prepared by the Architect appropriate to and for use in the execution of their Work under the Contract Documents. All copies made under this license shall bear the statutory copyright notice, if any, shown on the Drawings, Specifications and other documents prepared by the Architect. Submittal or distribution to meet official regulatory requirements or for other purposes in connection with this Project is not to be construed as publication in derogation of the Architect's copyright or other reserved rights.

1.4 CAPITALIZATION

1.4.1 Terms capitalized in these General Conditions include those which are (1) specifically defined, (2) the titles of numbered articles and identified references to Paragraphs, Subparagraphs and Clauses in the document or (3) the titles of other documents published by the American Institute of Architects.

1.5 INTERPRETATION

1.5.1 In the interest of brevity the Contract Documents frequently omit modifying words such as "all" and "any" and articles such as "the" and "an," but the fact that a modifier or an article is absent from one statement and appears in another is not intended to affect the interpretation of either statement.

ARTICLE 2
OWNER

2.1 DEFINITION

2.1.1 The Owner is the person or entity identified as such in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The term "Owner" means the Owner or the Owner's authorized representative.

~~**2.1.2** The Owner upon reasonable written request shall furnish to the Contractor in writing information which is necessary and relevant for the Contractor to evaluate, give notice of or enforce mechanic's lien rights. Such information shall include a correct statement of the record legal title to the property on which the Project is located, usually referred to as the site, and the Owner's interest therein at the time of execution of the Agreement and, within five days after any change, information of such change in title, recorded or unrecorded.~~

2.2 INFORMATION AND SERVICES REQUIRED OF THE OWNER

2.2.1 The Owner shall, at the request of the Contractor, prior to execution of the Agreement and promptly from time to time thereafter, furnish to the Contractor reasonable evidence that financial arrangements have been made to fulfill the Owner's obligations under the Contract. ~~*[Note: Unless such reasonable evidence were furnished on request prior to the execution of the Agreement, the prospective contractor would not be required to execute the Agreement or to commence the Work.]*~~

2.2.2 The Owner shall furnish surveys describing physical characteristics, legal limitations and utility locations for the site of the Project, and a legal description of the site. Information will be furnished only to the extent it is readily available to the Owner.

2.2.3 Except as provided in Subparagraph 3.7.1, or elsewhere in the Construction Documents ~~for permits and fees which are the responsibility of the Contractor under the Contract Documents,~~ the Owner shall secure and pay for necessary approvals, easements, assessments and charges required for construction, use or occupancy of permanent structures or for permanent changes in existing facilities. Unless otherwise provided under the Contract Documents, the Owner, through the Construction Manager, shall secure and pay for the building permit. Refer to Project Manual Section 00880 Regulatory Requirements and Section 00890 Permits which detail Contractor's obligations in relation to permits.

2.2.4 Information or services under the Owner's control shall be furnished by the Owner, upon request, with reasonable promptness to avoid delay in orderly progress of the Work.

2.2.5 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor will be furnished, free of charge, such copies of Drawings and Project Manuals as are reasonably necessary for execution of the Work.

2.2.6 The Owner shall forward all communications to the Contractor through the Construction Manager and shall contemporaneously provide the same communications to the Architect.

2.2.7 The foregoing are in addition to other duties and responsibilities of the Owner enumerated herein and especially those in respect to Article 6 (Construction by Owner or by Other Contractors), Article 9 (Payments and Completion) and Article 11 (Insurance and Bonds).

the Contract Documents, at law, or in equity.

2.3 OWNER'S / CONSTRUCTION MANAGER'S RIGHT TO STOP THE WORK

2.3.1 If the Contractor fails to correct Work which is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents as required by Paragraph 12.2 or persistently fails to carry out Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Owner or Construction Manager, ~~by written order signed personally or by an agent specifically so empowered by the Owner in writing,~~ may order the Contractor to stop the Work, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, the right of the Owner or Construction Manager to stop the Work shall not give rise to a duty on the part of the Owner or the Construction Manager to exercise this right for the benefit of the Contractor or any other person or entity.

2.4 OWNER'S / CONSTRUCTION MANAGER'S RIGHT TO CARRY OUT THE WORK

2.4.1 If the Contractor defaults or neglects to carry out the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents and fails within a seventy-two (72) hour period (or such lesser period as determined by Owner or Construction Manager in its discretion when grounds exist to complete the neglected or defaulted Work in a shorter time-period) ~~seven day period~~ after receipt of written notice from the Owner or Construction Manager to commence and continue correction of such default or neglect with diligence and promptness, ~~the Owner may after such seven day period give the Contractor a second written notice to correct such deficiencies within a second seven day period. If the Contractor within such second seven day period after receipt of such second notice fails to commence and continue to correct any deficiencies,~~ the Owner or Construction Manager may, without prejudice to other remedies the Owner or Construction Manager may have, correct such deficiencies. In such case an appropriate Change Order shall be issued deducting from payments then or thereafter due the Contractor the cost of correcting such deficiencies, including compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's and their respective consultants' additional services and expenses made necessary by such default, neglect or failure. ~~Such action by the Owner and amounts charged to the Contractor are both subject to prior approval of the Architect, after consultation with the Construction Manager.~~ If payments then or thereafter due the Contractor are not sufficient to cover such amounts, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner through the Construction Manager.

2.5 The rights of the Owner and Construction Manager stated in this Article 2 and elsewhere in the Contract Documents are cumulative and not in limitation of any rights of the Owner or Construction Manager granted in

ARTICLE 3
CONTRACTOR

3.1 DEFINITION

3.1.1 The Contractor is the person or entity identified as such in the Agreement and is referred to throughout this Agreement as if singular in number. The term "Contractor" means the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative.

3.1.2 The plural term "Contractors" refers to persons or entities who perform construction under Conditions of the Contract that are administered by the Construction Manager, and that are identical or substantially similar to these Conditions.

3.2 REVIEW OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND FIELD CONDITIONS BY CONTRACTOR

3.2.1 The Contractor shall carefully study and compare the Contract Documents with each other and with information furnished by the Owner pursuant to Subparagraph 2.2.2 and shall at once report to the Construction Manager and Architect any errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered. The Contractor shall not be liable to the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect for damage resulting from errors, inconsistencies or omissions in the Contract Documents unless the Contractor, any member of its organization, or any of its Subcontractors, recognized such error, inconsistency or omission and knowingly failed to report it to the Construction Manager and Architect before proceeding with the Work. If the Contractor performs any construction activity knowing it involves an ~~recognized~~ error, inconsistency or omission in the Contract Documents without such notice to the Construction Manager and Architect, the Contractor shall ~~assume appropriate responsibility for such performance and shall bear an appropriate amount of the attributable costs for correction.~~ correct such errors, inconsistencies, or omissions at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.2.2 The Contractor shall take field measurements and verify field conditions and shall carefully compare such field measurements and conditions and other information known to the Contractor with the Contract Documents before commencing activities. Errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered shall be reported to the Construction Manager and Architect at once. Refer to Project Manual Section 01530 - Field Engineering and Layout, which details Contractor's responsibilities for field layout and verification.

3.2.3 The Contractor shall perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents and submittals approved pursuant to Paragraph 3.12.

3.2.4 Except as to any reported errors, inconsistencies, or omissions, and to concealed or unknown conditions defined in Subparagraph 4.7.6, by executing the Agreement, the Contractor represents the following:

3.2.4.1 The Contract Documents are sufficiently complete and detailed for the Contractor to: (1) perform the Work required to produce the results intended by the Contract Documents; and (2) comply with all the requirements of the Contract Documents.

3.2.4.2 The Work required by the Contract Documents, including, without limitation, all construction details, construction means, methods, procedures, and techniques necessary to perform the Work, use of materials, selection of equipment, and requirements of product manufacturers are consistent with: (1) good and sound practices within the construction industry; (2) generally prevailing and accepted industry standards applicable to the Work; and (3) requirements of any warranties applicable to the Work.

3.3 SUPERVISION AND CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

3.3.1 The Contractor shall supervise and direct the Work, using the Contractor's best skill and attention. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for and have control over construction means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures and for coordinating all portions of the Work under this Contract, subject to overall coordination of the Construction Manager as provided in Subparagraphs 4.6.3 and 4.6.4. The Contractor shall ensure that product suppliers, Subcontractors, and their agents and employees, perform their Work in accordance with the Contract Documents and that all products are ordered and delivered in strict accordance with the schedule. The Contractor shall coordinate its Work with that of all persons or entities on the Project site. The Contractor shall be responsible for the space requirements, locations, and routing of its equipment. In areas and locations where the proper and most effective space requirements, locations, and routing cannot be made as indicated, the Contractor shall meet with all others involved, before installation, to plan the most effective and efficient method of overall installation. A general example is equipment above corridor ceilings where ductwork, piping, conduit, lights, etc. will be installed. A thorough coordinated plan shall be used to install the equipment, to furnish proper clearances, radii of turns, locations, pipe slopes, supporting appurtenances, and access where required. Refer to Project Manual 001530 - Field Engineering and Layout.

3.3.2 The Contractor shall be fully responsible to the Owner for acts and omissions of the Contractor's employees, Subcontractors, Suppliers and their agents and employees, and any entity or other persons performing portions of the Work at any tier, directly or indirectly, under a contract with the Contractor. The Contractor shall coordinate the Work of its Subcontractors engaged in construction at the Project. Whenever interference might occur, before any Work is done at the places in question, Contractor shall consult with others and shall come to agreement with them as to the exact location and level of piping, conduits, ducts and/or other Work which might cause interference. Refer to Project Manual 001530 - Field Engineering and Layout.

3.3.3 The Contractor shall not be relieved of obligations to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents either by activities or duties of the Construction Manager or Architect in their administration of the Contract, or by tests, inspections or approvals required or performed by persons other than the Contractor.

3.3.4 The Contractor shall inspect portions of the Project related to the Contractor's Work in order to determine that such portions are in proper condition to receive subsequent Work.

3.3.5 The Contractor shall be responsible for its own, its employees' and its Subcontractors' workmanship and quality of materials and every part thereof or in connection therewith against risk of any and every kind (except those covered by a Builder's Risk Policy applicable to the Project) until the final acceptance of the Work by Owner.

3.3.6 Within fifteen (15) days of award of contract, each awarded Contractor shall assemble all necessary information and data concerning its supervision and construction procedures, as identified in Project Manual Section 00200 - Instructions to Bidders. Contractor shall submit updated information from the post-bid meetings as well as the following:

3.3.6.1 A schedule of values in the format and detail as the Construction Manager may require.

3.3.6.2 Contractor's Project Safety Program.

3.3.6.3 A complete list of all items, products and layouts for which shop drawings, brochures or samples are required; a list of each Subcontractor or supplier; the date of planned submission and time period for fabrication and delivery to the jobsite after approval of the submission. The foregoing items will be provided on forms furnished by the Construction Manager. The Contractor shall thoroughly review the

Project Manual and adhere to any additional instructions with regard to Submittals.

3.4 LABOR AND MATERIALS

3.4.1 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide and pay for labor, materials, equipment, tools, construction equipment and machinery, water, heat, utilities, transportation, and other facilities and services necessary for proper execution and completion of the Work, whether temporary or permanent and whether or not incorporated or to be incorporated in the Work.

3.4.2 The Contractor shall enforce strict discipline and good order among the Contractor's employees and other persons carrying out the Contract. The Contractor shall not permit employment of unfit persons or persons not skilled in tasks assigned to them.

3.4.3 If any person employed by or under the Contractor is found in the judgment of the Construction Manager or Owner to be incompetent, disorderly, unfaithful, disobedient so far as to endanger proper fulfillment of the Contract or otherwise objectionable, such person shall, if directed by the Construction Manager, be discharged immediately and not employed again on any part of the Work without any liability to Owner or Construction Manager for such discharge.

3.5 WARRANTY

3.5.1 The Contractor warrants to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect that materials and equipment furnished under the Contract will be of good quality and new unless otherwise required or permitted by the Contract Documents, that the Work will be free from defects not inherent in the quality required or permitted, and that the Work will conform with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Work not conforming to these requirements, including substitutions not properly approved and authorized, ~~may~~ shall be considered defective. The Contractor's warranty excludes remedy for damage or defect caused by abuse, modifications not executed by the Contractor, improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation, or normal wear and tear under normal usage. If required by the Construction Manager or Architect, the Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence as to the kind and quality of materials and equipment. This warranty is not limited by the provisions of Paragraph 12.2.

3.5.2 ALL WRITTEN WARRANTIES REQUIRED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS SHALL INCLUDE LABOR AND MATERIALS AND SHALL BE SIGNED BY THE MANUFACTURER OR SUBCONTRACTOR RESPECTIVELY, AND COUNTERSIGNED BY THE CONTRACTOR. ALL WARRANTIES SHALL BE ADDRESSED TO THE OWNER AND DELIVERED TO THE ARCHITECT THROUGH THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT AND BEFORE OR WITH THE SUBMISSION OF REQUEST FOR FINAL PAYMENT.

3.5.3 The Contractor agrees to assign to the Owner at the time of final completion of the Work any and all manufacturer's warranties relating to materials and labor used in the Work and further agrees to perform the Work in such manner so as to preserve any and all such manufacturer's warranties.

3.6 TAXES

3.6.1 The Contractor shall pay sales, consumer, use and similar taxes for the Work or portions thereof provided by the Contractor which are legally enacted when bids are received or negotiations concluded, whether or not yet effective or merely scheduled to go into effect.

3.7 PERMITS, FEES AND NOTICES

3.7.1 ~~Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner shall secure and pay for the building permit and the Contractor shall secure and pay for all other permits and governmental fees, licenses and inspections necessary for proper execution and completion of the Work which are customarily secured after execution of the Contract and which are legally required when bids are received or negotiations concluded.~~ Refer to Project Manual Section 00880-Regulatory Requirements and Project Manual Section 00890-Permits for a description of Contractor's obligations in relation to Permits.

3.7.2 The Contractor shall comply with and give notices required by laws, ordinances, rules and regulations and lawful orders, and all other requirements of public authorities bearing on performance of the Work. The Contractor shall procure and obtain all bonds required of the Owner or the Contractor by the municipality in which the Project is located or by any other public or private body with jurisdiction over the Project. In connection with such bonds, the Contractor shall prepare all applications, supply all necessary backup material, and furnish the surety with any required personal undertakings. The Contractor shall also obtain and pay all charges for all approvals for street closing, parking meter removal, and other similar matters as may be necessary or appropriate from time to time for the performance of the Work.

3.7.3 It is not the Contractor's responsibility to ascertain that the Contract Documents are in accordance with applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, building codes, and rules and regulations. However, if the Contractor observes that portions of the Contract Documents are at variance therewith, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Construction Manager,

Architect and Owner in writing, and necessary changes shall be accomplished by appropriate Modification.

3.7.4 If the Contractor performs Work knowing it to be contrary to laws, statutes, ordinances, building codes, and rules and regulations ~~without such notice to the Construction Manager, Architect and Owner,~~ the Contractor shall assume full responsibility for such Work and shall bear the attributable costs.

3.8 ALLOWANCES

3.8.1 The Contractor shall include in the Contract Sum all allowances stated in the Contract Documents. Items covered by allowances shall be supplied for such amounts and by such persons or entities as the Owner may direct, but the Contractor shall not be required to employ persons or entities against which the Contractor makes reasonable objection.

3.8.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents:

.1 materials and equipment under an allowance shall be selected promptly by the Owner to avoid delay in the Work;

.2 allowances shall cover the cost to the Contractor of materials and equipment delivered at the site and all required taxes, less applicable trade discounts;

.3 Contractor's costs for unloading and handling at the site, labor, installation costs, overhead, profit and other expenses contemplated for stated allowance amounts shall be included in the Contract Sum and not in the allowances;

.4 whenever costs are more than or less than allowances, the Contract Sum shall be adjusted accordingly by Change Order. ~~The amount of the Change Order shall reflect (1) the difference between actual costs and the allowances under Clause 3.8.2.2 and (2) changes in Contractor's costs under Clause 3.8.2.3.~~

3.9 SUPERINTENDENT

3.9.1 The Contractor shall employ a competent superintendent and necessary assistants who shall be in attendance at the Project site during performance of the Work. The superintendent shall represent the Contractor, and communications given to the superintendent shall be as binding as if given to the Contractor. Important communications shall be confirmed in writing. Other communications shall be similarly confirmed on written request in each case. The Contractor's superintendent and assistants shall be satisfactory to the Construction Manager and the Owner. The Contractor's superintendent shall not be replaced except with the prior consent of the Construction Manager and Owner, unless the superintendent ceases to be in the Contractor's employ. The Contractor shall maintain order and discipline among all workers involved in the Project at all times. The superintendent shall be present at the Project site at all times when Work is performed by the Contractor or its Subcontractors.

3.10 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

3.10.1 The Contractor, promptly, and within the time set forth in Project Manual Section 00230 - Schedule and Phasing, after being awarded the Contract, shall prepare and submit for the Owner's and Architect's information and the Construction Manager's approval a Contractor's Construction Schedule for the Work. Such schedule shall not exceed time limits current under the Contract Documents, shall be revised at appropriate intervals as required by the conditions of the Work and Project, shall be related to the entire Project construction schedule ~~to the extent required by the Contract Documents~~, and shall provide for expeditious and practicable execution of the Work. Refer to Project Manual Section 00230 - Schedule and Phasing.

3.10.2 The Contractor shall cooperate with the Construction Manager in scheduling and performing the Contractor's Work to avoid conflict, delay in or interference with the Work of other Contractors or the construction or operations of the Owner's own forces. Refer to Project Manual Section 00230 - Schedule and Phasing.

3.10.3 The Contractor shall prepare and keep current, for the Construction Manager's and Architect's approval, a schedule of submittals which is coordinated with the Contractor's Construction Schedule and allows the Construction Manager and Architect reasonable time to review submittals. Refer to Project Manual 01330 - Submittals.

3.10.4 The Contractor shall conform to the most recent schedules.

3.10.5 In the event the Construction Manager or Owner determines that the performance of the Work, as of a Milestone Date, has not progressed or reached the level of completion required by the Contract Documents, the Construction Manager shall have the right to order the Contractor to take corrective measures necessary to expedite the progress of construction, including, without limitation, (1) working additional shifts or overtime; (2) supplying additional manpower, equipment, and facilities; and (3) other similar measures (referred to collectively as "Extraordinary Measures"). Such Extraordinary Measures shall continue until the progress of the Work complies with the stage of completion required by the Contract Documents. The Construction Manager or Owner's right to require Extraordinary Measures is solely for the purpose of ensuring the Contractor's compliance

with the schedule. Failure to order Extraordinary Measures shall not excuse late completion.

3.10.5.1 The Contractor shall not be entitled to an adjustment in the Contract Sum in connection with Extraordinary Measures required by the Construction Manager or Owner under or pursuant to this Subparagraph 3.10.5.

3.10.5.2 The Construction Manager or Owner may exercise the rights furnished the Owner under or pursuant to this Subparagraph 3.10.5 as frequently as the Construction Manager or Owner deems necessary to ensure that the Contractor's performance of the Work will comply with any Milestone Date or completion date set forth in the Contract Documents.

3.10.6 The Construction Manager or Owner shall have the right to direct a postponement or rescheduling of any date or time for the performance of any part of the Work that may interfere with the operations of other contractors or of the Owner's premises or any of the Owner's tenants or invitees. The Contractor shall, upon the Construction Manager's or Owner's request, schedule any portion of the Work affecting other contractors or other operation of the premises during hours when the premises are not in operation. Any postponement, rescheduling, or performance of the Work under this Subparagraph 3.10.6 may be grounds for an extension of the Contract Time, if permitted under Paragraph 8.3, and an equitable adjustment in the Contract Sum if (1) the performance of the Work was properly scheduled by the Contractor in compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, and (2) such rescheduling or postponement is required for the convenience of the Owner.

3.11 DOCUMENTS AND SAMPLES AT THE SITE

3.11.1 The Contractor shall maintain at the site for the Owner one record copy of the Drawings, Specifications, addenda, Change Orders and other Modifications, in good order and marked currently to record changes and selections made during construction, and in addition approved Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar required submittals. These shall be available to the Construction Manager and Architect and shall be delivered to the Construction Manager for submittal to the Owner upon completion of the Work. The Contractor shall advise the Construction Manager on a current basis of all changes in the Work made during construction. Refer to Project Manual Section 01320 - Communications, Section 01700 - Contract Close Out, and Section 01720 - Project Record Documents.

3.12 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES

3.12.1 Shop Drawings are drawings, diagrams, schedules and other data specially prepared for the Work by the Contractor or a Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier or distributor to illustrate some portion of the Work.

3.12.2 Product Data are illustrations, standard schedules, performance charts, instructions, brochures, diagrams and other information furnished by the Contractor to illustrate materials or equipment for some portion of the Work.

3.12.3 Samples are physical examples which illustrate materials, equipment or workmanship and establish standards by which the Work will be judged.

3.12.4 Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals are not Contract Documents. The purpose of their submittal is to demonstrate for those portions of the Work for which submittals are required the way the Contractor proposes to conform to the information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. Review by the Architect is subject to the limitations of Subparagraph 4.6.12.

3.12.5 Within seven (7) days after award of Contract, the Contractor shall submit to Construction Manager a submittal register as set forth in Project Manual Section 01330 - Submittals. The Contractor shall review, approve and submit to the Construction Manager, in accordance with the schedule and sequence approved by the Construction Manager, and in a manner calculated to cause no delay in Contractor's Work or the Work of Owner or other Contractor. Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, brochures and similar submittals required by the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall cooperate with the Construction Manager in the coordination of the Contractor's Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals with related documents submitted by other Contractors. Submittals made by the Contractor which are not required by the Contract Documents may be returned without action.

3.12.6 The Contractor shall perform no portion of the Work requiring submittal and review of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals until the respective submittal has been approved by the Construction Manager and Architect. Such Work shall be in accordance with approved submittals.

3.12.7 By approving and submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals, the Contractor represents that the Contractor has determined and verified materials, field measurements and field construction criteria related thereto, or will do so, and has checked and coordinated the information contained within such submittals with the requirements of the Work and of the Contract Documents.

3.12.8 The Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for deviations from requirements of the Contract Documents

by the Construction Manager's and Architect's review or approval of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals unless the Contractor has specifically informed the Construction Manager and Architect in writing of such deviation at the time of submittal and the Construction Manager and Architect have given written approval to the specific deviation. The Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for errors or omissions in Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals by the Construction Manager's and Architect's approval thereof.

3.12.9 The Contractor shall direct specific attention, in writing or on resubmitted Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals, to revisions other than those requested by the Construction Manager and Architect on previous submittals.

3.12.10 Informational submittals upon which the Construction Manager and Architect are not expected to take responsive action may be so identified in the Contract Documents.

3.12.11 When professional certification of performance criteria of materials, systems or equipment is required by the Contract Documents, the Construction Manager and Architect shall be entitled to rely upon the accuracy and completeness of such calculations and certifications. Refer to Project Manual Section 01330 - Submittals and Architect's technical specifications for specific instructions regarding Contractor's submittal requirements.

3.13 USE OF SITE

3.13.1 The Contractor shall confine operations at the site to areas permitted by law, ordinances, permits and the Contract Documents and shall not unreasonably encumber the site with materials or equipment.

3.13.2 The Contractor shall coordinate the Contractor's operations with, and secure the approval of, the Construction Manager before using any portion of the site.

3.13.3 Only materials and equipment that are to be used directly in the Work shall be brought and stored on the Project Site by the Contractor. After equipment is no longer required for the Work, it shall be promptly removed from the Project site. Protection of construction materials and equipment stored at the Project site from weather, theft, damage, and all other adversity is solely the Contractor's responsibility.

3.13.4 The Contractor and any entity the Contractor is responsible for shall not erect any sign on the Project site without the Owner's prior written consent, which may be withheld in the Owner's sole discretion.

3.13.5 The Contractor shall ensure that the Work, at all times, is performed in a manner that affords reasonable access, both vehicular and pedestrian, to the site of the Work and all adjacent areas. The Work shall be performed, to the fullest extent possible, in such a manner that public areas adjacent to the site of the Work shall be free from all debris, building materials, and equipment. Without limitation of any other provision of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall minimize any interference with the occupancy or beneficial use of any areas in buildings adjacent to the site of the Work or the premises in the event of partial occupancy, as more specifically described in Paragraph 9.9.

3.13.6 The Contractor shall not permit any workers to use any existing facilities at the Project site, including, without limitation, lavatories, toilets, entrances, and parking areas other than those designated by the Owner. Without limitation of any other provision of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall use its best efforts to comply with all rules and regulations promulgated by the Owner in connection with the use and occupancy of the Project site, as amended from time to time. The Contractor shall immediately notify the Construction Manager and Owner in writing if during the performance of the Work the Contractor finds compliance with any portion of such rules and regulations to be impracticable. The Contractor's notice shall set forth the specific issues with such compliance and suggest alternatives under which the same results intended by the rules and regulations may be achieved. The Owner may in such a circumstance, in the Owner's sole discretion, adopt such suggestions, develop new alternatives or require compliance with the existing requirements of the rules and regulations. The Contractor shall also comply with all insurance requirements and collective bargaining agreements applicable to use and occupancy of the Project site. Refer to Project Manual Section 01140 - Use of Premises for a complete description of Contractor's obligations regarding use of the site.

3.14 CUTTING AND PATCHING

3.14.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for cutting, fitting or patching required to complete the Work or to make its parts fit together properly.

3.14.2 The Contractor shall not damage or endanger a portion of the Work or fully or partially completed construction of the Owner's own forces or of other Contractors by cutting, patching, excavating or otherwise altering such construction. The Contractor shall not cut or otherwise alter such construction by other Contractors or by the Owner's own forces except with written consent of the Construction Manager, Owner and such other Contractors; such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Contractor shall not

unreasonably withhold from the other Contractors or the Owner the Contractor's consent to cutting or otherwise altering the Work.

3.14.3 See technical specifications for further requirements.

13.5 CLEANING UP

13.5.1 The Contractor shall keep the premises and surrounding area free from accumulation of waste materials or rubbish caused by operations under the Contract. At completion of the Work the Contractor shall remove from and about the Project waste materials, rubbish, the Contractor's tools, construction equipment, machinery and surplus materials.

3.15.2 If the Contractor fails to clean up as provided in the Contract Documents, the Construction Manager may do so with the Owner's approval and the cost thereof shall be charged to the Contractor. Refer to Project Manual Section 01550 - Cleaning Up and Final Cleaning.

3.16 ACCESS TO WORK

3.16.1 The Contractor shall provide the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect access to the Work in preparation and progress wherever located.

3.17 ROYALTIES AND PATENTS

3.17.1 The Contractor shall pay all royalties and license fees. The Contractor shall defend suits or claims for infringement of patent rights and shall hold the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect harmless from loss on account thereof, but shall not be responsible for such defense or loss when a particular design, process or product of a particular manufacturer or manufacturers is required by the Contract Documents. However, if the Contractor has reason to believe that the required design, process or product is an infringement of a patent, the Contractor shall be responsible for such loss unless such information is promptly furnished to the Architect and Construction Manager.

3.18 INDEMNIFICATION

3.18.1 ~~To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, Construction Manager's and Architect's consultants, and agents and employees of any of them from and against claims, damages, losses and expenses, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising out of or resulting from performance of the Work, provided that such claim, damage, loss or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property (other than the Work itself) including loss of use resulting therefrom, but only to the extent caused in whole or in part by negligent acts or omissions of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of whether or not such claim, damage, loss or expense is caused in part by a party indemnified hereunder. Such obligation shall not be construed to negate, abridge or reduce other rights or obligations of indemnity which would otherwise exist as to a party or person described in this Paragraph 3.18.~~

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Contractor shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the Owner, Architect and Construction Manager, and their respective agents, representatives, employees, officers, affiliates, and successors (collectively, "Indemnitees") from and against any and all claims, demands, liabilities, causes of action, costs, and expenses, including reasonable attorney fees and litigation expenses (collectively "Indemnification Claims"), involving:

(a) personal injury or death of any person;
(b) property damage (including loss of use);
(c) the breach of any provision in the Owner-Contractor Agreement;
(d) money claims by subcontractors, suppliers or any entity involved in the Work at any tier;
(e) any contractual duty of an Indemnitee to indemnify another person; or
(f) the enforcement by an Indemnitee of its rights under this provision;

but only if such Indemnification Claims arise from or relate directly or indirectly to the Work under the Contract by, or the acts or omissions of: (i) the Contractor; (ii) its subcontractors, vendors or suppliers at any tier, or (iii) any persons for whom any of them are responsible, including their employees, agents, officers, or representatives. In any event, the obligations contained in Subparagraph 3.18.1 shall not apply to an Indemnification Claim resulting from the sole negligence of an Indemnitee.

3.18.2 In claims against any person or entity indemnified under this Paragraph 3.18 by an employee of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, the indemnification obligation under this Paragraph 3.18 shall not be limited by a limitation on amount or type of damages, compensation or benefits payable by or for the Contractor or a Subcontractor under workers' compensation acts, disability benefit acts or other employee benefit acts.

3.18.3 The obligations of the Contractor under this Paragraph 3.18 shall not extend to the liability of the ~~Construction Manager,~~ Architect, ~~their~~ its consultants, and agents and employees of any of them arising out of ~~(1)~~ the preparation or approval of maps, drawings, opinions, reports, surveys, Change Orders, designs or specifications, ~~or (2) the giving of or the failure to give directions or instructions by the Construction Manager, Architect, their consultants, and agents~~

~~and employees of any of them provided such giving or failure to give is the primary cause of the injury or damage.~~

3.18.4 In the event that any claim is made or asserted, or lawsuit filed for damages or injury arising out of or resulting from the performance of the Work, whether or not the Owner or Construction Manager is named as a party, the Contractor shall immediately advise the Owner and Construction Manager, in writing, of such claim or lawsuit, and shall provide a full and complete copy of any documents or pleadings relating thereto, as well as a full and accurate report of the facts involved.

3.18.5 An Indemnitee, at its option, may select counsel to defend any claim, cause of action or lawsuit brought against it without impairing any obligation of Contractor to provide indemnification.

ARTICLE 4
ADMINISTRATION OF THE CONTRACT

4.1 ARCHITECT

4.1.1 The Architect is the person lawfully licensed to practice architecture or an entity lawfully practicing architecture identified as such in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The term "Architect" means the Architect or the Architect's authorized representative.

4.2 CONSTRUCTION MANAGER

4.2.1 The Construction Manager is the person or entity identified as such in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The term "Construction Manager" means the Construction Manager or the Construction Manager's authorized representative.

4.2.1.1 The Construction Manager shall act as the Owner's agent for purposes of administering and enforcing the Contract.

4.3 Duties, responsibilities and limitations of authority of the Construction Manager and Architect as set forth in the Contract Documents shall not be restricted, modified or extended without written consent of the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect and Contractor. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

4.4 In case of termination of employment of the Construction Manager or Architect, the Owner shall appoint a construction manager or architect against whom the Contractor makes no reasonable objection and whose status under the Contract Documents shall be that of the former construction manager or architect, respectively.

4.5 Disputes arising under Paragraphs 4.3 and 4.4 shall be subject to arbitration.

4.6 ADMINISTRATION OF THE CONTRACT

4.6.1 The Construction Manager and Architect will provide administration of the Contract as described in the Contract Documents, and will be the Owner's representatives (1) during construction, (2) until final payment is due and (3) with the Owner's concurrence, from time to time during the correction period described in Paragraph 12.2. All instructions to the Contractor shall be forwarded through the Construction Manager. The Construction Manager and Architect will advise and consult with the Owner and will have authority to act on behalf of the Owner only to the extent provided in the Contract Documents, unless otherwise modified by written instrument in accordance with other provisions of the Contract.

4.6.2 The Construction Manager will determine in general that the Work is being performed in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, will keep the Owner informed of the progress of the Work, and will endeavor to guard the Owner against defects and deficiencies in the Work.

4.6.3 The Construction Manager will provide for coordination of the activities of other Contractors and of the Owner's own forces with the Work of the Contractor, who shall cooperate with them. The Contractor shall participate with other Contractors and the Construction Manager and Owner in reviewing their construction schedules when directed to do so. The Contractor shall make any revisions to the construction schedule as set forth in Paragraph 3.10.~~deemed necessary after a joint review and mutual agreement. The construction schedules shall constitute the schedules to be used by the Contractor, other Contractors, the Construction Manager and the Owner until subsequently revised.~~

4.6.4 The Construction Manager will schedule and coordinate the activities of the Contractors in accordance with the latest approved Project construction schedule.

4.6.5 The Architect will visit the site at intervals appropriate to the stage of construction to become generally familiar with the progress and quality of the completed Work and to determine in general if the Work is being performed in a manner indicating that the Work, when completed, will be in accordance with the Contract Documents. However, the Architect will not be required to make exhaustive or continuous on-site inspections to check quality or quantity of the Work. On the basis of on-site observations as an architect, the Architect will keep the Owner informed of progress of the Work, and will endeavor to guard the Owner against defects and deficiencies in the Work.

4.6.6 The Construction Manager, ~~except to the extent required by Subparagraph 4.6.4,~~ and Architect will not have control over or charge of and will not be responsible for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or

procedures, or for safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work, since these are solely the Contractor's responsibility as provided in Paragraph 3.3, and neither will be responsible for the Contractor's failure to carry out the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. Neither the Construction Manager nor the Architect will have control over or charge of or be responsible for acts or omissions of the Contractor, Subcontractors, or their agents or employees, or of any other persons performing portions of the Work.

4.6.6.1 The Architect, the Owner and the Construction Manager shall at all times have access to the Work wherever it is in preparation and progress. The Contractor shall provide facilities for such access so that the Architect and the Construction Manager may perform their functions under the Contract Documents.

4.6.7 Communications Facilitating Contract Administration. Except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents or when direct communications have been specially authorized, the Owner and Contractor shall communicate through the Construction Manager, and shall contemporaneously provide the same communications to the Architect. Communications by and with the Architect's consultants shall be through the Architect. Communications by and with Subcontractors and material suppliers shall be through the Contractor. Communications by and with other Contractors shall be through the Construction Manager and shall be contemporaneously provided to the Architect.

4.6.8 The Construction Manager will review and certify all Applications for Payment by the Contractor, including final payment. The Construction Manager will assemble each of the Contractor's Applications for Payment with similar Applications from other Contractors into a Project Application and Project Certificate for Payment. After reviewing and certifying the amounts due the Contractors, the Construction Manager will submit the Project Application and Project Certificate for Payment, along with the applicable Contractors' Applications and Certificates for Payment, to the Architect.

4.6.9 Based on the Architect's observations and evaluations of Contractors' Applications for Payment, and the certifications of the Construction Manager, the Architect will review and certify the amounts due the Contractors and will issue a Project Certificate for Payment.

4.6.10 The Architect will have authority to reject Work which does not conform to the Contract Documents, and to require additional inspection or testing, in accordance with Subparagraphs 13.5.2 and 13.5.3, whether or not such Work is fabricated, installed or completed, but will take such action only after notifying the Construction Manager. Subject to review by the Architect, the Construction Manager will have the authority to reject Work which does not conform to the Contract Documents. Whenever the Construction Manager considers it necessary or advisable for implementation of the intent of the Contract Documents, the Construction Manager will have authority to require additional inspection or testing of the Work in accordance with Subparagraphs 13.5.2 and 13.5.3, whether or not such Work is fabricated, installed or completed. The foregoing authority of the Construction Manager will be subject to the provisions of Subparagraphs 4.6.18 through 4.6.20 inclusive, with respect to interpretations and decisions of the Architect. However, neither the Architect's nor the Construction Manager's authority to act under this Subparagraph 4.6.10 nor a decision made by either of them in good faith either to exercise or not to exercise such authority shall give rise to a duty or responsibility of the Architect or the Construction Manager to the Contractor, Subcontractors, material and equipment suppliers, their agents or employees, or other persons performing any of the Work.

4.6.11 The Construction Manager will receive from the Contractor and review ~~and approve~~ all Shop Drawings, Product Data and Samples, coordinate them with information contained in related documents received from other Contractors, and transmit to the Architect those recommended for approval. The Construction Manager's actions will be taken with such reasonable promptness as to cause no delay in the Work of the Contractor or in the activities of other Contractors, the Owner, or the Architect.

4.6.12 The Architect will review and approve or take other appropriate action upon the Contractor's submittals such as Shop Drawings, Product Data and Samples, but only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. The Architect's action will be taken with such reasonable promptness as to cause no delay in the Work of the Contractor or in the activities of the other Contractors, the Owner, or the Construction Manager, while allowing sufficient time in the Architect's professional judgment to permit adequate review. Review of such submittals is not conducted for the purpose of determining the accuracy and completeness of other details such as dimensions and quantities, or for substantiating instructions for installation or performance of equipment or systems, all of which remain the responsibility of the Contractor as required by the Contract Documents. The Architect's review of the Contractor's submittals shall not relieve the Contractor of the obligations under Paragraphs 3.3, 3.5 and 3.12. The Architect's review shall not constitute approval of safety precautions or, unless otherwise specifically stated by the Architect, of any construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures. The Architect's approval of a specific item shall not indicate approval of an assembly of which the item is a component.

4.6.13 The Construction Manager will prepare Change Orders and Notices to Proceed~~Construction Change Directives~~.

4.6.14 Following consultation with the Construction Manager, the Architect will take appropriate action on Change Orders or Notice to Proceed~~Construction Change Directives~~ in accordance with Article 7 and will have authority to order minor changes in the Work as provided in Paragraph 7.4.

4.6.15 The Construction Manager will maintain at the site for the Owner one record copy of all Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, addenda, Change Orders and other Modifications, in good order and marked currently to record all changes and selections made during construction, and in addition approved Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar required submittals. These will be available to the Architect and the Contractor, and will be delivered to the Owner upon completion of the Project.

4.6.16 The Construction Manager will assist the Architect in conducting inspections to determine the dates of Substantial Completion and final completion, and will receive and forward to the Architect written warranties and related documents required by the Contract and assembled by the Contractor. The Construction Manager will forward to the Architect a final Project Application and Project Certificate for Payment upon compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

4.6.17 If the Owner and Architect agree, the Architect will provide one or more project representatives to assist in carrying out the Architect's responsibilities at the site. The duties, responsibilities and limitations of authority of such project representatives shall be as set forth in an exhibit to be incorporated in the Contract Documents.

4.6.18 The Architect will interpret and decide matters concerning performance under and requirements of the Contract Documents on written request of the Construction Manager, Owner or Contractor. Any such requests by the Contractor shall be submitted through the Construction Manager. The Architect's response to such requests will be made with reasonable promptness and within any time limits agreed upon. If no agreement is made concerning the time within which interpretations required of the Architect shall be furnished in compliance with this Paragraph 4.6, then delay shall not be recognized on account of failure by the Architect to furnish such interpretations until 15 days after written request is made for them.

4.6.19 Interpretations and decisions of the Architect will be consistent with the intent of and reasonably inferable from the Contract Documents and will be in writing or in the form of drawings. When making such interpretations and decisions, the Architect will endeavor to secure faithful performance by both Owner and Contractor, will not show partiality to either and will not be liable for results of interpretations or decisions so rendered in good faith.

4.6.20 The Architect's decisions on matters relating to aesthetic effect will be final if consistent with the intent expressed in the Contract Documents.

4.7 CLAIMS AND DISPUTES

4.7.1 Definition. A Claim is a demand or assertion by one of the parties seeking, as a matter of right, adjustment or interpretation of Contract terms, payment of money, extension of time or other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract. The term "Claim" also includes other disputes and matters in question between the Owner and Contractor arising out of or relating to the Contract. Claims must be made by written notice. The responsibility to substantiate Claims shall rest with the party making the Claim.

4.7.2 Decision of Architect. Claims, including those alleging an error or omission by the Construction Manager or Architect, shall be referred initially to the Architect through the Construction Manager for action as provided in Paragraph 4.8. A decision by the Architect, after consultation with the Construction Manager, as provided in Subparagraph 4.8.4, shall be required as a condition precedent to arbitration or litigation of a Claim between the Contractor and Owner as to all such matters arising prior to the date final payment is due, regardless of (1) whether such matters relate to execution and progress of the Work or (2) the extent to which the Work has been completed. The decision by the Architect in response to a Claim shall not be a condition precedent to arbitration or litigation in the event (1) the position of Architect is vacant, (2) the Architect has not received evidence or has failed to render a decision within agreed time limits, (3) the Architect has failed to take action required under Subparagraph 4.8.4 within 30 days after the Claim is made, (4) 45 days have passed after the Claim has been referred to the Architect or (5) the Claim relates to a mechanic's lien.

4.7.3 Time Limits on Claims. Claims by ~~either party~~Contractor must be made within 21 days after occurrence of the event giving rise to such Claim or within 21 days after the ~~claimant~~Contractor first recognizes the condition giving rise to the Claim, whichever is later, provided, however, that the Contractor shall use its best efforts to furnish the Construction Manager, Architect, and the Owner, as expeditiously as possible, with notice of any Claim, including, without limitation, those in connection with concealed or unknown conditions, as soon as such Claim is recognized. Contractor shall cooperate with the Construction Manager, Architect, and the Owner in any effort to mitigate the alleged or potential damages, delay, or other adverse consequences arising out of the condition that is the cause of the Claim. Claims must be made by written notice. An additional Claim made after the initial Claim has been implemented by Change Order will not be considered unless submitted in a timely manner.

4.7.4 Continuing Contract Performance. Pending final resolution of a Claim including arbitration, unless otherwise agreed in writing the Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of the Contract and the Owner shall continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents.

4.7.5 Waiver of Claims: Final Payment. The making of final payment shall constitute a waiver of Claims by the Owner except those arising from:

.1 liens, Claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract and unsettled;

.2 failure of the Work to comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents; or

.3 ~~terms of special~~ warranties required by the Contract Documents.

4.7.6 Claims for Concealed or Unknown Conditions. If conditions are encountered at the site which are (1) subsurface or otherwise concealed physical conditions which differ materially from those indicated in the Contract Documents or (2) unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, which differ materially from those ordinarily found to exist and generally recognized as inherent in construction activities of the character provided for in the Contract Documents, then notice by the observing party shall be given to the other party promptly before conditions are disturbed and in no event later than 21 days after first observance of the conditions. The Architect and Construction Manager will promptly investigate such conditions and, if they differ materially and cause an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or time required for, performance of any part of the Work, will recommend an equitable adjustment in the Contract Sum or Contract Time, or both. If the Architect determines after consultation with the Construction Manager that the conditions at the site are not materially different from those indicated in the Contract Documents and that no change in the terms of the Contract is justified, the Architect shall so notify the Owner and Contractor through the Construction Manager in writing, stating the reasons. Claims by either party in opposition to such determination must be made within 21 days after the Architect has given notice of the decision. If the Owner and Contractor cannot agree on an adjustment in the Contract Sum or Contract Time, the adjustment shall be referred to the Architect for initial determination, subject to further proceedings pursuant to Paragraph 4.8. No adjustment in the Contract Time or Contract Sum shall be permitted, however, in connection with a concealed or unknown condition that does not differ materially from those conditions disclosed or that reasonably should have been disclosed by the Contractor's prior inspections, tests, reviews, and preconstruction services for the Project, or inspections, tests, reviews, and preconstruction services that the Contractor had the opportunity to make or should have performed in connection with the Project in the exercise of the care and skill required of the Contractor by the Contract Documents.

4.7.7 Claims for Additional Cost. If the Contractor wishes to make Claim for an increase in the Contract Sum, written notice as provided herein shall be given before proceeding to execute the Work. Prior notice is not required for Claims relating to an emergency endangering life or property arising under Paragraph 10.3. If the Contractor believes additional cost is involved for reasons including but not limited to (1) a written interpretation from the Architect, (2) an order by the Owner to stop the Work where the Contractor was not at fault, (3) a written order for a minor change in the Work issued by the Architect, (4) failure of payment by the Owner, (5) termination of the Contract by the Owner, (6) Owner's suspension or (7) other reasonable grounds, Claim shall be filed in accordance with the procedure established herein.

4.7.8 Claims for Additional Time.

4.7.8.1 If the Contractor wishes to make Claim for an increase in the Contract Time, written notice as provided herein shall be given. The Contractor's Claim shall include an estimate of cost and of probable effect of delay on progress of the Work. In the case of a continuing delay only one Claim is necessary.

4.7.8.2 If adverse weather conditions are the basis for a Claim for additional time, such Claim shall be documented by data substantiating that weather conditions were abnormal for the period of time and could not have been reasonably anticipated, and that weather conditions had an adverse effect on the scheduled construction.

4.7.9 Injury or Damage to Person or Property. If either party to the Contract suffers injury or damage to person or property because of an act or omission of the other party, of any of the other party's employees or agents, or of others for whose acts such party is legally liable, written notice of such injury or damage, whether or not insured, shall be given to the other party within a reasonable time not exceeding 21 days after first observance. The notice shall provide sufficient detail to enable the other party to investigate the matter. If a Claim for additional cost or time related to this Claim is to be asserted, it shall be filed as provided in Subparagraphs 4.7.7 or 4.7.8.

4.8 RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS AND DISPUTES

4.8.1 The Architect will review with the Construction Manager Claims and take one or more of the following preliminary actions within ten days of its receipt of a Claim: (1) request additional supporting data from the claimant, (2) submit a schedule to the parties indicating when the Architect expects to take action, (3) reject the Claim in whole or in part, stating reasons for rejection, (4) recommend approval of the Claim by the other party or (5) suggest a compromise. The Architect may also, but is not obligated to, notify the surety, if any, of the nature and amount of the Claim.

4.8.2 If a Claim has been resolved, the Architect will prepare or obtain appropriate documentation.

4.8.3 If a Claim has not been resolved, the party making the Claim shall, within ten days after the Architect's preliminary response, take one or more of the following actions: (1) submit additional supporting data requested by the Architect, (2) modify the initial Claim or (3) notify the Architect that the initial Claim stands.

4.8.4 If a Claim has not been resolved after consideration of the foregoing and of further evidence presented by the parties or requested by the Architect, the Architect will notify the parties in writing that the Architect's decision will be made within seven days, which decision shall be final and binding on the parties but subject to arbitration. Upon expiration of such time period, the Architect will render to the parties the Architect's written decision relative to the Claim, including any change in the Contract Sum or Contract Time or both. If there is a surety and there appears to be a possibility of a Contractor's default, the ~~Architect~~ Construction Manager may, but is not obligated to, notify the surety and request the surety's assistance in resolving the controversy.

4.9 ARBITRATION

4.9.1 Controversies and Claims Subject to Arbitration. Unless otherwise provided in the Agreement between Owner and Contractor or in the Supplementary Conditions, ~~A~~any controversy or Claim arising out of or related to the Contract, or the breach thereof, shall be settled by arbitration in accordance with the Construction Industry Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association, and judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator or arbitrators may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof, except controversies or Claims relating to aesthetic effect and except those waived as provided for in Subparagraph 4.7.5. Such controversies or Claims upon which the Architect has given notice and rendered a decision as provided in Subparagraph 4.8.4 shall be subject to arbitration upon written demand of either party. Arbitration may be commenced when 45 days have passed after a Claim has been referred to the Architect as provided in Paragraph 4.7 and no decision has been rendered.

4.9.2 Rules and Notices for Arbitration. Claims between the Owner and Contractor not resolved under Paragraph 4.8 shall, if subject to arbitration under Subparagraph 4.9.1, be decided by arbitration in accordance with the Construction Industry Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association currently in effect, unless the parties mutually agree otherwise. Notice of demand for arbitration shall be filed in writing with the other party to the Agreement between the Owner and Contractor and with the American Arbitration Association, and copies shall be filed with the Construction Manager and Architect.

4.9.3 Contract Performance During Arbitration. During arbitration proceedings, the Owner and Contractor shall comply with Subparagraph 4.7.4.

4.9.4 When Arbitration May Be Demanded. Demand for arbitration of any Claim may not be made until the earlier of (1) the date on which the Architect has rendered a final written decision on the Claim, (2) the tenth day after the parties have presented evidence to the Architect or have been given reasonable opportunity to do so, if the Architect has not rendered a final written decision by that date, or (3) any of the five events described in Subparagraph 4.7.2.

4.9.4.1 When a written decision of the Architect states that (1) the decision is final but subject to arbitration and (2) a demand for arbitration of a Claim covered by such decision must be made within 30 days after the date on which the party making the demand receives the final written decision, then failure to demand arbitration within said 30 days' period shall result in the Architect's decision becoming final and binding upon the Owner and Contractor. If the Architect renders a decision after arbitration proceedings have been initiated, such decision may be entered as evidence, but shall not supersede arbitration proceedings unless the decision is acceptable to all parties concerned.

4.9.4.2 A demand for arbitration shall be made within the time limits specified in Subparagraphs 4.9.1 and 4.9.4 and Clause 4.9.4.1 as applicable, and in other cases within a reasonable time after the Claim has arisen, and in no event shall it be made after the date when institution of legal or equitable proceedings based on such Claim would be barred by the applicable statute of limitations as determined pursuant to Paragraph 13.7.

4.9.5 Limitation on Consolidation or Joinder. No arbitration arising out of or relating to the Contract Documents shall include, by consolidation or joinder or in any other manner, the Construction Manager, the Architect, or the Construction Manager's or Architect's employees or consultants, except by written consent containing specific reference to the Agreement and signed by the Construction Manager, Architect, Owner, Contractor and any other person or entity sought to be joined. No arbitration shall include, by consolidation or joinder or in any other manner, parties other than the Owner, Contractor, other Contractors as described in Article 6 and other persons substantially involved in a common question of fact or law whose presence is required if complete relief is to be accorded in arbitration. No persons or entities other than the Owner, Contractor or other Contractors as defined in Subparagraph 3.1.2 shall be included as an original third party or additional third party to an arbitration whose interest or responsibility is insubstantial. Consent to arbitration involving an additional person or entity shall not constitute consent to arbitration of a dispute not described therein or with a person or entity not named or described therein. The foregoing agreement to arbitrate and other agreements to arbitrate with an additional person or entity duly consented to by parties to the Agreement shall be specifically enforceable under applicable law in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

4.9.6 Claims and Timely Assertion of Claims. A party who files a notice of demand for arbitration must assert in the demand all Claims then known to that party on which arbitration is permitted to be demanded. When a party fails to include a Claim through oversight, inadvertence or excusable neglect, or when a Claim has matured or been acquired subsequently, the arbitrator or arbitrators may permit amendment.

4.9.7 Judgment on Final Award. The award rendered by the arbitrator or arbitrators shall be final, and judgment may

be entered upon it in accordance with applicable law in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

ARTICLE 5
SUBCONTRACTORS

5.1 DEFINITIONS

5.1.1 A Subcontractor is a person or entity who has a direct contract with the Contractor to perform a portion of the Work at the site. The term "Subcontractor" is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number and means a Subcontractor or an authorized representative of the Subcontractor. The term "Subcontractor" does not include other Contractors or subcontractors of other Contractors.

5.1.2 A Sub-subcontractor is a person or entity who has a direct or indirect contract with a Subcontractor to perform a portion of the Work at the site. The term "Sub-subcontractor" is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number and means a Sub-subcontractor or an authorized representative of the Sub-subcontractor.

5.2 AWARD OF SUBCONTRACTS AND OTHER CONTRACTS FOR PORTIONS OF THE WORK

5.2.1 Within seven (7) days after award of the Contract, the Contractor shall submit in writing to the Construction Manager, for review by the Owner, Architect and Construction Manager, (1) the name, trade, and subcontract amount for each Subcontractor and (2) the names of all persons or entities proposed as manufacturers of the products identified in the Specifications (including those who are to furnish materials or equipment fabricated to a special design) and, where applicable, the name of the installing Subcontractor. ~~Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents or the bidding requirements, the Contractor, as soon as practicable after award of the Contract, shall furnish in writing to the Construction Manager for review by the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect the names of persons or entities (including those who are to furnish materials or equipment fabricated to a special design) proposed for each principal portion of the Work.~~ The Construction Manager will promptly reply to the Contractor in writing stating whether or not the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect, after due investigation, has reasonable objection to any such proposed person or entity. Failure of the Construction Manager to reply promptly shall constitute notice of no reasonable objection.

5.2.2 The Contractor shall not contract with a proposed person or entity to whom the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect has made reasonable and timely objection. The Contractor shall not be required to contract with anyone to whom the Contractor has made reasonable objection.

5.2.3 If the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect has reasonable objection to a person or entity proposed by the Contractor, the Contractor shall propose another to whom the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect has no reasonable objection. ~~The Contract Sum shall be increased or decreased by the difference in cost occasioned by such change and an appropriate Change Order shall be issued.~~ The Contract Sum shall be amended by either of the following at the Owner's sole discretion: (1) the difference between the subcontract amount proposed by the person or entity recommended by the Contractor and the subcontract amount proposed by the person or entity accepted or designated by the Owner and the Construction Manager; or (2) the amount by which the subcontract amount proposed by the person or entity accepted or designated by the Owner and Construction Manager exceeds the amount set forth in the Schedule of Values that is applicable to the Work covered by such subcontract. However, no increase in the Contract Sum shall be allowed for such change unless the Contractor has acted promptly and responsively in submitting names as required.

5.2.4 The Contractor shall not change a Subcontractor, person or entity previously selected if the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect makes reasonable objection to such change.

5.3 SUBCONTRACTUAL RELATIONS

5.3.1 By appropriate written agreement, ~~written where legally required for validity~~, the Contractor shall require each Subcontractor, to the extent of the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor, to be bound to the Contractor by terms of the Contract Documents, and to assume toward the Contractor all the obligations and responsibilities which the Contractor, by these Documents, assumes toward the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect. Each subcontract agreement shall preserve and protect the rights of the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect under the Contract Documents with respect to the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor so that subcontracting thereof will not prejudice such rights, and shall allow to the Subcontractor, unless specifically provided otherwise in the subcontract agreement, the benefit of all rights, remedies and redress against the Contractor that the Contractor, by the Contract Documents, has against the Owner. Where appropriate, the Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to enter into similar agreements with Sub-subcontractors. The Contractor shall make available to each proposed Subcontractor, prior to the execution of the subcontract agreement, copies of the Contract Documents to which the Subcontractor will be bound, and, upon written request of the Subcontractor, identify to the Subcontractor terms and conditions of the proposed subcontract agreement which may be at variance with the Contract Documents. Subcontractors shall similarly make copies of applicable portions of such documents available to their respective proposed Sub-subcontractors.

5.3.2 All subcontracts shall be in writing and shall specifically provide that the Owner is an intended third-party beneficiary of such subcontracts.

5.4 CONTINGENT ASSIGNMENT OF SUBCONTRACTS

5.4.1 Each subcontract agreement for a portion of the Work is assigned by the Contractor to the Owner provided that:

.1 assignment is effective only after termination of the Contract by the Owner for cause pursuant to Paragraph 14.2 and only for those subcontract agreements which the Owner accepts by notifying the Subcontractor in writing; and

.2 assignment is subject to the prior rights of the surety, if any, obligated under bond relating to the Contract.

5.4.2 ~~If the Work has been suspended for more than 30 days, the Subcontractor's compensation shall be equitably adjusted.~~ If the Work in connection with a subcontract has been suspended for more than thirty (30) days after termination of the Contract by the Owner pursuant to Paragraph 14.2 or Paragraph 14.4 and the Owner accepts assignment of such subcontract, the Subcontractor's compensation shall be equitably adjusted for any increase in direct costs necessarily incurred by such subcontractor as a result of the suspension. In no event will such an adjustment include extended home office overhead or lost profit.

ARTICLE 6
CONSTRUCTION BY OWNER OR BY OTHER CONTRACTORS

6.1 OWNER'S RIGHT TO PERFORM CONSTRUCTION WITH OWN FORCES AND TO AWARD OTHER CONTRACTS

6.1.1 The Owner reserves the right to perform construction or operations related to the Project with the Owner's own forces, which may include persons or entities under separate contracts not administered by the Construction Manager. The Owner further reserves the right to award other contracts in connection with other portions of the Project or other construction or operations on the site ~~under Conditions of the Contract identical or substantially similar to these including those portions related to insurance and waiver of subrogation~~. If the Contractor claims that delay or additional cost is involved because of such action by the Owner, the Contractor shall make such Claim as provided elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

6.1.2 When the Owner performs construction or operations with the Owner's own forces including persons or entities under separate contracts not administered by the Construction Manager, the Owner or the Construction Manager shall provide for coordination of such forces with the Work of the Contractor, who shall cooperate with them.

6.1.3 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, when the Owner performs construction or operations related to the Project with the Owner's own forces, the Owner shall be deemed to ~~be subject to the same obligations and to~~ have the same rights which apply to the Contractor under the Conditions of the Contract, including, without excluding others, those stated in this Article 6 and in Articles 3, 10, 11 and 12, as amended.

6.2 MUTUAL RESPONSIBILITY

6.2.1 The Contractor shall afford the Owner's own forces, Construction Manager and other Contractors reasonable opportunity for introduction and storage of their materials and equipment and performance of their activities, and shall connect and coordinate the Contractor's construction and operations with theirs as required by the Contract Documents.

6.2.2 If part of the Contractor's Work depends for proper execution or results upon construction or operations by the Owner's own forces or other Contractors, the Contractor shall, prior to proceeding with that portion of the Work, promptly report to the Construction Manager and Architect apparent discrepancies or defects in such other construction that would render it unsuitable for such proper execution and results. Failure of the Contractor so to report shall constitute an acknowledgment that the Owner's own forces or other Contractors' completed or partially completed construction is fit and proper to receive the Contractor's Work, except as to defects not then reasonably discoverable.

6.2.3 Costs caused by delays or by improperly timed activities or defective construction shall be borne by the party responsible therefor.

6.2.4 The Contractor shall promptly remedy damage wrongfully caused by the Contractor to completed construction or partially completed construction or to property of the Owner or other Contractors as provided in Subparagraph 10.2.5. Should a claim be made that the Contractor wrongfully delayed or caused damage to the Work or property of another contractor, the Contractor shall, promptly settle the dispute with such other contractor. If a separate contractor sues or initiates an arbitration proceeding against the Construction Manager or Owner on account of any delay or damage alleged to have been caused by the Contractor, the Construction Manager will notify the Contractor who shall defend such proceedings at the Contractor's sole expense. If any judgment or award against the Construction Manager or Owner arises therefrom, the Contractor shall pay or satisfy it and shall reimburse the Construction Manager or Owner for all costs, including attorney's fees and court or arbitration costs which either may have incurred.

6.2.5 Claims and other disputes and matters in question between the Contractor and other Contractors shall be subject to the provisions of Paragraph 4.7 provided the other Contractors have reciprocal obligations.

6.2.6 The Owner and other Contractors shall have the same responsibilities for cutting and patching as are described for the Contractor in Paragraph 3.14.

6.3 OWNER'S OR CONSTRUCTION MANAGER'S RIGHT TO CLEAN UP

6.3.1 If a dispute arises among the Contractor, other Contractors and the Construction Manager and/or the Owner as to the responsibility under their respective contracts for maintaining the premises and surrounding area free from waste materials and rubbish as described in Paragraph 3.15, the Owner or Construction Manager may clean up and allocate the cost among those responsible as the Construction Manager, in consultation with the Architect, determines to be just. Refer to Project Manual Section 01550 - Clean Up and Final Cleaning.

ARTICLE 7
CHANGES IN THE WORK

7.1 CHANGES

7.1.1 Changes in the Work may be accomplished after execution of the Contract, and without invalidating the Contract, by Change Order, ~~Construction Change Directive~~ Notice to Proceed, or order for a minor change in the Work, subject to the limitations stated in this Article 7 and elsewhere in the Contract Documents. Refer to Project Manual Section 01250 - Changes in the Work.

7.1.2 A Change Order shall be based upon agreement among the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect and Contractor; a ~~Construction Change Directive~~Notice to Proceed requires agreement by the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect and may or may not be agreed to by the Contractor; an order for a minor change in the Work may be issued by the Architect alone.

7.1.3 Changes in the Work shall be performed under applicable provisions of the Contract Documents, and Contractor shall proceed promptly, unless otherwise provided in the Change Order, ~~Construction Change Directive~~Notice to Proceed, or order for a minor change in the Work. Except as permitted in Paragraph 7.3, an increase in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time shall be accomplished only by Change Order. Accordingly, no course of conduct or dealings between the parties, nor express or implied acceptance of alterations or additions to the Work, and no claim that the Owner has been unjustly enriched by any alteration or addition to the Work, whether or not there is, in fact, any unjust enrichment to the Work, shall be the basis of any claim for an increase in any amounts due under the Contract Documents or for a change in any time period provided for in the Contract Documents.

7.1.4 If unit prices are stated in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon, and if quantities originally contemplated are so changed in a proposed Change Order or Notice to Proceed~~Construction Change Directive~~ that application of such unit prices to quantities of Work proposed will cause substantial inequity to the Owner or Contractor, the applicable unit prices shall be equitably adjusted.

7.2 CHANGE ORDERS

7.2.1 A Change Order is a written instrument prepared by the Construction Manager and signed by the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect and Contractor, stating their agreement upon all of the following:

.1 a change in the Work;

.2 the amount of the adjustment in the Contract Sum, if any; and

.3 the extent of the adjustment in the Contract Time, if any.

7.2.2 Methods used in determining adjustments to the Contract Sum ~~may include~~ shall be those listed in Subparagraph 7.3.3.

7.2.3 Agreement on any Change Order shall constitute a final settlement of all matters relating to the change in the Work that is the subject of the Change Order, including, but not limited to, all direct and indirect costs associated with such change, any impact such change may have on the unchanged Work, including but not limited to claims for acceleration, stacking, inefficiency, ripple effect, disruption, compression, interference, delay and cumulative impact, and any and all adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Schedule. In the event a Change Order increases the Contract Sum, the Contractor shall include the Work covered by such Change Orders in Applications for Payment as if such Work were originally part of the Contract Documents.

7.3 ~~CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVES~~ NOTICE TO PROCEED and QUOTATION ONLY

7.3.1 A ~~Construction Change Directive~~Notice to Proceed is a written order prepared by the Construction Manager and signed by the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect, directing a change in the Work and stating a proposed basis for adjustment, if any, in the Contract Sum or Contract Time, or both. The Owner may by ~~Construction Change~~

~~Directive~~Notice to Proceed, without invalidating the Contract, order changes in the Work within the general scope of the Contract consisting of additions, deletions or other revisions, the Contract Sum and Contract Time being adjusted accordingly. A Quotation Only has the meaning set forth in Project Manual Section 01250 - Changes in the Work.

7.3.2 A ~~Construction Change Directive~~Notice to Proceed shall be used in the absence of total agreement on the terms of a Change Order or when time constraints preclude getting a Change Order issued.

7.3.3 If the ~~Construction Change Directive~~Notice to Proceed provides for an adjustment to the Contract Sum, the adjustment shall be based on one or more of the following methods:

.1 mutual acceptance of a lump sum properly itemized and supported by sufficient substantiating data to permit evaluation;

.2 unit prices stated in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon; or

.3 actual cost to be determined in a manner agreed upon by the parties and a mutually acceptable fixed or percentage fee as set forth in Project Manual section 01250 - Changes in the Work.~~; or~~

~~.4 as provided in Subparagraph 7.3.6.~~

7.3.4 Upon receipt of a ~~Construction Change Directive~~Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall promptly proceed with the change in the Work involved~~, and advise the Construction Manager and Architect of the Contractor's agreement or disagreement with the method, if any, provided in the Construction Change Directive for determining the proposed adjustment in the Contract Sum or Contract Time.~~

7.3.5 A ~~Construction Change Directive~~Notice to Proceed signed by the Contractor indicates the agreement of the Contractor therewith, including adjustment in Contract Sum and Contract Time or the method for determining them. Such agreement shall be effective immediately and shall be recorded as a Change Order.

~~**7.3.6** If the Contractor does not respond promptly or disagrees with the method for adjustment in the Contract Sum, the method and the adjustment shall be determined by the Construction Manager on the basis of reasonable expenditures and savings of those performing the Work attributable to the change, including, in case of an increase in the Contract Sum, a reasonable allowance for overhead and profit. In such case, and also under Clause 7.3.3.3, the Contractor shall keep and present, in such form as the Construction Manager may prescribe, an itemized accounting together with appropriate supporting data. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, costs for the purposes of this Subparagraph 7.3.6 shall be limited to the following:~~

~~.1 costs of labor, including social security, old age and unemployment insurance, fringe benefits required by agreement or custom, and workers compensation insurance;~~

~~.2 costs of materials, supplies and equipment, including cost of transportation, whether incorporated or consumed;~~

~~.3 rental costs of machinery and equipment, exclusive of hand tools, whether rented from the Contractor or others;~~

~~.4 costs of premiums for all bonds and insurance, permit fees, and sales, use or similar taxes related to the Work; and~~

~~.5 additional costs of supervision and field office personnel directly attributable to the change.~~

~~**7.3.7** Pending final determination of cost to the Owner, amounts not in dispute may be included in Applications for Payment. The amount of credit to be allowed by the Contractor to the Owner for a deletion or change which results in a net decrease in the Contract Sum shall be actual net cost as confirmed by the Construction Manager. When both additions and credits covering related Work or substitutions are involved in a change, the allowance for overhead and profit shall be figured on the basis of net increase, if any, with respect to that change.~~

~~**7.3.8** If the Owner and Contractor do not agree with the adjustment in Contract Time or the method for determining it, the adjustment or the method shall be referred to the Construction Manager for determination.~~

~~**7.3.9** When the Owner and Contractor agree with the determination made by the Construction Manager concerning the adjustments in the Contract Sum and Contract Time, or otherwise reach agreement upon the adjustments, such agreement shall be effective immediately issued through the Construction Manager and shall be recorded by preparation and execution of an appropriate Change Order.~~

7.4 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

7.4.1 The Architect will have authority to order minor changes in the Work not involving adjustment in the Contract Sum or extension of the Contract Time and not inconsistent with the intent of the Contract Documents. Such changes shall be effected by written order issued through the Construction Manager and shall be binding on the Owner and Contractor. The Contractor shall carry out such written orders promptly.

ARTICLE 8
TIME

8.1 DEFINITIONS

8.1.1 Unless otherwise provided, Contract Time is the period of time, including authorized adjustments, allotted in the Contract Documents for Substantial Completion of the Work.

8.1.2 The date of commencement of the Work is the date established in the Agreement. The date shall not be postponed by the failure to act of the Contractor or of persons or entities for whom the Contractor is responsible.

8.1.3 The date of Substantial Completion is the date certified by the Architect in accordance with Paragraph 9.8.

8.1.4 The term "day" as used in the Contract Documents shall mean calendar day unless otherwise specifically defined.

8.2 PROGRESS AND COMPLETION

8.2.1 Time limits stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of the Contract. By executing the Agreement the Contractor confirms that the Contract Time is a reasonable period for performing the Work.

8.2.2 The Contractor shall not knowingly, except by agreement or instruction of the Owner in writing, prematurely commence operations on the site or elsewhere prior to the effective date of insurance required by Article 11 to be furnished by the Contractor. The date of commencement of the Work shall not be changed by the effective date of such insurance. Unless the date of commencement is established by a notice to proceed given by the Owner, the Contractor shall notify the Owner in writing not less than five days or other agreed period before commencing the Work to permit the timely filing of mortgages, mechanic's liens and other security interests.

8.2.3 The Contractor shall proceed expeditiously with adequate forces and shall achieve Substantial Completion within the Contract Time. All Work shall be completed in sufficient time to allow for clean-up and preparation for Owner move-in prior to the date of Substantial Completion of the Work.

8.3 DELAYS AND EXTENSIONS OF TIME

8.3.1 If the Contractor is delayed at any time in progress of the Work by an act or neglect of the Owner's own forces, Construction Manager, Architect, any of the other Contractors or an employee of any of them, or by changes ordered in the Work, or by labor disputes, fire, unusual delay in deliveries, adverse weather conditions not reasonably anticipated, unavoidable casualties or other causes beyond the Contractor's control, or by delay authorized by the Owner pending arbitration, or by other causes which the ~~Architect, based on the recommendation of the~~ Construction Manager, determines may justify delay, then the Contract Time shall be extended by Change Order to the extent such delay will prevent the Contractor from achieving Substantial Completion within the Contract Time and if the performance of the Work is not, was not, or would not have been delayed by any other cause for which the Contractor is not entitled to an extension in the Contract Time under the Contract Documents. The Contractor further acknowledges and agrees that adjustments in the Contract Time will be permitted for a delay only to the extent such delay is not caused, or could not have been anticipated or prevented by the Contactor, could not be limited or avoided by the Contractor's timely notice to the Owner of the delay, and is of a duration not less than one (1) day. ~~for such reasonable time as the Architect may determine~~.

8.3.2 ~~Claims relating to time shall be made in accordance with applicable provisions of Paragraph 4.7.~~ Any claim for extension of time shall be made in writing to the Construction Manager in the manner and time specified by Paragraph 4.7; otherwise it shall be waived. In the case of a continuing delay only one claim is necessary. The Contractor shall provide a written estimate of the probable effect of such delay on the progress of the Work.

8.3.3 ~~This Paragraph 8.3 does not preclude recovery of damages for delay by either party under other provisions of the Contract Documents.~~ Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Contract Documents, an extension in the Contract Time, to the extent permitted under Subparagraph 8.3.1, shall be the sole remedy of the Contractor for any (1) delay in the commencement, prosecution, or completion of the Work; (2) hinderance or obstruction in the performance of the Work; (3) loss of productivity or acceleration; or (4) other similar claims (collectively referred to in this Subparagraph 8.3.3 as Delays) whether or not such Delays are foreseeable, unless a Delay is caused by the Owner's active interference with the Contractor's performance of the Work, and only to the extent such acts continue after the Contractor furnishes the Owner with notice of such interference. In no event shall the Contractor be entitled to any compensation or recovery of any damages in connection with any Delay, including, without limitation, consequential damages, lost opportunity costs, impact damages, or other similar remuneration. The Owner's exercise of any of its rights or remedies under the Contract Documents (including, without limitation, ordering changes in the Work, or directing suspension, rescheduling, or correction of the Work), regardless of the extent or frequency of the Owner's exercise of such rights or remedies, shall not be construed as active

interference with the Contractor's performance of the Work.

ARTICLE 9
PAYMENTS AND COMPLETION

9.1 CONTRACT SUM

9.1.1 The Contract Sum is stated in the Agreement and, including authorized adjustments, is the total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor for performance of the Work under the Contract Documents.

9.2 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

9.2.1 ~~Before the first Application for Payment, the~~ Within seven (7) days after award of contract, Contractor shall submit to the Architect, through the Construction Manager, a schedule of values allocated to various portions of the Work, prepared in such form and supported by such data to substantiate its accuracy as the Construction Manager and Architect may require. This schedule, unless objected to by the Construction Manager or Architect, shall be used as a basis for reviewing the Contractor's Applications for Payment.

9.3 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

9.3.1 At least fifteen days before the date established for each progress payment, the Contractor shall submit to the Construction Manager an itemized Application for Payment for Work completed in accordance with the schedule of values. Such application shall be notarized, if required, and supported by such data substantiating the Contractor's right to payment as the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect may require, such as copies of requisitions from Subcontractors and material suppliers, and reflecting retainage if provided for elsewhere in the Contract Documents. See Project Manual Section 01290 - Payment Procedures for a description of Contractor's obligations in relation to Applications for Payment.

9.3.1.1 Such applications may include requests for payment on account of changes in the Work which have been properly authorized by ~~Construction Change Directives~~Notice to Proceed but not yet included in Change Orders.

9.3.1.2 Such applications may not include requests for payment of amounts the Contractor does not intend to pay to a Subcontractor or material supplier because of a dispute or other reason.

9.3.1.3 The Contractor shall provide supporting data substantiating the Contractor's right to payment as the Owner, Architect and Construction Manager may require.

9.3.2 Payment will not be made on account of materials or equipment stored on or off site unless the requirements set forth in Project Manual Section 01290 regarding materials stored off site are met to the satisfaction of Construction Manager. ~~Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, payments shall be made on account of materials and equipment delivered and suitably stored at the site for subsequent incorporation in the Work. If approved in advance by the Owner, payment may similarly be made for materials and equipment suitably stored off the site at a location agreed upon in writing. Payment for materials and equipment stored on or off the site shall be conditioned upon compliance by the Contractor with procedures satisfactory to the Owner to establish the Owner's title to such materials and equipment or otherwise protect the Owner's interest, and shall include applicable insurance, storage and transportation to the site for such materials and equipment stored off the site.~~

9.3.3 The Contractor warrants that title to all Work (including materials and equipment) covered by an Application for Payment will pass to the Owner no later than the time of payment. The Contractor further warrants that upon submittal of an Application for Payment all Work for which Certificates for Payment have been previously issued and payments received from the Owner shall, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge, information and belief, be free and clear of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Liens") in favor of the Contractor, Subcontractors, material suppliers, or other persons or entities making a claim by reason of having provided labor, materials and equipment relating to the Work.

9.3.3.1 The Contractor further expressly undertakes to defend the Indemnitees, at the Contractor's sole expense, against any actions, lawsuits, or proceedings brought against the Indemnitees as a result of Liens filed against the Work, the site of the Work, the Project site and any improvements on it, payments due the Contractor, or any portion of the property of any of the Indemnities. The Contractor agrees to indemnify and hold the Indemnitees harmless against any such Liens and agrees to pay any judgment resulting from any such actions, lawsuits, or proceedings.

9.3.3.2 The Owner shall release any payments withheld due to a Lien if the Contractor obtains security acceptable to the Owner or a lien bond that is (1) issued to a surety acceptable to the Owner; (2) in form and substance satisfactory to the Owner; and (3) in an amount not less than one hundred fifty percent (150%) of such Lien. By posting a lien bond or other acceptable security, however, the Contractor shall not be relieved of any responsibilities or obligations under this Paragraph 9.3, including, without limitation, the duty to defend and indemnify the Indemnitees. The cost of any premiums incurred in connection with such bonds and security shall be the Contactor's responsibility and shall not be part of, or cause any adjustment to, the Contract Sum.

9.3.3.3 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Owner reserves the right to settle any disputed Lien by making payment to the lien claimant or by such other means as the Owner, in the Owner's sole discretion, determines is the most economical or advantageous method of settling the dispute. The Contractor shall promptly reimburse Owner, upon demand, for any payments so made.

9.4 CERTIFICATES FOR PAYMENT

9.4.1 ~~The Construction Manager will assemble a Project Application for Payment by combining the Contractor's applications with similar applications for progress payments from other Contractors and, after certifying the amounts due on such applications, forward them to the Architect within seven days.~~ The Architect will, after the receipt of the Project Application for Payment with the recommendations of the Construction Manager, review the Project Application for Payment and either issue a Project Certificate for Payment to the Owner with a copy to the Construction Manager for such amounts as the Architect determines are properly due, or notify the Construction Manager and Owner in writing of the reasons for withholding a Certificate as provided in Subparagraph 9.5.1. Such notifications will be forwarded to the Contractor by the Construction Manager.

~~**9.4.2** Within seven days after the Architect's receipt of the Project Application for Payment, the Construction Manager and Architect will either issue to the Owner a Project Certificate for Payment, with a copy to the Contractor, for such amount as the Construction Manager and Architect determine is properly due, or notify the Contractor and Owner in writing of the Construction Manager's and Architect's reasons for withholding certification in whole or in part as provided in Subparagraph 9.5.1. Such notification will be forwarded to the Contractor by the Construction Manager.~~

9.4.2 The issuance of a separate Certificate for Payment or a Project Certificate for Payment will constitute representations made separately by the Construction Manager and Architect to the Owner, based on their individual observations at the site and the data comprising the Application for Payment submitted by the Contractor, that the Work has progressed to the point indicated and that, to the best of the Construction Manager's and Architect's knowledge, information and belief, quality of the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents. The foregoing representations are subject to an evaluation of the Work for conformance with the Contract Documents upon Substantial Completion, to results of subsequent tests and inspections, to minor deviations from the Contract Documents correctable prior to completion and to specific qualifications expressed by the Construction Manager or Architect. The issuance of a separate Certificate for Payment or a Project Certificate for Payment will further constitute a representation that the Contractor is entitled to payment in the amount certified. However, the issuance of a separate Certificate for Payment or a Project Certificate for Payment will not be a representation that the Construction Manager or Architect has (1) made exhaustive or continuous on-site inspections to check the quality or quantity of the Work, (2) reviewed the Contractor's construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, (3) reviewed copies of requisitions received from Subcontractors and material suppliers and other data requested by the Owner to substantiate the Contractor's right to payment or (4) made examination to ascertain how or for what purpose the Contractor has used money previously paid on account of the Contract Sum.

9.5 DECISIONS TO WITHHOLD CERTIFICATION

9.5.1 The Construction Manager or Architect may decide not to certify payment and may withhold a Certificate for Payment in whole or in part, to the extent reasonably necessary to protect the Owner, if in the Construction Manager's or Architect's opinion the representations to the Owner required by Subparagraph ~~9.4.3~~ 9.4.2 cannot be made. If the Construction Manager or Architect is unable to certify payment in the amount of the Application, the Construction Manager or Architect will notify the Contractor and Owner as provided in Subparagraph ~~9.4.2.~~ 9.4.1. If the Contractor, Construction Manager and Architect cannot agree on a revised amount, the Construction Manager and Architect will promptly issue a Certificate for Payment for the amount for which the Construction Manager and Architect are able to make such representations to the Owner. The Construction Manager or Architect may also decide not to certify payment or, because of subsequently discovered evidence or subsequent observations, may nullify the whole or a part of a Certificate for Payment previously issued, to such extent as may be necessary in the Construction Manager's or Architect's opinion to protect the Owner from loss because of:

.1 defective Work not remedied;

.2 third party claims filed or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of such claims;

.3 failure of the Contractor to make payments properly to Subcontractors or for labor, materials or equipment;

.4 reasonable evidence that the Work cannot be completed for the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum;

.5 damage to the Owner or Construction Manager or another contractor;

.6 reasonable evidence that the Work will not be completed within the Contract Time, and that the unpaid balance would not be adequate to cover actual or liquidated damages for the anticipated delay; or

.7 persistent failure to carry out the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

9.5.2 When the above reasons for withholding certification are removed, certification will be made for amounts previously withheld.

9.5.3 Should the Subcontractor be in debt to the Owner for any reason, whether in connection with this Contract or a separate contract on this, or another Project, then Owner shall have the right to apply funds from this Contract against the debt owed.

9.6 PROGRESS PAYMENTS

9.6.1 The Owner shall either forward payments for the preceding month's Work to the Contractor directly, or forward payments for the preceding month's Work to the Construction Manager for distribution to Contractors. As agent of the Owner, Construction Manager shall forward payment to Contractor following verification of Owner's disbursement checks. ~~After the Construction Manager and Architect have issued a Project Certificate for Payment, the Owner shall make payment in the manner and within the time provided in the Contract Documents, and shall so notify the Construction Manager and Architect.~~

9.6.2 The Contractor shall promptly pay each Subcontractor, ~~upon~~within five (5) days of receipt of payment from the Owner or Construction Manager, out of the amount paid to the Contractor on account of such Subcontractor's portion of the Work, the amount to which said Subcontractor is entitled, reflecting percentages actually retained from payments to the Contractor on account of such Subcontractor's portion of the Work. The Contractor shall, by appropriate agreement with each Subcontractor, require each Subcontractor to make payments to Sub-subcontractors in similar manner.

9.6.3 The Construction Manager ~~will, on request~~ may, on request, and in the Construction Manager's discretion, furnish to a Subcontractor, if practicable, information regarding percentages of completion or amounts applied for by the Contractor and action taken thereon by the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect on account of portions of the Work done by such Subcontractor.

9.6.4 Neither the Owner, Construction Manager nor Architect shall have an obligation to pay or to see to the payment of money to a Subcontractor except as may otherwise be required by law. However, if either Owner, Construction Manager or Architect has cause for concern of whether all payments have been made or will be made as required to subcontractors, laborers or suppliers or creditors of the Subcontractor, Owner, Construction Manager or Architect, in their sole discretion, and without limiting other remedies, after seventy-two (72) hours notice to Contractor, have the right to issue payments either by joint check, payable to both Contractor and the subcontractor, laborer, supplier or creditor, or directly to the subcontractor, laborer, supplier or creditor. Such payments shall be applied against the Contract Sum to the same extent as if the payment were made solely to the Contractor. The Owner, Construction Manager or Architect's rights to issue joint checks or direct payments shall in no event create an obligation on the part of the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect to exercise this right on behalf of a subcontractor, labor, supplier or creditor.

9.6.5 Payment to material suppliers shall be treated in a manner similar to that provided in Subparagraphs 9.6.2, 9.6.3 and 9.6.4.

9.6.6 A Certificate for Payment, a progress payment, or partial or entire use or occupancy of the Project by the Owner shall not constitute acceptance of Work not in accordance with the Contract Documents.

9.7 FAILURE OF PAYMENT

9.7.1 If the Construction Manager should fail to issue recommendations within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the Contractor's Application for Payment, or if, through no fault of the Contractor, the Architect does not issue a Project Certificate for Payment within fourteen (14) days after the Architect's receipt of the Project Application for Payment, or if the Owner does not pay the Contractor within fourteen (14) days after the date established in the Contract Documents any amount certified by the Architect or awarded by arbitration, then the Contractor may, upon fourteen (14) additional days' written notice to the Owner, the Architect and the Construction Manager, stop Work until payment of the amount owing has been received. The Contract Sum shall be increased by the amount of the Contractor's reasonable costs of shut-down, delay and start-up, which shall be accomplished as provided in Article 7. ~~If, through no fault of the Contractor, 1) the Construction Manager and Architect do not issue a Project Certificate for Payment within fourteen days after the Construction Manager's receipt of the Contractor's Application for Payment or 2) the Owner does not pay the Contractor within seven days after the date established in the Contract Documents the amount certified by the Construction Manager and Architect or awarded by arbitration, then the Contractor may, upon seven additional days' written notice to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect, stop the Work until payment of the amount owing has been received. The Contract Time shall be extended appropriately and the Contract Sum shall be increased by the amount of the Contractor's reasonable costs of shut down, delay and start up, which shall be accomplished as provided in Article 7.~~

9.7.2 If the Owner is entitled to reimbursement or payment from the Contractor under or pursuant to the Contract Documents, such payment shall be made promptly upon demand by the Owner. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Contract Documents to the contrary, if the Contractor fails to promptly make any payment due the Owner, or the Owner incurs any costs and expenses to cure any default of the Contactor or to correct defective Work, the Owner shall have an absolute right to offset such amount against the Contract Sum and may, in the Owner's sole discretion, elect either to deduct an amount equal to that which the Owner is entitled from any payment then or thereafter due the Contractor from the Owner, or issue a written notice to the Contractor reducing the Contract Sum by an amount equal to that which the Owner is entitled.

9.8 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

9.8.1 Substantial Completion is the stage in the progress of the Work when the Work or designated portion thereof is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so the Owner can occupy or utilize the Work for its intended use.

9.8.2 When the Contractor considers that the Work, or a portion thereof which the Owner agrees to accept separately, is substantially complete, the Contractor ~~and Construction Manager~~ shall ~~jointly~~ prepare and submit to the Architect through the Construction Manager a comprehensive list of items to be completed or corrected. The Contractor shall proceed promptly to complete and correct items on the list. Failure to include an item on such list does not alter the responsibility of the Contractor to complete all Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. Upon receipt of the list, the Architect, assisted by the Construction Manager, will make an inspection to determine whether the Work or designated portion thereof is substantially complete. If the Architect's inspection discloses any item, whether or not included on the list, which is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall, before issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, complete or correct such item upon notification by the Architect. The Contractor shall then submit through the Construction Manager a request for another inspection by the Architect, assisted by the Construction Manager, to determine Substantial Completion. When the Work or designated portion thereof is substantially complete, the Architect will prepare a Certificate of Substantial Completion which shall establish the date of Substantial Completion, shall establish responsibilities of the Owner and Contractor for security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance, and shall fix the time within which the Contractor shall finish all items on the list accompanying the Certificate. Warranties required by the Contract Documents shall commence on the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof unless otherwise provided in the Certificate of Substantial Completion. The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall be submitted to the Owner and Contractor for their written acceptance of responsibilities assigned to them in such Certificate. In no case shall the Contractor's final completion of the Work and contract closeout (see Project Manual Section 01700 - Contract Closeout) exceed sixty (60) days from the date of issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion. In the event Contractor fails to complete the Work within the sixty (60) day period, the Owner may, in addition to all of its other rights and remedies under the Contract and at law and/or equity, complete the Contractor's Work at the sole expense of Contractor. Owner shall be entitled to deduct from the final payment all costs and expenses incurred in completing the Work, including additional Construction Management and Architecture fees and costs. In the event the costs exceed the amounts being withheld by Owner for final payment, the Contractor or its surety shall make the excess payment within five (5) days of demand by the Owner.

9.8.3 Upon Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof and upon application by the Contractor and certification by the Construction Manager and Architect, the Owner ~~shall~~ or Construction Manager may make payment, reflecting adjustment in retainage, if any, for such Work or portion thereof as provided in the Contract Documents.

9.8.3.1 Within thirty (30) days after Certificate of Substantial Completion has been issued for all portions of its Work, Contractor may be paid at the discretion of the Construction Manager and Owner, a sum sufficient to increase total payments to One Hundred Percent (100%) of Contract Sum, or portion thereof, less such retainage as Architect and Construction Manager determine in their sole discretion is necessary to protect Owner for any and all incomplete work and unsettled claims.

9.9 PARTIAL OCCUPANCY OR USE

9.9.1 The Owner reserves the right to occupy the whole or any portion of the premises at any time prior to completion of the Work provided such occupancy or use is consented to by the insurer as required under Subparagraph 11.3.11 and authorized by public authorities having jurisdiction over the Work. It is understood and agreed that the right to use the premises is part of the Contract and the Contractor has taken this possibility into account when preparing its bid, and that the Contractor shall proceed with the Work in such a manner as may be directed and shall cooperate with the Owner to limit interruptions to the Owner's routine operations. ~~The Owner may occupy or use any completed or partially completed portion of the Work at any stage when such portion is designated by separate agreement with the Contractor, provided such occupancy or use is consented to by~~

~~the insurer as required under Subparagraph 11.3.11 and authorized by public authorities having jurisdiction over the Work.~~ Such partial occupancy or use may commence whether or not the portion is substantially complete, provided the Owner and Contractor have accepted in writing the responsibilities assigned to each of them for payments, retainage if any, security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance, and have agreed in writing concerning the period for correction of the Work and commencement of warranties required by the Contract Documents. When the Contractor considers a portion substantially complete, the Contractor ~~and Construction Manager~~ shall ~~jointly~~ prepare and submit a list to the Architect, through the Construction Manager, as provided under Subparagraph 9.8.2. Consent of the Contractor to partial occupancy or use shall not be unreasonably withheld. The stage of the progress of the Work shall be determined by written agreement between the Owner and Contractor or, if no agreement is reached, by decision of the Architect after consultation with the Construction Manager.

9.9.2 Immediately prior to such partial occupancy or use, the Owner, Construction Manager, Contractor and Architect shall jointly inspect the area to be occupied or portion of the Work to be used in order to determine and record the condition of the Work.

9.9.3 Unless otherwise agreed upon, partial occupancy or use of a portion or portions of the Work shall not constitute acceptance of Work not complying with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

9.10 FINAL COMPLETION AND FINAL PAYMENT

9.10.1 Upon completion of the Work, the Contractor shall forward to the Construction Manager a written notice that the Work is ready for final inspection and acceptance and shall also forward to the Construction Manager a final Contractor's Application for Payment. Upon receipt, the Construction Manager will forward the notice and Application to the Architect, along with Construction Manager's recommendation, if any, who will promptly make such inspection. When the Architect, and ~~based on the recommendation of the~~ Construction Manager, finds the Work acceptable under the Contract Documents and the Contract fully performed, the ~~Construction Manager and~~ Architect will promptly issue a final Certificate for Payment stating that to the best of ~~their~~ its knowledge, information and belief, and on the basis of ~~their~~ its observations and inspections, the Work has been completed in accordance with terms and conditions of the Contract Documents and that the entire balance found to be due the Contractor and noted in said final Certificate is due and payable. The ~~Construction Manager's and~~ Architect's approval of the final Certificate for Payment will constitute a further representation that conditions listed in Subparagraph 9.10.2 as precedent to the Contractor's being entitled to final payment have been fulfilled. All warranties and guarantees and specified closeout documents required under or pursuant to the Contract Documents shall be assembled and delivered by the Contractor to the Construction Manager as part of the final Application for Payment (Refer to Project Manual Section 01700 - Contract Closeout, Section 01720 - Project Record Documents, Section 01730 - Operations and Maintenance Data, Section 01740 - Warranties and Guarantees, and Section 01750 - Systems Demonstration, Training and Start Up). The final Certificate for Payment will not be issued by the Architect until all warranties and guarantees and other specified closeout documentation have been received and accepted by the Owner.

9.10.2 Neither final payment nor any remaining retained percentage shall become due until the Contractor submits to the Architect through the Construction Manager (1) an affidavit that payrolls, bills for materials and equipment, and other indebtedness connected with the Work for which the Owner or Construction Manager or the Owner's property might be responsible or encumbered (less amounts withheld by Owner) have been paid or other wise satisfied, (2) a certificate evidencing that insurance required by the Contract Documents to remain in force after final payment is currently in effect and will not be canceled or allowed to expire until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the Owner, (3) a written statement that the Contractor knows of no substantial reason that the insurance will not be renewable to cover the period required by the Contract Documents, (4) consent of surety, if any, to final payment and (5), if required by the Owner or Construction Manager, other data establishing payment or satisfaction of obligations, such as receipts, releases and waivers of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract, to the extent and in such form as may be designated by the Owner or Construction Manager. If a Subcontractor refuses to furnish a release or waiver required by the Owner or Construction Manager, the Contractor may furnish a bond satisfactory to the Owner and Construction Manager to indemnify the Owner and Construction Manager against such lien. If such lien remains unsatisfied after payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the Owner and/or Construction Manager all money that the Owner and/or Construction Manager may be compelled to pay in discharging such lien, including all costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

9.10.3 If, after Substantial Completion of the Work, final completion thereof is materially delayed through no fault of the Contractor or by issuance of Change Orders affecting final completion, and the Construction Manager and Architect so confirm, the Owner shall, upon application by the Contractor and certification by the Construction Manager and Architect, and without terminating the Contract, make payment of the balance due for that portion of the Work fully completed and accepted. If the remaining balance for Work not fully completed or corrected is less than retainage stipulated in the Contract Documents, and if bonds have been furnished, the written consent of surety to payment of the balance due for that portion of the Work fully completed and accepted shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Architect through the

Construction Manager prior to certification of such payment. Such payment shall be made under terms and conditions governing final payment, except that it shall not constitute a waiver of Claims. The making of final payment shall constitute a waiver of Claims by the Owner as provided in Subparagraph 4.4.5.

9.10.4 Acceptance of final payment by the Contractor, a Subcontractor or material supplier shall constitute a waiver of claims by that payee except those previously made in writing and identified by that payee as unsettled at the time of final Application for Payment. Such waivers shall be in addition to the waiver described in Subparagraph 4.7.5. If Contractor fails to submit a final Application for Payment or a final waiver within a reasonable time after request by Construction Manager, and in no event later than sixty (60) days after the issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, the Owner and Construction Manager may unilaterally determine the balance due to the Contractor and the Contractor shall be bound by such determination.

ARTICLE 10
PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY

10.1 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND PROGRAMS

10.1.1 The Contractor shall be solely responsible to the Owner and Construction Manager for initiating, maintaining and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the performance of the Contract. The Contractor shall submit the Contractor's safety program to the Construction Manager for review and coordination with the safety programs of other Contractors. Contractor shall be responsible for payment of all fines levied against Owner, Architect or Construction Manager and all costs (including attorney's fees) incurred as a result of such fines arising from or relating to conduct of Contractor's Work.

10.1.2 In the event the Contractor encounters on the site material reasonably believed to be asbestos or polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), or any other hazardous material, which has not been rendered harmless, the Contractor shall immediately stop Work in the area affected and report the condition to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect in writing. The Work in the affected area shall not thereafter be resumed except by written agreement of the Owner and Contractor if in fact the material is asbestos or polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), or any other material deemed hazardous, and has not been rendered harmless. The Work in the affected area shall be resumed in the absence of asbestos, ~~or~~ polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), or any other hazardous material, or when it has been rendered harmless, by written agreement of the Owner and Contractor, or in accordance with final determination by the Architect on which arbitration has not been demanded, or by arbitration under Article 4. The term "rendered harmless" shall be interpreted to mean that levels of asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls, and other hazardous materials are less than any applicable exposure standards set forth in OSHA regulations. In no event, however, shall the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect have any responsibility for any substance or material that is brought to the Project site by the Contractor, any Subcontractor, any material supplier, or any entity for whom any of them is responsible. The Contractor agrees not to use any fill or other materials to be incorporated into the Work that are hazardous, toxic, or made up of any items that are hazardous or toxic. Refer to Project Manual Section 00840 - Hazardous Materials.

10.1.3 The Contractor shall not be required pursuant to Article 7 to perform without consent any Work relating to asbestos or polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), or any other hazardous material.

10.1.4 To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Owner shall indemnify and hold harmless the Contractor, Construction Manager, Architect, their consultants, and agents and employees of any of them from and against claims, damages, losses and expenses, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising out of or resulting from performance of the Work in the affected area if in fact the material is asbestos or polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) and has not been rendered harmless, provided that such claim, damage, loss or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property (other than the Work itself) including loss of use resulting therefrom, but only to the extent caused in whole or in part by negligent acts or omissions of the Owner, anyone directly or indirectly employed by the Owner or anyone for whose acts the Owner may be liable, regardless of whether or not such claim, damage, loss or expense is caused in part by a party indemnified hereunder. Such obligation shall not be construed to negate, abridge or reduce other rights or obligations of indemnity which would otherwise exist as to a party or person described in this Subparagraph 10.1.4.

10.1.5 If reasonable precautions will be inadequate to prevent foreseeable bodily injury or death to persons resulting from a material or substance encountered on the site by the Contractor, the Contractor shall, upon recognizing the condition, immediately stop Work in the affected area and report the condition to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect in writing. The Owner, Contractor, Construction Manager and Architect shall then proceed in the same manner described in Subparagraph 10.1.2.

10.1.6 The Owner shall be responsible for obtaining the services of a licensed laboratory to verify a presence or absence of the material or substance reported by the Contractor and, in the event such material or substance is found to be present, to verify that it has been rendered harmless. Unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, the Owner shall furnish in writing to the Contractor, Construction Manager and

Architect the names and qualifications of persons or entities who are to perform tests verifying the presence or absence of such material or substance or who are to perform the task of removal or safe containment of such material or substance. The Contractor, the Construction Manager and the Architect will promptly reply to the Owner in writing stating whether or not any of them has reasonable objection to the persons or entities proposed by the Owner. If the Contractor, Construction Manager or Architect has an objection to a person or entity proposed by the Owner, the Owner shall propose another to whom the Contractor, the Construction Manager and the Architect have no reasonable objection.

10.2 SAFETY OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY

10.2.1 The Contractor shall take ~~reasonable~~ all necessary or appropriate precautions for safety of, and shall provide ~~reasonable~~ all necessary or appropriate protection to prevent damage, injury or loss to:

.1 all employees involved in the Project and all other persons who may be affected thereby; ~~employees on the Work of other persons who may be affected thereby;~~

.2 the Work and materials and equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the site, under care, custody or control of the Contractor or the Contractor's Subcontractors or Sub-subcontractors;

.3 other property at the site or adjacent thereto, such as, but not limited to, trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures and utilities not designated for removal, relocation or replacement in the course of construction; and

.4 construction or operations by the Owner, the Construction Manager or other Contractors.

10.2.2 The Contractor shall give notices and comply with applicable laws, ordinances, rules, regulations and lawful orders of public authorities bearing on safety of persons or property or their protection from damage, injury or loss.

10.2.3 The Contractor shall erect and maintain, as required by existing conditions and performance of the Contract, ~~reasonable~~ all necessary or appropriate safeguards for safety and protection, including posting danger signs and other warnings against hazards, promulgating safety regulations and notifying owners and users of adjacent sites and utilities. The Contractor shall also be responsible, at the Contractor's sole cost and expense, for all measures necessary to protect any property and improvements adjacent to the Project. Any damages to such property or improvements shall be promptly repaired by the Contractor. Without limiting the indemnity provisions elsewhere in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner and Construction Manager from and against any and all actions or damages arising out of or resulting from damage to such property or improvements.

10.2.4 Use of explosives is not permitted. When use or storage of hazardous substances or equipment, or unusual construction methods are necessary, Contractor shall give Owner, Construction Manager and Architect reasonable advanced notice. When driving or removing piles, wrecking, performing excavation work or other similar potentially dangerous work, the Contractor shall provide protection and exercise utmost care, under supervision of properly qualified personnel, so as not to endanger life or property. Contractor is fully responsible for any and all damages, claims and for defense of all actions against Owner, Construction Manager and Architect resulting from prosecution of such work in connection with or arising out of the Contract. ~~When use for storage of explosives or other hazardous materials or equipment or unusual methods are necessary for execution of the Work, the Contractor shall exercise utmost care and carry on such activities under supervision of properly qualified personnel.~~

10.2.5 The Contractor shall promptly remedy damage and loss (other than damage or loss insured under property insurance required by the Contract Documents) to property referred to in Clauses 10.2.1.2, 10.2.1.3 and 10.2.1.4 caused in whole or in part by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, a Sub-subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts they may be liable and for which the Contractor is responsible under Clauses 10.2.1.2, 10.2.1.3 and 10.2.1.4, except damage or loss attributable to acts or omissions of the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, and not attributable to the fault or negligence of the Contractor. The foregoing obligations of the Contractor are in addition to the Contractor's obligations under Paragraph 3.18.

10.2.6 The Contractor shall designate a responsible member of the Contractor's organization at the site whose duty shall be the prevention of accidents. This person shall be the Contractor's superintendent unless otherwise designated by the Contractor in writing to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect.

10.2.7 The Contractor shall not load or permit any part of the construction or site to be loaded so as to endanger its safety.

10.2.8 When all or a portion of the Work is suspended for any reason, the Contractor shall securely fasten down all coverings and protect the Work, as necessary, from injury by any cause.

10.2.9 The Contractor shall promptly report by telephone and in writing to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect all accidents arising out of or in connection with the Work that cause death, personal injury, or property damage, giving full details and observations of any witnesses. See Project Manual Section 00810 - Safety Program.

10.3 EMERGENCIES

10.3.1 In an emergency affecting safety or persons or property, the Contractor shall act, at the Contractor's discretion, to prevent threatened damage, injury or loss. Additional compensation or extension of time claimed by the Contractor on account of an emergency shall be determined as provided in Paragraph 4.7 and Article 7.

ARTICLE 11
INSURANCE AND BONDS

11.1 CONTRACTOR'S LIABILITY INSURANCE

11.1.1 The Contractor shall purchase from and maintain in a company or companies lawfully authorized to do business in the jurisdiction in which the Project is located such insurance as will protect the Contractor from claims set forth below which may arise out of or result from the Contractor's operations under the Contract and for which the Contractor may be legally liable, whether such operations be by the Contractor or by a Subcontractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable:

.1 claims under workers compensation, disability benefit and other similar employee benefit acts which are applicable to the Work to be performed;

.2 claims for damages because of bodily injury, occupational sickness or disease, or death of the Contractor's employees;

.3 claims for damages because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, or death of any person other than the Contractor's employees;

.4 claims for damages insured by usual personal injury liability coverage which are sustained (1) by a person as a result of an offense directly or indirectly related to employment of such person by the Contractor, or (2) by another person;

.5 claims for damages, other than to the Work itself, because of injury to or destruction of tangible property, including loss of use resulting therefrom;

.6 claims for damages because of bodily injury, death of a person or property damage arising out of ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle; and

.7 claims involving contractual liability insurance applicable to the Contractor's obligations under Paragraph 3.18.

.8 The Contractor's liability insurance shall include all major divisions of coverage and be on a comprehensive basis, including, without limitation:

(1) Premises/Operations (including X, C, and U coverages as applicable).
(2) Independent Contractors' Protective.
(3) Products and Completed Operations.
(4) Personal Injury Liability with Employment Exclusion deleted.
(5) Contractual, including specified provision for Contractor's obligations under Paragraph 3.18.
(6) Owned, nonowned, and hired motor vehicles.
(7) Broad Form Property Damage, including Completed Operations.

The Contractor's insurance shall meet all additional insurance requirements set forth in the Project Manual Section 00620 - Insurance.

.9 If the Contractor has design responsiblity under the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall procure and maintain professional liability insurance in a form and substance that is satisfactory to the Owner. See Project Manual Section 00620 - Insurance.

.10 If the Work involves hazardous waste, hazardous material or asbestos, the Contractor shall procure and maintain pollution liability insurance in a form and substance that is satisfactory to the Owner. See Project Manual Section 00620 - Insurance.

11.1.2 ~~The insurance required by Subparagraph 11.1.1 shall be written for not less than limits of liability specified in the Contract Documents or required by law, whichever coverage is greater. Coverages, whether written on an occurrence or claims made basis, shall be maintained without interruption from date of commencement of the Work until date of final payment and termination of any coverage required to be maintained after final payment.~~ Refer to Project Manual Section 00620 - Insurance for the specific required coverages, limits, endorsements and time periods that Contractor's insurance must be maintained.

11.1.3 ~~Certificates of insurance acceptable to the Owner shall be submitted to the Construction Manager for transmittal to the Owner with a copy to the Architect prior to commencement of the Work. These certificates and the insurance policies required by this Paragraph 11.1 shall contain a provision that coverages afforded under the policies will not be canceled or allowed to expire until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the Owner. If any of the foregoing insurance coverages are required to remain in force after final payment and are reasonably available, an additional certificate evidencing continuation of such coverage shall be submitted with the final Application for Payment as required by Subparagraph 9.10.2. Information concerning reduction of coverage shall be furnished by the Contractor with reasonable promptness in accordance with the Contractor's information and belief.~~ The Contractor agrees to deliver to the Construction Manager, within ten (10) days of the date of the Owner-Contractor Agreement and prior to bringing any equipment or personnel onto the site of the Work or the Project site, certified copies of all insurance policies procured by the Contractor under or pursuant to this Paragraph 11.1 or, with consent of the Owner and Construction Manager, Certificates of Insurance in form and substance satisfactory to the Owner and Construction Manager evidencing the required coverages with limits not less than those specified in the Project Manual Section 00620 - Insurance. The coverage afforded under any insurance policy obtained under or pursuant to this Paragraph 11.1 shall be primary and not excess over or contributory with any valid and collectible insurance carried separately by any of the Indemnitees. Furthermore, all policies and Certificates of Insurance shall expressly provide that no less than thirty (30) days' prior written notice shall be given the Construction Manager, Architect, and Owner in the event of material alteration, cancellation, nonrenewal, or expiration of the coverage contained in such policy or evidenced by such certified copy or Certificate of Insurance. The Owner and Construction Manager ("Barton Malow Company") shall be named additional insureds on the General Liability, Excess Liability, Pollution Liability and Auto Coverage and the policy endorsement form must be the ISO Additional Insured - Owners, Lessees or Contractors (Form B) CG2010 11 85, CG2026 11 85 or an equivalent and must provide additional insured status during completion operations.

11.1.4 In no event shall any failure of the Construction Manager or Owner to receive certified copies or certificates or policies required under Paragraph 11.1 or to demand receipt of such certified copies or certificates prior to the Contractor's commencing the Work be construed as a waiver by the Owner of the Contactor's obligations to obtain insurance pursuant to this Article 11.

11.1.5 When any required insurance, due to the attainment of a normal expiration date or renewal date, shall expire, the Contractor shall furnish to the Construction Manager Certificates of Insurance and amendatory riders or endorsements that clearly evidence the continuation of all coverage in the same manner, limits of protection, and scope of coverage as was provided by the previous policy. In the event any renewal or replacement policy, for whatever reason obtained or required, is written by a carrier other than that with whom the coverage was previously placed, or the subsequent policy differs in any way from the previous policy, the Contractor shall also furnish the Construction Manager with a certified copy of the renewal or replacement policy unless the Owner provides the Contractor with prior written consent to submit only a Certificate of Insurance for any such policy. All renewal and replacement policies shall be in the form and substance satisfactory to the Owner and written by carriers acceptable to the Owner.

11.1.6 Any aggregate limit under the Contractor's liability insurance shall, by endorsement, apply to this Project separately.

11.1.7 Where the provisions of this Paragraph 11.1 and the Project Manual Section 00620 - Insurance conflict, the stricter provision requiring the more extensive insurance coverage shall control.

11.2 OWNER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE

11.2.1 The Owner shall be responsible for purchasing and maintaining the Owner's usual liability insurance. Optionally, the Owner may purchase and maintain other insurance for self-protection against claims which may arise from operations under the Contract. The Contractor shall not be responsible for purchasing and maintaining this optional Owner's liability insurance unless specifically required by the Contract Documents.

11.3 PROPERTY INSURANCE

11.3.1 Unless otherwise provided, the Owner shall purchase and maintain, in a company or companies lawfully authorized to do business in the jurisdiction in which the Project is located, property insurance in the amount of the initial Contract Sum as well as subsequent modifications thereto for the entire Work at the site on a replacement cost basis without voluntary deductibles. Such property insurance shall be maintained, unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents or otherwise agreed in writing by all persons and entities who are beneficiaries of such insurance, until final payment has been made as provided in Paragraph 9.10 or until no person or entity other than the Owner has an insurable interest in the property required by this Paragraph 11.3 to be covered, whichever is earlier. This insurance shall include

interests of the Owner, the Contractor, Subcontractors and Sub-subcontractors in the Work.

11.3.1.1 Property insurance shall be on an "all-risk" policy form and shall insure against the perils of fire and extended coverage and physical loss or damage including, without duplication of coverage, theft, vandalism, malicious mischief, collapse, falsework, temporary buildings and debris removal including demolition occasioned by enforcement of any applicable legal requirements, and shall cover reasonable compensation for Architect's services and expenses required as a result of such insured loss. Coverage for other perils shall not be required unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents.

11.3.1.2 If the Owner does not intend to purchase such property insurance required by the Contract and with all of the coverages in the amount described above, the Owner shall so inform the Contractor in writing prior to commencement of the Work. The Contractor may then effect insurance which will protect the interests of the Contractor, Subcontractors and Sub-subcontractors in the Work, and by appropriate Change Order the cost thereof shall be charged to the Owner. If the Contractor is damaged by the failure or neglect of the Owner to purchase or maintain insurance as described above, without so notifying the Contractor, then the Owner shall bear all reasonable costs properly attributable thereto.

11.3.1.3 If the property insurance requires minimum deductibles and such deductibles are identified in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall pay costs not covered because of such deductibles. If the Owner or insurer increases the required minimum deductibles above the amounts so identified or if the Owner elects to purchase this insurance with voluntary deductible amounts, the Owner shall be responsible for payment of the additional costs not covered because of such increased or voluntary deductibles.

11.3.1.4 ~~Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, this property insurance shall cover portions of the Work stored off the site after written approval of the Owner at the value established in the approval, and also portions of the Work in transit.~~

11.3.1.5 The insurance required by this Paragraph 11.3 is not intended to cover machinery, tools or equipment owned or rented by the Contractor which are utilized in the performance of the Work but not incorporated into the permanent improvements. The Contractor shall, at the Contractor's own expense, provide insurance coverage for owned or rented machinery, tools or equipment which shall be subject to the provisions of Subparagraph 11.3.7. Refer to Project Manual Section 00620 - Insurance.

11.3.2 Boiler and Machinery Insurance. The Owner shall purchase and maintain boiler and machinery insurance required by the Contract Documents or by law, which shall specifically cover such insured objects during installation and until final acceptance by the Owner; this insurance shall include interests of the Owner, Construction Manager, Contractor, Subcontractors and Sub-subcontractors in the Work, and the Owner and Contractor shall be named insureds.

11.3.3 Loss of Use Insurance. The Owner, at the Owner's option, may purchase and maintain such insurance as will insure the Owner against loss of use of the Owner's property due to fire or other hazards, however caused. ~~The Owner waives all rights of action against the Contractor for loss of use of the Owner's property, including consequential losses due to fire or other hazards however caused.~~

11.3.4 The Owner and Construction Manager, "Barton Malow Company", shall be named as an additional insured on all property and liability policies. Refer to Project Manual 00620 - Insurance. ~~If the Contractor requests in writing that insurance for risks other than those described herein or for other special hazards be included in the property insurance policy, the Owner shall, if possible, include such insurance, and the cost thereof shall be charged to the Contractor by appropriate Change Order.~~

11.3.5 If during the Project construction period the Owner insures properties, real or personal or both, adjoining or adjacent to the site by property insurance under policies separate from those insuring the Project, or if after final payment property insurance is to be provided on the completed Project through a policy or policies other than those insuring the Project during the construction period, the Owner shall waive all rights in accordance with the terms of Subparagraph 11.3.7 for damages caused by fire or other perils covered by this separate property insurance. All separate policies shall provide this waiver of subrogation by endorsement or otherwise.

11.3.6 Before an exposure to loss may occur, the Owner shall file with the ~~Contractor~~ Construction Manager a copy of each policy that includes insurance coverages required by this Paragraph 11.3. Each policy shall contain all generally applicable conditions, definitions, exclusions and endorsements related to this Project. Each policy shall contain a provision that the policy will not be canceled or allowed to expire until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the Contractor.

11.3.7 Waivers of Subrogation. The Owner and Contractor waive all rights against each other and against the Construction Manager, Architect, Owner's other Contractors and own forces described in Article 6, if any, and the subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, consultants, agents and employees of any of them, for damages caused by fire or other perils to the extent covered by property insurance obtained pursuant to this Paragraph 11.3 or other property insurance applicable to the Work, except such rights as the Owner and Contractor may have to the proceeds of such insurance held by the Owner as fiduciary. The Owner or Contractor, as appropriate, shall require of the Construction Manager, Construction Manager's consultants, Architect, Architect's consultants, Owner's separate contractors described in Article 6, if any, and the subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees of any of them, by appropriate agreements, written where legally required for validity, similar waivers each

in favor of other parties enumerated herein. The policies shall provide such waivers of subrogation by endorsement or otherwise. A waiver of subrogation shall be effective as to a person or entity even though that person or entity would otherwise have a duty of indemnification, contractual or otherwise, did not pay the insurance premium directly or indirectly, and whether or not the person or entity had an insurable interest in the property damaged. This section shall be deemed null and void if its enforcement jeopardizes the Owner's insurance coverage.

11.3.8 A loss insured under Owner's property insurance shall be adjusted by the Owner as fiduciary through the Construction Manager and made payable to the Owner as fiduciary for the insureds, as their interests may appear, subject to requirements of any applicable mortgagee clause and of Subparagraph 11.3.10. The Contractor shall pay Subcontractors their just shares of insurance proceeds received by the Contractor, and by appropriate agreements, written where legally required for validity, shall require Subcontractors to make payments to their Sub-subcontractors in similar manner.

11.3.9 If required in writing by a party in interest, the Owner as fiduciary shall, upon occurrence of an insured loss, give bond for proper performance of the Owner's duties. The cost of required bonds shall be charged against proceeds received as fiduciary. The Owner shall deposit in a separate account proceeds so received, which the Owner shall distribute in accordance with such agreement as the parties in interest may reach, or in accordance with an arbitration award in which case the procedure shall be as provided in Paragraph 4.9. If after such loss no other special agreement is made, replacement of damaged property shall be covered by appropriate Change Order.

11.3.10 The Owner as fiduciary shall have power to adjust and settle a loss with insurers unless one of the parties in interest shall object in writing within five days after occurrence of loss to the Owner's exercise of this power; if such objection be made, arbitrators shall be chosen as provided in Paragraph 4.9. The Owner as fiduciary shall, in that case, make settlement with insurers in accordance with directions of such arbitrators. If distribution of insurance proceeds by arbitration is required, the arbitrators will direct such distribution.

11.3.11 Partial occupancy or use in accordance with Paragraph 9.9 shall not commence until the insurance company or companies providing property insurance have consented to such partial occupancy or use by endorsement or otherwise. The Owner and the Contractor shall take reasonable steps to obtain consent of the insurance company or companies and shall, without mutual written consent, take no action with respect to partial occupancy or use that would cause cancellation, lapse or reduction of insurance.

11.4 PERFORMANCE BOND AND PAYMENT BOND

11.4.1 The Contractor shall furnish performance and labor and material payment bonds, in a form satisfactory to the Construction Manager and Owner, and each in the amount of One-Hundred Percent (100%) of its contract amount (unless a lesser amount is specifically authorized in Project Manual Section 00610 - Bonds) covering all Work to be performed by the contractor and its subcontractors and suppliers. The Bonds shall be written in favor of both the Construction Manager and the Owner as dual obligees, using a dual obligee rider that is acceptable to the Owner and the Construction Manager. The Bonds shall also meet all additional requirements set forth in Project Manual Section 00610 - Bonds. ~~The Owner shall have the right to require the Contractor to furnish bonds covering faithful performance of the Contract and payment of obligations arising thereunder as stipulated in bidding requirements or specifically required in the Contract Documents on the date of execution of the Contract.~~

11.4.2 Upon the request of any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of bonds covering payment of obligations arising under the Contract, the Contractor shall promptly furnish a copy of the bonds or shall permit a copy to be made.

11.4.3 Additional Performance and Payment Bonds may be required by the Owner, in the Owner's sole discretion, from any Subcontractor. The Owner shall pay for any premiums charged for obtaining required Subcontractor bonds by executing a Change Order that shall increase the Contract Sum in an amount equal to such premiums. All such bonds shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Owner in the Owner's sole judgment.

ARTICLE 12
UNCOVERING AND CORRECTION OF WORK

12.1 UNCOVERING OF WORK

12.1.1 If a portion of the Work is covered contrary to the Construction Manager's or Architect's request or to requirements specifically expressed in the Contract Documents, it must, if required in writing by either, be uncovered for their observation and be replaced at the Contractor's expense without change in the Contract Time.

12.1.2 If a portion of the Work has been covered which the Construction Manager or Architect has not specifically requested to observe prior to its being covered, the Construction Manager or Architect may request to see such Work and it shall be uncovered by the Contractor. If such Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, costs of uncovering and replacement shall, by appropriate Change Order, be charged to the Owner. If such Work is not in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall pay such costs unless the condition was caused by the Owner or one of the other Contractors in which event the Owner shall be responsible for payment of such costs.

12.2 CORRECTION OF WORK

12.2.1 The Contractor shall promptly correct Work rejected by the Construction Manager or Architect or failing to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, whether observed before or after Substantial Completion and whether or not fabricated, installed or completed. The Contractor shall bear costs of correcting such rejected Work, including additional testing and inspections and compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's services and expenses made necessary thereby.

12.2.2 If, within one year after the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof, or after the date for commencement of warranties established under Subparagraph 9.9.1, or by terms of an applicable special warranty required by the Contract Documents, any of the Work is found to be not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall correct it promptly after receipt of written notice from the Owner or Construction Manager to do so unless the Owner or Construction Manager has previously given the Contractor a written acceptance of such condition. This period of one year shall be extended with respect to portions of Work first performed after Substantial Completion by the period of time between Substantial Completion and the actual performance of the Work. This obligation under this Subparagraph 12.2.2 shall survive acceptance of the Work under the Contract and termination of the Contract. The Owner shall give such notice promptly after discovery of the condition. Refer to Project Manual Section 01740 - Warranties and Guarantees.

12.2.3 The Contractor shall remove from the site portions of the Work which are not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and are neither corrected by the Contractor nor accepted by the Owner.

12.2.4 If the Contractor fails to correct nonconforming Work within a reasonable time, the Owner may correct it in accordance with Paragraph 2.4. If the Contractor does not proceed with correction of such nonconforming Work within a reasonable time fixed by written notice from the Construction Manager or from the Architect issued through the Construction Manager, the Owner or Construction Manager may remove it and store the salvable materials or equipment at the Contractor's expense. If the Contractor does not pay costs of such removal and storage within ten days after written notice, the Owner or Construction Manager may upon ten additional days' written notice sell such materials and equipment at auction or at private sale and shall account for the proceeds thereof, after deducting costs and damages that should have been borne by the Contractor, including compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's services and expenses made necessary thereby. If such proceeds of sale do not cover costs which the Contractor should have borne, the Contract Sum shall be reduced by the deficiency. If payments then or thereafter due the Contractor are not sufficient to cover such amount, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner through the Construction Manager.

12.2.5 The Contractor shall bear the cost of correcting destroyed or damaged construction, whether completed or partially completed, of the Owner or Construction Manager or other Contractors caused by the Contractor's correction or removal of Work which is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

12.2.6 Nothing contained in this Paragraph 12.2 shall be construed to establish a period of limitation with respect to other obligations which the Contractor might have under the Contract Documents. Establishment of the time period of one year as described in Subparagraph 12.2.2 relates only to the specific obligation of the Contractor to correct the Work, and has no relationship to the time within which the obligation to comply with the Contract Documents may be sought to be enforced, nor to the time within which proceedings may be commenced to establish the Contractor's liability with respect to the Contractor's obligations other than specifically to correct the Work.

12.3 ACCEPTANCE OF NONCONFORMING WORK

12.3.1 If the Owner prefers to accept Work which is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Owner may do so instead of requiring its removal and correction, in which case the Contract Sum will be reduced as appropriate and equitable. Such adjustment shall be effected whether or not final payment has been made.

ARTICLE 13
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

13.1 GOVERNING LAW

13.1.1 The Contract shall be governed by the law of the place where the Project is located.

13.2 SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS

13.2.1 The Owner and Contractor respectively bind themselves, their partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives to the other party hereto and to partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives of such other party in respect to covenants, agreements and obligations contained in the Contract Documents. Neither party to the Contract shall assign the Contract as a whole or part without written consent of the other. If either party attempts to make such an assignment without such consent, that party shall nevertheless remain legally responsible for all obligations under the Contract.

13.3 WRITTEN NOTICE

13.3.1 Written notice shall be deemed to have been duly served if delivered in person to the individual or a member of

the firm or entity or to an officer of the corporation for which it was intended, or if delivered at or sent by registered or certified mail to the last business address known to the party giving notice. Owner or Construction Manager as Owner's agent, may, at their option, serve notice on the Contractor by faxing a copy of the notice to the Contractor at its last knonw facsimile number and subsequently mailing the notice to the Contractor's last known business address.

13.4 RIGHTS AND REMEDIES

13.4.1 Duties and obligations imposed by the Contract Documents and rights and remedies available thereunder shall be in addition to and not a limitation of duties, obligations, rights and remedies otherwise imposed or available by law.

13.4.2 No action or failure to act by the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect or Contractor shall constitute a waiver of a right or duty afforded them under the Contract, nor shall such action or failure to act constitute approval of or acquiescence in a breach thereunder, except as may be specifically agreed in writing.

13.5 TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

13.5.1 Tests, inspections and approvals of portions of the Work required by the Contract Documents or by laws, ordinances, rules, regulations or orders of public authorities having jurisdiction shall be made at an appropriate time. Unless otherwise provided, the Contractor shall make arrangements for such tests, inspections and approvals with an independent testing laboratory or entity acceptable to the Owner, or with the appropriate public authority, and shall bear all related costs of tests, inspections and approvals. The Contractor shall give the Construction Manager and Architect timely notice of when and where tests and inspections are to be made so the Construction Manager and Architect may observe such procedures. The Owner shall bear costs of tests, inspections or approvals which do not become requirements until after bids are received or negotiations concluded.

13.5.2 If the Construction Manager, Architect, Owner or public authorities having jurisdiction determine that portions of the Work require additional testing, inspection or approval not included under Subparagraph 13.5.1, the Construction Manager and Architect will, upon written authorization from the Owner, instruct the Contractor to make arrangements for such additional testing, inspection or approval by an entity acceptable to the Owner, and the Contractor shall give timely notice to the Construction Manager and Architect of when and where tests and inspections are to be made so the Construction Manager and Architect may observe such procedures. The Owner shall bear such costs except as provided in Subparagraph 13.5.3.

13.5.3 If such procedures for testing, inspection or approval under Subparagraphs 13.5.1 and 13.5.2 reveal failure of the portions of the Work to comply with requirements established by the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall bear all costs made necessary by such failure including those of repeated procedures and compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's services and expenses. The Contractor also agrees that the cost of testing services required for the convenience of the Contractor in its scheduling and performance of the Work, and the cost of testing services related to remedial operations performed to correct deficiencies in the Work, shall be borne by the Contractor.

13.5.4 Required certificates of testing, inspection or approval shall, unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, be secured by the Contractor and promptly delivered to the Construction Manager for transmittal to the Architect.

13.5.5 If the Construction Manager or Architect is to observe tests, inspections or approvals required by the Contract Documents, the Construction Manager or Architect will do so promptly and, where practicable, at the normal place of testing.

13.5.6 Tests or inspections conducted pursuant to the Contract Documents shall be made promptly to avoid unreasonable delay in the Work.

13.6 INTEREST

13.6.1 Payments due and unpaid under the Contract Documents shall bear interest from the date payment is due at such rate as the parties may agree upon in writing or, in the absence thereof, at the legal rate prevailing from time to time at the place where the Project is located.

13.7 COMMENCEMENT OF STATUTORY LIMITATION PERIOD

13.7.1 As between the Owner and Contractor, the limitation period shall commence to run as determined by state law.~~:~~

~~.1 **Before Substantial Completion.** As to acts or failures to act occurring prior to the relevant date of Substantial Completion, any applicable statute of limitations shall commence to run and any alleged cause of action shall be deemed to have accrued in any and all events not later than such date of Substantial Completion;~~

~~.2 **Between Substantial Completion and Final Certificate for Payment.** As to acts or failures to act occurring subsequent to the relevant date of Substantial Completion and prior to issuance of the final Certificate for Payment, any applicable statute of limitations shall commence to run and any alleged cause of action shall be deemed to have accrued in any and all events not later than the date of issuance of the final Certificate for Payment; and~~

.3 ~~After Final Certificate for Payment. As to acts or failures to act occurring after the relevant date of issuance of the final Certificate for Payment, any applicable statute of limitations shall commence to run and any alleged cause of action shall be deemed to have accrued in any and all events not later than the date of any act or failure to act by the Contractor pursuant to any warranty provided under Paragraph 3.5, the date of any correction of the Work or failure to correct the Work by the Contractor under Paragraph 12.2, or the date of actual commission of any other act or failure to perform any duty or obligation by the Contractor or Owner, whichever occurs last.~~

ARTICLE 14
TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF THE CONTRACT

14.1 TERMINATION BY THE CONTRACTOR

14.1.1 The Contractor may terminate the Contract if the Work is stopped for a period of 30 days through no act or fault of the Contractor or a Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor or their agents or employees or any other persons performing portions of the Work under contract with the Contractor, for any of the following reasons:

.1 issuance of an order of a court or other public authority having jurisdiction;

.2 an act of government, such as a declaration of national emergency, making material unavailable.;

~~.3 because the Construction Manager or Architect has not issued a Certificate for Payment and has not notified the Contractor of the reason for withholding certification as provided in Subparagraph 9.4.2, or because the Owner has not made payment on a Certificate for Payment within the time stated in the Contract Documents;~~

~~.4 if repeated suspensions, delays or interruptions by the Owner as described in Paragraph 14.3 constitute in the aggregate more than 100 percent of the total number of days scheduled for completion, or 120 days in any 365 day period, whichever is less; or~~

~~.5 the Owner has failed to furnish to the Contractor promptly, upon the Contractor's request, reasonable evidence as required by Subparagraph 2.2.1.~~

14.1.2 If one of the above reasons exists, the Contractor may, upon seven additional days' written notice to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect, terminate the Contract and recover from the Owner payment for Work executed and for proven loss with respect to materials, equipment, tools, and construction equipment and machinery, including reasonable overhead, profit and damages.

14.1.3 If the Work is stopped for a period of 60 days or if repeated suspensions, delays, or interruptions by the Owner as described in Paragraph 14.3 constitute in the aggregate the lesser of an amount equal to the Contract time or 120 days in any one (1) year period through no act or fault of the Contractor or a Subcontractor or their agents or employees or any other persons performing portions of the Work under contract with the Contractor because the Owner has persistently failed to fulfill the Owner's obligations under the Contract Documents with respect to matters important to the progress of the Work, the Contractor may, upon seven additional days' written notice to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect, terminate the Contract and recover from the Owner as provided in Subparagraph 14.1.2.

14.2 TERMINATION BY THE OWNER FOR CAUSE

14.2.1 The Owner may terminate the Contract if the Contractor:

.1 persistently or repeatedly refuses or fails to supply enough properly skilled workers or proper materials;

.2 fails to make payment to Subcontractors for materials or labor in accordance with the respective agreements between the Contractor and the Subcontractors;

.3 persistently disregards laws, ordinances, or rules, regulations or orders of a public authority having jurisdiction; or

.4 otherwise is guilty of substantial breach of a provision of the Contract Documents.

.5 Is petitioned bankrupt, or makes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors, or if a receiver is appointed on account of the Contractor's insolvency.

.6 breaches any warranty made by the Contractor under or pursuant to the Contract Documents.

.7 fails to furnish the Owner with assurances satisfactory to the Owner evidencing the Contractor's ability to complete the Work in compliance with all the requirements of the Contract Documents.

.8 fails after commencement of the Work to proceed continuously with the construction and completion of the Work for more than ten (10) days, except as permitted under the Contract Documents.

14.2.2 When any of the above reasons exist, the Owner, after consultation with the Construction Manager, and upon

certification by the Architect that sufficient cause exists to justify such action, may without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Owner and after giving the Contractor and the Contractor's surety, if any, ~~seven days'~~ seventy-two hours written notice, terminate employment of the Contractor and may, subject to any prior rights of the surety:

.1 take possession of the site and of all materials, equipment, tools, and construction equipment and machinery thereon owned by the Contractor;

.2 accept assignment of subcontracts pursuant to Paragraph 5.4; and

.3 finish the Work by whatever reasonable method the Owner may deem expedient.

14.2.3 When the Owner terminates the Contract for one of the reasons stated in Subparagraph 14.2.1, the Contractor shall not be entitled to receive further payment until the Work is finished.

14.2.4 If the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum exceeds costs of finishing the Work, including compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's services and expenses made necessary thereby, such excess shall be paid to the Contractor. If such costs exceed the unpaid balance, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner through the Construction Manager. The amount to be paid to the Contractor or Owner, as the case may be, shall, upon application, be certified by the Architect after consultation with the Construction Manager, and this obligation for payment shall survive termination of the Contract.

14.3 SUSPENSION BY THE OWNER FOR CONVENIENCE

14.3.1 The Owner may, without cause, order the Contractor in writing to suspend, delay or interrupt the Work in whole or in part for such period of time as the Owner may determine.

14.3.2 An adjustment shall be made for increases in the cost of performance of the Contract, including profit on the increased cost of performance, caused by suspension, delay or interruption. No adjustment shall be made to the extent:

.1 that performance is, was or would have been so suspended, delayed or interrupted by another cause for which the Contractor is responsible; or

.2 that an equitable adjustment is made or denied under another provision of this Contract.

14.3.3 Adjustments made in the cost of performance may have a mutually agreed fixed or percentage fee.

14.4 Owner's Termination for Convenience

14.4.1 The Owner reserves the right to terminate the Contract, or any portion thereof, for convenience and without cause, even though the Contractor has not failed to perform any part of the Contract. Termination of the Work hereunder shall be effected by written notice to the Contractor. Upon receipt of such notice, the Contractor shall, unless the notice otherwise directs:

.1 Immediately discontinue the terminated portion of the Work and the placing of all orders and subcontracts in connection with the terminated portion of the Work;

.2 Immediately cancel all of the existing orders and subcontracts in connection with the terminated portion of the Work;

.3 Immediately transfer to the Owner all materials, supplies, Work in progress, appliances, facilities, machinery, and tools acquired by the Contractor in connection with the performance of the terminated portion of the Work, and take such action as may be necessary or as the Owner or Construction Manager may direct for protection and preservation of the work relating to this Contract; and

.4 deliver all plans, drawings, specifications, and other necessary information to the Owner through the Construction Manager.

14.4.2 If the Owner terminates the Contract for convenience, the following shall be the Contractor's exclusive remedies:

14.4.2.1 Reimbursement of all actual expenditures and costs approved by the Owner through the Construction Manager and Architect as having been made or incurred in performing the terminated Work;

14.4.2.2 Reimbursement of expenditures made and costs incurred with the Owner's prior written approval in settling or discharging outstanding commitments entered into by the Contractor in performing the Contract; and

14.4.2.3 Payment of profit, insofar as profit is realized hereunder, of an amount equal to the estimated profit on the entire Contract at the time of termination multiplied by the percentage of completion of the Work. In no event shall the Contractor be entitled to anticipated fees or profits on work not required to be performed.

14.4.3 All obligations of the Contactor under the Contract with respect to completed Work, including but

not limited to all warranties, guarantees, indemnities, insurance and bonds shall apply to all Work completed or substantially completed by the Contractor prior to a convenience termination by the Owner. Notwithstanding the above, any convenience termination by the Owner or payments to the Contractor shall be without prejudice to any claims or legal remedies that the Owner may have against the Contractor for any cause.

14.4.4 Upon a determination that a termination of this Contract, other than a termination for convenience under this Paragraph 14.4, was wrongful or improper for any reason, such termination shall automatically be deemed converted to a convenience termination under this Paragraph 14.4, and the Contractor's remedy for such wrongful termination shall be limited to the recoveries specified under Subparagraph 14.4.2.

14.4.5 Contractor is required to include a termination for convenience clause in all of its subcontractor and supplier contracts, in substantially similar form as set forth in this Paragraph 14.4, and that limits the subcontractors and suppliers to exclusive remedies no greater than those set forth in Subparagraph 14.4.2 that are available to Contractor. Contractor shall bear all costs arising or related to its failure to include such clause in its subcontracts.

SECTION 00800
SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL CONDITIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Specific attention is directed to the requirements described in Section 00700 General Conditions of the Contract and Section 00500 Agreement Form.

1.02 SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL CONDITIONS

A. Document **PCP 14-11, Supplementary Conditions to AIA 201/CMa 1992 When Project is not Subject to Mandatory Arbitration, is** bound within this Project Manual and is a part of the Contract Documents.

B. Document **PCP 14-12, Supplementary Conditions to AIA 201/CMa 1992 When Owner does not Mutually Waive Subrogation, is** bound within this Project Manual and is a part of the Contract Documents.

These documents are attached immediately following this page.

END OF SECTION 00800

Supplementary Conditions to AIA A201 CMa – 1992 When Project is not Subject to Mandatory Arbitration

Subparagraph 4.5 – Replace "arbitration" with "litigation".

Subparagraph 4.7.2 – Delete "arbitration or" in the 2nd and 3rd sentences respectively.

Subparagraph 4.7.4 – Replace "arbitration" with "litigation".

Subparagraph 4.8.4 – Replace "arbitration" with "litigation".

Subparagraph 4.9.1 – Delete this Subparagraph and replace with "Any controversy or Claim arising out of or related to the Contract, or the breach thereof and not resolved under Paragraph 4.8 shall be subject to litigation in a court of competent jurisdiction."

Subparagraph 4.9.2 – Delete this Subparagraph.

Subparagraph 4.9.3 – Delete this Subparagraph and replace it with "During litigation or other dispute resolution proceedings, the Owner and Contractor shall comply with Subparagraph 4.7.4."

Subparagraph 4.9.4 – Delete this Subparagraph and replace it with "When a written decision of the Architect states that (1) the decision is final but subject to litigation then (2) a suit must be filed within 30 days after the date on which the party filing the suit receives the final written decision (unless a longer period of time is agreed upon, in writing, by the other party). Failure to file a suit within said 30 days' period shall result in the Architect's decision becoming final and binding upon the Owner and Contractor. If the Architect renders a decision after litigation has been initiated, such decision may be entered as evidence, but shall not supersede litigation proceedings unless the decision is acceptable to all parties concerned."

Subparagraph 4.9.4.1 – Delete this Subparagraph.

Subparagraph 4.9.4.2 – Delete this Subparagraph.

Subparagraph 4.9.5 – Delete this Subparagraph.

Subparagraph 4.9.6 – Delete this Subparagraph.

Subparagraph 4.9.7 – Delete this Subparagraph.

Subparagraph 8.3.1 – Replace "arbitration" with "dispute resolution".

Subparagraph 9.7.1 – In the first sentence, replace "arbitration" with "litigation".

Subparagraph 10.1.2 – Replace both occurrences of "arbitration" with "litigation".

Subparagraph 11.3.9 – Replace "or in accordance with an arbitration award, in which case the procedure shall be as provided in Paragraph 4.9" with "or in accordance with a court judgment or order."

Subparagraph 11.3.10 – In the first sentence delete ", if such objection be made, arbitrators shall be chosen as provided in Paragraph 4.9." Delete the 2nd and 3rd sentences in their entirety.

Supplementary Conditions to AIA A201 CMa – 1992 When Owner does not Mutually Waive Subrogation

Subparagraph 11.3.7 – Replace entire Subparagraph with the following: "The Contractor waives all rights against the Owner and against the Construction Manager, Architect, Owner's other Contractors and own forces described in Article 6, if any, and the subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, consultants, agents and employees of any of them, for damages caused by fire or other perils to the extent covered by property insurance obtained pursuant to this Paragraph 11.3 or other property insurance applicable to the Work, except such rights as the Contractor may have to the proceeds of such insurance. The Contractor shall require the subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees of any of them, by appropriate agreements written where legally required for validity, similar waivers each in favor of the Owner, the Construction Manager and the Architect. The policies shall provide for such waivers by endorsement or otherwise."

SECTION 00810
ON-SITE PROJECT SAFETY AND LOSS CONTROL PROGRAM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 **CONTRACTOR'S** SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

A. Generally

1. **Contractor** is responsible for its own Safety Program for Work on this Project that is at least as stringent as the requirements set forth in this section of the Project Manual.

2. **Contractor** shall provide a safe workplace and shall otherwise take all precautions for the safety of Subordinate Parties and persons and property in or near the premises where Work is being performed.

3. **Contractor** shall comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations, including, but not limited to, applicable provisions of the Occupational Safety and Health Act ("OSHA") and/or the governing state law.

4. **Contractor** shall comply with all requirements stated in the Site Specific Safety Instructions (SSSI) form or elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

5. **Contractor** shall ensure that its employees understand and comply with applicable safety and health programs, rules, and regulations.

6. **Contractor** will assign an individual to act as Safety Representative who will have the responsibility of resolving safety matters, and act as a liaison among **Contractor**, Barton Malow Company and the Owner. The Safety Representative must be a person who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in surroundings that are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to employees, and has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them. The Safety Representative must meet the standards for a Competent Person under applicable law when required (scaffolding, confined spaces, etc.). The Safety Representative must be on site full time. The Safety Representative or an alternate must attend periodic safety meetings as directed by Barton Malow Company.

7. **Contractor** shall ensure that its site supervisors and/or Safety Representative attend a pre-construction meeting where planning for safe execution of the project will be addressed.

8. **Contractor** is fully responsible for all Hazardous Materials it creates or releases in connection with, or brings to, the Project. **Contractor** shall immediately report to Barton Malow Company any Hazardous Materials that it discovers or which are released at the Project.

9. Minimum training for on-site employees shall include basic safety orientation, task-specific safety instruction, weekly Tool Box Talks, and other periodic safety meetings. **Contractor** shall document all such training.

10. **Contractor** shall self-inspect its areas of control to assure compliance with the safety requirements.

11. All on-site employees of either **Contractor** or its Subordinate Parties are required to report any unsafe act or condition and any work-related injuries or illness immediately to a supervisor. If the act or condition can be safely and easily corrected, the employee or supervisor should make the correction.

12. **Contractor** shall notify Barton Malow Company immediately of all injuries requiring clinical attention and all property damage potentially in excess of $1,000.

13. **Contractor** shall have emergency procedures to deal with the immediate removal and treatment, if necessary, of any employee who may be injured or become ill. **Contractor** shall keep on the Project site a first-aid kit supplied according to current regulations, and shall have on-site a person trained to administer first aid.

14. **Contractor** shall inform Barton Malow Company of the arrival of any federal or state inspector or compliance officer prior to touring the site. Any reports, citations, or other documents related to the inspection shall be provided promptly to Barton Malow.

15. **Contractor** shall have a written Substance Abuse Policy. The use or possession of illegal drugs or the use of alcohol while performing Work on the Project are strictly prohibited and may lead to immediate removal from the Project.

16. **Contractor** shall be responsible for payment of all safety-related citations, fines and/or claims arising out of or relating to its Work levied against the Owner, Architect, Barton Malow Company, or their employees or affiliates.

17. Barton Malow has the right to require that **Contractor** submit monthly its hours worked and incident rates for the Project.

B. Additional Barton Malow Requirements

1. Work crews shall conduct a Job Hazard Analysis (JHA) discussion to plan for safe performance before beginning any work task. **Contractor** is encouraged to prepare a written record of each JHA.

2. All workers, management, and visitors shall wear approved hard hats while on site, outside the trailers. Cowboy-style hard hats are prohibited. Hardhats must not be removed to use welding shields. Welding shields must attach to hardhats or be hand held.

3. Sleeved shirts (minimum of four inches), long pants, and durable work boots are required minimum clothing.

4. Personal cell phones are not to be used on construction sites except to report an emergency or on approved break time. Use of business cell phones must not interfere with jobsite safety.

5. Personal radios or music players with earphones are not permitted.

6. **All persons working at elevations of six feet or greater must have 100% continuous fall protection. Engineering controls are preferred, but personal fall arrest systems are also permissible. An exception is permitted for safe use of ladders up to 24 feet long.**

7. **Contractor** is responsible to repair or restore any barricade that it modifies or removes.

8. Class III (household) stepladders are prohibited; metal ladders are strongly discouraged.

9. All scaffolds must be checked daily and before each use for safety compliance. Scaffolds shall never be left in an unsafe condition and must be removed/disabled immediately if not to be used again.

10. All persons operating cranes must be certified as crane operators by the National Commission on the Certification of Crane Operators (NCCCO). Daily crane inspection reports must be prepared by the operator and kept with the crane, available for inspection.

11. Riding the headache ball is prohibited.

12. All dozers, loaders, tractors and end loader backhoes must have functioning backup alarms.

13. Keep equipment at least 15 feet from energized power lines.

14. Electrical, pneumatic, and other energy systems that could be accidentally energized or started up while work is in process must be locked out (not merely tagged out).

15. Only fire retardant materials may be used to build shanties or other temporary enclosures inside of buildings finished or under construction. Shanties shall be continually policed by their occupants to prevent the accumulation of waste or other combustibles.

16. Engineering controls must be used to restrain silica dust per applicable law.

1.03 **CONTRACTOR'S** SAFETY SUBMITTALS

A. **Contractor** shall provide copies of the following written safety submittals to Barton Malow Company at the times indicated:

Submittal	**Timing**
Contractor Safety Certificate, Barton Malow form SAF 6.3.3.3	Before on-site work begins
Site-specific Safety Program, including substance abuse policy, hazard communication program, and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)	Before on-site work begins
Tool Box Talk Reports	Weekly
Incident Reports (OSHA form 301or equivalent)	Within 24 hours of incident
Hours worked and incident rates	Monthly (if applicable)

B. Barton Malow's receipt of the Safety Program or other submittals from **Contractor** does not constitute approval of the Program or submittal or permission to deviate from the requirements of the Contract Documents and applicable law.

C. **Contractor** will allow inspection of, and Barton Malow Company may request copies of, any and all safety-related documents and records in its possession relating to the Project.

1.04 BARTON MALOW COMPANY RIGHTS

A. **Safety Hazard Notifications** may be issued to the **Contractor** when an unsafe act or condition is reported or observed. Barton Malow Company shall not be required to supervise the abatement or associated reprimand of unsafe acts or conditions within a **Contractor's** scope of work as this is solely the responsibility of **Contractor**. Nevertheless, Barton Malow Company has the right, but not the obligation, to require **Contractor** to cease or abate any unsafe practice or activity it notices, at **Contractor's** sole expense.

B. **Contractor's** failure to comply with the contract safety requirements will be considered a default of the Agreement, and may result in remedial action including, but not limited to, withholding of payment of any sums due or termination.

C. Barton Malow Company's failure to require the submission of any form, documentation, or any other act required under this Section, 00810, of the Project Manual shall not relieve the **Contractor** from any of its safety obligations.

D. Nothing in this Section or in this Agreement makes Barton Malow Company responsible or liable for protecting **Contractor's** employees and other Subordinate Parties or assuring or providing for their safety or preventing accidents or property damage.

E. All requirements referenced in this Section 00810 are binding on **Contractor** and all of its Subordinate Parties, even where such requirements may exceed the standards of applicable law.

1.05 SAFETY RELATED FORMS

A. The following safety related forms are in Section 01600 Forms:

Trade Contractor Safety Certificate, Barton Malow Form SAF 6.3.3.3/CON 7.9

END OF SECTION 00810

SECTION 00840
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the following requirements including:
   1. Definition of Hazardous Materials
   2. Awareness of Hazardous Materials

PART 2 - HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

2.01 DEFINITION OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

A. A "Hazardous Material", as used in this Project Manual means asbestos; asbestos containing material; lead (including lead-based paint); PCB; molds; any other chemical, material, or substance subject to regulation as a hazardous material, hazardous substance, toxic substance, or otherwise, under applicable federal, state, or local law; and any other chemical, material, or substance that may have adverse effects on human health or the environment.

2.02 AWARENESS OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

A. Each Contractor shall be constantly aware of the possible discovery of Hazardous Materials. Should Contractor encounter any Hazardous Material or suspected Hazardous Material, the Contractor shall immediately stop Work in the area affected and report the condition to Barton Malow Company.

B. If the Contractor encounters any Hazardous Material or suspected Hazardous Material, the Contractor agrees to immediately initiate the required procedures of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and/or state or local agencies having jurisdiction to protect any and all persons exposed to the affected areas or adjacent areas affected thereby.

C. Contractor is fully responsible for all Hazardous Materials it creates or releases in connection with, or brings to, the Project.

D. See the General and Supplementary Conditions of the Agreement for further instructions and obligations related to Hazardous Materials.

E. Each Contractor shall be responsible to bind ALL of its personnel and its Subordinate Parties to the provisions in these paragraphs and to instruct each employee of the of its duty to report any and all suspected Hazardous Materials and to comply with all applicable laws.

F. ABSOLUTELY NO MATERIAL SHALL BE BROUGHT ON OR TO THE PROJECT SITE THAT DOES NOT HAVE A MANUFACTURER'S LABEL STATING CONTENTS.

G. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable federal and state laws, rules, ordinances and regulations regarding transportation, storage, spills, releases and disposal of Hazardous Materials.

H. No asbestos or asbestos-containing material will be brought to the jobsite or incorporated into the Work by Contractor or its Subordinate Parties.

END OF SECTION 00840

SECTION 00870
LABOR RELATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

PART 2 SCOPE

2.01 PREVAILING WAGES

A. In any Agreement entered into pursuant to this **advertisement**, the **Contractor** shall comply with the provisions of the PREVAILING WAGE LAW.

The **Contractor** will pay the latest prevailing wages and fringe benefits for all Work as required **by State of Michigan/Public Act 166 dated 1965 as amended. The prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates are included immediately behind this Section. NOTE: IN MICHIGAN, THE OWNER PROVIDES THE CURRENT PREVAILING WAGE (90 DAY DOCUMENT).**

B. Additionally, **Contractor** is required to comply with all other provisions of the governing prevailing wage law, and shall ensure its Subordinate Parties' compliance therewith.

C. Allegations that individuals working on this Project are not receiving compensation required by law are considered seriously by the Owner and the Construction Manager. In order to expedite the resolution of prevailing wage complaints related to this Project, the Owner and Construction Manager have determined that the Michigan Fair Contracting Center ("MFCC") is the organization best equipped to expedite the investigation of these matters. Any person or entity (the "Complainant") who reasonably believes that a particular contractor, subcontractor, sub-subcontractor, supplier or other person or entity providing labor, materials, goods or services on this Project (each, an "Employer") is not paying prevailing wages as required by applicable law may ask the MFCC to determine whether proper rates are being paid either by completing and submitting to MFCC a request for assistance (the "RFA") or by contacting MFCC by telephone at (734) 462-2330 or (877) 611-6322. The RFA can be downloaded electronically at http://mifcc.org/Brochures/KnowYourRights.pdf and delivered to MFCC by facsimile to (734) 462-2318 or by mail to P.O. Box 530492, Livonia, Michigan 48153-0492.

Each and every Employer who is subject to an audit by MFCC pursuant to any RFA shall cooperate and comply fully with all requests, requirements and inquiries of MFCC. If, after investigation, MFCC determines that a Complainant's allegations are meritorious and the Complainant, MFCC and the Employer are unable to resolve the dispute following MFCC's determination, then, under the direction and with the assistance of MFCC, the Complainant shall file a Prevailing Wage Complaint (the "PWC") with the State of Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth Wage and Hour Division (the "Wage and Hour Division"). The PWC can be downloaded electronically at http://mifcc.org/Brochures/PrevailingWageComplaint.pdf and delivered by facsimile to (517) 322-6352 or by mail to 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30476, Lansing, Michigan 48909-7076.

Upon commencement of the audit from MFCC, the Owner and/or Barton Malow Company reserves the right to hold all payments, pending the conclusion of the audit. If the Wage and Hour Division determines that the Employer has violated any applicable prevailing wage law, then the Owner and/or Construction Manager shall automatically be entitled to and will (a) withhold from such Employer any and all payments due and owing until the Employer remedies any and all violations cited by the Wage and Hour Division, and (b) backcharge the Employer for all costs actually incurred in MFCC's audit of the Employer.

The Owner and/or Construction Manager shall keep a hard copy of these requirements posted at the Project site at all times.

D. The **Contractor** shall be financially responsible for the payment of prevailing wages by all Subordinate Parties that are subject to the prevailing wage law for Work on the Project.

E. If there is a dispute between any **Contractor** and the unions, the **Contractor** will be required to meet with Barton Malow Company and the Union involved to try and resolve the issue.

F. Because Work on this Project is covered by the Michigan Prevailing Wage Act ("Act"), the **Contractor** and its subcontractors and other Subordinate Parties that are governed by the prevailing wage law shall pay all hours at the prevailing wage rates at the applicable hourly rate; no Work performed by or on behalf of the **Contractor** on this Project will be paid on a lump sum basis or a piece rate basis in violation of the Act.

G. The **Contractor** will pay its workers at wage and fringe benefit rates consistent with the Act regardless of whether the workers are classified as employees or independent contractors.

H. The **Contractor** shall not misclassify any work assignments, but shall in each and every case follow proper jurisdictional assignments in compliance with the Act.

I. The **Contractor** shall assure that any persons paid at apprentice rates under the Act are properly classified as apprentices by actual participation in a BAT certified program or as may otherwise be permitted by the Act.

END OF SECTION 00870

State of Michigan
Department of Labor and Economic Growth

Wage and Hour Division
6546 Mercantile Way, Suite 5
PO Box 30476
Lansing, MI 48909-7976
Telephone: 517-335-0400
Fax: 517-335-0077
www.michigan.gov/wagehour

Official Request 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS
Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS

Oakland County

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007
Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Asbestos & Lead Abatement Laborer					
Asbestos & Lead Abatement Laborer	MLDC	$31.30	$41.83	$52.35	H H H X X X X D Y
Asbestos & Lead Abatement, Hazardous Material Handler					
Asbestos and Lead Abatement, Hazardous Material Handler	AS207	$31.30	$43.13	$54.95	X X X X X X X D Y
Boilermaker					
Boilermaker	BO169	$48.71	$68.13	$87.54	H H D H D D D D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
1st 6 months		$37.07	$50.67	$64.26	
2nd 6 months		$38.03	$52.10	$66.18	
3rd 6 months		$39.00	$53.56	$68.12	
4th 6 months		$39.97	$55.02	$70.06	
5th 6 months		$40.58	$56.11	$71.64	
6th 6 months		$42.88	$59.38	$75.88	
7th 6 months		$44.83	$62.31	$79.78	
8th 6 months		$46.77	$65.21	$83.66	
Bricklayer					
Bricklayer, stone mason, pointer, cleaner, caulker	BR1	$46.06	$69.09	$92.12	H H D H D D D D N
Apprentice Rates:					
First 6 months		$29.18	$43.77	$58.36	
2nd 6 months		$31.01	$46.51	$62.02	
3rd 6 months		$32.82	$49.23	$65.64	
4th 6 months		$34.64	$51.96	$69.28	
5th 6 months		$36.47	$54.71	$72.94	
6th 6 months		$38.28	$57.43	$76.56	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name / Description			Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Carpenter						
Carpet and Resilient Floor Layer, (does not include installation of prefabricated formica & parquet flooring which is to be paid carpenter rate)		CA1045	$40.22	$56.42	$72.61	H H H H D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st 6 months		$20.93	$25.25	$31.05	
	2nd 6 months		$24.02	$31.26	$39.07	
	3rd 6 months		$25.64	$33.59	$42.17	
	4th 6 months		$27.26	$35.95	$45.33	
	5th 6 months		$28.87	$38.28	$48.43	
	6th 6 months		$30.50	$40.64	$51.57	
	7th 6 months		$32.11	$42.96	$54.67	
	8th 6 months		$33.73	$45.30	$57.79	
Carpenter, piledriver		CA687Z1	$44.37	$62.97	$81.56	H H D H D D D D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st Year		$27.63	$37.85	$48.08	
	3rd 6 months		$29.49	$40.65	$51.80	
	4th 6 months		$31.34	$43.42	$55.50	
	5th 6 months		$33.21	$46.23	$59.24	
	6th 6 months		$35.08	$49.03	$62.98	
	7th 6 months		$36.92	$51.79	$66.66	
	8th 6 months		$38.80	$54.61	$70.42	
Cement Mason						
Cement Mason		CE514	$42.64	$58.58	$75.56	H H D H H H H D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st 6 months		$24.81	$32.80	$41.30	
	2nd 6 months		$26.56	$35.35	$44.70	
	3rd 6 months		$30.06	$40.43	$51.48	
	4th 6 months		$33.57	$45.55	$58.30	
	5th 6 months		$35.27	$48.02	$61.60	
	6th 6 months		$38.83	$53.20	$68.50	
Drywall						
Drywall Taper		PT-22-D	$38.45	$50.90	$63.35	H H D H D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	First 3 months		$26.00	$32.23	$38.45	
	Second 3 months		$28.49	$35.96	$43.43	
	Second 6 months		$30.98	$39.69	$48.41	
	Third 6 months		$33.47	$43.43	$53.39	
	4th 6 months		$34.71	$45.29	$55.87	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name	Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Electrician, Inside wireman						
Electrician, Inside Wireman		EC-58-IW	$46.88	$64.00	$81.13	H H H H H H H D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	0-1000 hours		$26.33	$33.18	$40.03	
	1000-2000 hours		$28.04	$35.75	$43.45	
	2000-3500 hours		$29.75	$38.31	$46.87	
	3500-5000 hours		$31.47	$40.90	$50.31	
	5000-6500 hours		$34.89	$46.03	$57.15	
	6500-8000 hours		$38.32	$51.17	$64.01	
Elevator Constructor						
Elevator Constructor Elevator Constructor		EL 36	$47.71		$81.45	D D D D D D D D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st Year Apprentice		$31.14		$49.70	
	2nd Year Apprentice		$34.82		$56.75	
	3rd Year Apprentice		$36.66		$60.28	
	4th Year Apprentice		$40.34		$67.33	
Glazier						
Glazier		GL-357	$41.56	$55.41		H H H H H H H H Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st 6 months		$28.36	$35.29		
	2nd 6 months		$29.82	$37.44		
	3rd 6 months		$32.72	$41.72		
	4th 6 months		$34.18	$43.87		
	5th 6 months		$35.64	$46.03		
	6th 6 months		$37.09	$48.17		
	7th 6 months		$38.54	$50.31		
	8th 6 months		$41.46	$54.62		
Heat and Frost Insulator and Asbestos Worker						
Heat and Frost Insulators and Asbestos Workers		AS25	$42.80	$56.56	$70.32	H H H H H H H D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st Year		$25.05	$32.62	$40.19	
	2nd Year		$32.83	$41.78	$50.72	
	3rd Year		$34.54	$44.17	$53.80	
	4th Year		$37.30	$48.31	$59.32	
Industrial Door						
Industrial Door erection & construction		IR-25-STR-D	$33.32	$44.57	$55.82	H H D H H H D D Y

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name	Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Ironworker						
Fence Erecting		IR-25-F	$38.28	$57.26	$76.23	H H D H H H D D Y
Glazing		IR-25-GZ1	$46.57	$69.69	$92.81	H H D H H H D D Y
Mesh Iron Work		IR-25-MR	$41.22	$59.07	$76.92	H H D H D D D D N
Pre-engineered Metal Work		IR-25-PE-Z1&Z2	$39.23	$49.73	$60.23	H H H X X X D D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st Level		$24.11	$30.04	$35.98	
	2nd Level		$26.00	$32.79	$39.59	
	3rd Level		$27.87	$35.51	$43.15	
	4th Level		$29.74	$38.23	$46.71	
	5th Level		$31.59	$40.92	$50.24	
	6th Level		$33.48	$43.66	$53.84	
Reinforced Iron Work		IR-25-RF	$46.45	$66.75	$87.05	H H D H D D D D N
Rigging Work		IR-25-RIG	$50.42	$75.53	$100.64	H H H H H H H D N
Siding & Decking		IR-25-SD	$43.31	$64.80	$86.29	H H D H H H D D Y
Structural, ornamental, conveyor, welder and pre-cast Apprentice rates apply to structural, converyor, fence, glazing, reinforced, rigging, & siding decking		IR-25-STR	$50.55	$75.66	$100.77	H H D H H H D D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Level 1		$25.45	$38.01	$50.57	
	Level 2		$27.96	$41.78	$55.59	
	Level 3		$30.47	$45.55	$60.61	
	Level 4		$32.98	$49.31	$65.63	
	Level 5		$35.49	$53.07	$70.65	
	Level 6		$38.01	$56.85	$75.69	
	Level 7		$40.50	$60.59	$80.67	
	Level 8		$43.02	$64.37	$85.71	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Laborer					
Construction Laborer, Mason Tender, Carpenter Tender, Drywall Handler, Cement Finisher tender, concrete chute and concrete Bucket Handler, Concrete Laborer, Demolition Laborer	L1076-A-A	$36.48	$51.89	$67.29	H H D H D D D D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$30.91	$43.53	$56.15	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$32.02	$45.20	$58.37	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$33.14	$46.88	$60.61	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$35.37	$50.23	$65.07	
Signal man (on sewer & caisson work); air,electric or gasoline tool operator (including concrete vibrator operator,acetylene torch & air hammer operator); scaffold builder, caisson worker	L1076-A-B	$36.74	$52.28	$67.81	H H D H D D D D Y
Lansing Burner, Blaster & Powder Man	L1076-A-C	$37.23	$53.01	$68.79	H H D H D D D D Y
Furnance battery heater tender, burning bar & oxy-acetylene gun, expediter man, top man and/or bottom man (blast furnace work)	L1076-A-D	$36.98	$52.64	$68.29	H H D H D D D D Y
Cleaner/ sweeper laborer, furniture laborer	L1076-A-E	$31.03	$43.71	$56.39	H H D H D D D D Y
Plasterer Tender, Plastering Machine Operator	LPT-1	$37.86	$53.96	$70.05	H H D H D D D D N
Apprentice Rates:					
0 - 1,000 hours		$30.91	$43.53	$56.15	
1,001 - 2,000 hours		$32.02	$45.20	$58.37	
2,001 - 3,000 hours		$33.14	$46.88	$60.61	
3,001 - 4,000 hours		$35.37	$50.23	$65.07	
Laborer - Hazardous					
Class A Laborer - performing work in conjunction with site preparation and other preliminary work prior to actual removal, handling, or containment of hazardous waste substances not requiring use of personal protective equipment required by state or federal regulations; or a laborer performing work in conjunction with the removal, handling, or containment of hazardous waste substances when used of personal protective equipment level "D" is required.	LHAZ-Z2-A	$36.48	$51.89	$67.29	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$30.91	$43.53	$56.15	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$32.02	$45.20	$58.37	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$33.14	$46.88	$60.61	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$35.37	$50.23	$65.07	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Class B Laborer - performing work in conjunction with the removal, handling, or containment of hazardous waste substances when the use of personal protective equipment levels "A", "B" or "C" is required.	LHAZ-Z2-B	$37.48	$53.39	$69.29	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$31.66	$44.66	$57.65	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$32.82	$46.40	$59.97	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$33.99	$48.15	$62.31	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$36.32	$51.65	$66.97	
Laborer Underground - Tunnel, Shaft & Caisson					
Class I - Tunnel, shaft and caisson laborer, dump man, shanty man, hog house tender, testing man (on gas), and watchman.	LAUCT-Z1-1	$32.54	$43.21	$53.88	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$27.70	$35.95	$44.20	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$28.67	$37.40	$46.14	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$29.64	$38.86	$48.08	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$31.57	$41.76	$51.94	
Class II - Manhole, headwall, catch basin builder, bricklayer tender, mortar man, material mixer, fence erector, and guard rail builder.	LAUCT-Z1-2	$32.65	$43.38	$54.10	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$27.79	$36.08	$44.38	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$28.76	$37.54	$46.32	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$29.73	$39.00	$48.26	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$31.68	$41.92	$52.16	
Class III - Air tool operator (jack hammer man, bush hammer man and grinding man), first bottom man, second bottom man, cage tender, car pusher, carrier man, concrete man, concrete form man, concrete repair man, cement invert laborer, cement finisher, concrete shoveler, conveyor man, floor man, gasoline and electric tool operator, gunnite man, grout operator, welder, heading dinky man, inside lock tender, pea gravel operator, pump man, outside lock tender, scaffold man, top signal man, switch man, track man, tugger man, utility man, vibrator man, winch operator, pipe jacking man, wagon drill and air track operator and concrete saw operator (under 40 h.p.).	LAUCT-Z1-3	$32.71	$43.47	$54.22	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$27.83	$36.14	$44.46	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$28.81	$37.62	$46.42	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$29.78	$39.07	$48.36	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$31.73	$42.00	$52.26	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Class IV - Tunnel, shaft and caisson mucker, bracer man, liner plate man, long haul dinky driver and well point man.	LAUCT-Z1-4	$32.89	$43.74	$54.58	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$27.97	$36.36	$44.74	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$28.95	$37.82	$46.70	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$29.94	$39.31	$48.68	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$31.91	$42.26	$52.62	
Class V - Tunnel, shaft and caisson miner, drill runner, keyboard operator, power knife operator, reinforced steel or mesh man (e.g. wire mesh, steel mats, dowel bars)	LAUCT-Z1-5	$33.14	$44.11	$55.08	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$28.16	$36.64	$45.12	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$29.15	$38.12	$47.10	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$30.15	$39.62	$49.10	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$32.14	$42.61	$53.08	
Class VI - Dynamite man and powder man.	LAUCT-Z1-6	$33.47	$44.61	$55.74	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$28.40	$37.00	$45.60	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$29.42	$38.53	$47.64	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$30.43	$40.04	$49.66	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$32.46	$43.09	$53.72	
Class VII - Restoration laborer, seeding, sodding, planting, cutting, mulching and topsoil grading and the restoration of property such as replacing mail boxes, wood chips, planter boxes and flagstones.	LAUCT-Z1-7	$26.75	$34.53	$42.30	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$23.36	$29.44	$35.52	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$24.04	$30.46	$36.88	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$24.72	$31.48	$38.24	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$26.07	$33.50	$40.94	
Landscape Laborer					
Landscape specialist includes; air, gas, and diesel equipment operator, lawn sprinkler installer.	LLAN-Z1-A	$23.38	$32.46	$41.54	X X H X X X H D Y
Landscape laborer; small power tool operator, lawn sprinkler installer helper, material mover, truck driver.	LLAN-Z1-B	$19.16	$26.13	$33.10	X X H X X X H D Y

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name	Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Marble Finisher						
Marble Finisher		TT32-MF	$38.37	$48.46	$58.54	H H D H D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Level 1		$18.73	$24.22	$29.71	
	Level 2		$19.79	$25.81	$31.83	
	Level 3		$23.93	$30.38	$36.83	
	Level 4		$25.23	$32.33	$39.43	
	Level 5		$26.56	$33.85	$41.14	
	Level 6		$27.99	$35.64	$43.28	
	Level 7		$29.48	$37.17	$44.85	
	Level 8		$30.80	$38.73	$46.65	
Marble Mason						
Marble Mason		TT32-MM	$44.26	$57.29	$70.32	H H D H D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Level 1		$24.21	$31.14	$38.06	
	Level 2		$26.93	$34.56	$42.20	
	Level 3		$29.70	$37.59	$45.48	
	Level 4		$32.10	$40.83	$49.56	
	Level 5		$34.18	$43.17	$52.16	
	Level 6		$37.52	$48.11	$58.71	
	Level 7		$38.55	$49.53	$60.51	
	Level 8		$39.18	$50.47	$61.77	
Operating Engineer						
Crane with boom & jib or leads 120' or longer		EN-324-A120	$47.81	$64.26	$80.70	H H D H D D D D Y
Crane with boom & jib or leads 140' or longer		EN-324-A140	$48.63	$65.49	$82.34	H H D H D D D D Y
Crane with boom & jib or leads 220' or longer		EN-324-A220	$48.93	$65.94	$82.94	H H D H D D D D Y
Crane with boom & jib or leads 300' or longer		EN-324-A300	$50.43	$68.19	$85.94	H H D H D D D D Y
Crane with boom & jib or leads 400' or longer		EN-324-A400	$51.93	$70.44	$88.94	H H D H D D D D Y
Compressor or welding machine		EN-324-CW	$36.96	$47.98	$59.00	H H D H D D D D Y
Forklift, lull, extend-a-boom forklift		EN-324-FL	$44.27	$58.95	$73.62	H H D H D D D D Y
Fireman or oiler		EN-324-FO	$35.93	$46.44	$56.94	H H D H D D D D Y
Regular crane, job mechanic, concrete pump		EN-324-RC	$46.95	$62.97	$78.98	H H D H D D D D Y

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Regular engineer, hydro-excavator, remote controlled concrete breaker	EN-324-RE	$45.98	$61.51	$77.04	H H D H D D D D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
Period 1		$36.47	$47.34	$58.22	
Period 2		$38.02	$49.67	$61.32	
Period 3		$39.57	$52.00	$64.42	
Period 4		$41.12	$54.32	$67.52	
Period 5		$42.68	$56.66	$70.64	
Period 6		$44.23	$58.99	$73.74	
Operating Engineer - Marine Construction					
Diver/Wet Tender, Engineer (hydraulic dredge)	GLF-1	$49.29	$64.74	$80.19	X X H H H H H D Y
Holidays paid at $95.64 per hour					
Subdivision of county	all Great Lakes, islands therein, & connecting & tributary waters				
Crane/Backhoe Operator, Mechanic/Welder, Assistant Engineer (hydraulic dredge), Leverman (hydraulic dredge), Diver Tender	GLF-2	$47.79	$62.49	$77.19	X X H H H H H D Y
Holidays paid $91.89 per hour					
Subdivision of county	All Great Lakes, islands therein, & connecting & tributary waters				
Deck Equipment Operator, Machineryman, Maintenance of Crane (over 50 ton capacity) or Backhoe (115,000 lbs. or more), Tug/Launch Operator, Loader, Dozer and like equipment on Barge, Breakwater Wall, Slip/Doc or Scow, Deck Machinery	GLF-3	$44.59	$57.69	$70.79	X X H H H H H D Y
Holidays paid at $83.89 per hour					
Subdivision of county	All Great Lakes, islands therein, & connecting & tributary waters				
Deck Equipment Operator, (Machineryman/Fireman), (4 equipment units or more), Deck Hand, Deck Engineer, & Crane Maintenance 50 ton capacity and under or Backhoe weighing 115,000 lbs or less, Assistant Tug Operator	GLF-4	$40.19	$51.09	$61.99	X X H H H H H D Y
Holidays paid at $72.89 per hour					
Subdivision of county	All Great Lakes, islands therein, & connecting & tributary waters				

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Statewide

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Operating Engineer Hazardous Waste Class I					
Level A - Fully encapsulating chemical resistant suit w/ pressure demand, full face piece SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA. The highest available level of respiratory, skin and eye protection.	EN-324-HWCI-Z1A	$46.22	$61.89	$77.55	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
1st 6 months		$36.62	$47.58	$58.55	
2nd 6 months		$38.18	$49.92	$61.67	
3rd 6 months		$39.75	$52.28	$64.81	
4th 6 months		$41.31	$54.62	$67.93	
5th 6 months		$42.89	$56.99	$71.09	
6th 6 months		$44.45	$59.33	$74.21	
Level B & C protection. B - Pressure demand, full face SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA w/chemical resistant clothing. C - Full face piece, air purifying canister-equipped respirator w/chemical resistant clothing.	EN-324-HWCI-Z1B	$45.27	$60.46	$75.65	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
1st 6 months		$35.95	$46.59	$57.21	
2nd 6 months		$37.48	$48.88	$60.27	
3rd 6 months		$39.00	$51.16	$63.31	
4th 6 months		$40.85	$53.93	$67.01	
5th 6 months		$42.04	$55.72	$69.39	
6th 6 months		$43.56	$58.00	$72.43	
Level D - Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HWCI-Z1D	$43.97	$58.51	$73.05	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
1st 6 months		$35.05	$45.23	$55.41	
2nd 6 months		$36.51	$47.43	$58.33	
3rd 6 months		$37.95	$49.58	$61.21	
4th 6 months		$39.42	$51.79	$64.15	
5th 6 months		$40.86	$53.95	$67.03	
6th 6 months		$42.32	$56.13	$69.95	
Level D When Capping Landfill Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HWCI-Z1DCL	$43.72	$58.14	$72.55	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
1st 6 months		$34.87	$44.96	$55.05	
2nd 6 months		$36.31	$47.12	$57.93	
3rd 6 months		$37.76	$49.30	$60.83	
4th 6 months		$39.20	$51.45	$63.71	
5th 6 months		$40.63	$53.60	$66.57	
6th 6 months		$42.08	$55.78	$69.47	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Operating Engineer Hazardous Waste Class II					
Level A - Fully encapsulating chemical resistant suit w/ pressure demand, full face piece SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA. The highest available level of respiratory, skin and eye protection.	EN-324-HWCII-Z1A	$41.99	$55.54	$69.09	H H H H H H H D Y
Level B & C protection. B - Pressure demand, full face SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA w/chemical resistant clothing. C - Full face piece, air purifying canister-equipped respirator w/chemical resistant clothing.	EN-324-HWCII-Z1B	$41.04	$54.12	$67.19	H H H H H H H D Y
Level D - Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HWCII-Z1D	$39.74	$52.17	$64.59	H H H H H H H D Y
Level D When Capping Landfill Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HWCII-Z1DCL	$39.49	$51.79	$64.09	H H H H H H H D Y
Operating Engineer Hazardous Waste Crane w/ Boom & Jib leads 140' or longer					
Level A - Fully encapsulating chemical resistant suit w/ pressure demand, full face piece SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA. The highest available level of respiratory, skin and eye protection.	EN-324-HW140-Z1A	$48.87	$65.86	$82.85	H H H H H H H D Y
Level B & C protection. B - Pressure demand, full face SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA w/chemical resistant clothing. C - Full face piece, air purifying canister-equipped respirator w/chemical resistant clothing.	EN-324-HW140-Z1B	$47.92	$64.44	$80.95	H H H H H H H D Y
Level D Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HW140-Z1D	$46.62	$62.49	$78.35	H H H H H H H D Y
Level D When Capping Landfill Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HW140-Z1DCL	$46.37	$62.11	$77.85	H H H H H H H D Y
Operating Engineer Hazardous Waste Crane w/ Boom & Jib leads 220' or longer					
Level A - Fully encapsulating chemical resistant suit w/ pressure demand, full face piece SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA. The highest available level of respiratory, skin and eye protection.	EN-324-HW220-Z1A	$49.17	$66.31	$83.45	H H H H H H H D Y
Level B & C protection. B - Pressure demand, full face SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA w/chemical resistant clothing. C - Full face piece, air purifying canister-equipped respirator w/chemical resistant clothing.	EN-324-HW220-Z1B	$48.22	$64.89	$81.55	H H H H H H H D Y

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Level D Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HW220-Z1D	$46.92	$62.94	$78.95	H H H H H H H D Y
Level D When Capping Landfill Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HW220-Z1DCL	$46.67	$62.56	$78.45	H H H H H H H D Y
Operating Engineer Hazardous Waste Regular Crane, Job Mechanic, Dragline Operator, Boom Truck Operator, and Concrete Pump with Boom Operator					
Level D - Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HWRC-Z1D	$44.94	$59.97	$74.99	H H H H H H H D Y
Operating Engineer Hazardous Waste Regular Crane, Job Mechanic, Dragline Operator, Boom Truck Operator, Power Shovel Operator and Concrete Pump with boom					
Level D When Capping Landfill Coveralls, safety boots, glasses or chemical splash goggles and hard hats.	EN-324-HWRC-Z1DCL	$44.07	$58.66	$73.25	H H H H H H H D Y
Operating Engineer Hazardous Waste Regular Crane, Job Mechanic, Dragline Operator, Boom Truck Operator, Power Shovel Operator and Concrete Pump with booms					
Level B & C protection. B - Pressure demand, full face SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA w/chemical resistant clothing. C - Full face piece, air purifying canister-equipped respirator w/chemical resistant clothing.	EN-324-HWRC-Z1B	$46.24	$61.92	$77.59	H H H H H H H D Y
Operating Engineer Hazardous Waste Regular Crane, Job Mechanic, Dragline Operator, Boom Truck Operator, Power Shovel Operators and Concrete Pump with booms					
Level A - Fully encapsulating chemical resistant suit w/ pressure demand, full face piece SCBA or pressure demand supplied air respirator w/ escape SCBA. The highest available level of respiratory, skin and eye protection.	EN-324-HWRC-Z1A	$47.19	$63.34	$79.49	H H H H H H H D Y
Operating Engineer Steel Work					
Crane w/ 120' boom or longer	EN-324-SW120	$51.51	$69.80	$88.08	H H D H H H D D Y
Crane w/ 120' boom or longer w/ Oiler	EN-324-SW120-O	$52.51	$71.30	$90.08	H H D H H H D D Y
Crane w/ 140' boom or longer	EN-324-SW140	$52.69	$71.57	$90.44	H H D H H H D D Y
Crane w/ 140' boom or longer W/ Oiler	EN-324-SW140-O	$53.69	$73.07	$92.44	H H D H H H D D Y
Boom & Jib 220' or longer	EN-324-SW220	$52.96	$71.97	$90.98	H H D H H H D D Y
Crane w/ 220' boom or longer w/ Oiler	EN-324-SW220-O	$53.96	$73.47	$92.98	H H D H H H D D Y

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name / Description			Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Boom & Jib 300' or longer		EN-324-SW300	$54.46	$74.22	$93.98	H H D H H H D D Y
Crane w/ 300' boom or longer w/ Oiler		EN-324-SW300-O	$55.46	$75.72	$95.98	H H D H H H D D Y
Boom & Jib 400' or longer		EN-324-SW400	$55.96	$76.47	$96.98	H H D H H H D D Y
Crane w/ 400' boom or longer w/ Oiler		EN-324-SW400-O	$56.96	$77.97	$98.98	H H D H H H D D Y
Crane Operator & Job Mechanic		EN-324-SWCO	$51.15	$69.26	$87.36	H H D H H H D D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	0-999 hours		$40.04	$52.72	$65.39	
	1,000-1,999 hours		$41.85	$55.43	$69.01	
	2,000-2,999 hours		$43.66	$58.14	$72.63	
	3,000-3,999 hours		$45.48	$60.88	$76.27	
	4,000-4,999 hours		$47.28	$63.58	$79.87	
	5,000 hours		$49.10	$66.31	$83.51	
Crane w/ Oiler		EN-324-SWCO-O	$52.15	$70.76	$89.36	H H D H H H D D Y
Compressor or Welder Operator		EN-324-SWCW	$43.70	$58.08	$72.46	H H D H H H D D Y
Hoisting Operator		EN-324-SWHO	$50.51	$68.30	$86.08	H H D H H H D D Y
Oiler		EN-324-SWO	$42.29	$55.97	$69.64	H H D H H H D D Y
Tower Crane & Derrick where work is 50' or more above first level		EN-324-SWTD50	$52.24	$70.89	$89.54	H H D H H H D D Y
Tower Crane & Derrick 50' or more w/ Oiler where work station is 50' or more above first level		EN-324-SWTD50-O	$53.24	$72.39	$91.54	H H D H H H D D Y
Operating Engineer Underground						
Class I Equipment		EN-324A1-UC1	$43.72	$58.11	$72.50	H H H H H H H D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	0-999 hours		$34.89	$44.97	$55.04	
	1,000-1,999 hours		$36.33	$47.13	$57.92	
	2,000-2,999 hours		$37.76	$49.27	$60.78	
	3,000-3,999 hours		$39.21	$51.45	$63.68	
	4,000-4,999 hours		$40.65	$53.61	$66.56	
	5,000-5,999 hours		$42.09	$55.77	$69.44	
Class II Equipment		EN-324A1-UC2	$38.99	$51.02	$63.04	H H H H H H H D Y

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Classification Name	Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Class III Equipment		EN-324A1-UC3	$38.26	$48.40	$58.54	H H H H H H H D Y
Class IV Equipment		EN-324A1-UC4	$37.69	$49.07	$60.44	H H H H H H H D Y
Master Mechanic		EN-324A1-UMM	$43.97	$58.49	$73.00	H H H H H H H D Y
Painter						
Painter (8 hours of repaint work performed on Sunday shall be paid time & one half rate)		PT-22-P	$38.01	$50.24	$62.47	H H D H D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	First 6 months		$25.78	$31.89	$38.01	
	Second 6 months		$29.45	$37.40	$45.35	
	Third 6 months		$30.67	$39.23	$47.79	
	Fourth 6 months		$31.89	$41.06	$50.23	
	Fifth 6 months		$33.12	$42.91	$52.69	
	Final 6 months		$34.34	$44.73	$55.13	
Sandblasting & spraywork performed, on highway bridges, overpases, tanks or steel, OR spraywork & sandblasting done with a scaffold height of 40' above the floor level		PT-22-S	$38.81	$51.44	$64.07	H H D H D D D D N
Pipefitter						
Pipefitter		PF-636	$51.46	$66.44	$81.41	H H D H D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st & 2nd periods		$26.23	$33.23	$40.23	
	3rd period		$28.23	$36.23	$44.23	
	4th period		$29.48	$38.11	$46.73	
	5th period		$30.73	$39.98	$49.23	
	6th period		$31.98	$41.85	$51.73	
	7th period		$33.23	$43.73	$54.23	
	8th period		$34.23	$45.23	$56.23	
	9th period		$35.23	$46.73	$58.23	
	10th period		$36.66	$48.87	$61.09	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name	Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Plasterer						
Plasterer		BR1P	$40.97	$61.46	$81.94	H H H H H H H D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st 6 months		$20.77	$31.16	$41.54	
	2nd 6 months		$24.16	$36.24	$48.32	
	3rd 6 months		$27.52	$41.28	$55.04	
	4th 6 months		$30.88	$46.32	$61.76	
	5th 6 months		$34.25	$49.58	$66.10	
	6th 6 months		$37.61	$56.42	$75.22	
Plasterer		PL67	$38.32	$52.78	$67.24	H H H X D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st 6 months		$20.97	$26.76	$32.54	
	2nd 6 months		$23.86	$31.09	$38.32	
	3rd 6 months		$26.75	$35.42	$44.10	
	4th 6 months		$29.64	$39.76	$49.88	
	5th 6 months		$32.54	$44.11	$55.68	
	6th 6 months		$35.43	$48.44	$61.46	
Plumber						
Plumber		PL-98	$51.88	$68.40	$84.91	H H D H D D D D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Period 1		$17.11	$23.41	$29.71	
	Period 2		$17.11	$23.41	$29.71	
	Period 3		$26.78	$35.13	$43.47	
	Period 4		$27.41	$36.07	$44.73	
	Period 5		$28.57	$37.81	$47.05	
	Period 6		$29.72	$39.53	$49.35	
	Period 7		$30.87	$41.26	$51.65	
	Period 8		$32.04	$43.01	$53.99	
	Period 9		$33.19	$44.74	$56.29	
	Period 10		$34.35	$46.48	$58.61	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name	Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Roofer						
Commercial Roofer		RO-149-WOM	$45.01	$58.72	$72.42	H H D H H H D D N
Straight time is not to exceed ten (10) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week.						
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Apprentice 1		$29.78	$36.88	$44.64	
	Apprentice 2		$33.80	$41.54	$49.52	
	Apprentice 3		$35.16	$43.50	$52.14	
	Apprentice 4		$36.15	$44.94	$54.06	
	Apprentice 5		$37.33	$46.64	$56.32	
	Apprentice 6		$38.67	$48.58	$58.90	
Sheet Metal Worker						
Sheet Metal Worker		SHM-80	$51.82	$69.04	$86.25	H H D H D D D D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	First Year		$34.61	$43.22	$51.83	
	Second Year		$35.98	$45.27	$54.57	
	Third Year		$37.36	$47.34	$57.33	
	Fourth Year		$40.11	$51.47	$62.83	
	Fifth Year		$42.86	$55.59	$68.33	
Siding & Decking		SHM-80-SD	$34.58	$46.03	$57.48	H H H H H H H D Y
Sound & Communication						
Installer/Technician		EC-58-SC	$29.33	$41.30	$53.26	H H H H H H H D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Period 1		$17.16	$23.04	$28.93	
	Period 2		$18.38	$24.88	$31.37	
	Period 3		$19.59	$26.69	$33.79	
	Period 4		$20.81	$28.53	$36.23	
	Period 5		$22.02	$30.33	$38.65	
	Period 6		$23.24	$32.17	$41.09	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name	Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Sprinkler Fitter						
Sprinkler Fitter		SP 704	$54.02	$72.89	$91.75	H H D H D D D D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	1st Period		$31.38	$38.93	$46.47	
	2nd Period		$33.27	$41.76	$50.25	
	3rd Period		$35.15	$44.58	$54.01	
	4th Period		$37.04	$47.41	$57.79	
	5th Period		$38.93	$50.25	$61.57	
	6th Period		$40.81	$53.07	$65.33	
	7th Period		$42.70	$55.91	$69.11	
	8th Period		$44.59	$58.74	$72.89	
	9th Period		$46.47	$61.56	$76.65	
	10th Period		$48.36	$64.39	$80.43	
Terrazzo						
Terrazzo Finisher		TT32-TRF	$38.77	$49.06	$59.34	H H D H D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Level 1		$19.72	$25.71	$31.69	
	Level 2		$20.39	$26.71	$33.03	
	Level 3		$23.86	$30.27	$36.69	
	Level 4		$25.16	$32.23	$39.29	
	Level 5		$26.49	$33.74	$41.00	
	Level 6		$27.92	$35.33	$42.74	
	Level 7		$29.41	$37.18	$44.96	
	Level 8		$30.73	$38.74	$46.76	
Terrazzo Worker		TT32-TRW	$43.79	$56.59	$69.38	H H D H D D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Level 1		$24.11	$30.98	$37.86	
	Level 2		$26.83	$34.42	$42.00	
	Level 3		$29.60	$37.44	$45.28	
	Level 4		$32.00	$40.68	$49.36	
	Level 5		$34.08	$43.15	$52.21	
	Level 6		$37.34	$47.85	$58.35	
	Level 7		$38.42	$49.33	$60.25	
	Level 8		$39.25	$50.58	$61.91	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name	Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Tile						
Tile Finisher		TT32-TF	$38.39	$48.49	$58.58	H H D H D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Level 1		$18.63	$24.07	$29.51	
	Level 2		$19.69	$25.66	$31.63	
	Level 3		$23.83	$30.23	$36.63	
	Level 4		$25.13	$32.18	$39.23	
	Level 5		$26.46	$33.70	$40.94	
	Level 6		$27.89	$35.48	$43.08	
	Level 7		$29.38	$37.01	$44.65	
	Level 8		$30.70	$38.57	$46.45	
Tile Layer		TT32-TL	$43.69	$56.44	$69.18	H H D H D D D N
	Apprentice Rates:					
	Level 1		$24.11	$30.98	$37.86	
	Level 2		$26.83	$34.42	$42.00	
	Level 3		$29.60	$37.44	$45.28	
	Level 4		$32.00	$40.68	$49.36	
	Level 5		$34.03	$42.94	$51.86	
	Level 6		$37.29	$47.77	$58.25	
	Level 7		$37.87	$48.51	$59.15	
	Level 8		$38.70	$49.75	$60.81	
Truck Driver						
on all trucks of 8 cubic yard capacity or less		TM-RB1	$32.62	$35.55		H H H H H H H Y
of all trucks of 8 cubic yard capacity or over		TM-RB1A	$32.72	$35.70		H H H H H H H Y
on euclid type equipment		TM-RB1B	$32.87	$35.93		H H H H H H H Y
Underground Laborer Open Cut, Class I						
Construction Laborer		LAUC-Z1-1	$32.39	$42.99	$53.58	H H H H H H D Y
	Apprentice Rates:					
	0-1,000 work hours		$27.59	$35.78	$43.98	
	1,001-2,000 work hours		$28.55	$37.22	$45.90	
	2,001-3,000 work hours		$29.51	$38.66	$47.82	
	3,001-4,000 work hours		$31.43	$41.54	$51.66	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Underground Laborer Open Cut, Class II					
Mortar and material mixer, concrete form man, signal man, well point man, manhole, headwall and catch basin builder, guard rail builders, headwall, seawall, breakwall, dock builder and fence erector.	LAUC-Z1-2	$32.50	$43.15	$53.80	H H H H H H H D Y
	Apprentice Rates:				
	0-1,000 work hours	$27.68	$35.92	$44.16	
	1,001-2,000 work hours	$28.64	$37.36	$46.08	
	2,001-3,000 work hours	$29.60	$38.80	$48.00	
	3,001-4,000 work hours	$31.54	$41.71	$51.88	
Underground Laborer Open Cut, Class III					
Air, gasoline and electric tool operator, vibrator operator, drillers, pump man, tar kettle operator, bracers, rodder, reinforced steel or mesh man (e.g. wire mesh, steel mats, dowel bars, etc.), cement finisher, welder, pipe jacking and boring man, wagon drill and air track operator and concrete saw operator (under 40 h.p.), windlass and tugger man, and directional boring man.	LAUC-Z1-3	$32.55	$43.23	$53.90	H H H H H H H D Y
	Apprentice Rates:				
	0-1,000 work hours	$27.71	$35.96	$44.22	
	1,001-2,000 work hours	$28.68	$37.42	$46.16	
	2,001-3,000 work hours	$29.65	$38.88	$48.10	
	3,001-4,000 work hours	$31.58	$41.77	$51.96	
Underground Laborer Open Cut, Class IV					
Trench or excavating grade man.	LAUC-Z1-4	$32.63	$43.35	$54.06	H H H H H H H D Y
	Apprentice Rates:				
	0-1,000 work hours	$27.77	$36.06	$44.34	
	1,001-2,000 work hours	$28.74	$37.51	$46.28	
	2,001-3,000 work hours	$29.72	$38.98	$48.24	
	3,001-4,000 work hours	$31.66	$41.89	$52.12	
Underground Laborer Open Cut, Class V					
Pipe Layer	LAUC-Z1-5	$32.69	$43.44	$54.18	H H H H H H H D Y
	Apprentice Rates:				
	0-1,000 work hours	$27.82	$36.13	$44.44	
	1,001-2,000 work hours	$28.79	$37.58	$46.38	
	2,001-3,000 work hours	$29.77	$39.06	$48.34	
	3,001-4,000 work hours	$31.72	$41.98	$52.24	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

Official 2007 Prevailing Wage Rates for State Funded Projects

Issue Date: 1/18/2007

Contract must be awarded by 4/18/2007

Classification Name / Description		Straight Hourly	Time and a Half	Double Time	Overtime Provision
Underground Laborer Open Cut, Class VI					
Grouting man, top man assistant, audio visual television operations and all other operations in connection with closed circuit television inspection, pipe cleaning and pipe relining work.	LAUC-Z1-6	$30.14	$39.61	$49.08	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$25.90	$33.25	$40.60	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$26.75	$34.52	$42.30	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$27.60	$35.80	$44.00	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$29.29	$38.34	$47.38	
Underground Laborer Open Cut, Class VII					
Restoration laborer, seeding, sodding, planting, cutting, mulching and topsoil grading and the restoration of property such as replacing mail boxes, wood chips, planter boxes, flagstones etc.	LAUC-Z1-7	$26.76	$34.54	$42.32	H H H H H H H D Y
Apprentice Rates:					
0-1,000 work hours		$23.37	$29.46	$35.54	
1,001-2,000 work hours		$24.05	$30.48	$36.90	
2,001-3,000 work hours		$24.73	$31.50	$38.26	
3,001-4,000 work hours		$26.08	$33.52	$40.96	

Official Request #: 71
Requestor: TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Project Description: ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

Project Number: Hamilton-Martell-Wass-Wattles Elem-Phase II HS
County: Oakland

Official Rate Schedule

Every contractor and subcontractor shall keep posted on the construction site, in a conspicuous place, a copy of all prevailing wage and fringe benefit rates prescribed in a contract.

SECTION 00880
REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Specific attention is directed to all applicable building codes, laws, regulations, permits, fees, notices, Equal Employment Opportunity, wage rates, non-segregated facilities and other statutory requirements for the Project.

1.02 STANDARDS, CODES AND REGULATION

A. All Work is to comply with the rules and regulations of governing bodies having jurisdiction.

B. Standards, codes and regulations published by Manufacturer's associations, governmental agencies and other regulatory authorities form a part of these Specifications as minimum requirements. Such references include the latest issue and legal requirements in force.

C. Where differences occur between the Contract Documents and such standards, the strictest requirements shall take precedence.

D. Supply all materials and perform all Work in accordance with the Manufacturer's specifications and installation procedures, and in conformance with published Trade and Manufacturers' association standards, unless specifically noted otherwise in the Contract Documents.

E. **Contractor** shall comply with all applicable requirements of both state and federal Laws regarding discovery, release, transportation, storage, spills, disposal or other handling of Hazardous Materials Refer to Section 00840 in the Project Manual.

1.03 PERMITS

A. Refer to Section 00890 Permits in the Project Manual.

1.04 TAXES

A. Except to the extent specifically described below, this Project is subject to all applicable state Sales Tax and/or Use taxes, and Bidder must include such taxes in its Bid Proposal. All other taxes applicable to the project at the time of the bid are to be included in the bid amount and will be the responsibility of Bidder.

END OF SECTION 00880

SECTION 00890
PERMITS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 PERMITS AND FEES

A. Troy School District **will** obtain and pay for the General Building Permit.

B. Other than the general building permit, **Contractor** shall provide and pay for all other permits, assessments, governmental fees, bonds, connection charges, licenses and inspection fees and any other charges necessary for the proper execution and completion of the **Contractor's** Work.

C. **Contractor** is to provide, pay for and coordinate all other permits, fees, inspections, and city, county, state, federal and governing authority approvals required for the successful completion of the Work contained within its respective Bid Category and deliver required certificates of inspection and approvals to Barton Malow Company.

D. This Project is under the jurisdiction of the **MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL, STATE OF MICHIGAN FIRE MARSHAL DIVISION, MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT AND OAKLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH.**

E. Site water and sewer utilities are under the jurisdiction of the **ROAD COMMISION OF OAKLAND COUNTY** authorities.

END OF SECTION 00890

SECTION 01140
USE OF PREMISES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the following requirements including:
   1. Use of Premises and Deliveries
   2. Use of Existing Elevators
   3. Use of Existing Facilities
   4. Existing Entrances and Drives
   5. Protection of Underground Facilities
   6. No Interruption of Occupancy/Sequencing
   7. Material Storage

PART 2 - USE OF PREMISES

2.01 USE OF PREMISES AND DELIVERIES

A. Contractor and its Subordinate Parties shall be subject to such rules and regulations for the conduct of the Work as the Owner or Barton Malow Company may establish. All employees shall be properly and completely clothed while working. Bare torsos, legs and feet will not be allowed. Possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages or drugs, or other obnoxious behavior on the site is strictly prohibited. Violators shall be promptly removed from the site.

B. Before starting the Work, Contractor shall ascertain from Barton Malow Company what entrances, routes or roadways shall be used for access to the Work, and use only those designated for movement of personnel, materials and vehicles to and from the Project site. Close coordination will be required of Contractor with the Owner, Barton Malow Company, other contractors, the city and others having an interest in the Project to assure that Work on the site, access to and from the site and the general conduct of operations is maintained in a safe and efficient manner, and that disruption and inconvenience to existing streets and property is minimized. Contractor is responsible to review the site and be familiar with all existing conditions within and around the Owner's property including local conditions and requirements. A set of existing drawings, which are considered Resource Drawings, is available for inspection at the Barton Malow Company's Field Office.

C. Contractors shall maintain free access to all buildings and areas of the site for designated vehicles, service vehicles and fire fighting equipment and at no time shall block off or close roadways or fire lanes without providing auxiliary roadways and means of entrance acceptable to the Owner. Fire hydrants must remain accessible at all times. Contractors shall give the Owner and the local fire department at least forty-eight (48) hours notice of any such changes of routes.

D. There is on-site parking for Contractors and their Subordinate Parties' employees. Contractor, Subordinate Parties and their personnel will not be allowed to park in the Owner's parking area. Barton Malow Company will designate parking areas.

E. Contractors and their Subordinate Parties will not be allowed to use any Owner tools or equipment during the course of the Project.

F. Each Contractor shall confine its Work to normal working hours; 8:00 am to 4:30 p.m. OR 7:00 am to 3:30 p.m., Monday through Friday. Contractor may execute the Work during the entire twenty-four (24) hours of any day of the week with the approval of the Barton Malow Company and the Owner, providing that they so conduct their operations as to not create a public nuisance or disturb the peace, and provided such operations are conducted so as to comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, and regulations. Compensation to Barton Malow Company for supervisory staff due to abnormal working hours will at the requesting Contractor's expense.

1. The City of Troy has a noise ordinance which states: **The erection (including excavating), demolition, alteration, or repair of any building, the excavation and/or grading of streets, highways, or private property other than between the hours of 7:00am and 8:00pm on Mondays through Saturdays, unless a permit be first obtained from the Building Department for building work or from the Engineering Department for street work** (Title IX – Police Regulations).
2. **The Troy School District has stated that no construction traffic is allowed to or from the schools between the hours of 7:10am-7:55am and 2:10pm-2:55pm. This is to ensure the safety of their students.**

G. Whenever Contractor intends to depart from normal work hours, it shall notify Barton Malow Company in writing at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance. Failure of Contractor to give such timely notice may result in Barton Malow Company directing the removal or uncovering of the Work performed during such abnormal hours and Contractor's expense. Special arrangements can be made for emergency work or shutdowns as may be required.

H. Use of explosives are not permitted.

I. Each Contractor on behalf of itself and its Subordinate Parties shall be responsible for all damage to the Project including the existing buildings and grounds arising or resulting from its operations under the Agreement. Repair or replacement of damaged items shall be to the satisfaction of the Owner and Barton Malow Company.

J. Each Contractor shall at all times maintain a clean and safe passageway for the Owner's operations and personnel in existing areas and maintain clearances adjacent to and in connection with the Work performed.

K. Each Contractor shall effectively confine dust, dirt and noise to the actual construction area and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

L. All Contractors and their Subordinate Parties shall restrict all Work activities associated with an area undergoing renovation to within the boundaries indicated by the Contract Documents. Any means of access or egress from the stipulated boundaries shall be coordinated with Barton Malow Company and the Owner.

M. Work shall, if required, be constructed in phases to accommodate the Owner's use of the premises during construction and to accommodate installation of equipment. Refer to Section 00230 Schedule and Phasing of the Project Manual.

N. All Contractors shall limit their use of the premises for Work and for storage, to allow for:

* Work by other contractors
* Owner occupancy
* Public use and safety
* Free use of corridors at all times

O. The Owner and Barton Malow Company expect Contractors and their Subordinate Parties to exercise common sense and good judgment, and to conduct themselves in a manner which would be a credit to the

Owner. Without limiting other applicable provisions of the Contract Documents, Contractor shall not engage in the following:

1. Conduct that interferes with Work or work of others.
2. Conduct that interferes with, or is detrimental to good safety and well being.
3. Unauthorized use of confidential information.
4. Discourtesy toward Owner's staff, visitors and the general public (including abusive, vulgar or other language).
5. Soliciting.
6. Disregard of safety, sanitation, or security laws, rules and regulations.
7. Conduct detrimental to the Owner's operations and good reputation.
8. Stealing.
9. Gambling.
10. Possession and/or use of narcotics or intoxicants.
11. Threats or abuse of others.
12. Disorderly conduct or fighting.
13. Playing of loud music.
14. Falsification of information.
15. Unauthorized travel of Subcontractor's employees outside the designated project Work areas.
16. Discriminating Behavior.
17. Sexual of Ethnic harassment.

Willful disregard of the above will be grounds for requiring the offending person(s) to be removed from the Project, and may subject the Contractor to termination under the Agreement.

P. Site contractor shall be responsible for keeping the designated route to the site clean and free of debris. Site contractor will assume responsibility for any of their sub-contractors keeping the designated route to the site clean and free of debris.

P. Each Contractor on behalf of itself and its Subordinate Parties shall not load or permit any part of a structure to be loaded with a weight that will endanger its safety.

Q. Where new temporary partitions are established and located by the Demolition, Carpentry, or Drywall contractor, all existing mechanical, fire protection, plumbing and electrical devices used for life safety purposes shall be relocated by the Contractor installing or relocating same to the new temporary partitions so as to be usable and visible to Owner personnel and activities. Items such as, but not limited to: exit lights, fire protection systems, fire alarm systems, and similar items shall be relocated. In the event that a passageway is blocked or barricaded, visible rerouting directions for traffic flow shall be posted.

1. The Project is under the jurisdiction of the Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth.

2. Partition construction shall provide a fire-resistant classification approved by the state Fire Marshall. Openings in such partitions shall be protected by fire doors consistent with the rating of the partition.

R. The Owner shall have the option to curtail or delay any activity that affects its operations. Should a Contractor be asked to stop its Work, the Contractor shall do so immediately and proceed with other activities with no additional cost to the Owner or Barton Malow Company. The Owner may occupy the premises during the entire period of construction for the conduct of its normal operations. All Contractors are to cooperate with the Owner and Barton Malow Company in all construction operations to minimize conflict, and to facilitate Owner usage.

S. Contractors and their Subordinate Parties are prohibited from canvassing, soliciting, posting, or distributing literature or materials for any purpose while on the job site.

T. Contractors and their Subordinate Parties shall be responsible for adhering to the smoking policies and regulations of the Owner and the Owner's facilities.

U. The preservation of existing trees and other vegetation on the site to the maximum extent possible is extremely important. In many cases, trees in close proximity to the site work are to be preserved. Each Contractor must plan its Work and instruct its Subordinate Parties to conduct their operations to avoid damage to trees and vegetation (provide barriers as required). Indiscriminate driving about the site, disposing of waste, storage of materials upon or against trees or any other activity which is harmful to trees or vegetation that are to be preserved will not be tolerated. Parking areas, storage areas, and access to the buildings will be confined to areas designated and approved by Barton Malow Company.

V. Any case of damage to any tree shall be reported to Barton Malow Company immediately so that professional repairs can be made. The cost of such required repairs or treatment shall be charged to the responsible Contractor. Willful disregard of the above will be grounds for requiring the offending person(s) to be removed from the Project, and may subject the Contractor to termination under the Agreement.

2.02 USE OF EXISTING ELEVATORS

A. Each Contractor, subject to the approval of Barton Malow Company and Owner may not, use the existing elevator(s) designated by the Owner within the contract boundaries for movement of personnel and materials to a construction area.

B. In those cases where an elevator is to be shared with Owner services, the Owner's employees and services take priority over construction activities. Each Contractor is responsible for proper conduct of its Subordinate Parties with regard to the use of the elevator. Any damage to the elevator due to oversize load, excess weight or other conditions is the individual Contractor's responsibility.

C. Use of the elevator(s) at times other than normal working hours shall be coordinated with Barton Malow Company and Owner.

2.03 USE OF EXISTING FACILITIES

A. Contractors shall limit their and their Subordinate Parties' usage of the occupied areas of the facility to that which is absolutely necessary for the installation of their Work. Parts of the facility not in the construction area are "off limits" unless a specific work task is being performed as designated by Barton Malow Company.

B. Contractors and their Subordinate Parties will not be allowed the use of the Owner's cafeteria, parking, telephones, toilet facilities, tools, equipment, or any other item or facility belonging to the Owner, unless specifically authorized by Owner and Barton Malow Company. Contractor's Subordinate Parties shall not use the Owner's facilities for personal use such as lunchrooms and similar areas for coffee breaks, clothing changes or similar uses. The Owner's complex shall be off-limits to all construction personnel without prior approval of Barton Malow Company and the Owner.

2.04 EXISTING ENTRANCES AND DRIVES

A. Contractor and construction delivery access to the worksite shall be as designated by Barton Malow Company. Selected entrances to the Project site will remain open during normal working hours for the use of all Contractors. Contractors shall utilize specific entrances for material deliveries, equipment deliveries and worker access to the Project site as directed by Barton Malow Company.

B. At no time are ANY vehicles to be parked, whether attended or not, in the Owner's entrances or drives. Any material delivery which will tie up the Owner's entrances or drives in excess of 15 minutes shall be pre-scheduled with the Owner through Barton Malow Company. In scheduling construction deliveries the Contractor agrees that the Owner's deliveries, and operations will take precedence.

2.05 PROTECTION OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES

A. Each Contractor shall provide and maintain proper shoring and bracing for existing underground utilities, sewers, and building foundations, encountered during its excavation Work, to protect from collapse or movement, or other type of damage until such time as they are to be removed, incorporated into the new Work or can be properly backfilled upon completion of new Work. All such disruptions of services shall be limited to a maximum of FOUR (4) hours. Prior to beginning any excavation, Contractor shall contact MISS DIG and utility companies for the location of all existing underground services and provide, if requested, documentation of such contact to Barton Malow Company. If necessary, Contractor shall pay for appropriate layout and locating of existing utilities.

B. Utilities and/or other services which are shown, or not shown but encountered, shall be protected by the Contractor from any damage arising or resulting from Work, unless or until they are abandoned. If the utilities or services are damaged from Contractor's Work Contractor shall immediately repair any damage and restore the utilities and services to an equal or better condition than that which existed prior to the damage. Contractor will be responsible for all liabilities, expenses, lawsuits or claims arising or resulting from such damage and will defend, hold harmless and indemnify Owner and Barton Malow Company from any claims or lawsuits or other expenses.

C. Each Contractor on behalf of itself and its Subordinate Parties shall be responsible for all damage to the Project including the existing building and grounds arising out of or resulting from their performance of the Work. Repair or replacement of damaged items shall be to the satisfaction of the Owner and Barton Malow Company.

2.06 NO INTERRUPTION OF OCCUPANCY/SEQUENCING

A. Each Contractor is responsible to plan, coordinate and execute its Work in such a manner that there will be no disruption of the Owner's operations. If an interruption of operations is unavoidable, then this Work will be scheduled with the Owner through the Barton Malow Company prior to beginning such Work.

B. Due to the nature of the Owner's existing areas, the sequence of Work must be scheduled and coordinated with the Owner's ongoing operations to minimize disruptions and/or disturbances to the Owner's Work and at all times remain as secondary to the Owner's operations. Each segment of the Work shall be coordinated with the Barton Malow Company and the Owner prior to proceeding.

C. Work that interrupts the Owner's services will be accomplished during the time periods when it is least inconvenient to the Owner and completed in the shortest possible time frame. Contractors may be requested to work split shifts, weekends, off peak Owner loading periods, etc., to accommodate Owner's utility and service requirements, such as, but not limited to, medical gas systems, electrical power, HVAC systems, storm and sanitary lines. The cost for premium time labor, which may be required, is the Contractor's responsibility and is to be included in the base bid.

D. Contractors are responsible to provide any temporary alternate supply and/or return conditions to maintain services to the facility while Work is being performed for each Bid Category. Place safety stages or markers to indicate location of disconnected services.

E. No interruptions to Owner's power, lighting, signal, or alarm circuits will be permitted without the express written permission of the Owner. Arrangements for interruptions shall be made with the Owner at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the interruption and shall be made at such time and duration as authorized by them. Temporary feeders, transformer jumpers, connections, circuits, etc., shall be used as required to accomplish the above at no additional cost to the Owner and Barton Malow Company.

F. Contractors shall construct the Work in stages to provide for public convenience. Contractors shall not close off public use of facilities until completion of one stage of construction will provide alternative usage, or until other means have been provided.

G. These provisions shall apply to all Contractors and are applicable whether a Contractor is either directly or indirectly affected.

2.07 MATERIAL STORAGE

A. Each Contractor shall provide suitable storage trailers on site as required. These are to be relocated and removed when directed by Barton Malow Company.

B. Temporary storage of materials in the building and on the site will be limited to the same areas immediately under construction for materials intended for that particular portion of the Work. Material, equipment and tools shall not be stored on site in excess of five (5) working days prior to installation or use without Barton Malow Company's approval. Contractors shall stock the job with sufficient materials to maintain progress and schedule and without interfering with the Work or storage of others. Each Contractor assumes full responsibility for the protection and safekeeping of products under its control which are stored on the site. Contractors must move any stored products, under their control, which interfere with operations of the Owner or separate contractors as directed by Barton Malow Company. All Contractors are to cooperate with Barton Malow Company and other contractors in this regard.

C. Each Contractor shall provide sufficient protection for its materials and equipment from damages by weather or construction work or other hazards.

D. During progress of Work and upon completion of the Work, Contractor shall remove all debris and leave the area in a clean and orderly condition.

E. Each Contractor shall submit a receipt of shipment for all equipment stored on site or off-site to the Barton Malow Company. No materials or equipment shall be removed from the site without the permission of Barton Malow Company.

F. Storage of combustible materials within or adjacent to the building is prohibited.

END OF SECTION 01140

SECTION 01210
ALLOWANCES

The following is a list of the allowances for the Troy School District Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations BP #9390 project, as taken from the work scopes (section 00220).

WORK SCOPE SECTION	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT
2.1 - Sitework	Maintenance of conc.,wood, asphalt and /or stone, to be used as directed by Barton Malow	$20,000
3.1 - Concrete	To be used as directed by Barton Malow.	$8,000
4.1 – Masonry	To be used as directed by Barton Malow.	$3,000
5.1 – Structural Steel	To be used for miscellaneous steel as directed by Barton Malow.	$3,000
6.1 – Carpentry and Acoustical Ceilings	To be used on miscellaneous items as directed by Barton Malow.	$10,000
7.1 – Roofing	-	N/A
8.1 – Aluminum Door, Window and Glazing	-	N/A
9.1 – Painting	To cover the cost of touch-up painting needed following owner move in, or as directed by Barton Malow.	$3,000
9.2 – Terrazzo & Ceramic Tile	-	N/A
9.3 – Carpet, Resilient Tile and Base	To be used as directed by Barton Malow.	$4,000
9.4 – Athletic Flooring	-	N/A
15.1 – Mechanical	-	N/A
15.2 – Temperature and Lighting Controls	-	N/A
15.3 - Mechanical Testing and Balancing	-	N/A
16.1 – Electrical	To be used as directed by Barton Malow.	$25,000

END OF SECTION 01210

SECTION 01250
CHANGES IN THE WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Various forms of field communications will be used to document communication between the **Contractor** and Barton Malow Company as described in Section 01320 Communications. Field Communications are interpreted to be within the scope of the Agreement and as such are not authorizations for Work beyond the scope of the Agreement.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This section identifies an effective method of identification of changed work and provides an efficient method of modification of Contract Documents.

B. This section describes the following requirements including:
1. Types of Change Documentation
2. Compensation of Overhead and Profit for Changes in the Work
3. Itemization of Cost of Changed Work

PART 2 - TYPES OF CHANGE DOCUMENTATION

2.01 ARCHITECT INSTRUCTIONS

A. There are two forms of Architect Instructions used on the Project, namely the Architect's Supplemental Instruction ("ASI"), AIA Document G710, and the Proposal Request ("PR"), AIA Document G709. These documents will be issued by the Architect and distributed by the Barton Malow Company to affected Contractors.

1. ASI's are used by the Architect to issue supplemental instructions or interpretations involving minor changes in the Work that will not affect the contract price or schedule.

2. PRs, often termed "Bulletins" are used by the Architect to identify changes in the Contract Documents which may affect the Contractor's contract price or schedule. An itemized write-up narrative and corresponding "bubbled" change on the drawings or specifications usually accompanies this document.

B. PRs or "Bulletins" sent to Contractors which may involve a change in the contract price or schedule will be accompanied by –the Barton Malow form entitled "PCO- Quotation Only". In the event that the timing does not allow the For Quote Only process, then Barton Malow Company will issue its form entitled "PCO - Notice to Proceed" to the Contractor.

2.02 PCO- NOTICE TO PROCEED AND FOR PCO- QUOTATION ONLY FORMS

A. A PCO- Notice to Proceed is used when Work must be performed with swiftness and authorization to proceed by Change Order is inappropriate due to time restrictions. A PCO-Notice to Proceed may be issued for changes in schedule or contract price. In order for a PCO- Notice to Proceed to be valid, it must be signed by Barton Malow Company and Owner. The terms for establishing the additional cost and processing of the PCO- Notice to Proceed into a Change Order shall be identified prior to its release by Barton Malow Company.

B. If a change issued by the Architect, through Barton Malow Company, may result in an additional cost to the Contractor, Barton Malow Company will issue a PCO- Quotation Only with the Architect's documents. The PCO- Quotation Only will describe the change or reference the appropriate documents and will have attached the detailed descriptions, sketches and plans required for the Contractor to quote the change.

C. Barton Malow Company will send the PCO– Quotation Only to all potentially affected Contractors.

D. Once the Contractor receives the PCO– Quotation Only or the PCO- Notice to Proceed, it shall prepare a detailed cost estimate for the change. This estimate shall include an itemized takeoff of labor, equipment and material with a unit cost for each item. Under no circumstances will a PCO- Quotation Only or a PCO- Notice to Proceed be processed unless accompanied by a complete cost breakdown. The PCO- Quotation Only must be returned no later than the date indicated on the PCO– Quotation Only or at the direction of Barton Malow Company.

E. Once completed, the Contractor shall sign and date the PCO- Quotation Only and submit it with proper backup to Barton Malow Company. Barton Malow Company will then review, evaluate, possibly negotiate and then when acceptable, process the PCO- Quotation Only through the Owner's Representative and Architect's Representative. Once the quote for the work under the PCO- Notice to Proceed is submitted to Barton Malow Company, it will review, evaluate, possibly negotiate, and then, when acceptable, process the resulting Change Order through Owner's Representative and Architect's Representative.

F. The PCO- Quotation Only is a document used for processing Contractor's quotations and is not a Change Order. Therefore, completion of the PCO- Quotation Only does **not** release the Work to begin.

G. PCO- Quotation Only and the PCO- Notice to Proceed will precede a Change Order. Contractors shall receive an approved PCO- Notice to Proceed or an executed Change Order before starting Work. Any changed Work performed by Contractor without a properly executed PCO- Notice to Proceed or a properly executed Change Order is at Contractor's sole risk and expense. BILLINGS AGAINST CHANGES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED AFTER A PCO- NOTICE TO PROCEED OR FOR QUOTE ONLY IS ISSUED, BUT ONLY AFTER A CHANGE ORDER HAS BEEN PROCESSED AND SIGNED BY ALL PARTIES.

2.04 CHANGE ORDER

A. Change Orders will be written and issued by Barton Malow Company. Barton Malow Company will first issue the Change Order to the Contractor for signature. The Change Order will then be returned to Barton Malow Company. Once all appropriate signatures are secured, an executed copy will be sent to the Contractor.

B. Once the Change Order has been processed and signed by all parties, the Contractor. may invoice for payment on the completed portion of Work.

C. Agreement on any Change Order. shall constitute a final settlement of all matters relating to the changed Work that is the subject of the Change Order, including, but not limited to, all direct and indirect costs associated with such change, any impact such change may have on the unchanged Work, including but not limited to claims for acceleration, stacking, inefficiency, ripple effect, disruption, compression, interference, delay and cumulative impact, and any and all adjustments to the contract price and the schedule.

PART 3 - COMPENSATION OF OVERHEAD AND PROFIT FOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

3.01 CONTRACTOR'S OVERHEAD AND PROFIT

A. When changed Work is performed by a Contractor itself and not by its Subordinate Party, the Contractor's charge for overhead and profit shall in no event exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the approved cost of the changed Work. When changed Work is performed by a Contractor's Subordinate Party, the Contractor's charge for overhead and profit shall in no event exceed five percent (5%) of the approved cost of the changed Work.

B. When changed Work is performed by the Contractor's Subordinate Party, the Subordinate Party's charge for overhead and profit shall in no event exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the approved cost of the changed Work when such Work does not involve the Subordinate Party's subcontractors; or five percent (5%) of the approved cost of the changed Work when such changed Work is performed by the Subordinate Party's subcontractors.

C. Contractor and Subordinate Party overhead and profit shall include cost (at the Project Site, home office and otherwise) of supervision, telephone, travel, copying, administrative services, office, power, light, tools, jobsite vehicles, and all other general expenses including bond premiums. In no event shall these be charged as cost of the Changed Work.

PART 4 - ITEMIZATION OF COST OF CHANGED WORK

4.01 CORRELATION WITH CONTRACTOR'S SUBMITTALS

A. **Contractors** shall revise the Schedule of Values and Request for Payment forms to record each Change Order as a separate item of Work, and to record the adjusted contract price.

B. **Contractors** shall revise the Construction Schedule to reflect each change in Contract Time approved by a Change Order.

1. **Contractor's** shall revise sub-schedules to show changes for other items of Work affected by the changes.

C. Upon completion of Work under a Change Order, enter pertinent changes in Record Documents (Refer to Section 01720 – Project Record Documents).

4.02 COST OF THE CHANGED WORK

A. The "Cost of the Changed Work" shall be approved by the Barton Malow Company and shall mean the costs necessarily incurred by the **Contractor** in the proper performance of the Changed Work Such rates shall not be higher than those customarily paid at the place of the Project. The Cost of the Changed Work shall only include those items set forth below.

WAGES OF LABOR	Wages of construction workers directly employed by **Contractor** to perform the construction of the changed Work at the site
PAYROLL MARKUP	The amount approved by Barton Malow Company and Owner which covers the costs paid by the **Contractor** for taxes, insurance, contributions, assessments, and benefits required by law or collective bargaining

	agreements and for personnel not covered by such agreements, customary benefits such as sick leave, medical and health benefits, holidays vacations and pensions, provided that such costs are based on the wages and salaries of labor performing the changed Work.
COST OF EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, AND SUPPLIES	Costs of materials, equipment and supplies to be incorporated into the changed Work less all savings, discounts, rebates and credits accruing to the **Contractor**.
RENTAL CHARGES FOR EQUIPMENT NOT OWNED BY CONTRACTOR	Rental charges for equipment not owned by **Contractor** that is necessary for completion of the Changed Work. Rates and quantities rented must be approved in advance by Barton Malow Company.
TAXES	Sales or use taxes imposed by a governmental authority which are directly attributed to the changed Work and for which the **Contractor** is liable.
SUBCONTRACTOR COSTS	Payments made to the Subcontractors for proper execution of Changed Work, subject to the limits set forth in Subparagraph 3.01 B. above for overhead and profit.

B. In no event shall the Cost of Changed Work include:

1. Salaries or wages of persons other than those directly performing the changed Work, including **Contractor's** personnel stationed at the principal office;

2. Expenses of the **Contractor's** principal office and offices other than the site office, except as provided in section 3.01 A. above;

3. Overhead and general expenses of any nature, except as set forth in sections 3.01 A and 3.01 B.;

4. Capital expenses of **Contractor**, including interest on the **Contractor's** capital employed for the Changed Work;

5. Rental costs for machinery or equipment, except as allowed under section 4.02 A above, or tools of any kind, unless specifically identified and approved in advance in writing by Barton Malow Company;

6. Costs due to the negligence or failure to perform of the **Contractor** or its Subordinate Parties;

7. Costs designated in section 3.01 C as being included in Overhead and Profit; or

8. Any cost not specifically described under section 4.02 A above, or otherwise approved in advance and in writing by Barton Malow Company and Owner.

4.03 QUOTATION FORMAT

Based on the above, the following formula will be utilized by all of the Contractors.

Number of PCO - Quotation Only, F.O _____
Date of PCO - Quotation Only, F. O. _____
Description of Change _____
_____
_____

Cost of Changed Work				
Labor:				
Carpenter	(No. of Hrs. x Rate)	xxx.xx		
Labor	(No. of Hrs. x Rate)	xxx.xx		
Ironworker	(No. of Hrs. x Rate)	xxx.xx		
		xxx.xx	xxx.xx	
Mark-up on labor @ ___%		xxx.xx		
Equipment, Materials, Supplies:				
Ace Hardware xxx.xx				
Acme Products xxx.xx				
Concrete Supplier		xxx.xx		
		xxx.xx		
	Subtotal		xxx.xx	
	OH&P @ **[15]** %		xxx.xx	
	Subtotal (1)			xxx.xx
Subcontractor Costs				
ABC Welding xxx.xx				
XYZ Resteel		xxx.xx		
		xxx.xx		
Overhead Cost @ **[5]** %		xxx.xx		
	Subtotal (2)			xxx.xx
TOTAL QUOTATION AMOUNT				
Work by Own Forces		xxx.xx (1)		
Work by Subcontractors		xxx.xx (2)		
	Total Quotation	xxx.xx		

Contractor/Subcontractors are to provide backup and breakdown documentation of all work items and costs to the satisfaction of Barton Malow Company so that it may accurately approve and recommend payment of same to Owner.

END OF SECTION 01250

SECTION 01290
PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the following requirements including:
   1. Schedule of Values
   2. Application for Payment Process
   3. Reduction of Retention
   4. Payment for Materials Stored Off-site
   5. Waivers of Lien and Sworn Statements

PART 2 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

2.01 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

A. Once the Agreement is awarded, each Contractor must submit a Schedule of Values for its entire Work to Barton Malow Company for approval. This Schedule of Values must be submitted either within fifteen (15) days of award or fifteen (15) days prior to the first payment application deadline (per the Application for Payment Schedule), whichever comes first. The Schedule of Values must include labor and material line items for each portion of the Work (larger portions of Work such as concrete, curtainwall, drywall, mechanical, and electrical shall be broken down by elevation, floor, and areas appropriate), the Contractor shall separate bond costs, and general conditions line items as appropriate.

B. The Schedule of Values will be submitted in a format as prescribed by, and to the level of detail specified by, Barton Malow Company.

   1. The sum of the parts of the Schedule of Values shall equal the contract price.

   2. The minimum level of breakdown and order on the application for payment will be:
      a. Bond costs, if applicable
      b. General conditions line item(s)
      c. Division 1 cost breakdown as required
      d. Costs associated with preparation of closeout paperwork and documentation
         a. The following line items shall be included:
            i. Closeout – equal to 2% of contract value, not to exceed $25,000
            ii. Cleanup – equal to 2% of contract value, not to exceed $2,000
      e. Major portions of the Work shall be broken down into **labor** and **material** line items for specific areas of the facility

   3. Schedule of Values items shall have a direct and understandable relation to the Project master construction schedule.

   4. Overhead and profit shall be listed as a separate line item on the schedule of values.

C. The Schedule of Values, unless objected to by Barton Malow Company, Owner or Architect, shall be the basis for the Contractor's application for payments.

D. Barton Malow Company shall have the right to require the Contractor to alter the value or add/delete categories listed on the Schedule of Values at any time for the following reasons:

1. The Schedule of Values appears to be incorrect or unbalanced.

2. A revision of the Schedule of Values is required due to the Contractor revising the sequence of construction or assembly of building components that in turn invalidates the Schedule of Values.

3. Change Orders are issued to the Contractor and shall be incorporated into the Schedule of Values as a separate line item at the bottom of the Schedule of Values.

E. The Contractor is required to correlate the documentation for payment of stored materials requested in the application for payment against the agreed upon breakdown of the Schedule of Values as described in Part 3 Payment for Stored Materials. Barton Malow Company reserves the right to not process the application for payment if this correlation has not been submitted in conjunction with the application.

2.02 APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT PROCESS

20TH OF MONTH - ROUGH DRAFTS DUE
25TH OF MONTH - FINAL APPLICATION CUT-OFF DATE

A. Step 1 JOB-SITE INSPECTION - DRAFT PAYMENT REQUEST

On or before the twentieth (20th) of the month, according to Barton Malow Company's Application for Payment Schedule, the Contractor shall have a representative visit the Project site. The Contractor's representative will walk the Project site with Barton Malow Company's representative. The Contractor is to invoice for Work from the twentieth (20th) of last month to the twentieth (20th) of the present month. The Contractor shall submit during the review, the itemized rough draft of the Application and Certificate for Payment (AIA Documents G702 and G703 Continuation Sheet) identifying the Work completed, if any, during the current calendar month; shall review same with Barton Malow Company and obtain a preliminary approved copy of the draft for official submission (See Step 2). Contractor's pay application shall only reflect Work completed through the date of submission. In no event will payments be authorized for forecasted Work. If the walk through occurs before the last day of the payment cycle, Barton Malow Company shall determine, in its sole discretion, the amount Contractor may invoice, if any, for Work scheduled to be in place by the last day of the payment cycle.

NOTE: No payment shall be issued to a Contractor for materials stored off-site unless supported by proper documentation as required by Barton Malow Company (upon advance notification of such requests only) as described in Part 3 Payment for Stored Materials.

Step 2 PAYMENT REQUEST PREPARATION/SUBMISSION

With the information agreed upon in Step 1, the Contractor will prepare a formal application for payment request. Four (4) originals of the request and four (4) originals of the sworn statements (see Part 4) must be submitted to Barton Malow Company's Site office on or before the twenty-fifth (25th) of the month, or as scheduled (see Section 01600 Application for Payment Schedule). Late or incomplete application packets will not be accepted. The payment request will be made on an Application and Certificate For Payment form (AIA documents G702 and G703). Copies of these forms are included in Section 01600 Forms. Before submitting these documents to Barton Malow Company, each request for payment must be signed by a duly authorized agent of the Contractor and notarized. The Contractor must include with each request for progress payment a waiver of lien for all previous payments, Contractor's sworn statement and any necessary backup data as described in Part 4, Waivers of Lien and Sworn Statements.

In addition, at submission of the final pay application Contractor shall provide unconditional final waivers of lien for all Subordinate Parties, as well as all documentation required under Section 01700 of the Project Manual – Contract Closeout and all additional back up data described in Part 4, Waivers of Lien and Sworn Statements. In requests for payment which follow the execution of a Change Order in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the Agreement price, Contractor must present a bond rider evidencing that the penal sum of any required payment and performance bonds have been increased to one hundred percent (100%) of the adjusted Agreement price, or such other percentage as set forth in Section 00200 of the Project Manual, Instructions to Bidders. Submission of the required back-up data is a condition precedent to payment.

Step 3 CHECK DISTRIBUTION

A. Barton Malow will issue individual checks to each Contractor. The Contractor will receive the waiver of lien and will be required to sign the waiver before receipt of the check each month (see Part 4).

B. The Contractor shall provide all supporting documentation substantiating the Contractor's right to payment as the Owner, Barton Malow Company and the Architect may require.

2.03 REDUCTION OF RETENTION

A. Barton Malow Company shall be entitled to withhold ten (10%) percent of each payment due to a Contractor until Substantial Completion of the Contractor's Work. When fifty (50%) percent of the value of the Work has been satisfactorily completed, the Contractor may submit a **written request** to Barton Malow Company that no additional retainage be held throughout the balance of the Agreement. Barton Malow Company may grant or deny the request in its sole discretion, based upon its opinion of the progress and performance of the Contractor through the date of the request. If the request is granted and the Contractor's Work subsequently fails to meet contracted requirements, does not conform to Contract, or the Contractor does not meet its schedule commitments, the ten (10%) percent retainage shall be reinstated.

B. The Contractor, when requesting a reduction of retention, shall submit to Barton Malow Company, an AIA G707, Consent of Surety to Reduction In or Partial Release of Retention form in Section 01600 Forms.

C. Within thirty (30) days after Certificate of Substantial Completion has been issued for all portions of its Work, the Contractor's retention may be reduced to a sum as Barton Malow Company may determine is suitable to protect Barton Malow Company and the Owner for all incomplete Work and any unsettled claims.

D. Notwithstanding the foregoing, payment of retention shall be subject to all other conditions precedent that apply to payment as set forth in the Contract Documents.

PART 3 - PAYMENT FOR MATERIALS STORED OFF-SITE

3.01 PAYMENT FOR MATERIALS STORED OFF-SITE

A. The Contractor, if intending to use an off-site storage area or facility for stored materials, shall submit a written request to the Barton Malow Company and obtain approval prior to submitting the first application for payment as described in Part 2 Applications for Payment.

B. Payments will be made for materials properly stored off site. Properly stored shall mean in an insured warehouse with the Owner and Barton Malow Company being named as insureds, and all material identified as property of the Owner. The Contractor is responsible for all associated off site storage costs, transportation, insurance, including insurance coverage for stored material, while in transit, unless Contractor obtains written documentation that the material is covered during transit under a Builder's Risk Policy applicable to the Project. Contractor shall provide Barton Malow Company and the Owner verification in writing for all material so stored.

Such materials shall be protected from diversion, destruction, theft, and damage to the satisfaction of Barton Malow Company, Owner and the Lender (if any), specifically marked for use on the Project, and segregated from other materials at the storage facility. The Contractor bears all risk of loss to materials and equipment stored off site.

C. Contractors are to provide supporting documentation in the form of invoices, insurance policies, and any other pertinent documentation as requested by Barton Malow Company or Owner for items the items stored off-site. Documentation shall include the following:

1) Detailed description of the material including quantities that will serve as a material description for the billing and as information to file a claim with an insurance company.

a) Stored Materials - Each item must be identified as to manufacturer, model number, and serial number, if applicable, or other identifiers should be listed for each item. Each listing must be accompanied by invoices, shipping tickets, consent of surety, and any other applicable supporting documentation.

b) Stored Manufactured Building Materials - Each item must be identified as to type, manufacturer's number or designation, and should also list the number of cartons and the contents therein storage. Each listing must also be accompanied by supporting documents including all invoices, shipping tickets and consent of surety.

c) Stored Fabricated Materials - A listing specifying the number of pieces, items, and marks as may be applicable to the particular type of items. Photographs should accompany the request.

2) Individual itemized costs of materials and the total cost value, which shall not exceed the Contractor's subcontractor or material supplier cost. The total cost value shall be supported by the Contractor's subcontractor or material supplier invoices for the stored material.

3) Estimated cost value for those materials that are fabricated by the Contractor's subcontractor or material supplier.

4) The location where the material is physically stored, including the warehouse address and storage location within the warehouse, such as bin number, aisle number or other designation. All material shall be segregated and marked.

5) Copies of the insurance policies that cover the stored materials and that names Barton Malow Company and the Owner as insureds. The limit of the insurance policy shall be equal to or greater than the replacement value of the stored materials.

D. When Applications for Payment include products stored off the Project Site or stored on the Project Site but not incorporated in the Project, for which no previous payment has been requested, a complete description of such product shall be attached to the application.

E. Contractor shall submit a certificate of title listing the Owner's and Barton Malow Company's ownership in the off-site stored materials equal to the amount paid effective at the time funds are delivered.

F. If the size, quantity, and/or type of material or product are such that a bonded warehouse is deemed unsuitable, then, with Barton Malow Company's approval, the Contractor may elect to pre-pay its subcontractor or supplier for certain material and products which are to remain on and be stored on that subcontractor/supplier's premises until needed by the Project. In such event, the Contractor shall enter into a security agreement with the subcontractor/supplier under which the Contractor shall be granted a security interest in and to all such material and products fabricated and/or to be supplied by the subcontractor/supplier for this Project and stored on the subcontractor/supplier's premises.

This Security Agreement shall be a part of the financing statement, which shall be presented to a filing officer for filing pursuant to the Uniform Commercial Code. All expenses incurred in obtaining this security agreement shall be at Contractor's sole cost and expenses, and shall not accrue to the Owner, Barton Malow Company, Architect, nor the Project. A copy of each and every security agreement shall be filed with Barton Malow Company with the first Application for Payment which requests payment for such material or products.

G. All payment requests for off-site stored materials must be accompanied using the "Payment Request for Stored Materials" and a "Subcontractor Affidavit for Stored Materials" form in Section 01600 Forms. Payment requests for stored materials not complying with the foregoing requirements will not be approved. Contractors are to notify the Barton Malow Company in ample time to conduct verification procedures.

H. Contractors may not apply the cost of materials stored off-site towards a reduction in the retention amount.

I. Representatives of Barton Malow Company, Owner and the Lender (if applicable) shall have the right to make inspections of the storage areas at any time.

PART 4 - WAIVERS OF LIEN AND SWORN STATEMENTS

4.01 WAIVERS OF LIEN

A. The Contractor's first Application for Payment (see Part 2 Applications for Payment) will be based upon 100 percent of the value of Work installed. The first payment, amounting up to 90 percent of application, will be made to the Contractor without supporting documentation. Subsequent Applications for Payment must be accompanied by lien waivers from the Contractor, its Subordinate Parties or receipted invoices covering payment to the Contractor for previous calendar month period. Lien waivers must be unconditional and must show the amount paid.

B. An "Acknowledgment of Payment and Partial Unconditional Release" (see Section 01600 Forms) will be printed and distributed with the check to each Contractor by Barton Malow Company for payment of the previous month's application. The Waiver of Lien is to be signed by an authorized representative of the Contractor. Under no circumstances will payment be released until the completed "Acknowledgment of Payment and Partial Unconditional Release" has been submitted and signed by the Contractor from the previous month.

C. Final payment will not be made until a "Final Release Subcontractor/Material-man" (see Section 01600 Forms) has been submitted. This will also be distributed by the Barton Malow Company for Contractor signature and must be returned by the Contractor. The Final Release must be signed by an authorized representative of the Contractor must be notarized.

D. Final unconditional waivers will be required for all of Contractor's Subordinate Parties listed on Contractor's sworn statement. These final waivers must be submitted along with the final release, before payment can be made.

4.02 SWORN STATEMENTS

A. The appropriate number of original "Sworn Statements" (see Section 01600 Forms) must be completed to the satisfaction of Barton Malow Company, signed and notarized by an authorized representative of the Contractor and submitted with the Contractor's Application for Payment (see Part 2) monthly to the Barton Malow Company.

B. The Contractor's Subcontractor's sworn statements, waivers and other supporting documentation will be required with each pay application.

END OF SECTION 01290

SECTION 01310
MEETINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

A. The Barton Malow Company shall schedule, chair, and administer all periodic meetings throughout the progress of the work for the purpose of coordinating and expediting the Work. Such meetings shall be held at the job site bringing together responsible representatives of active Contractors for the purpose of planning, assessing progress and discussing problems of mutual concern. Each Contractor, and its Subordinate Parties' representative attending the meetings shall be authorized to act on behalf of and make decisions/commitments for the entity each represents, the decisions made at the meetings and each Contractor who should be in attendance will be held responsible for information and directions given at the meeting.

B. The Barton Malow Company will prepare and distribute the minutes of all meetings, if Barton Malow Company determines minutes are required. If the attendees do not object in writing to any part of the meetings within ten (10) days of distribution of the minutes, the minutes shall be accepted as written.

B. The scope of meetings include, but are not limited to:
   1. Preconstruction Meeting
   2. Job Progress/Coordination Meetings
   3. Other Meetings

PART 2 - TYPES OF MEETINGS

2.01 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING (KICK-OFF)

A. A Preconstruction (kick-off) meeting will be conducted with representatives of all the Contractors within thirty (30) days after the Agreement is awarded at the jobsite or as designated by the Barton Malow Company. The agenda may include:

   a. Discussion on major subcontracts and suppliers
   b. Major and/or critical work sequencing regarding the project schedule
   c. Project coordination and designation of responsible personnel
   d. Procedures and processing of field instructions, requests for proposal, submittals, change orders, applications for payment, etc.
   e. Quality assurance/control issues
   f. Adequacy of distribution of contract documents
   g. Procedures for maintaining record documents
   h. Use of premises, office, work and storage areas and other Barton Malow Company requirements
   i. Construction facilities/temporary utilities
   j. Safety and security procedures
   k. Other administrative procedures
   l. Review of Owner expectations

2.02 JOB PROGRESS/COORDINATION MEETINGS

A. On-site project coordination/progress meetings will be held on a bi-weekly basis or as appropriate throughout the life of the Project. The Barton Malow Company will set the agenda for the Project progress meeting. At a minimum, each Contractor shall be prepared to discuss the following:

a. Actual vs. scheduled progress for the prior two-week period
b. Planned construction activities for the next four weeks
c. Problems with, revisions to and corrective measures and procedures to regain the construction schedule, if required
d. Review of off-site fabrication, delivery schedules
e. Document clarification requests
f. Coordination items with other Contractors
g. Changes in the work affecting cost and/or time
h. Submittals and shop drawings
i. Field observations, problems, and conflicts
j. Quality control issues and non-conformance resolutions
k. Safety issue

2.03 OTHER MEETINGS

A. QUALITY ASSURANCE MEETINGS - Barton Malow Company may conduct quality assurance/quality control meetings as necessary during the progress of the Work. Barton Malow Company will set the agenda for the quality meeting. At a minimum, the Contractor shall be prepared to discuss the following:

a. Testing and inspection procedures
b. Tolerance requirements
c. Quality samples
d. Reporting of non-conformance items
e. Corrective actions assigned
f. Disposal of non-conforming items
g. Job procedures

B. SAFETY MEETINGS - Refer to Section 00810 Safety and Loss Control Program for more information.

C. INSPECTIONS TOURS - Formal inspections/tours may be made of the Project progress by the Owner, Architect, local, state or federal officials, insurance representatives, or others as the occasion warrants and as scheduled by Barton Malow Company. If requested by Barton Malow Company, each Contractor shall be prepared to show and explain Work throughout the building to the inspecting parties, in addition to providing Work in compliance with these inspections.

D. CHANGE REQUEST MEETINGS - Upon issuance of a major Proposal Request (a.k.a. bulletin), Barton Malow Company may conduct a meeting as necessary with all significant Contractors to review its contents and determine cost, delivery and schedule impacts. At a minimum, the Contractor shall be prepared to discuss the following:

a. Impact of out-of-sequence work
b. Identification of pertinent long-lead material and system impact
c. Alternative recommendations
d. Evaluation of approximate cost magnitude
e. Evaluation of impact on completion
f. Alternate sequencing
g. Due date for Contractor pricing and scheduling impact

END OF SECTION 01310

SECTION 01320
COMMUNICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the following requirements including:
   1. Contractor Correspondence
   2. Contractor's Daily Report
   3. Request for Information (RFI)

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals shall be submitted based on each technical specifications section. Submittals containing information about more than one specification section will be returned for re-submittal. When the specifications call out specific materials, products or devices with model numbers, which the Contractor intends to use for the work, the Contractor can submit the Material Compliance Submittal form (found at the end of Section 01330). This form is to be signed by an officer of the company and notarized by a Certified Notary Public in the State of Michigan within fifteen (15) days of award of the contract. List all specified materials, products, etc. (with specific model numbers, series, type, etc.) certifying that the Contractor commits to using these products or materials as specified for their scope of work. **No Substitutions!** This certification letter will negate the need to provide individual submittals for these materials, products, devices. Contractor will provide information to allow proper coordination including electrical, mechanical connections and size, weight data.

PART 2 - METHODS OF COMMUNICATION

2.01 CONTRACTOR CORRESPONDENCE

A. All field and/or construction correspondence and/or communications must be directed through Barton Malow Company **1301 Boyd, Troy, MI 48083** and should list the following as appropriate:

Project: **Troy School District, 2004 Bond Program**
Phase I1 – Troy High School Additions & Renovations
Bid Package # 9390

Additional Project Designations required on some forms:
Barton Malow Company Project Number: **041049**
Architect's Project Number: **#2643-16**
Bid Package and Category Number **Bid Pack #9390**

Subject: Clearly indicate subject matter of correspondence

2.02 CONTRACTOR'S DAILY REPORT

A. Each **Contractor** will prepare and distribute daily to Barton Malow Company a comprehensive daily report and maintain it during the entire project period. The daily report shall be submitted to Barton Malow Company's superintendent by the end of the day for that day's Work.

A. Each **Contractor** is responsible for specifically alerting Barton Malow Company to items which could result in claims or delays. **The daily report shall include the following as a minimum:**

* **Manpower by trade**
* **Weather**
* **List of visitors**
* **Detailed description of work being performed with specific location, floor, and all other pertinent information**
* **Situations or circumstances which could delay work or give causes for delays or claims for extension or added costs**
* **Instruction of information requested**
* **Accidents, injuries, and incidents**
* **Materials received with attached material receipts**
* **Major equipment arrivals/departures**

B. Each **Contractor** may provide its own daily report if it covers the same issues as addressed in Barton Malow Company's Contractor Daily Report form. The suggested Contractor Daily Report form will be provided to the **Contractor** and is in Section 01600 - Forms.

2.03 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION (RFI)

A. The Request for Information (RFI) is in Section 01600 Forms.

B. In the event that a clarification is required due to a question raised by the **Contractor** pertaining to the Contract Documents, the **Contractor** shall submit a Request for Information (RFI) to the Barton Malow Company, which will be forwarded to the Architect.

C. The Architect will return the RFI to Barton Malow Company as expeditiously as possible with its reply. In some instances, the Architect may issue its reply to the RFI on other documents, in which case, the RFI will simply reference these documents.

D. The RFI will be returned to the **Contractor** by Barton Malow Company. The **Contractor** is responsible to give proper notice as set forth in the Contract Documents if a response will cause the **Contractor** to incur additional expense or expend additional time which could impact the schedule. If extra work or an additional cost may exist due to the clarification, Barton Malow Company may issue a PCO- Quotation Only or PCO- Notice to Proceed to the **Contractor** as described in Section 01250 Changes in the Work of the Project Manual.

END OF SECTION 01320

SECTION 01330
SUBMITTALS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Specific attention is directed to all Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section and relate to various submittals required to be submitted to Barton Malow Company for the Project.

B. Submit to Barton Malow Company: Shop Drawings, Certifications, Product Data, Samples, Tests, and all other submissions required by the Architect's technical specifications. Refer to each specification section for specific submittal requirements.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the following requirements including:
   1. Scope
   2. Submittal Register
   3. Submittal Requirements
   4. Submittal Process and Responsibilities
   5. Re-submission Requirements

1.03 SCOPE

A. Where requirements of this Section vary from the requirements of the General Conditions, this Section's requirements shall take precedence.

B. Barton Malow Company will prepare and submit a submittal register/schedule for Contractor's use in preparing submittals required for the Project. Contractors shall complete the submittal schedule/register showing the dates for submission, lead times required and their expected delivery dates. Submittals received on the date scheduled will be processed as specified. Contractor is responsible to provide all submittals required under the Contract Documents, whether or not listed in the submittal register. Barton Malow Company/Owner/Architect **will not** be held responsible for delays due to receiving submittals after the date indicated in the Contractor's submittal schedule.

C. The Architect will review the submittals within (10) working days after receipt in the Architect's office. Submittals that must be reviewed by the Architect's consultants will be reviewed within fifteen (15) working days. The Architect or his consultant will be checking only for conformance with the design compliance of the Project and compliance with information given in the Contract Documents. Submissions that are large or of multiple submissions or requires detailed or lengthy review by the Architect or his consultant may require additional time. Submissions for products or material that require a long lead time for delivery shall be noted as such and marked "Top Priority" so the architect may expedite the process.

D. Submittals shall be submitted based on each technical specification section. Submittals containing information about more than one specification section will be returned for re-submittal. When the specifications call out specific materials, products or devices with model numbers, which the Contractor intends to use for the work, the Contractor can submit the Material Compliance Submittal form (found at the end of Section 01330). This form is to be signed by an officer of the company and notarized by a Certified Notary Public in the State of Michigan within **fifteen (15)** days of award of the contract. List all specified materials, products, etc. (with specific model numbers, series, type, etc.) CERTIFYING THAT THE Contractor commits to using these products or materials as specified for their scope of work. **No Substitutions!** This certification letter will negate the need to provide individual submittals for these

materials, products or devices. Contractor will provide information to allow proper coordination including electrical, mechanical connections and size, weight data.

D. Compliance Certificate: Refer to the attached Compliance Certificates (immediately following this section) for submissions document to be used by the contractor to indicate the product/devices intended for use in this project without the need for a formal shop drawings submittal. Items listed on this certificate are to be approved products indicated in the specifications. With the submission and approval of this document **NO FURTHER SUBMITTALS ARE REQUIRED** for the indicated specification section on the certificate.

The following specification sections are subject to this certificate:

Section 04720	**Cast Stone**
Section 04810	**Unit Masonry Assemblies**
Section 05500	**Metal Fabrications**
Section 06105	**Miscellaneous Carpentry**
Section 07210	**Building Insulation**
Section 07240	**Direct Exterior Finish Systems**
Section 07841	**Through-Penetration Firestop Systems**
Section 07920	**Joint Sealants**
Section 08311	**Access Doors and Frames**
Section 09111	**Non-Load-Bearing Steel Framing**
Section 09250	**Gypsum Board**
Section 09265	**Gypsum Board Shaft-Wall Assemblies**
Section 09911	**Exterior Painting**
Section 09912	**Interior Painting**
Section 10101	**Visual Display Surfaces**
Section 10520	**Fire-Protection Specialties**
Section 13100	**Lightning Protection**
Section 16051	**Common Work Results for Electrical**
Section 16052	**Common Work Results for Communications**
Section 16060	**Grounding and Bonding**
Section 16073	**Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems**
Section 16075	**Electrical Identification**
Section 16120	**Conductors and Cables**
Section 16130	**Raceways and Boxes**
Section 16140	**Wiring Devices**
Section 16410	**Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers**
Section 16461	**Low-Voltage Transformers**
Section 16491	**Fuses**
Section 16726	**Public Address and Mass Notification Systems**

E. No shop drawings, product data, or samples will be accepted by Barton Malow Company until Subordinate Parties have been approved.

F. Coordination: Each Contractor shall coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Transmit each submittal sufficiently in advance of performance of related construction activities to avoid delay.

1. The Contractor, by providing the submittal assures the Owner, Architect and Barton Malow Company that the product or system submitted is available and deliverable in accordance with the schedule requirements.

2. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals and related activities that require sequential activity.

3. Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related elements of the Work so processing will not be delayed by the need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.

4. Barton Malow Company reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.

5. Coordinate each submittal as required with all trades and with all public agencies involved.

6. Secure all necessary approvals from public agencies and others; signify by stamp or other means that all required approvals have been obtained.

G. Category Format Process: Submittals for this Project will be classified and managed using the following categories.

Category 1 - A submittal that establishes a level of quality by complying with the manufacturer and manufacturer's designated identifier as called for in the Contract Documents. Provide a "Letter of Compliance" committing to the use of specified components.

For record purposes, as part of the Letter of Compliance (or subsequently providing) a listing of those components will actually used or to be used. The Architect will only respond to the Letter of Compliance if something is wrong. This letter of compliance is contractually binding.

Category 2 - A submittal that represents a number of components assembled to represent a specific project need, or standard components that require modification to also meet a specific Project need. Individual submittals that completely represent their intent of the Contract Documents are required for this category. This type of submittal will be processed in a manner through the typical circle. A Contractor to Barton Malow Company or Architect to Barton Malow to Contractor.

Category 3 - A submittal that confirms compliance with governmental, industry or otherwise specified standard and/or requirements. Required is a Letter of Compliance committing the Contractor to obtain for record and/or otherwise be responsible for meeting the requirements of the contract documents. The Architect will only respond to the Letter of Compliance if something is wrong. This letter of compliance is contractually binding.

After the Award of Agreement, Barton Malow Company will provide the Contractor with a listing of submittal items.

Designation of Category 1 or 3 does not relieve the Contractor from providing the appropriate detailed documentation to Barton Malow Company and to other trades for the purpose of coordination of Work.

PART 2 - SUBMITTAL REGISTER

2.01 SUBMITTAL REGISTER/SCHEDULE

A. Barton Malow Company shall prepare and submit a listing of all items requiring submission, organized by specification section number, including the required close-out document submission recipients.

B. Submittal listings may include such items as:

1. Contractor's, or Subordinate Parties shop drawings.

2. Descriptive submittal types including, but not limited to:
   a. catalog cuts/product data
   b. diagrams

c. operation charts or curves
d. test reports
e. samples
f. operations and maintenance manuals, including parts list
g. certifications
h. warranties/guarantees
i. other close-out documentation required

3. The Contractor's submittal register returned to Barton Malow Company shall include as a minimum:
   a. Submittal type and breakdown by specification section number of how the Contractor intends to submit the individual submittals for review (according to an intended sequence, area, etc.)
   b. Scheduled date for initial submittal of item
   c. Days required after return of approved submittal(s) to fabricate and deliver the specific item to the site (if applicable).

4. Barton Malow Company shall have the right to require the Contractor to add and/or delete items on the submittal register at any time.

5. Adequate time (approximately 3 weeks) shall be allowed for review and approval and possible re-submittal of any item subject to approval. No delay damages or time extensions will be allowed for time lost in late submittals or re-submittals.

6. The submittal register shall be coordinated with the schedule of values to insure delivery and payment requests are projected accurately. The Barton Malow Company will not be responsible for failure of the Contractor to properly schedule the process of material/product design, submittal, review, fabrication, delivery, storage and installation.

C. **The submittal register will become a part of the Agreement and the Contractor will be subject to requirements thereof.**

D. Each Contractor shall carefully coordinate preparation and processing of submittals to the performance of the Work so the Work will not be delayed by submittals. Coordinate and sequence different categories of submittals for the same Work and for interfacing units of Work, so that one will not be delayed by the coordination of the Architect's review with another. Drawings of component items forming a system or that are interrelated shall be correlated and submitted concurrently. Certifications to be submitted with the pertinent drawings shall be so scheduled.

E. Furnish approved copies of shop drawings, diagrams, templates, catalog cuts, technical data, etc. to other Contractors in other related Work designated by Barton Malow Company for the purposes of coordination of this Work.

F. If a Contractor does not submit the required submittal by the date marked on the submittal register, the Contractor will be subject to a $20/hr engineering fee back charge. This fee is established ONLY to ensure timely submission of submittals.

PART 3 - SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

3.01 GENERAL

A. Each submittal shall show Contractor's review stamp, with handwritten signature, certifying review of the submittal, verification of field measurements and compliance with the Contract Documents.

B. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a Barton Malow Company Submittal Transmittal Form. A Submittal Transmittal Form will be provided to the Contractor See Section 001600 Forms. The following information shall be furnished by the Contractor on the submittal transmittal form:

1. Date
2. Project name and Architect's and the Barton Malow Company's project number
3. Names and Address of:
   a. Architect
   b. The Barton Malow Company
   c. Contractor
   d. Subcontractor (if applicable)
   e. Supplier
   f. Manufacturer
4. Identification of product or material
5. Technical Section number, clearly identified. On multiple submittals, a separate transmittal should be completed for each specification section on items being submitted.
6. Reference to construction drawings by drawing number
7. The quantity of each Shop Drawing, Product Data or Sample submitted
8. Notification of deviations from Contract Documents
9. Other pertinent data
10. LEED Requirements, including Post Consumer Recycling Content, Post-Industrial Recycled Content, Material Cost, and Distance from manufacturing point to jobsite, of Rapidly Renewable Content.

Submittals not so transmitted will be returned un-reviewed. Re-submissions shall be so noted on the transmittal.

C. Unless noted otherwise on the submittal, all submissions will be considered to be "as specified."

3.02 REQUIRED QUANTITIES OF SUBMITTALS

A. The following number of originals and copies will be required for each type of submittal:

Submittal Type	Submit
1. Manufacturer's, supplier's or Contractor's shop drawings	5 Sets
2. Manufacturer's catalog sheets, product data, brochures, diagrams, schedules, performance charts, etc.	5 Copies
3. Samples	4 Samples (unless a specific number is required by specification)
4. Certifications	2 Copies
5. Warrantees/Guarantees	2 Copies
6. Test Reports	2 Copies
7. Operating and Maintenance Manuals/Data	2 Copies

B. Following review by the Architect, documents will be distributed as follows:

1. One copy to be retained by the Architect
2. One copy to be sent to Owner/Architect
3. One copy each of original and reviewed submittal to be retained by Barton Malow Company
4. Sepias and all remaining copies to be returned to Contractor

3.03 SUBMITTAL IDENTIFICATION

A. This paragraph is included to explain the method for submittals identification using Section 08710. Finish Hardware and the Finish Hardware Schedule as an example.

B. The Contractor shall assign submittal designations utilizing the following format and system.

C. The number for the first shop drawing submitted under that Section would be 08710-1A, the "1" designating that this is the first submittal under Section 08710; and the "A "signifying" that it is the first time a "finish hardware" schedule has been submitted to the Architect's office. If this "finish hardware" submittal is marked "rejected-resubmit", the re-submittal would retain the 08710-1 but "A" would be changed to 08710-1"B" to designate re-submittal; the next re-submittal 08710-1"C", etc. until this "finish hardware" item is approved.

D. The second "finish hardware" submittal (door alarms) sent to the Architect's office for the first time would be 08710-2A, etc.

PART 4 - TYPES OF SUBMITTALS

4.01 SHOP DRAWINGS

A. Submit Shop Drawings as single copies in the form of positive printing reproducible transparencies (commonly called sepia prints) suitable for reproduction use on dry print diazo type machines and the required number of blue lines. Sepia prints which cannot be reproduced will be returned to the Contractor for re-submittal.

B. Provide Shop Drawings as complete submittals (no partial sets) on original drawings or information prepared solely by the fabricator or supplier. In no instance shall the Contract Drawings be reproduced for Shop Drawing submittals.

C. Sheet sizes shall not exceed the size of the Contract Drawings or smaller than 8-1/2" X 11".

D. Each sepia print shall have blank spaces large enough to accept two (2) 3" x 6" review stamps of the Contractor, the Barton Malow Company, and the Architect.

E. Each sepia print shall carry the following information:

1. Project name, Architect's and Barton Malow Company's project number.
2. Date and Revision Dates.
3. Names of and Address' of:
   a. Contractor
   b. Supplier
   c. Manufacturer
4. Identification of product or material.
5. Relation to adjacent structure or materials.
6. Field dimensions, clearly stated as such.
7. Technical Section number.
8. Applicable standards such as ASTM or Federal Specification.
9. Identification of deviations from Contract Documents.
10. Reference to construction drawings by drawing number and/or detail number.

F. Submit sepia prints without folds either as flat sheets if size permits, or rolled in tubes.

4.02 PRODUCT DATA

A. Product Data such as catalog cuts, brochures or manufacturer's preprinted sheets may be submitted in lieu of sepia prints if adequately identified. Submit the required number of copies of product data to the Barton Malow Company.

B. Modify Product Data sheets to delete information that is not applicable to the Project. Provide additional information if necessary to supplement standard information.

C. Product Data Sheets that are submitted with extraneous information not deleted and/or modified will be returned without review to the Contractor for re-submittal.

4.03 SAMPLES

A. Provide physical Samples to illustrate materials, equipment or workmanship, and to establish standards by which completed work may be judged as required by the technical section.

B. Provide Office Samples in sufficient size and quantity to clearly illustrate full range of colors, textures, etc. available and the functional characteristics of the product or material.

C. Erect Field Samples or mock-ups as required by the technical sections and/or Barton Malow Company at the Project site in a designated location by Barton Malow Company. Construct field samples complete, including Work of all trades required in finishing the Work. Provide Field Samples at the request of the Architect and/or Barton Malow Company where construction materials and/or methods deviate from the requirements of the intent of the Contract Documents or conventional construction practice.

4.04 CERTIFICATIONS

A. Provide certifications as required by various technical sections on the Contractor's letterhead stationary. (See item D of Section 1.03 SCOPE.)

B. Certifications shall clearly identify the materials in reference and shall state that the material and the intended installation methods, where applicable, are in compliance with the Contract Documents for this project. Attach manufacturer's affidavits where applicable.

4.05 WARRANTEES/GUARANTEES

A. Provide warrantees and/or guarantees as required by the various technical sections and other Contract Documents on the Contractor's letterhead in accordance with the requirements in Section 01740.

4.06 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. Provide operating and maintenance manuals/data as required by the various technical sections in accordance with the requirements in Section 01730.

PART 5 - SUBMITTAL PROCESS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

5.01 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Before making submittals to Barton Malow Company, review each submittal, make changes or notations as necessary to conform to the Contract Documents, identify such review with review stamp and forward reviewed submittal with comments to Barton Malow Company for review. Return submittals not meeting contract requirements to Subordinate Parties and do not forward such submittals to Barton Malow Company.

B. Verify field measurements and product catalog numbers or similar data.

C. Notify the Barton Malow Company and Architect, in writing at time of submission, of deviations in submittals from the requirements of the Contract Documents.

D. After the Barton Malow Company's and Architect's review, within one (1) week of receipt distribute copies to other Contractors and supplier/fabricators with one copy to be maintained at the Project Site for reference use.

E. Do not begin Work which requires submittals until return of submittals with Barton Malow Company's and Architect's stamp and initials indicating review.

F. Contractor's responsibility for errors and omissions in submittals is not relieved by Barton Malow Company's or Architect's review of submittals.

G. Contractor's responsibility for deviations in submittals from requirements of Contract Documents is not relieved by Barton Malow Company's or Architect's review of submittals unless Barton Malow Company and Architect give written acceptance of specific deviations.

5.02 BARTON MALOW COMPANY'S RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Barton Malow Company will administratively review all submittals and coordinate them with information contained in related documents. Barton Malow Company's review is for general administrative purposes only and neither this review, nor any subsequent approval by Barton Malow Company of a submittal, shall relieve Contractor from its obligations to comply fully with the Contract Documents.

B. Barton Malow Company will return to the Contractor, without review, all submittals not bearing the Contractor's review stamp or not showing it has been reviewed by the Contractor.

C. Barton Malow Company will make changes or notations directly on the submittals, identify such review with its review stamp, sign and forward acceptable submittals to the Architect.

D. After the Architect's review, Barton Malow Company will forward submittals to the Contractor and retain one copy. Contractor shall distribute copies with one copy to be maintained at the Project Site for reference use and other copies distributed to suppliers/fabricators. Contractor shall supply copies of reviewed submittals to Barton Malow Company in sufficient quantity to allow proper coordination of the Work.

5.03 ARCHITECT'S RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Architect will review submittals within ten (10) working days after receipt in the Architect's office. Submittals that must be reviewed by the Architect's consultants will be reviewed within fifteen (15) working days. The Architect or his consultant will be checking only for conformance with the design compliance of the Project and compliance with information given in the Contract Documents. Submissions that are large or of multiple submissions or required detailed or lengthy review by the Architect or his consultant may require additional time. Submissions for products or material that require a long lead time for delivery shall be noted as such and marked "Top Priority" so the architect may expedite the process.

B. Architect will return to Barton Malow Company without review any submittals not bearing the Contractor's or Barton Malow Company's review stamp or not showing that it has been reviewed by the Contractor and Barton Malow Company.

C. Architect will make changes or notations directly on the submittal, identify such review with its review stamp, obtain and record Architect file copy and return the submittal to Barton Malow Company.

D. Submittals shall be identified and submitted by individual technical specification sections only.

E. Kingscott Associates, Inc. will provide, for a fee, electronic data files compatible with AutoCAD 2000 for contractors' convenience and use in the preparation of shop drawings. Immediately following this section is the Request Form for electronic data. This request shall be directed to Barton Malow. Prior to the release of electronic files, the Architect will require a signed waiver of release and payment of the fee.

Approximate Fee Schedule: Fee varies depending on size, type of work, and discipline. Please contact Penny Mitchell at Kingscott (269-381-9440).

5.04 RE-SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

A. For Shop Drawings:

1. Review initial drawings as required and submit as specified for initial submittal.

2. Indicate on drawings all changes which have been made other than those requested by Barton Malow Company or Architect.

B. For Product Data and Samples:

1. Resubmit new data and samples as required for initial submission.

END OF SECTION 01330

SECTION 01360
COORDINATION (GENERAL)

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 COORDINATION OF WORK/COOPERATION

A. Each **Contractor** shall recognize the complex nature of the Project, the sequential nature of contracts and the concurrent and ongoing operations of the Owner and other **contractors** with the Work of this Project. All **Contractors** are required to review, discuss and coordinate their Work with the Work of other **contractors** as well as Barton Malow Company with regard to sequence, timing, built-in Work and equipment, layout, location, compatibility of materials and sizes and required clearances prior to beginning the work to avoid construction delays which impact the Owner's occupancy of the facility. Since the Work of each **Contractor** will depend upon interface with the Work of other **contractors**, changes in the scheduling, procedures, Work or Project conditions of a **Contractor** may affect the scheduling procedures, Work or Project conditions of other **contractors**.

B. Each **Contractor** shall coordinate construction operations in various sections of the technical specifications to assure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work that depends on each other for proper installation, connection, fit and operation. Each **Contractor** shall:

1. Schedule operations in the sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.

2. Coordinate installation of different components to assure maximum accessibility for required maintenance, service and repair.

3. Make provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.

4. Provide to all other trades all information (drawings, diagrams, templates, embedments, etc.) necessary for the coordination of the Work.

C. The completion of the Project within the prescribed time is dependent upon the close and active cooperation and open discussions of all those involved, therefore, it is expressly understood and agreed that each **Contractor** shall layout and install its Work at such time and in such manner as not to delay or interfere with the carrying forward of the Work of other **contractors**. Observation of the Work by others shall not relieve **Contractor** from its responsibility for coordination, supervision, or scheduling and direction of the Work.

D. **Contractors** are to report in a prompt manner any interferences, discrepancies or incompatibilities discovered to Barton Malow Company, whose decision as to the **Contractor** at fault and as to the manner in which the matter may be resolved, shall be binding and conclusive on **Contractors** involved. Barton Malow Company may direct layout/ location changes as required to make the entire work fit together. Reasonable changes of this nature will not entitle any **Contractor** to an increase in contract price.

E. Failure of a **Contractor** to notify other **contractors** and Barton Malow Company of a potential interference, incompatibility, or discrepancy and any failure to coordinate Work with that of other contractors prior to installation and/or fabrication shall be at the **Contractor's** risk.

F. Due to the nature of the Owner's existing areas, the sequence of Work must be scheduled and coordinated with the Owner's ongoing operations to minimize disruptions and/or disturbances to the Owner's Work and at all times shall remain as secondary to the Owner's Work. Each segment of the Work shall be coordinated with Barton Malow Company prior to proceeding.

END OF SECTION 01360

SECTION 01400
QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Specific attention is directed to the requirements described in Section 01450 Testing and Inspection Services.

1.02 DOCUMENT CONTROL PROCEDURE

Each Contractor is to provide Barton Malow Company its document control procedure to include drawing submittals and surveillance. In the absence of such a procedure, the Contractor will use the following procedure for document control.

"A log is maintained identifying the drawing revision status, issue date and distribution (internal and external). The transmittal issuing the changed documents will indicate what changes are made and indicate that the documents are approved for use. Contractor meetings include a review of approved drawings. The review is documented in the meeting minutes. Superintendent surveillance activities include monitoring Contractor drawing use."

1.03 QUALITY CONTROL

A. Each Contractor is responsible to provide the Owner with a completed quality product for its Work. Each Contractor shall be responsible for any costs associated with re-testing and re-performing the Work as a result of the Contractor's poor performance or workmanship or other failure to comply with the Contract Documents.

B. All Work shall be done by persons qualified in their respective trades, and the workmanship shall be first-class in every respect. Each Contractor is responsible for ensuring employees are appropriately trained. All materials and equipment furnished shall be the best of their respective kinds for the intended use and unless otherwise specified, same shall be new and of the latest design.

C. The Contractor shall provide Barton Malow Company, Owner and Architect access to the Work in preparation and progress wherever the Work is located at all reasonable times.

D. Barton Malow Company and the Architect will have the authority to reject Work that does not conform to the Contract Documents or may require special inspection or testing, whether or not such Work is to be then fabricated, installed or completed. The Architect shall make all decisions with respect to questions concerning the quality or fitness of materials, equipment and workmanship.

E. Failure by a Contractor to conduct its operations, means and methods and coordinate proper sequencing of the Work may cause the Barton Malow Company to withhold payment or any other means deemed necessary to correct non-conforming Work.

F. The Barton Malow Company may/will employ without cost to the Contractors, a testing firm to perform such engineering laboratory services and on-site inspection as deemed necessary by the Owner, Barton Malow Company and/or the Architect to determine compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. This Work will not be a service to the Contractors for the performing of tests and checking of materials required of the Contractors.

G. The testing firm will report directly to the Barton Malow Company. Copies of test and inspection reports will be furnished to the appropriate Contractors. The laboratory and its representatives will be instructed to promptly call to the attention of the Contractor, any instance of non-compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Failure to so notify the Contractor shall not relieve the Contractor of any of its responsibilities for compliance or making good workmanship or materials, which are not in compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

H. Each Contractor shall cooperate with the testing firm and provide labor to assist with sample preparations where applicable.

1.04 NOTICE OF NON-CONFORMANCE

A. Barton Malow Company may conduct observations/evaluations of the Contractor's Work. Barton Malow Company and/or Architect's reviews do not relieve the Contractor from compliance with the Contract Documents or necessary corrections for deficiencies thereof. Contractors whose Work does not meet the standards set by the Contract Documents will be notified by representatives of the Barton Malow Company using a Notice of Non-Conformance Form. The Contractor, upon receipt of the Notice of Non-Conformance, shall complete and return the form and provide the corrective actions necessary in a timely manner as outlined on the Notice of Non-Conformance.

B. Control of nonconforming product: The Contractor shall establish and maintain documented procedures to ensure that product that does not conform to specified requirements is prevented from unintended use or installation. This control shall provide for identification documentation, evaluation, segregation (when practical), disposition of nonconforming product, and for notification to the functions concerned.

C. Review and disposition of nonconforming Work: Nonconforming product shall be reviewed in accordance with documented procedures. It may be

a) reworked to meet the specified requirements,
b) accepted with or without repair by concession,
c) regraded products for alternative applications, or
d) reject or scrap and dispose of nonconforming work and replace

D. The **Corrective Action Report (CAR) (CON 18.2)** is in Section 01600 Forms.

1.05 CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

A. Barton Malow Company will be evaluating Contractor's performance and will provide feedback during the life of the Project, on Contractor's performance, for the purpose of improving Barton Malow Company's Contractor selection process for future project endeavors.

B. Contractors will be requested to evaluate and provide feedback to Barton Malow Company on ways for improve on processes affecting the Contractors. None of these evaluations or feedback shall form part of the Agreement or Contract Documents.

C. This Contractor Performance Evaluation form is generated by the CPS Database.

END OF SECTION 01400

SECTION 01450
TESTING AND INSPECTION SERVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Except as indicated in this Section, refer to the various technical specification sections for specific testing requirements.

1.02 SCOPE OF INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

A. The Barton Malow Company will employ and pay for the services of an Independent Testing and Inspection Laboratory to perform the following testing (unless additional testing is required in the specifications).

- Soils
- Concrete
- Steel
- Paving
- Roofing
- Masonry

B. Testing Laboratory inspection, sampling and testing is required as identified in the technical specifications.

1.03 QUALIFICATION OF TESTING AND INSPECTION LABORATORY

A. Meet "Recommended Requirements for Independent Laboratory Qualification", published by AMERICAN COUNCIL OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES.

B. Meet basic requirements of ASTM E-329, "Standards of Recommended Practice for Inspection and Testing Agencies for Concrete and Steel as Used In Construction" and ASTM D3740.

C. Authorized to operate in the State in which the Project is located.

D. Submit copy of report of inspection of facilities made by Materials Reference Laboratory of NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS during the most recent tour of inspection, with memorandum of remedies of any deficiencies reported by the inspection.

E. Testing Equipment:

1. Calibrated at reasonable intervals by devices of accuracy traceable to either:

   a. NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS.

   b. Accepted values of natural physical constants.

1.04 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Each Contractor shall be responsible to provide and pay for all other testing associated with its scope of Work. Tests shall be made by a qualified independent testing agency approved by the Owner and

Architect. Coordinate selection of the testing agency through the Barton Malow Company. The Contractor shall arrange and pay for the following services:

1. Inspections and tests specified as the Contractor's responsibility in the various sections of the Specifications.

2. Inspections and tests required by the General Conditions including those tests required by codes, ordinances, or the approval authority of regulatory agencies.

3. Inspection and tests performed for the Contractor's convenience.

B. Contractor shall cooperate with the laboratory to facilitate the execution of its required services. Employment of the laboratory shall in no way relieve Contractor's obligations to perform the Work.

C. Contractor testing shall as a minimum comply with the requirements of this section.

D. The Contractor is responsible to pay the cost of additional testing in the event that additional testing of the Contractor's materials, installation, and other Work is required by the independent testing laboratory because of test results not in compliance with the Contract Documents and/or additional testing required as a result of Contractor's negligence or poor workmanship.

PART 2 - EXECUTION

2.01. TESTING AND INSPECTION LABORATORY DUTIES

A. Unless otherwise noted, the testing agency shall provide all required personnel and equipment as required for inspections and tests, for obtaining specimens and samples, and for delivery of specimens and samples to the laboratory when required.

B. The Testing Laboratory shall cooperate with Barton Malow Company to provide qualified personnel after due notice.

C. The Testing Laboratory shall perform specified inspections, sampling and testing of materials and methods of construction in accordance with specified standards and shall ascertain compliance of materials with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

D. The Testing Laboratory shall promptly notify Barton Malow Company of observed irregularities or deficiencies of work or products.

E. The Testing Laboratory shall promptly submit written report(s) of each test and inspection; submit one copy of report each to the Architect, Barton Malow Company, Owner, and Contractor with the following:

1. Date issued.
2. Project title and number.
3. Testing laboratory name, address and telephone number.
4. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
5. Date and time of sampling or inspection.
6. Record of temperature and weather conditions.
7. Date of test.
8. Identification of product and specification section.
9. Location of sample or test in the Project.
10. Type of inspection or test.
11. Results of tests and compliance with Contract Documents.
12. Interpretation of test results, when requested by Architect.

2.02 LIMITATIONS OF AUTHORITY OF TESTING AND INSPECTION LABORATORY

A. Laboratory is not authorized to:

1. Release, revoke, alter or enlarge on requirements of Contract Documents.

2. Approve or accept any portion of the Work, but may provide an expert opinion whereby the Owner, Architect and Barton Malow Company may make an informed decision as to acceptance or rejection.

3. Perform any duties of the Contractor.

4. Stop the Work.

PART 3 – CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

3.01 CONTRACTOR SHALL:

A. Cooperate with laboratory personnel, provide access to Work, to Manufacturer's operations.

B. Secure and deliver to Barton Malow Company adequate quantities of representative samples of materials proposed to be used of which require testing.

C. Provide to Barton Malow Company the preliminary design mix proposed to be used for concrete, and other materials mixes which require control by testing laboratory.

D. Furnish copies of Products test reports as required.

E. Furnish incidental labor and facilities as follows:

1. To provide access to Work to be tested.

2. To obtain and handle samples at the Project site or at the source of the product to be tested.

3. To facilitate inspections and tests.

4. For storage and curing of test samples.

F. Notify Barton Malow Company sufficiently in advance of operations (24 hours minimum) to allow for laboratory assignment of personnel and scheduling of tests.

1. When tests or inspections cannot be performed after such notice, reimburse Barton Malow Company for laboratory personnel and travel expenses and all of Barton Malow Company's other expenses incurred arising out of or resulting from Contractor's negligence.

G. Employ and pay for the services of testing laboratory to perform additional inspections, sampling and testing required:

1. For the Contractor's convenience.

2. When initial tests indicate Work does not comply with Contract Documents.

H. When the Contractor is providing the testing and prior to start of Work, submit testing laboratory name, address, and telephone number, and names of full time registered engineer and responsible officer.

Submit copy of report of laboratory facilities inspection made by Materials Reference Laboratory of National Bureau of Standards (NBS) during most recent tour of inspection, with memorandum of remedies of any deficiencies reported by the inspection.

3.02 RE-TEST RESPONSIBILITY

A. Where the results of required inspections, tests, or similar services prove unsatisfactory and do not indicate compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the re-tests shall be the responsibility of the Contractor regardless of whether the original test was the Contractor's responsibility.

B. Re-testing of Work revised or replaced by the Contractor is the Contractor's responsibility where required tests were performed on original Work. All costs and fees for re-testing shall be paid by the Contractor.

C. Schedule delays and costs which are the result of non-conforming work or remedy will be the responsibility of the offending Contractor.

END OF SECTION 01450

SECTION 01510
FIRE PRECAUTIONS AND PROTECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the following requirements including:
   1. Fire Precautions and Protection/Noxious Odors and Fumes
   2. (Temporary) Fire Standpipe System
   3. Noxious Odors and Fumes

PART 2 - FIRE PRECAUTIONS AND PROTECTION

2.01 FIRE PRECAUTIONS AND PROTECTION

A. All **Contractors** and their Subordinate Parties shall assume full responsibility and take all necessary precautions to guard against and eliminate all possible fire hazards and to prevent damage to any construction work, building materials, equipment, temporary field offices, storage sheds, and all other property, both public and private. The location of the nearest corporation or public fire alarm box and the telephone number of the local fire department shall be conspicuously posted by **Contractor** throughout the field offices and in the building structure adjacent to its Work and it shall take precautions to prevent fire hazards in accordance with all fire protection and prevention laws and codes.

B. Each **Contractor's** superintendent in charge at the Project, shall review the entire Project at least once a week to make certain the **Contractor** has adhered to the conditions and requirements set forth herein.

C. No open fires shall be permitted. **Contractors** and their Subordinate Parties shall not be allowed to start fires with gasoline, kerosene or other highly flammable materials.

D. Welding, flame cutting, or other operations involving the use of flame, arcs, or sparking devices will not be allowed without adequate protection and shielding without prior permission of the Owner through the Barton Malow Company. All combustible and flammable material shall be removed from the immediate area. Material shall be protected with a fire resistant tarpaulin to prevent sparks, flames, or hot metal from reaching materials. **Contractor** shall provide the necessary personnel and fire fighting equipment to effectively control incipient fires resulting from welding, flame cutting, or other operations involving the use of flame, arcs or sparking devices. Each **Contractor** performing Work involving welding or open flame shall provide its own fire extinguishers in the immediate area of the Work.

E. Not more than a one day supply of flammable liquids such as oil, gasoline, paint or paint solvent shall be brought into any building at any one time. All flammable liquids having a flash point of 110 degrees F or below, which must be brought into any building, shall be confined to Underwriter's Laboratories' labeled safety cans. The bulk supply of all flammable liquids shall be detached at least 75 feet from the building and from yard storage of building materials. Spigots on drums containing flammable liquids are prohibited on the project site. Drums are to be equipped with approved vent pumps.

F. Combustible materials shall not be stored or left overnight within the confines of the permanent building. This includes all internal combustion engines using gas or fuel oil. Hoisting of flammable or combustible materials to the roof shall only be in quantities as needed for immediate use.

G. Only fire resistant tarpaulins shall be used on this Project.

H. The permanent fire protection water supply, fire extinguishing equipment, shut down and tie-ins between new and existing fire protection system shall be coordinated with the Owner and Barton Malow Company and be installed at the earliest possible date. Shut down of an existing fire protection system shall be for a minimum period of time. As each sprinkler system is completed and placed in service, the control valve shall be sealed. Permission to break seals and close sprinkler valves shall be given only by Barton Malow Company with approval of the Owner.

I. Barton Malow Company will provide and maintain in working order at all times during construction not less than four (4) fire extinguishers conveniently located for each floor area having 50,000 square feet or less. One (1) additional fire extinguisher will be provided for each additional 15,000 square feet of floor area.

J. Fire extinguishers provided by Barton Malow Company and Contractors shall be "all purpose", and not a water type, to meet the approval of the Fire Underwriter's Laboratory, and will be inspected at regular intervals and recharged if necessary.

K. In areas of flammable liquids, asphalt or electrical hazards, extinguishers of the 15 lb. carbon dioxide type or 20 lb. dry chemical type shall be provided by the **Contractor** creating such hazard.

L. Each **Contractor** agrees that, in the event of fire, all its workers and all Subordinate Parties workers anywhere on site will assist in extinguishing the fire.

M. **Contractor's** and their Subordinate Parties' shanties of combustible construction shall not be placed inside of any structure. Such shanties shall be detached at least seventy-five (75) feet from the building or as directed by the Barton Malow Company with approval of the Owner. Totally incombustible shanties may be, if approved in writing by Barton Malow Company, located inside of the structure.

N. Use of only Underwriter's Laboratory approved heaters and/or stoves is permitted in field offices or storage sheds and they shall have fire resistive material underneath and at the sides near partitions and walls. Pipe sleeves and covering shall be used where stove pipe runs through walls or roof.

O. Flammable portions of construction shanties inside the structure must be painted inside and outside with "ALBI" fire retardant paint or other fire retardant paint of equal quality as approved by the Owner.

2.02 (TEMPORARY) FIRE STANDPIPE SYSTEM

A. Permanent risers shall be installed as floor slabs are cast, with capped 2 1/2 inch hose valves on each floor and temporary cap or plug on top. One riser at a time shall be extended up so that remainder are available for use at all times.

B. Provide permanent cross connections or provide temporary cross connections.

2.03 NOXIOUS ODORS AND FUMES

A. All Contractors are notified that combustion engine equipment, tar kettles and any other items causing noxious odors or fumes will NOT be allowed in the building or near air intake louvers. If intake louver locations are in doubt, consult with Barton Malow Company.

END OF SECTION 01510

SECTION 01520
TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the following requirements including:
   1. Project Signage
   2. Snow Removal
   3. Security
   4. Temporary Field Office, Facilities and Parking
   5. Temporary Fencing
   6. Temporary Toilet Facilities
   7. Drinking Water/Temporary Water
   8. Roof Protection
   9. Scaffolding
   10. Water Control
   11. Temporary Material Hoist/Elevator
   12. (Temporary) Fire Standpipe System (see Section 01510 Fire Precautions and Protection)
   13. Temporary Stairs, Ladders, Ramps, Runways, and Barricades
   14. Temporary Electrical Power and Light
   15. Temporary Heating , Cooling and Weather Protection
   16. Temporary Enclosures

PART 2 - CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES

2.01 PROJECT SIGNAGE

A. The **Barton Malow Company** shall provide a project sign. No other signs or advertising shall be displayed on the premises without the approval of the Architect, Owner, and Barton Malow Company. This does not exclude the posting of required trade notice and cautionary signage by **Contractor's**.

2.02 SNOW REMOVAL

A. **Contractors** performing Work under exposed conditions shall remove snow and ice for the protection and execution of their Work. Keeping public traffic areas and circulation routes free of snow shall be the responsibility of the **Barton Malow Company.**

2.03 SECURITY

A. The services of a security guards **will not** be provided by **either the Owner or Barton Malow Company**.

B. Each **Contractor**, at its own cost and expense, may provide security guard, protective service or other means of site security as it deems necessary.

C. **Contractors** shall advise Barton Malow Company of any theft or damage which might delay the execution of the Work and furnish the Owner and Barton Malow Company with a copy of any theft report filed with local, county or state agencies.

D. Neither Barton Malow Company nor Owner assumes any responsibility for loss, theft or damage to the **Contractor**'s materials or for damage to Work in place before the completion of the construction. In the instance of any such loss, theft or damage, the **Contractor** shall be responsible to renew, restore or remedy the Work, tools, equipment and construction in accordance with requirements of the Contract Documents without additional cost to Barton Malow Company.

E. Barton Malow Company is not responsible for damage, liability, theft, casualty or other hazard to the automobiles or other vehicles, nor to injury, including death, to occupants of automobiles or other vehicles on the Owner's property.

F. Barton Malow Company may establish additional security policies and procedures. All **Contractors** will be required to cooperate with Barton Malow Company in implementing these procedures.

G. Site-parked equipment, operable machinery and hazardous parts of the new construction subject to mischief and accidental operation shall be inaccessible, locked or otherwise made inoperable when left unattended.

2.04 TEMPORARY FIELD OFFICE, FACILITIES AND PARKING

A. The Owner **shall** designate **an area** for construction trailers. Placement and scheduled duration shall be coordinated by Barton Malow Company. Each **Contractor** is responsible to verify that all field offices, trailers and storage sheds shall be in accordance with the local Fire Marshal having jurisdiction. Each **Contractor** shall arrange and pay for its own telephone hookup and use. Each **Contractor** shall arrange and pay for its own temporary electrical hook-up, water and toilets. The **Contractor** shall pay for all power used for the **Contractor**'s temporary field office and temporary electrical service. Construction personnel **will** be allowed to use the existing Owner parking facilities. Designated **Contractors will** be allowed to have on-site construction trailers. Construction trailers shall be limited to **10' x 30'** or smaller.

B. **Contractors** shall maintain the use of designated space for offices and sheds. This includes removal of weeds, debris, trash and clean-up of the area after removal of such temporary structures.

C. Temporary field offices and sheds shall not be used for living quarters. .

D. Offices and sheds shall be of suitable design, maintenance and appearance, and meet the approval of Barton Malow Company and all applicable local codes and ordinances.

E. All temporary offices and sheds including foundations, must be removed within ten (10) days of written notice from Barton Malow Company including restoration of grade. Structures not removed in a timely manner will be removed by Barton Malow Company at **Contractor**'s expense.

PART 3 - TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION CONTROLS

3.01 TEMPORARY FENCING

A. The **Barton Malow Company shall** provide temporary fencing with gates for required access and remove same at the completion of the Project.

B. The **Contractors** shall repair or replace fencing damaged as a result of its operation. **Contractors** shall remove and replace fencing and gates required to provide access for oversized items.

C. **Contractor's personnel are not allowed to work outside of the construction fence without permission of the Barton Malow Company.**

3.02 TEMPORARY TOILET FACILITIES

A. The **Barton Malow Company** shall provide and maintain temporary toilet facilities for the construction of the Project. The use of the Owner's existing permanent facilities is as described in Section 01140 Use of Premises.

B. **During renovation activities, Barton Malow Company may obtain, through the Owner, permission to use designated toilet facilities within the contract boundaries for construction use. The use of the Owner's existing permanent facilities outside the construction boundaries is strictly not allowed.**

3.03 DRINKING WATER/TEMPORARY WATER

A. The Owner **will** pay for water used on this Project.

B. Immediately after award of the Agreement, the **Mechanical Contractor** shall furnish, install, maintain and subsequently remove a temporary hookup to the Owner's potable water system where directed by Barton Malow Company for construction purposes. The **Contractor** shall provide all temporary piping and approved backflow prevention as necessary for distribution from the source. Distribution of temporary water will be paid for by **Contractor**s requiring same. A minimum of One **(1)** hose bibs shall be provided **within the fenced construction area** by the **Contractor** as directed by Barton Malow Company.

3.04 ROOF PROTECTION

A. **Contractor**s and their Subordinate Parties, shall be responsible for damages to roofing, sheet metal and roof structure while performing Work. The Roofing **Contractor** will perform the repair Work at the expense of the **Contractor** responsible for the damage.

B. **All Contractors will protect adjacent existing roof surfaces while performing their Work. No construction materials will be allowed to be placed on existing roof surfaces without prior approval of the Owner through the Barton Malow Company.**

3.05 SCAFFOLDING

A. Each **Contractor** is responsible for providing and maintaining any and all ladders, scaffolds and other staging as required to complete its Work. All such ladders, scaffolds and staging equipment shall be erected, maintained and subsequently removed by each **Contractor** in accordance with all applicable safety laws, rules and regulations.

3.06 WATER CONTROL

A. All pumping, bailing or well point equipment necessary to keep excavations and trenches free from the accumulation of water during the entire excavating and backfilling progress of the Work shall be the responsibility of the **Contractor** performing said excavations and trenches due to its scope of Work.

B. **The Sitework Contractor** shall be responsible for keeping the building at grade and below free from water from the time the building backfill is completed until the building is watertight.

C. Dispose of water in such a manner as will not endanger public health or cause damage or expense to public or private property. Abide by the requirements of any public agencies having jurisdiction.

3.07 TEMPORARY MATERIAL HOIST/ELEVATOR

A. **Each Contractor is responsible for its own hoisting and material equipment movement costs as required to complete the Work under its Agreement.**

3.07 TEMPORARY MATERIAL HOIST/ELEVATOR (Cont'd)

B. Barton Malow Company may operate and maintain a permanent elevator until such time as all material hoisting requirements have been met. Elevator requirements in excess of the capacity or size of this elevator shall be provided by each **Contractor** at its expense. This elevator shall not be used for the placement of concrete, the transporting of workers, or other means inconsistent with its use as directed by Barton Malow Company. The operating cost for all overtime use of the elevator shall be paid by the **Contractor** requiring such services.

C. The Elevator **Contractor** shall be obligated to extend warranty and guarantee periods on any permanent equipment used prior to Substantial Completion.

D. Transportation of construction materials through the Owner's facility shall be accomplished in accordance with the requirements described in Section 01140 Use of Premises in such a manner so as to:

1. Not damage any of the existing facility.

2. Not impair the Owner's use of the facility.

3. Not create any type of mess or additional cleaning requirements in Owner occupied areas.

3.08 TEMPORARY STAIRS, LADDERS, RAMPS, RUNWAYS, AND BARRICADES

A. Each **Contractor** is to provide and maintain all necessary temporary stairs, ladders, ramps, and runways to facilitate conveyance of workers, materials, tools, and equipment for proper execution of its Work. All protection and safety barricades, devices, covers, and all other necessary items shall be provided by each **Contractor** as it relates to the safe conduct of its Work and protection of people and property in its Work area in accordance with applicable law.

B. Any **Contractor** or Subordinate Party performing excavation Work shall be responsible to furnish, install and maintain temporary barricades and/or fencing of all open excavations until such time as the backfilling is complete. Flasher lights shall be provided on barricades and fencing by the **Contractor** as requested by Barton Malow Company and in accordance with applicable law. As a minimum, all barricades across roads and walks shall have lights on them in working condition.

C. The Structural Steel **Contractor** shall provide temporary guardrails at the building floor perimeters, interior shafts, all roof areas, or other openings, immediately after the erection of the **steel** frame and with the installation of **metal** decking. Protection shall be OSHA 29 CFR Part 1926.502 (B) "Guardrail Systems" and shall include but not be limited to two line rails and toe boards. This temporary protector shall be left in place after completion of the **steel** frame for the use of all other **Contractors**. The Structural Steel **Contractor** shall maintain and remove said guardrails and patch concrete. Each **Contractor** that disturbs any temporary protection for its Work is responsible to protect the area during its Work and to reinstall to its original condition the guardrail or barricade system for the protection of the workers and others until final construction of perimeter exterior wall and/or shaft openings is completed. All other protection and safety barricades, devices, covers, etc. shall be provided by this **Contractor** as it relates to the safe conduct of its Work in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations and the requirements of the Contract Documents, and shall be in accordance with the most stringent requirements.

D. Each **Contractor** and its Subordinate Parties shall provide and maintain in good repair barricades, overhead protection, guard rails, etc., as required by law or necessary for the protection of the public and personnel engaged in the Work from hazards incidental to performance of the Work. **Contractor** shall do everything necessary to protect the Owner's employees, the public and workers from injuries and to protect vehicles and other property from damage.

3.09 TEMPORARY ELECTRICAL POWER AND LIGHT

A. Electrical Energy Costs

1. The Owner **will** pay for electrical energy to operate temporary electrical power and lighting for the duration of the project at designated locations. Temporary power **will** be provided free of charge.

B. Power Source

1. The Electrical **Contractor** shall provide, install, and pay for labor, equipment and materials required to make connections to **the local utility company** and to provide temporary electrical power and light distribution. The Electrical **Contractor** shall coordinate the location of the electrical power and lighting as directed by Barton Malow Company.

2. The Electrical **Contractor** will provide for **each** construction trailer(s) a 120/208 volt (or 120/240 volt), 100 ampere single phase power source to which the **Contractor** who occupies the trailer may connect. The cost of hook up and removal of temporary electrical service to trailer shall be each **Contractor**'s responsibility.

3. Protection shall be provided for the power supply source complete with disconnect switch and other required electrical devices.

C. Rules and Regulations:

1. All temporary equipment and wiring for power, lighting and distribution requirements shall conform to OSHA requirements and be in accordance with applicable provisions of governing laws, codes, and ordinances.

2. All temporary wiring and distribution equipment shall be maintained so as not to constitute a hazard to persons or property.

3. Each **Contractor** is responsible to provide an assured grounding program in accordance with OSHA regulations for their own electrical power requirements.

D. Temporary Power Distribution:

1. The Electrical **Contractor** will provide and maintain temporary power distribution as follows:

   Construction power shall be 120/208 volts, 3 phase, 4 wire plus ground. Provide the following outlets together with feeders, grounding, protective devices and ground fault interrupting devices.

   a. Power centers - on each floor of the new building, provide a minimum of two (2) power centers or not less than one (1) per 10,000 s.f. rated not less that 100 amperes at 120/208 volt, 3 phase. 4 wire plus ground. Locate the power centers such that each will serve approximately equal areas and as far as possible, each be in the center of the respective area served.

   b. 120 volt duplex outlets - Provide weatherproof, G.F.I. protected, 20 ampere grounded outlets at a minimum rate equal to 1 - duplex outlet per 400 square feet. Outlets may be grouped in clusters of up to six duplex types with corresponding pro-rated increase in area served, provided that every portion of the construction and remodeled premises can be reached from the nearest outlet using a flexible cord no more that 50 feet in length.

2. As partitions are erected, locations of power distribution points shall be added or relocated.

3.09 TEMPORARY ELECTRICAL POWER AND LIGHT (Cont'd)

3. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protection will be provided on all temporary power receptacles and, where possible, directly on the circuit breaker supplying temporary power as referenced in NEC 305-6(a).

4. The assured equipment grounding conductor program is only to be used on circuits greater than 20 amps as referenced in NEC 305-6(b).

E. Temporary Electrical Light Distribution:

1. The **Electrical Contractor** shall provide and maintain temporary electrical light distribution as follows:

a. Lighting shall be achieved using 120 volt guarded incandescent fixtures, or other suitable fixture types, to OSHA required minimum levels of illumination.

b. 120 volt temporary lighting as required in interior work areas. In addition to these minimum requirements provide adequate security lighting at guarded entrances outside storage areas, parking areas, and in areas of **Contractor**'s and Architect's field offices and sheds.

2. As partitions are erected or other interferences which hamper achieving the minimum levels of illumination, locations of lighting distribution points shall be added or relocated.

3. Task lighting in addition to OSHA required lighting shall be provided by each **Contractor**.

F. Temporary Power and Light for Special Conditions:

1. Special conditions for temporary electrical power and lighting required by others shall be provided as follows:

a. Each **Contractor** requiring service of capacity or characteristics other than specified must make arrangements with the Electrical **Contractor** and pay for their own installation, removal, and service.

b. Where 3 phase power is required, the **Contractor** must pick up service at the distribution panel located outside the building addition.

c. The necessary grounded portable cords, lamps, light-stands, and fuses from the distribution outlets to points of use shall be provided by each **Contractor** to suit its own requirements.

G. Servicing of Temporary Power and Lighting:

1. The Electrical **Contractor** shall be responsible for the following:

a. Servicing, repairing and rearrangement of service equipment, temporary power, temporary lighting, and re-lamping.

b. Removal and disposal of temporary electrical power and lighting at completion of the Project or when so directed by Barton Malow Company and repair of damage caused by installation or removal.

H. Permanent Electrical Power and Lighting:

1. When permanent electrical power and lighting systems are in operating condition, they may be used for temporary power and lighting for construction purposes provided the Electrical **Contractor**:

a. Obtains the approval of the Architect and/or Owner through Barton Malow Company.

b. Assumes full responsibility for operation of the entire power and lighting systems.

c. Verifies that warranty dates are established prior to usage of equipment and lamps.

d. Pays costs for operation, maintenance, and restoration of the systems.

2. As permanent power and lighting becomes available, these systems will generally supplant the appropriate portions of the temporary installation.

3.10 TEMPORARY HEATING AND WEATHER PROTECTION

A. Temporary heating requirements during the course of construction shall be divided into two categories as follows:

1. Cold weather protection.

2. Temporary heating.

B. Cold Weather Protection:

1. Heating required during the construction period prior to enclosure of the building shall be classified as "cold weather protection."

2. Each **Contractor** shall provide temporary heating and protection, necessary to allow its Work to continue during cold weather to meet the project milestone dates prior to building enclosure, including:

a. The heating of materials (such as water and aggregate) as well as space heating for protection of newly placed or built construction at required temperatures (but not lower than 50 degrees F) and for the time specified.

b. Flame-proofed tarpaulins and other materials used for temporary enclosures.

3. **Contractor** shall provide plan to allow Work to continue without regard to temperature.

4. Heat shall be provided by smokeless UL approved portable unit heaters, using fuel of types and kinds approved by Underwriter's Laboratories, Factory Mutual, and the Fire Marshal.

a. The **Contractor** shall provide fuel, power, maintenance, and attendance required for operation of portable heaters.

b. Interior or exterior surfaces damaged by the use of portable heating units shall be replaced with new materials at the responsible **Contractor**'s expense.

5. It shall be the responsibility of each **Contractor** to protect its own Work.

C. Temporary Heating:

1. Daily construction heat required after the building is enclosed shall be classified as "temporary heating" and will be the responsibility of the Owner to install and maintain.

2. The building or buildings or any portions thereof shall be considered enclosed when in the opinion of Barton Malow Company:

a. The exterior wall system and temporary interior wall enclosures are in place.

b. Openings in exterior walls are covered to provide reasonable heat retention.

c. The building is ready for interior drywall, masonry and plastering operations.

d. The permanent roof is substantially installed.

The **Barton Malow Company** shall provide and maintain the temporary interior wall enclosures. If the exterior wall system is not complete in time to provide building enclosure of a portion of the new structure as scheduled, the **Barton Malow Company** shall provide and maintain temporary exterior wall enclosures of polyethylene and, in addition to exercising all other rights and remedies under the Contract Documents and law, Barton Malow Company shall be entitled to deduct the cost of such enclosures from the moneys due or to become due the **Contractor**(s) responsible for failure to meet said schedule.

3. In areas of the building or buildings where Work is being conducted, the temperature shall be maintained as specified in the various sections of the specifications, but not less than 50 degrees F for interior rough-in and not less than 60 degrees F during finishes installation. The temperature shall not be allowed to reach a level that will cause damage to any portion of the Work, including materials stored in the building, which may be subject to damage by low temperatures.

4. Until the permanent heating system, or suitable portion thereof, is in operating condition, provide sufficient and UL approved space heaters of suitable capacity to maintain required temperatures in areas where work is being conducted and materials are stored. Include all necessary maintenance, venting and attendance for this temporary heating to meet all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

5. When the permanent heating system, or a suitable portion thereof, is in operating condition, the system may be used for temporary heating, provided the **MECHANICAL Contractor**:

   a. Obtains approval from Barton Malow Company in writing for its use and any special provisions required for its temporary operation.

   b. Assumes full responsibility for the entire heating system until final acceptance of the system by the Owner.

   c. Uses supply only, not return if temporary heating utilizes the building's ductwork system.

   d. Pays all costs for maintenance, attendance and restoration to "like new" condition of the system including final cleaning of equipment and ductwork and all necessary touch-up painting.

   e. Turns over satisfactory evidence to Barton Malow Company showing the extended warranties from manufacturers and proper maintenance procedures.

   f. Provides and maintains temporary filters, boxes and other parts used for the temporary condition and replaces same with the new permanent filters at time of occupancy consistent with the warranty provisions. The **MECHANICAL Contractor** shall pay the cost of extending warranty and guarantee periods on any permanent equipment used prior to substantial completion.

6. Electrical power required for temporary heating **will** be furnished free of charge. The installation and service of the necessary temporary electrical feeders will also be the responsibility of the Electrical **Contractor**.

3.11 TEMPORARY ENCLOSURES

A. **Contractor** shall provide temporary (insulated) weather-tight closures of openings in exterior surfaces to provide acceptable working conditions and protection for materials, to allow for temporary heating, and to prevent entry of unauthorized persons. Provide doors with self-closing hardware and locks.

B. **Contractor** shall provide temporary roofing as required to provide and maintain a watertight enclosure during construction.

C. **Contractor** shall provide temporary partitions and ceilings as required to separate Work areas from Owner occupied areas, to prevent penetration of dust and moisture into Owner occupied areas and to prevent damage to Owner's facilities and equipment.

END OF SECTION 01520

SECTION 01530
FIELD ENGINEERING AND LAYOUT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 LAYOUT OF THE WORK

A. **Each Contractor shall be responsible for the layout and engineering of its own Work from the established points and lines given by a registered surveyor employed by Barton Malow Company and to coordinate with all other trades.**

B. Each **Contractor** is responsible for detailed and accurate layout of its own and its Subordinate Parties' Work to dimension from the principal lines, grades and levels set forth in the Contract Documents or the principal lines, grades and levels provided by a registered surveyor hired by **Barton Malow Company**. Each **Contractor** shall make provisions to preserve all control points, such as monuments, stakes, bench marks or other datum points and shall replace at its own cost any of these which might be lost or displaced through its neglect.

C. **Contractors** shall examine the conditions under which the Work is to be installed, shall take field measurements and verify field conditions and shall carefully compare such field measurements and conditions and other information known to the **Contractor** with the Contract Documents before commencing activities. Any errors, inconsistencies, omissions, discrepancies or conditions detrimental to proper performance of the Work that are discovered shall be reported to Barton Malow Company at once. **Contractors** are not to proceed until the required corrections are accomplished.

D. The exactness of grades, elevations, dimensions, or locations given on any Drawings issued by Architect or the work installed by other contractors, is not guaranteed by Owner or Barton Malow Company. The **Contractor** shall, therefore, satisfy itself as to the accuracy of all grades, elevations, dimensions, and locations. In all cases of interconnection of its Work with existing or other Work, it shall verify at the site all dimensions relating to such existing or other Work. Any errors due to the **Contractor**'s failure to verify all such grades, elevations, dimensions, or locations shall be promptly rectified by the **Contractor** without any additional cost to the Owner or Barton Malow Company.

E. As the Work progresses, the **Contractor** shall prepare lay out drawings showing the exact locations of Work under its Contract as a guide to all trades. Prior to any installation, the separate **Contractors** shall exchange layout drawings and coordinate the Work and be subject to verification by all subsequent **Contractors**.

F. As Work under each Agreement commences, the condition of preceding Work under other agreements shall be verified and accepted by each subsequent **Contractor** when appropriate. Verification may, at Barton Malow Company's discretion, include a joint review by the subsequent **Contractor**, previous contractor(s), and Barton Malow Company to note any corrective Work required, damage to previous Work, verification of elevations, tolerances, levels and plumbness, critical dimensions, surface conditions, and similar items affecting the Work under the Contract Documents and particularly items which prevent acceptance by the subsequent contractors. The verification review procedures and findings shall be documented in writing by subsequent Contractors, signed by all parties, and copies provided to the Barton Malow Company. Any corrective work necessary to satisfy requirements of the Contract Documents shall be performed promptly by the previous **Contractor** to prevent delay to the work under the subsequent Contracts. After corrective work is accomplished the subsequent **Contractor** shall furnish written acceptance of the work as noted above. Barton Malow Company's participation in a joint review under this paragraph shall in no event be

deemed to constitute approval of any layout or other Work that fails to comply with the **Contract Documents.**

G. Each **Contractor** shall be responsible to take such field measurements as may be required to determine the size of ordered material. In the event "guaranteed dimensions" are required, the **Contractor** shall promptly advise other **Contractors** through Barton Malow Company by use of drawings, templates or mock-ups of the required conditions.

H. All Work, and in particular, piping, ducts, conduit and similar items, shall be neatly and carefully laid out to provide the most useful space utilization and the most orderly appearance. Except as otherwise indicated or directed piping and similar Work shall be installed **as close to above ceiling floor slabs and walls** as conditions reasonably permit, located to prevent interference with other Work or with the use of the spaces. Before **Contractor** installs a valve in an exposed location, it must make all efforts to install it in an accessible, concealed location. **Contractors** shall carefully plan the layout and review any questionable installations with Barton Malow Company.

I. The Owner or Barton Malow Company may utilize a registered land surveyor to verify alignment and layout of certain portions of the Work. If that Work is out of tolerance or incorrect, the installing **Contractor** will be responsible for prompt correction of the Work to comply with the Contract Documents, along with all expenses incurred by Owner or Barton Malow Company in such verification process, including, but not limited to, the cost for the surveying services, as well as the additional time expended by Barton Malow Company personnel at standard billing rates.

END OF SECTION 01530

SECTION 01540
CUTTING AND PATCHING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 INSPECTION

A. Before cutting existing surfaces, examine surfaces to be cut, including elements subject to damage or movement during cutting and patching work. Report any unsatisfactory or questionable conditions to Barton Malow Company in writing.

B. Before proceeding, meet at the site with Barton Malow Company and the parties involved in cutting and patching, including mechanical and electrical trades. Review areas of potential interference, conflict and possible effects on the Owner's existing operations. Coordinate procedures, temporary support, methods of dust and water protection, etc. and resolve potential conflicts before proceeding.

C. When working in and around existing buildings, if any hazardous material is encountered or is suspected to be present, Barton Malow Company must be notified and Work in the affected area is to stop as described in Section 00840 Hazardous Materials until further direction is given by Barton Malow Company or the Owner.

1.03 PREPARATION

A. Provide adequate temporary support as necessary to assure the structural value and integrity of the affected portion of the work. Where specified or required, submit temporary support methodologies to the Architect for approval.

B. Provide devices and methods to protect adjacent areas or other portions of the Project from damage including dust protection, water protection, and exposure. Maintain excavations free of water, and all other devices and methods as necessary to provide protection from the elements.

1.04 EXECUTION

A. The use of **gasoline powered equipment, jackhammers or power actuated tools, explosives** is prohibited on this Project. **The use of electric and pneumatic impact hammers must be first authorized and coordinated by the Barton Malow Company prior to usage.**

B. Each **Contractor** on behalf of itself and its Subordinate Parties is responsible for the cutting of all holes and openings through existing walls, partitions, ceilings, floors and roofs as necessary for the installation of its Work as specified in the Contract Documents. Holes and openings shall be neatly cut and of minimum size to allow the Work to be installed. Execute cutting and demolition by methods which will prevent damage to other Work, and will provide proper surfaces to receive installation of repairs.

C. Execute work in such a manner as to minimize disruptions to or interference with the Owner's normal operations or functioning in the existing buildings and provide all means necessary to provide safety and convenience of those employed in and about the premises.

D. Each **Contractor** is responsible for patching of all holes and openings it makes. Fit work should be airtight to pipes, sleeves, ducts, conduit and other penetrations through surfaces. Patching is to match adjacent surfaces in materials and finish. Each **Contractor** is to utilize only tradesmen skilled in the specific finish

and material involved in making the patches. All patching is to be done in a neat and workmanlike manner to the satisfaction of Barton Malow Company. Defective Work shall be corrected at no cost to the Owner and Barton Malow Company.

E. Where new Work connects with existing Work, **Contractor** shall do all necessary cutting and fitting required to make a satisfactory connection with the Work to be performed so as to leave the entire Work in finished and workmanlike condition. Furnish all labor and materials to this end, whether or not shown or specified. All measurements must be verified at the site.

F. Employ the original installer and fabricator, when possible, to perform cutting and patching for:

1. Weather-exposed or moisture-resistant elements.

2. Sight-exposed finished surfaces.

G. Execute fitting and adjustment or products to provide a finished installation to comply with the specified products, functions, tolerances and finishes.

H. **Contractor** shall restore Work which has been cut or removed and shall install new products to provide completed Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. Each **Contractor** will be responsible to pay the appropriate **contractor** as designated by Barton Malow Company for restoring any portion of the Project that is disturbed, including but not limited to, slabs, walls, ceilings, fire rated partitions, spray-on fireproofing, and finishes, to their original state as a result of **Contractor**'s action.

I. Refinish entire surfaces as the **Contractor**'s Work scope requires to provide an even finish to match adjacent surfaces and finishes.

1. For continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection.

2. For an assembly, refinish the entire unit.

J. Removal and replacement of ceilings not scheduled to be replaced shall be the responsibility of the **Contractor** requiring access.

K. **Contractor** shall be held responsible for reckless cutting of holes in slabs, walls or other finishes, or for scraping off areas of fireproofing larger or greater than that which is necessary for installation of its Work.

END OF SECTION 01540

SECTION 01550
CLEAN-UP AND FINAL CLEANING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. Execute final cleaning at completion of the Work, as required by this Section. For **Contractor**'s daily clean-up, dust control and rubbish removal operations during construction, refer to Section 01520 Temporary Construction Controls.

1.03 DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Conduct final cleaning and disposal operations to comply with codes, ordinances, regulations, and anti-pollution laws.

1. Do not burn or bury rubbish and waste materials on Project site.
2. Do not dispose of volatile wastes such as mineral spirits, oil or paint thinner in storm or sanitary drains.

PART 2 - BARTON MALOW SITE CLEAN-UP/RUBBISH REMOVAL PROCEDURE

2.01 PURPOSE

A. An effective and efficient clean-up procedure on the Project site contributes to both the productivity and safety of all those involved. The following requirements are intended to provide a satisfactory and equitable method to manage and accomplish project clean up.

2.02 REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Each **Contractor** shall be responsible for daily, weekly and final clean-up of its Work and the work of its Subordinate Parties as defined herein. The cost of this requirement shall be included in the **Contractor**'s Bid Proposal. **Contractor** is required to comply with applicable labor agreements and jurisdictional rules in the hiring of laborers to perform its clean up obligations under the Contract Documents. Each **Contractor** will be responsible for control of dust generated by its operations on a daily basis. Roadways must be maintained clear of all debris at all times. **Contractors** shall only use cleaning materials which will not create hazards to health or property and which will not damage surfaces. Only those cleaning materials and methods recommended by the manufacturer of the surface material to be cleaned shall be used. Any sweeping compounds used in cleaning operations shall not leave residue on concrete floor surfaces that may affect installation of finish flooring materials.

B. Dumpsters: The **Owner** will provide and maintain the job site dumpsters for unidentifiable debris for use as specified below. Each **Contractor** and its Subordinate Parties shall be responsible for daily clean-up, removal and placement in dumpsters of all debris and waste resulting from its operations. No overfilling of dumpsters will be allowed. All adjacent areas are to be kept clean. Excavation, demolition, masonry, drywall and hazardous waste materials are NOT to be placed in Barton Malow Company's dumpster. Each **Contractor** will be responsible for removing its own excavation, demolition, masonry, drywall and Hazardous Materials from the site in strict accordance with applicable laws and regulations regarding disposal. **Contractor** shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Owner and Barton Malow Company from claims, damages, suits, costs, or expenses of

any kind (including attorney's fees and costs) arising out of, resulting from or in connection with **Contractor**'s misuse of dumpsters furnished by **Owner.**

C. Daily Clean Up: Each **Contractor** shall be responsible, DAILY for the clean-up, transport and removal from the site of identifiable debris including but not limited to, bulky debris, packaging, containers, unused materials and equipment, (i.e. masonry and concrete materials, drywall, steel, crates, carton, demolition debris, other packaging, and combustible items). No piles of debris shall be left in the building overnight. The cost of any overtime premium required to remove debris immediately at the end of each workday shall be included in the **Contractor**'s Base Bid.

Each **Contractor** must handle materials in a controlled manner during clean-up and all other operations so that dust and other contaminants resulting from the cleaning or disposal process will not affect the Owner's operations or equipment or the work or equipment of any other **Contractor** on the site. Each **Contractor** is responsible to leave its Work and work area in a clean condition. This includes, but is not limited to, removal of all grease, dust, dirt, stains, labels, fingerprints and other foreign matter.

D. Weekly Clean Up: Each **Contractor**, while on site, shall provide to Barton Malow Company one (1) person for each five tradesmen (or portion thereof) employed at the site, one day per week, for up to four (4) hours, for the exclusive purpose of performing overall project weekly clean-up of unidentifiable debris. The cost of this (these) person(s) shall be included in **Contractor**'s bid. The weekly clean-up Work shall include sweeping, loading and disposal of miscellaneous debris such as mud tracked through the building, drinking cups, bottles, lunch wrappers and other unidentifiable debris. Trash and debris from this operation shall be placed in the dumpster(s) provided by the Owner. Barton Malow Company will furnish sweeping compound to hold down dust during the weekly clean up.

E. Final Clean Up: Final clean-up, will be done at a time designated by Barton Malow Company. Normally, Final Clean Up will occur before punchlist inspection or prior Owner Occupancy turnover. The [Contractor/Subcontractor(s)] duties for Final Cleaning are set forth in Part 3.01 below.

F. Use of Owner's Facilities: The Owner's facilities are not to be used by **Contractor** for the disposal of trash or debris from its Work.

G. Failure to perform Clean Up: If any **Contractor** or its Subordinate Parties fails to maintain a satisfactory clean-up program, Barton Malow Company will issue written notice, to the responsible **Contractor**, that the necessary clean-up must be performed within twenty-four (24) hours after the notice is given. The establishment of a definite deadline for the removal of debris and rubbish will supersede the necessity for any formal notification that such work must be done. If **Contractor**(s) fail to perform the clean-up, by the deadline, Barton Malow Company may perform clean-up on the Project and back charge the responsible **Contractor**(s) for the costs. If necessary in order to remove unidentifiable debris beyond what is removed during weekly clean up, Barton Malow Company will perform such clean-up and shall pro-rate the cost among the **Contractors** in its discretion, based on **Contractor**(s) type of work and manpower on site. The minimum amount for any back charge by Barton Malow, if implemented, will be **$500.00**. Back charges may be deducted from the monthly invoices of the [Contractor/Subcontractor(s)] and/or final payment.

H. Hazardous Materials: **Contractors** or Subordinate Parties must dispose of Hazardous Materials in strict accordance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations. Hazardous Materials may not be placed in dumpsters and/or containers not so designated for such placement.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 FINAL CLEANING

A. The **CONTRACTOR** will employ an adequate number of personnel for final cleaning. Final Cleaning consists of the following Work:

1) Removal of grease, mastic, adhesives, dust, dirt, stains, fingerprints, labels, and all other foreign materials from sight-exposed interior and exterior surfaces.

2) Vacuuming all carpets and spot cleaning any stains. Cleaning and waxing VCT floors.

3) Washing and shining glazing and mirrors.

4) Polishing glossy surfaces to a clear shine.

5) Dusting cabinet work and removing foreign markings.

6) Broom cleaning exterior paved surfaces and raking clean other surfaces of the grounds.

B. In addition to the tasks set forth above, each **Contractor** shall be responsible for the following for its Work.

1) Prior to final completion or Owner occupancy, whichever occurs first, **Contractor** shall conduct an inspection of sight-exposed interior and exterior surfaces, and all Work areas, to verify that the entire Work is left in a broom clean condition and that all Final Cleaning as set forth above has been performed.

2) Tunnels and closed off spaces shall be cleaned of packing boxes, wood frame members and other waste materials used in the construction.

3) The entire system of piping and equipment shall be cleaned internally. **Contractors** installing piping or equipment shall open all direct pockets and strainers, completely blowing down as required by the technical specifications and the manufacturers' instructions, and shall clean strainer screens of all accumulated debris.

4) Tanks, fixtures and pumps shall be drained and proved free of sludge and accumulated matter.

5) Temporary labels, stickers and similar items shall be removed from fixtures and equipment. Unless otherwise directed in the technical specifications, **Contractors** shall not remove permanent name plates, equipment model numbers, ratings, or other items intended to be permanently affixed to the fixture or equipment.

6) Heating and air conditioning equipment, tanks, pumps and traps shall be thoroughly cleaned and new filters or filter media installed.

7) Before being placed in service, domestic water distribution systems, including those for cold water, drinking water and the hot water system shall be chlorinated. Review Technical Specifications for Products and Procedures.

END OF SECTION 01550

SECTION 01600
FORMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Specific attention is directed to all Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section and relate to various forms referenced for the project.

1.02 USE OF FORMS

A. Upon award of the Agreement, the various forms described and referenced in the Project Manual will be provided by Barton Malow Company and therefore are bound in the Project Manual.

1. Copies of forms are available for inspection at Barton Malow Company, 1301 Boyd, Troy, MI 48083.

00620 Insurance
- Certificate of Insurance (ACORD) Form

00810 Safety and Loss Control Program
- Trade Contractor Safety Certificate **(CON.7.9)**

01290 Payment Procedures
- Application and Certificate for Payment **(CON.27.1)** and Continuation Sheet **CON.27.2 – Draft Included**
- Consent of Surety to Reduction In or Partial Release of Retainage **(CON.26.6) – Draft Included**
- Payment schedule **(PSI.10.1)**
- Payment Request for Stored Materials Form **(CON.26.5)**
- Acknowledgment of Payment and Partial Unconditional Release Form **(CON.26.3)**
- Unconditional Final Release and Waiver Subcontractor/Materialman Form **(CON.26.4)**
- Sworn Statement Form **(CON.26.2)**

01250 Changes in the Work
- PCO- Notice to Proceed
- PC0- Quotation Only
- Change Order Form **(CMS.9.1 or CMS.9.2)**

01320 Communications
- Trade Contractor's Daily Report Form **(CON.14.4)**
- Request For Information Form **(CON.25.2)**

01330 Submittals
- BMC Submittal Transmittal Form **(CON.9.6)**

01400 Quality Requirements
- **Corrective Action Report (CAR)/Notice of Non-Conformance (NCR) (CON.18.2)**

01700 Contract Close-out
- Consent of Surety Company to Final Payment Form **(CON.26. 7) – Draft Included**
- Consent of Surety to Reduction in or Partial Release of Retainage Form **(CON.26.6) – Not Included**
- **Certificate of Contract Completion Form (CLO.7.5)**

01720 Project Record Documents
- **Closeout Submittal (CLO.7.2)**

01740 Warranties and Guarantees
- **Contractor's Guarantee (CLO.7.3)**

01750 Systems Demonstration, Training and Start-up
- **Equipment/Systems Acceptance Form (CLO.2.1)**
- **Owner Training Register (CLO.2.2)**

END OF SECTION 01600

BARTON MALOW COMPANY

CONTRACTOR SAFETY CERTIFICATE

Contractor Name _____

Project Name Phase II – Troy High School Additions & Renovations

Project Number 041049 – BP #9390

Nature of work (e.g., masonry, drywall) _____

1. Does Contractor have a written safety plan applicable to this Project?
   ☐ Yes (attach copy); or ☐ Will be provided before on-site work begins.

2. Contractor agrees to follow on this Project (for itself and its subs at any tier):
   a. All applicable legal standards for safety, including OSHA and state law;
   b. Any Site Specific Safety Information furnished for this Project;
   c. 100% continuous fall protection at elevations over six feet;
   d. NCCCO certification for all crane operators;
   e. Job Hazard Analysis to plan for safety before each work task begins;
   f. Prompt reporting of all OSHA recordable and lost time injuries, plus monthly reports of work hours and incident rates;
   g. Commitment of adequate management and financial resources to assure safety compliance and enforcement.
   ☐ Yes (no other alternative).

3. Contractor expects to encounter the following potential hazards on this Project, and its written safety plan contains appropriate provisions to address them:

	Potential Hazard	***Yes***	***No***	***Name the Competent Person****
1	Work from heights (ladders, edges, etc.)	☐	☐	
2	Scaffold erection or use	☐	☐	
3	Aerial work platforms	☐	☐	
4	Energized equipment (electrical, etc.)	☐	☐	
5	Respirator use	☐	☐	
6	Confined space work	☐	☐	
7	Trenching/excavation	☐	☐	
8	Cranes, fork trucks, or heavy equipment	☐	☐	
9	Environmental hazards	☐	☐	
10	Fire or explosion hazards	☐	☐	
11	Aircraft or watercraft use	☐	☐	
12	Other (specify):	☐	☐	

* *Where applicable, properly qualified and trained individual who will assure compliance with pertinent standards, procedures, and/or training requirements.*

4. Contractor has established procedures for handling first aid and other occupational injuries including medical and fire emergencies.
Name of person certified in first aid and CPR: _____

I certify that the above information is correct, and I accept responsibility for implementing and enforcing the safety plan on this Project.

_____	_____	_____
Contractor's Representative	***Phone Number***	***Date***

DRAFT

AIA® Document G702/CMa™ – 1992

Application and Certificate for Payment Construction Manager-Adviser Edition

TO OWNER:	Troy School District 4400 Livernois Troy, MI 48098	**PROJECT:**	Phase II - Troy High School 4777 Northfield Parkway Troy, MI 48084	**APPLICATION NO:** 001 **PERIOD TO:** **CONTRACT DATE:**	**Distribution to:** OWNER: ☒ CONSTRUCTION MANAGER: ☒ ARCHITECT: ☒
FROM CONTRACTOR:		**VIA CONSTRUCTION MANAGER:**	Barton Malow Company	**PROJECT NOS:** 2643-16 / / BP #9390	CONTRACTOR: ☒ FIELD: ☐ OTHER: ☐
CONTRACT FOR:	General Construction	**VIA ARCHITECT:**	Kingscott, Architecture, Engineering, Interiors Design		

CONTRACTOR'S APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

Application is made for payment, as shown below, in connection with the Contract.
Continuation Sheet, AIA Document G703, is attached.

1. ORIGINAL CONTRACT SUM	$	0.00
2. Net change by Change Orders	$	0.00
3. CONTRACT SUM TO DATE (Line 1 ± 2)	$	0.00
4. TOTAL COMPLETED & STORED TO DATE (Column G on G703)	$	0.00
5. RETAINAGE:		
a. 0 % of Completed Work (Column D + E on G703)	$	0.00
b. 0 % of Stored Material (Column F on G703)	$	0.00
Total Retainage (Lines 5a + 5b or Total in Column I of G703)	$	0.00
6. TOTAL EARNED LESS RETAINAGE (Line 4 Less Line 5 Total)	$	0.00
7. LESS PREVIOUS CERTIFICATES FOR PAYMENT (Line 6 from prior Certificate)	$	0.00
8. CURRENT PAYMENT DUE	$	0.00
9. BALANCE TO FINISH, INCLUDING RETAINAGE (Line 3 less Line 6)	$	0.00

CHANGE ORDER SUMMARY	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS
Total changes approved in previous months by Owner	$ 0.00	$ 0.00
Total approved this Month	$ 0.00	$ 0.00
TOTALS	$ 0.00	$ 0.00
NET CHANGES by Change Order	$ 0.00	

The undersigned Contractor certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge, information and belief the Work covered by this Application for Payment has been completed in accordance with the Contract Documents, that all amounts have been paid by the Contractor for Work for which previous Certificates for Payment were issued and payments received from the Owner, and that current payment shown herein is now due.

CONTRACTOR:

By: _____ Date: _____

State of:

County of:

Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of

Notary Public:

My Commission expires:

CERTIFICATE FOR PAYMENT

In accordance with the Contract Documents, based on on-site observations and the data comprising this application, the Construction Manager and Architect certify to the Owner that to the best of their knowledge, information and belief the Work has progressed as indicated, the quality of the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, and the Contractor is entitled to payment of the AMOUNT CERTIFIED.

AMOUNT CERTIFIED ..... $ 0.00

(Attach explanation if amount certified differs from the amount applied. Initial all figures on this Application and on the Continuation Sheet that are changed to conform with the amount certified.)

CONSTRUCTION MANAGER:

By: _____ Date: _____

ARCHITECT:

By: _____ Date: _____

This Certificate is not negotiable. The AMOUNT CERTIFIED is payable only to the Contractor named herein. Issuance, payment and acceptance of payment are without prejudice to any rights of the Owner or Contractor under this Contract

AIA® Document G703™ – 1992

Continuation Sheet

AIA Document G702, APPLICATION AND CERTIFICATION FOR PAYMENT,
containing Contractor's signed certification is attached.
In tabulations below, amounts are stated to the nearest dollar.
Use Column I on Contracts where variable retainage for line items may apply.

APPLICATION NO: 001
APPLICATION DATE:
PERIOD TO:
ARCHITECT'S PROJECT NO: 2643-16

A	B	C	D	E	F	G		H	I
ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	SCHEDULED VALUE	WORK COMPLETED		MATERIALS PRESENTLY STORED (NOT IN D OR E)	TOTAL COMPLETED AND STORED TO DATE (D+E+F)	% (G ÷ C)	BALANCE TO FINISH (C - G)	RETAINAGE (IF VARIABLE RATE)
			FROM PREVIOUS APPLICATION (D + E)	THIS PERIOD					
	GRAND TOTAL	$ 0.00	$ 0.00	$ 0.00	$ 0.00	$ 0.00	0.00 %	$ 0.00	$ 0.00

DRAFT

AIA® Document G707A™ – 1994

Consent of Surety to Reduction in or Partial Release of Retainage

PROJECT: *(Name and address)* Troy High School - Phase II 4777 Northfield Parkway Troy, MI 48084	**ARCHITECT'S PROJECT NUMBER:** 2643-16 **CONTRACT FOR:** General Construction	OWNER: ☐ ARCHITECT: ☐ CONTRACTOR: ☐ SURETY: ☐ OTHER: ☐
TO OWNER: *(Name and address)* Troy School District 4400 Livernois Troy, MI 48098	**CONTRACT DATED:**	

In accordance with the provisions of the Contract between the Owner and the Contractor as indicated above, the
(Insert name and address of Surety)

, SURETY,

on bond of
(Insert name and address of Contractor)

, CONTRACTOR,

hereby approves the reduction in or partial release of retainage to the Contractor as follows:

The Surety agrees that such reduction in or partial release of retainage to the Contractor shall not relieve the Surety of any of its obligations to
(Insert name and address of Owner)

Troy School District
4400 Livernois, Troy, MI 48098

, OWNER,

as set forth in said Surety's bond.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Surety has hereunto set its hand on this date:
(Insert in writing the month followed by the numeric date and year.)

_____
(Surety)

_____
(Signature of authorized representative)

Attest:
(Seal):

_____
(Printed name and title)

CONSTRUCTION PAYMENT SCHEDULE

(1) For work in place through the 20th of the month
(2) If required documentation is complete and performance is justified for release

YEAR/ MONTH	TRADE CONTRACTOR ROUGH DRAFT (1) PAYMENT APPLICATION (Due Date)	TRADE CONTRACTOR FORMAL PAYMENT (1) APPLICATION DUE DATE (To BMC - 1301 Boyd Rd Troy, MI)	DISTRIBUTE CHECKS (2) TO TRADE CONTRACTORS
2007			
January	19	25	TBD
February	20	23	TBD
March	20	23	TBD
April	20	25	TBD
May	18	25	TBD
June	20	25	TBD
July	20	25	TBD
August	20	24	TBD
September	20	25	TBD
October	19	25	TBD
November	20	26	TBD
December	20	26	TBD
2008			
January	18	25	TBD
February	20	25	TBD
March	20	25	TBD
April	18	25	TBD
May	20	23	TBD
June	20	25	TBD
July	18	25	TBD
August	20	25	TBD
September	19	25	TBD
October	20	24	TBD
November	20	25	TBD
December	19	26	TBD

Barton Malow Company

PAYMENT REQUEST FOR STORED MATERIAL

To: _____

_____

_____

From _____
(Name of Contractor)

Project: Phase II - Troy High School
Additions & Renovations

BID PACK #9390

Contract No. _____

Payment Application No. _____

Period: From _____ To: _____

In accordance with the provisions of the payment to contractor section of the contract general conditions, request is made for payment as "stored materials" for the following materials.

ITEM NO.	QTY.	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	VALUE	TYPE OF SUBSTANTIATING EVIDENCE OF PURCHASE ATTACHED	WHERE STORED (*)

AFFIDAVIT:

The materials listed above have been purchased exclusively for use on the above referenced project. The material is separated from other like materials and is physically identified as our property for use only on contract no _____
The owner or owner authorized representative may enter upon the premises for the purpose of inspection, checking or auditing, or for any other purpose as it considers necessary. It is expressly understood and agreed that this information and affidavit is furnished to the owner for the purpose of obtaining payment of the above materials before they are delivered to, or incorporated into the project described above. A revised form showing the current status of the value of materials for which payment is being requested will be submitted each estimate period.

_____ signed _____ date _____

name of contractor _____

State of _____ county of _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____ 20

_____ _____
(Notary Public) (Commission Expires)

* when stored at a location other than on the jobsite or at a fabricator's yard, bonded warehouse receipt for the material and a certificate of insurance showing coverage of materials stored issued in the name of the owner, shall accompany the request for payment. In case the storage location (other than the jobsite or fabricator's yard) is the contractor's property, the area containing the material within the fence area is the property of the owner. The responsibility for protecting the materials remains that of the contractor.

Instruction to contractor

Submit this form with each required copy of aia document g702. Attach evidence of purchase (and warehousing receipts when required), along with proof of insurance of bonded warehouse to original.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF PAYMENT AND PARTIAL UNCONDITIONAL RELEASE

JOB NO.: 041049 - BP #9390

FOR WORK INVOICED THROUGH: **DATE:** _____

In consideration of the payment of the below referred to check and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the undersigned subcontractor warrants that all labor, material or equipment and any associated taxes, wages or fringe benefits furnished by subcontractor in and for the erection, construction ornamentation or improvement of a building and/or structure described as: as situated at has been fully paid for by subcontractor and that there are no amounts unpaid in favor of its subcontractors or material suppliers or any other persons furnishing labor, equipment or material to subcontractor and utilized in the performance of the contract(s) of the above described project. Subcontractor does hereby acknowledge that payment to the undersigned has been received for all such supervision, services, supplies, labor and/or materials directly and indirectly supplied for such improvement by the undersigned to the extent of that amount stated below and relinquishes and waives its rights to all construction or mechanic's liens, claims of liens, or liens or claims of any nature and all labor and material bond rights, and forever release and discharge Barton Malow Company, its successors and assignees to the extent of this amount and regarding activities on the noted contract to this date. This certificate is required in your contract(s).

Contract No.: _____ with _____

Amount of this Payment: _____

Check Number _____

Accumulated Payment to Date: _____

Company: _____

:

By: _____

Title _____

Date _____ Phone No. _____

Witnessed By: _____

Barton Malow Company

UNCONDITIONAL FINAL RELEASE AND WAIVER TRADE CONTRACTOR/SUBCONTRACTOR/MATERIALSUPPLIER

VENDOR NO. _____

CONTRACT/SUBCONTRACT/ORDER NO. _____

JOB NO. 041049-BP #9390

TOTAL CONTRACT AMOUNT

AMOUNT OF FINAL CHECK _____

The Contractor/Subcontractor/Material Supplier, _____, on behalf of itself, its successors and assigns (collectively, the "Contractor"), in consideration of payment in full of the Contract Amount listed above and other valuable consideration, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby waives, releases and forever discharges Owner, Barton Malow Company, and Barton Malow Company's surety providing a payment bond for the Project (if applicable), and their respective officers, agents, employees, representatives, affiliates, successors and assigns (the "Released Parties"), from any and all claims, actions, causes of action, debts, liens, stop notice or bond rights, demands, suits, liabilities, judgments, damages, or expenses, whether known or unknown, which the Contractor now has or may have in the future, arising out of or in connection with work performed and/or materials, supplies or equipment furnished for the improvement of the Project.

Project Name _____
Project Address _____

under its Contract/Subcontract/Order with either Owner or Barton Malow Company dated _____, including any additional work or labor performed and/or materials, supplies or equipment provided at the written or oral request of, or with the express or implied consent of Owner and/or Barton Malow Company, except for the disputed claims that are noted on the reverse side of this waiver, in the aggregate amount of $_____.

The Contractor, on behalf of itself, its successors and assigns, further agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Released Parties, from and against any and all claims, actions, causes of action, debts, liens, stop notice or bond rights, demands, suits, liabilities, judgments, damages or expenses ("Claims"), including all attorneys fees and costs, whether arising out of injury or damage to person or property in connection with the work performed on the Project, or whether arising from claims by the Contractor's subcontractors, material suppliers, laborers, or their unions or union benefit plans for non-payment of materials, services, labor, or equipment, except for Claims caused by the sole negligence of a Released Party.

The Contractor certifies the following: (1) there has been no assignment or other transfer of its interest arising from the Contract/Subcontract; (2) the work performed by the Contractor has been completed in full accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Contract/Subcontract/Order; and (3) all the Contractor's subcontractors, laborers and material suppliers, have been paid in full for their work under the Contract/Subcontract/Order, including, but not limited to taxes, wages and fringe benefits for which previous payments were received by the Contractor.

The obligations of the Contractor under this Unconditional Final Release and Waiver are in addition to, and not in lieu of, the Contractor's continuing obligations under the Contract/Subcontract/Order and nothing in this Unconditional Final Release and Waiver shall be construed to modify such obligations.

The person executing this Unconditional Final Release and Waiver on behalf of the Contractor represents and warrants that he/she is duly authorized and empowered to sign and execute this Unconditional Final Release and Waiver on his/her own behalf and on behalf of the Contractor.

Signed this _____ day of _____ 20 Company _____

State of _____ by: _____
(signature)

County of _____ its _____
(corporate or company officer)

On this _____ day of _____ 20 before me came _____,

to me known, who being by me duly sworn did depose and say that he/she resides in _____

and that he/she is the _____ of the corporation described herein and which executed the above instrument.

_____
(notary public)

_____
(notary seal)

_____
(expiration date)

*strike through titles not applicable

Barton Malow Company

SWORN STATEMENT

STATE OF: _____)
)ss.
COUNTY: _____)

_____ Being duly sworn, deposes and says or affirms that _____

is the (contractor) (subcontractor) for an improvement to the following described real property situated in _____ county, _____
described as follows (insert legal description)

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____ Contract # _____

That the following is a statement of each subcontractor and supplier and laborer (for which laborer the payment of wages and/or fringe benefits and withholdings may be due), with whom the (contractor) (subcontractor) has (contracted) (subcontracted) for performance under a contract for the benefit of an owner or lessee, and that the amounts due to the persons as of the date hereof are correctly and fully set forth opposite their names as follows:

* (Some columns are not applicable to all persons listed)

Name of Subcontractor supplier, or laborer (list items over $1000 only)	MC*	Type of improvement or material furnished	Total Contract Price	Amount previously paid	Amount currently owing	Balance to complete	Amount of laborer wages due but unpaid	Amount of laborer fringe benefits and withholdings due but unpaid
All items that are not specifically listed are under $1000 and have been paid in full.								
		TOTAL	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -

Contractor states that all supplies used, except those specifically provided for this project and listed above, have been taken from inventory and payments to these suppliers are current.

Contractor further states that the following are paid in full to date ☐ union contributions all ☐ obligations

*MC= Minority Code: 1) Enter one of the following codes: 1=African American 2=Hispanic 3=Asian American 4= Native American 5=WBE
2) Also enter one of the following to describe how company determined its MBE/WBE status: A=Self-declared B=Certified by one of the affiliates of NMSDC C= Certified by public entity.
3) Example: 1A means company is a self-declared African American entity

Barton Malow
Design/Construction Services

Barton Malow Company
C/o Troy School District
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
Telephone: 248/823-4631 Fax: 248/823-4672
An Equal Opportunity Employer

Construction Change Directive QUOTATION ONLY

CCD Number: 835
Date: 1/23/2007
Job No: 041049
Troy Schools 2004 Bond Program

Attn:

Description:

Description of work here

Description of work here

This Construction Change Directive is issued for Quotation Only
DO NOT PROCEED WITH CHANGE UNTIL DIRECTED BY BARTON MALOW COMPANY

Quote Due: 1/30/2007
Schedule Impact: None
Reference Drawings:
Reference Specifications:
Reason For Change:
Reference Documents:
PCO 835-001
Change Instructions:

Barton Malow Company

Issued By _____ Received By _____

Date _____ Date _____

Barton Malow
Design/Construction Services

Barton Malow Company
C/o Troy School District
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
Telephone: 248/823-4631 Fax: 248/823-4672
An Equal Opportunity Employer

Construction Change Directive NOTICE TO PROCEED

CCD Number: 835
Date: 1/23/2007
Job No: 041049
Troy Schools 2004 Bond Program

Attn:

Description:

Description of work here

Description of work here

This Construction Change Directive is issued as a Notice to Proceed on the following basis:

Schedule Impact: None
Reference Drawings:
Reference Specifications:
Reason For Change:
Reference Documents:
PCO 835-001
Change Instructions:

Barton Malow Company

Issued By _____ Received By _____

Date _____ Date _____

Barton Malow Company

Change Order

PROJECT
(Name and address)

TO CONTRACTOR:
(Name and address)

CHANGE ORDER NUMBER:
DATE:
ARCHITECT'S PROJECT NUMBER:
CONTRACT DATE:
CONTRACT FOR:

OWNER ☐
ARCHITECT ☐
CONTRACTOR ☐
FIELD ☐
OTHER ☐

THE CONTRACT IS CHANGED AS FOLLOWS:

(Include, where applicable, any undisputed amount attributable to previously executed Construction Change Directives)

The original (Contract Sum) (Guaranteed Maximum Price) was $
The net change by previously authorized Change Orders $
The (Contract Sum) (Guaranteed Maximum Price) prior to this Change Order was $
The (Contract Sum) (Guaranteed Maximum Price) will be (increased) (decreased) (unchanged) by this Change Order in t
the amount of $
The new (Contract Sum) (Guaranteed Maximum Price) including this Change Order will be $
The Contract Time will be (increased) (decreased) (unchanged) by ( ) days
The date of Substantial Completion as of the date of this Change Order therefore is

NOTE: This Change Order does not include changes in the Contract Sum, Contract Time or Guaranteed Maximum Price which has been authorized by Construction Change Directive for which the cost or time are in dispute as described in Subparagraph 7.3.8 of AIA Document A201.

Not valid until signed by the Architect, Contractor and Owner.

ARCHITECT *(Typed Name)*	**CONTRACTOR** *(Typed Name)*	**OWNER** *(Typed Name)*
(Signature)	*(Signature)*	*(Signature)*
BY	**BY**	**BY**
DATE	**DATE**	**DATE**

Barton Malow Company

TRADE CONTRACTOR DAILY REPORT

DATE _____ **PROJECT NUMBER:** 041049-BP#9390

PROJECT NAME/SITE: Phase II - Troy High School Additions & Renovations

ROUTING *To:* Barton Malow Superintendent _____
From: Contractor Name/Field Rep _____
Scope Description _____

WEATHER CONDITIONS

External (Check appropriate box)

Sunny☐ Cloudy☐ Rain☐ Windy☐ Snow☐

Ground (Check appropriate box)

Dry☐ Wet☐ Muddy☐ Frozen☐

Temperature Range

Hig ____ ° Low ____ °

SAFETY ISSUES

Accidents / Incidents	*No*	*Yes*	*If yes, explain*
Personnel	☐	☐	
Equipment	☐	☐	
Property	☐	☐	

CHECK ONE THAT APPLIES:

☐ **No Exceptions Noted Today** ☐ **Non-Conformance Report Written**

VISITORS ON SITE

MAJOR MATERIAL RECEIVED

CLEAN-UP

Have you accumulated and properly disposed of the spoils from today's work activities? ☐ Yes ☐ No

EQUIPMENT ARRIVAL / DEPARTURE

DESCRIPTION OF DAILY CONTRACTOR ACTIVITIES

New Work Started

Work Activities In Progress

Work Completed

Information Requested

Is your work on schedule? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Impacts to Work In Progress

Additional Work

Coordination Issues

Quality Issues

Information included on this form shall not constitute the required notification of delay, disruption, or claim.

And requests for additional costs and/or time shall be submitted in accordance with the terms of the contract.

WORKFORCE

TRADE	TOTAL
Clerical/Office	
Supervision/Mgt	
Carpenters	
Communications/Data	
Concrete Finishers	
Electricians	
Elevator	
Flooring, Res/Carpet	
Glaziers	
Insulators	
Iron Workers	
Laborers	
Masons/Stone	
Millwrights/Riggers	
Operators	
Painters	
Pipefitters	
Plasterers	
Plumbers	
Re-Steel	
Roofing/Waterproofing	
Sheet Metal	
Sprinkler Fitters	
Surveyors	
Terrazzo/Tile Setters	
Truck Drivers	
Others:	
TOTAL	

Barton Malow Company

Barton Malow

Design/Construction Services

BARTON MALOW COMPANY
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
Phone: 248-823-4631
Fax: 248-823-4672

RFI

Date: _____ RFI #: _____

To: _____ Contractor's Reference #: _____

_____ Project Phase II - Troy High School

_____ Additions & Renovations

VIA Barton Malow Company BMC Project #: 041049

_____ A/E Project #: 2643-16

_____ Bid Package #: 9390

Bid Category #: _____

From: _____ Return to: _____

Reference Specs: _____ Reference Drawings: _____ Rev. _____

Request: _____

Contractor or Subcontractor	Submitted By	Date
Barton Malow Company	Reviewed By	Date

Reply: _____ Attachments:

This clarification is interpreted to be within the scope of referenced contracts issued in accordance with the Contract Documents, and without change in Contract Sum or Contract Time, and, as such, is not an authorization for work beyond the scope of the contract.

Architect/Engineer	Reply By	Date

RFI Response Posted on Drawings _____

Contractors Copied _____

Barton Malow Company

SUBMITTAL TRANSMITTAL FORM

To be filled out by **CONTRACTOR**

Date: _____ Project Name: Troy High School Add. & Reno

Contractor _____ Contract for: _____

By: _____ Phone: _____

Check Type of Submittal: Spec. Section _____

☐ Transparency

☐ Non-Transparency Reproducible

☐ Other

Contractor Submittal No. _____

(To be filled in by Barton Malow)

Copies/Type	Sheet Number	Submittal Description (include manufacturer)

To be filled out by **BARTON MALOW**

Date: _____ Remarks: _____

To: _____

Attn: _____

From: _____

☐ Copy to Owner

To be filled out by **ARCHITECT/ENGINEER**

Date: _____ Remarks: _____

To: _____

Attn: _____

From: _____

☐ Approved ☐ Approved as Noted

☐ Not Approved/Resubmit ☐ Reviewed

BARTON MALOW COMPANY

CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (CAR)

Project: _____ Date _____

Company/Location: _____ CAR No. _____

Initiated By: _____ Tag No./Hold Area: _____ (as applicable)

Previous CAR # / Date: _____

CAR Designation: ☐ Audit Deficiency Report ☐ Site Level–NCR ☐ Customer Satisfaction ☐ Corporate Procurement ☐ Tech / FF&E - NCR

FINDING/NONCONFORMITY: Deficiency Classification: ☐ Major ☐ Minor ☐ OFI

Location: _____

Requirement (Standard or Specification): _____

Finding / Nonconformity: _____

Date: _____

Recommended Disposition: ☐ Use-As –Is ☐ Rework ☐ Reject ☐ N/A

Statement of Disposition: _____

Expected Completion Date: _____

Disposition Submitted By: _____ Date: _____

Disposition Reviewed/Approved By: _____ Date: _____

Owner/Customer Representative: _____ Date: _____

(NOTE: If contractually required, Owner/Customer concurrence required for USE-AS-IS or Rework Disposition)

ROOT CAUSE / CORRECTIVE ACTION: _____

Company Representative: _____ Expected Completion Date: _____

Date: _____

REVIEW OF CORRECTIVE ACTION: ☐ Accepted ☐ Accepted/Need Verification ☐ Rejected

Reason for Rejection _____

BMC Representative: _____ Date: _____

Owner/Customer Representative: _____ Date: _____
(as required)

Distribution: Lead Auditor – Process Improvement Department (excludes Site Level – NCR)

DRAFT

AIA® Document G707™ – 1994

Consent Of Surety to Final Payment

PROJECT: *(Name and address)*
Troy High School - Phase II
4777 Northfield Parkway
Troy, MI 48084

ARCHITECT'S PROJECT NUMBER: 2643-16

CONTRACT FOR: General Construction

CONTRACT DATED:

OWNER: ☐
ARCHITECT: ☐
CONTRACTOR: ☐
SURETY: ☐
OTHER: ☐

TO OWNER: *(Name and address)*
Troy School District
4400 Livernois
Troy, MI 48098

In accordance with the provisions of the Contract between the Owner and the Contractor as indicated above, the
(Insert name and address of Surety)

, SURETY,

on bond of
(Insert name and address of Contractor)

, CONTRACTOR,

hereby approves of the final payment to the Contractor, and agrees that final payment to the Contractor shall not relieve the Surety of any of its obligations to
(Insert name and address of Owner)

Troy School District
4400 Livernois, Troy, MI 48098

, OWNER,

as set forth in said Surety's bond.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Surety has hereunto set its hand on this date:
(Insert in writing the month followed by the numeric date and year.)

_____
(Surety)

_____
(Signature of authorized representative)

Attest:
(Seal):

_____
(Printed name and title)

CERTIFICATE OF CONTRACT COMPLETION

Project: Phase II - Troy High School Additions & Renovations

Contractor:

Contract for:

Contract Date: Contract Amount: $

Construction Manager's Affidavit

I solemnly swear and affirm: That the work under the above named contract and all amendments thereto has been completed in accordance with the requirements of said contract; that all costs incurred for equipment, materials, labor, welfare and fringe benefits, insurance, and services against the project have been paid; that no liens have been attached against the project; that no suits are pending by reason of work on the project under the contract; that all Workmen's Compensation claims are covered by Workmen's Compensation insurance as required by law; that all public liability claims are adequately covered by insurance, and that the Contractor shall save, protect, defend, indemnify, and hold the Owner harmless from and against any and all claims which arise as a direct or indirect result of any transaction, event or occurrence related to performance of the work contemplated under said contract.

Construction Manager: _____

Title:

State of:

County of:

Personally appeared before me this day of 20

known (or made known) to me to be the

(Owner) (Partner) (Corporate Officer Title)

of

Contractor(s) who, being by me duly sworn, subscribed to the foregoing affidavit in my presence.

Notary Public:

Commission expires:

Barton Malow Company

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTAL

Project Phase II - Troy High School Contractor: _____

Additions & Renovations Contract #: _____

Location: _____ Bid Package #: 9390

Description _____

The above named contractor is submitting the following for Barton Malow, Architect and Owner approval and use. *Check all appropriate:*

- ☐ As-Built Drawings
- ☐ Operation and Maintenance Manuals
- ☐ Maintenance Stock/Spare Parts
- ☐ Keys
- ☐ Contract Guarantee
- ☐ Special Guarantee/Warranty
- ☐ Other (Specify) _____

Reference:

Specifications _____ Section: _____ Page _____

Description: _____

Contractor: _____

Submitted by: _____

Barton Malow:

Received/Reviewed By: _____ Date: _____

Architect: _____ **(Specify Name)**

Received/Reviewed By: _____ Date: _____

Owner: _____

Received/Reviewed By: _____ Date: _____

CONTRACTOR'S GUARANTEE

STATE OF _____) Project: _____

) SS Project No.: _____

County of _____) Owner: _____

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

_____ of the City of _____ County of _____ and State of _____ being duly sworn, deposes and says that s/he is _____ of _____ (the "Contractor") and, being duly authorized, makes this statement and guarantee on its behalf; that the Contractor, in completing the performance of a certain (check one) ☐ Subcontract Order # _____ with Barton Malow Company or ☐ Contract with Owner (the "Contract") for the Project, warrants that all of its Work under the Contract is of good quality and new, unless otherwise required or permitted by the Contract, and that the Work is free of defects and that the Work complies with the requirements of the Contract, including all documents incorporated into the Contract by reference. If within **2 TWO** year[s] after the date of Substantial Completion of the Project or designated portion of the Project, any of Contractor's Work is found to be defective or not otherwise in accordance with the requirements of the Contract, Contractor shall correct the Work at its sole expense promptly after receipt of written notice from the Owner or Barton Malow Company, including any other Work affected in correcting such defective or nonconforming Work (the "Correction Period"). The Correction Period shall be extended with respect to portions of the Work first performed after Substantial Completion by the period of time between Substantial Completion and the actual performance of Contractor's Work, and for an additional Correction Period following any correction. This obligation shall survive acceptance of the Work and termination of the Contract.

This Guarantee shall be in addition to the terms of any other warranty or longer period of obligation specified in the Contract, including all documents incorporated therein, or the terms of any general warranty, and is not in lieu of any of them. This Guarantee shall not be construed to establish a period of limitation with respect to other obligations, which the Contractor might have under the Contract and has no relationship to the time within which the obligation to comply with the Contract may be sought to be enforced or to the time, which any proceeding may be commenced.

Trade or Work	Guarantee Period Commencement Date
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

_____
Subcontractor

By: _____
Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

_____ day of _____ A.D. 20__

_____
Notary Public

in and for _____ County _____

My commission expires: _____

EQUIPMENT/SYSTEMS ACCEPTANCE

Phase II - Troy High School Additions & Renovations
(Name of Project and Location)

CONTRACTOR: _____ **CONTRACT #:** _____

BID PACKAGE #: 9390 **DESCRIPTION:** _____

REPORT DATE: _____

Equipment/System Designation Model # _____

Serial # _____ Near Column Lines _____ and _____

Location: _____ Level: _____

Operation Observed By: _____

Test/Inspection Observed By: _____

Date of Inspection:. _____ Time _____ ☐ AM ☐ PM

The above equipment is being turned over to the Owner for start of guarantee period, commencing (___/___/___). Maintenance and operation after this date are subject to the following conditions:

Incomplete Work List Attached: _____

Accepted: Owner's Name: _____
By: _____ (Signature)
Date: _____

Acknowledged: Architect's Name _____
By: _____ (Signature)
Date: _____

Acknowledged: Barton Malow Company
By: _____ (Signature)
Date: _____

Distribution:

OWNER OPERATIONAL INSTRUCTION REGISTER

PHASE II - TROY HIGH SCHOOL ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS

4777 Northfield Parkway

(Name of Project and Location)

DATE OF OPERATIONAL INSTRUCTION _____

CONTRACTOR: _____ **CONTRACT #:** _____

EQUIPMENT/SYSTEM DESCRIPTION: _____

Reference:

Specifications: _____ Section: _____ Page: _____

Manufacturer(s): _____

Location: _____

PARTICIPANTS

Barton Malow: _____

Architect: _____

Contractor/Manufacturer: _____

Owner: _____

OPERATIONAL INSTRUCTION COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

Contractor: _____ Date: _____

Barton Malow: _____ Date: _____

Owner: _____ Date: _____

Attendees' Signatures:		

Distribution:

SECTION 01630
PRODUCT SUBSTITUTIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 WORK INCLUDED

A. Furnish and install Products specified, under options and conditions for substitutions stated in this Section.

1.03 BIDDER'S OPTIONS

A. For products that are specified only by reference standard, select Product meeting that is standard by any manufacturer.

B. For Products specified by naming several Products or manufacturers, select any one of products and manufacturers named which complies with Specifications.

C. For Products specified by naming several Products or manufacturers and stating "or equivalent", or "or equal", or "or Architect approved equivalent", or similar wording, submit a request as for substitutions, for any Product or manufacturer which is not specifically named for review and approval by the Architect.

D. For Products specified by naming only one Product and manufacturer, there is no option and no substitution will be allowed.

PART 2 - SUBSTITUTION PROCESS

2.01 SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Base Bid shall be in accordance with the Contract Documents.

B. 1. Substitutions for products may be made during the bidding period by submitting completed Substitution Request Form and substantiating product data/literature a minimum of ten (10) Days prior to Bid date to Barton Malow Company who will then forward to the Architect.

2. Architect will consider requests from the Bidder for substitution of products in place of those specified as set forth in this section.

3. Those submitted the specified calendar days prior to Bid Date will be included in an addendum if acceptable.

4. After the end of the bidding period, requests will be considered only in case of Product unavailability or other conditions beyond the control of Contractor.

5. Bid Proposals shall not be based on assumed acceptance of any item which has not been approved by addendum.

C. Bidders are required to submit a separate Substitution Request Form for each proposed substitution. Each substitution request should be accompanied by the following supporting documentation:

1. A full explanation of the proposed substitution.

2. Complete data substantiating compliance of the proposed substitution with the requirements stated in the Contract Documents.

   a. Product identification, including the manufacturer's name and address.
   b. Manufacturer's literature identifying:
      1) Product description and technical information.
      2) Reference standards.
      3) Performance and test data.
      4) Installation instructions, operating procedures and other like information.
   c. Samples, as applicable.
   d. Names and addresses of similar projects on which product has been used, and date of each installation.

3. Itemized comparison of the proposed substitution with the product specified, listing all significant variations.

4. Data relating to changes in delivery or construction schedule.

5. A list of all effects of the proposed substitution on separate contracts.

6. Accurate cost data comparing the proposed substitution with the product specified.
   a. Amount of any net change to Contract Sum.

7. Designation of required license fees or royalties.

8. Designation of availability of maintenance services and sources of replacement materials.

D. Substitutions will not be considered for acceptance when:

1. They are indicated or implied on shop drawings or product data submittals without a formal request from Bidder.

2. Acceptance will require substantial revision of Contract Documents.

3. In judgment of Architect, do not include adequate information necessary for a complete evaluation.

4. If requested after Contract Award directly by a subcontractor or supplier, except for special or unusual circumstances reviewed by the **Contractor** with Barton Malow Company.

E. Substitute products shall not be ordered or installed without written acceptance of Architect.

F. Architect will determine acceptability of proposed substitution.

2.02 BIDDER'S REPRESENTATION

A. In making formal request for substitution the Bidder represents that:

1. It has investigated the proposed product and has determined it is equivalent to or superior in all respects to the product specified.

2. It will provide same warranties or bonds for the proposed substitution as required for the product specified.

3. It will coordinate installation of the accepted substitution into the Work, and will make such changes as may be required for the Work to be complete in all respects.

4. It waives all claims for additional costs caused by or arising from the substitution which may subsequently become apparent.

5. Cost data is complete and includes related costs under its Agreement, but not:
   a. Costs under separate contracts.
   b. Architect's costs for redesign or revision of Contract Documents.

6. Cost data need not be submitted, if request is for inclusion in an addendum. Requests after the Agreement is awarded shall contain a complete cost comparison.

B. Any modifications necessary as a result of the use of an approved substitute shall be paid by the **Contractor** proposing the substitution.

C. Any additional engineering costs required to be performed by the Architect to approve, implement or coordinate the substitution above reasonable review services, shall be paid by the **Contractor** proposing the substitution.

D. Under no circumstances will the Architect be required to prove that a product proposed for substitution is or is not equal to the quality of the product specified.

2.03 ARCHITECT'S DUTIES

A. Review requests for substitutions with reasonable promptness.

B. Coordinate review/approval of "Architect Approved" substitutions with the Owner prior to notifying the Barton Malow Company.

C. Issue a written instruction of decision to accept the substitution.

D. Substitution requests that are not approved will be returned to the party submitting the request with an explanation for the rejection.

2.04 SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM

A. The form is attached to this Section.

B. SUBSTITUTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED ONLY WHEN THE ATTACHED FORM IS COMPLETED AND INCLUDED WITH THE SUBMITTAL WITH ALL BACKUP DATA.

SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM

TO: **BARTON MALOW COMPANY/KINGSCOTT ASSOCIATES**
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
PH – 248-823-4631 FAX – 248-823-4672

We hereby submit for your consideration the following product instead of the specified item for the above Project:

DRAWING NO.: _____ **DRAWING NAME:** _____

SPEC. SECT.	SPEC. NAME	PARAGRAPH	SPECIFIED ITEM
_____	_____	_____	_____

Proposed Substitution:

Attached complete information on changes to Drawings and/or Specifications which proposed substitution will require for its proper installation.

Submit with request all necessary samples and substantiating data to prove equal quality and performance to that which is specified. Clearly mark manufacturer's literature to indicate equality in performance.

CERTIFICATION OF EQUAL PERFORMANCE AND ASSUMPTION OF LIABILITY FOR EQUAL PERFORMANCE

The undersigned states that the function, appearance and quality are equivalent or superior to the specified item.

Submitted by:

_____ _____
Signature Title

_____
Firm

_____
Address

_____ _____
Telephone Date

Signature shall be by person having authority to legally bind his/her firm to the above terms. Failure to provide legally binding signature will result in retraction of approval.

For use by Architect:	**For Use by Owner:**
____ Accepted ____ Accepted as Noted	____ Accepted ____ Accepted as Noted
____ Not Accepted ____ Received Too Late	____ Not Accepted ____ Received Too Late
____ Insufficient Data Received	____ Insufficient Data Received
By: _____	By: _____
Date: _____	Date: _____
Fill in Blanks Below: (Attach additional sheets as required)	

A. Does the Substitution affect dimensions shown on Drawings?
Yes _____ No _____ If yes, clearly indicate changes: _____
_____

B. Will the undersigned pay for changes to the building design, including engineering and detailing costs caused by the requested substitution?
Yes _____ No _____ If no, fully explain: _____
_____

C. What affect does substitution have on other contracts or other trades?

_____

D. What affect does substitution have on the delivery and construction schedule? _____
_____

E. Manufacturer's warranties of the proposed and specified items are: _____ Same_____ Different
If Different, explain on an Attachment

F. Reason for Request: _____
_____

G. Itemized comparison of specified item(s) with the proposed substitution; list significant variations:
_____

H. Accurate cost data comparing proposed substitution with product specified:
_____

I. This substitution will amount to a credit or an extra cost to the Owner of:
_____dollars
($_____)

END OF SECTION 01630

SECTION 01700
CONTRACT CLOSE-OUT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

B. Comply with requirements stated in Sections 00500, 00700, 00800 and in Specifications for administrative procedures in closing out the Work. Where this Section conflicts with another Section or the technical Specifications, the provision granting greater rights or remedies to the Owner Barton Malow Company, or imposing the greater duty, standard, responsibility or obligation on Contractor shall govern.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. Close-out is the process of organizing the general project requirements near the end of contract time to evidence the completion of the Work. The time of close-out directly relates to "Substantial Completion." It can either be a single time period for the entire Work, or a series of time periods for individual parts of the Work, which have been certified as Substantially Complete at different dates. Unless otherwise defined in the Contract Documents

Substantial Completion of the Work is the stage in the progress of construction when the **Work** is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so that the Owner can occupy or utilize the Work for its intended use.

Substantial Completion of the Project is the stage when Project construction is sufficiently complete so the Owner can occupy or utilize the project for its intended use.

Final Completion of the Project is the stage when Certification of Substantial Completion has been issued by the Architect according to the terms and conditions of the Contract Documents and "approval of the Project Certificate for Payment has been received from the Architect (or Owner) and Barton Malow Company has received the proceeds of the Final Payment from the Owner in order to release final payment to the Contractor".

1.03 PROJECT COMPLETION

A. Contract requirements shall be met when construction activities have successfully produced, in this order, these three Project completion milestones:

1. Substantial Completion
2. Final Completion
3. Final Payment

PART 2 - CLOSE-OUT PROCESS

2.01 CONTRACT CLOSE OUT DOCUMENTATION

A. Before processing the completion of all contractual responsibilities of a **Contractor**, and to expedite final payment to a **Contractor**, a detailed review of all contractual requirements will be performed along with compiling a list of deficiencies. Refer to Sections 00500, 00700 and 00800 for detailed requirements. Effective and timely contract close-out is the objective, but it also requires efficient and timely action of the

Contractor to provide the necessary punchlist completion Work, documents, materials, close-out documentation, and all other requirements set forth in the Contract Documents.

2.02 CLOSE-OUT PROCEDURE

A. The following procedure and forms will be used to progress through the contract close-out stage in a productive and timely manner.

Step 1 PREPARATION FOR CONTRACT CLOSE-OUT

During the course of the Project, the **Contractor** will thoroughly review the Contract Documents as it relates to the requirements and obligations and gather and submit to Barton Malow Company the proper submittals, shop drawings, material certifications, waivers, certificates of insurance, bonds, and other contractual requirements impacting contract close-out.

Step 2 INITIATING THE FINAL CLOSE-OUT PROCESS

When nearing 75% completion of the Work, the **Contractor** will review the status of the Close-Out process with Barton Malow Company. The **Contractor**'s contractual responsibilities will be reviewed and outstanding close-out and other submittals identified.

Step 3 OBTAINING THE CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

As the **Contractor** is nearing the completion of the Work and after concurrence with Barton Malow Company, it shall submit a written request for Substantial Completion, all required documentation as outlined, and a listing of all minor deficiencies yet to be completed.

The following documents are the minimum required at the time of request for Substantial Completion. **Contractor** shall also submit all additional documentation as required in the Contract Documents:

a. AIA G704 Certificate of Substantial Completion

b. As-built records (see Section 01720)

c. Operation and Maintenance Manuals (see Section 01730)
Typically, all O&M manuals will be submitted to the Owner six months prior to acceptance of equipment systems or building occupancy

c. Keys, Maintenance Stock, and Spare Parts - quantities as required in the specifications

d. Test and Start-up/Owner Operational Instruction Sessions (see Section 01750)

e. Submission of Permits and Approvals (i.e., Fire Marshal, Department of Public Health Approvals, etc.)

f. Guarantee and Warranties (see Section 01740)

h. Punchlist (list of work to be completed or corrected)

Once Barton Malow Company has received all required documents they will be forwarded to the Architect and Owner. Barton Malow Company will review the **Contractor**'s request for Substantial Completion; all above documentation, and list of deficiencies, add appropriate comments, and forward to the Architect and/or Owner for review. In conjunction with the **Contractor**, Barton Malow Company will establish a schedule for the completion of all listed

items, which in no event shall exceed any time periods established in the Contract Documents for Final Completion.

When the Architect and/or Owner determine(s) that the Work is substantially complete, the Certificate of Substantial Completion shall be issued to the **Contractor**.

Step 4 CONTRACTOR COMPLETES PUNCHLIST WORK

Each **Contractor** shall submit a letter certifying all punchlist items are completed, in a manner acceptable to the Owner, Barton Malow Company and the Architect.

Step 5 FINAL INSPECTION NOTICE

Each **Contractor** is to forward **(written notice and accompanying documentation)** to Barton Malow Company that Work is ready for final inspection and acceptance. Barton Malow Company will forward written notice to the Architect if Barton Malow Company is in agreement that Work is complete. The Architect will perform a final inspection and sign off on the punchlist form if Work is in fact completed. If punchlist work is not found complete, the **Contractor** shall take action to remedy any insufficiencies and then shall re-submit the written notice and accompanying documentation that Work is ready for **final** inspection and acceptance. If Barton Malow Company and/or Architect are required to perform **"more than 2"** site visits to determine Substantial or Final Completion of **Contractor**'s Work, the costs for such additional inspections shall be charged to **Contractor**.

The following documents are the minimum required to complete final payment. **Contractor** shall also submit all additional documentation as required in the Contract Documents:

a. Final Payment Request (on G702 & G703)

b. Guarantees/Warranties (including subs and suppliers)

c. Final Sworn Statements (including subs and suppliers)

d. Acknowledgment of Payment and Partial Unconditional Release

e. Final Release Subcontractor/Materialman

f. Certified Payroll Report (projects governed by prevailing wage laws)

g. Verification of Rate Classification and Payment (Federal projects)

h. Consent of Surety Company to Final Payment (AIA G707)

i. Consent of Surety to Reduction or Partial Release of Retainage (AIA G707A)

j. Certificate of Substantial Completion (on G704)

k. Completion and acceptance of all punchlist Work

l. LEED Required documentation

Items b, c, d and e must always be submitted with the final request for payment.

Step 6 REVIEW OF FINAL PAYMENT REQUEST

Barton Malow Company and the Architect will review the **Contractor**'s final payment request and Close-Out file. **Barton Malow Company reserves the right to withhold 200% of the estimated cost for each punchlist item not completed until complete.** If all administrative documents are attached or have been submitted (i.e. guarantee, warranty, waiver of lien, etc.), all Work is complete, and all other responsibilities are met, the Project Team will forward the Contractor's Application for Final Payment to the Owner and payment shall be processed according to the Owner's regular procedures.

2.03 FINAL COMPLETION

A. To attain final completion, the **Contractor** shall complete activities pertaining to Substantial Completion, and complete Work on punch list items. Only then shall it issue written request to Barton Malow Company to conduct a site visit to determine Final Completion.

B. When **Contractor** considers the Work is finally complete, it shall submit written certification that:

1. Contract Documents have been reviewed.

2. Work has been inspected for compliance with Contract Documents.

3. Work has been completed in accordance with Contract Documents.

4. Equipment and systems have been tested in the presence of the Owner's representative and are operational.

5. Work is completed and ready for final observation.

C. Barton Malow Company and/or Architect will make an observation to verify the status of completion with reasonable promptness after receipt of such certification.

D. Should Barton Malow Company and/or Architect consider that the Work is incomplete or defective:

1. Barton Malow Company will promptly notify the **Contractor** in writing, listing the incomplete or defective Work.

2. **Contractor** shall take immediate steps to remedy the stated deficiencies, and send a second written certification to the Barton Malow Company that the Work is complete.

3. Barton Malow Company and/or Architect will re-inspect the Work.

E. When Barton Malow Company and/or Architect determines that the Work is acceptable under the Contract Documents, it shall request the **Contractor** to make close-out submittals.

2.04 **CONTRACTOR**'S CLOSE-OUT SUBMITTALS

A. Evidence of compliance with requirements of governing authorities (state, local or federal):

1. Certificates of Inspection:
   a. Mechanical
   b. Electrical
   c. Others as required

B. Project Record Documents: Refer to requirements of Section 01720.

C. Operating and Maintenance Data, Instructions to Owner's Personnel: Refer to requirements of Section 01730.

D. Warranties and Bonds: Refer to requirements of Individual Sections and Individual Technical Specifications and Section 01740.

E. Spare Parts and Maintenance Materials: Refer to requirements of Individual Technical Specifications.

F. Evidence of Payment and Release of Liens: Refer to requirements of General and Supplementary Conditions and Section 01290.

G. LEED Required Documentation

END OF SECTION 01700

SECTION 01720
PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. Each **Contractor** shall be responsible to maintain at the job site one copy of:

1. Record Contract Drawings
2. Record Project Manual
3. Addenda
4. Reviewed/Approved Shop Drawings
5. Change Orders
6. Other modifications to Contract
7. Field test records
8. Affidavits

B. Store documents apart from documents used for construction.

C. Maintain documents in clean, dry, legible condition.

D. Do not use project record documents for construction purposes.

E. Make documents available for inspection by the Owner, Barton Malow Company and the Architect.

F. Failure to maintain documents up-to-date will be cause for withholding payments to **Contractor.**

G. At the outset of the project, obtain from the Architect through the Barton Malow Company, at no charge to the **Contractor**, one complete set of Contract Documents including:

1. Technical Specifications with all addenda.
2. One complete set of prints of all Drawings.

1.03 RECORDING

A. Label each document "Project Record".

B. Keep record documents current.

C. Do not permanently conceal any work until required information has been recorded.

D. Contract Drawings:

1. **Contractor** may at his option enter required information on a "working set" and then at completion of Project transfer the information to final submitted "Project Record" set.

2. **Contractor** shall legibly mark to record actual construction:

a. Depths of various elements of foundation in relation to survey data.

b. Horizontal and vertical location of underground utilities and appurtenances referenced to permanent surface improvements.

c. Location and depths of internal utilities and appurtenances concealed in construction referenced to visible and accessible features of structure.

d. Field changes of dimension and detail.

e. Changes made by PCO – Notice to Proceed

f. Details not on original Contract Drawings.

E. Technical Specifications and Addenda:

1. **Contractor** shall legibly mark up each section to record:

a. Manufacturer, trade name, catalog number and Supplier of each product and item of equipment actually installed.

b. Changes made by PCO - Notice to Proceed.

c. Other items not originally specified.

F. Conversion of Schematic Layouts:

1. Arrangement of conduits, circuits, piping, ducts and similar items are in most cases shown schematically on the Drawings.

2. **Contractor** shall legibly mark to record actual construction:

a. Dimensions accurate to within 1" of the center of items shown schematically.

b. Identify each item, for example, "cast iron drain", "galvanized water", etc.

c. Identify location of each item, for example, "under slab", "in ceiling plenum", "exposed", etc.

3. The Owner, Architect or Barton Malow Company may waive requirements of schematic layout conversion, when in their opinion, it serves no beneficial purpose. Do not, however, rely on waivers being issued except as specifically issued by the Barton Malow Company in written form.

1.04 SUBMITTAL

A. At completion of Project deliver, one (1) original and Two (2) copy sets of Record Documents, in a format acceptable to the Owner and the Architect, using the Final Document Submittal Form (in Section 01600 Forms), to Barton Malow Company prior to request for final payment.

B. Accompany submittal with transmittal letter, in duplicate, containing:

1. Date
2. Project title and number
3. Contractor's name and address
4. Title and number of each record document
5. Certification that each document as submitted is complete and accurate
6. Signature of Contractor, or his authorized representative

END OF SECTION 01720

SECTION 01730
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE DATA

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SCOPE

A. Compile product data and related information appropriate for Owner's maintenance and operation of products furnished under Contract.

1. Prepare operating and maintenance data as specified in this Section and as referenced in other pertinent sections of the Technical Specifications.

B. Instruct Owner's personnel in maintenance of products and in operation of equipment and systems in accordance with the requirements in Section 01750 Systems Demonstration, Operational Instruction and Start-up.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Preparation of data shall be done by personnel:

1. Trained and experienced in maintenance and operation of described products.
2. Familiar with requirements of this Section.
3. Skilled as technical writer to the extent required to communicate essential data.
4. Skilled as draftsman competent to prepare required drawings.

1.04 FORM OF SUBMITTALS

A. Prepare data in the form of an instructional manual for use by Owner's personnel.

B. Format:

1. Size: 8-1/2" x 11"
2. Paper: white, for typed pages.
3. Text: Manufacturer's printed data, or neatly typewritten.
4. Drawings:
   a. Provide reinforced punched binder tab, bind in with text.
   b. Fold larger drawings to size of text pages.
5. Provide fly-leaf for each separate product, or each piece of operating equipment.
   a. Provide typed description of product, and major component parts of equipment.
   b. Provide indexed tabs.
6. Cover: Identify each volume with typed or printed title "OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS." list:
   a. Title of Project.
   b. Identity of separate structures as applicable.
   c. Identity of general subject matter covered in the manual.

C. Binders:

1. Commercial quality three-ring binders with durable and cleanable plastic covers.

2. Maximum ring size: 3"
3. When multiple binders are used, correlate the data into related consistent groupings.

1.05 CONTENT OF MANUAL

A. Neatly typewritten table of contents for each volume, arranged in systematic order.

1. Contractors, name of responsible principal, address and telephone number.
2. A list of each product required to be included, indexed to content of the volume.
3. List with each product, name, address and telephone number of:
   a. Subcontractor or installer.
   b. Maintenance contractor, as appropriate.
   c. Identify area of responsibility of each.
   d. Local source of supply for parts and replacement.
4. Identify each product by product name and other identifying symbols as set forth in Contract Documents.

B. Product Data:

1. Include only those sheets which are pertinent to the specific product.
2. Annotate each sheet to:
   a. Clearly identify specific product or part installed.
   b. Clearly identify data applicable to installation.
   c. Delete references to inapplicable information.

C. Drawings:

1. Supplement product data with drawings as necessary to clearly illustrate:
   a. Relations of component parts or equipment and systems.
   b. Control and flow diagrams.
2. Coordinate drawings with information in Project Record Documents to assure correct illustration of completed installation.
3. Contractor may use Project Record Documents as maintenance drawings - coordinate with Barton Malow Company.

D. Written text, as required to supplement product data for the particular installation:

1. Organize in consistent format under separate headings for different procedures.
2. Provide logical sequence of instructions for each procedure.

E. Copy of each warranty, bond and service contract issued.

1. Provide information sheet for Owner's personnel, give:
   a. Proper procedures in event of failure.
   b. Instances which might affect validity of warranties or bonds.

1.06 MANUAL REVIEW AND PREPARATION SCHEDULE

A. Submit two copies of preliminary draft of proposed formats and outlines of contents to Barton Malow Company prior to start of preparation.

1. Architect will review draft and return one copy with comments.

B. Submit two (2) copies of completed data in final form to the Barton Malow Company at least six (6) months before the end of the project, for Owner review.

1. Copy will be returned after final inspection or acceptance, with comments.

C. Submit copies of completed operation and maintenance manuals at least two (2) weeks before execution and have at hand for use in demonstrations and instructions.

D. Submit specified number of copies of approved data in final form to the Barton Malow Company ten (10) days after final inspection or acceptance.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUAL FOR MATERIALS AND FINISHES

A. Submit two (2) copies of complete manual in final form.

B. Content, for architectural products, applied materials and finishes:

1. Manufacturer's data, giving full information on products.
   a. Catalog number, size, and composition.
   b. Color and texture designations.
   c. Information required for reordering special-manufactured products.
2. Instructions for care, maintenance and preventative maintenance.
   a. Manufacturer's recommendation for types of cleaning agents and methods.
   b. Cautions against cleaning agents and methods which are detrimental to product.
   c. Recommended schedule for cleaning and maintenance.

C. Content, for moisture-protection and weather-exposed products:

1. Manufacturer's data, giving full information on products.
   a. Applicable standards.
   b. Chemical composition.
   c. Details of installation.
2. Instructions for inspection, maintenance and repair.

D. Additional requirements for maintenance data: Reference sections of Technical Specifications.

2.02 MANUAL FOR EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

A. Submit two (2) copies of complete manual in final form.

B. Content, for each unit of equipment and system, as appropriate:

1. Description of unit and component parts.
   a. Function, normal operating characteristics, and limiting conditions.
   b. Performance curves, engineering data and tests.
   c. Complete nomenclature and commercial number of replaceable parts.
2. Operating procedures:
   a. Start-up, break-in, routine and normal operating instructions.
   b. Regulation, control, stopping, shutdown and emergency instructions.
   c. Summer and winter operating instructions.
   d. Special operating instructions.
3. Maintenance and Preventative Maintenance Procedures:
   a. Routine operations.
   b. Guide to "trouble-shooting".
   c. Disassembly, repair and re-assemble.

   d. Alignment, adjusting and checking.
4. Servicing and lubrication schedule.
   a. List of lubricants required.
5. Manufacturer's printed operating and maintenance instructions.
6. Description of sequence of operation by control manufacturer.
7. Original manufacturer's parts, list, illustrations, assembly drawings and diagrams required for maintenance.
   a. Predicted life of parts subject to wear.
   b. Items recommended to be stocked as spare parts.
8. As-installed control diagrams by controls manufacturer.
9. Each Contractor's coordination drawings.
   a. As-installed color coded piping diagrams.
10. Charts of valve tag numbers, with location and function of each valve.
11. List of original manufacturer's spare parts, manufacturer's current prices, and recommended quantities to be maintained in storage.
12. Other data as required under pertinent sections of specifications.

C. Content, for each electric and electronic system, as appropriate:

1. Description of system and component parts.
   a. Function, normal operating characteristics and limiting conditions.
   b. Performance curves, engineering data and tests.
   c. Complete nomenclature and commercial number of replaceable parts.
2. Circuit directories of panel boards.
   a. Electrical service.
   b. Controls.
   c. Communications.
3. As-installed color coded wiring diagrams.
4. Operating procedures:
   a. Routine and normal operating instructions.
   b. Sequences required.
   c. Special operating instructions.
5. Maintenance and preventative maintenance procedures:
   a. Routine operations.
   b. Guide to "trouble-shooting".
   c. Disassembly, repair and re-assemble.
   d. Adjustment and checking.
6. Manufacturer's printed operating and maintenance instructions.
7. List of original manufacturer's spare parts, manufacturer's current prices, and recommended quantities to be maintained in storage.
8. Other data as required under pertinent sections of specifications.

D. Prepare and include additional data when the need for such data becomes apparent during instruction of Owner's personnel.

E. Additional requirements for operating and maintenance data: Reference sections of Technical Specifications.

END OF SECTION 01730

SECTION 01740
WARRANTIES AND GUARANTEES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention as directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General requirements, which are hereby made part of this section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. This section includes administrative and procedural requirements for warranties required by the Contract Documents, including manufacturers' standard warranties on products and special warranties:

1. Refer to General Conditions for terms of the Contractor's period and obligations for Correction of the Work.

B. Related Sections: The following sections also contain requirements that relate to this section:

1. Division 1 Section "Contract Close-out" specifies contract close-out procedures.

2. Divisions 2 through 16 Sections for specific requirements for warranties on products and installations specified to be warranted.

3. Certifications and other commitments and agreements for continuing services to Owner are specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

C. Disclaimers and Limitations: Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.

1.03 DEFINITIONS

A. **Standard Product Warranties** are preprinted written warranties published by individual manufacturers for particular products and are specifically endorsed by manufacturer to Owner.

B. **Special Warranties** are written warranties required by or incorporated in the Contract Documents, either to extend time limits provided by standard warranties or to provide greater rights for the Owner.

1.04 WARRANTY REQUIREMENTS

A. Deliver all written warranties and guarantees required by the Contract Documents with the Owner and Barton Malow Company named as beneficiaries. All warranties shall include labor and materials, shall be signed by the manufacturer or subcontractor as the case may be, and countersigned by the Contractor. All written warranties shall be addressed to the Owner and delivered to Barton Malow Company upon completion of the Project, before or with the submission of Request for Final Payment.

B. In addition to all other warranties set forth in the Contract Documents or imposed by applicable law, Contractor warrants to Owner and Barton Malow Company that the Work will be free from defects and performed in strict conformity with the requirements of the Contract Documents. This warranty survives the termination of the Agreement and shall only be extinguished by limitation periods imposed by applicable law and shall not be limited by any other provisions contained in the Agreement, including any provisions or time periods related to Contractor's obligation to correct defective Work.

C. Contractor, upon signing the Agreement, shall obtain and forward to Barton Malow Company any and all Standard Product Warranties for products, materials and systems covered under its Agreement. The Manufacturer's warranties do NOT relieve the Contractor from its warranty obligations under the Contract Documents.

D. Special Warranties shall become effective on a date established by the Project Team. This date generally shall be the date of Final Completion of the Project or Substantial Completion of the Project or portions thereof as agreed upon by the Project Team. In the case of acceptance of a portion of the Work or Project, separate warranties shall be issued for those specific portions of the Project that were accepted, and shall be dated the date the specific portion was accepted. As additional Work is accepted, separate warranties for those specific portions of the Work shall be issued and properly dated. Issuance of warranties for a portion of the Work shall in no way become the basis for Application for Final Payment.

E. If for any reason, the Bidder cannot warrant any part of the Work using products, materials, or construction methods that have been specified or shown, it shall notify Barton Malow Company in writing at least ten (10) days before the bid submission date, giving reasons together with the names of products and data on substitutions it can guarantee. Should the Bidder fail to so notify Barton Malow Company within this time period, it will be bound to all warranties and guarantees as set forth in the Contract Documents.

F. Related Damages and Losses: In correcting Work that has been rejected as defective or otherwise failing to conform to the Contract Documents, whether before or after Substantial Completion, Contractor shall bear all related costs, including, but not necessarily limited to, the cost to correct the Work, the cost to correct all other Work that has been damaged by the defective or non-conforming Work, or that is damaged in the process of correcting the defective or nonconforming Work, and the cost of all additional testing and inspections and compensation for the Architect and/or Barton Malow Company's services and expenses made necessary thereby.

G. Reinstatement of Warranty: When Work covered by a warranty with a specific time period has failed and has been corrected by Contractor, the warranty shall be reinstated for a time period equal to the original warranty.

H. Express warranties are in addition to implied warranties and shall not limit the duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise available to the Owner or Barton Malow Company under the law. Express warranty periods shall not be interpreted as limitations on the time in which Owner or Barton Malow Company may enforce Contractor's duties and obligation or their rights and remedies under the Agreement and applicable law.

1. Rejection of Warranties: The Owner and Barton Malow Company reserve the right to reject warranties and to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.

I. Where the Contract Documents require a Special Warranty, or similar commitment on the Work or part of the Work, the Owner and Barton Malow Company reserve the right to refuse to accept the Work, until the Contractor presents evidence that the entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of written warranties to the Barton Malow Company within fourteen (14) days of Substantial Completion using the form found in section 01600-Forms and organizing the warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of the Project Manual. If the project Team's Certificate of Substantial Completion designates a commencement date

for warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion for the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, submit written warranties upon request of Barton Malow Company.

B. When the Contract Documents require Contractor, or Contractor and a Subordinate Party to execute a Special Warranty, prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution by the required parties. Submit a draft to the Barton Malow Company for approval prior to final execution.

C. Forms for warranties are included in Section 01600-Forms. Prepare a written document utilizing the appropriate form, ready for execution by Contractor and its Subordinate Party(ies). Submit a draft to Barton Malow Company for approval prior to final execution.

1. Refer to Divisions 2 through 16 Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting Special Warranties.

END OF SECTION 01740

SECTION 01750
SYSTEMS DEMONSTRATION, TRAINING AND START-UP

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SCOPE

A. Procedures for demonstration of equipment operation and instruction of Owner's personnel. This will be coordinated through Barton Malow Company.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. When specified in individual Sections, require manufacturer to provide authorized representative to demonstrate operation of equipment and systems, instruct Owner's personnel, and provide written report that demonstrations and instructions have been completed.

B. Barton Malow Company will provide list of personnel to receive instructions, and will coordinate their attendance at agreed-upon times.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit preliminary schedule to Barton Malow Company for Architect's and Owner's approval, listing times and dates for demonstration of each item of equipment and each system, at least two (2) weeks prior to proposed dates.

B. Submit one (1) report within one week after completion of demonstrations, that demonstrations and instructions have been satisfactorily completed. Give time and date of each demonstration, and hours devoted to demonstration, with a list of persons present.

PART 2 - EXECUTION

2.01 PREPARATION

A. Provide substantiating information that verifies equipment has been inspected and put into operation; testing, adjusting, and balancing has been performed; and equipment and systems are fully operational.

B. Submit copies of completed operation and maintenance manuals (see Section 01730) at least two (2) weeks before execution and have at hand for use in demonstrations and instructions.

C. Barton Malow Company will develop a schedule for the system demonstration, Operational Instruction, start-up and turn over of all systems and equipment.

2.02 DEMONSTRATION AND INSTRUCTIONS

A. Demonstrate operation and maintenance of equipment and systems to the Owner's, Barton Malow Company's and Architect's personnel two (2) weeks prior to date of final inspection. For equipment requiring seasonal operation, perform instructions for other seasons within six months. Contractor shall document the testing, equipment start-up and Operational Instruction sessions as required using the following forms in Section 01600 Forms:

1. Equipment/System Acceptance - This form will be completed for each piece of equipment or system for each contract that requires operational testing and/or Operational Instruction before acceptance. This will document the date of testing, the equipment tested, names of personnel which witnessed the testing and acceptance.

2. Owner Operational Instruction - This form will be completed for each contract that requires Operational Instruction to be provided to the Owner's personnel. This will document the date of Operational Instruction, type of Operational Instruction, names of the personnel trained and acceptance of the Operational Instruction.

B. The amount of time required for instruction on each item of equipment and system is that specified in individual sections or as mutually agreed upon between Contractor and Barton Malow Company.

C. Demonstrate start-up, operation, control, adjustment, troubleshooting, servicing, maintenance, and shutdown of each item of equipment at agreed-upon times, at designated location.

D. Use operation and maintenance manuals as basis of instruction and review the contents of the manuals with personnel in full detail to explain all aspects of operations and maintenance.

E. Prepare and insert additional data in operations and maintenance manuals when need for additional data becomes apparent during instructions.

END OF SECTION 01750

SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

TROY HIGH SCHOOL
ADDITIONS AND REMODELING
PHASE 2
TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
TROY, MICHIGAN

BID PACKAGE 9390

JANUARY 15, 2007

A/E #2643-16

OWNER
TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
4400 LIVERNOIS ROAD
TROY, MICHIGAN 48098
(248) 823-4000

ARCHITECTS/ENGINEERS
KINGSCOTT ASSOCIATES, INC
229 EAST MICHIGAN AVENUE, SUITE 335
KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN 49007
(269) 381-4880

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER
JDH ENGINEERING
3000 IVANREST, S.W., SUITE B
GRANDVILLE, MICHIGAN 49418
(616) 531-6020

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS
O'BOYLE, COWELL, BLALOCK
521 SOUTH RIVERVIEW DRIVE
KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN 49004
(269) 381-3357

CONSTRUCTION MANAGER
BARTON MALOW COMPANY
26500 AMERICAN DRIVE
SOUTHFIELD, MICHIGAN 49034
(248) 436-5000

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 01731
CUTTING AND PATCHING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes procedural requirements for cutting and patching.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 1 Section "Selective Demolition" for demolition of selected portions of the building.
2. Divisions 2 through 16 Sections for specific requirements and limitations applicable to cutting and patching individual parts of the Work.
3. Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for patching fire-rated construction.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Cutting: Removal of in-place construction necessary to permit installation or performance of other Work.

B. Patching: Fitting and repair work required to restore surfaces to original conditions after installation of other Work.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Structural Elements: Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity or load-deflection ratio.

B. Operational Elements: Do not cut and patch operating elements and related components in a manner that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Operating elements include the following:

1. Primary operational systems and equipment.

2. Air or smoke barriers.
3. Fire-suppression systems.
4. Mechanical systems piping and ducts.
5. Control systems.
6. Communication systems.
7. Electrical wiring systems.
8. Operating systems of special construction in Division 13 Sections.

C. Miscellaneous Elements: Do not cut and patch miscellaneous elements or related components in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity, that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended, or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Miscellaneous elements include the following:

1. Water, moisture, or vapor barriers.
2. Membranes and flashings.
3. Exterior curtain-wall construction.
4. Equipment supports.
5. Piping, ductwork, vessels, and equipment.
6. Noise- and vibration-control elements and systems.

D. Visual Requirements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that results in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch construction exposed on the exterior or in occupied spaces in a manner that would, in Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Remove and replace construction that has been cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during cutting and patching operations, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. General: Comply with requirements specified in other Sections.

B. In-Place Materials: Use materials identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match in-place adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.

1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will match the visual and functional performance of in-place materials.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine surfaces to be cut and patched and conditions under which cutting and patching are to be performed.

1. Compatibility: Before patching, verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with in-place finishes or primers.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsafe or unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of Work to be cut.

B. Protection: Protect in-place construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of Project that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.

C. Adjoining Areas: Avoid interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas.

D. Existing Utility Services and Mechanical/Electrical Systems: Where existing services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, bypass such services/systems before cutting to minimize interruption to occupied areas.

3.3 PERFORMANCE

A. General: Employ skilled workers to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time, and complete without delay.

1. Cut in-place construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction, and subsequently patch as required to restore surfaces to their original condition.

B. Cutting: Cut in-place construction by sawing, drilling, breaking, chipping, grinding, and similar operations, including excavation, using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. If possible, review proposed procedures with original Installer; comply with original Installer's written recommendations.

1. In general, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing and grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots as small as possible, neatly to size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
2. Finished Surfaces: Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
3. Concrete and Masonry: Cut using a cutting machine, such as an abrasive saw or a diamond-core drill.

4. Excavating and Backfilling: Comply with requirements in applicable Division 2 Sections where required by cutting and patching operations.
5. Mechanical and Electrical Services: Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after cutting.
6. Proceed with patching after construction operations requiring cutting are complete.

C. Patching: Patch construction by filling, repairing, refinishing, closing up, and similar operations following performance of other Work. Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections.

1. Inspection: Where feasible, test and inspect patched areas after completion to demonstrate integrity of installation.
2. Exposed Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.

    a. Clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials.
    b. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.

3. Floors and Walls: Where walls or partitions that are removed extend one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform finish, color, texture, and appearance. Remove in-place floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.

    a. Where patching occurs in a painted surface, apply primer and intermediate paint coats over the patch and apply final paint coat over entire unbroken surface containing the patch. Provide additional coats until patch blends with adjacent surfaces.

4. Ceilings: Patch, repair, or rehang in-place ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.
5. Exterior Building Enclosure: Patch components in a manner that restores enclosure to a weathertight condition.

D. Cleaning: Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Completely remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar materials.

END OF SECTION 01731

SECTION 01732
SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.
3. Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 1 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for temporary construction and environmental-protection measures for selective demolition operations.
2. Division 1 Section "Construction Waste Management" for disposal of demolished materials.
3. Division 1 Section "Cutting and Patching" for cutting and patching procedures.
4. Division 2 Section "Site Clearing" for site clearing and removal of above- and below-grade improvements.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site, unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.

B. Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction and deliver them to Owner.

C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, prepare them for reuse, and reinstall them where indicated.

D. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory: After selective demolition is complete, submit a list of items that have been removed and salvaged.

B. Predemolition Photographs or Videotapes: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by selective demolition operations. Comply with Division 1 Section "Photographic Documentation." Submit before Work begins.

C. Landfill Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of hazardous wastes by a landfill facility licensed to accept hazardous wastes.

1. Comply with submittal requirements in Division 1 Section "Construction Waste Management."

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Demolition Firm Qualifications: An experienced firm that has specialized in demolition work similar in material and extent to that indicated for this Project.

B. Refrigerant Recovery Technician Qualifications: Certified by an EPA-approved certification program.

C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

D. Standards: Comply with ANSI A10.6 and NFPA 241.

E. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.

B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.

C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.

D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.

1. If materials suspected of containing hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Owner will remove hazardous materials under a separate contract.

E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.

F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.

1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped.

B. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.

C. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and reinstalled and items to be removed and salvaged.

D. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Architect.

E. Engage a professional engineer to survey condition of building to determine whether removing any element might result in structural deficiency or unplanned collapse of any portion of structure or adjacent structures during selective demolition operations.

F. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of preconstruction photographs or preconstruction videotapes.

G. Perform surveys as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from selective demolition activities.

3.2 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

A. Existing Services/Systems: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.

B. Service/System Requirements: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.

1. Owner will arrange to shut off indicated services/systems when requested by Contractor.
2. Arrange to shut off indicated utilities with utility companies.
3. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, before proceeding with selective demolition provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building.
4. Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit after bypassing.

    a. Where entire wall is to be removed, existing services/systems may be removed with removal of the wall.

3.3 PREPARATION

A. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.

1. Comply with requirements for access and protection specified in Division 1 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls."

B. Temporary Facilities: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.

1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
2. Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
3. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
4. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
5. Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling specified in Division 1 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls."

C. Temporary Shoring: Provide and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.

1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.

3.4 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:

1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
2. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping, to minimize disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
3. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain fire watch and portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
5. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
6. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
7. Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.
8. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
9. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.

B. Removed and Salvaged Items:

1. Clean salvaged items.
2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
4. Transport items to Owner's storage area designated by Owner.
5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

C. Removed and Reinstalled Items:

1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse. Paint equipment to match new equipment.
2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.

D. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

A. Concrete: Demolish in small sections. Cut concrete to a depth of at least 3/4 inch at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saw. Dislodge concrete from reinforcement at perimeter of areas being demolished, cut reinforcement, and then remove remainder of concrete indicated for selective demolition. Neatly trim openings to dimensions indicated.

B. Masonry: Demolish in small sections. Cut masonry at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saw, then remove masonry between saw cuts.

C. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade: Saw-cut perimeter of area to be demolished, then break up and remove.

D. Resilient Floor Coverings: Remove floor coverings and adhesive according to recommendations in RFCI-WP and its Addendum.

1. Remove residual adhesive and prepare substrate for new floor coverings by one of the methods recommended by RFCI.

E. Air-Conditioning Equipment: Remove equipment without releasing refrigerants.

3.6 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

A. General: Except for items or materials indicated to be recycled, reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, remove demolished materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an EPA-approved landfill.

1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.

B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

C. Disposal: Transport demolished materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

3.8 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION SCHEDULE

A. Existing Items to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Acoustical Wall Panels, canopy framing.

B. Existing Items to Be Removed and Salvaged: All door hardware, security cameras, and security motion detectors.

END OF SECTION 01732

SECTION 02230
SITE CLEARING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Protecting existing trees, plants and grass to remain.
2. Removing existing trees, plants and grass.
3. Clearing and grubbing.
4. Stripping and removing topsoil.
5. Salvaging above-grade site improvements for re-use on site.
6. Removing above- and below-grade site improvements.
7. Disconnecting, capping or sealing, and abandoning site utilities in place.
8. Removing site utilities.
9. Temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for soil materials, excavating, backfilling, and site grading.

1.3 MATERIAL OWNERSHIP

A. Except for stripped topsoil or other materials indicated to remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

1.4 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.

1. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner.

B. Salvable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises where indicated.

C. Utility Locator Service: Notify Owner before site clearing.

D. Do not commence site clearing operations until temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures are in place.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

A. Satisfactory Soil Materials: Requirements for satisfactory soil materials are specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork."

1. Obtain approved borrow soil materials off-site when satisfactory soil materials are not available on-site.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.

B. Locate and clearly flag trees and vegetation to remain or to be relocated.

C. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction.

1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

D. Burning: Burning is not permitted.

3.2 TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

A. Provide temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways, according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Inspect, repair, and maintain erosion and sedimentation control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.

C. Remove erosion and sedimentation controls and restore and stabilize areas disturbed during removal.

3.3 TREE PROTECTION

A. Erect and maintain temporary fencing around tree protection zones before starting site clearing. Remove fence when construction is complete.

1. Do not store construction materials, debris, or excavated material within fenced area.
2. Do not permit vehicles, equipment, or foot traffic within fenced area.

B. Do not excavate within tree protection zones, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Where excavation for new construction is required within tree protection zones, hand clear and excavate to minimize damage to root systems. Use narrow-tine spading forks, comb soil to expose roots, and cleanly cut roots as close to excavation as possible.

1. Cover exposed roots with burlap and water regularly.
2. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently redirected and covered with soil.
3. Coat cut faces of roots more than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) in diameter with an emulsified asphalt or other approved coating formulated for use on damaged plant tissues.
4. Backfill with soil as soon as possible.

D. Repair or replace trees and vegetation indicated to remain that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Construction Manager.

3.4 UTILITIES

A. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:

1. Notify Construction Manager not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Construction Manager's written permission.

B. Excavate for and remove underground utilities indicated to be removed.

3.5 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

A. Remove obstructions, trees, shrubs, grass, and other vegetation to permit installation of new construction.

1. Do not remove trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or to be relocated.

B. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.

1. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding a loose depth of 8 inches (200 mm), and compact each layer to a density equal to adjacent original ground.

3.6 TOPSOIL STRIPPING

A. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.

B. Strip topsoil to whatever depths are encountered in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.

3.7 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and as necessary to facilitate new construction.

1. Where asphalt or concrete pavements are to be removed, sawcut cleanly; for concrete, sawcut to nearest joint.

3.8 DISPOSAL

A. Disposal: Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

1. Separate recyclable materials produced during site clearing from other nonrecyclable materials. Store or stockpile without intermixing with other materials and transport them to recycling facilities.

END OF SECTION 02230

SECTION 02300
EARTHWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Preparing subgrades for slabs-on-grade, walks, pavements, and lawns and grasses.
2. Excavating and backfilling for buildings and structures.
3. Drainage course for slabs-on-grade.
4. Subbase course for concrete walks and pavements.
5. Subbase course for asphalt paving.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Site Clearing" for temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures, site stripping, grubbing, stripping and stockpiling topsoil, and removal of above- and below-grade improvements and utilities.
2. Division 2 Section "Storm Drainage" for sub-surface drainage system installation.
3. Division 2 Section "Lawns and Grasses" for finish grading, including preparing and placing topsoil and planting soil for lawns.
4. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for granular course if placed over vapor retarder and beneath the slab-on-grade.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Base Course: Course placed between the subbase course and hot-mix asphalt paving.

B. Borrow Soil: Satisfactory soil imported from off-site for use as fill or backfill.

C. Drainage Course: Course supporting the slab-on-grade that also minimizes upward capillary flow of pore water.

D. Excavation: Removal of material encountered above subgrade elevations.

1. Authorized Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions as directed by Architect. Authorized additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to Contract provisions for changes in the Work.
2. Unauthorized Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions without direction by Architect. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by Architect, shall be without additional compensation.

E. Fill: Soil materials used to raise existing grades.

F. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.

G. Subbase Course: Course placed between the subgrade and base course for hot-mix asphalt pavement, or course placed between the subgrade and a cement concrete pavement or a cement concrete or hot-mix asphalt walk.

H. Subgrade: Surface or elevation remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, or topsoil materials.

I. Utilities: On-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables, as well as underground services within buildings.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Material Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance of the following with requirements indicated:

1. Classification according to ASTM D 2487 of each on-site and borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.
2. Laboratory compaction curve according to ASTM D 1557 for each on-site or borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Codes and Standards: Perform earthwork in compliance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction and Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) Standard Specification for Construction, current edition.

B. Erosion Control: Erosion shall be controlled as described on Drawings and as required by the City of Troy, the State of Michigan or other authorities having jurisdiction. Erosion control devices referenced on the plans are based on the Standard Erosion Control Handbook published by the MDOT.

C. Geotechnical Testing Agency Qualifications: The Owner will engage in independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM E 329 to conduct soil materials testing, as documented according to ASTM D 3740 and ASTM E 548.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. The Owner has supplied a survey of the project area that describes physical characteristics of the site. The information and data shown or indicated in the Contract Documents with respect to existing underground facilities at or contiguous to the site is based on information and data furnished by the owner of such underground facilities or by others. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents:

1. Owner and Architect shall not be responsible for the accuracy or completeness of any such information or data.
2. Contractor shall have full responsibility for reviewing and checking all such information and data; for locating all underground facilities shown or indicated in the Contract Documents; for coordination of the Work with the owners of such underground facilities during construction; for the safety, protection and repairing any damage thereto resulting from the Work; the cost of which will be considered as having been included in the Contract Price.

B. Unclassified Excavation: Excavation is unclassified and includes excavation to required subgrade elevations regardless of the character of materials and obstructions encountered.

C. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted in writing by Architect and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated.

1. Notify Architect not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's written permission.
3. Contact utility-locator service for area where Project is located before excavating.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

A. General: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.

B. Satisfactory Soils: ASTM D 2487 Soil Classification Groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM, or a combination of these groups; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches (75 mm) in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.

C. Unsatisfactory Soils: Soil Classification Groups GC, SC, CL, ML, OL, CH, MH, OH, and PT according to ASTM D 2487, or a combination of these groups.

1. Unsatisfactory soils also include satisfactory soils not maintained within 2 percent of optimum moisture content at time of compaction.

D. Backfill and Fill: Satisfactory soil materials. MDOT Class IIA sand shall be used as backfill against below-grade walls and foundations.

E. Subbase Material: MDOT Class IIA sand.

F. Aggregate Base under Hot-Mix Asphalt Paving: Dense graded crushed **limestone** meeting the requirements of MDOT 21AA.

G. Drainage Course: MDOT Class IIA sand.

H. Engineered Fill: Compacted MDOT Class IIA sand.

2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. Detectable Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant polyethylene film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm) wide and 4 mils (0.1 mm) thick, continuously inscribed with a description of the utility, with metallic core encased in a protective jacket for corrosion protection, detectable by metal detector when tape is buried up to 30 inches (750 mm) deep; colored as follows:

1. Red: Electric.
2. Yellow: Gas, oil, steam, and dangerous materials.
3. Orange: Telephone and other communications.
4. Blue: Water systems.
5. Green: Sewer systems.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.

B. Protect subgrades and foundation soils against freezing temperatures or frost. Provide protective insulating material as necessary.

C. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways in accordance with authorities having jurisdiction, and as shown on the Drawings.

3.2 DEWATERING

A. Prevent surface water and ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area.

B. Protect subgrades from softening, undermining, washout, and damage by rain or water accumulation.

1. Reroute surface water runoff away from excavated areas. Do not allow water to accumulate in excavations. Do not use excavated trenches as temporary drainage ditches.
2. Install a dewatering system to keep subgrades dry and convey ground water away from excavations. Maintain until dewatering is no longer required.

3.3 EXPLOSIVES

A. Explosives: Do not use or store explosives on site at any time.

3.4 EXCAVATION, GENERAL

A. Unclassified Excavation: Excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered. Unclassified excavated materials may include rock, soil materials, and obstructions. No changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time will be authorized for rock excavation or removal of obstructions.

1. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials. Unsatisfactory soil materials shall be spoiled on site under the direction of the Construction Manager.

3.5 EXCAVATION FOR STRUCTURES

A. Excavate to indicated elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm). If applicable, extend excavations a sufficient distance from structures for placing and removing concrete formwork, for installing services and other construction, and for inspections.

1. Excavations for Footings and Foundations: Do not disturb bottom of excavation. Excavate by hand to final grade just before placing concrete reinforcement. Trim bottoms to required lines and grades to leave solid base to receive other work.
2. Excavation for Underground Tanks, Basins, and Mechanical or Electrical Utility Structures: Excavate to elevations and dimensions indicated within a tolerance of plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm). Do not disturb bottom of excavations intended as bearing surfaces.

3.6 EXCAVATION FOR WALKS AND PAVEMENTS

A. Excavate surfaces under walks and pavements to subgrade elevations indicated.

3.7 SUBGRADE INSPECTION

A. Notify Construction Manager when excavations have reached required subgrade.

B. If Construction Manager determines that unsatisfactory soil is present, continue excavation and replace with compacted backfill or fill material as directed.

C. Proof-roll subgrade with heavy pneumatic-tired equipment similar to a fully loaded tandem-axle truck to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Several proofrolling passes over all subgrades shall be made as directed. Proofrolling shall be performed under the direction of the on-site testing agent. Do not proof-roll wet or saturated subgrades.

1. Any yielding or overly loose areas shall be stabilized by additional compaction, undercutting, replacing with engineered fill, placing a layer of coarse crushed aggregate, or by other means as dictated by the site conditions at the time of construction.

2. The criteria for the final proofroll shall be a maximum of ¼ inch of deflection or rutting.

D. Authorized excavation and replacement of unsatisfactory soil required after proofrolling will be paid for according to Contract provisions for changes in the Work. No additional payment will be considered for additional compaction required to achieve specified density.

E. Reconstruct subgrades damaged by freezing temperatures, frost, rain, accumulated water, or construction activities, as directed by Architect, without additional compensation.

3.8 UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

A. Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations or wall footings by extending bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering top elevation. Lean concrete fill, may be used when approved by Construction Manager.

1. Fill unauthorized excavations under other construction or utility pipe as directed by Architect.

3.9 STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

A. Stockpile borrow soil materials and excavated satisfactory soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.

1. Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

3.10 BACKFILL

A. Place and compact backfill in excavations promptly, but not before removing trash and debris.

3.11 FILL

A. Preparation: Remove vegetation, topsoil, debris, unsatisfactory soil materials, obstructions, and deleterious materials from ground surface before placing fill

B. Plow, scarify, bench, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so fill material will bond with existing material.

C. Place and compact fill material in layers to required elevations as follows:

1. Under grass and planted areas, use satisfactory soil material.
2. Under walks and pavements, use satisfactory soil material.
3. Under building slabs, use engineered fill.
4. Under footings and foundations, use engineered fill.

3.12 COMPACTION OF SOIL BACKFILLS AND FILLS

A. Place backfill and fill soil materials in layers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 4 inches (100 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.

B. Place backfill and fill soil materials evenly on all sides of structures to required elevations, and uniformly along the full length of each structure.

C. Compact soil materials to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557:

1. Under structures, building slabs, steps, and pavements, scarify and recompact top 12 inches (300 mm) of existing subgrade and each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 95 percent.
2. Under walkways, scarify and recompact top 6 inches (150 mm) below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 92 percent.
3. Under lawn or unpaved areas, scarify and recompact top 6 inches (150 mm) below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 85 percent.

3.13 GRADING

A. General: Uniformly grade areas to a smooth surface, free of irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated.

1. Provide a smooth transition between adjacent existing grades and new grades.
2. Cut out soft spots, fill low spots, and trim high spots to comply with required surface tolerances.

B. Site Grading: Slope grades to direct water away from buildings and to prevent ponding. Finish subgrades to required elevations within the following tolerances:

1. Lawn or Unpaved Areas: Plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
2. Walks: Plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
3. Pavements:
   a. Parking lot, drives and walks/paths: Plus or minus 1/2 inch (13 mm).

3.14 SUBBASE AND BASE COURSES

A. Under pavements and walks, place subbase course on prepared subgrade and as follows:

1. Place base course material over subbase.
2. Compact subbase and base courses at optimum moisture content to required grades, lines, cross sections, and thickness to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry until weight according to ASTM D 1557.
3. Shape subbase and base course to required crown elevations and cross-slope grades.
4. When thickness of compacted subbase or base course is 6 inches (150 mm) or less, place materials in a single layer.

5. When thickness of compacted subbase or base course exceeds 6 inches (150 mm), place materials in equal layers, with no layer more than 6 inches (150 mm) thick or less than 3 inches (75 mm) thick when compacted.

B. Pavement Shoulders: Place shoulders along edges of subbase and base course to prevent lateral movement. Construct shoulders, at least 12 inches (300 mm) wide, of satisfactory soil materials and compact simultaneously with each subbase and base layer to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557.

3.15 DRAINAGE COURSE

A. On prepared subgrade, place and compact drainage course under cast-in-place concrete slabs-on-grade as follows:

1. Compact each layer of drainage course to required cross sections and thicknesses to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698.
2. When compacted thickness of drainage course is 6 inches (150 mm) or less, place materials in a single layer.
3. When compacted thickness of drainage course exceeds 6 inches (150 mm), place materials in equal layers, with no layer more than 6 inches (150 mm) thick or less than 3 inches (75 mm) thick when compacted.

3.16 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent geotechnical engineering testing agency to perform field quality control testing.

B. Allow testing agency to inspect and test subgrades and each fill or backfill layer. Proceed with subsequent earthwork only after test results for previously completed work comply with requirements.

C. Testing agency will test compaction of soils in place according to ASTM D 1556, ASTM D 2167, ASTM D 2922, and ASTM D 2937, as applicable. Tests will be performed at the following locations and frequencies:

1. Paved and Building Slab Areas: At subgrade and at each compacted fill and backfill layer, at least 1 test for every 2000 sq. ft. (186 sq. m) or less of paved area or building slab, but in no case fewer than 3 tests.
2. Foundation Wall Backfill: At each compacted backfill layer, at least 1 test for each 100 feet (30 m) or less of wall length, but no fewer than 2 tests.

D. When testing agency reports that subgrades, fills, or backfills have not achieved degree of compaction specified, scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil to depth required; recompact and retest until specified compaction is obtained.

3.17 PROTECTION

A. Protecting Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic, freezing, and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.

B. Repair and reestablish grades to specified tolerances where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or where they lose compaction due to subsequent construction operations or weather conditions.

1. Scarify or remove and replace soil material to depth as directed by Architect; reshape and recompact.

C. Where settling occurs before Project correction period elapses, remove finished surfacing, backfill with additional soil material, compact, and reconstruct surfacing.

1. Restore appearance, quality, and condition of finished surfacing to match adjacent work, and eliminate evidence of restoration to greatest extent possible.

3.18 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

A. Disposal: Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of it off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 02300

Information To Build On
Engineering • Consulting • Testing

GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION
AND ENGINEERING REPORT

FOR THE PROPOSED:

TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT 2004 BOND PROGRAM
PHASE TWO
ATHENS HIGH SCHOOL AND TROY HIGH SCHOOL
CITY OF TROY, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN

GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION
AND
ENGINEERING REPORT

FOR THE PROPOSED:

TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT 2004 BOND PROGRAM, PHASE TWO:
ATHENS HIGH SCHOOL AND TROY HIGH SCHOOL
CITY OF TROY, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN

PREPARED FOR:

TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT
4400 LIVERNOIS ROAD
TROY, MICHIGAN 48098

BY:

PROFESSIONAL SERVICE INDUSTRIES, INC.
45749 HELM STREET
PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN 48170
(734) 453-7900

SEPTEMBER 14, 2005

PSI PROJECT NO. 381-45102

PSI Information To Build On
Engineering • Consulting • Testing

September 14, 2005

Mr. Michael Adamczyk
Troy School District
4400 Livernois Road
Troy, Michigan 48098

RE: Geotechnical Exploration and Engineering Report
Proposed Troy School District 2004 Bond Program, Phase Two:
Athens High School and Troy High School
City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan
PSI Project Number: ***381-45102***

Dear Mr. Adamczyk:

We have completed a geotechnical exploration and an engineering report for the above-referenced project. The results of this exploration, together with our recommendations, are to be found in the accompanying report.

We appreciate the opportunity to perform this geotechnical study and look forward to continued participation during the design and construction phases of this project. If you have any questions regarding this report, or if we may be of further service, please contact our office.

Respectfully,

PROFESSIONAL SERVICE INDUSTRIES, INC.

Theresa M. Marsik, P.E.
Project Manager

Mahmoud E. El-Gamal, Ph.D., P.E.
Geotechnical Services Manager

1 pc: Encl.
5 pc: Mr. Alton Ainslie, AIA – Kingscott Associates

TABLE OF CONTENTS

psi

GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION AND ENGINEERING REPORT FOR THE PROPOSED TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT 2004 BOND PROGRAM, PHASE TWO CITY OF TROY, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A geotechnical exploration and engineering report of the subsurface soil conditions has been completed for Phase Two of the Troy School District 2004 Bond Program. The project includes the construction of new additions and renovations to the existing Athens High School and Troy High School, located in the city of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan. At Athens High School and Troy High School, respectively, nineteen and six borings have been drilled to depths of approximately 10 to 25 feet below the existing grades.

PSI had intended to perform Boring B-1 to a depth of approximately 15 feet. However, due to access limitations, Boring B-1 was performed with a hand auger to a depth of 10 feet. PSI had also intended to perform Borings B-46 through B-49 and B-51 to a depth of approximately 20 feet. However, based on the encountered soil conditions, Borings B-46 through B-49 and B-51 were extended to a depth of approximately 25 feet.

At the time of our exploration, the finished floor elevations of the proposed additions were not available. For the purpose of this report, we have assumed that the finished floor of the additions will match the finished floor elevation of the respective existing building. Accordingly, we anticipate up to 5 to 6 feet of engineered fill may be required to achieve final grade across the building pad area of the proposed addition to Troy High School. At Athens High School, we anticipate less than 2 feet of engineered fill may be required to achieve final grade.

A structural engineer should evaluate the need for the proposed building additions and the adjacent structures to be structurally independent to allow for separate movement. Special care should be exercised when excavating adjacent to the foundations and floor slab of the existing structures so as not to disturb or undermine their bearing soils.

Athens High School

No defined topsoil layer was encountered at the location of Boring B-1. Approximately 3 inches of topsoil was encountered at the location of Borings B-4 and B-5. At the locations of Borings B-9 and B-16, approximately 3 inches of topsoil fill was encountered. At the remaining boring locations, pavement sections consisting of approximately 1½ to 5 inches of asphalt with 3 to 7 inches of aggregate base material were encountered. Below the topsoil fill encountered at the location of Borings B-9 and B-16, and below the pavement sections at B-2, B-3, B-8 and B-17 through B-19, granular and cohesive fill materials containing varying amounts of organics were encountered to depths of about 2½ to 6½ feet. Apparently native silty clay was encountered from the existing grade at Boring B-1; below the pavement sections at B-6, B-7 and B-11 through B-13; below the topsoil at B-4 and below the fill at the remaining boring locations. The silty clay extended to a depth of about 4½ feet within Boring B-4 and to the final explored depth of B-2 through B-4, B-6 through B-9, B-11 through B-13 and B-17 through B-19. Below the silty clay within Boring B-4; below the topsoil at B-5, below the pavement sections at B-10, B-14 and B-15; and below the fill encountered within B-16, granular soils with varying amounts of silt were

encountered to depths of approximately 4 to 9 feet. The granular soils were underlain by silty clay to the final explored depths of the borings.

It should be noted that trace amounts of organics were observed within the apparently native silty clay profile within Boring B-19 to a depth of about 6½ feet.

The driller looked for indications of groundwater seepage both during and after drilling. During drilling, groundwater seepage was observed within Boring B-5 at a depth of approximately 4 feet below the existing grade. Upon completion of the drilling operations, Boring B-5 was reported as dry. The remaining borings were reported as dry both during and after drilling.

Troy High School

Approximately 2 inches of topsoil fill was encountered within Borings B-46 through B-50, underlain by granular and cohesive fill materials with varying amounts of organics to depths of about 4 to 14 feet. No defined topsoil layer was encountered at the location of Boring B-51. Sandy silt was encountered to a depth of about 14 feet within Boring B-51. Below the silt encountered within Boring B-51 and below the fill at the remaining boring locations, apparently native silty clay was encountered to the final explored depths of the borings.

During drilling, groundwater or perched water was encountered within Boring B-51 at a depth of about 10½. Collapse of Boring B-51 upon removal of the augers precluded measurement of the groundwater level upon completion of the drilling operations. The remaining borings were reported as dry both during and after the drilling operations.

Based on the subsurface conditions encountered during our drilling operations, adequate foundation soils are available at each school site on which to support conventional foundations at a moderate allowable bearing pressure. The proposed additions may be supported on a conventional shallow spread and continuous wall footing foundation system, designed for a maximum net allowable bearing pressure of in the range of 3,000 pounds per square foot (psf) to 3,500 psf. The foundations should extend through any existing fill to bear on undisturbed native silty clay or on properly compacted engineered fill placed over suitable native soils following the removal of the existing fill. Site-specific foundation information can be found in Section 3.3 of this report.

Recommendations related to earthwork, foundation design and construction considerations are included in this report. The owner/designer should not rely solely on this executive summary and should read and evaluate the entire contents of the geotechnical report prior to utilizing our recommendations in preparation of design/construction documents.

1.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 Project Authorization

Professional Service Industries, Inc. (PSI) has completed a geotechnical exploration for Phase Two of the Troy School District 2004 Bond Program. The project includes the construction of new additions and renovations to the existing Athens High School and Troy High School, located in the city of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan. This work was authorized on July 19, 2004 by Mr. Frank Lams, Purchasing and Budget Supervisor of Troy School District. Notice to Proceed was given to PSI on July 20, 2005 by Mr. Alton Ainslie of Kingscott Associates. This exploration was performed in general accordance with PSI Proposal No. 381–4129 dated May 19, 2004.

1.2 Project Description

Project information was provided by Kingscott Associates. Site plans showing the general area of the proposed building additions and proposed boring locations were provided to PSI prior to field activities. We understand that the proposed construction is as follows:

Building	• Each building addition will be a single story, slab-on-grade addition with exterior and interior load bearing masonry walls and internal isolated column foundations.
Grading	• At the time of our exploration, the finished floor elevations of the proposed additions were not available. For the purpose of this report, we have assumed the finished floor of the additions will match the finished floor elevation of the respective existing building. Accordingly, we anticipate up to 5 to 6 feet of engineered fill may be required to achieve final grade across the building pad area of the proposed addition to Troy High School. At Athens High School, we anticipate less than 2 feet of engineered fill may be required to achieve final grade.
Pavement	• Asphalt pavements for the proposed parking areas at Athens High School.

Specific details relative to the anticipated building loads were not provided. The following structural data were estimated by PSI for our use in this geotechnical engineering evaluation:

Column	• A maximum of 75 kips for column loads.
Wall	• A maximum of 4 kips per linear foot for wall loads.

Once the final design and loading conditions are known, PSI should be notified immediately so we can re-evaluate our design recommendations and estimate the settlement in light of the actual column loads.

The geotechnical evaluations presented in this report are based on the available project

information and the data obtained from the subsurface exploration described in this report. If any of the noted information is considered incorrect or is changed, we recommend PSI be informed so that we may modify the recommendations presented in this report, if appropriate. PSI will not be responsible for the implementation of its recommendations when it is not notified of changes in the project.

1.3 Purpose and Scope of Services

The purpose of this study was to explore the subsurface conditions at the each school site to enable an evaluation of an acceptable foundation system for the proposed building additions. Our scope of services included drilling a total of 25 soil test borings, selected laboratory testing, an engineering evaluation of the data generated and preparation of a geotechnical report. This report briefly outlines the testing procedures, presents available project information, describes the site and subsurface conditions and provides recommendations regarding the following:

- Earthwork considerations for site development.
- Foundation types and depths, net allowable bearing pressure and an estimate of potential settlement.
- Criteria for slab-on-grade and pavement subgrade preparation.
- Preliminary pavement section recommendations for the parking and drive areas at Athens High School.
- Comments regarding geotechnical factors that will impact earthwork, foundation construction and performance of the proposed foundations.

The geotechnical scope of services did not include an environmental assessment for determining the presence or absence of wetlands or hazardous or toxic materials in the soil, bedrock, surface water, groundwater or air on, below or around this site. Any statements in this report or on the boring logs regarding odors, colors and unusual or suspicious items or conditions are strictly for informational purposes. Prior to development of any site, an environmental assessment is advisable.

2.0 SITE AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

2.1 Site Location and Description

Each school is located in the city of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan. Athens High School is located at 4333 John R Road. The proposed parking and drive areas were covered by bituminous concrete pavement and grass. The existing ground surface of the site was relatively level with a visually estimated maximum elevation difference of less than2 feet within the proposed development area.

Troy High School is located at 4777 Northfield Parkway. The proposed addition area was grass. The existing ground surface of the site was relatively level with a visually estimated maximum elevation difference of up to 5 feet within the proposed building addition area.

2.2 Field and Laboratory Services

The subsurface conditions at the proposed high school sites were explored with a total of 25 test borings, which were extended to depths of approximately 10 to 25 feet below the existing grades. At Athens High School and Troy High School, respectively, nineteen and six borings have been drilled to depths of approximately 10 to 25 feet below the existing grades. The boring depths and locations were selected by Mr. Alton Ainslie, AIA of Kingscott Associates and marked in the field by PSI personnel by measuring distances from known reference points. Underground utilities at or near the boring locations were cleared before drilling operations by "Miss Dig," Michigan's one call service for the verification of underground utilities.

PSI had intended to perform Boring B-1 to a depth of approximately 15 feet. However, due to access limitations, Boring B-1 was performed with a hand auger to a depth of 10 feet. PSI had also intended to perform Borings B-46 through B-49 and B-51 to a depth of approximately 20 feet. However, based on the encountered soil conditions, Borings B-46 through B-49 and B-51 were extended to a depth of approximately 25 feet.

The drilling operations were completed on August 4, 2005. The test borings were drilled with a truck-mounted CME-75 drill rig using 3¼-inch diameter hollow-stem augers. Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were conducted and soil samples were obtained at regular intervals during the drilling process. Drilling and sampling techniques were performed in general accordance with ASTM standards and procedures.

Surface elevations at the test boring locations were not available at the time of this exploration. Actual measurements of ground elevations at the boring locations were not included in our scope of work. If accurate elevations at the boring locations are necessary for design purposes, actual field measurements by a professional surveyor are recommended. All references to depths are from the existing ground surface unless otherwise noted.

Selected soil samples were tested in the laboratory to determine soil properties for our evaluation. Laboratory testing was performed in general accordance with ASTM procedures. Upon completion of the laboratory testing, all samples were placed in storage at the PSI Plymouth Township facility. Unless otherwise requested in writing, the samples will be discarded after 60 days from the submission of this report.

2.3 Subsurface Conditions

2.3.1 Athens High School

No defined topsoil layer was encountered at the location of Boring B-1. Approximately 3 inches of topsoil was encountered at the location of Borings B-4 and B-5. At the locations of Borings B-9 and B-16, approximately 3 inches of topsoil fill was encountered. At the remaining boring locations, pavement sections consisting of approximately 1½ to 5 inches of asphalt with 3 to 7 inches of aggregate base material were encountered. Below the topsoil fill encountered at the location of Borings B-9 and B-16, and below the pavement sections at B-2, B-3, B-8 and B-17 through B-19, granular and cohesive fill materials containing varying amounts of organics were encountered to depths of about 2½ to 6½

feet. Apparently native silty clay was encountered from the existing grade at Boring B-1; below the pavement sections at B-6, B-7 and B-11 through B-13; below the topsoil at B-4 and below the fill at the remaining boring locations. The silty clay extended to a depth of about 4½ feet within Boring B-4 and to the final explored depth of B-2 through B-4, B-6 through B-9, B-11 through B-13 and B-17 through B-19. Below the silty clay within Boring B-4; below the topsoil at B-5, below the pavement sections at B-10, B-14 and B-15; and below the fill encountered within B-16, granular soils with varying amounts of silt were encountered to depths of approximately 4 to 9 feet. The granular soils were underlain by silty clay to the final explored depths of the borings.

It should be noted that trace amounts of organics were observed within the apparently native silty clay profile within Boring B-19 to a depth of about 6½ feet.

Standard Penetration Resistance (N) values within the native silty clay ranged from 3 to 25 blows per foot. Unconfined compressive strength and calibrated penetrometer tests indicate that the soil shear strength of the tested samples was in the range of 1.0 tons per square foot (tsf) to in excess of 4.5 tsf, indicating stiff to hard consistencies. The moisture contents of the tested cohesive soil samples ranged from 8 to 20 percent, indicating a moist condition.

N-values within the native silty sand/sandy silt were 13 to 26 blows per foot, indicating a medium dense relative density. The moisture contents of the tested granular soil samples ranged from 9 to 20 percent, indicating a moist to wet condition.

2.3.2 Troy High School

Approximately 2 inches of topsoil fill was encountered within Borings B-46 through B-50, underlain by granular and cohesive fill materials with varying amounts of organics to depths of about 4 to 14 feet. No defined topsoil layer was encountered at the location of Boring B-51. Sandy silt was encountered to a depth of about 14 feet within Boring B-51. Below the silt encountered within Boring B-51 and below the fill at the remaining boring locations, apparently native silty clay was encountered to the final explored depths of the borings.

N-values within the native granular soils ranged from 12 to 32 blows per foot, indicating medium dense to dense relative densities. The moisture contents of the tested granular soil samples ranged from 8 to 13 percent, indicating a moist to wet condition.

Within the encountered clay layers, N-values typically ranged from 6 to 34 blows per foot. Unconfined compressive strength and calibrated penetrometer tests indicate that the soil shear strength of the tested samples was in the range of 1.5 tsf to in excess of 4.5 tsf, indicating stiff to hard consistencies. The moisture contents of the tested cohesive soil samples ranged from 10 to 18 percent, indicating a moist condition. Atterberg limit tests performed on representative samples indicate the soil to be low in plasticity with a liquid limit in the range of 21 to 22 percent and a plastic limit of 12 to 15 percent.

The subsurface description above is generalized to highlight the major subsurface stratigraphic features and material characteristics. The boring logs, included in the appendix, should be reviewed for specific information at each boring location. This information includes soil descriptions, stratification, penetration resistance, location of the samples and laboratory

test data. The stratification shown on the boring logs represents the conditions only at the actual boring locations. It is possible that variations, including undocumented fill soils, may occur and should be anticipated at other locations. The stratification represents the approximate boundary between differing subsurface materials; the actual transition may be gradual. Water level information obtained during field operations is also shown on the logs.

2.4 Groundwater Information

The driller looked for indications of groundwater seepage both during and after drilling. At Athens High School, groundwater seepage was observed within Boring B-5 during drilling at a depth of approximately 4 feet below the existing grade. Upon completion of the drilling operations, Boring B-5 was reported as dry. The remaining borings were reported as dry both during and after drilling.

At Troy High School, groundwater or perched water was encountered during drilling within Boring B-51 at a depth of about 10½. Collapse of Boring B-51 upon removal of the augers precluded measurement of the groundwater level upon completion of the drilling operations. The remaining borings were reported as dry both during and after the drilling operations.

Groundwater monitoring wells are required to accurately define the position and fluctuation of the groundwater table. However, the installation of such monitoring wells was not included in the scope of services for this project. Boreholes were backfilled with augered soil after completion of drilling for safety purposes. Borings performed in pavement areas were also patched with bituminous cold patch.

We recommend that the foundation contractor verify the actual groundwater and seepage conditions at the construction areas at the time of the excavation and construction activities and, if necessary, propose his groundwater control methods for the Engineer's approval.

2.5 Site Seismic Classification

Oakland County in Michigan lies in the Central Stable Tectonic Region and in the Seismic Zone 1 of probable seismic activity of the Building Officials Congress of America (BOCA), National Building Code (1993), and the Uniform Building Code (UBC) as shown on the 'Earthquake Hazard Risk Map' included in the Appendix. This zone indicates that minor damages due to occasional earthquakes might be expected in this area.

In the 2003 Michigan Building Code (MBC), the State of Michigan has adopted the provisions of the 2000 International Building Code (IBC). The Site Class is based on a weighted average of known or estimated soil properties for the uppermost 100 feet of the subsurface profile. Soil borings at the project sites extended to a maximum depth of approximately 25 feet below the existing ground surface. Based on regional geologic mapping, PSI anticipates that the subsurface conditions below the explored depth may generally consist of medium textured glacial till and lacustrine clay and silt underlain by the Coldwater Shale and Berea Sandstone formations at a depth in the range of 100 to 200 feet. Based on our review of the available data, knowledge of regional geology and the Standard Penetration Test (SPT) N-

values and soil shear strength PSI estimates that the seismic design for this project, based on the upper 100 feet of the subsurface soil profile, would be Site Class D.

The 2002 USGS NEHRP probabilistic ground motion values of the proposed project sites are as follows, based on Site Class D:

Period (Seconds)	2% Probability of Event in 50 years* (%g)	Site Coefficient F_a	Site Coefficient F_v
PGA	5.02	N/A	N/A
0.2 (S_a)	11.15	1.60	N/A
1.0 (S_1)	4.30	N/A	2.40

*At the nearest grid point situated at a central location to both high school sites (lat: 42.58485, long: -83.14636)

The site coefficients F_a and F_v were interpolated from IBC Tables 1615.1.2(1) and 1615.1.2(2) as a function of the site classification and the mapped spectral response acceleration at the short (S_a) and 1 second (S_1) periods.

The development of shear strains tending to cause liquefaction of sand deposits is governed by the character of the ground motion (i.e. acceleration and frequency), soil type, groundwater level and in-situ stress conditions. Very loose to loose sands and sands below the water table are more likely to liquefy than dense sands and sands above the water table. PSI believes the risk of liquefaction occurring at this site is low based on the predominantly cohesive soil profile and the sites being located in a low seismic activity area.

3.0 EVALUATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

PSI has performed the analysis based on the information developed during this exploration. The resulting recommendations are given in the following sections. If the assumptions or understandings are not correct, or if conditions during construction are significantly different from those found in the site exploration, PSI must be contacted immediately.

Approximately 2½ to 14 feet of uncontrolled fill materials were encountered within Borings B-2, B-3, B-8, B-9, B-16 through B-19 and B-46 through B-50. In addition, apparently native clay containing trace amounts of organics was encountered within Borings B-19 at Athens High School. The fill material and organic-containing native soil is not considered suitable for the support of foundations. However, based on the soil boring information, it appears some of the existing fill and organic-containing native soil may be suitable for slab on grade and pavement support following proper subgrade preparation activities described in Section 3.1 of this report.

Although not encountered in the soil borings, underground obstructions, old structures or utilities may be encountered elsewhere within the site area. These conditions, if

encountered, may require special construction considerations. If any buried utilities or structures are revealed during earthwork, PSI should be contacted for additional recommendations. Any excavation near an existing structure or utility should be performed with utmost care and with supervision of the geotechnical engineer.

3.1 Site Preparation

Based on the soil boring information, portions of the both proposed school addition sites are underlain by uncontrolled fill with varying amounts of organics intermixed and/or organic-containing native soils. These materials are not considered suitable for the support of foundations. However, if the owner is willing to assume the risks in doing so, some or all of the fill and organic-containing soils could be left in place for support of the floor slabs and pavements only. In the areas of on-grade structures, such as floor slabs, sidewalks, parking areas or driveways, there is a risk of poor performance when these or other similar structures are supported on uncontrolled, non-engineered fill and/or organic soils. Settlement of the fill could result in sidewalk, slab cracking, faulting and distress.

At the start of earthwork operations, any topsoil, pavements, surficial vegetation and any other deleterious materials are to be stripped from the building and parking areas. The depth of unsuitable soil removal should be determined by a representative of PSI at the time of stripping and rough grading.

Several options are available for support of the proposed floor slab and pavement at this site. Due to the amount of organics observed within the fill at the location of Boring B-16 (Athens High School), only Options 1 and 2 presented below should be considered in the vicinity of that boring.

Option No. 1 consists of completely removing the near-surface uncontrolled fills and organic-containing native soils throughout the floor slab and parking areas and backfilling with a clean engineered fill. The floor slab or pavement could then be grade supported directly on the newly placed and properly compacted clean engineered fill. **Option No. 2** consists of grade supporting the floor slab and pavement on newly placed and properly compacted clean engineered fill following a partial depth undercut of the near surface uncontrolled fill and/or organic-containing native soils. **Option No. 3** consists of grade supporting the floor slab and pavements directly over the existing fill materials and/or organic-containing native soils following proofrolling of the exposed subgrade. Each option is associated with a different level of risk concerning floor slab or pavement performance. The final choice of subgrade preparation alternative should be based on the relative economic and engineering advantages of each.

Option No. 1, which includes mass over-excavation and replacement of the existing fill and organic-containing native soils with clean engineered fill, is relatively costly, but provides a high level of confidence regarding floor slab and pavement performance. Options No. 2 and No. 3, outlined above, include floor slabs or pavements constructed with all or a portion of the existing fill and organic-containing native soils left in place below the floor slab or pavements. If Option No. 2 is selected, partial depth undercutting should extend to a sufficient depth to provide a minimum of 18 to 24 inches of properly compacted engineered fill and a minimum

of 4 inches of fine aggregate beneath the floor slab. For Options No. 2 and No. 3, the exposed surface, following site stripping or undercutting, should be proofrolled/proof compacted with a large, smooth-drummed vibratory roller or heavy rubber-tired vehicle, prior to placement of any engineered fill or base course aggregate. The proofrolling/proof compaction process will improve the density of the existing near-surface fill material and any soils disturbed during site stripping. The compaction should continue until no additional densification is observed with additional passes. Areas that exhibit instability or are observed to rut or deflect excessively under the moving load should be further undercut, stabilized by aeration, drying (if wet) and undergo additional compaction to attain a stable finished subgrade. The proofrolling/proof compacting and undercutting activities should be performed during a period of dry weather and should be witnessed by a competent soil technician.

The risk of poor floor slab and pavement performance can be reduced but not completely eliminated by partial depth undercutting and replacement of the uncontrolled fill, proofrolling/proof compacting of the uncontrolled fill in-place and/or by the removal of deleterious materials and re-compaction of the existing near-surface uncontrolled fill below the proposed floor slab or pavement. A risk remains of poor floor slab or pavement performance due to the inherent uncertainty associated with supporting at-grade structures over existing uncontrolled fill, which the Owner must recognize and accept if Options No. 2 or No. 3 are adopted. If the Owner is unwilling to accept this risk, then the uncontrolled fill and organic-containing native soils should be removed in their entirety from below the floor slab and pavements.

3.2 Engineered Fill Placement and Compaction

After subgrade preparation and observation have been completed, any fill placement required to bring the site to the final grade may begin. The first layer of fill should be placed in a relatively uniform horizontal lift and should be adequately keyed into the stripped and scarified subgrade soils. Fill materials should be free of debris, frozen soil, organic or other deleterious materials. On-site excavated soils should be tested to verify their suitability for use as an engineered fill material. The existing uncontrolled fill containing organics and organic-containing native soils are not considered suitable for reuse as engineered fill.

If a cohesive soil is used as fill, close moisture content control will be required to achieve the recommended degree of compaction. Cohesive fill materials should have a liquid limit less than 40 and plasticity index less than 20. It should be noted that wet cohesive soils are difficult to compact and that the specified compaction may not be achieved. Wet cohesive soils may require drying or mixing with dry soil to facilitate compaction. If water must be added to dry soil, it should be uniformly applied and thoroughly mixed into the soil by disking or scarifying.

Fill should be compacted to at least 95% of the Modified Proctor maximum dry density, as determined by ASTM D 1557. The subgrade soils should be scarified and compacted to not less than 95% of its maximum dry density for a minimum depth of 12 inches below the final subgrade level. Fill materials should be placed in maximum loose lifts of 8 inches and should be compacted within the range of ±3% of the optimum moisture content value.

Each lift of engineered fill should be tested by a PSI representative prior to placement of subsequent lifts. A minimum of one test per 2,500 square feet of building area should be tested for each lift unless otherwise specified by the engineer. The edges of compacted fill should extend at least 10 feet beyond the edges of building prior to sloping. Care should be taken to apply adequate compaction effort throughout the fill.

3.3 Foundation Recommendations

A structural engineer should evaluate the need for the proposed building additions and the adjacent structures to be structurally independent to allow for separate movement. Special care should be exercised when excavating next to the foundations and floor slab of the existing structures so as not to disturb or undermine their bearing soils.

Based on the subsurface conditions encountered during our drilling operations, adequate foundation soils are available at these sites on which to support conventional foundations at a moderate allowable bearing pressure. As indicated previously, the existing organic-containing native soils and fill materials encountered within Borings B-2, B-3, B-8, B-9 and B-16 through B-19 (Athens High School) and B-46 through B-50 (Troy High School) are not considered suitable for the support of foundations.

The proposed addition to the athletic field at Athens High School may be supported on a conventional shallow spread and continuous wall footing foundation system, designed for a maximum net allowable bearing pressure of 3,500 psf. The foundations should extend through the existing fill to bear on undisturbed native silty clay or on properly compacted engineered fill placed over suitable native soils following the removal of the existing fill.

At Troy High School, foundations should bear on undisturbed native silty clay or on properly compacted engineered fill placed over suitable native soils following the removal of the existing fill. Foundations may be designed for a maximum net allowable bearing pressure of 3,000 psf.

Individual trench footings should have a least dimension of 12 inches and individual strip footings should have a least dimension of 16 inches, regardless of the resulting bearing pressures. Individual spread footings should have a least dimension of 24 inches, regardless of the resulting bearing pressures. If loose or soft native soil and/or unsuitable fill materials are encountered at the proposed footing invert depth, the footing depth should be extended to adequate bearing soil. Alternatively, over-excavations to adequate soil may be backfilled to the design foundation level using lean concrete, flowable fill or compact granular fill material.

Exterior footings and footings in unheated areas should be embedded a minimum of 3½ feet below final grade for protection against problems related to frost penetration during normal winters. Interior footings not exposed to frost effects during or after construction may be founded at shallower depths on suitable native soils or engineered fill.

Adjacent footings and the new footings should bear at the same elevation. If it is planned to place the new footings at different elevations, the least lateral distance between the new and

the adjacent footings should be equal to or larger than twice the difference in their bearing elevations.

Where excavations are extended adjacent to and below the footings supporting the existing structure, it may be necessary to underpin those footings to transmit their loads to the same elevation as the new foundations. If required, a contractor who specializes in this type of work should install the underpinning and an evaluation of this condition should be made by PSI. Care should be exercised where excavations are performed near the existing structure so as to prevent undermining of the existing foundations and floor slabs. Temporary shoring may be needed if safe lateral distances are not available to accommodate a stable slope for the excavation sidewalls.

The foundation sides should be straight and vertical to reduce the risk of frozen soil adhering to the concrete and raising the foundation. The use of forms may be necessary at these sites to prevent the creation of an enlarged area of concrete (mushroom).

Footing drains should be incorporated where foundations bear within cohesive deposits and permeable granular backfill soils are used. The drains will reduce water from collecting in the granular backfill. The foundation excavations should be observed by a representative of PSI prior to steel or concrete placement to assess that the foundation materials are capable of supporting the design loads and are consistent with the materials discussed in this report.

It is possible that soft or unsuitable soils may exist between boring locations. If such a condition is encountered during construction, removal of the soft or unsuitable soil sections and replacement with lean concrete or granular engineered fill materials may be required. Cavities that form as a result of removal of buried objects and excavation of soft or loose soil zones should be backfilled with lean concrete or dense graded compacted crushed limestone, as determined by the geotechnical engineer.

The foundation excavation should be observed and concrete placed as quickly as possible to avoid exposure of the foundation invert soils to wetting and drying. Surface runoff water should be drained away from the excavations and not be allowed to pond. The foundation concrete should be placed during the same day the excavation is made. If it is required that footing excavations be left open for more than one day, they should be protected to reduce evaporation or entry of moisture.

Compression and consolidation of the soil beneath the structure resulting from the foundation loads will result in measurable but tolerable increments of settlement. Based on results of the field and laboratory tests and the anticipated foundation loads, we estimate that the maximum foundation settlement may be less than 1 inch where foundations are placed on the native silty clay, compacted native granular soils or properly placed engineered fill, as recommended herein. Differential settlement between two adjacent columns will be approximately 50% of the total settlement. While settlement of this magnitude is generally considered tolerable for structures of the type proposed, the design of masonry walls, if used, should include provisions for liberally spaced, vertical control joints to minimize the effects of "cosmetic" cracking.

3.4 Slab-on-Grade Recommendations

The subgrade soils for support of the floor slab should be prepared as indicated in Section 3.1 of this report. We recommend either Option 1 or Option 2, presented in Section 3.1, be utilized in the areas where the existing fill has an organic content of greater than 5 percent (in the area of Borings B-16). It appears that the existing soils and newly placed engineered fill will be adequate to support the floor slabs. If soft, loose or unsuitable fill soils are encountered at the subgrade level, we recommend that these materials be undercut to an adequate depth and replaced with properly compacted granular or low plasticity fill soil.

Proofrolling, as discussed earlier in this report, should be performed to identify any soft or unsuitable soils, which should then be removed from the floor slab area prior to fill placement and/or floor slab construction.

We recommend that a minimum of 4 inches of compacted aggregate be placed beneath the floor slab to facilitate fine grading and provide increased support for the slabs-on-grade. The aggregate should comply with the recommendations of the current version of ACI 302.1, "Concrete and Slab Construction." In areas with carpet, tile or other moisture-sensitive floor finishes, any vapor retarder should be placed in accordance with ACI 302.1, local building codes and the flooring manufacturers recommendations. If water infiltration into the subgrade is expected, an underdrainage system should be provided in the design. The building floor should be designed for higher concentrated loads as required.

Proper joints should be provided at the junctions of the slab and foundation system so that a small amount of independent movement can occur without causing damage. Large floor areas should be provided with joints at frequent intervals to compensate for concrete volume changes during curing. Where floor slabs will be supporting live loads such as moving forklifts, we recommend the joints be doweled to permit the proper transfer of loads across the joints.

3.5 Pavement Recommendations

The pavement subgrade soils should be prepared as indicated in Section 3.1 of this report. Following these recommendations, we believe the prepared existing fill, native soil and/or engineered fill will be adequate to support the pavement.

Long-term pavement performance will typically be a function of the quality of the subgrade at the time of construction, and the quality, thickness and strength of the pavement section. The most critical portion of the subgrade is the upper 3-foot section. This zone provides the primary strength needed for support of the pavement section. Poorer soil conditions at depth may lead to general pavement subsidence, however, generally will not lead to direct pavement failure, provided a highly stable 3-foot thick subgrade layer is present or constructed.

As indicated previously, Borings B-8, B-9 and B-16 through B-19 at Athens High School indicate the presence of uncontrolled fill and/or native soils containing trace amounts of

organics, which extended to a depth of approximately 2½ to 6½ feet below the existing ground surface. In order to perform this pavement analysis, PSI has assumed that the recommendations contained in Section 3.1, Option 3 of this report will be employed.

A 20-year flexible pavement design has been determined utilizing the DARWin Pavement Design and Analysis System. This program embodies the methodology of the 1993 AASHTO Guide for the Design of Pavement Structures.

At the time of this report, no design parameters or traffic volume data were available. If any design parameter or traffic volume data becomes available, PSI should be notified immediately to re-evaluate our analysis in light of the new information.

Our scope of services did not include extensive sampling and CBR testing of the existing subgrade soils or potential sources of imported fill for the specific purpose of a detailed pavement analysis for the proposed bus loops. The pavement designs are based on an estimated CBR value of 5, assuming proofrolling of the existing subgrade soils. Other design parameters used in the pavement design include an "effective" roadbed resilient modulus of 5,800 psi and an 18-kip ESAL over the initial performance period of 50,000 for light duty pavement sections and 150,000 for heavy-duty pavement sections. We anticipate light duty pavement may be used in passenger car parking areas and heavy-duty pavements may be utilized for roadways and bus parking areas. The estimated effective resilient modulus takes into account the effects of subgrade weakening during the spring thaw.

For the anticipated soil conditions and traffic loads, we have calculated minimum required design structural numbers of 2.48 and 2.94 for the light and heavy-duty pavement sections, respectively. Based on these structural numbers, we recommend the following pavement sections:

Table 1: Light-Duty Flexible Pavement Section
Athens High School

Pavement Material	Structural Coefficient	Drainage Coefficient	Section Thickness (Inches)	Structural Layer Coefficient
Bituminous Surface Course (MDOT 13A)	0.44	1.0	1.5	0.66
Bituminous Leveling Course (MDOT 13A)	0.44	1.0	2.0	0.88
Aggregate Base Course (MDOT 21AA Limestone)	0.14	0.75	9.0	0.95
				Total SN =2.49

Table 2: Heavy-Duty Flexible Pavement Section Athens High School				
Pavement Material	**Structural Coefficient**	**Drainage Coefficient**	**Section Thickness (Inches)**	**Structural Layer Coefficient**
Bituminous Surface Course (MDOT 13A)	0.44	1.0	1.5	0.66
Bituminous Leveling Course (MDOT 13A)	0.44	1.0	2.5	1.10
Aggregate Base Course (MDOT 21AA Limestone)	0.14	0.75	12.0	1.26
				Total SN =3.02

The designs presented above assume a high quality, high stability plant mix with Marshall mix design properties and aggregate gradation meeting or exceeding the requirements of MDOT 20AA, as outlined in the MDOT Standard Specification Section 501. The crushed aggregate base course should conform to the requirements of MDOT 21AA.

For bituminous play areas and walking paths that will receive no vehicular traffic, we recommend a minimum bituminous thickness of 2 inches with a minimum aggregate base thickness of 4 inches.

As an alternate to the flexible heavy-duty pavement design, a rigid pavement design has been determined utilizing the "AASHTO Guide for Rigid Pavement Design." We have assumed Portland cement concrete pavement would be used, with proper joint spacing and adequate reinforcing steel. Design parameters used in the pavement design include an effective modulus of subgrade reaction of 125 psi and an 18-kip ESAL over the initial performance period of 150,000 for the concrete pavement.

For the anticipated soil conditions and loads, we have calculated a minimum required concrete pavement thickness. If a rigid pavement section is selected, we recommend the following thickened pavement section:

Table 3: Heavy Duty Rigid Pavement Section	
Pavement Material	**Section Thickness (inches)**
Type I Portland Cement Concrete (MDOT Grade P-1)	6.0
Aggregate Base Course (MDOT 3G or 6AA)	6.0

A rigid pavement section should be considered for all loading areas, bus drop-off lanes and aprons. Concrete design parameters include a 28-day mean modulus of rupture of 645 psi

and a 28-day mean elastic modulus of slab of approximately 3,604,000 psi. The concrete mix design should consist of a minimum 6-sack, normal weight concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 4,000 psi when tested in accordance with ASTM C39. The concrete should contain an air entrainment mixture to resist the effects of freezing and thawing.

The pavement should contain a wire mesh reinforcement in the bottom third of the pavement section and should be suitably doweled at construction joints to permit the proper transfer of loads. The design of joints, joint spacing, doweling and steel/wire mesh reinforcement was not included in our scope of services, but should conform to the applicable Oakland County or MDOT requirements.

It should be recognized that all pavements require regular maintenance and occasional repairs to keep the pavements in a serviceable condition. Of particular value is a timely sealing of joints and cracks, which if left un-repaired can allow water to enter the pavement section and cause rapid deterioration of the pavement during freeze-thaw cycles. The need for such maintenance and repair is not necessarily indicative of premature pavement failure. However, if appropriate maintenance and repairs are not performed on a timely basis, the serviceable life of the pavement can be reduced significantly.

The pavement surface should be adequately sloped to promote good surface drainage and to reduce water infiltration into the aggregate base course. In down grade areas, the aggregate base course should extend through the slope area to allow any water entering the base course a path to exit.

4.0 CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

It is recommended that PSI be retained to provide observation and testing of construction activities involved in the foundations, earthwork and related activities of this project. PSI cannot accept any responsibility for any conditions that deviate from those described in this report, nor for the performance of the foundations if not engaged to also provide construction observation and testing for this project.

4.1 Moisture Sensitive Soils/Weather Related Recommendations

Every effort should be made to keep the excavations dry. The silty and clay soils encountered at these sites are expected to be sensitive to disturbances caused by construction activities and changes in moisture content.

During wet weather periods, increases in the moisture content of the soil can cause significant reduction in the soil strength and support capabilities. In addition, soils that become wet may be slow to dry and thus significantly retard the progress of grading and compaction activities. It will, therefore, be advantageous to perform earthwork and foundation construction activities during dry weather.

4.2 Drainage and Groundwater Considerations

The encountered groundwater conditions at both school sites are presented in Section 2.4 of this report. It is possible that seasonal variations will cause fluctuations of the water table at the time of construction. Any water accumulation should be removed from excavations. Should excessive and uncontrolled amounts of seepage occur, the geotechnical engineer should be consulted. Water should not be allowed to collect in the foundation excavation or on prepared subgrades of the construction area either during or after construction.

Positive site surface drainage should be provided to reduce infiltration of surface water around the perimeter of the building. The grades should be sloped away from the building and surface drainage should be collected and discharged such that water is not permitted to infiltrate the backfill and area of the building.

4.3 Excavation Safety Considerations

Typically, soils penetrated by augers can be removed with conventional earthmoving equipment (backhoe and/or trencher). However, subsurface excavation equipment varies, and field refusal conditions may vary as well. In previously developed areas, the presence of underground objects, such as uncontrolled fill, foundations, old basement or septic tanks, should be anticipated. Therefore, it is possible that difficult excavation conditions may be encountered at the proposed addition areas between the boring locations.

Excavations near any existing structure or utility should be performed with utmost care and with supervision of geotechnical engineer representative. Locations of all underground utilities within the proposed site must be verified by the contractor prior to excavation.

In Federal Register, Volume 54, No. 209 (October 1989), the United States Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) amended its "Construction Standards for Excavations, 29 CFR, part 1926, Subpart P." This document was issued to better insure the safety of workmen entering trenches or excavations. It is mandated by this federal regulation that excavations, whether they be utility trenches, basement excavation or footing excavations, be constructed in accordance with the MIOSHA guidelines. It is our understanding that these regulations are being strictly enforced and if they are not closely followed, the owner and the contractor could be liable for substantial penalties.

The contractor is solely responsible for designing and constructing stable and safe temporary excavations and should shore, slope or bench the sides of the excavations as required to maintain stability of both the excavation sides and bottom. The contractor's "responsible person," as defined in 29 CFR Part 1926, should evaluate the soil exposed in the excavations as part of the contractor's safety procedures. In no case should slope height, slope inclination, or excavation depth, including utility trench excavation depth, exceed those specified in local, state and federal safety regulations.

All earthwork and foundation placement operations should be conducted in accordance with the project specifications and under the supervision of a representative of the geotechnical engineer. We are providing this information solely as a service to our client. PSI does not

assume responsibility for construction site safety or the contractor's or other parties' compliance with local, state and federal safety or other regulations.

5.0 REPORT LIMITATIONS

The recommendations submitted in this report are based on the available subsurface information obtained by PSI and the project information furnished by Mr. Alton Ainslie, AIA of Kingscott Associates. If there are any revisions to the plans for this project, or if deviations from the subsurface conditions noted in this report are encountered during construction, PSI should be notified immediately to determine if changes in the foundation recommendations are required. If PSI is not notified of such changes, PSI will not be responsible for the impact of those changes on the project.

The geotechnical engineer warrants that the findings, recommendations, specifications or professional advice contained herein have been made in accordance with generally accepted professional engineering practices in the local area. No other warranties are implied or expressed.

After the plans and specifications are completed, the geotechnical engineer should be retained and provided the opportunity to review the final plans and specifications to verify that our engineering recommendations have been properly incorporated into the design documents. At that time, it may be necessary to submit supplementary recommendations. If PSI is not retained to perform these functions, PSI will not be responsible for the impact of these conditions on the project.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Troy School District and their authorized representatives. This report is for the specific application to the proposed construction of new additions and renovations to the existing Athens High School and Troy High School, located in the city of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan.

APPENDIX

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102 Sheet: 1 of 1	Boring Log Number: B-1	PSI Professional Service Industries, Inc.
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan		

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				Surface Elevation: **N/A**						
				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, brown, moist.						
1HA				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray, moist.			14			
2HA					5		12			
3HA							12			
4HA					10		10			
				END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot: 0 20 40 60

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf): 0 2 4 6

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005	Completed: 08/04/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: Hand Auger		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: None	Hole Depth (ft): 10	Approved:
Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.			

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102 Sheet: 1 of 1	Boring Log Number: B-2	Professional Service Industries, Inc.
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan		

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	5 inches of ASPHALT.						
	5 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand and organics, mottled brown and gray, moist.		12 (2,7,5)	14			
2SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, brown to mottled brown and gray, moist, hard.	5	13 (3,6,7)	14			
3SS			17 (4,7,10)	12			
4SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.	10	12 (3,5,7)	12			
5SS		15	12 (2,5,7)	14			
	END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/03/2005	Completed: 08/03/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 15.5	Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-3
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)
	1-1/2 inches of ASPHALT.			
	4-1/2 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.			
1SS	SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel; trace sand and organics; occasional sand seams; mottled brown, dark brown and gray; moist.		12 (2,7,5)	11
2SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray to brown, moist, hard.	5	9 (2,4,5)	14
3SS			16 (4,6,10)	15
4SS		10	12 (3,5,7)	16
5SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.	15	11 (3,5,6)	13
	END OF BORING			

Plastic Limit (%) | Liquid Limit (%) | Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/03/2005	Completed: 08/03/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 15.5	Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-4
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: **N/A**

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	3 inches of SANDY TOPSOIL, dark brown.						
1SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray, moist, very stiff.		11 4,5,6	13			
2SS	SANDY SILT (ML) - trace clay, mottled brown and gray, moist, medium dense.	5	26 6,12,14	16			
3SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand partings, gray, moist, hard to very stiff.		16 8,8,8	9			
4SS		10	11 3,5,6	11			
	END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

3.5 4.5+ 3.75

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: **08/04/2005** Completed: **08/04/2005**			Engineer: **TMM**
Drilling Method: **3-1/4 inch HSA**		Office: **Plymouth**	Drawn By: **TMM**
Driller: **P. Cody**	Drill Rig: **CME-75**	Hole Depth (ft): **10.5**	Approved:
Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.			

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-5
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	3 inches of SANDY TOPSOIL, dark brown.						
1SS	SANDY SILT (ML) - few gravel, trace clay, mottled brown and gray, moist to wet, medium dense.		13 (4,6,7)	17			
2SS	SANDY SILT (ML) - gray, wet, medium dense.	5	16 (5,8,8)	20			
3SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.		14 (4,7,7)	13			
4SS		10	12 (4,5,7)	12			
	END OF BORING						

"N" Blows Per Foot: 0 20 40 60

Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf): 0 2 4 6

4.5+

4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling 4' 0"

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005 Completed: 08/04/2005 Engineer: TMM

Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA Office: Plymouth Drawn By: TMM

Driller: P. Cody Drill Rig: CME-75 Hole Depth (ft): 10.5 Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-6
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	2-1/2 inches of ASPHALT.						
	6 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray, moist, hard.		6 (2,3,3)	11			
2SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.	5	11 (3,5,6)	12			
3SS			14 (4,6,8)	12			
4SS		10	13 (4,6,7)	11			
	END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005	Completed: 08/04/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:

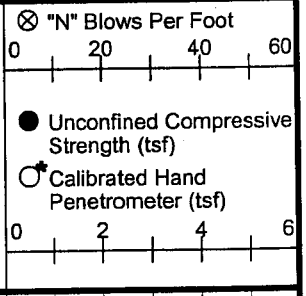
Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

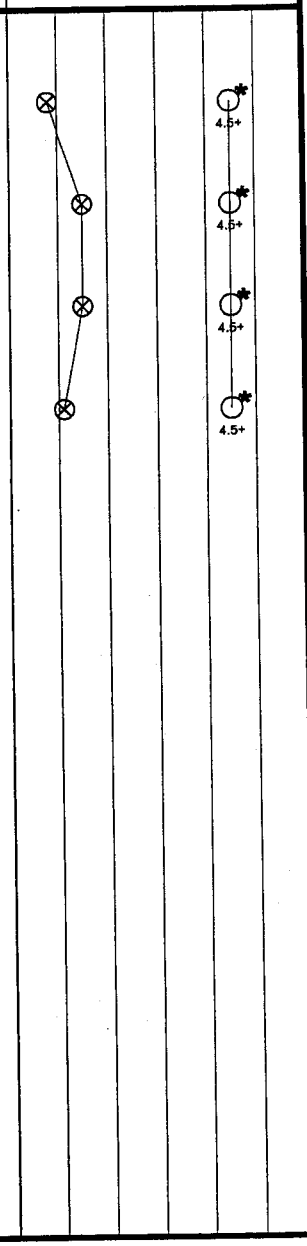
Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-7
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				2-1/2 inches of ASPHALT.						
				6 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray, moist, hard.		8 (2,3,5)	13			
2SS					5	15 (4,7,8)	11			
3SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - some sand, few gravel, occasional silt seams, gray, moist, hard.		15 (4,8,9)	9			
4SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.	10	11 (3,4,7)	15			
				END OF BORING						





Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

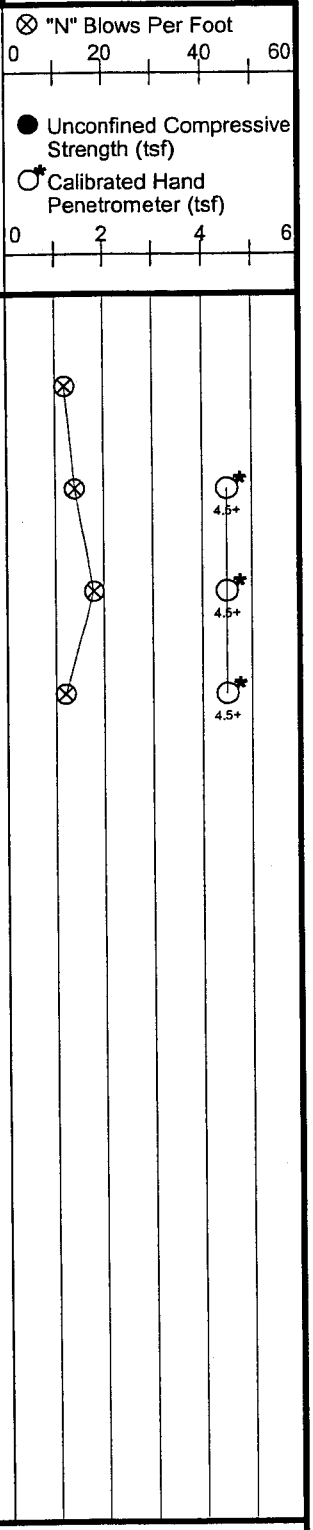
Boring Started: 08/04/2005	Completed: 08/04/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-8
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				Surface Elevation: N/A						
				3 inches of ASPHALT.						
				5 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS				SILTY SAND FILL - fine, trace clay and organics, brown, moist.		12 (2,6,6)	13			
2SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray, moist, hard.	5	14 (2,5,9)	11			
3SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.		18 (5,7,11)	9			
4SS					10	12 (3,5,7)	10			
				END OF BORING						



Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry	Boring Started: 08/03/2005 Completed: 08/03/2005		Engineer: TMM
▼ Water Level At Completion Dry	Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA	Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
_____ After Completion	Driller: P. Cody / Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved: MJH
	Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.		

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-9
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				Surface Elevation: N/A						
				3 inches of SANDY TOPSOIL FILL, dark brown.						
1SS				SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand and organics, mottled brown and dark brown, moist.		18 (8,10,8)	9			
2SS				Organic Content = 2.3%	5	7 (3,3,4)	14			
3SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, occasional silt partings, mottled brown and gray, moist, hard.		19 (5,8,11)	11			
4SS					10	21 (8,10,11)	12			
				END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

4.5+

4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005	Completed: 08/04/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-10
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	3 inches of ASPHALT.						
	5 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SILTY SAND (SM) - fine, few gravel, brown, moist, medium dense.		14 (2,6,8)	9			
2SS	SANDY SILT (ML) - gray, moist, medium dense.	5	14 (4,7,7)	16			
3SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.		12 (3,5,7)	12			
4SS		10	11 (4,5,6)	15			
	END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

♂* Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

4.5+

4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005	Completed: 08/04/2005	Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA	Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved: MWh

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102 Sheet: 1 of 1	Boring Log Number: B-11	PSI Professional Service Industries, Inc.
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan		

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	5 inches of ASPHALT.						
	4 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray, moist, hard.		9 (2,4,5)	13			
2SS		5	18 (5,9,9)	11			
3SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.		11 (4,5,6)	10			
4SS		10	13 (4,6,7)	10			
	END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005 Completed: 08/04/2005 Engineer: TMM

Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA Office: Plymouth Drawn By: TMM

Driller: P. Cody Drill Rig: CME-75 Hole Depth (ft): 10.5 Approved: MH

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-12
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

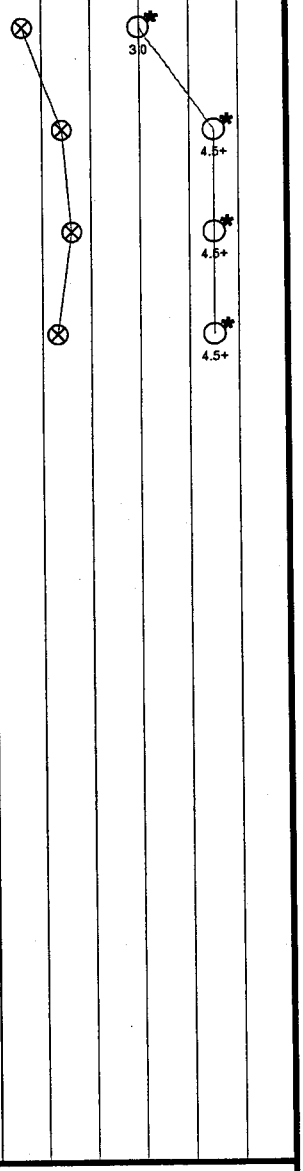
Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	4 inches of ASPHALT.						
	6 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray, moist, very stiff to hard.		6 (2,2,4)	15			
2SS		5	14 (5,8,8)	12			
3SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.		16 (5,7,9)	13			
4SS		10	13 (4,6,7)	14			
	END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)



Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005	Completed: 08/04/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102 Sheet: 1 of 1	Boring Log Number: B-13	PSI Professional Service Industries, Inc.
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan		

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	5 inches of ASPHALT.						
	3 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray, moist.		10 (3,4,6)	10			
2SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand partings, gray, moist, hard.	5	12 (4,6,6)	8			
3SS			10 (5,5,5)	9			
4SS		10	11 (4,5,6)	12			
	END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005 Completed: 08/04/2005			Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:
Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.			

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-14
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	4 inches of ASPHALT.						
	6 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SANDY SILT (ML) - gray, moist, medium dense.		18 (6,10,8)	15			
2SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand partings, gray, moist, hard to very stiff.	5	9 (4,4,5)	9			
3SS			13 (4,5,8)	14			
4SS		10	11 (3,5,6)	12			
	END OF BORING						

"N" Blows Per Foot: 0 20 40 60

Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf): 0 2 4 6

4.5+ 4.5+ 3.75

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

Water Level While Drilling Dry

Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005	Completed: 08/04/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102 Sheet: 1 of 1	Boring Log Number: B-15	Professional Service Industries, Inc.
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan		

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	4 inches of ASPHALT.						
	5 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SANDY SILT (ML) - some clay, gray, moist, medium dense.		13 (4,7,6)	10			
2SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand partings, gray, moist, hard.	5	12 (4,6,6)	9			
3SS			11 (4,5,6)	13			
4SS		10	12 (5,5,7)	13			
	END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)

4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/04/2005	Completed: 08/04/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:

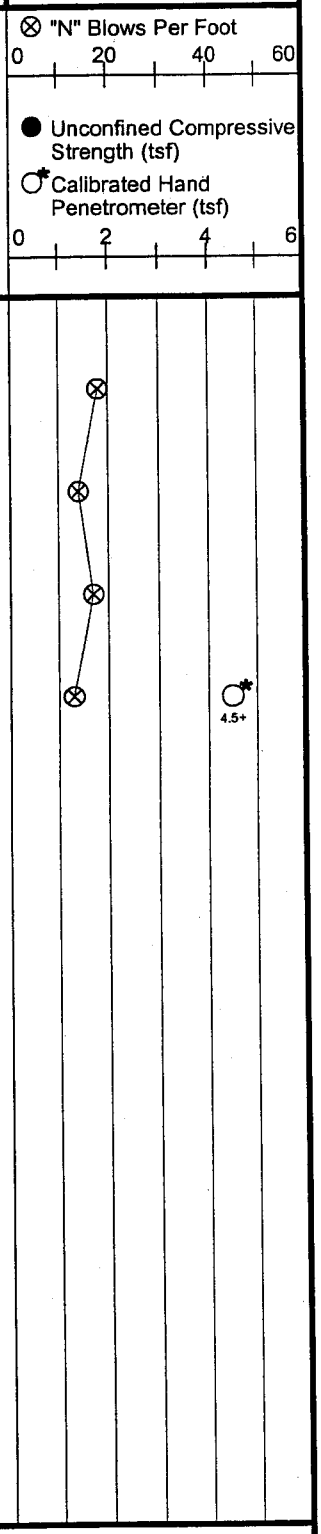
Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-16
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	3 inches of TOPSOIL FILL, dark brown.						
1SS	SILTY SAND FILL - fine, some organics, dark brown, moist.		18 (3,9,9)	9			
	SILTY SAND (SM) - fine, brown, moist, medium dense.						
2SS	SANDY SILT (ML) - some clay, brown to gray, moist, medium dense.	5	14 (12,8,6)	16			
3SS			17 (8,8,9)	20			
4SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.	10	13 (5,6,7)	13			
	END OF BORING						



Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry	Boring Started: 08/04/2005 Completed: 08/04/2005		Engineer: TMM
▼ Water Level At Completion Dry	Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA	Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
_____ After Completion	Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:
	Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.		

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102 Sheet: 1 of 1	Boring Log Number: B-17	Professional Service Industries, Inc.
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan		

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				Surface Elevation: **N/A**						
				4 inches of ASPHALT.						
				7 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS				SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand and organics, occasional sand partings, mottled brown and dark brown, moist.		12 2,4,8	13			
2SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, mottled brown and gray to brown, moist, hard.	5	14 4,6,8	10			
3SS						25 9,12,13	8			
4SS					10	24 6,10,14	18			
				END OF BORING						

"N" Blows Per Foot: 0, 20, 40, 60

Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf): 0, 2, 4, 6

4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: **08/03/2005**	Completed: **08/03/2005**		Engineer: **TMM**
Drilling Method: **3-1/4 inch HSA**		Office: **Plymouth**	Drawn By: **TMM**
Driller: **P. Cody**	Drill Rig: **CME-75**	Hole Depth (ft): **10.5**	Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

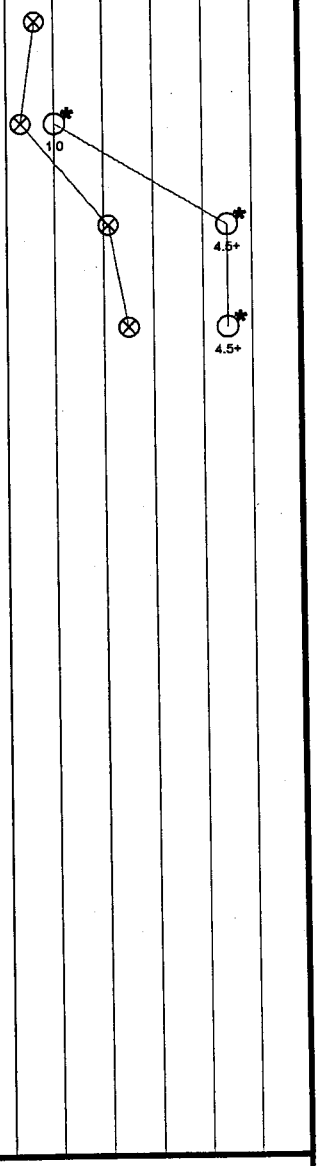
Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102 Sheet: 1 of 1	Boring Log Number: B-18	Professional Service Industries, Inc.
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan		

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				Surface Elevation: N/A						
				4 inches of ASPHALT.						
				6 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS				SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand and organics, occasional sand partings, mottled brown and dark brown, moist.		6 (2,3,3)	14			
2SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - some sand, occasional sand seams, mottled brown and gray, moist, stiff.	5	3 (3,1,2)	20			
3SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand partings, mottled brown and gray to brown, moist, hard.		21 (5,8,13)	14			
4SS					10	25 (5,10,15)	13			
				END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot (0, 20, 40, 60)

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf) (0, 2, 4, 6)



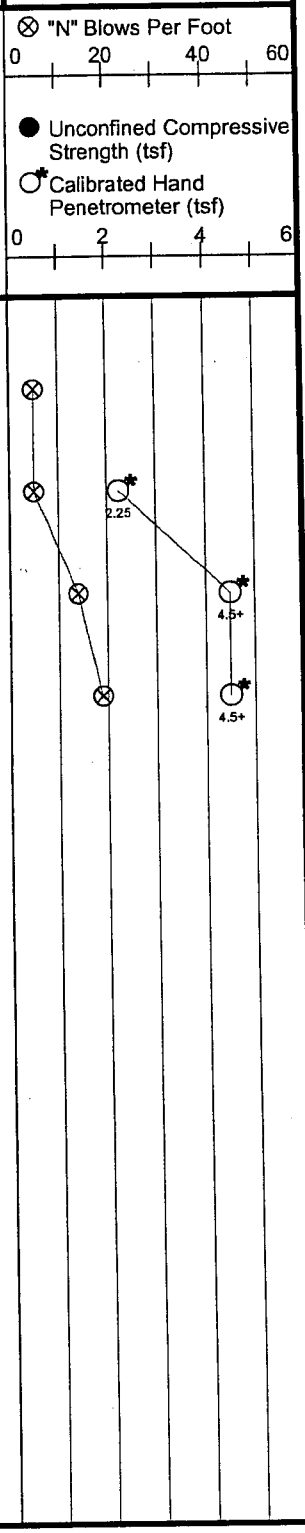
Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry	Boring Started: 08/03/2005	Completed: 08/03/2005	Engineer: TMM
▼ Water Level At Completion Dry	Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA	Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
_____ After Completion	Driller: P. Cody / Drill Rig: CME-75 / Hole Depth (ft): 10.5		Approved:
	Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.		

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102 Sheet: 1 of 1	Boring Log Number: B-19	PSI Professional Service Industries, Inc.
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Athens High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan		

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	4 inches of ASPHALT.						
	7 inches of SAND AND GRAVEL FILL.						
1SS	SANDY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace organics, occasional sand seams, dark brown, moist. Organic Content = 2.8%		5 4,2,3	12			
2SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand and organics, mottled brown and bluish-gray, moist, very stiff.	5	5 2,2,3	19			
3SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, brown, moist, hard.		14 2,5,9	11			
4SS		10	19 2,7,12	12			
	END OF BORING						



Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

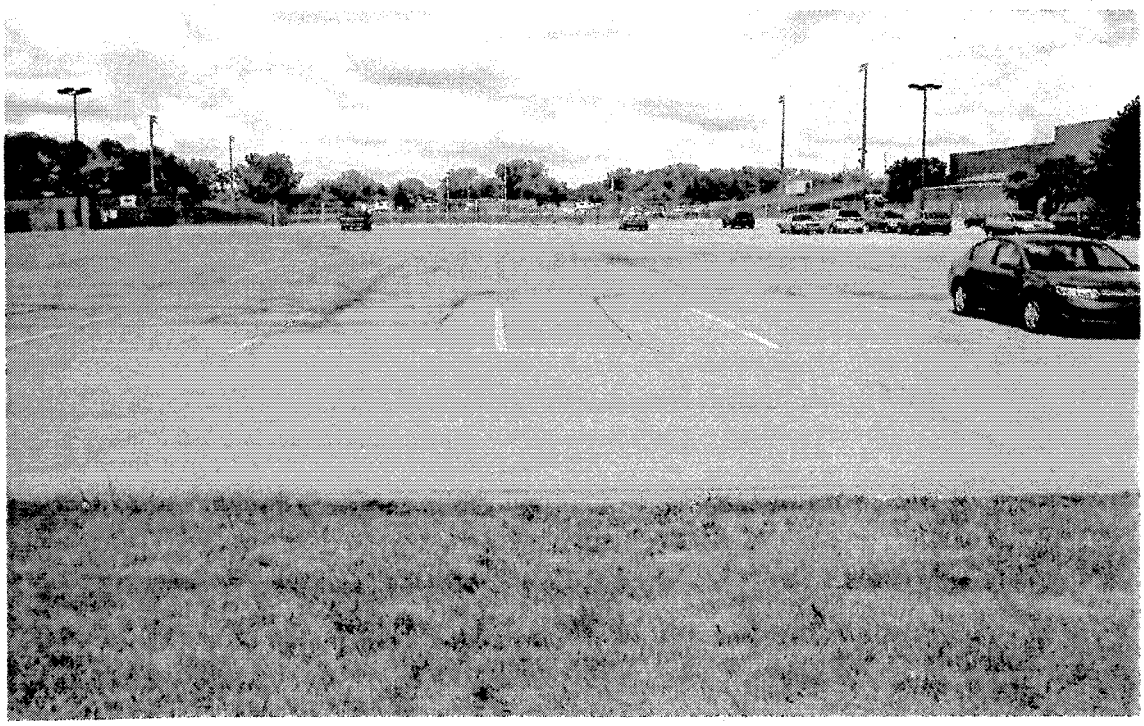
_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/03/2005	Completed: 08/03/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 10.5	Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with auger cuttings and patched with cold bituminous patch.

TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT 2004 BOND PROGRAM, PHASE TWO:
ATHENS HIGH SCHOOL
CITY OF TROY, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN

Photograph No. 1
From Boring B-12, facing south.



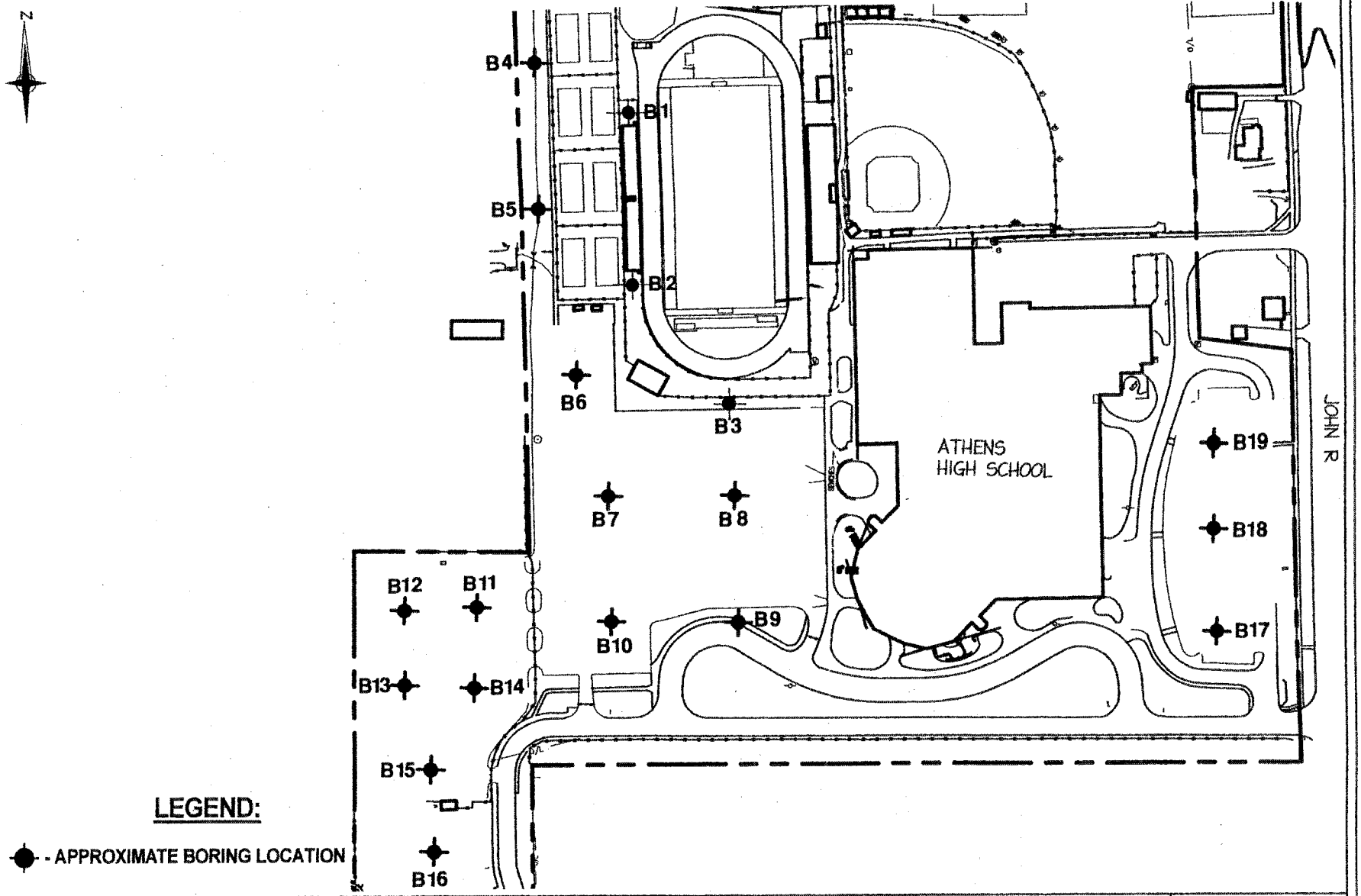
Photograph No. 2
From Boring B-9, facing north.

TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT 2004 BOND PROGRAM, PHASE TWO:
TROY HIGH SCHOOL
CITY OF TROY, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN

Photograph No. 13
From Boring B-46, facing south.

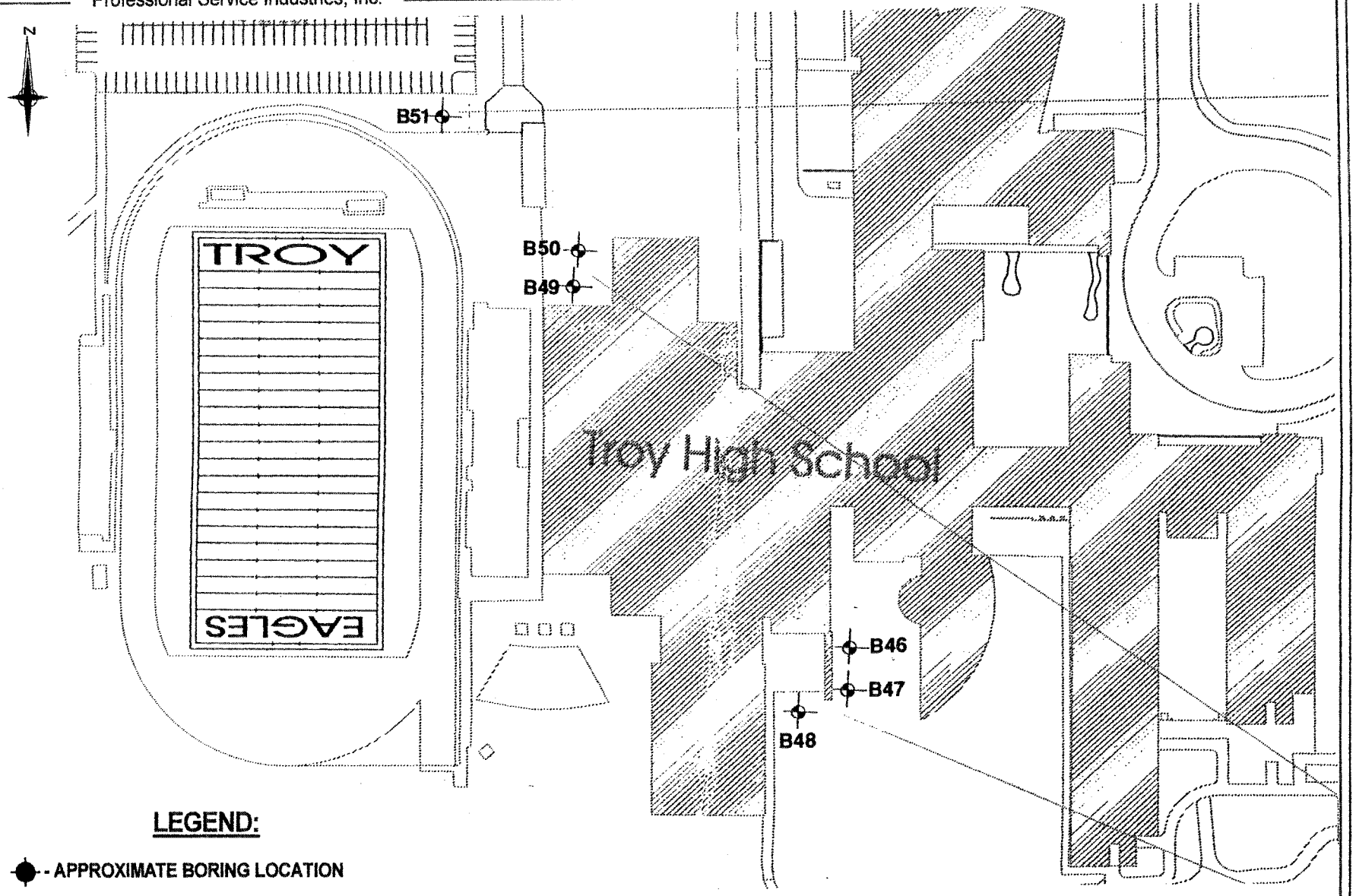
Photograph No. 14
From Boring B-50, facing south.

Professional Service Industries, Inc.



PROJECT NAME:	BORING LOCATION PLAN	PROJECT NUMBER:	DRW. NO.
TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT 2004 BOND PROGRAM PHASE TWO - ATHENS HIGH SCHOOL CITY OF TROY, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN	*REPRODUCED FROM A PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN PREPARED BY KINGSCOTT ASSOCIATES, INC. AND GIVEN TO PSI FOR USE IN THE SOIL EXPLORATION AND REPORT*	381-45102	1
		DATE: August 31, 2005 Scale: As Shown	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.



LEGEND:

⊕ - APPROXIMATE BORING LOCATION

PROJECT NAME:	BORING LOCATION PLAN	PROJECT NUMBER:	DRW. NO.
TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT 2004 BOND PROGRAM PHASE TWO - TROY HIGH SCHOOL CITY OF TROY, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN	*REPRODUCED FROM A PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN PREPARED BY KINGSCOTT ASSOCIATES, INC. AND GIVEN TO PSI FOR USE IN THE SOIL EXPLORATION AND REPORT*	381-45102	7
		DATE: August 31, 2005 Scale: As Shown	

BORING LOGS FOR TROY HIGH SCHOOL

(B-46 through B-51)

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-46
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Troy High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
	2 inches of TOPSOIL FILL, dark brown.						
1SS	SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand seams, brown, moist.		15 (9,9,6)	8			
2SS		5	7 (4,4,3)	15			
3SS			10 (6,4,6)	12			
4SS	SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand and organics, dark brown, moist. Organic Content = 3.0%	10	12 (5,5,7)	12			
5SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, very moist sand seam at 20 feet, brown, moist, very stiff to hard.	15	8 (3,3,5)	14			
6SS		20	17 (2,9,8)	13			
7SS	SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, very stiff.	25	11 (3,5,6)	12			
	END OF BORING						

"N" Blows Per Foot: 0 20 40 60

Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf): 0 2 4 6

3.75

4.5+

2.5

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry

▼ Water Level At Completion Dry

_____ After Completion

Boring Started: 08/03/2005 Completed: 08/03/2005 Engineer: TMM

Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA Office: Plymouth Drawn By: TMM

Driller: P. Cody Drill Rig: CME-75 Hole Depth (ft): 25.5 Approved:

Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-47
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Troy High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

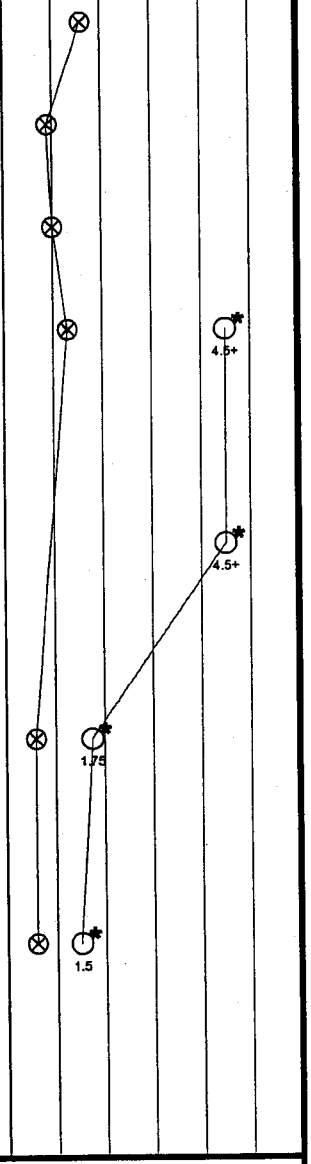
Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				Surface Elevation: N/A						
				2 inches of TOPSOIL FILL, dark brown.						
				16 inches of SILTY SAND FILL, fine, few gravel, brown.						
1SS				SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand seams, brown, moist.		16 (10,9,7)	9			
2SS				SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand and organics, occasional pieces of wood, mottled brown and dark brown, moist.	5	9 (3,4,5)	18			
3SS				Organic Content = 3.1%		10 (5,5,5)	15			
4SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, brown, moist, hard.	10	13 (4,5,8)	13			
5ST					15		14	15	21	
6SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, stiff.	20	6 (2,3,3)	14			
7SS					25	6 (2,2,4)	14			
				END OF BORING						

"N" Blows Per Foot: 0 20 40 60

Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf): 0 2 4 6



Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry	Boring Started: 08/03/2005 Completed: 08/03/2005		Engineer: TMM
▼ Water Level At Completion Dry	Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA	Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
_____ After Completion	Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 25.5	Approved:
	Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.		

Client: **Troy School District**	PSI Project #: **381-45102**	Boring Log Number: **B-48**	Professional Service Industries, Inc.
	Sheet: 1 of 1		
Project: **Troy School District 2004 Bond Program** **Phase Two: Troy High School**	Location: **City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan**		

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				Surface Elevation: **N/A**						
				2 inches of TOPSOIL FILL, dark brown.						
				16 inches of SILTY SAND FILL, fine, few gravel, brown.						
1SS				SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand seams, brown, moist.		19 (8,11,8)	11			
2SS				SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand and organics, occasional pieces of wood, occasional sand seams, mottled brown and dark brown, moist.	5	8 (5,5,3)	12			
3SS						11 (3,6,5)	10			
4SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, occasional sand seams, brown, moist, very stiff.	10	14 (4,8,6)	11			
5SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, very stiff.	15	9 (3,4,5)	12			
6SS					20	9 (3,4,5)	12			
7SS					25	9 (3,4,5)	13			
				END OF BORING						

⊗ "N" Blows Per Foot: 0, 20, 40, 60

● Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf): 0, 2, 4, 6

Penetrometer readings: 2.5, 2.5, 2.5, 2.0

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry	Boring Started: **08/02/2005** Completed: **08/02/2005**		Engineer: **TMM**
▼ Water Level At Completion Dry	Drilling Method: **3-1/4 inch HSA**	Office: **Plymouth**	Drawn By: **TMM**
_____ After Completion	Driller: **P. Cody** Drill Rig: **CME-75** Hole Depth (ft): **25.5**		Approved:
	Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.		

Client: **Troy School District**	PSI Project #: **381-45102**	Boring Log Number: **B-49**	Professional Service Industries, Inc.
	Sheet: **1** of **1**		
Project: **Troy School District 2004 Bond Program** **Phase Two: Troy High School**	Location: **City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan**		

Surface Elevation: **N/A**

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				2 inches of TOPSOIL FILL, dark brown.						
1SS				SILTY CLAY FILL - trace to some organics, few gravel, trace sand, dark brown, moist.		12 (6,6,6)	11			
2SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, brown, moist, very stiff to hard.	5	12 (4,5,7)	13			
3SS						13 (4,6,7)	14			
4SS					10	34 (8,19,15)	18			
5SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard to very stiff.	15	16 (4,7,9)	11			
6ST					20		10	12	20	133
7SS					25	10 (3,4,6)	12			
				END OF BORING						

"N" Blows Per Foot: 0, 20, 40, 60

Unconfined Compressive Strength (tsf)

Calibrated Hand Penetrometer (tsf): 0, 2, 4, 6

Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

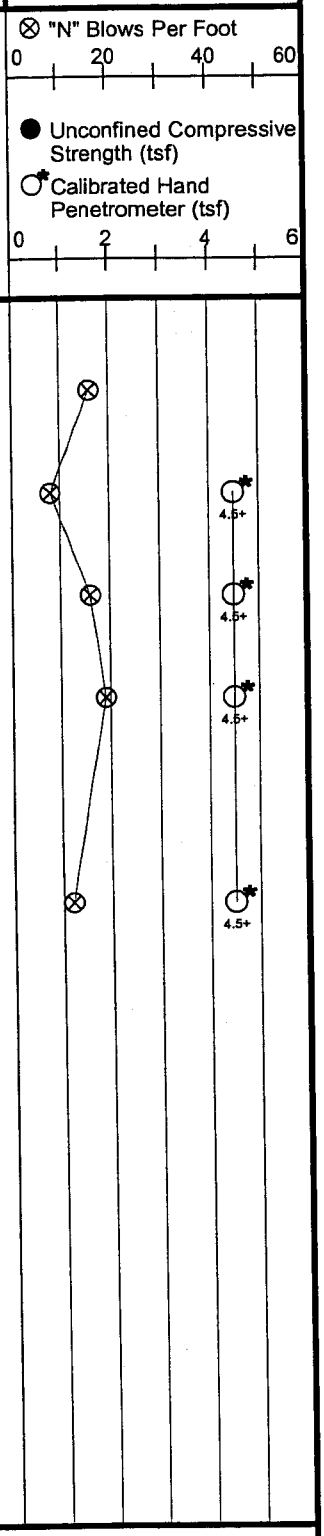
▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry	Boring Started: **08/02/2005** Completed: **08/02/2005**		Engineer: **TMM**
▼ Water Level At Completion Dry	Drilling Method: **3-1/4 inch HSA**	Office: **Plymouth**	Drawn By: **TMM**
_____ After Completion	Driller: **P. Cody** Drill Rig: **CME-75**	Hole Depth (ft): **25.5**	Approved: MSL
	Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.		

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-50
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Troy High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Surface Elevation: N/A

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				2 inches of TOPSOIL FILL, dark brown.						
1SS				16 inches of SILTY SAND FILL, fine few gravel, brown. SILTY CLAY FILL - few gravel, trace sand and organics, brown, moist.		16 5,8,8	10			
2SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, brown, moist, hard.	5	8 6,4,4	12			
3SS						16 4,7,9	12			
4SS					10	19 5,8,11	11			
5SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, gray, moist, hard.	15	12 4,5,7	12			
				END OF BORING						



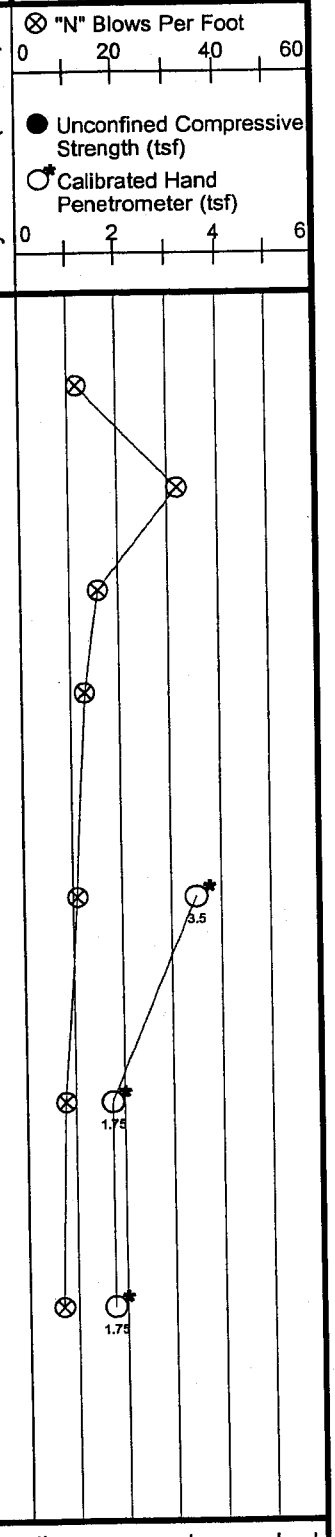
Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling Dry	Boring Started: 08/02/2005	Completed: 08/02/2005	Engineer: TMM
▼ Water Level At Completion Dry	Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA	Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
After Completion	Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 15.5	Approved:
	Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.		

Client: Troy School District	PSI Project #: 381-45102	Boring Log Number: B-51
	Sheet: 1 of 1	
Project: Troy School District 2004 Bond Program Phase Two: Troy High School	Location: City of Troy, Oakland County, Michigan	

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Sample No./Type	Sample Location	Sample Recovery	Graphical Log	Description of Material	Depth (ft)	Blows Per Foot	Moisture Content (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Dry Unit Wt (lb/cu.ft.)
				Surface Elevation: N/A						
1SS				SANDY SILT (ML) - few gravel, occasional sand seams, mottled brown and gray to gray, moist to wet, medium dense to dense.		12 (6,4,8)	12			
2SS					5	32 (11,18,14)	8			
3SS						16 (8,8,8)	13			
4SS					10 ▽	13 (5,6,7)	13			
5SS				SILTY CLAY (CL) - few gravel, trace sand, occasional moist sand seams, gray, moist, very stiff to stiff.	15	11 (4,5,6)	14			
6SS					20	8 (2,3,5)	13			
7SS					25	7 (2,3,4)	13			
				END OF BORING						



Note: The stratification lines indicated here are approximate. In-situ, the transition between soil types may be gradual.

▽ Water Level While Drilling 10' 6"

▼ Water Level At Completion _____

Dry Collapse @ 18' 6" After Completion

Boring Started: 08/02/2005	Completed: 08/02/2005		Engineer: TMM
Drilling Method: 3-1/4 inch HSA		Office: Plymouth	Drawn By: TMM
Driller: P. Cody	Drill Rig: CME-75	Hole Depth (ft): 25.5	Approved:
Note: Boring backfilled with soil unless otherwise noted.			

SECTION 02630
STORM DRAINAGE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes gravity-flow, nonpressure storm drainage outside the building, with the following components:

1. Precast concrete manholes and catch basins.
2. Trench drains.
3. Drainage pipe.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. HDPE: High Density Polyethylene plastic.

B. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

C. UD: High Density Polyethylene perforated plastic underdrain, with filter fabric sock.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Gravity-Flow, Nonpressure, Drainage-Piping Pressure Rating: Pipe joints shall be at least silttight, unless otherwise indicated.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: For the following:

1. Trench Drains, Manholes, and Catch Basins: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and frames and covers.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Do not store plastic manholes, pipe, and fittings in direct sunlight.

B. Protect pipe, pipe fittings, and seals from dirt and damage.

C. Handle manholes according to manufacturer's written rigging instructions.

D. Handle catch basins and stormwater inlets according to manufacturer's written rigging instructions.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Interruption of Existing Storm Drainage Service: Do not interrupt service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary service according to requirements indicated:

1. Notify Construction Manager no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of service.
2. Do not proceed with interruption of service without Construction Manager's written permission.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.

2.2 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Refer to Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article for applications of pipe, fitting, and joining materials.

2.3 HDPE PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Corrugated HDPE Drainage Pipe and Fittings: AASHTO M 252M, Type S, with smooth waterway for coupling joints.

1. Silttight Couplings: HDPE sleeve with ASTM D 1056, Type 2, Class A, Grade 2 gasket material that mates with tube and fittings.

a. Pre-approved products as follows:

1) "N-12" by Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc.
2) "Hi-Q" by Hancor, Inc.

2.4 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. PVC Sewer Pipe and Fittings: ASTM D 3034, with bell-and-spigot ends for gasketed joints with ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.

2.5 NONPRESSURE-TYPE PIPE COUPLINGS

A. Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition coupling, for joining underground nonpressure piping. Include ends of same sizes as piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.

B. Sleeve Materials:

1. For Concrete Pipes: ASTM C 443 (ASTM C 443M), rubber.
2. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.

2.6 CLEANOUTS

A. PVC Cleanouts: PVC body with PVC threaded plug. Include PVC sewer pipe fitting and riser to cleanout of same material as sewer piping.

2.7 MANHOLES

A. Standard Precast Concrete Manholes: ASTM C 478 (ASTM C 478M), precast, reinforced concrete, of depth indicated, with provision for sealant joints.

1. Diameter: 48 inches (1200 mm) minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Ballast: Increase thickness of precast concrete sections or add concrete to base section, as required to prevent flotation.
3. Base Section: 6-inch (150-mm) minimum thickness for floor slab and 4-inch (102-mm) minimum thickness for walls and base riser section, and having separate base slab or base section with integral floor.
4. Riser Sections: 4-inch (102-mm) minimum thickness, and lengths to provide depth indicated.
5. Top Section: Eccentric-cone type unless concentric-cone or flat-slab-top type is indicated. Top of cone of size that matches grade rings.
6. Joint Sealant: ASTM C 990 (ASTM C 990M), bitumen or butyl rubber.
7. Resilient Pipe Connectors: ASTM C 923 (ASTM C 923M), cast or fitted into manhole walls, for each pipe connection.
8. Steps: Individual FRP steps, wide enough to allow worker to place both feet on 1 step and designed to prevent lateral slippage off of step. Cast or anchor steps into sidewalls at

12- to 16-inch (300- to 400-mm) intervals. Omit steps if total depth from floor of manhole to finished grade is less than 60 inches (1500 mm).

9. Grade Rings: Provide 3 reinforced-concrete rings, minimum, of 9-inch (225-mm) minimum total thickness, to match diameter of manhole frame and cover.
10. Manhole Frames and Covers: Refer to Drawings.

2.8 CATCH BASINS

A. Standard Precast Concrete Catch Basins: ASTM C 478 (ASTM C 478M), precast, reinforced concrete, of depth indicated, with provision for sealant joints.

1. Base Section: 6-inch (150-mm) minimum thickness for floor slab and 4-inch (102-mm) minimum thickness for walls and base riser section, and having separate base slab or base section with integral floor.
2. Riser Sections: 4-inch (102-mm) minimum thickness and lengths to provide depth indicated.
3. Top Section: Eccentric-cone type unless concentric-cone or flat-slab-top type is indicated. Top of cone of size that matches grade rings.
4. Joint Sealant: ASTM C 990 (ASTM C 990M), bitumen or butyl rubber.
5. Grade Rings: Provide 3 reinforced-concrete rings, minimum, of 9-inch (225-mm) minimum total thickness, that match 24-inch- (610-mm-) diameter frame and grate.
6. Steps: Individual FRP steps, wide enough to allow worker to place both feet on 1 step and designed to prevent lateral slippage off of step. Cast or anchor steps into sidewalls at 12- to 16-inch (300- to 400-mm) intervals. Omit steps if total depth from floor of catch basin to finished grade is less than 60 inches (1500 mm).
7. Pipe Connectors: ASTM C 923 (ASTM C 923M), resilient, of size required, for each pipe connecting to base section.
8. Frames and Grates: Refer to Drawings.

B. PVC Catch Basins: ASTM D 3034, with bell-and-spigot ends for gasketed joints with ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals, of depth indicated.
   1. Frames and Grates: Refer to Drawings.

C. Trench Drains:
   1. Trench Drain: ACO Drain FG200 complete with bolted gratings as manufactured ACO Polymer Product, Inc., or approved substitute.
   2. Grates: ACO FG200 ductile iron ADA grate with bolt locking as manufactured ACO Polymer Product, Inc., or approved substitute.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EARTHWORK

A. Excavation, trenching, and backfilling are specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork."

3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS

A. Pipe couplings and special pipe fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Use nonpressure-type flexible couplings where required to join gravity-flow, nonpressure sewer piping, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Special Pipe Fittings: Use for pipe expansion and deflection. Pipe couplings and special pipe fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Gravity-Flow, Nonpressure Sewer Piping: Use the pipe materials noted on the Drawings.

3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. General Locations and Arrangements: Drawing plans and details indicate general location and arrangement of underground storm drainage piping. Location and arrangement of piping layout take design considerations into account. Install piping as indicated, to extent practical. Where specific installation is not indicated, follow piping manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Install piping beginning at low point, true to grades and alignment indicated with unbroken continuity of invert. Place bell ends of piping facing upstream. Install gaskets, seals, sleeves, and couplings according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements.

C. Install manholes for changes in direction unless fittings are indicated. Use fittings for branch connections unless direct tap into existing sewer is indicated.

D. Install proper size increasers, reducers, and couplings where different sizes or materials of pipes and fittings are connected. Reducing size of piping in direction of flow is prohibited.

E. Install gravity-flow, nonpressure drainage piping according to the following:

1. Install piping pitched down in direction of flow, at slopes shown on Drawings.
2. Install HDPE corrugated sewer piping according to CPPA's "Recommended Installation Practices for Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe and Fittings."
3. Install PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.
4. Install reinforced-concrete sewer piping according to ASTM C 1479 and ACPA's "Concrete Pipe Installation Manual."

3.4 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Join gravity-flow, nonpressure drainage piping according to the following:

1. Join HDPE piping according to CPPA 100 and the following:

a. Use silttight couplings for Type 1, silttight joints.

2. Join PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM D 3034 for elastomeric-seal joints or ASTM D 3034 for elastomeric gasket joints.

3. Join dissimilar pipe materials with nonpressure-type flexible or rigid couplings.

3.5 CLEANOUT INSTALLATION

A. Install cleanouts and riser extension from sewer pipe to cleanout at grade. Use cast-iron soil pipe fittings in sewer pipes at branches for cleanouts and cast-iron soil pipe for riser extensions to cleanouts. Install piping so cleanouts open in direction of flow in sewer pipe.

1. Use medium-duty, top-loading classification cleanouts in earth or paved foot-traffic areas.
2. Use heavy-duty, top-loading classification cleanouts in vehicle-traffic service areas.

B. Set cleanout frames and covers in earth in cast-in-place concrete block, 18 by 18 by 12 inches (450 by 450 by 300 mm) deep. Set with tops 1 inch (25 mm) above surrounding earth grade, or flush with surrounding pavement.

C. Set cleanout frames and covers in concrete pavement with tops flush with pavement surface.

3.6 MANHOLE INSTALLATION

A. General: Install manholes, complete with appurtenances and accessories indicated.

B. Install precast concrete manhole sections according to ASTM C 891.

C. Set tops of frames and covers flush with finished surface of manholes that occur in pavements. Set tops 1 inch (25 mm) above finished surface elsewhere, unless otherwise indicated.

3.7 CATCH BASIN INSTALLATION

A. Construct catch basins to sizes and shapes indicated.

B. Set frames and grates to elevations indicated.

3.8 TRENCH DRAIN INSTALLATION

A. Trench drain systems and grates shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations.

3.9 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

A. Place cast-in-place concrete according to ACI 318/318R.

3.10 CLOSING ABANDONED STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

A. Abandoned Piping: Close open ends of abandoned underground piping indicated to remain in place. Include closures strong enough to withstand hydrostatic and earth pressures that may result after ends of abandoned piping have been closed. Use either procedure below:

1. Close open ends of piping with threaded metal caps, plastic plugs, or other acceptable methods suitable for size and type of material being closed. Do not use wood plugs.

B. Abandoned Manholes and Structures: Excavate around manholes and structures as required and use procedure below:

1. Remove manhole or structure and close open ends of remaining piping.

C. Backfill to grade according to Division 2 Section "Earthwork."

3.11 IDENTIFICATION

A. Materials and their installation are specified in division 2 Section "Earthwork." Arrange for installation of green warning tape directly over piping and at outside edge of underground structures.

1. Use detectable warning tape over nonferrous piping and over edges of underground structures.

3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Inspect interior of piping to determine whether line displacement or other damage has occurred. Inspect after approximately 24 inches (610 mm) of backfill is in place, and again at completion of Project.

1. Submit separate reports for each system inspection.
2. Defects requiring correction include the following:

    a. Alignment: Less than full diameter of inside of pipe is visible between structures.
    b. Deflection: Flexible piping with deflection that prevents passage of ball or cylinder of size not less than 92.5 percent of piping diameter.
    c. Crushed, broken, cracked, or otherwise damaged piping.
    d. Infiltration: Water leakage into piping.
    e. Exfiltration: Water leakage from or around piping.

3. Replace defective piping using new materials, and repeat inspections until defects are within allowances specified.
4. Reinspect and repeat procedure until results are satisfactory.

B. Test new piping systems, and parts of existing systems that have been altered, extended, or repaired, for leaks and defects.

1. Do not enclose, cover, or put into service before inspection and approval.

2. Test completed piping systems according to authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Schedule tests and inspections by authorities having jurisdiction with at least 24 hours' advance notice.
4. Submit separate report for each test.

C. Replace leaking piping using new materials, and repeat testing until leakage is within allowances specified.

3.13 CLEANING

A. Clean interior of piping of dirt and superfluous materials.

END OF SECTION 02630

SECTION 02741
HOT-MIX ASPHALT PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Cold milling of existing hot-mix asphalt pavement.
2. Hot-mix asphalt paving.
3. Parking lot pavement-marking paint.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for aggregate subbase and base courses and for aggregate pavement shoulders.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Hot-Mix Asphalt Paving Terminology: Refer to ASTM D 8 for definitions of terms.

B. MDOT: Michigan Department of Transportation.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include technical data and tested physical and performance properties.

B. Job-Mix Designs: Certification, by authorities having jurisdiction, of approval of each job mix proposed for the Work.

C. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in the "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project name and addresses, manes and addresses of architects and owners, and other specified information.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer's Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who has completed hot-mix asphalt paving similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.

B. Manufacturer's Qualifications: Engage a firm experienced in manufacturing hot-mix asphalt similar to that indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.

1. Firm shall be registered and approved paving mix manufacturer with authorities having jurisdiction or with the DOT of the state which Project is located.

C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with MDOT's *Standard Specifications for Construction*, current edition, for asphalt paving work.

D. Asphalt-Paving Publication: Comply with AI MS-22, "Construction of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements," unless more stringent requirements are indicated

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver pavement-marking materials to Project site in original packages with seals unbroken and bearing manufacturer's labels containing brand name and type of material, date of manufacture, and directions for storage.

B. Store pavement-marking materials in a clean, dry, protected location within temperature range required by manufacturer. Protect stored materials from direct sunlight.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not apply asphalt materials if subgrade is wet or excessively damp or if the following conditions are not met:

1. Tack Coat: Minimum surface temperature of 60 deg F (15.5 deg C).
2. Asphalt Base Course: Minimum surface temperature of 40 deg F (4 deg C) and rising at time of placement.
3. Asphalt Surface Course: Minimum surface temperature of 60 deg F (15.5 deg C) at time of placement.

B. Pavement-Marking Paint: Proceed with pavement marking only on clean, dry surfaces and at a minimum ambient or surface temperature of 40 deg F (4 deg C) for oil-based materials, 50 deg F (10 deg C) for water-based materials, and not exceeding 95 deg F (35 deg C).

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 AGGREGATES

A. General: Use materials and gradations that have performed satisfactorily in previous installations.

1. Coarse Aggregate: ASTM D 692, sound, angular crushed stone, or crushed gravel.
2. Fine Aggregate: ASTM D 1073, sharp-edged natural sand or sand prepared from stone, gravel, or combinations thereof. Limit natural sand to a maximum of 20 percent (20%) by weight of the total aggregate mass.

2.2 ASPHALT MATERIALS

A. Asphalt Cement: ASTM D 3381 for viscosity-graded material; ASTM D 946 for penetration-graded material.

B. Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) **shall not be allowed** in the surface course of any pavements.

C. Tack Coat: ASTM D 977, emulsified asphalt or ASTM D 2397, cationic emulsified asphalt, slow setting, diluted in water, of suitable grade and consistency for application.

D. Water: Potable.

2.3 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

A. Pavement-Marking Paint:

1. Alkyd-resin type, lead and chromate free, ready mixed, complying with FS TT-P-115, Type I or AASHTO M 248, Type N.
2. Color: White or yellow, as indicated, except blue for Barrier Free parking symbols.

B. Bond Coat: SS-1h emulsion.

2.4 MIXES

A. Hot-Mix Asphalt: Provide dense, hot-laid, hot-mix asphalt plant mixes approved by authorities having jurisdiction; designed according to procedures in AI MS-2, "Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot-Mix Types"; and complying with the following requirements:

1. Base Course: MDOT 1100L-20AA
2. Surface Course: MDOT 1100T-20AA

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that subgrade is dry and in suitable condition to support paving and imposed loads.

B. Proof-roll subbase using heavy, pneumatic-tired rollers to locate areas that are unstable or that require further compaction.

C. Proceed with paving only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 COLD MILLING

A. Clean existing pavement surface of loose and deleterious material immediately before cold milling. Remove existing asphalt pavement by cold milling to grades and cross sections indicated.

1. Mill to a depth of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).
2. Mill to a uniform finished surface free of excessive gouges, grooves, and ridges.
3. Control rate of milling to prevent tearing of existing asphalt course.
4. Repair or replace curbs, manholes, and other construction damaged during cold milling.
5. Excavate and trim unbound-aggregate base course, if encountered, and keep material separate from milled hot-mix asphalt.
6. Transport milled hot-mix asphalt to asphalt recycling facility.
7. Keep milled pavement surface free of loose material and dust.

3.3 SURFACE PREPARATION

A. General: Immediately before placing asphalt materials, remove loose and deleterious material from substrate surfaces. Ensure that prepared subgrade is ready to receive paving.

1. Sweep loose granular particles from surface of unbound-aggregate base course. Do not dislodge or disturb aggregate embedded in compacted surface of base course.

3.4 HOT-MIX ASPHALT PLACING

A. Machine place hot-mix asphalt on prepared surface, spread uniformly, and strike off. Place asphalt mix by hand to areas inaccessible to equipment in a manner that prevents segregation of mix. Place each course to required grade, cross section, and thickness when compacted.

1. Place hot-mix asphalt base course in number of lifts and thicknesses indicated.
2. Spread mix at minimum temperature of 250 deg F (121 deg C).
3. Begin applying mix along centerline of crown for crowned sections and on high side of one-way slopes, unless otherwise indicated.
4. Regulate paver machine speed to obtain smooth, continuous surface free of pulls and tears in asphalt-paving mat.

B. Place paving in consecutive strips not less than 10 feet (3 m) wide unless infill edge strips of a lesser width are required.

1. After first strip has been placed and rolled, place succeeding strips and extend rolling to overlap previous strips. Complete a section of asphalt base course before placing asphalt surface course.

C. Promptly correct surface irregularities in paving course behind paver. Use suitable hand tools to remove excess material forming high spots. Fill depressions with hot-mix asphalt to prevent segregation of mix; use suitable hand tools to smooth surface.

D. A bond coat of SS-1h emulsion shall be provided between the base and surface courses when either 48 hours have elapsed between placement of the courses or the surface of the pavement has been contaminated with dire, dust, or foreign material.

3.5 JOINTS

A. Construct joints to ensure a continuous bond between adjoining paving sections. Construct joints free of depressions with same texture and smoothness as other sections of hot-mix asphalt course.

1. Clean contact surfaces and apply tack coat to joints.
2. Offset longitudinal joints, in successive courses, a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm).
3. Offset transverse joints, in successive courses, a minimum of 24 inches (600 mm).
4. Construct transverse joints as described in AI MS-22, "Construction of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements."
5. Compact joints as soon as hot-mix asphalt will bear roller weight without excessive displacement.
6. Compact asphalt at joints to a density within 2 percent of specified course density.

3.6 COMPACTION

A. General: Begin compaction as soon as placed hot-mix paving will bear roller weight without excessive displacement. Compact hot-mix paving with hot, hand tampers or vibratory-plate compactors in areas inaccessible to rollers.

1. Complete compaction before mix temperature cools to 185 deg F (85 deg C).

B. Breakdown Rolling: Complete breakdown or initial rolling immediately after rolling joints and outside edge. Examine surface immediately after breakdown rolling for indicated crown, grade, and smoothness. Correct laydown and rolling operations to comply with requirements.

C. Intermediate Rolling: Begin intermediate rolling immediately after breakdown rolling while hot-mix asphalt is still hot enough to achieve specified density. Continue rolling until hot-mix asphalt course has been uniformly compacted to the following density:

1. Average Density: 96 percent of reference laboratory density according to AASHTO D 1559, but not less than 94 percent nor greater then 100%.

D. Finish Rolling: Finish roll paved surfaces to remove roller marks while hot-mix asphalt is still warm.

E. Edge Shaping: While surface is being compacted and finished, trim edges of pavement to proper alignment. Bevel edges while asphalt is still hot with back of rake of smooth iron. Compact thoroughly using tamper or other satisfactory method.

F. Repairs: Remove paved areas that are defective or contaminated with foreign materials and replace with fresh, hot-mix asphalt. Compact by rolling to specified density and surface smoothness.

G. Protection: After final rolling, do not permit vehicular traffic on pavement until it has cooled and hardened.

H. Erect barricades to protect paving from traffic until mixture has cooled enough not to become marked.

3.7 PAVEMENT MARKING

A. Do not apply pavement-marking paint until layout, colors, and pavement have been verified with Architect.

B. Allow paving to cure for 30 days before stating pavement marking.

C. Sweep and clean surface to eliminate loose material and dust.

3.8 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

A. Thickness: Compact each course to produce the minimum thickness indicated. No minus tolerance is allowed.

B. Surface Smoothness: Compact each course to produce a surface smoothness within the following tolerances as determined by using a 10-foot (3-m) straightedge applied transversely or longitudinally to paved areas:

1. Base Course: 1/4 inch (6 mm).
2. Surface Course: 1/8 inch (3 mm).

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and to prepare test reports.

1. Testing agency will conduct and interpret tests and state in each report whether tested Work complies with or deviates from specified requirements.

B. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

C. Thickness: In-place compacted thickness of hot-mix asphalt courses will be determined according to ASTM D 3549.

D. Surface Smoothness: Finished surface of each hot-mix asphalt course will be tested for compliance with smoothness tolerances.

E. In-Place Density: Testing agency will take samples of uncompacted paving mixtures and compacted pavement according to ASTM D 979.

F. Remove and replace or install additional hot-mix asphalt where test results or measurements indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 02741

SECTION 02751
CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes exterior cement concrete pavement for the following:

1. Curbs, pavements and walkways.
2. Detectable warning devices at curb ramps.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for subgrade preparation and grading.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of manufactured material and product indicated.

B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete pavement mixture. Include alternate mixture designs when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

C. Material Certificates: Signed by manufacturers certifying that each of the following materials complies with requirements:

1. Cementitious materials.
2. Steel reinforcement and reinforcement accessories.
3. Admixtures.
4. Curing compounds.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed pavement work similar in material, design and extent to that indicated for the Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.

B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer of ready-mixed concrete products who complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.

1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."

C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant and each aggregate from one source.

D. ACI Publications: Comply with ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete," unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.

E. Concrete Testing Service: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Traffic Control: Maintain access for vehicular and pedestrian traffic as required for other construction activities.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FORMS

A. Form Materials: Plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood, or other approved panel-type materials to provide full-depth, continuous, straight, smooth exposed surfaces.

1. Use flexible or curved forms for curves with a radius 100 feet (30.5 m) or less.

B. Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 (Grade 420); deformed.

B. Joint Dowel Bars: Plain steel bars, ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 (Grade 420). Cut bars true to length with ends square and free of burrs.

2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

A. Cementitious Material: Use the same brand and type of cementitious material from the same manufacturer throughout the Project:

B. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type IA Portland type, gray color.

C. Aggregate: MDOT 6A **Limestone**.

1. Do not use fine or coarse aggregates containing substances that cause spalling.

D. Water: ASTM C 94.

2.4 CURING MATERIALS

A. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. (305 g/sq. m) dry.

B. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.

C. Water: Potable.

D. White Waterborne Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 2, Class B.

2.5 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber.

B. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.

C. Detectable Warnings: Provide Armor-Tile, Cast In Place Truncated Dome Detectable Warning System as manufactured by Engineered Plastics, Inc., 300 International Drive, Suite 100, Williamsville, NY 14221, (800 682-2525), or approved substitute.
1. Color to be selected from manufacturer's standard list. Install per manufacturer's written recommendations and as detailed on the Drawings.

2.6 CONCRETE MIXTURES

A. Prepare design mixtures, proportioned according to ACI 301, for each type and strength of normal-weight concrete determined by either laboratory trial mixes or field experience.

1. Use a qualified independent testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed concrete mixture designs for the trial batch method.

B. Proportion mixtures to provide normal-weight concrete with the following properties:

1. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 4000 psi (27.6 MPa).

2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio at Point of Placement: 0.45.
3. Slump Limit: 4 inches (100 mm), plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).

C. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in normal-weight concrete at point of placement having an air content as follows:

1. Air Content: 4-1/2 percent plus or minus 1.5 percent for 1-inch (25-mm) nominal maximum aggregate size.

D. Chemical Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.

E. Cementitious Materials: Limit percentage, by weight, of cementitious materials other than portland cement according to ACI 301 requirements.

2.7 CONCRETE MIXING

A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M. Furnish batch certificates for each batch discharged and used in the Work.
1. When air temperature is between 85 deg F (30 deg C) and 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine exposed subgrades and surfaces for compliance with requirements for dimensional, grading, and elevation tolerances.

B. Proof-roll as specified in other Division 2 sections.

C. Proceed with concrete pavement operations only after nonconforming conditions have been corrected and subgrade is ready to receive pavement.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Remove loose material from compacted subbase surface immediately before placing concrete.

3.3 EDGE FORMS AND SCREED CONSTRUCTION

A. Set, brace, and secure edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed guides for pavement to required lines, grades, and elevations. Install forms to allow continuous progress of work and so forms can remain in place at least 24 hours after concrete placement.

B. Clean forms after each use and coat with form-release agent to ensure separation from concrete without damage.

3.4 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.

B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, or other bond-reducing materials.

C. Arrange, space, and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position during concrete placement. Maintain minimum cover to reinforcement.

3.5 JOINTS

A. General: Construct joints and tool edgings true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Construction Joints: Set construction joints at side and end terminations of pavement and at locations where pavement operations are stopped for more than one-half hour, unless pavement terminates at isolation joints.

1. Continue reinforcement across construction joints, unless otherwise indicated. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip pavement, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Use a bonding agent at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
3. Use epoxy-bonding adhesive at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.

C. Isolation Joints: Form isolation joints of preformed joint-filler strips abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, walks, other fixed objects, and where indicated.

1. Locate expansion joints at intervals of 50 feet (15.25 m), unless otherwise indicated.
2. Extend joint fillers full width and depth of joint, terminating flush with finished concrete surface, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Terminate joint filler not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) or more than 1 inch (25 mm) below finished surface if joint sealant, specified in Division 2 Section "Pavement Joint Sealants," is indicated.
4. Furnish joint fillers in one-piece lengths for full width being placed where possible. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip joint-filler sections together.
5. Protect top edge of joint filler during concrete placement with metal, plastic, or other temporary preformed cap. Remove protective cap after concrete has been placed on both sides of joint.

D. Contraction Joints: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of the concrete thickness, as follows:

1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint with groover tool to the following radius. Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover marks on concrete surfaces. **Sawed joints will not be accepted.**

a. Radius: 1/4 inch (6 mm).

E. Edging: Tool edges of pavement and joints in concrete after initial floating with an edging tool to the following radius. Repeat tooling of edges after applying surface finishes. Eliminate tool marks on concrete surfaces.

1. Radius: 1/4 inch (6 mm).

3.6 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

A. Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, steel reinforcement, and items to be embedded or cast in. Notify other trades to permit installation of their work.

B. Remove snow, ice, or frost from subbase surface and reinforcement before placing concrete. Do not place concrete on frozen surfaces.

C. Moisten subbase to provide a uniform dampened condition at time concrete is placed. Do not place concrete around manholes or other structures until they are at required finish elevation and alignment.

D. Comply with ACI 301 requirements for measuring, mixing, transporting, and placing concrete.

E. Do not add water to concrete during delivery or at Project site.

F. Do not add water to fresh concrete after testing.

G. Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints. Do not push or drag concrete into place or use vibrators to move concrete into place.

H. Consolidate concrete according to ACI 301 by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand spading, rodding, or tamping.

1. Consolidate concrete along face of forms and adjacent to transverse joints with an internal vibrator. Keep vibrator away from joint assemblies, reinforcement, or side forms. Use only square-faced shovels for hand spreading and consolidation. Consolidate with care to prevent dislocating reinforcement, dowels, and joint devices.

I. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1 and as follows. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.

1. When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40 deg F (4.4 deg C), uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture

temperature of not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) and not more than 80 deg F (27 deg C) at point of placement.

2. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow.
3. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mix designs.

J. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 and as follows when hot-weather conditions exist:

1. Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F (32 deg C) at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
2. Cover steel reinforcement with water-soaked burlap so steel temperature will not exceed ambient air temperature immediately before embedding in concrete.
3. Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade moisture uniform without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

K. Place concrete in two operations; strike off initial pour for entire width of placement and to the required depth below finish surface. Lay welded wire fabric or fabricated bar mats immediately in final position. Place top layer of concrete, strike off, and screed.

1. Remove and replace concrete that has been placed for more than 15 minutes without being covered by top layer, or use bonding agent if approved by Architect.

L. Screed pavement surfaces with a straightedge and strike off.

M. Commence initial floating using bull floats or darbies to impart an open textured and uniform surface plane before excess moisture or bleed water appears on the surface. Do not further disturb concrete surfaces before beginning finishing operations or spreading surface treatments.

N. Curbs and Gutters: When automatic machine placement is used for curb and gutter placement, submit revised mix design and laboratory test results that meet or exceed requirements. Produce curbs and gutters to required cross section, lines, grades, finish, and jointing as specified for formed concrete. If results are not approved, remove and replace with formed concrete.

O. Detectable Warnings: Install per manufacturer's written recommendations and as detailed on the Drawings.

3.7 FLOAT FINISHING

A. General: Do not add water to concrete surfaces during finishing operations.

B. Float Finish: Begin the second floating operation when bleed-water sheen has disappeared and concrete surface has stiffened sufficiently to permit operations. Float surface with power-driven floats, or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Finish surfaces to true planes. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Refloat surface immediately to uniform granular texture.

1. Medium-to-Fine-Textured Broom Finish: Draw a soft bristle broom across float-finished concrete surface perpendicular to line of traffic to provide a uniform, fine-line texture.

3.8 CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

B. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection.

C. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

D. Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.

E. Curing Methods: Cure concrete by moisture curing, moisture-retaining-cover curing, curing compound, or a combination of these as follows:

1. Moist Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:

   a. Water.
   b. Continuous water-fog spray.
   c. Absorptive cover, water saturated and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges with 12-inch (300-mm) lap over adjacent absorptive covers.

2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches (300 mm), and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.

3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

3.9 PAVEMENT TOLERANCES

A. Comply with tolerances of ACI 117 and as follows:

1. Elevation: 1/4 inch (6 mm).
2. Thickness: Plus 3/8 inch (10 mm), minus 1/4 inch (6 mm).
3. Surface: Gap below 10-foot- (3-m-) long, unleveled straightedge not to exceed 1/4 inch (6 mm).
4. Joint Spacing: 3 inches (75 mm).

5. Contraction Joint Depth: Plus 1/4 inch (6 mm), no minus.
6. Joint Width: Plus 1/8 inch (3 mm), no minus.

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to sample materials, perform tests, and submit test reports during concrete placement. Tests will be performed according to ACI 301.

3.11 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

A. Remove and replace concrete pavement that is broken, damaged, or defective or that does not comply with requirements in this Section.

B. Drill test cores, where directed by Architect, when necessary to determine magnitude of cracks or defective areas. Fill drilled core holes in satisfactory pavement areas with portland cement concrete bonded to pavement with epoxy adhesive.

C. Protect concrete from damage. Exclude traffic from pavement for at least 14 days after placement. When construction traffic is permitted, maintain pavement as clean as possible by removing surface stains and spillage of materials as they occur.

D. Maintain concrete pavement free of stains, discoloration, dirt, and other foreign material. Sweep concrete pavement not more than two days before date scheduled for Substantial Completion inspections.

END OF SECTION 02751

SECTION 02780
UNIT PAVERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Brick pavers set in sand setting bed over concrete substrate.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for compacted subgrade and subbase course under unit pavers.
2. Division 2 Section "Cement Concrete Pavement" for concrete base course under unit pavers.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:

1. Pavers.

B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available for each type of unit paver indicated.

1. Include similar Samples of material for joints and accessories involving color selection.

C. Samples for Verification: Full-size units of each type of unit paver indicated; in sets for each color, texture, and pattern specified, showing the full range of variations expected in these characteristics.

1. Provide Samples, showing the full range of colors to be expected in the completed Work.

D. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

E. Sieve Analyses: For sand setting-bed materials, according to ASTM C 136.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed unit paver installations similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of unit paver, joint material, and setting material from one source with resources to provide materials and products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect unit pavers and aggregate during storage and construction against soiling or contamination from earth and other materials.

1. Cover pavers with plastic or use other packaging materials that will prevent rust marks from steel strapping.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Cold-Weather Protection: Do not use frozen materials or materials mixed or coated with ice or frost. Do not build on frozen subgrade or setting beds. Remove and replace unit paver work damaged by frost or freezing.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 BRICK PAVERS

A. Brick Pavers: Heavy vehicular paving brick; ASTM C 1272, Type F, Application PX. Provide brick without frogs or cores in surfaces exposed to view in the completed Work.

1. Thickness: 2-5/8 inches (67 mm).
2. Face Size: 3-5/8 by 7-5/8 inches (92 by 194 mm).
3. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.2 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Licensee of Uni-Group U.S.A. that markets unit pavers in Project location.
2. Licensee of Hanover that markets unit pavers in Project location.
3. Licensee of Wausau that markets unit pavers in Project location.

2.3 SAND SETTING-BED MATERIALS

A. In compliance with ASTM Specification C33, the bedding sand shall comprise a clean, well graded sand in compliance with the following grading limits:

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
3/8"	100
No. 4	95 - 100
No. 8	80 - 100
No. 16	50 - 85
No. 30	25 - 60
No. 50	20 - 30
No. 100	5 – 15
No. 200	0 – 10

1. Bedding sand shall be dry, sharp and free of organics and deleterious soluble salts or other contaminants likely to cause efflorescence.
2. Bedding sand shall not contain limestone.
3. The sand shall be of uniform moisture content when screeded and shall be protected against rain when stockpiled on site prior to screeding.
4. The moisture content shall be in the range of 4 - 8%.

2.4 JOINTING SAND MATERIALS

A. In compliance with ASTM Specification C144 - gradation for 1/8" joints - the jointing sand shall be free of organics and soluble salts or contaminants likely to cause efflorescence. The jointing sand shall be in compliance with the following grading limits:

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
No. 4	100
No. 8	95 - 100
No. 16	70 - 100
No. 30	40 - 75
No. 50	10 - 35
No. 100	2 – 15
No. 200	0

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas indicated to receive paving, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Vacuum clean concrete substrates to remove dirt, dust, debris, and loose particles.

B. Remove substances, from concrete substrates, including curing and sealing compounds, form oil, and laitance.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Do not use unit pavers with chips, cracks, voids, discolorations, and other defects that might be visible or cause staining in finished work.

B. Mix pavers from several pallets or cubes, as they are placed, to produce uniform blend of colors and textures.

C. Cut unit pavers with motor-driven masonry saw equipment to provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Cut units to provide pattern indicated and to fit adjoining work neatly. Use full units without cutting where possible. Hammer cutting is not acceptable.

D. Joint Pattern: Herringbone.

E. Tolerances: Do not exceed 1/32-inch (0.8-mm) unit-to-unit offset from flush (lippage) nor 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m) from level, or indicated slope, for finished surface of paving.

F. Expansion and Control Joints: Provide for sealant-filled joints at locations and of widths indicated. Provide joint filler as backing for sealant-filled joints where indicated. Install joint filler before setting pavers. Sealant materials and installation are specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.4 SAND SETTING-BED PAVER APPLICATIONS

A. Provide concrete base as shown on the Drawings.

B. Place sand base in thickness indicated. Compact by tamping with plate vibrator and screed to depth required to allow setting of pavers.

C. Set pavers with a minimum joint width of 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) and a maximum of 1/8 inch (3 mm), being careful not to disturb leveling base. If pavers have spacer bars, place pavers hand tight against spacer bars. Use string lines to keep straight lines. Fill gaps between units that exceed 3/8 inch (10 mm) with pieces cut to fit from full-size unit pavers.

D. Vibrate pavers into leveling course with a low-amplitude plate vibrator capable of a 3500- to 5000-lbf (16- to 22-kN) compaction force at 80 to 90 Hz. Perform at least three passes across paving with vibrator. Vibrate under the following conditions:

1. After edge pavers are installed and there is a completed surface or before surface is exposed to rain.
2. Before ending each day's work, fully compact installed concrete pavers to within 36 inches (900 mm) of the laying face. Cover open layers with nonstaining plastic sheets overlapped 48 inches (1200 mm) on each side of the laying face to protect it from rain.

E. Spread dry sand and fill joints immediately after vibrating pavers into leveling course. Vibrate pavers and add sand until joints are completely filled, then remove excess sand. Leave a slight surplus of sand on the surface for joint filling.

F. Do not allow traffic on installed pavers until sand has been vibrated into joints.

G. Repeat joint-filling process 30 days later.

3.5 REPAIR, POINTING, CLEANING, AND PROTECTION

A. Remove and replace unit pavers that are loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or that do not match adjoining units as intended. Provide new units to match adjoining units and install in same manner as original units, with same joint treatment and with no evidence of replacement.

END OF SECTION 02780

SECTION 02821
GALVANIZED STEEL CHAIN-LINK FENCES AND GATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Galvanized steel chain-link fabric.
2. Galvanized steel framework.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for filling and for grading work.
2. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for concrete for post footings.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. CLFMI: Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute.

B. Zn-5-Al-MM Alloy: Zinc-5 percent aluminum-mischmetal alloy.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Material descriptions, construction details, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for the following:

1. Fence and gate posts, rails, and fittings.
2. Chain-link fabric, reinforcements, and attachments.
3. Gates and hardware.

B. Product Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of chain-link fences and gates certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.

C. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of Construction Managers and owners, and other information specified.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed chain-link fences and gates similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.

B. Source Limitations for Chain-Link Fences and Gates: Obtain each color, grade, finish, type, and variety of component for chain-link fences and gates from one source with resources to provide chain-link fences and gates of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify layout information for chain-link fences and gates shown on Drawings in relation to property survey and existing structures. Verify dimensions by field measurements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CHAIN-LINK FENCE FABRIC

A. Steel Chain-Link Fence Fabric: Provide fabric fabricated in one-piece widths for fencing in height of 12 feet (3.6 m) and less. Comply with CLFMI's "Product Manual" and with requirements indicated below:

1. Mesh and Wire Size: 2-inch (50-mm) mesh, 0.148-inch (3.76-mm) diameter.
2. Zinc-Coated Fabric: ASTM A 392, with zinc coating applied to steel wire before weaving according to ASTM A 817, Type II, zinc coated (galvanized) with the following minimum coating weight:

    a. Class 1: Not less than 1.2 oz./sq. ft. (366 g/sq. m) of uncoated wire surface.

3. Coat selvage ends of fabric that is metallic coated during the weaving process with manufacturer's standard clear protective coating.

B. Selvage: Knuckled at both selvages.

2.2 INDUSTRIAL FENCE FRAMING

A. Round Steel Pipe: Standard weight, Schedule 40, galvanized steel pipe complying with ASTM F 1083. Comply with ASTM F 1043, Material Design Group IA, external and internal

coating Type A, consisting of not less than 1.8-oz./sq. ft. (0.55-kg/sq. m) zinc; and the following strength and stiffness requirements:

1. Line, End, Corner, and Pull Posts and Top Rail: Per requirements for Heavy Industrial Fence.

B. Post Brace Rails: Match top rail for coating and strength and stiffness requirements.

C. Top Rails: Fabricate top rail from lengths 21 feet (6.4 m) or longer, with swedged-end or fabricated for expansion-type coupling, forming a continuous rail along top of chain-link fabric.

D. Intermediate Rails: Match top rail for coating and strength and stiffness requirements.

E. Bottom Rails: Match top rail for coating and strength and stiffness requirements.

2.3 INDUSTRIAL SWING GATES

A. General: Comply with ASTM F 900 for the following swing-gate types:

1. Single gate.
2. Double gate.

B. Metal Pipe and Tubing: Galvanized steel. Comply with ASTM F 1083 and ASTM F 1043 for materials and protective coatings.

C. Frames and Bracing: Fabricate members from round galvanized steel tubing with outside dimension and weight according to ASTM F 900 for the following gate fabric height:

1. Gate Fabric Height: 6 feet (1.83 m) or less.
2. Gate Fabric Height: More than 6 feet (1.83 m).

D. Frame Corner Construction: As follows:

1. Welded.

E. Gate Posts: Fabricate members from round galvanized steel pipe with outside dimension and weight according to ASTM F 900.

F. Hardware: Latches permitting operation from both sides of gate, hinges, center gate stops and, for each gate leaf more than 5 feet (1.5 m) wide, keepers. Fabricate latches with integral eye openings for padlocking; padlock accessible from both sides of gate.

2.4 FITTINGS

A. General: Provide fittings for a complete fence installation, including special fittings for corners. Comply with ASTM F 626.

B. Post and Line Caps: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel. Provide weathertight closure cap for each post.

1. Provide line post caps with loop to receive tension wire or top rail.

C. Rail and Brace Ends: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel. Provide rail ends or other means for attaching rails securely to each gate, corner, pull, and end post.

D. Rail Fittings: Provide the following:

1. Top Rail Sleeves: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel or round steel tubing. Not less than 6 inches (153 mm) long.
2. Rail Clamps: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel. Provide line and corner boulevard clamps for connecting intermediate and bottom rails in the fence line to line posts.

E. Tension and Brace Bands: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel.

F. Tension Bars: Hot-dip galvanized steel, length not less than 2 inches (50 mm) shorter than full height of chain-link fabric. Provide one bar for each gate and end post, and two for each corner and pull post, unless fabric is integrally woven into post.

G. Truss Rod Assemblies: Hot-dip galvanized steel rod and turnbuckle or other means of adjustment.

H. Tie Wires, Clips, and Fasteners: Provide the following types according to ASTM F 626:

1. Standard Round Wire Ties: For attaching chain-link fabric to posts, rails, and frames, complying with the following:

a. Hot-Dip Galvanized Steel: 0.148-inch- (3.76-mm-) diameter wire; galvanized coating thickness matching coating thickness of chain-link fence fabric.

2. Power-driven fasteners.
3. Round Wire Clips: Hot-dip galvanized steel for attaching chain-link fabric to H-beam posts.
4. Round Wire Hog Rings: Hot-dip galvanized steel for attaching chain-link fabric to horizontal tension wires.

2.5 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

A. General: Comply with ACI 301 for cast-in-place concrete.

B. Materials: Portland cement complying with ASTM C 150, aggregates complying with ASTM C 33, and potable water for ready-mixed concrete complying with ASTM C 94.

1. Concrete Mixes: Normal-weight concrete, air entrained, with not less than 3000-psi (20.7- MPa) compressive strength (28 days), 3-inch (75-mm) slump, and 1-inch (25-mm) maximum size aggregate.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for site clearing, earthwork, pavement work, and other conditions affecting performance.

1. Do not begin installation before final grading is completed, unless otherwise permitted by Construction Manager.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Stake locations of fence lines, gates, and terminal posts. Do not exceed intervals of 500 feet (152.5 m) or line of sight between stakes. Indicate locations of utilities, lawn sprinkler system, underground structures, benchmarks, and property monuments.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. General: Install chain-link fencing to comply with ASTM F 567 and more stringent requirements specified.

B. Post Excavation: Drill or hand-excavate holes for posts to diameters and spacings indicated, in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil.

C. Post Setting: Hand-excavate holes for post foundations in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil. Set terminal, line and gate posts in concrete footings. Protect portion of posts aboveground from concrete splatter. Place concrete around posts and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Using mechanical devices to set line posts per ASTM F 567 is not permitted. Verify that posts are set plumb, aligned, and at correct height and spacing, and hold in position during placement and finishing operations until concrete is sufficiently cured.

1. Dimensions and Profile: As indicated on Drawings.
2. Exposed Concrete Footings: Extend concrete 2 inches (50 mm) above grade, smooth, and shape to shed water.

3.4 CHAIN-LINK FENCE INSTALLATION

A. Terminal Posts: Locate terminal end, corner, and gate posts per ASTM F 567 and terminal pull posts at changes in horizontal or vertical alignment of 30 degrees or more.

B. Line Posts: Space line posts uniformly at 10 feet (3.05 m) o.c. maximum.

C. Post Bracing Assemblies: Install according to ASTM F 567, maintaining plumb position and alignment of fencing. Install braces at end and gate posts and at both sides of corner and pull posts. Locate horizontal braces at midheight of fabric on fences with top rail and at two-thirds

fabric height on fences without top rail. Install so posts are plumb when diagonal rod is under proper tension.

D. Top Rail: Install according to ASTM F 567, maintaining plumb position and alignment of fencing. Run rail continuously through line post caps, bending to radius for curved runs and terminating into rail end attached to posts or post caps fabricated to receive rail at terminal posts. Provide expansion couplings as recommended by fencing manufacturer.

E. Intermediate Rails: Install in one piece at post-height center span, spanning between posts, using fittings, special offset fittings, and accessories.

F. Bottom Rails: Install, spanning between posts, using fittings and accessories.

G. Chain-Link Fabric: Apply fabric to play side of enclosing framework. Leave 1 inch (25.4 mm) between finish grade or surface and bottom selvage, unless otherwise indicated. Pull fabric taut and tie to posts, rails, and tension wires. Anchor to framework so fabric remains under tension after pulling force is released.

H. Tension or Stretcher Bars: Thread through fabric and secure to end, corner, pull, and gate posts with tension bands spaced not more than 15 inches (380 mm) o.c.

I. Tie Wires: Use wire of proper length to firmly secure fabric to line posts and rails. Attach wire at one end to chain-link fabric, wrap wire around post a minimum of 180 degrees, and attach other end to chain-link fabric per ASTM F 626. Bend ends of wire to minimize hazard to individuals and clothing.

1. Maximum Spacing: Tie fabric to line posts 12 inches (304 mm) o.c. and to braces 24 inches (609 mm) o.c.

J. Fasteners: Install nuts for tension bands and carriage bolts on the side of the fence opposite the fabric side. Peen ends of bolts or score threads to prevent removal of nuts.

3.5 GATE INSTALLATION

A. General: Install gates according to manufacturer's written instructions, level, plumb, and secure for full opening without interference. Attach fabric as for fencing. Attach hardware using tamper-resistant or concealed means. Install ground-set items in concrete for anchorage. Adjust hardware for smooth operation and lubricate where necessary.

3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Gate: Adjust gate to operate smoothly, easily, and quietly, free from binding, warp, excessive deflection, distortion, nonalignment, misplacement, disruption, or malfunction, throughout entire operational range. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.

B. Lubricate hardware and other moving parts.

3.7 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain gates.

1. Test and adjust hardware and other operable components. Replace damaged or malfunctioning operable components.

END OF SECTION 02821

SECTION 02825
DECORATIVE METAL FENCES AND GATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Decorative steel fences.
2. Swing gates.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for concrete.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: For fences and gates. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

C. Samples: For each fence material and for each color specified.

1. Provide Samples 12 inches (300 mm) in length for linear materials.

D. Welding certificates.

E. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for decorative metallic-coated steel tubular picket fences, including finish, indicating compliance with referenced standard and other specified requirements.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of products.

B. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code – Steel".

C. Emergency Access Requirements: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for gates that must provide emergency access.

D. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for fabrication and installation.

1. Include 10-foot (3-m) length of fence complying with requirements.
2. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 STEEL AND IRON

A. Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

B. Bars (Pickets): Hot-rolled, carbon steel complying with ASTM A 29/A 29M, Grade 1010.

C. Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold formed steel tubing.

D. Bar Grating: NAAMM MBG 531.

1. Bars: Hot-rolled steel strip, ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel, Type B.

2.2 COATING MATERIALS

A. Shop Primers for Steel: Provide primers that comply with Division 9 Section "Exterior Painting."

B. Epoxy Zinc-Rich Primer for Steel: Complying with MPI #20 and compatible with coating specified to be applied over it.

C. Epoxy Intermediate Coat: Complying with MPI #77 and compatible with primer and topcoat.

D. Polyurethane Topcoat: Complying with MPI #72 and compatible with undercoat.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.

1. For aluminum, provide type and alloy as recommended by producer of metal to be welded and as required for strength and compatibility in fabricated items.

B. Concrete: Normal-weight, air-entrained, ready-mix concrete complying with requirements in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3500 psi, 3-inch (75-mm) slump, and 1-inch (25-mm) maximum aggregate size.

C. Nonshrink Grout: Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107 and specifically recommended by manufacturer for exterior applications.

2.4 GROUNDING MATERIALS

A. Grounding Conductors: Bare, solid wire for No. 6 AWG and smaller; stranded wire for No. 4 AWG and larger.

1. Material above Finished Grade: Copper.
2. Material on or below Finished Grade: Copper.
3. Bonding Jumpers: Braided copper tape, 1 inch (25 mm) wide, woven of No. 30 AWG bare copper wire, terminated with copper ferrules.

B. Grounding Connectors and Grounding Rods: Comply with UL 467.

1. Connectors for Below-Grade Use: Exothermic-welded type.
2. Grounding Rods: Copper-clad steel.

a. Size: 5/8 by 96 inches (16 by 2440 mm).

2.5 DECORATIVE METALLIC-COATED STEEL TUBULAR PICKET FENCES

A. Decorative Metallic-Coated Steel Tubular Picket Fences: Comply with ASTM F 2408, for industrial application (class) unless otherwise indicated.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Ameristar Fence Products.
b. Fortress Iron; a division of Woodmark International, LP.
c. Master Halco.

B. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: Galvanized-steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet.

C. Interior surface of tubes formed from uncoated steel sheet shall be hot-dip zinc coated same as exterior.

D. Posts:

1. End, Corner, and Swing Gate Posts: Square steel tubing 4 by 4 inches (102 by 102 mm) with 3/16-inch (4.76-mm) wall thickness, hot-dip galvanized.

E. Post Caps: Formed from steel sheet and hot-dip galvanized after forming.

F. Rails: Square tubes.

1. Size: 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inches (38 by 38 mm).
2. Metal and Thickness: 0.079-inch (2.01-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness, uncoated steel sheet, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.

G. Pickets: Square tubes.

1. Terminate tops of pickets at top rail for flush top appearance.
2. Picket Spacing: 4 inches (101.6 mm) clear, maximum.

H. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard concealed fastening system.

I. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard tamperproof, corrosion-resistant, color-coated fasteners matching fence components with resilient polymer washers.

J. Galvanizing: For components indicated to be galvanized and for which galvanized coating is not specified in ASTM F 2408, hot-dip galvanize to comply with ASTM A 123/A 123M. For hardware items, hot-dip galvanize to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

K. Finish: Powder coating.

2.6 SWING GATES

A. Gate Configuration: As indicated.

B. Gate Frame Height: As indicated.

C. Gate Opening Width: As indicated.

D. Galvanized-Steel Frames and Bracing: Fabricate members from square tubes 2 by 2 inches (50 by 50 mm) formed from 0.108-inch (2.74-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or formed from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet and hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.

E. Steel Frames and Bracing: Fabricate members from square steel tubing 2 by 2 inches (50 by 50 mm) with 1/8-inch (3.2-mm) wall thickness. Hot-dip galvanize frames after fabrication.

F. Frame Corner Construction: Welded.

G. Additional Rails: Provide as indicated, complying with requirements for fence rails.

H. Infill: Comply with requirements for adjacent fence.

I. Hardware: Latches permitting operation from both sides of gate, hinges, and keepers for each gate leaf more than 5 feet (1.52 m) wide. Provide center gate stops and cane bolts for pairs of gates. Fabricate latches with integral eye openings for padlocking; padlock accessible from both sides of gate.

J. Hinges: BHMA A156.1, Grade 1, suitable for exterior use.

1. Function: 39 - Full surface, triple weight, antifriction bearing.

2. Material: Wrought steel, forged steel, cast steel, or malleable iron.

K. Rim Locks: BHMA A156.5, Grade 1, suitable for exterior use.

L. Cane Bolts: Provide for inactive leaf of pairs of gates. Fabricated from 1/2-inch- (12.7 -mm-) diameter, round steel bars, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. Finish to match gates. Provide galvanized-steel pipe strikes to receive cane bolts in closed position.

M. Finish exposed welds to comply with NOMMA Guideline 1, Finish #2 - completely sanded joint, some undercutting and pinholes okay.

N. Galvanizing: For items other than hardware that are indicated to be galvanized, hot-dip galvanize to comply with ASTM A 123/A 123M unless otherwise indicated. For hardware items, hot-dip galvanize to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

O. Metallic-Coated Steel Finish: High-performance coating.

2.7 STEEL FINISHES

A. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces according to SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning."

B. Powder Coating: Immediately after cleaning, apply 2-coat finish consisting of epoxy primer and TGIC polyester topcoat, with a minimum total dry film thickness of not less than 8 mils (0.20 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Color and Gloss: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

C. Primer Application: Apply zinc-rich epoxy primer immediately after cleaning, to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm) per applied coat, to surfaces that will be exposed after assembly and installation, and to concealed surfaces.

D. High-Performance Coating: Apply epoxy intermediate and polyurethane topcoats to prime-coated surfaces. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions and with requirements in SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting. Apply at spreading rates recommended by coating manufacturer.

1. Match approved Samples for color, texture, and coverage. Remove and refinish, or recoat work that does not comply with specified requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for site clearing, earthwork, pavement work, construction layout, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

B. Do not begin installation before final grading is completed unless otherwise permitted by Architect.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Stake locations of fence lines, gates, and terminal posts. Indicate locations of utilities, lawn sprinkler system, underground structures, benchmarks, and property monuments.

1. Construction layout and field engineering are specified in Division 01 Section "Execution"

3.3 DECORATIVE FENCE INSTALLATION

A. Install fences according to manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Install fences by setting posts as indicated and fastening rails and infill panels to posts. Peen threads of bolts after assembly to prevent removal.

C. Post Excavation: Drill or hand-excavate holes for posts in firm, undisturbed soil. Excavate holes to a diameter of not less than 4 times post size and a depth of not less than 24 inches (600 mm) plus 3 inches (75 mm) for each foot (300 mm) or fraction of a foot (300 mm) that fence height exceeds 4 feet (1200 mm).

D. Post Setting: Set posts in concrete at indicated spacing into firm, undisturbed soil.

1. Verify that posts are set plumb, aligned, and at correct height and spacing, and hold in position during setting with concrete or mechanical devices.
2. Concrete Fill: Place concrete around posts and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Protect aboveground portion of posts from concrete splatter.

    a. Exposed Concrete: Extend 2 inches (50 mm) above grade. Finish and slope top surface to drain water away from post.
    b. Concealed Concrete: Top 2 inches (50 mm) below gradeto allow covering with surface material. Slope top surface of concrete to drain water away from post.

3.4 GATE INSTALLATION

A. Install gates according to manufacturer's written instructions, level, plumb, and secure for full opening without interference. Attach hardware using tamper-resistant or concealed means. Install ground-set items in concrete for anchorage. Adjust hardware for smooth operation and lubricate where necessary.

3.5 GROUNDING AND BONDING

A. Fence Grounding: Install at maximum intervals of 1500 feet (450 m) except as follows:

1. Fences within 100 Feet (30 m) of Buildings, Structures, Walkways, and Roadways: Ground at maximum intervals of 750 feet (225 m).

    a. Gates and Other Fence Openings: Ground fence on each side of opening.

        1) Bond metal gates to gate posts.
        2) Bond across openings, with and without gates, except openings indicated as intentional fence discontinuities. Use No. 2 AWG wire and bury it at least 18 inches (460 mm) below finished grade.

B. Protection at Crossings of Overhead Electrical Power Lines: Ground fence at location of crossing and at a maximum distance of 150 feet (45 m) on each side of crossing.

C. Grounding Method: At each grounding location, drive a grounding rod vertically until the top is 6 inches (150 mm) below finished grade. Connect rod to fence with No. 6 AWG conductor. Connect conductor to each fence component at the grounding location.

D. Bonding Method for Gates: Connect bonding jumper between gate post and gate frame.

E. Connections: Make connections so possibility of galvanic action or electrolysis is minimized. Select connectors, connection hardware, conductors, and connection methods so metals in direct contact will be galvanically compatible.

1. Use electroplated or hot-tin-coated materials to ensure high conductivity and to make contact points closer in order of galvanic series.
2. Make connections with clean, bare metal at points of contact.
3. Coat and seal connections having dissimilar metals with inert material to prevent future penetration of moisture to contact surfaces.

F. Bonding to Lightning-Protection System: If fence terminates at lightning-protected building or structure, ground the fence and bond the fence grounding conductor to lightning-protection down conductor or lightning-protection grounding conductor, complying with NFPA 780.

3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Gates: Adjust gates to operate smoothly, easily, and quietly, free of binding, warp, excessive deflection, distortion, nonalignment, misplacement, disruption, or malfunction, throughout entire operational range. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.

B. Lubricate hardware and other moving parts.

END OF SECTION 02825

SECTION 02840
WALK, ROAD AND PARKING APPURTENANCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes provisions for the following items:

1. Traffic Regulatory Signs.

1.3 REFERENCES

A. Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT), *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices*, and current edition of *MDOT Standard Specifications for Construction.*

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. General: Submit the following according to the Conditions of the Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.

B. Shop drawings for all regulatory and directional signs indicating construction, materials and text sizes.

C. Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 REGULATORY SIGNS

A. See plans for sign locations and installation.

B. All regulatory signs shall comply with MDOT Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

C. Regulatory sign panels shall be .090 aluminum with baked enamel finish.

D. All regulatory sign panels and posts shall be painted per Owner's color selection.

E. Text shall be reflective, white scotchlite or approved alternate.

2.2 FINISHES

E. General: Specifications are based on products of The Sherwin-Williams Company.

1. Prime Coat: Zinc Clad IV - B69A8 / B69V8 - 1 coat.
2. Intermediate Coat: Recoatable Epoxy - B67H5 / B67V5 - 1 coat.
3. Finish Coat: Hi-Solids Polyurethane - B65 / B60V30 - 1 coat.
4. Colors: To match existing signage.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install all regulatory signs in locations indicated on Drawings.

3.2 SHOP COATING

A. Surface Preparation: Commercial blast cleaning in conformance with SSPC-SP6 or NACE 3.

B. Apply Prime Coat per manufacturers recommendations to a dry film thickness of 3.0 mils minimum.

C. Apply Intermediate Coat per manufacturers recommendations to a dry film thickness of 4.0 mils minimum.

D. Apply Finish Coat per manufacturers recommendations to a dry film thickness of 3.0 mils minimum. Coating must have full coverage.

E. Finished Appearance shall be of approved color, texture, and coverage, smooth and free from runs, sags, crawls, skips or other defects.

END OF SECTION 02840

SECTION 02920
LAWNS AND GRASSES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Seeding.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Site Clearing" for topsoil stripping and stockpiling.
2. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for excavation, filling and backfilling, and rough grading.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of planting soil.

B. Manufactured Soil: Soil produced off-site by homogeneously blending mineral soils or sand with stabilized organic soil amendments to produce topsoil or planting soil.

C. Planting Soil: Native or imported topsoil, manufactured topsoil, or surface soil modified to become topsoil; mixed with soil amendments.

D. Subgrade: Surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately beneath planting soil.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Certification of Grass Seed: From seed vendor for each grass-seed monostand or mixture stating the botanical and common name and percentage by weight of each species and variety,

and percentage of purity, germination, and weed seed. Include the year of production and date of packaging.

C. Qualification Data: For landscape Installer.

D. Planting Schedule: Indicating anticipated planting dates for each type of planting.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified landscape installer whose work has resulted in successful lawn establishment.

1. Installer's Field Supervision: Require Installer to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on Project site when planting is in progress.

B. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Seed: Deliver seed in original sealed, labeled, and undamaged containers.

1.7 SCHEDULING

A. Planting Restrictions: Plant during one of the following periods. Coordinate planting periods with maintenance periods to provide required maintenance from date of Substantial Completion.

1. Spring Planting: April 15 through May 15.
2. Fall Planting: August 15 through September 15.

B. Weather Limitations: Proceed with planting only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit.

1.8 LAWN MAINTENANCE – GENERAL LAWN AREAS

A. Begin maintenance immediately after each area is planted and continue until acceptable lawn is established, but for not less than the following periods:

1. Seeded Lawns: 60 days from date of Substantial Completion.

a. When full maintenance period has not elapsed before end of planting season, or if lawn is not fully established, continue maintenance during next planting season.

B. Maintain and establish lawn by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and other operations. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas and remulch to produce a uniformly smooth lawn.

1. In areas where mulch has been disturbed by wind or maintenance operations, add new mulch. Anchor as required to prevent displacement.

C. Watering: Provide and maintain temporary piping, hoses, and lawn-watering equipment to convey water from sources and to keep lawn uniformly moist to a depth of 4 inches (100 mm).

1. Schedule watering to prevent wilting, puddling, erosion, and displacement of seed or mulch. Lay out temporary watering system to avoid walking over muddy or newly planted areas.
2. Water lawn at a minimum rate of 1 inch (25 mm) per week.

D. Mow lawn as soon as top growth is tall enough to cut. Repeat mowing to maintain specified height without cutting more than 40 percent of grass height. Remove no more than 40 percent of grass-leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings. Do not delay mowing until grass blades bend over and become matted. Do not mow when grass is wet. Schedule initial and subsequent mowings to maintain the following grass height:

1. Mow grass 2 to 3 inches (50 to 75 mm) high.

E. Lawn Postfertilization: Apply fertilizer after initial mowing and when grass is dry.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SEED

A. Grass Seed: Fresh, clean, dry, new-crop seed complying with AOSA's "Journal of Seed Technology; Rules for Testing Seeds" for purity and germination tolerances.

B. Seed Species: Seed of grass species as follows, with not less than 95 percent germination, not less than 98 percent pure seed, and not more than 0.5 percent weed seed:

General Seed Mix:

Species	Mix	Purity	Germination
Annual Rye	10%	98%	95%
*Perennial Rye	30%	98%	95%
Creeping Red Fescue	20%	98%	95%
**Turf Type Tall Fescue	40%	98%	95%

*Note: Provide a minimum of two varieties of Perennial Rye from the following list: Affinity, APM, Buccaneer, Nighthawk, Partner, Saturn, Seville.

**Note: Provide a minimum of two varieties of Turf Type Tall Fescue from the following list: Jubilee, Veranda, Morgan, Stagecoach.

2.2 TOPSOIL

A. Topsoil: ASTM D 5268, pH range of 5.5 to 7, a minimum of 4 percent organic material content; free of stones 1 inch (25 mm) or larger in any dimension and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth. Topsoil for competition and practice fields shall be screened to eliminate all stones.

1. Topsoil Source: Reuse surface soil stockpiled on-site. Verify suitability of stockpiled surface soil to produce topsoil. Clean surface soil of roots, plants, sod, stones, clay lumps, and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth.

a. Supplement with imported or manufactured topsoil from off-site sources when quantities are insufficient. Obtain topsoil displaced from naturally well-drained construction or mining sites where topsoil occurs at least 4 inches (100 mm) deep; do not obtain from bogs or marshes.

2.3 PLANTING ACCESSORIES

A. Selective Herbicides: EPA registered and approved, of type recommended by manufacturer for application.

2.4 FERTILIZER

A. Commercial Fertilizer: Commercial-grade complete fertilizer of neutral character, consisting of fast- and slow-release nitrogen, 50 percent derived from natural organic sources of urea formaldehyde, phosphorous, and potassium in the following composition:

1. Composition: 1 lb/1000 sq. ft. (0.45 kg/92.9 sq. m) of actual nitrogen, 4 percent phosphorous, and 2 percent potassium, by weight.

2.5 MULCHES

A. Fiber Mulch: Biodegradable, dyed-wood, cellulose-fiber mulch; nontoxic; free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors; with maximum moisture content of 15 percent and a pH range of 4.5 to 6.5.

B. Nonasphaltic Tackifier: Colloidal tackifier recommended by fiber-mulch manufacturer for slurry application; nontoxic and free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors.

2.6 EROSION-CONTROL MATERIALS

A. Erosion-Control Blankets: Biodegradable wood excelsior, straw, or coconut-fiber mat enclosed in a photodegradable plastic mesh. Include manufacturer's recommended steel wire staples, 6 inches (150 mm) long.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas to receive lawns and grass for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities, trees, shrubs, and plantings from damage caused by planting operations.

1. Protect adjacent and adjoining areas from hydromulch overspray.

B. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.

3.3 LAWN PREPARATION

A. Limit lawn subgrade preparation to areas to be planted.

B. Newly Graded Subgrades: Loosen subgrade to a minimum depth of 6 inches (150 mm). Remove stones larger than 1 inch (25 mm) in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

1. Spread planting soil mix to a depth of 6 inches (150 mm) but not less than required to meet finish grades after light rolling and natural settlement. Do not spread if planting soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.

a. Spread approximately one-half the thickness of planting soil mix over loosened subgrade. Mix thoroughly into top 2 inches (50 mm) of subgrade. Spread remainder of planting soil mix.

C. Finish Grading: Grade planting areas to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Grade to within plus or minus 1/2 inch (13 mm) of finish elevation. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades. Limit fine grading to areas that can be planted in the immediate future.

D. Moisten prepared lawn areas before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.

E. Restore areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading and before planting.

3.4 DRILL SEEDING / HYDROMULCHING

A. Sow seed with a Brillion or equivalent drill seeding machine. Do not broadcast or drop seed. Evenly distribute seed by sowing equal quantities in two directions at right angles to each other.

1. Do not use wet seed or seed that is moldy or otherwise damaged.

B. Sow seed at the rate of 8 lb/1000 sq. ft. (3.6 kg/92.9 sq. m).

C. Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch (3 mm) of topsoil, roll lightly, and water with fine spray.

D. Hydromulch within 24 hours after completing seeding operations. Combine Tupersan (or equivalent) with hydromulch to control weeds during establishment period.

1. Mix specified fertilizer and fiber mulch in water, using equipment specifically designed for hydroseed application. Continue mixing until uniformly blended into homogeneous slurry suitable for hydraulic application.

2. Apply slurry uniformly to all seeded areas in a one-step process. Apply mulch at a minimum rate of 1500-lb/acre (15.3-kg/92.9 sq. m) dry weight.

3.5 LAWN RENOVATION

A. Renovate existing lawn damaged by Contractor's operations, such as storage of materials or equipment and movement of vehicles.

1. Reestablish lawn where settlement or washouts occur or where minor regrading is required.

B. Remove sod and vegetation from diseased or unsatisfactory lawn areas; do not bury in soil.

C. Remove topsoil containing foreign materials resulting from Contractor's operations, including oil drippings, fuel spills, stone, gravel, and other construction materials, and replace with new topsoil.

D. Mow, dethatch, core aerate, and rake existing lawn.

E. Remove weeds before seeding. Where weeds are extensive, apply selective herbicides as required. Do not use pre-emergence herbicides.

F. Remove waste and foreign materials, including weeds, soil cores, grass, vegetation, and turf, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

G. Till stripped, bare, and compacted areas thoroughly to a soil depth of 6 inches (150 mm).

H. Apply seed and hyrdromulch as required for new lawns.

I. Water newly planted areas and keep moist until new lawn is established.

3.6 SATISFACTORY LAWNS

A. Satisfactory Seeded Lawn: At end of maintenance period, a healthy, uniform, close stand of grass has been established, free of weeds and surface irregularities, with coverage exceeding 90 percent over any 10 sq. ft. (0.92 sq. m) and bare spots not exceeding 5 by 5 inches (125 by 125 mm).

B. Reestablish lawns that do not comply with requirements and continue maintenance until lawns are satisfactory.

3.7 CLEANUP AND PROTECTION

A. Promptly remove soil and debris created by lawn work from paved areas. Clean wheels of vehicles before leaving site to avoid tracking soil onto roads, walks, or other paved areas.

B. Erect barricades and warning signs as required to protect newly planted areas from traffic. Maintain barricades throughout maintenance period and remove after lawn is established.

C. Remove erosion-control measures after grass establishment period.

END OF SECTION 02920

SECTION 03300
CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section specifies cast-in place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes, for the following:

1. Footings.
2. Foundation walls.
3. Slabs-on-grade. (Herein, but not part of this bid package).
4. Concrete toppings. (Herein, but not part of this bid package).

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Earthwork".
2. Division 2 Section "Cement Concrete Pavement" for concrete pavement and walks.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Cementitious Materials: Portland cement alone or in combination with one or more of the following: blended hydraulic cement, fly ash and other pozzolans, ground granulated blast-furnace slag, and silica fume; subject to compliance with requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture. Submit alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

1. Indicate amounts of mixing water to be withheld for later addition at Project site.

C. Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement. Include bar sizes, lengths, material, grade, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent bar diagrams, bar arrangement, splices and laps, mechanical connections, tie spacing, hoop spacing, and supports for concrete reinforcement.

D. Field quality-control test and inspection reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs on Project personnel qualified as ACI-certified Flatwork Technician and Finisher and a supervisor who is an ACI-certified Concrete Flatwork Technician.

B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.

1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."

C. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

D. Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant, obtain aggregate from one source, and obtain admixtures through one source from a single manufacturer.

E. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:

1. ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete." Sections 1 through 5 and Section 7, "Lightweight Concrete."
2. ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."

F. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Steel Reinforcement: Deliver, store, and handle steel reinforcement to prevent bending and damage. Avoid damaging coatings on steel reinforcement.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

A. Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that will provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.

1. Plywood, metal, or other approved panel materials.

B. Rough-Formed Finished Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.

C. Chamfer Strips: Wood, metal, PVC, or rubber strips, 3/4 by 3/4 inch, minimum.

D. Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

1. Formulate form-release agent with rust inhibitor for steel form-facing materials.

E. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, removable or snap-off metal or glass-fiber-reinforced plastic form ties designed to resist lateral pressure of fresh concrete on forms and to prevent spalling of concrete on removal.

2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.

B. Low-Alloy-Steel Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 706/A 706M, deformed.

C. Plain-Steel Wire: ASTM A 82, as drawn.

D. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, plain, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.

2.3 REINFORCEMENT ACCESSORIES

A. Joint Dowel Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, plain-steel bars, cut bars true to length with ends square and free of burrs.

B. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice," of greater compressive strength than concrete and as follows:

1. For concrete surfaces exposed to view where legs of wire bar supports contact forms, use CRSI Class 1 plastic-protected steel wire or CRSI Class 2 stainless-steel bar supports.

2.4 CONCRETE MATERIALS

A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:

1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I/II, Supplement with the following:

a. Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class C or F.

B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, Class 3S coarse aggregate or better, graded. Provide aggregates from a single source.

1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: As noted on drawings.
2. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.

C. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M and potable.

2.5 ADMIXTURES

A. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.

B. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.

1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.

C. Set-Accelerating Corrosion-Inhibiting Admixture: Commercially formulated, anodic inhibitor or mixed cathodic and anodic inhibitor; capable of forming a protective barrier and minimizing chloride reactions with steel reinforcement in concrete and complying with ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type C.

1. Available Products:

a. Boral Material Technologies, Inc.; Boral BCN.
b. Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucon CIA.
c. Grace Construction Products, W. R. Grace & Co.; DCI.
d. Master Builders, Inc.; Rheocrete CNI.
e. Sika Corporation; Sika CNI.

2.6 FIBER REINFORCEMENT

A. Synthetic Fiber: Monofilament or fibrillated polypropylene fibers engineered and designed for use in concrete pavement, complying with ASTM C 1116, Type III, 1/2 to 1-1/2 inches long.

1. Available Products:

a. Monofilament Fibers:

1) Axim Concrete Technologies; Fibrasol IIP.
2) Euclid Chemical Company (The); Fiberstrand 100.
3) FORTA Corporation; Forta Mono.

4) Grace Construction Products, W. R. Grace & Co.; Grace MicroFiber.
5) Metalcrete Industries; Polystrand 1000.
6) SI Concrete Systems; Fibermix Stealth.

b. Fibrillated Fibers:

1) Axim Concrete Technologies; Fibrasol F.
2) Euclid Chemical Company (The); Fiberstrand F.
3) FORTA Corporation; Forta.
4) Grace Construction Products, W. R. Grace & Co.; Grace Fibers.
5) SI Concrete Systems; Fibermesh.

2.7 WATERSTOPS

A. Flexible PVC Waterstops: CE CRD-C 572, with factory-installed metal eyelets, for embedding in concrete to prevent passage of fluids through joints. Factory fabricate corners, intersections, and directional changes.

1. Available Manufacturers:

a. Bometals, Inc.
b. Greenstreak.
c. Meadows, W. R., Inc.
d. Murphy, Paul Plastics Co.
e. Progress Unlimited, Inc.
f. Tamms Industries, Inc.
g. Vinylex Corp.

2. Profile: Flat, dumbbell with center bulb.
3. Dimensions: 6 inches by 3/8 inch thick; nontapered.

2.8 VAPOR RETARDERS

A. Plastic Vapor Retarder: ASTM E 1745, Class C, or polyethylene sheet, ASTM D 4397, not less than 10 mils thick. Include manufacturer's recommended adhesive or pressure-sensitive joint tape.

1. Available Products:

a. Fortifiber Corporation; Moistop Plus.
b. Raven Industries Inc.; Dura Skrim **[6]** **[8]**.
c. Reef Industries, Inc.; Griffolyn Type-**[65]** **[85]**.
d. Stego Industries, LLC; Stego Wrap, 10 mils.

B. Granular Fill: Clean mixture of crushed stone or crushed or uncrushed gravel; ASTM D 448, Size 57, with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a No. 8 sieve.

2.9 CURING MATERIALS

A. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.

B. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. when dry.

C. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.

D. Water: Potable.

E. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B.

F. Clear, Solvent-Borne, Membrane-Forming Curing and Sealing Compound: ASTM C 1315, Type 1, Class A.

G. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing and Sealing Compound: ASTM C 1315, Type 1, Class A.

2.10 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber or ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork.

B. Semirigid Joint Filler: Two-component, semirigid, 100 percent solids, epoxy resin with a Type A shore durometer hardness of 80 per ASTM D 2240.

C. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.

D. Epoxy Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component epoxy resin, capable of humid curing and bonding to damp surfaces, of class suitable for application temperature and of grade to suit requirements, and as follows:

1. Types I and II, non-load bearing and IV and V, load bearing, for bonding hardened or freshly mixed concrete to hardened concrete.

2.11 REPAIR MATERIALS

A. Repair Underlayment: Cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling product that can be applied in thicknesses from 1/8 inch and that can be feathered at edges to match adjacent floor elevations.

1. Cement Binder: ASTM C 150, portland cement or hydraulic or blended hydraulic cement as defined in ASTM C 219.
2. Primer: Product of underlayment manufacturer recommended for substrate, conditions, and application.

3. Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch or coarse sand as recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
4. Compressive Strength: Not less than 4100 psi at 28 days when tested according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.

B. Repair Overlayment: Cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling product that can be applied in thicknesses from 1/8 inch and that can be feathered at edges to match adjacent floor elevations.

1. Cement Binder: ASTM C 150, portland cement or hydraulic or blended hydraulic cement as defined in ASTM C 219.
2. Primer: Product of topping manufacturer recommended for substrate, conditions, and application.
3. Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch or coarse sand as recommended by topping manufacturer.
4. Compressive Strength: Not less than 5000 psi at 28 days when tested according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.

2.12 CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL

A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.

1. Use a qualified independent testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed mixture designs based on laboratory trial mixtures.

B. Cementitious Materials: Limit percentage, by weight, of cementitious materials other than portland cement in concrete as follows:

1. Fly Ash: 25 percent.
2. Combined Fly Ash and Pozzolan: 25 percent.
3. Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent.
4. Combined Fly Ash or Pozzolan and Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent portland cement minimum, with fly ash or pozzolan not exceeding 25 percent.

C. Limit water-soluble, chloride-ion content in hardened concrete to 0.15 percent by weight of cement.

D. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Use water-reducing, high-range water-reducing or plasticizing admixture in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
2. Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
3. Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a water-cementitious materials ratio below 0.50.
4. Use corrosion-inhibiting admixture in concrete mixtures where indicated.

2.13 CONCRETE MIXTURES FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS

A. Proportion normal weight concrete mixtures as indicated on drawings.

B. Air entrain concrete exposed to freeze/thaw cycles 6% + or – 1%.

2.14 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

2.15 CONCRETE MIXING

A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M and ASTM C 1116, and furnish batch ticket information.

1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FORMWORK

A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.

B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.

C. Limit concrete surface irregularities, designated by ACI 347R as abrupt or gradual, as follows:

1. Class A, 1/8 inch for smooth-formed finished surfaces.
2. Class B, 1/4 inch, Class C, 1/2 inch, Class D, 1 inch for rough-formed finished surfaces, not exposed to view.

D. Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.

E. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical.

1. Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.
2. Do not use rust-stained steel form-facing material.

F. Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips; use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.

G. Provide temporary openings for cleanouts and inspection ports where interior area of formwork is inaccessible. Close openings with panels tightly fitted to forms and securely braced to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.

H. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.

I. Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items.

J. Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.

K. Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.

L. Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent, according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing reinforcement.

3.2 EMBEDDED ITEMS

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

1. Install anchor rods, accurately located, to elevations required and complying with tolerances in Section 7.5 of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."

3.3 REMOVING AND REUSING FORMS

A. General: Formwork for sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the Work that does not support weight of concrete may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F for 24 hours after placing concrete, if concrete is hard enough to not be damaged by form-removal operations and curing and protection operations are maintained.

B. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-release agent.

C. When forms are reused, clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces unless approved by Architect.

3.4 SHORES AND RESHORES

A. Comply with ACI 318 and ACI 301 for design, installation, and removal of shoring and reshoring.

1. Do not remove shoring or reshoring until measurement of slab tolerances is complete.

B. Plan sequence of removal of shores and reshore to avoid damage to concrete. Locate and provide adequate reshoring to support construction without excessive stress or deflection.

3.5 VAPOR RETARDERS

A. Plastic Vapor Retarders: Place, protect, and repair vapor retarders according to ASTM E 1643 and manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Lap joints 6 inches and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape.

3.6 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing reinforcement.

1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other foreign materials that would reduce bond to concrete.

C. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement. Locate and support reinforcement with bar supports to maintain minimum concrete cover. Do not tack weld crossing reinforcing bars.

D. Set wire ties with ends directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.

E. Install welded wire reinforcement in longest practicable lengths on bar supports spaced to minimize sagging. Lap edges and ends of adjoining sheets at least one mesh spacing. Offset laps of adjoining sheet widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction. Lace overlaps with wire.

3.7 JOINTS

A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.

B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.

1. Place joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints, unless otherwise indicated. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip placements of floors and slabs.
2. Locate joints for slabs, joists, and girders in the middle third, if not shown on drawings.
3. Use a bonding agent at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.

C. Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness as follows:

1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch. Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.
2. Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch- wide joints into concrete when cutting action will not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks.

D. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.

1. Extend joint-filler strips full width and depth of joint, terminating flush with finished concrete surface, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Terminate full-width joint-filler strips not less than 1/2 inch or more than 1 inch below finished concrete surface where joint sealants, specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants," are indicated.
3. Install joint-filler strips in lengths as long as practicable. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip sections together.

E. Doweled Joints: Install dowel bars and support assemblies at joints where indicated. Lubricate or asphalt coat one-half of dowel length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.

3.8 WATERSTOPS

A. Flexible Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other joints indicated to form a continuous diaphragm. Install in longest lengths practicable. Support and protect exposed waterstops during progress of the Work. Field fabricate joints in waterstops according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.9 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.

B. Do not add water to concrete during delivery, at Project site, or during placement unless approved by Architect.

C. Before test sampling and placing concrete, water may be added at Project site, subject to limitations of ACI 301.

1. Do not add water to concrete after adding high-range water-reducing admixtures to mixture.

D. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.

1. Deposit concrete in horizontal layers of depth to not exceed formwork design pressures and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints.
2. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
3. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to lose plasticity. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mixture constituents to segregate.

E. Deposit and consolidate concrete for floors and slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until placement of a panel or section is complete.

1. Consolidate concrete during placement operations so concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.
2. Maintain reinforcement in position on chairs during concrete placement.
3. Screed slab surfaces with a straightedge and strike off to correct elevations.
4. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required.
5. Begin initial floating using bull floats or darbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane, before excess bleedwater appears on the surface. Do not further disturb slab surfaces before starting finishing operations.

F. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1 and as follows. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.

1. When average high and low temperature is expected to fall below 40 deg F for three successive days, maintain delivered concrete mixture temperature within the temperature range required by ACI 301.
2. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow. Do not place concrete on frozen subgrade or on subgrade containing frozen materials.
3. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mixture designs.

G. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 and as follows:

1. Maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
2. Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade uniformly moist without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

3.10 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

A. Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.

1. Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.

B. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.

1. Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view.

C. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

3.11 FINISHING FLOORS AND SLABS

A. General: Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.

B. Scratch Finish: While still plastic, texture concrete surface that has been screeded and bull-floated or darbied. Use stiff brushes, brooms, or rakes to produce a profile amplitude of 1/4 inch in 1 direction.

1. Apply scratch finish to surfaces indicated and to receive concrete floor toppings and to receive mortar setting beds for bonded cementitious floor finishes.

C. Float Finish: Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power driven floats. Restraighten, cut down high spots, and fill low spots. Repeat float passes and restraightening until surface is left with a uniform, smooth, granular texture.

1. Apply float finish to surfaces indicated to receive trowel finish and to be covered with fluid-applied or sheet waterproofing, built-up or membrane roofing, or sand-bed terrazzo.

D. Trowel Finish: After applying float finish, apply first troweling and consolidate concrete by hand or power-driven trowel. Continue troweling passes and restraighten until surface is free of trowel marks and uniform in texture and appearance. Grind smooth any surface defects that would telegraph through applied coatings or floor coverings.

1. Apply a trowel finish to surfaces exposed to view or to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile set over a cleavage membrane, paint, or another thin-film-finish coating system.
2. Finish surfaces to the following tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155, for a randomly trafficked floor surface:

a. Specified overall values of flatness, F(F) 35; and of levelness, F(L) 25; with minimum local values of flatness, F(F) 24; and of levelness, F(L) 17; for slabs-on-grade.

E. Trowel and Fine-Broom Finish: Apply a first trowel finish to surfaces where ceramic or quarry tile is to be installed by either thickset or thin-set method. While concrete is still plastic, slightly scarify surface with a fine broom.

1. Comply with flatness and levelness tolerances for trowel finished floor surfaces.

F. Broom Finish: Apply a broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps, and ramps, and elsewhere as indicated.

1. Immediately after float finishing, slightly roughen trafficked surface by brooming with fiber-bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Coordinate required final finish with Architect before application.

3.12 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE ITEMS

A. Filling In: Fill in holes and openings left in concrete structures, unless otherwise indicated, after work of other trades is in place. Mix, place, and cure concrete, as specified, to blend with in-place construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling indicated or required to complete the Work.

B. Equipment Bases and Foundations: Provide machine and equipment bases and foundations as shown on Drawings. Set anchor bolts for machines and equipment at correct elevations, complying with diagrams or templates from manufacturer furnishing machines and equipment.

C. Steel Pan Stairs: Provide concrete fill for steel pan stair treads, landings, and associated items. Cast-in inserts and accessories as shown on Drawings. Screed, tamp, and trowel-finish concrete surfaces.

3.13 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hot-weather protection during curing.

B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

C. Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure after loosening forms. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for the remainder of the curing period.

D. Unformed Surfaces: Begin curing immediately after finishing concrete. Cure unformed surfaces, including floors and slabs, concrete floor toppings, and other surfaces.

E. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:

1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:

   a. Water.
   b. Continuous water-fog spray.
   c. Absorptive cover, water saturated, and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges with 12-inch lap over adjacent absorptive covers.

2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches, and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.

   a. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings.
   b. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive penetrating liquid floor treatments.
   c. Cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings with either a moisture-retaining cover or a curing compound that the manufacturer certifies will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project..

3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

   a. After curing period has elapsed, remove curing compound without damaging concrete surfaces by method recommended by curing compound manufacturer unless manufacturer certifies curing compound will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project.

4. Curing and Sealing Compound: Apply uniformly to floors and slabs indicated in a continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Repeat process 24 hours later and apply a second coat. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

3.14 JOINT FILLING

A. Prepare, clean, and install joint filler according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Defer joint filling until concrete has aged at least six months. Do not fill joints until construction traffic has permanently ceased.

B. Remove dirt, debris, saw cuttings, curing compounds, and sealers from joints; leave contact faces of joint clean and dry.

C. Install semirigid joint filler full depth in saw-cut joints and at least 2 inches deep in formed joints. Overfill joint and trim joint filler flush with top of joint after hardening.

3.15 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.

B. Patching Mortar: Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of one part portland cement to two and one-half parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.

C. Repairing Formed Surfaces: Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning.

1. Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, and voids more than 1/2 inch in any dimension in solid concrete, but not less than 1 inch in depth. Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes and voids with bonding agent. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
2. Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match surrounding color. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
3. Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Architect.

D. Repairing Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface. Correct low and high areas. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.

1. Repair finished surfaces containing defects. Surface defects include spalls, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through unreinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.
2. After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.
3. Correct localized low areas during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.
4. Correct other low areas scheduled to receive floor coverings with a repair underlayment. Prepare, mix, and apply repair underlayment and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.

5. Correct other low areas scheduled to remain exposed with a repair topping. Cut out low areas to ensure a minimum repair topping depth of 1/4 inch to match adjacent floor elevations. Prepare, mix, and apply repair topping and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface.
6. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with clean, square cuts and expose steel reinforcement with at least a 3/4-inch clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials and mixture as original concrete except without coarse aggregate. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
7. Repair random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter with patching mortar. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean off dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Compact patching mortar and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for at least 72 hours.

E. Perform structural repairs of concrete, subject to Architect's approval, using epoxy adhesive and patching mortar.

F. Repair materials and installation not specified above may be used, subject to Architect's approval.

3.16 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

B. Inspections:

1. Steel reinforcement placement.
2. Steel reinforcement welding.
3. Headed bolts and studs.
4. Verification of use of required design mixture.
5. Concrete placement, including conveying and depositing.
6. Curing procedures and maintenance of curing temperature.
7. Verification of concrete strength before removal of shores and forms from beams and slabs.

C. Concrete Tests: Testing of composite samples of fresh concrete obtained according to ASTM C 172 shall be performed according to the following requirements:

1. Testing Frequency: Obtain at least one composite sample for each 100 cu. yd. or fraction thereof of each concrete mixture placed each day.

a. When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.

2. Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.
3. Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method, for normal-weight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
4. Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064/C 1064M; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F and below and when 80 deg F and above, and one test for each composite sample.
5. Unit Weight: ASTM C 567, fresh unit weight of structural lightweight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
6. Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31/C 31M.

    a. Cast and laboratory cure two sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
    b. Cast and field cure **two** sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.

7. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39/C 39M; test one set of two laboratory-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.

    a. Test one set of two field-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
    b. A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from a set of two specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at age indicated.

8. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, Contractor shall evaluate operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing in-place concrete.
9. Strength of each concrete mixture will be satisfactory if every average of any three consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.
10. Test results shall be reported in writing to Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.
11. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.
12. Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect. Testing and inspecting agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42/C 42M or by other methods as directed by Architect.
13. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

14. Correct deficiencies in the Work that test reports and inspections indicate dos not comply with the Contract Documents.

D. Measure floor and slab flatness and levelness according to ASTM E 1155 within 48 hours of finishing.

END OF SECTION 03300

SECTION 04720
CAST STONE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Cast stone trim including the following:

a. Wall and pier caps.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for installing cast stone units in unit masonry.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Cast Stone: Architectural precast concrete building units intended to simulate natural cut stone.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for cast stone units.

B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for cast stone units. Include dimensions, details of reinforcement and anchorages if any, and indication of finished faces.

1. Include building elevations showing layout of units and locations of joints and anchors.

C. Mockup Samples: Furnish sample units for each color and texture of cast stone required, 10 inches for installation in mockups.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer of cast stone units similar to those indicated for this Project, with sufficient production capacity to manufacture required units.

1. Manufacturer is a producing member of the Cast Stone Institute.

B. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM E 329 for testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

C. Source Limitations for Cast Stone: Obtain cast stone units through one source from a single manufacturer.

D. Source Limitations for Mortar Materials: Obtain mortar ingredients of a uniform quality, including color, from one manufacturer for each cementitious component and from one source or producer for each aggregate.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Coordinate delivery of cast stone with unit masonry work to minimize the need for on-site storage and to avoid delaying the Work.

B. Pack, handle, and ship cast stone units in suitable packs or pallets.

1. Lift with wide-belt slings; do not use wire rope or ropes that might cause staining. Move cast stone units, if required, using dollies with wood supports.
2. Store cast stone units on wood skids or pallets with nonstaining, waterproof covers. Arrange to distribute weight evenly and to prevent damage to units. Ventilate under covers to prevent condensation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified or a pre-approved manufacturer.

2.2 CAST STONE MATERIALS

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 1364 and the following:

B. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I, containing not more than 0.60 percent total alkali when tested according to ASTM C 114.

C. Coarse Aggregates: Granite, quartz, or limestone complying with ASTM C 33; gradation as needed to produce required textures and colors as needed to produce required cast stone colors.

D. Fine Aggregates: Natural sand or crushed stone complying with ASTM C 33, gradation as needed to produce required textures and colors as needed to produce required cast stone colors.

E. Color Pigment: ASTM C 979, synthetic mineral-oxide pigments or colored water-reducing admixtures; color stable, nonfading, and resistant to lime and other alkalis.

F. Admixtures: Do not use admixtures unless specified or approved in writing by Architect.

1. Do not use admixtures that contain more than 0.1 percent water-soluble chloride ions by mass of cementitious materials. Do not use admixtures containing calcium chloride.
2. Use only admixtures that are certified by manufacturer to be compatible with cement and other admixtures used.
3. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260. Add to mixes for units exposed to the exterior at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in an air content of 4 to 6 percent, except do not add to zero-slump concrete mixes.

G. Reinforcement: Deformed steel bars complying with ASTM A 615/A 615M. Use galvanized or epoxy-coated reinforcement when covered with less than 1-1/2 inches of cast stone material.

1. Epoxy Coating: ASTM A 775/A 775M.
2. Galvanized Coating: ASTM A 767/A 767M.

H. Embedded Anchors and Other Inserts: Fabricated from stainless steel complying with ASTM A 240/A 240M, ASTM A 276, or ASTM A 666, Type 304.

2.3 CAST STONE UNITS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Rockcast or equal.

B. Provide cast stone units complying with ASTM C 1364 using the vibrant dry tamp or wet-cast method.

1. Provide units that are resistant to freezing and thawing as determined by laboratory testing according to ASTM C 666, Procedure A, as modified by ASTM C 1364.

C. Fabricate units with sharp arris and details accurately reproduced with indicated texture on all exposed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Slope exposed horizontal surfaces 1:12, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Provide raised fillets at backs of sills and at ends indicated to be built into jambs.
3. Provide drips on projecting elements, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Fabrication Tolerances:

1. Variation in Cross Section: Do not vary from indicated dimensions by more than 1/8 inch.
2. Variation in Length: Do not vary from indicated dimensions by more than 1/360 of the length of unit or 1/8 inch, whichever is greater, but in no case by more than 1/4 inch.
3. Warp, Bow, and Twist: Not to exceed 1/360 of the length of unit or 1/8 inch, whichever is greater.

4. Location of Grooves, False Joints, Holes, Anchorages, and Similar Features: Do not vary from indicated position by more than 1/8 inch on formed surfaces of units and 3/8 inch on unformed surfaces.

E. Cure units by one of the following methods:

1. Cure units with steam in enclosed curing room at temperature of 105 deg F or above and 95 to 100 percent relative humidity for 6 hours.
2. Cure units with dense fog and water spray in enclosed warm curing room at 95 to 100 percent relative humidity for 24 hours.
3. Cure units to comply with one of the following:

a. Not less than 5 days at mean daily temperature of 70 deg F or above.
b. Not less than 6 days at mean daily temperature of 60 deg F or above.
c. Not less than 7 days at mean daily temperature of 50 deg F or above.
d. Not less than 8 days at mean daily temperature of 45 deg F or above.

F. Acid etch units after curing to remove cement film from surfaces to be exposed to view.

G. Colors and Textures: Match existing limestone units.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

A. Anchors: Type and size indicated, fabricated from stainless steel complying with ASTM A 240/A 240M, ASTM A 276, or ASTM A 666, Type 304.

B. Dowels: Round stainless-steel bars complying with ASTM A 276, Type 304, and 1/2-inch diameter.

C. Proprietary Acidic Cleaner: Manufacturer's standard-strength, general-purpose cleaner designed for removing mortar/grout stains, efflorescence, and other construction stains from new masonry surfaces without discoloring or damaging masonry surfaces; expressly approved for intended use by cast stone manufacturer and expressly approved by cleaner manufacturer for use on cast stone and adjacent masonry materials.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Diedrich Technologies, Inc.
b. EaCo Chem, Inc.
c. ProSoCo, Inc.

2.5 MORTAR MIXES

A. Comply with requirements in Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for mortar mixes.

2.6 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Employ an independent testing agency to sample and test cast stone units according to ASTM C 1364.

1. Include one test for resistance to freezing and thawing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of cast stone.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 SETTING CAST STONE IN MORTAR

A. Install cast stone units to comply with requirements in Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies."

B. Set cast stone as indicated on Drawings. Set units accurately in locations indicated with edges and faces aligned according to established relationships and indicated tolerances.

1. Install anchors, supports, fasteners, and other attachments indicated or necessary to secure units in place.

C. Wet joint surfaces thoroughly before applying mortar or setting in mortar.

D. Set units in full bed of mortar with full head joints, unless otherwise indicated.

1. If not indicated, set units with joints 1/4 to 3/8 inch wide.
2. Build anchors and ties into mortar joints as units are set.
3. Fill dowel holes and anchor slots with mortar.
4. Fill collar joints solid as units are set.
5. Build concealed flashing into mortar joints as units are set.
6. Keep head joints in coping and other units with exposed horizontal surfaces open to receive sealant.

E. Rake out joints for pointing with mortar to depths of not less than 3/4 inch. Rake joints to uniform depths with square bottoms and clean sides. Scrub faces of units to remove excess mortar as joints are raked.

F. Point mortar joints by placing and compacting mortar in layers not greater than 3/8 inch. Compact each layer thoroughly and allow it to become thumbprint hard before applying next layer.

G. Tool exposed joints slightly concave when thumbprint hard, using a jointer larger than joint thickness, unless otherwise indicated.

H. Provide expansion, control, and pressure-relieving joints of widths and at locations indicated. Keep joints free of mortar and other rigid materials.

1. Form open joint of width indicated, but not less than 3/8 inch.

I. Prepare joints indicated to receive sealant and apply sealant of type and at locations indicated to comply with applicable requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

1. Prime cast stone surfaces to receive sealant and install compressible backer rod in joints before applying sealant, unless otherwise indicated.

3.3 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Remove and replace stained and otherwise damaged units and units not matching approved Samples. Cast stone may be repaired if methods and results are approved by Architect.

B. Replace units in a manner that results in cast stone matching approved Samples, complying with other requirements, and showing no evidence of replacement.

END OF SECTION 04720

SECTION 04810
UNIT MASONRY ASSEMBLIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes unit masonry assemblies consisting of the following:

1. Concrete masonry units (CMUs).
2. Face brick.
3. Structural-clay facing tile.
4. Mortar and grout.
5. Reinforcing steel.
6. Masonry joint reinforcement.
7. Ties and anchors.
8. Embedded flashing.
9. Miscellaneous masonry accessories.
10. Cavity-wall insulation.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for exposed sheet metal flashing.
2. Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for firestopping at openings in masonry walls.
3. Division 7 Section "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems" for fire-resistive joint systems at heads of masonry walls.
4. Division 7 Section “Joint Sealants” for sealing control and expansion joints in unit masonry.

C. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the following:

1. Dovetail slots for masonry anchors, installed under Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
2. Anchor sections of adjustable masonry anchors for connecting to structural frame, installed under Division 5 Section "Structural Steel."

D. Products installed, but not furnished, under this Section include the following:

1. Cast-stone trim, furnished under Division 4 Section "Cast Stone."
2. Steel lintels and shelf angles for unit masonry, furnished under Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications."
3. Manufactured reglets in masonry joints for metal flashing, furnished under Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Reinforced Masonry: Masonry containing reinforcing steel in grouted cells.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Provide structural unit masonry that develops indicated net-area compressive strengths (f'_m) at 28 days.

B. Determine net-area compressive strength (f'_m) of masonry from average net-area compressive strengths of masonry units and mortar types (unit-strength method) according to Tables 1 and 2 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: For the following:
1. Reinforcing Steel: Detail bending and placement of unit masonry reinforcing bars. Comply with ACI 315, "Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement." Show elevations of reinforced walls.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type and color of the following:

1. Glazed structural-clay tile.
2. Colored mortar.

D. Qualification Data: For testing agency.

E. Material Certificates: Include statements of material properties indicating compliance with requirements including compliance with standards and type designations within standards. Provide for each type and size of the following:

1. Masonry units.

a. Include material test reports substantiating compliance with requirements.

b. For bricks, include size-variation data verifying that actual range of sizes falls within specified tolerances.
c. For exposed brick, include material test report for efflorescence according to ASTM C 67.
d. For masonry units used in structural masonry, include data and calculations establishing average net-area compressive strength of units.

F. Mix Designs: For each type of mortar and grout. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.

1. Include test reports, per ASTM C 780, for mortar mixes required to comply with property specification.
2. Include test reports, per ASTM C 1019, for grout mixes required to comply with compressive strength requirement.

G. Statement of Compressive Strength of Masonry: For each combination of masonry unit type and mortar type, provide statement of average net-area compressive strength of masonry units, mortar type, and resulting net-area compressive strength of masonry determined according to Tables 1 and 2 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency qualified according to ASTM C 1093 for testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

B. Source Limitations for Masonry Units: Obtain exposed masonry units of a uniform texture and color, or a uniform blend within the ranges accepted for these characteristics, through one source from a single manufacturer for each product required.

C. Source Limitations for Mortar Materials: Obtain mortar ingredients of a uniform quality, including color for exposed masonry, from a single manufacturer for each cementitious component and from one source or producer for each aggregate.

D. Preconstruction Testing Service: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform preconstruction testing indicated below. Payment for these services will be made by Owner. Retesting of materials that fail to meet specified requirements shall be done at Contractor's expense.

1. Clay Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit required, per ASTM C 67.
2. Concrete Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit required, per ASTM C 140.
3. Mortar Test (Property Specification): For each mix required, per ASTM C 780.
4. Grout Test (Compressive Strength): For each mix required, per ASTM C 1019.
5. Prism Test: For each type of construction required, per ASTM C 1314.

E. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies with fire-resistance ratings determined per ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency, by equivalent concrete masonry thickness, or by other means, as acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

F. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

1. Build mockups for each type of exposed unit masonry construction in sizes approximately 48 inches long by 72 inches high by full thickness, including face and backup wythes and accessories.

   a. Include a sealant-filled joint at least 16 inches long in exterior wall mockup.

   b. Include corner with cast stone cap at least 16" long.

   c. Include through-wall flashing installed for a 24-inch length in corner of exterior wall mockup approximately 16 inches from top of mockup, with a 12-inch length of flashing left exposed to view (omit masonry above half of flashing).

   d. Include glazed structural-clay tile on one face of interior unit masonry wall mockup.

2. Where masonry is to match existing, erect mockups adjacent and parallel to existing surface.
3. Clean one-half of exposed faces of mockups with masonry cleaner as indicated.
4. Protect accepted mockups from the elements with weather-resistant membrane.
5. Approval of mockups is for color, texture, and blending of masonry units; relationship of mortar and sealant colors to masonry unit colors; tooling of joints; and aesthetic qualities of workmanship.

   a. Approval of mockups is also for other material and construction qualities specifically approved by Architect in writing.
   b. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless such deviations are specifically approved by Architect in writing.

6. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

G. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store masonry units on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover tops and sides of stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied. If units become wet, do not install until they are dry.

B. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.

C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.

D. Deliver preblended, dry mortar mix in moisture-resistant containers designed for lifting and emptying into dispensing silo. Store preblended, dry mortar mix in delivery containers on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location or in a metal dispensing silo with weatherproof cover.

E. Store masonry accessories, including metal items, to prevent corrosion and accumulation of dirt and oil.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Protection of Masonry: During construction, cover tops of walls, projections, and sills with waterproof sheeting at end of each day's work. Cover partially completed masonry when construction is not in progress.

1. Extend cover a minimum of 24 inches down both sides and hold cover securely in place.
2. Where 1 wythe of multiwythe masonry walls is completed in advance of other wythes, secure cover a minimum of 24 inches down face next to unconstructed wythe and hold cover in place.

B. Do not apply uniform floor or roof loads for at least 12 hours and concentrated loads for at least 3 days after building masonry walls or columns.

C. Stain Prevention: Prevent grout, mortar, and soil from staining the face of masonry to be left exposed or painted. Immediately remove grout, mortar, and soil that come in contact with such masonry.

1. Protect base of walls from rain-splashed mud and from mortar splatter by spreading coverings on ground and over wall surface.
2. Protect sills, ledges, and projections from mortar droppings.
3. Protect surfaces of window and door frames, as well as similar products with painted and integral finishes, from mortar droppings.
4. Turn scaffold boards near the wall on edge at the end of each day to prevent rain from splashing mortar and dirt onto completed masonry.

D. Cold-Weather Requirements: Do not use frozen materials or materials mixed or coated with ice or frost. Do not build on frozen substrates. Remove and replace unit masonry damaged by frost or by freezing conditions. Comply with cold-weather construction requirements contained in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

1. Cold-Weather Cleaning: Use liquid cleaning methods only when air temperature is 40 deg F and above and will remain so until masonry has dried, but not less than 7 days after completing cleaning.

E. Hot-Weather Requirements: Comply with hot-weather construction requirements contained in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 MASONRY UNITS, GENERAL

A. Defective Units: Referenced masonry unit standards may allow a certain percentage of units to exceed tolerances and to contain chips, cracks, or other defects exceeding limits stated in the standard. Do not uses units where such defects, including dimensions that vary from specified dimensions by more than stated tolerances, will be exposed in the completed Work or will impair the quality of completed masonry.

2.3 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS (CMUs)

A. Shapes: Provide shapes indicated and as follows:

1. Provide special shapes for lintels, corners, jambs, sashes, movement joints, headers, bonding, and other special conditions.

B. Concrete Masonry Units: ASTM C 90.

1. Unit Compressive Strength: Provide units with minimum average net-area compressive strength of 2150 psi.
2. Weight Classification: Medium weight or Normal weight.
3. Size (Width): Manufactured to dimensions 3/8 inch less than nominal dimensions.
4. Exposed Faces: Provide color and texture matching the range represented by Architect's sample.

2.4 MASONRY LINTELS

A. Masonry Lintels: Prefabricated or built-in-place masonry lintels made from bond beam concrete masonry units with reinforcing bars placed as indicated and filled with coarse grout. Cure precast lintels before handling and installing. Temporarily support built-in-place lintels until cured.

2.5 BRICK

A. General: Provide shapes indicated and as follows:

1. For ends of sills and caps and for similar applications that would otherwise expose unfinished brick surfaces, provide units without cores or frogs and with exposed surfaces finished.
2. Provide special shapes for applications where stretcher units cannot accommodate special conditions, including those at corners, movement joints, bond beams, sashes, and lintels.
3. Provide special shapes for applications requiring brick of size, form, color, and texture on exposed surfaces that cannot be produced by sawing.
4. Provide special shapes for applications where shapes produced by sawing would result in sawed surfaces being exposed to view.

B. Face Brick: ASTM C 216, Grade SW Type FBS.

1. Unit Compressive Strength: Provide units with minimum average net-area compressive strength of 3000 psi.
2. Initial Rate of Absorption: Less than 30 g/30 sq. in. per minute when tested per ASTM C 67.
3. Efflorescence: Provide brick that has been tested according to ASTM C 67 and is rated "not effloresced."
4. Size (Actual Dimensions): 3-5/8 inches wide by 2-1/4 inches high by 11-5/8 inches long to match existing.
5. Application: Use where brick is exposed, unless otherwise indicated.
6. Provide face brick matching color range, texture, and size of existing adjacent brickwork.

    a. Brick #1: Main Brick: Belden Brick: Norman 8x109 Velour Texture.
    b. Brick #2: "White" Accent Brick: Belden Brick Co., Alaskan White, Norman Size.
    c. Brick #3: "Dark" Accent Brick: Yankee Hill Brick Co., #M-200, Norman Size.

2.6 STRUCTURAL-CLAY FACING TILE

A. General:

1. Provide solid, multicored, or hollow units, with shape and direction of cores optional, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Provide special shapes where required for corners, jambs, coved bases, sills, and other special conditions indicated, including applications that cannot be produced by sawing standard units.

    a. Provide square-edged units for outside corners, unless otherwise indicated.
    b. Provide internal corners to match existing.

3. Where direct application of plaster is indicated or where bonded to backup masonry, provide units with rough, combed, or scored faces.

B. Glazed Structural-Clay Facing Tile: ASTM C 126.

1. Sizes: Actual face dimensions of 3-5/8 inches high by 15-5/8 inches long by 7-5/8 inches wide.
2. Provide Type I (single-faced units) where only one finished face is exposed when units are installed, and Type II (double-faced units) where two opposite finished faces are exposed when units are installed.

3. Colors and Patterns: As indicated by manufacturer's designations.
4. Products:

    a. Elgin Butler; Quik Base Unit Structural clay masonry units, #7150 matt finish to match existing.

2.7 MORTAR AND GROUT MATERIALS

A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or II, except Type III may be used for cold-weather construction. Provide natural color or white cement as required to produce mortar color indicated.

B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.

C. Portland Cement-Lime Mix: Packaged blend of portland cement complying with ASTM C 150, Type I or Type III, and hydrated lime complying with ASTM C 207, Type S.

D. Mortar Pigments: Natural and synthetic iron oxides and chromium oxides, compounded for use in mortar mixes. Use only pigments with a record of satisfactory performance in masonry mortar.

1. Products:

    a. Bayer Corporation, Industrial Chemicals Div.; Bayferrox Iron Oxide Pigments.
    b. Davis Colors; True Tone Mortar Colors.
    c. Solomon Grind-Chem Services, Inc.; SGS Mortar Colors.

E. Colored Cement Product: Packaged blend made from portland cement and lime and mortar pigments, all complying with specified requirements, and containing no other ingredients.

1. Formulate blend as required to produce color indicated or, if not indicated, as selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
2. Pigments shall not exceed 10 percent of portland cement by weight.
3. Available Products:

    a. Colored Portland Cement-Lime Mix:

        1) Capital Materials Corporation; Riverton Portland Cement Lime Custom Color.
        2) Holcim (US) Inc.; Rainbow Mortamix Custom Color Cement/Lime.
        3) Lafarge North America Inc.; Eaglebond.
        4) Lehigh Cement Company; Lehigh Custom Color Portland/Lime Cement.

F. Aggregate for Mortar: ASTM C 144.

1. For mortar that is exposed to view, use washed aggregate consisting of natural sand or crushed stone.
2. For joints less than 1/4 inch thick, use aggregate graded with 100 percent passing the No. 16 sieve.

3. Colored-Mortar Aggregates: Natural sand or crushed stone of color necessary to produce required mortar color.

G. Aggregate for Grout: ASTM C 404.

H. Epoxy Pointing Mortar: ASTM 385, epoxy-resin-based material formulated for use as pointing mortar for structural-clay tile facing units (and approved for such use by manufacturer of units); in color indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's colors.

I. Cold-Weather Admixture: Nonchloride, noncorrosive, accelerating admixture complying with ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type C, and recommended by manufacturer for use in masonry mortar of composition indicated.

1. Products:

a. Addiment Incorporated; Mortar Kick.
b. Euclid Chemical Company (The); Accelguard 80.
c. Grace Construction Products, a unit of W. R. Grace & Co. - Conn.; Morset.
d. Sonneborn, Div. of ChemRex; Trimix-NCA.

J. Water: Potable.

2.8 REINFORCEMENT

A. Uncoated Steel Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M or ASTM A 996/A 996M, Grade 60.

B. Masonry Joint Reinforcement, General: ASTM A 951.

1. Interior Walls: Hot-dip galvanized, carbon steel.
2. Exterior Walls: Hot-dip galvanized, carbon steel.
3. Wire Size for Side Rods: W1.7 or 0.148-inch diameter.
4. Wire Size for Cross Rods: W1.7 or 0.148-inch diameter.
5. Spacing of Cross Rods, Tabs, and Cross Ties: Not more than 16 inches o.c.
6. Provide in lengths of not less than 10 feet , with prefabricated corner and tee units.

C. Masonry Joint Reinforcement for Single-Wythe Masonry: Either ladder or truss type with single pair of side rods.

D. Masonry Joint Reinforcement for Multiwythe Masonry:

1. Adjustable (two-piece) type, either ladder or truss design, with one side rod at each face shell of backing wythe and with separate ties that extend into facing wythe. Ties have two hooks that engage eyes or slots in reinforcement and resist movement perpendicular to wall. Ties extend at least halfway through facing wythe but with at least 5/8-inch cover on outside face. Ties have hooks or clips to engage a continuous horizontal wire in the facing wythe.

2.9 TIES AND ANCHORS

A. Materials: Provide ties and anchors specified in subsequent paragraphs that are made from materials that comply with eight subparagraphs below, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Hot-Dip Galvanized, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 82; with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B-2 coating.
2. Steel Sheet, Galvanized after Fabrication: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M.
3. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

B. Wire Ties, General: Unless otherwise indicated, size wire ties to extend at least halfway through veneer but with at least 5/8-inch cover on outside face. Outer ends of wires are bent 90 degrees and extend 2 inches parallel to face of veneer.

C. Individual Wire Ties: Rectangular units with closed ends and not less than 4 inches wide.

1. Z-shaped ties with ends bent 90 degrees to provide hooks not less than 2 inches long may be used for masonry constructed from solid units or hollow units laid with cells horizontal.
2. Where wythes are of different materials, use adjustable ties with pintle-and-eye connections having a maximum adjustment of 1-1/4 inches.
3. Wire: Fabricate from 3/16-inch- diameter, hot-dip galvanized steel wire.

D. Adjustable Anchors for Connecting to Structure: Provide anchors that allow vertical or horizontal adjustment but resist tension and compression forces perpendicular to plane of wall.

1. Anchor Section for Welding to Steel Frame: Crimped 1/4-inch- diameter, hot-dip galvanized steel wire.
2. Tie Section for Steel Frame: Triangular-shaped wire tie, sized to extend within 1 inch of masonry face, made from 0.188-inch- diameter, hot-dip galvanized steel wire.

E. Partition Top anchors: 0.097-inch- thick metal plate with 3/8-inch- diameter metal rod 6 inches long welded to plate and with closed-end plastic tube fitted over rod that allows rod to move in and out of tube. Fabricate from steel, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.

F. Rigid Anchors: Fabricate from steel bars 1-1/2 inches wide by 1/4 inch thick by 24 inches long, with ends turned up 2 inches or with cross pins, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Corrosion Protection: Hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

G. Stone Anchors: Fabricate dowels, cramps, and other stone anchors from stainless steel.

2.10 MISCELLANEOUS ANCHORS

A. Unit Type Inserts in Concrete: Cast-iron or malleable-iron wedge-type inserts.

B. Anchor Bolts: Headed steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A; with ASTM A 563 hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers; hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C; of dimensions indicated.

C. Postinstalled Anchors: Provide chemical or torque-controlled expansion anchors, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in solid or grouted unit masonry and equal to four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

1. Corrosion Protection: Stainless-steel components complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Alloy Group 1 or 2 for bolts and nuts; ASTM A 666 or ASTM A 276, Type 304 or 316, for anchors.

2.11 EMBEDDED FLASHING MATERIALS

A. Metal Flashing: Provide metal flashing, where flashing is exposed or partly exposed and where indicated, complying with Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" and as follows:

1. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304, 0.016 inch thick.
2. Fabricate continuous flashings in sections 96 inches long minimum, but not exceeding 12 feet. Provide splice plates at joints of formed, smooth metal flashing.

a. Products:

1) Cheney Flashing Company.
2) Keystone Flashing Company, Inc.; Keystone 3-Way Interlocking Thruwall Flashing.

3. Metal Drip Edges: Fabricate from stainless steel. Extend at least 3 inches into wall and 1/2 inch out from wall, with outer edge bent down 30 degrees and hemmed.
4. Fabricate through-wall metal flashing embedded in masonry from stainless steel, with ribs at 3-inch intervals along length of flashing to provide an integral mortar bond.
5. Fabricate through-wall flashing with snaplock receiver on exterior face where indicated to receive counterflashing.
6. Metal Expansion-Joint Strips: Fabricate from stainless steel to shapes indicated.

B. Flexible Flashing: For flashing not exposed to the exterior, use one of the following, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Rubberized-Asphalt Flashing: Composite flashing product consisting of a pliable, adhesive rubberized-asphalt compound, bonded to a high-density, cross-laminated polyethylene film to produce an overall thickness of not less than 0.040 inch.

a. Products:

1) Advanced Building Products Inc.; Peel-N-Seal.
2) Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing; CCW-705-TWF Thru-Wall Flashing.
3) Dayton Superior Corporation, Dur-O-Wal Division; Dur-O-Barrier-44.

4) Grace Construction Products, a unit of W. R. Grace & Co. - Conn.; Perm-A-Barrier Wall Flashing.
5) Heckmann Building Products Inc.; No. 82 Rubberized-Asphalt Thru-Wall Flashing.
6) Hohmann & Barnard, Inc.; Textroflash.
7) Polyguard Products, Inc.; Polyguard 300.
8) Polytite Manufacturing Corp.; Poly-Barrier Self-Adhering Wall Flashing.
9) Williams Products, Inc.; Everlastic MF-40.

2. EPDM Flashing: Sheet flashing product made from ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer, complying with ASTM D 4637, 0.040 inch thick.

a. Products:

1) Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing; Pre-Kleened EPDM Thru-Wall Flashing.
2) Firestone Building Products; FlashGuard.
3) Heckmann Building Products Inc.; No. 81 EPDM Thru-Wall Flashing.

C. Solder and Sealants for Sheet Metal Flashings: As specified in Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."

1. Solder for Stainless Steel: ASTM B 32, Grade Sn60, with acid flux of type recommended by stainless-steel sheet manufacturer.
2. Elastomeric Sealant: ASTM C 920, chemically curing silicone sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in sheet metal flashing and trim and remain watertight.

D. Adhesives, Primers, and Seam Tapes for Flashings: Flashing manufacturer's standard products or products recommended by flashing manufacturer for bonding flashing sheets to each other and to substrates.

2.12 MISCELLANEOUS MASONRY ACCESSORIES

A. Compressible Filler: Premolded filler strips complying with ASTM D 1056, Grade 2A1; compressible up to 35 percent; of width and thickness indicated; formulated from neoprene.

B. Bond-Breaker Strips: Asphalt-saturated, organic roofing felt complying with ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt).

C. Weep/Vent Products: Use the following, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Cellular Plastic Weep/Vent: One-piece, flexible extrusion made from UV-resistant polypropylene copolymer, full height and width of head joint and depth 1/8 inch less than depth of outer wythe, in color selected from manufacturer's standard.

a. Products:

1) Advanced Building Products Inc.; Mortar Maze weep vent.
2) Dayton Superior Corporation, Dur-O-Wal Division; Cell Vents.

3) Heckmann Building Products Inc.; No. 85 Cell Vent.
4) Hohmann & Barnard, Inc.; Quadro-Vent.
5) Wire-Bond; Cell Vent.

D. Cavity Drainage Material: Free-draining mesh, made from polymer strands that will not degrade within the wall cavity.

1. Provide one of the following configurations:

a. Strips, full-depth of cavity and 10 inches wide, with dovetail shaped notches 7 inches deep that prevent mesh from being clogged with mortar droppings.

2. Products:

a. Advanced Building Products Inc.
b. Archovations, Inc.; CavClear Masonry Mat.
c. Dayton Superior Corporation, Dur-O-Wal Division; Polytite MortarStop.

E. Reinforcing Bar Positioners: Wire units designed to fit into mortar bed joints spanning masonry unit cells with loops for holding reinforcing bars in center of cells. Units are formed from 0.142-inch steel wire, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. Provide units with either two loops or four loops as needed for number of bars indicated.

1. Products:

a. Dayton Superior Corporation, Dur-O-Wal Division; D/A 810, D/A 812 or D/A 817.
b. Heckmann Building Products Inc.; No. 376 Rebar Positioner.
c. Hohmann & Barnard, Inc.; #RB or #RB-Twin Rebar Positioner.
d. Wire-Bond; O-Ring or Double O-Ring Rebar Positioner.

2.13 CAVITY-WALL INSULATION (Rigid Board for Use Only Where Noted)

A. Extruded-Polystyrene Board Insulation: ASTM C 578, Type IV, closed-cell product extruded with an integral skin.

B. Adhesive: Type recommended by insulation board manufacturer for application indicated.

2.14 CAVITY-WALL INSULATION (Spray Foam For General Use unless noted otherwise)

A. SUMMARY

1. Provide labor, materials and equipment necessary to spray-apply polyurethane foam insulation and water repellent treatment for cavity wall CMU throughout the Project.

B. SUBMITTALS

1. Submit manufacturer's technical product data of material intended for use, including specifications, installation instructions, material safety data sheets, and general recommendations.
2. Submit an Installer's certification or recommendation letter from the spray polyurethane foam material manufacturer.

C. PROJECT CONDITIONS

1. Substrate: Proceed with spray polyurethane foam application only after substrate construction, penetration work, and related welding and other hot water has been completed. Verify that mortar has cured sufficiently and masonry substrate is dry by checking surface for moisture with Moisture Detection Paper (MDP) strips.
2. Weather Limitations: Do not install spray polyurethane foam during precipitation or when precipitation is imminent. Do not install when the ambient temperature is less than 50 deg. F. without specific authorization of the manufacturer. Do not install when the ambient humidity exceeds the manufacturer's limits.

D. QUALITY ASSURANCE

1. Installer shall be a firm which has had at least 3 years of successful experience in application of spray polyurethane foam products.
2. Installer will provide equipment to spray apply polyurethane foam including, but not limited to, high pressure plural component proportioning pump, heated hoses of suitable length, spray gun, drum pumps or other material feeding system, and other ancillary equipment necessary for the Project.
3. Test Application: Prior to start of work, installer will spray-apply an area of approximately 100 square feet at the specified thickness as directed by Architect for the purpose of demonstrating visual and physical effects. Proceed with work only after Architect's acceptance of test application.

E. MATERIALS

1. Spray polyurethane foam shall be Incylthane 2000 manufactured by PolyMaster, Inc., Knoxville, TN. Supply polyurethane foam shall have the following physical properties:

Property	Value	Units	Test Method
Core Density	1.9 – 2.2	lb./ft. 3	ASTM D-1622
Water Vapor Transmission	< 1.0 @ 2" thick	perms	ASTM E-96
R-Value	7.0 (min.) @ 1" thick	hr.ft.2.deg.F/Btu	ASTM C-518
Compressive Strength	25 (min.)	psi	ASTM D-1621

Flame Spread	<25		ASTM E-84
Smoke Developed	<450		ASTM E-84
Air Leakage	0 @ 6.24 psf	cfm/ft. 2	ASTM E-285
Tensile Bond Strength	>45 for Masonry >15 for Gypsum Sheathing	psi	ASTM C-297
Hydrostatic Pressure Resistance	No Failure @ 184.9 cm Head Pressure		AATCC 127

2. Products of other manufacturers will be considered for acceptance provided they equal or exceed the material requirements and functional qualities of the specified product. Requests for Architect's approval and complete technical data for evaluation must be received at least 10 days prior to bid due date. Additional approved manufacturers will be issued by Addendum.

F. MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

1. Foam Repair Kit: Handi-Foam 2-part Quick-Cure manufactured by Fomo Products, Inc., Norton, OH.
2. Mineral Wool: Delta Safing Mineral Wool Board, 4 lb./cu. ft. density, manufactured by Rock Wool Manufacturing Co., Leeds, AL.
3. Moisture Detection Paper (MDP) Strips: MDP Strips manufactured by North Carolina Foam Industries, Mount Airy, NC.

G. PREPARATION

1. Clean masonry substrate of substances which would interfere with the adhesion of the spray polyurethane foam.
2. Fill voids between masonry and structural steel with mineral wool.
3. Mask adjacent materials as needed to prevent overspray.
4. Test substrate with Moisture Detection Paper (MDP) strips to affirm that the substrate is dry.

H. APPLICATION

1. Apply spray polyurethane foam directly to the masonry block in accordance to the manufacturer's installation instructions. All surfaces to be sprayed with foam must be free of all forms of moisture and ice. Surfaces can be checked with NCFI's MDP (Moisture Detection Paper) strips prior to and during foam application.
2. Do not apply spray polyurethane foam during inclement weather or when ambient temperature and humidity are outside the ranges prescribed by the manufacturer.
3. Apply the spray polyurethane foam to an average thickness of 2-1/2 inches with a minimum thickness of 2 inches. Apply the full thickness less ¼ inch per inch of average thickness as in table below.

Table 1: R-Values at Specified Thickness

R-Value of Insulation	Average Thickness (Inches)	Minimum Thickness (Inches)
7.0	1	¾
10.5	1-1/2	1-1/4
14	2	1-1/2
17.5	2-1/2	2

4. Shield the spray polyurethane foam from interior exposure with an approved thermal barrier.
5. Remove overspray from adjacent surfaces.

I. REPAIR TECHNIQUES

1. Where damage occurs which violates the spray foam's air and moisture seal, repair as needed using the specified spray polyurethane material or the specified foam repair kit material.

2.15 MASONRY CLEANERS

A. Proprietary Acidic Cleaner: Manufacturer's standard-strength cleaner designed for removing mortar/grout stains, efflorescence, and other new construction stains from new masonry without discoloring or damaging masonry surfaces. Use product expressly approved for intended use by cleaner manufacturer and manufacturer of masonry units being cleaned.

1. Manufacturers:

   a. Diedrich Technologies, Inc.
   b. EaCo Chem, Inc.
   c. ProSoCo, Inc.

2.16 MORTAR AND GROUT MIXES

A. General: Do not use admixtures, including pigments, air-entraining agents, accelerators, retarders, water-repellent agents, antifreeze compounds, or other admixtures, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Do not use calcium chloride in mortar or grout.
2. Limit cementitious materials in mortar for exterior and reinforced masonry to portland cement and lime.
3. Add cold-weather admixture (if used) at same rate for all mortar that will be exposed to view, regardless of weather conditions, to ensure that mortar color is consistent.

B. Preblended, Dry Mortar Mix: Furnish dry mortar ingredients in form of a preblended mix. Measure quantities by weight to ensure accurate proportions, and thoroughly blend ingredients before delivering to Project site.

C. Mortar for Unit Masonry: Comply with ASTM C 270, Property Specification. Provide the following types of mortar for applications stated unless another type is indicated.

1. For masonry below grade or in contact with earth, use Type M.
2. For reinforced masonry, use Type S.
3. For exterior, above-grade, load-bearing and non-load-bearing walls and parapet walls; for interior load-bearing walls; for interior non-load-bearing partitions; and for other applications where another type is not indicated, use Type N.
4. For interior non-load-bearing partitions, Type N.

D. Pigmented Mortar: Use colored cement product or select and proportion pigments with other ingredients to produce color required. Do not add pigments to colored cement products.

1. Pigments shall not exceed 10 percent of portland cement by weight.
2. Mix to match Architect's sample.

E. Colored-Aggregate Mortar: Produce required mortar color by using colored aggregates and natural color or white cement as necessary to produce required mortar color.

1. Mix to match Architect's sample.

F. Grout for Unit Masonry: Comply with ASTM C 476.

1. Use grout of type indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, of type (fine or coarse) that will comply with Table 1.15.1 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 for dimensions of grout spaces and pour height.
2. Provide grout with a slump of 8 to 11 inches as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.

G. Epoxy Pointing Mortar: Mix epoxy pointing mortar to comply with mortar manufacturer's written instructions.

2.17 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform source quality-control testing indicated below:

1. Payment for these services will be made by Owner.
2. Retesting of materials failing to comply with specified requirements shall be done at Contractor's expense.

B. Clay Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit furnished, per ASTM C 67.

C. Concrete Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit furnished, per ASTM C 140.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.
2. Verify that foundations are within tolerances specified.
3. Verify that reinforcing dowels are properly placed.

B. Before installation, examine rough-in and built-in construction for piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Thickness: Build cavity and composite walls and other masonry construction to full thickness shown. Build single-wythe walls to actual widths of masonry units, using units of widths indicated.

B. Build chases and recesses to accommodate items specified in this and other Sections.

C. Leave openings for equipment to be installed before completing masonry. After installing equipment, complete masonry to match the construction immediately adjacent to opening.

D. Use full-size units without cutting if possible. If cutting is required to provide a continuous pattern or to fit adjoining construction, cut units with motor-driven saws; provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Allow units to dry before laying unless wetting of units is specified. Install cut units with cut surfaces and, where possible, cut edges concealed.

E. Select and arrange units for exposed unit masonry to produce a uniform blend of colors and textures.

1. Mix units from several pallets or cubes as they are placed.

F. Matching Existing Masonry: Match coursing, bonding, color, and texture of existing masonry.

G. Wetting of Brick: Wet brick before laying if initial rate of absorption exceeds 30 g/30 sq. in. per minute when tested per ASTM C 67. Allow units to absorb water so they are damp but not wet at time of laying.

H. Comply with construction tolerances in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 and with the following:

1. For conspicuous vertical lines, such as external corners, door jambs, reveals, and expansion and control joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/8 inch in 10 feet, 1/4 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.

2. For vertical alignment of exposed head joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.
3. For conspicuous horizontal lines, such as lintels, sills, parapets, and reveals, do not vary from level by more than 1/8 inch in 10 feet, 1/4 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.
4. For exposed bed joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch, with a maximum thickness limited to 1/2 inch. Do not vary from bed-joint thickness of adjacent courses by more than 1/8 inch.
5. For exposed head joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch. Do not vary from adjacent bed-joint and head-joint thicknesses by more than 1/8 inch.
6. For faces of adjacent exposed masonry units, do not vary from flush alignment by more than 1/16 inch except due to warpage of masonry units within tolerances specified for warpage of units.
7. For exposed bed joints and head joints of stacked bond, do not vary from a straight line by more than 1/16 inch from one masonry unit to the next.

3.3 LAYING MASONRY WALLS

A. Lay out walls in advance for accurate spacing of surface bond patterns with uniform joint thicknesses and for accurate location of openings, movement-type joints, returns, and offsets. Avoid using less-than-half-size units, particularly at corners, jambs, and, where possible, at other locations.

B. Bond Pattern for Exposed Masonry: Unless otherwise indicated, lay exposed masonry in running bond; do not use units with less than nominal 4-inch horizontal face dimensions at corners or jambs.

C. Lay concealed masonry with all units in a wythe in running bond or bonded by lapping not less than 4-inches. Bond and interlock each course of each wythe at corners. Do not use units with less than nominal 4-inch horizontal face dimensions at corners or jambs.

D. Stopping and Resuming Work: Stop work by racking back units in each course from those in course below; do not tooth. When resuming work, clean masonry surfaces that are to receive mortar, remove loose masonry units and mortar, and wet brick if required before laying fresh masonry.

E. Built-in Work: As construction progresses, build in items specified in this and other Sections. Fill in solidly with masonry around built-in items.

F. Fill space between steel frames and masonry solidly with mortar, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Where built-in items are to be embedded in cores of hollow masonry units, place a layer of metal lath, wire mesh, or plastic mesh in the joint below and rod mortar or grout into core.

H. Fill cores in hollow concrete masonry units with grout 24 inches under bearing plates, beams, lintels, posts, and similar items, unless otherwise indicated.

I. Build non-load-bearing interior partitions full height of story to underside of solid floor or roof structure above, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Install compressible filler in joint between top of partition and underside of structure above.
2. Fasten partition top anchors to structure above and build into top of partition. Grout cells of CMUs solidly around plastic tubes of anchors and push tubes down into grout to provide 1/2-inch clearance between end of anchor rod and end of tube. Space anchors 48 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.
3. At fire-rated partitions, treat joint between top of partition and underside of structure above to comply with Division 7 Section "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems."

3.4 MORTAR BEDDING AND JOINTING

A. Lay hollow brick and concrete masonry units as follows:

1. With face shells fully bedded in mortar and with head joints of depth equal to bed joints.
2. With webs fully bedded in mortar in all courses of piers, columns, and pilasters.
3. With webs fully bedded in mortar in grouted masonry, including starting course on footings.

B. Lay solid masonry units with completely filled bed and head joints; butter ends with sufficient mortar to fill head joints and shove into place. Do not deeply furrow bed joints or slush head joints.

C. Lay structural-clay tile as follows:

1. Lay vertical-cell units with full head joints, unless otherwise indicated. Provide bed joints with full mortar coverage on face shells and webs.
2. Lay horizontal-cell units with full bed joints, unless otherwise indicated. Keep drainage channels, if any, free of mortar. Form head joints with sufficient mortar so excess will be squeezed out as units are placed in position. Butter both sides of units to be placed, or butter one side of unit already in place and one side of unit to be placed.
3. Maintain joint thicknesses indicated except for minor variations required to maintain bond alignment. If not indicated, lay walls with ¼- to 3/8-inch-thick joints.
4. Rake out setting mortar to a uniform depth of ¼ inch and point with epoxy mortar to comply with epoxy-mortar manufacturer's written instructions.

D. Set cast-stone trim units in full bed of mortar with full vertical joints. Fill dowel, anchor and similar holes.

1. Clean soiled surfaces with fiber brush and soap powder and rinse thoroughly with clear water.
2. Wet joint surfaces thoroughly before applying mortar.

E. Tool exposed joints slightly concave when thumbprint hard, using a jointer larger than joint thickness, unless otherwise indicated.

1. For glazed masonry units, use a nonmetallic jointer ¾ inch or more in width.

3.5 COMPOSITE MASONRY

A. Bond wythes of composite masonry together using one of the following methods:

1. Individual Metal Ties: Provide ties as shown installed in horizontal joints, but not less than one metal tie fo 2.67 sq. ft. of wall area spaced not to exceed 16 inches o.c. horizontally and 16 inches o.c. vertically. Stagger ties in alternate courses. Provide additional ties within 12 inches of openings and space not more than 36 inches apart around perimeter of openings. At intersecting and abutting walls, provide ties at no more than 24 inches o.c. vertically.

    a. Where bed joints of wythes do not align, use adjustable (two-piece) type ties.

2. Masonry Joint Reinforcement: Installed in horizontal mortar joints.

    a. Where bed joints of both wythes align, use ladder-type reinforcement extending across both wythes.

B. Collar Joints in Clay Tile Masonry: After each course is laid, fill the vertical, longitudinal joint between wythes solidly with mortar at exterior walls, except cavity walls and interior walls and partitions.

C. Corners: Provide interlocking masonry unit bond in each wythe and course at corners, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Provide continuity with masonry joint reinforcement at corners by using prefabricated L-shaped units as well as masonry bonding.

D. Intersecting and Abutting Walls: Unless vertical expansion or control joints are shown at juncture, bond walls together as follows:

1. Provide individual metal ties not more than 16 inches o.c.
2. Provide continuity with masonry joint reinforcement by using prefabricated T-shaped units.

3.6 CAVITY WALLS

A. Bond wythes of cavity walls together using one of the following methods:

1. Individual Metal Ties: Provide ties as shown installed in horizontal joints, but not less than one metal tie for 2.67 sq. ft. of wall area spaced not to exceed 24 inches o.c. horizontally and 16 inches o.c. vertically. Stagger ties in alternate courses. Provide additional ties within 12 inches of openings and space not more than 36 inches apart around perimeter of openings. At intersecting and abutting walls, provide ties at no more than 24 inches o.c. vertically.

    a. Where one wythe is of clay masonry and the other of concrete masonry, use adjustable (two-piece) type ties to allow for differential movement regardless of whether bed joints align.

2. Masonry Joint Reinforcement: Installed in horizontal mortar joints.

a. Where one wythe is of clay masonry and the other of concrete masonry, use adjustable (two-piece) type reinforcement to allow for differential movement regardless of whether bed joints align.

B. Keep cavities clean of mortar droppings and other materials during construction. Bevel beds away from cavity, to minimize mortar protrusions into cavity. Do not attempt to trowel or remove mortar fins protruding into cavity.

C. Installing Cavity-Wall Insulation at Rigid Board (only where noted): Place small dabs of adhesive, spaced approximately 12 inches o.c. both ways, on inside face of insulation boards, or attach with plastic fasteners designed for this purpose. Fit courses of insulation between wall ties and other confining obstructions in cavity, with edges butted tightly both ways. Press units firmly against inside wythe of masonry or other construction as shown.

1. Fill cracks and open gaps in insulation with crack sealer compatible with insulation and masonry.

D. Installing Cavity-Wall Insulation at Spray Foam (typical unless noted otherwise):

1. Clean masonry substrate of substances which would interfere with the adhesion of the spray polyurethane foam.
2. Fill voids between masonry and structural steel with mineral wool.
3. Mask adjacent materials as needed to prevent overspray.
4. Test substrate with Moisture Detection Paper (MDP) strips to affirm that the substrate is dry.
5. Apply spray polyurethane foam directly to the masonry block in accordance to the manufacturer's installation instructions. All surfaces to be sprayed with foam must be free of all forms of moisture and ice. Surfaces can be checked with NCFI's MDP (Moisture Detection Paper) strips prior to and during foam application.
6. Do not spray polyurethane foam during inclement weather or when ambient temperature and humidity are outside the ranges prescribed by the manufacturer.
7. Apply the spray polyurethane foam to an average thickness of 2-1/2 inches with a minimum thickness of 2 inches. Apply the full thickness less ¼ inch per inch of average thickness as in table below.

Table 1: R-Values at Specified Thickness

R-Value of Insulation	Average Thickness (Inches)	Minimum Thickness (Inches)
7.0	1	¾
10.5	1-1/2	1-1/4
14	2	1-1/2
17.5	2-1/2	2

8. Shield the spray polyurethane foam from interior exposure with an approved thermal barier.

9. Remove overspray from adjacent surfaces.

3.7 MASONRY JOINT REINFORCEMENT

A. General: Install entire length of longitudinal side rods in mortar with a minimum cover of 5/8 inch on exterior side of walls, 1/2 inch elsewhere. Lap reinforcement a minimum of 6 inches.

1. Space reinforcement not more than 16 inches o.c.
2. Space reinforcement not more than 8 inches o.c. in foundation walls and parapet walls.
3. Provide reinforcement not more than 8 inches above and below wall openings and extending 12 inches beyond openings.

a. Reinforcement above is in addition to continuous reinforcement.

B. Interrupt joint reinforcement at control and expansion joints, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Provide continuity at wall intersections by using prefabricated T-shaped units.

D. Provide continuity at corners by using prefabricated L-shaped units.

E. Cut and bend reinforcing units as directed by manufacturer for continuity at returns, offsets, column fireproofing, pipe enclosures, and other special conditions.

3.8 ANCHORING MASONRY TO STRUCTURAL MEMBERS

A. Anchor masonry to structural members where masonry abuts or faces structural members to comply with the following:

1. Provide an open space not less than 1/2 inch in width between masonry and structural member, unless otherwise indicated. Keep open space free of mortar and other rigid materials.
2. Anchor masonry to structural members with anchors embedded in masonry joints and attached to structure.
3. Space anchors as indicated, but not more than 16 inches o.c. vertically and 24 inches o.c. horizontally.

3.9 CONTROL AND EXPANSION JOINTS

A. General: Install control and expansion joint materials in unit masonry as masonry progresses. Do not allow materials to span control and expansion joints without provision to allow for in-plane wall or partition movement.

B. Form control joints in concrete masonry as follows:

1. Fit bond-breaker strips into hollow contour in ends of concrete masonry units on one side of control joint. Fill resultant core with grout and rake out joints in exposed faces for application of sealant.

C. Form expansion joints in brick made from clay or shale as follows:

1. Form open joint full depth of brick wythe and of width indicated, but not less than 3/8 inch for installation of sealant and backer rod specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.10 LINTELS

A. Install steel lintels where indicated.

B. Provide masonry lintels where shown and where openings of more than 12 inches for brick size units and 24 inches for block size units are shown without structural steel or other supporting lintels.

C. Provide minimum bearing of 8 inches at each jamb, unless otherwise indicated.

3.11 FLASHING, WEEP HOLES, CAVITY DRAINAGE, AND VENTS

A. General: Install embedded flashing and weep holes in masonry at shelf angles, lintels, ledges, other obstructions to downward flow of water in wall, and where indicated.

B. Install flashing as follows, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Prepare masonry surfaces so they are smooth and free from projections that could puncture flashing. Where flashing is within mortar joint, place through-wall flashing on sloping bed of mortar and cover with mortar. Before covering with mortar, seal penetrations in flashing with adhesive, sealant, or tape as recommended by flashing manufacturer.
2. At multiwythe masonry walls, including cavity walls, extend flashing through outer wythe, turned up a minimum of 8 inches, and 1-1/2 inches into the inner wythe. Form 1/4-inch hook in edge of flashing embedded in inner wythe.
3. At lintels and shelf angles, extend flashing a minimum of 6 inches into masonry at each end. At heads and sills, extend flashing 6 inches at ends and turn up not less than 2 inches to form end dams.
4. Install metal drip edges beneath flexible flashing at exterior face of wall. Stop flexible flashing 1/2 inch back from outside face of wall and adhere flexible flashing to top of metal drip edge.

C. Install reglets and nailers for flashing and other related construction where they are shown to be built into masonry.

D. Install weep holes in head joints in exterior wythes of first course of masonry immediately above embedded flashing and as follows:

1. Use specified weep/vent products to form weep holes.
2. Space weep holes 24 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.

E. Place cavity drainage material in cavities to comply with configuration requirements for cavity drainage material in Part 2 "Miscellaneous Masonry Accessories" Article.

F. Place pea gravel in cavities as soon as practical to a height equal to height of first course above top of flashing, but not less than 2 inches, to maintain drainage.

3.12 REINFORCED UNIT MASONRY INSTALLATION

A. Temporary Formwork and Shores: Construct formwork and shores as needed to support reinforced masonry elements during construction.

1. Construct formwork to provide shape, line, and dimensions of completed masonry as indicated. Make forms sufficiently tight to prevent leakage of mortar and grout. Brace, tie, and support forms to maintain position and shape during construction and curing of reinforced masonry.
2. Do not remove forms and shores until reinforced masonry members have hardened sufficiently to carry their own weight and other temporary loads that may be placed on them during construction.

B. Placing Reinforcement: Comply with requirements in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

C. Grouting: Do not place grout until entire height of masonry to be grouted has attained enough strength to resist grout pressure.

1. Comply with requirements in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 for cleanouts and for grout placement, including minimum grout space and maximum pour height.
2. Limit height of vertical grout pours to not more than 60 inches.

3.13 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections indicated below and prepare test reports:

1. Payment for these services will be made by Owner.
2. Retesting of materials failing to comply with specified requirements shall be done at Contractor's expense.

B. Testing Frequency: One set of tests for each 5000 sq. ft. of wall area or portion thereof.

C. Clay Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit provided, per ASTM C 67.

D. Concrete Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit provided, per ASTM C 140.

E. Mortar Test (Property Specification): For each mix provided, per ASTM C 780. Test mortar for mortar air content and compressive strength.

F. Grout Test (Compressive Strength): For each mix provided, per ASTM C 1019.

G. Prism Test: For each type of construction provided, per ASTM C 1314 at 7 days and at 28 days.

3.14 REPAIRING, POINTING AND CLEANING

A. Remove and replace masonry units that are loose, chipped, broken, stained or otherwise damaged or that do not match adjoining units. Install new units to match adjoining units; install in fresh mortar, pointed to eliminate evidence of replacement.

B. Pointing: During the tooling of joints, enlarge voids and holes, except weep holes, and completely fill with mortar. Point up joints, including corners, openings, and adjacent construction, to provide a neat, uniform appearance. Prepare joints for sealant application, where indicated.

C. In-Progress Cleaning: Clean unit masonry as work progresses by dry brushing to remove mortar fins and smears before tooling joints.

D. Final Cleaning: After mortar is thoroughly set and cured, clean exposed masonry as follows:

1. Remove large mortar particles by hand with wooden paddles and nonmetallic scrape hoes or chisels.
2. Test cleaning methods on sample wall panel; leave one-half of panel uncleaned for comparison purposes. Obtain Architect's approval of sample cleaning before proceeding with cleaning of masonry.
3. Protect adjacent stone and nonmasonry surfaces from contact with cleaner by covering them with liquid strippable masking agent or polyethylene film and waterproof masking tape.
4. Wet wall surfaces with water before applying cleaners; remove cleaners promptly by rinsing surfaces thoroughtly with clear water.
5. Clean masonry with a proprietary acidic cleaner applied according to manufacturer's written instructions.
6. Clean concrete masonry by cleaning method indicated in NCMA TEK 8-2A applicable to type of stain on exposed surfaces.

3.15 MASONRY WASTE DISPOSAL

A. Salvageable Materials: Unless otherwise indicated, excess masonry materials are Contractor's property. At completion of unit masonry work, remove from Project site.

B. Excess Masonry Waste: Remove masonry waste, and legally dispose of off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 04810

SECTION 05120
STRUCTURAL STEEL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Structural steel.
2. Architecturally exposed structural steel.
3. Grout.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 1 Section "Quality Requirements" for independent testing agency procedures and administrative requirements.
2. Division 5 Section "Steel Deck" for field installation of shear connectors.
3. Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for steel lintels or shelf angles not attached to structural-steel frame, miscellaneous steel fabrications and other metal items not defined as structural steel.
4. Division 9 painting Sections for surface preparation and priming requirements.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Structural Steel: Elements of structural-steel frame, as classified by AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges," that support design loads.

B. Architecturally Exposed Structural Steel: Structural steel designated as architecturally exposed structural steel in the Contract Documents.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Connections: Provide details of simple shear connections required by the Contract Documents to be selected or completed by structural-steel fabricator to withstand ASD-service loads indicated and comply with other information and restrictions indicated.

1. Select and complete connections using schematic details indicated and AISC's "Manual of Steel Construction, Allowable Stress Design," Part 4.
2. Engineering Responsibility: Fabricator's responsibilities include using a qualified professional engineer to prepare structural analysis data for structural-steel connections.

B. Construction: Type 2, simple framing.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication of structural-steel components.

1. Include details of cuts, connections, splices, camber, holes, and other pertinent data.
2. Include embedment drawings.
3. Indicate welds by standard AWS symbols, distinguishing between shop and field welds, and show size, length, and type of each weld.
4. Indicate type, size, and length of bolts, distinguishing between shop and field bolts. Identify pretensioned and slip-critical high-strength bolted connections.
5. For structural-steel connections indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data prepared by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

C. Welding certificates.

D. Qualification Data: For fabricator and professional engineer.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fabricator Qualifications: A qualified fabricator who participates in the AISC Quality Certification Program.

B. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."

C. Comply with applicable provisions of the following specifications and documents:

1. AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."
2. AISC's "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design."
3. AISC's "Specification for the Design of Steel Hollow Structural Sections."
4. AISC's "Specification for Allowable Stress Design of Single-Angle Members."
5. RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store materials to permit easy access for inspection and identification. Keep steel members off ground and spaced by using pallets, dunnage, or other supports and spacers. Protect steel members and packaged materials from erosion and deterioration.

1. Store fasteners in a protected place. Clean and relubricate bolts and nuts that become dry or rusty before use.
2. Do not store materials on structure in a manner that might cause distortion, damage, or overload to members or supporting structures. Repair or replace damaged materials or structures as directed.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Furnish anchorage items to be embedded in or attached to other construction without delaying the Work. Provide setting diagrams, sheet metal templates, instructions, and directions for installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 STRUCTURAL-STEEL MATERIALS

A. W-Shapes: ASTM A 992/A 992M.

B. Channels, Angles: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

C. Plate and Bar: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

D. Cold-Formed Hollow Structural Sections: ASTM A 500, Grade B, structural tubing.

E. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E or S, Grade B.

1. Weight Class: Standard U.N.O.
2. Finish: Black, except where indicated to be galvanized.

F. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS requirements.

2.2 BOLTS, CONNECTORS, AND ANCHORS

A. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325, Type 1, heavy hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563 heavy hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 hardened carbon-steel washers.

1. Finish: Plain.

B. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 490, Type 1, heavy hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563 heavy hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 hardened carbon-steel washers, plain.

C. Shear Connectors: ASTM A 108, Grades 1015 through 1020, headed-stud type, cold-finished carbon steel; AWS D1.1, Type B.

D. Headed Anchor Rods: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36 straight.

1. Nuts: ASTM A 563 heavy hex carbon steel.
2. Plate Washers: ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon steel.
3. Washers: ASTM F 436 hardened carbon steel.
4. Finish: Plain.

E. Threaded Rods: ASTM A 193/A 193M.

1. Nuts: ASTM A 563 heavy hex carbon steel.
2. Washers: ASTM F 436 hardened carbon steel.
3. Finish: Plain.

F. Sleeve Nuts: ASTM A 108, Grade 1018, cold-finished carbon steel.

2.3 PRIMER

A. Primer: Fabricator's standard lead- and chromate-free, nonasphaltic, rust-inhibiting primer.

B. Galvanizing Repair Paint: MPI#18, MPI#19, or SSPC-Paint 20.

2.4 GROUT

A. Cement Grout: Portland cement, ASTM C 150, Type I; and clean, natural sand, ASTM C 404, Size No. 2. Mix at ratio of 1 part cement to 2-1/2 parts sand, by volume, with minimum water required for placement and hydration.

B. Metallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, metallic aggregate grout, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

C. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

2.5 FABRICATION

A. Structural Steel: Fabricate and assemble in shop to greatest extent possible. Fabricate according to AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and AISC's "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design."

1. Camber structural-steel members where indicated.
2. Identify high-strength structural steel according to ASTM A 6/ A 6M and maintain markings until structural steel has been erected.
3. Mark and match-mark materials for field assembly.
4. Complete structural-steel assemblies, including welding of units, before starting shop-priming operations.

B. Architecturally Exposed Structural Steel: Comply with fabrication requirements, including tolerance limits, of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" for structural steel identified as architecturally exposed structural steel.

1. Fabricate with exposed surfaces smooth, square, and free of surface blemishes including pitting, rust, scale, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, and roughness.
2. Remove blemishes by filling or grinding or by welding and grinding, before cleaning, treating, and shop priming.

C. Thermal Cutting: Perform thermal cutting by machine to greatest extent possible.

1. Plane thermally cut edges to be welded to comply with requirements in AWS D1.1.

D. Bolt Holes: Cut, drill, mechanically thermal cut, or punch standard bolt holes perpendicular to metal surfaces.

E. Finishing: Accurately finish ends of columns and other members transmitting bearing loads.

F. Cleaning: Clean and prepare steel surfaces that are to remain unpainted according to SSPC-SP 2, "Hand Tool Cleaning."

G. Shear Connectors: Prepare steel surfaces as recommended by manufacturer of shear connectors. Use automatic end welding of headed-stud shear connectors according to AWS D1.1 and manufacturer's written instructions.

H. Welded Door Frames: Build up welded door frames attached to structural steel. Weld exposed joints continuously and grind smooth. Plug-weld fixed steel bar stops to frames. Secure removable stops to frames with countersunk, cross-recessed head machine screws, uniformly spaced not more than 10 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.

I. Holes: Provide holes required for securing other work to structural steel and for passage of other work through steel framing members.

1. Cut, drill, or punch holes perpendicular to steel surfaces. Do not thermally cut bolt holes or enlarge holes by burning.
2. Base-Plate Holes: Cut, drill, mechanically thermal cut, or punch holes perpendicular to steel surfaces.
3. Weld threaded nuts to framing and other specialty items indicated to receive other work.

2.6 SHOP CONNECTIONS

A. High-Strength Bolts: Shop install high-strength bolts according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for type of bolt and type of joint specified.

1. Joint Type: Snug tightened U.N.O.

B. Weld Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1 for welding procedure specifications, tolerances, appearance, and quality of welds and for methods used in correcting welding work.

1. Remove backing bars or runoff tabs, back gouge, and grind steel smooth.
2. Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods that will maintain true alignment of axes without exceeding tolerances of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" for mill material.

3. Verify that weld sizes, fabrication sequence, and equipment used for architecturally exposed structural steel will limit distortions to allowable tolerances. Prevent weld show-through on exposed steel surfaces.

   a. Grind butt welds flush.
   b. Grind or fill exposed fillet welds to smooth profile. Dress exposed welds.

2.7 SHOP PRIMING

A. Shop prime steel surfaces except the following:

1. Surfaces embedded in concrete or mortar. Extend priming of partially embedded members to a depth of 2 inches.
2. Surfaces to be field welded.
3. Surfaces to be high-strength bolted with slip-critical connections.
4. Surfaces to receive sprayed fire-resistive materials.
5. Galvanized surfaces.

B. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces to be painted. Remove loose rust and mill scale and spatter, slag, or flux deposits. Prepare surfaces according to the following specifications and standards:

1. SSPC-SP 2, "Hand Tool Cleaning."
2. SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
3. SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning."
4. SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
5. SSPC-SP 7/NACE No. 4, "Brush-Off Blast Cleaning."
6. SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling."
7. SSPC-SP 10/NACE No. 2, "Near-White Blast Cleaning."
8. SSPC-SP 11, "Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal."
9. SSPC-SP 14/NACE No. 8, "Industrial Blast Cleaning."

C. Priming: Immediately after surface preparation, apply primer according to manufacturer's written instructions and at rate recommended by SSPC to provide a dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils. Use priming methods that result in full coverage of joints, corners, edges, and exposed surfaces.

1. Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges.
2. Apply two coats of shop paint to inaccessible surfaces after assembly or erection. Change color of second coat to distinguish it from first.

D. Painting: Apply a 1-coat, nonasphaltic primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide 7.00, "Painting System Guide 7.00: Guide for Selecting One-Coat Shop Painting Systems," to provide a dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils.

2.8 GALVANIZING

A. Hot-Dip Galvanized Finish: Apply zinc coating by the hot-dip process to structural steel according to ASTM A 123/ A 123M.

1. Fill vent holes and grind smooth after galvanizing.
2. Galvanize lintels attached to structural-steel frame and located in exterior walls.

2.9 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Owner will engage an independent testing and inspecting agency to perform shop tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

1. Provide testing agency with access to places where structural-steel work is being fabricated or produced to perform tests and inspections.

B. Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports and inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.

C. Bolted Connections: Shop-bolted connections will be inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."

D. Welded Connections: In addition to visual inspection, shop-welded connections will be tested and inspected according to AWS D1.1 and the following inspection procedures, at testing agency's option:

1. Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.
2. Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
3. Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
4. Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94.

E. In addition to visual inspection, shop-welded shear connectors will be tested and inspected according to requirements in AWS D1.1 for stud welding and as follows:

1. Bend tests will be performed if visual inspections reveal either a less-than- continuous 360-degree flash or welding repairs to any shear connector.
2. Tests will be conducted on additional shear connectors if weld fracture occurs on shear connectors already tested, according to requirements in AWS D1.1.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify elevations of concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces and locations of anchor rods, bearing plates, and other embedments, with steel erector present, for compliance with requirements.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Provide temporary shores, guys, braces, and other supports during erection to keep structural steel secure, plumb, and in alignment against temporary construction loads and loads equal in intensity to design loads. Remove temporary supports when permanent structural steel, connections, and bracing are in place, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Do not remove temporary shoring supporting composite deck construction until cast-in-place concrete has attained its design compressive strength.

3.3 ERECTION

A. Set structural steel accurately in locations and to elevations indicated and according to AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design."

B. Base and Bearing Plates: Clean concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen surfaces prior to setting base and bearing plates. Clean bottom surface of base and bearing plates.

1. Set base and bearing plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or setting nuts as required.
2. Weld plate washers to top of base plate.
3. Snug-tighten anchor rods after supported members have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of base or bearing plate before packing with grout.
4. Promptly pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and base or bearing plates so no voids remain. Neatly finish exposed surfaces; protect grout and allow to cure. Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions for shrinkage-resistant grouts.

C. Maintain erection tolerances of structural steel and architecturally exposed structural steel within AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."

D. Align and adjust various members forming part of complete frame or structure before permanently fastening. Before assembly, clean bearing surfaces and other surfaces that will be in permanent contact with members. Perform necessary adjustments to compensate for discrepancies in elevations and alignment.

1. Level and plumb individual members of structure.
2. Make allowances for difference between temperature at time of erection and mean temperature when structure is completed and in service.

E. Splice members only where indicated.

F. Remove erection bolts on welded, architecturally exposed structural steel; fill holes with plug welds; and grind smooth at exposed surfaces.

G. Do not use thermal cutting during erection unless approved by Architect. Finish thermally cut sections within smoothness limits in AWS D1.1.

H. Do not enlarge unfair holes in members by burning or using drift pins. Ream holes that must be enlarged to admit bolts.

I. Shear Connectors: Prepare steel surfaces as recommended by manufacturer of shear connectors. Use automatic end welding of headed-stud shear connectors according to AWS D1.1 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.4 FIELD CONNECTIONS

A. High-Strength Bolts: Install high-strength bolts according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for type of bolt and type of joint specified.

1. Joint Type: Snug tightened U.N.O.

B. Weld Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1 for welding procedure specifications, tolerances, appearance, and quality of welds and for methods used in correcting welding work.

1. Comply with AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design" for bearing, adequacy of temporary connections, alignment, and removal of paint on surfaces adjacent to field welds.
2. Remove backing bars or runoff tabs, back gouge, and grind steel smooth.
3. Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods that will maintain true alignment of axes without exceeding tolerances of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" for mill material.
4. Verify that weld sizes, fabrication sequence, and equipment used for architecturally exposed structural steel will limit distortions to allowable tolerances. Prevent weld show-through on exposed steel surfaces.

    a. Grind butt welds flush.
    b. Grind or fill exposed fillet welds to smooth profile. Dress exposed welds.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to inspect field welds.

B. Bolted Connections: Shop-bolted connections will be tested and inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."

C. Welded Connections: Field welds will be visually inspected according to AWS D1.1.

1. In addition to visual inspection, field welds will be tested according to AWS D1.1 and the following inspection procedures, at testing agency's option:

    a. Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.

b. Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
c. Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
d. Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94.

D. In addition to visual inspection, test and inspect field-welded shear connectors according to requirements in AWS D1.1 for stud welding and as follows:

1. Perform bend tests if visual inspections reveal either a less-than- continuous 360-degree flash or welding repairs to any shear connector.
2. Conduct tests on additional shear connectors if weld fracture occurs on shear connectors already tested, according to requirements in AWS D1.1.

E. Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports and inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.

3.6 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

A. Repair damaged galvanized coatings on galvanized items with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Touchup Painting: After installation, promptly clean, prepare, and prime or reprime field connections, rust spots, and abraded surfaces of prime-painted joists and accessories, bearing plates, and abutting structural steel.

1. Clean and prepare surfaces by SSPC-SP 2 hand-tool cleaning or SSPC-SP 3 power-tool cleaning.
2. Apply a compatible primer of same type as shop primer used on adjacent surfaces.

C. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting are specified in Division 9 painting Sections.

END OF SECTION 05120

SECTION 05210
STEEL JOISTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. K-series steel joists.
2. Joist accessories.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for installing bearing plates in concrete.
2. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for installing bearing plates in unit masonry.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. SJI "Specifications": Steel Joist Institute's "Standard Specifications, Load Tables and Weight Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders."

B. Special Joists: Steel joists or joist girders requiring modification by manufacturer to support nonuniform, unequal, or special loading conditions that invalidate load tables in SJI's "Specifications."

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Structural Performance: Provide special joists and connections capable of withstanding design loads indicated.

B. Design special joists to withstand design loads with live load deflections no greater than the following:

1. Floor Joists: Vertical deflection of 1/360 of the span.

2. Roof Joists: Vertical deflection of 1/240 of the span.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of joist, accessory, and product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Show layout, designation, number, type, location, and spacings of joists. Include joining and anchorage details, bracing, bridging, joist accessories; splice and connection locations and details; and attachments to other construction.

1. Indicate locations and details of bearing plates to be embedded in other construction.
2. Comprehensive engineering analysis of special joists signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for its preparation.

C. Welding certificates.

D. Qualification Data: For manufacturer.

E. Field quality-control test and inspection reports.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer certified by SJI to manufacture joists complying with applicable standard specifications and load tables of SJI "Specifications."

1. Manufacturer's responsibilities include providing professional engineering services for designing special joists to comply with performance requirements.

B. SJI Specifications: Comply with standard specifications in SJI's "Specifications" that are applicable to types of joists indicated.

C. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store, and handle joists as recommended in SJI's "Specifications."

B. Protect joists from corrosion, deformation, and other damage during delivery, storage, and handling.

1.8 SEQUENCING

A. Deliver steel bearing plates to be built into cast-in-place concrete and masonry construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Steel: Comply with SJI's "Specifications" for web and steel-angle chord members.

B. Steel Bearing Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

C. Carbon-Steel Bolts and Threaded Fasteners: ASTM A 307, Grade A, carbon-steel, hex-head bolts and threaded fasteners; carbon-steel nuts; and flat, unhardened steel washers.

1. Finish: Plain, uncoated.

D. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325, Type 1, heavy hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563 heavy hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 hardened carbon-steel washers.

1. Finish: Plain.

E. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS standards.

F. Galvanizing Repair Paint: MPI#18, MPI#19, or SSPC-Paint 20.

2.2 PRIMERS

A. Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, or manufacturer's standard shop primer complying with performance requirements in SSPC-Paint 15.

B. Primer: Provide shop primer that complies with Division 9 painting Sections.

2.3 K-SERIES STEEL JOISTS

A. Manufacture steel joists of type indicated according to "Standard Specifications for Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series" in SJI's "Specifications," with steel-angle top- and bottom-chord members, underslung ends, and parallel top chord.

1. Joist Type: K-series steel joists and KCS-type K-series steel joists.

B. Steel Joist Substitutes: Manufacture according to "Standard Specifications for Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series" in SJI's "Specifications," with steel-angle or -channel members.

C. Comply with AWS requirements and procedures for shop welding, appearance, quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.

D. Provide holes in chord members for connecting and securing other construction to joists.

E. Top-Chord Extensions: Extend top chords of joists with SJI's Type S top-chord extensions where indicated, complying with SJI's "Specifications."

F. Extended Ends: Extend bearing ends of joists with SJI's Type R extended ends where indicated, complying with SJI's "Specifications."

G. Do not camber joists.

H. Camber joists according to SJI's "Specifications" or as indicated.

I. Equip bearing ends of joists with manufacturer's standard beveled ends or sloped shoes if joist slope exceeds 1/4 inch per 12 inches.

2.4 JOIST ACCESSORIES

A. Bridging: Provide bridging anchors and number of rows of horizontal or diagonal bridging of material, size, and type required by SJI's "Specifications" for type of joist, chord size, spacing, and span. Furnish additional erection bridging if required for stability.

B. Bridging: Schematically indicated. Detail and fabricate according to SJI's "Specifications." Furnish additional erection bridging if required for stability.

C. Bridging: Fabricate as indicated and according to SJI's "Specifications." Furnish additional erection bridging if required for stability.

D. Fabricate steel bearing plates with integral anchorages of sizes and thicknesses indicated. Shop prime paint.

E. Steel bearing plates with integral anchorages are specified in Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications."

F. Supply ceiling extensions, either extended bottom-chord elements or a separate extension unit of enough strength to support ceiling construction. Extend ends to within 1/2 inch of finished wall surface, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Supply miscellaneous accessories, including splice plates and bolts required by joist manufacturer to complete joist installation.

2.5 CLEANING AND SHOP PAINTING

A. Clean and remove loose scale, heavy rust, and other foreign materials from fabricated joists and accessories by hand-tool cleaning, SSPC-SP 2.

B. Apply 1 coat of shop primer to joists and joist accessories to be primed to provide a continuous, dry paint film not less than 1 mil thick.

C. Shop priming of joists and joist accessories is specified in Division 9 painting Sections.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine supporting substrates, embedded bearing plates, and abutting structural framing for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Do not install joists until supporting construction is in place and secured.

B. Install joists and accessories plumb, square, and true to line; securely fasten to supporting construction according to SJI's "Specifications," joist manufacturer's written recommendations, and requirements in this Section.

1. Before installation, splice joists delivered to Project site in more than one piece.
2. Space, adjust, and align joists accurately in location before permanently fastening.
3. Install temporary bracing and erection bridging, connections, and anchors to ensure that joists are stabilized during construction.
4. Delay rigidly connecting bottom-chord extensions to columns or supports until dead loads have been applied.

C. Field weld joists to supporting steel bearing plates and framework. Coordinate welding sequence and procedure with placement of joists. Comply with AWS requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.

D. Bolt joists to supporting steel framework using carbon-steel bolts.

E. Bolt joists to supporting steel framework using high-strength structural bolts. Comply with RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or ASTM A 490 Bolts" for high-strength structural bolt installation and tightening requirements.

F. Install and connect bridging concurrently with joist erection, before construction loads are applied. Anchor ends of bridging lines at top and bottom chords if terminating at walls or beams.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to inspect field welds and bolted connections and to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test and inspection reports.

B. Field welds will be visually inspected according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

C. In addition to visual inspection, field welds will be tested according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and the following procedures, as applicable:

1. Radiographic Testing: ASTM E 94.
2. Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709.
3. Ultrasonic Testing: ASTM E 164.
4. Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.

D. Bolted connections will be visually inspected.

E. High-strength, field-bolted connections will be tested and verified according to procedures in RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or ASTM A 490 Bolts."

F. Correct deficiencies in Work that test and inspection reports have indicated are not in compliance with specified requirements.

G. Additional testing will be performed to determine compliance of corrected Work with specified requirements.

3.4 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

A. Repair damaged galvanized coatings on galvanized items with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Touchup Painting: After installation, promptly clean, prepare, and prime or reprime field connections, rust spots, and abraded surfaces of prime-painted joists, bearing plates, abutting structural steel, and accessories.

1. Clean and prepare surfaces by hand-tool cleaning, SSPC-SP 2, or power-tool cleaning, SSPC-SP 3.
2. Apply a compatible primer of same type as shop primer used on adjacent surfaces.

C. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting are specified in Division 9 painting Sections.

D. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, that ensure that joists and accessories are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 05210

SECTION 05310
STEEL DECK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Roof deck.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for concrete fill.
2. Division 5 Section "Structural Steel" for shop- and field-welded shear connectors.
3. Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for framing deck openings with miscellaneous steel shapes.
4. Division 9 painting Sections for repair painting of primed deck.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of deck, accessory, and product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Show layout and types of deck panels, anchorage details, reinforcing channels, pans, cut deck openings, special jointing, accessories, and attachments to other construction.

C. Field quality-control test and inspection reports.

D. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, indicating that each of the following complies with requirements:

1. Power-actuated mechanical fasteners.
2. Acoustical roof deck.

E. Research/Evaluation Reports: For steel deck.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency qualified according to ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.

B. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."

C. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Where indicated, provide steel deck units identical to those tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
2. Steel deck units shall be identified with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

D. AISI Specifications: Comply with calculated structural characteristics of steel deck according to AISI's "North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members."

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect steel deck from corrosion, deformation, and other damage during delivery, storage, and handling.

B. Stack steel deck on platforms or pallets and slope to provide drainage. Protect with a waterproof covering and ventilate to avoid condensation.

1. Protect and ventilate acoustical cellular roof deck with factory-installed insulation to maintain insulation free of moisture.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of sound-absorbing insulation strips in topside ribs of acoustical deck with roofing installation specified in Division 7 Section to ensure protection of insulation strips against damage from effects of weather and other causes.

B. Coordinate layout and installation of trench headers, preset inserts, duct fittings, and other components specified in Division 16 Section "Underfloor Raceways" with installation of electrified cellular metal floor deck.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Steel Deck:

    a. Canam Steel Corp.;The Canam Manac Group.
    b. Consolidated Systems, Inc.
    c. New Millennium Building Systems, LLC.
    d. Nucor Corp.; Vulcraft Division.
    e. United Steel Deck, Inc.
    f. Wheeling Corrugating Company; Div. of Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Corporation.

2.2 ROOF DECK

A. Steel Roof Deck: Fabricate panels, without top-flange stiffening grooves, to comply with "SDI Specifications and Commentary for Steel Roof Deck," in SDI Publication No. 30, and with the following:

1. Prime-Painted Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Structural Steel (SS), Grade 33 minimum, shop primed with manufacturer's standard baked-on, rust-inhibitive primer.

    a. Color: Manufacturer's standard.

2. Galvanized and Shop-Primed Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Structural Steel (SS), Grade 33, G60 zinc coating; cleaned, pretreated, and primed with manufacturer's standard baked-on, rust-inhibitive primer.

    a. Color: Manufacturer's standard.

3. Deck Profile: As indicated, Type WR, wide rib.
4. Profile Depth: 1-1/2 inches.
5. Design Uncoated-Steel Thickness: 0.0358 inch.
6. Span Condition: Triple span or more.
7. Side Laps: Overlapped.

2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard accessory materials for deck that comply with requirements indicated.

B. Mechanical Fasteners: Corrosion-resistant, low-velocity, power-actuated or pneumatically driven carbon-steel fasteners; or self-drilling, self-threading screws.

C. Side-Lap Fasteners: Corrosion-resistant, hexagonal washer head; self-drilling, carbon-steel screws, No. 10 minimum diameter.

D. Flexible Closure Strips: Vulcanized, closed-cell, synthetic rubber.

E. Miscellaneous Sheet Metal Deck Accessories: Steel sheet, minimum yield strength of 33,000 psi, not less than 0.0359-inch design uncoated thickness, of same material and finish as deck; of profile indicated or required for application.

F. Pour Stops and Girder Fillers: Steel sheet, minimum yield strength of 33,000 psi, of same material and finish as deck, and of thickness and profile recommended by SDI Publication No. 30 for overhang and slab depth.

G. Column Closures, End Closures, Z-Closures, and Cover Plates: Steel sheet, of same material, finish, and thickness as deck, unless otherwise indicated.

H. Piercing Hanger Tabs: Piercing steel sheet hanger attachment devices for use with floor deck.

I. Weld Washers: Uncoated steel sheet, shaped to fit deck rib, 0.0747 inch thick, with factory-punched hole of 3/8-inch minimum diameter.

J. Recessed Sump Pans: Single-piece steel sheet, 0.0747 inch thick, of same material and finish as deck, with 3-inch- wide flanges and level recessed pans of 1-1/2-inch minimum depth. For drains, cut holes in the field.

K. Flat Sump Plate: Single-piece steel sheet, 0.0747 inch thick, of same material and finish as deck. For drains, cut holes in the field.

L. Galvanizing Repair Paint: SSPC-Paint 20 or DOD-P-21035, with dry film containing a minimum of 94 percent zinc dust by weight.

M. Repair Paint: Manufacturer's standard rust-inhibitive primer of same color as primer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine supporting frame and field conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Install deck panels and accessories according to applicable specifications and commentary in SDI Publication No. 30, manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in this Section.

B. Install temporary shoring before placing deck panels, if required to meet deflection limitations.

C. Locate deck bundles to prevent overloading of supporting members.

D. Place deck panels on supporting frame and adjust to final position with ends accurately aligned and bearing on supporting frame before being permanently fastened. Do not stretch or contract side-lap interlocks.

1. Align cellular deck panels over full length of cell runs and align cells at ends of abutting panels.

E. Place deck panels flat and square and fasten to supporting frame without warp or deflection.

F. Cut and neatly fit deck panels and accessories around openings and other work projecting through or adjacent to deck.

G. Provide additional reinforcement and closure pieces at openings as required for strength, continuity of deck, and support of other work.

H. Comply with AWS requirements and procedures for manual shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used for correcting welding work.

I. Mechanical fasteners may be used in lieu of welding to fasten deck. Locate mechanical fasteners and install according to deck manufacturer's written instructions.

3.3 ROOF-DECK INSTALLATION

A. Fasten roof-deck panels to steel supporting members by arc spot (puddle) welds of the surface diameter indicated or arc seam welds with an equal perimeter that is not less than 1-1/2 inches long, and as follows:

1. Weld Diameter: 5/8 inch, nominal.
2. Weld Spacing: Weld edge and interior ribs of deck units with a minimum of two welds per deck unit at each support. Space welds as indicated.
3. Weld Washers: Install weld washers at each weld location.

B. Side-Lap and Perimeter Edge Fastening: Fasten side laps and perimeter edges of panels between supports, at intervals not exceeding the lesser of 1/2 of the span or 36 inches, and as follows:

1. Mechanically fasten with self-drilling, No. 10 diameter or larger, carbon-steel screws.
2. Fasten with a minimum of 1-1/2-inch- long welds.

C. End Bearing: Install deck ends over supporting frame with a minimum end bearing of 1-1/2 inches, with end joints as follows:

1. End Joints: Lapped 2 inches minimum.

D. Roof Sump Pans and Sump Plates: Install over openings provided in roof deck and weld flanges to top of deck. Space welds not more than 12 inches apart with at least one weld at each corner.

1. Install reinforcing channels or zees in ribs to span between supports and weld.

E. Miscellaneous Roof-Deck Accessories: Install ridge and valley plates, finish strips, end closures, and reinforcing channels according to deck manufacturer's written instructions. Weld to substrate to provide a complete deck installation.

1. Weld cover plates at changes in direction of roof-deck panels, unless otherwise indicated.

F. Flexible Closure Strips: Install flexible closure strips over partitions, walls, and where indicated. Install with adhesive according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure complete closure.

G. Sound-Absorbing Insulation: Installation into topside ribs of deck as specified in Division 7 Section.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

B. Field welds will be subject to inspection.

C. Testing agency will report inspection results promptly and in writing to Contractor and Architect.

D. Remove and replace work that does not comply with specified requirements.

E. Additional inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of corrected work with specified requirements.

3.5 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

A. Galvanizing Repairs: Prepare and repair damaged galvanized coatings on both surfaces of deck with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Repair Painting: Wire brush and clean rust spots, welds, and abraded areas on both surfaces of prime-painted deck immediately after installation, and apply repair paint.

1. Apply repair paint, of same color as adjacent shop-primed deck, to bottom surfaces of deck exposed to view.
2. Wire brushing, cleaning, and repair painting of bottom deck surfaces are included in Division 9 Section.

C. Repair Painting: Wire brushing, cleaning, and repair painting of rust spots, welds, and abraded areas of both deck surfaces are included in Division 9 Section.

D. Provide final protection and maintain conditions to ensure that steel deck is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 05310

SECTION 05400
COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Exterior non-load-bearing wall framing.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for masonry shelf angles and connections.
2. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board Assemblies" for interior non-load-bearing, metal-stud framing and ceiling-suspension assemblies.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Structural Performance: Provide cold-formed metal framing capable of withstanding design loads within limits and under conditions indicated.

1. Design Loads: As indicated.
2. Deflection Limits: Design framing systems to withstand design loads without deflections greater than the following:

a. Exterior Non-Load-Bearing Framing: Horizontal deflection of 1/360 of the wall height.

3. Design framing systems to provide for movement of framing members without damage or overstressing, sheathing failure, connection failure, undue strain on fasteners and anchors, or other detrimental effects when subject to a maximum ambient temperature change of 120 deg F.

B. Cold-Formed Steel Framing, General: Design according to AISI's "Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing - General Provisions."

1. Design exterior non-load-bearing wall framing to accommodate horizontal deflection without regard for contribution of sheathing materials.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of cold-formed metal framing product and accessory indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Show layout, spacings, sizes, thicknesses, and types of cold-formed metal framing; fabrication; and fastening and anchorage details, including mechanical fasteners. Show reinforcing channels, opening framing, supplemental framing, strapping, bracing, bridging, splices, accessories, connection details, and attachment to adjoining work.

1. For cold-formed metal framing indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

C. Welding certificates.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings, design calculations, and other structural data by a qualified professional engineer.

B. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of cold-formed metal framing that are similar to those indicated for this Project in material, design, and extent.

C. Product Tests: Mill certificates or data from a qualified independent testing agency, or in-house testing with calibrated test equipment indicating steel sheet complies with requirements, including base-metal thickness, yield strength, tensile strength, total elongation, chemical requirements, ductility, and metallic-coating thickness.

D. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code--Steel," and AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code--Sheet Steel."

E. AISI Specifications and Standards: Comply with AISI's "North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members" and its "Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing - General Provisions."

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect cold-formed metal framing from corrosion, deformation, and other damage during delivery, storage, and handling.

B. Store cold-formed metal framing, protect with a waterproof covering, and ventilate to avoid condensation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering cold-formed metal framing that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. AllSteel Products, Inc.
2. Clark Steel Framing.
3. Dale/Incor.
4. Dietrich Metal Framing; a Worthington Industries Company.
5. Super Stud Building Products, Inc.
6. United Metal Products, Inc.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1003/A 1003M, Structural Grade, Type H, metallic coated, of grade and coating weight as follows:

1. Grade: As required by structural performance.
2. Coating: G90.

B. Steel Sheet for Vertical Deflection Clips: ASTM A 653/A 653M, structural steel, zinc coated, of grade and coating as follows:

1. Grade: As required by structural performance.
2. Coating: G90.

2.3 EXTERIOR NON-LOAD-BEARING WALL FRAMING

A. Steel Studs: Manufacturer's standard C-shaped steel studs, of web depths indicated, punched, with stiffened flanges, and as follows:

1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0428 inch.
2. Flange Width: 1-5/8 inches.

B. Steel Track: Manufacturer's standard U-shaped steel track, of web depths indicated, unpunched, with unstiffened flanges, and as follows:

1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: Matching steel studs.
2. Flange Width: 1-1/4 inches.

C. Vertical Deflection Clips: Manufacturer's standard head clips, capable of accommodating upward and downward vertical displacement of primary structure through positive mechanical attachment to stud web.

1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Dietrich Metal Framing; a Worthington Industries Company.

2.4 FRAMING ACCESSORIES

A. Fabricate steel-framing accessories from steel sheet, ASTM A 1003/A 1003M, Structural Grade, Type H, metallic coated, of same grade and coating weight used for framing members.

B. Provide accessories of manufacturer's standard thickness and configuration, unless otherwise indicated, as follows:

1. Supplementary framing.
2. Bracing, bridging, and solid blocking.
3. Web stiffeners.
4. Anchor clips.
5. End clips.
6. Foundation clips.
7. Gusset plates.
8. Stud kickers, knee braces, and girts.
9. Joist hangers and end closures.
10. Hole reinforcing plates.
11. Backer plates.

2.5 ANCHORS, CLIPS, AND FASTENERS

A. Steel Shapes and Clips: ASTM A 36/A 36M, zinc coated by hot-dip process according to ASTM A 123/A 123M.

B. Expansion Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 5 times design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

C. Power-Actuated Anchors: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190 conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

D. Mechanical Fasteners: ASTM C 1513, corrosion-resistant-coated, self-drilling, self-tapping steel drill screws.

1. Head Type: Low-profile head beneath sheathing, manufacturer's standard elsewhere.

E. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS standards.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Galvanizing Repair Paint: SSPC-Paint 20 or DOD-P-21035.

B. Cement Grout: Portland cement, ASTM C 150, Type I; and clean, natural sand, ASTM C 404. Mix at ratio of 1 part cement to 2-1/2 parts sand, by volume, with minimum water required for placement and hydration.

C. Nonmetallic, Nonshrink Grout: Premixed, nonmetallic, noncorrosive, nonstaining grout containing selected silica sands, portland cement, shrinkage-compensating agents, and plasticizing and water-reducing agents, complying with ASTM C 1107, with fluid consistency and 30-minute working time.

D. Shims: Load bearing, high-density multimonomer plastic, nonleaching.

E. Sealer Gaskets: Closed-cell neoprene foam, 1/4 inch thick, selected from manufacturer's standard widths to match width of bottom track or rim track members.

2.7 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate cold-formed metal framing and accessories plumb, square, and true to line, and with connections securely fastened, according to referenced AISI's specifications and standards, manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in this Section.

1. Fabricate framing assemblies using jigs or templates.
2. Cut framing members by sawing or shearing; do not torch cut.
3. Fasten cold-formed metal framing members by welding, screw fastening, clinch fastening, or riveting as standard with fabricator. Wire tying of framing members is not permitted.

    a. Comply with AWS D1.3 requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.
    b. Locate mechanical fasteners and install according to Shop Drawings, with screw penetrating joined members by not less than three exposed screw threads.

4. Fasten other materials to cold-formed metal framing by welding, bolting, or screw fastening, according to Shop Drawings.

B. Reinforce, stiffen, and brace framing assemblies to withstand handling, delivery, and erection stresses. Lift fabricated assemblies to prevent damage or permanent distortion.

C. Fabrication Tolerances: Fabricate assemblies level, plumb, and true to line to a maximum allowable tolerance variation of 1/8 inch in 10 feet and as follows:

1. Spacing: Space individual framing members no more than plus or minus 1/8 inch from plan location. Cumulative error shall not exceed minimum fastening requirements of sheathing or other finishing materials.
2. Squareness: Fabricate each cold-formed metal framing assembly to a maximum out-of-square tolerance of 1/8 inch.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine supporting substrates and abutting structural framing for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Install sealer gaskets to isolate the underside of wall bottom track or rim track and the top of foundation wall or slab at stud or joist locations.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Cold-formed metal framing may be shop or field fabricated for installation, or it may be field assembled.

B. Install cold-formed metal framing according to AISI's "Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing - General Provisions" and to manufacturer's written instructions unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

C. Install cold-formed metal framing and accessories plumb, square, and true to line, and with connections securely fastened.

1. Cut framing members by sawing or shearing; do not torch cut.
2. Fasten cold-formed metal framing members by welding, screw fastening, clinch fastening, or riveting. Wire tying of framing members is not permitted.

a. Comply with AWS D1.3 requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.

D. Install framing members in one-piece lengths unless splice connections are indicated for track or tension members.

E. Install temporary bracing and supports to secure framing and support loads comparable in intensity to those for which structure was designed. Maintain braces and supports in place, undisturbed, until entire integrated supporting structure has been completed and permanent connections to framing are secured.

F. Do not bridge building expansion and control joints with cold-formed metal framing. Independently frame both sides of joints.

G. Install insulation, specified in Division 7 Section "Building Insulation," in built-up exterior framing members, such as headers, sills, boxed joists, and multiple studs at openings, that are inaccessible on completion of framing work.

H. Fasten hole reinforcing plate over web penetrations that exceed size of manufacturer's standard punched openings.

I. Erection Tolerances: Install cold-formed metal framing level, plumb, and true to line to a maximum allowable tolerance variation of 1/8 inch in 10 feet and as follows:

1. Space individual framing members no more than plus or minus 1/8 inch from plan location. Cumulative error shall not exceed minimum fastening requirements of sheathing or other finishing materials.

3.4 EXTERIOR NON-LOAD-BEARING WALL INSTALLATION

A. Install continuous tracks sized to match studs. Align tracks accurately and securely anchor to supporting structure as indicated.

B. Fasten both flanges of studs to top and bottom track, unless otherwise indicated. Space studs as follows:

1. Stud Spacing: 16 inches, U.N.O.

C. Set studs plumb, except as needed for diagonal bracing or required for nonplumb walls or warped surfaces and similar requirements.

D. Isolate non-load-bearing steel framing from building structure to prevent transfer of vertical loads while providing lateral support.

1. Install double deep-leg deflection tracks and anchor outer track to building structure.
2. Connect vertical deflection clips to studs and anchor to building structure.

E. Install miscellaneous framing and connections, including stud kickers, web stiffeners, clip angles, continuous angles, anchors, fasteners, and stud girts, to provide a complete and stable wall-framing system.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

B. Field and shop welds will be subject to testing and inspecting.

C. Testing agency will report test results promptly and in writing to Contractor and Architect.

D. Remove and replace work where test results indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

E. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

3.6 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

A. Galvanizing Repairs: Prepare and repair damaged galvanized coatings on fabricated and installed cold-formed metal framing with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, that ensure that cold-formed metal framing is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 05400

SECTION 05500
METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Steel framing and supports for countertops.
2. Steel framing and supports for mechanical and electrical equipment.
3. Steel framing and supports for applications where framing and supports are not specified in other Sections.
4. Loose bearing and leveling plates.
5. Steel weld plates and angles for casting into concrete not specified in other Sections.
6. Metal ship's ladders.
7. Steel-framed walkway.

B. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the following:

1. Loose steel lintels.
2. Anchor bolts, steel pipe sleeves, and wedge-type inserts indicated to be cast into concrete or built into unit masonry.

C. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for installing anchor bolts, steel pipe sleeves, wedge-type inserts and other items indicated to be cast into concrete.
2. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for installing loose lintels, anchor bolts, and other items indicated to be built into unit masonry.
3. Division 5 Section "Structural Steel."

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Thermal Movements: Provide exterior metal fabrications that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for metal fabrications.

1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.
2. Provide templates for anchors and bolts specified for installation under other Sections.
3. For installed products indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

B. Welding certificates.

C. Qualification Data: For professional engineer.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:

1. AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
2. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls and other construction contiguous with metal fabrications by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating metal fabrications without field measurements. Coordinate wall and other contiguous construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
2. Provide allowance for trimming and fitting at site.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of anchorages for metal fabrications. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

B. Coordinate installation of steel weld plates and angles for casting into concrete that are specified in this Section but required for work of another Section. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METALS, GENERAL

A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces, unless otherwise indicated. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.

2.2 FERROUS METALS

A. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

B. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold-formed steel tubing.

C. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, standard weight (Schedule 40), unless another weight is indicated or required by structural loads.

D. Rolled-Steel Floor Plate: ASTM A 786/A 786M, rolled from plate complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M or ASTM A 283/A 283M, Grade C or D.

2.3 FASTENERS

A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide Type 304 or 316 stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5, at exterior walls. Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening aluminum. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.

B. Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head bolts, ASTM A 307, Grade A; with hex nuts, ASTM A 563; and, where indicated, flat washers.

C. Stainless-Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head annealed stainless-steel bolts, nuts and, where indicated, flat washers; ASTM F 593 for bolts and ASTM F 594 for nuts, Alloy Group [1] [2].

D. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36.

1. Provide hot-dip or mechanically deposited, zinc-coated anchor bolts where item being fastened is indicated to be galvanized.

E. Eyebolts: ASTM A 489.

F. Machine Screws: ASME B18.6.3.

G. Lag Bolts: ASME B18.2.1.

H. Wood Screws: Flat head, ASME B18.6.1.

I. Plain Washers: Round, ASME B18.22.1.

J. Lock Washers: Helical, spring type, ASME B18.21.1.

K. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Anchors capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to four times the load imposed, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

1. Threaded or wedge type; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 47/A 47M malleable iron or ASTM A 27/A 27M cast steel. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as needed, hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 153/A 153M.

L. Expansion Anchors: Anchor bolt and sleeve assembly with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

1. Material for Anchors in Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc-plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5.
2. Material for Anchors in Exterior Locations: Alloy Group stainless-steel bolts complying with ASTM F 593 and nuts complying with ASTM F 594.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.

B. Universal Shop Primer: Fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal modified-alkyd primer complying with MPI#79.

1. Use primer with a VOC content of 420 g/L (3.5 lb/gal.) or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

C. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalvanizing welds in steel, complying with SSPC-Paint 20.

D. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

E. Nonshrink, Nonmetallic Grout: Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.

2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.

B. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch, unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.

C. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.

D. Form exposed work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces and straight edges.

E. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:

1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
3. Remove welding flux immediately.
4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.

F. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners where possible. Where exposed fasteners are required, use Phillips flat-head (countersunk) screws or bolts, unless otherwise indicated. Locate joints where least conspicuous.

G. Fabricate seams and other connections that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.

H. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap metal fabrications as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.

I. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Space anchoring devices to secure metal fabrications rigidly in place and to support indicated loads.

1. Where units are indicated to be cast into concrete or built into masonry, equip with integrally welded steel strap anchors, 1/8 by 1-1/2 inches, with a minimum 6-inch embedment and 2-inch hook, not less than 8 inches from ends and corners of units and 24 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

A. General: Provide steel framing and supports not specified in other Sections as needed to complete the Work.

B. Fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of welded construction, unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate to sizes, shapes, and profiles indicated and as necessary to receive adjacent construction retained by framing and supports. Cut, drill, and tap units to receive hardware, hangers, and similar items.

1. Furnish inserts if units are installed after concrete is placed.

C. Galvanize miscellaneous framing and supports where indicated.

2.7 METAL SHIPS' LADDERS

A. Provide metal ships' ladders where indicated. Fabricate of open-type construction with channel or plate stringers, pipe and tube railings, and bar grating treads, unless otherwise indicated. Provide brackets and fittings for installation.

1. Fabricate ships' ladders, including treads and railings from steel.
2. Prime interior steel ship's ladders including treads, railings, brackets, and fasteners with zinc-rich primer.
3. Warranty: Provide 5 year warranty against defects in material and workmanship.

2.8 LOOSE STEEL LINTELS

A. Fabricate loose steel lintels from steel angles and shapes of size indicated for openings and recesses in masonry walls and partitions at locations indicated. Weld adjoining members together to form a single unit where indicated.

B. Size loose lintels to provide bearing length at each side of openings equal to 1/12 of clear span but not less than 8 inches, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Galvanize loose steel lintels located in exterior walls.

2.9 LOOSE BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES

A. Provide loose bearing and leveling plates for steel items bearing on masonry or concrete construction. Drill plates to receive anchor bolts and for grouting.

B. Galvanize plates after fabrication.

2.10 STEEL WELD PLATES AND ANGLES

A. Provide steel weld plates and angles not specified in other Sections, for items supported from concrete construction as needed to complete the Work. Provide each unit with not less than two integrally welded steel strap anchors for embedding in concrete.

2.11 STEEL-FRAMED WALKWAY

A. Stair Framing:

1. Fabricate stringers of steel channels.

    a. Provide closures for exposed ends of channel stringers.

2. Construct platforms of steel channel headers and miscellaneous framing members as indicated.
3. Weld or bolt stringers to headers; weld or bolt framing members to stringers and headers. If using bolts, fabricate and join so bolts are not exposed on finished surfaces.

B. Metal Bar-Grating Stairs: Form treads and platforms to configurations shown from metal bar grating; fabricate to comply with NAAMM MBG 531, "Metal Bar Grating Manual."

1. Fabricate treads and platforms from welded steel grating with 1-inch-by-3/16-inch bearing bars at 1-3/16 inch o.c. and crossbars at 4 inches o.c., NAAMM designation: W-19-4 (1 x 3/16) STEEL.

2. Surface: Plain.
3. Finish: Galvanized.
4. Fabricate grating treads with rolled-steel floor plate nosing and with steel angle or steel plate carrier at each end for stringer connections. Secure treads to stringers with bolts.
5. Fabricate grating platforms with nosing matching that on grating treads. Provide toeplates at open-sided edges of grating platforms. Weld grating to platform framing.

2.12 FINISHES, GENERAL

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Finish metal fabrications after assembly.

2.13 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES

A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with applicable standard listed below:

1. ASTM A 123/A 123M, for galvanizing steel and iron products.
2. ASTM A 153/A 153M, for galvanizing steel and iron hardware.

B. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with minimum requirements indicated below for SSPC surface preparation specifications and environmental exposure conditions of installed metal fabrications:

1. Exteriors (SSPC Zone 1B): SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
2. Interiors (SSPC Zone 1A): SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."

C. Shop Priming: Apply shop primer to uncoated surfaces of metal fabrications, except those with galvanized finishes and those to be embedded in concrete, sprayed-on fireproofing, or masonry, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting.

1. Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges.

2.14 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

B. As-Fabricated Finish: AA-M10 (Mechanical Finish: As fabricated, unspecified).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with

edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.

B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.

C. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:

1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
3. Remove welding flux immediately.
4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.

D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where metal fabrications are required to be fastened to in-place construction. Provide threaded fasteners for use with concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through bolts, lag bolts, wood screws, and other connectors.

E. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.

F. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of aluminum that will come into contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood or dissimilar metals with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.

3.2 INSTALLING MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

A. General: Install framing and supports to comply with requirements of items being supported, including manufacturers' written instructions and requirements indicated on Shop Drawings.

3.3 INSTALLING BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES

A. Clean concrete and masonry bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen to improve bond to surfaces. Clean bottom surface of plates.

B. Set bearing and leveling plates on wedges, shims, or leveling nuts. After bearing members have been positioned and plumbed, tighten anchor bolts. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of bearing plate before packing with grout.

1. Use nonshrink grout, either metallic or nonmetallic, in concealed locations where not exposed to moisture; use nonshrink, nonmetallic grout in exposed locations, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates to ensure that no voids remain.

3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Paint uncoated and abraded areas with the same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.

1. Apply by brush or spray to provide a minimum 2.0-mil (0.05-mm) dry film thickness.

B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 05500

SECTION 05521
PIPE AND TUBE RAILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Steel pipe and tube railings.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: In engineering railings to withstand structural loads indicated, determine allowable design working stresses of railing materials based on the following:

1. Steel: 72 percent of minimum yield strength.

B. Structural Performance: Provide railings capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:

1. Handrails:

a. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ ft. applied in any direction.
b. Concentrated load of 200 lbf applied in any direction.
c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.

2. Top Rails of Guards:

a. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ ft. applied in any direction.
b. Concentrated load of 200 lbf applied in any direction.
c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.

3. Infill of Guards:

a. Concentrated load of 50 lbf applied horizontally on an area of 1 sq. ft..
b. Uniform load of 25 lbf/sq. ft. applied horizontally.
c. Infill load and other loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.

C. Thermal Movements: Provide exterior railings that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

D. Control of Corrosion: Prevent galvanic action and other forms of corrosion by insulating metals and other materials from direct contact with incompatible materials.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1. For installed products indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

B. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required.

C. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, according to ASTM E 894 and ASTM E 935.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of railing through one source from a single manufacturer.

B. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:

1. AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls and other construction contiguous with railings by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating railings without field measurements. Coordinate wall and other contiguous construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
2. Provide allowance for trimming and fitting at site.

1.7 COORDINATION AND SCHEDULING

A. Coordinate installation of anchorages for railings. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METALS, GENERAL

A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth surfaces, without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, stains, discolorations, or blemishes.

B. Brackets, Flanges, and Anchors: Cast or formed metal of same type of material and finish as supported rails, unless otherwise indicated.

2.2 STEEL AND IRON

A. Tubing: ASTM A 500 (cold formed) or ASTM A 513, Type 5 (mandrel drawn).

B. Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type F or Type S, Grade A, Standard Weight (Schedule 40), unless another grade and weight are required by structural loads.

1. Provide galvanized finish for exterior installations and where indicated.

C. Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

D. Castings: Either gray or malleable iron, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Gray Iron: ASTM A 48/A 48M, Class 30, unless another class is indicated or required by structural loads.
2. Malleable Iron: ASTM A 47/A 47M.

2.3 FASTENERS

A. General: Provide the following:

1. Steel Railings: Plated steel fasteners complying with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 25 for electrodeposited zinc coating.

B. Fasteners for Anchoring Railings to Other Construction: Select fasteners of type, grade, and class required to produce connections suitable for anchoring railings to other types of construction indicated and capable of withstanding design loads.

C. Fasteners for Interconnecting Railing Components:

1. Provide concealed fasteners for interconnecting railing components and for attaching them to other work, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Anchors: Provide chemical anchors, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and equal to four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.

B. Shop Primer for Galvanized Steel: Zinc-dust, zinc-oxide primer formulated for priming zinc-coated steel and for compatibility with finish paint systems indicated, and complying with SSPC-Paint 5.

C. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

D. Nonshrink, Nonmetallic Grout: Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.

E. Anchoring Cement: Factory-packaged, nonshrink, nonstaining, hydraulic-controlled expansion cement formulation for mixing with water at Project site to create pourable anchoring, patching, and grouting compound.

1. Water-Resistant Product: At exterior locations provide formulation that is resistant to erosion from water exposure without needing protection by a sealer or waterproof coating and that is recommended by manufacturer for exterior use.

2.5 FABRICATION

A. General: Fabricate railings to comply with requirements indicated for design, dimensions, member sizes and spacing, details, finish, and anchorage, but not less than that required to support structural loads.

B. Assemble railings in the shop to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces.

C. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch, unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.

D. Form work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces.

E. Fabricate connections that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.

F. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.

G. Connections: Fabricate railings with welded connections, unless otherwise indicated.

H. Welded Connections: Cope components at connections to provide close fit, or use fittings designed for this purpose. Weld all around at connections, including at fittings.

1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.

3. Remove flux immediately.
4. At exposed connections, finish exposed surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and welded surface matches contours of adjoining surfaces.

I. Form changes in direction as follows:

1. By bending.

J. Form simple and compound curves by bending members in jigs to produce uniform curvature for each repetitive configuration required; maintain cross section of member throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting, cracking, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of components.

K. Close exposed ends of railing members with prefabricated end fittings.

L. Brackets, Flanges, Fittings, and Anchors: Provide wall brackets, flanges, miscellaneous fittings, and anchors to interconnect railing members to other work, unless otherwise indicated.

M. Provide inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting railings to concrete or masonry work. Fabricate anchorage devices capable of withstanding loads imposed by railings. Coordinate anchorage devices with supporting structure.

2.6 FINISHES, GENERAL

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Provide exposed fasteners with finish matching appearance, including color and texture, of railings.

2.7 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES

A. Galvanized Railings:

1. Hot-dip galvanize exterior steel and iron railings, including hardware, after fabrication.
2. Comply with ASTM A 123/A 123M for hot-dip galvanized railings.
3. Comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M for hot-dip galvanized hardware.

B. Fill vent and drain holes that will be exposed in the finished Work, unless indicated to remain as weep holes, by plugging with zinc solder and filing off smooth.

C. For galvanized railings, provide hot-dip galvanized fittings, brackets, fasteners, sleeves, and other ferrous components.

D. Preparation for Shop Priming: After galvanizing, thoroughly clean railings of grease, dirt, oil, flux, and other foreign matter, and treat with metallic-phosphate process.

E. Apply shop primer to prepared surfaces of railings, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with requirements in SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting. Primer need not be applied to surfaces to be embedded in concrete or masonry.

1. Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Fit exposed connections together to form tight, hairline joints.

B. Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing railings. Set railings accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; measured from established lines and levels and free of rack.

1. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of railing components that have been coated or finished after fabrication and that are intended for field connection by mechanical or other means without further cutting or fitting.
2. Set posts plumb within a tolerance of 1/16 inch in 3 feet.
3. Align rails so variations from level for horizontal members and variations from parallel with rake of steps and ramps for sloping members do not exceed 1/4 inch in 12 feet.

C. Adjust railings before anchoring to ensure matching alignment at abutting joints.

D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Use anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing railings and for properly transferring loads to in-place construction.

3.2 RAILING CONNECTIONS

A. Welded Connections: Use fully welded joints for permanently connecting railing components. Comply with requirements for welded connections in Part 2 "Fabrication" Article whether welding is performed in the shop or in the field.

B. Expansion Joints: Install expansion joints at locations indicated but not farther apart than required to accommodate thermal movement. Provide slip-joint internal sleeve extending 2 inches beyond joint on either side, fasten internal sleeve securely to 1 side, and locate joint within 6 inches of post.

3.3 ANCHORING POSTS

A. Form or core-drill holes not less than 5 inches deep and 3/4 inch larger than OD of post for installing posts in concrete. Clean holes of loose material, insert posts, and fill annular space between post and concrete with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout or anchoring cement, mixed and placed to comply with anchoring material manufacturer's written instructions.

3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

3.5 PROTECTION

A. Protect finishes of railings from damage during construction period with temporary protective coverings approved by railing manufacturer. Remove protective coverings at time of Substantial Completion.

B. Restore finishes damaged during installation and construction period so no evidence remains of correction work. Return items that cannot be refinished in the field to the shop; make required alterations and refinish entire unit, or provide new units.

END OF SECTION 05521

SECTION 06105
MISCELLANEOUS CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs.
2. Wood blocking and nailers.
3. Wood furring and grounds.
4. Plywood backing panels.

B. Related sections include the following:

1. Division 6 Section "Sheathing".

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Dimension Lumber: Lumber of 2 inches nominal or greater but less than 5 inches nominal in least dimension.

B. Lumber grading agencies, and the abbreviations used to reference them, include the following:

1. NeLMA: Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers' Association.
2. NLGA: National Lumber Grades Authority.
3. SPIB: The Southern Pine Inspection Bureau.
4. WCLIB: West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau.
5. WWPA: Western Wood Products Association.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Forest Certification: For the following wood products, provide materials produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC 1.2, "Principles and Criteria":

1. Miscellaneous lumber.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack lumber flat with spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

B. Deliver interior wood materials that are to be exposed to view only after building is enclosed and weatherproof, wet work other than painting is dry, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and humidity at occupancy levels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, provide lumber that complies with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.

1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
2. Where nominal sizes are indicated, provide actual sizes required by DOC PS 20 for moisture content specified. Where actual sizes are indicated, they are minimum dressed sizes for dry lumber.
3. Provide dressed lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.

2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED MATERIALS

A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA C2.

1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.

B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or does not comply with requirements for untreated material.

C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.

D. Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following:

1. Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
2. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.
3. Wood framing and furring attached directly to the interior of below-grade exterior masonry or concrete walls.

2.3 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED MATERIALS

A. General: Comply with performance requirements in AWPA C20 (lumber) and AWPA C27 (plywood).

1. Use treatment that does not promote corrosion of metal fasteners.
2. Use Exterior type for exterior locations and where indicated.
3. Use Interior Type A, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Identify fire-retardant-treated wood with appropriate classification marking of testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

C. Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following:

1. Concealed blocking.
2. Plywood backing panels.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

A. General: Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:

1. Blocking.
2. Nailers.
3. Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs.
4. Furring.
5. Grounds.

B. For items of dimension lumber size, provide Standard, Stud, or No. 3 grade lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content of any species.

C. For items of dimension lumber size, provide Standard, Stud, or No. 3 grade lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content and any of the following species:

1. Hem-fir (north); NLGA.
2. Mixed southern pine; SPIB.
3. Spruce-pine-fir; NLGA.
4. Hem-fir; WCLIB, or WWPA.
5. Spruce-pine-fir (south); NeLMA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
6. Western woods; WCLIB or WWPA.
7. Northern species; NLGA.
8. Eastern softwoods; NeLMA.

D. For blocking not used for attachment of other construction Utility, Stud, or No. 3 grade lumber of any species may be used provided that it is cut and selected to eliminate defects that will interfere with its attachment and purpose.

E. For blocking and nailers used for attachment of other construction, select and cut lumber to eliminate knots and other defects that will interfere with attachment of other work.

F. For furring strips for installing plywood or hardboard paneling, select boards with no knots capable of producing bent-over nails and damage to paneling.

2.5 PLYWOOD BACKING PANELS

A. Telephone and Electrical Equipment Backing Panels: DOC PS 1, Exposure 1, C-D Plugged, fire-retardant treated, 3/4-inch nominal thickness.

2.6 FASTENERS

A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this Article for material and manufacture.

1. Where carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with double-dip, hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F 1667.

C. Power-Driven Fasteners: NES NER-272.

D. Wood Screws: ASME B18.6.1.

E. Screws for Fastening to Cold-Formed Metal Framing: ASTM C 954, except with wafer heads and reamer wings, length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material being fastened.

F. Lag Bolts: ASME B18.2.1.

G. Bolts: Steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A; with ASTM A 563 hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers.

H. Expansion Anchors: Anchor bolt and sleeve assembly of material indicated below with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 6 times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry assemblies and equal to 4 times the load imposed when installed in concrete as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency.

1. Material: Stainless steel with bolts and nuts complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Alloy Group 1 or 2.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Set carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit carpentry to other construction; scribe and cope as needed for accurate fit. Locate furring, nailers, blocking, grounds, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.

B. Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's "Details for Conventional Wood Frame Construction," unless otherwise indicated.

C. Do not splice structural members between supports, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Provide blocking and framing as indicated and as required to support facing materials, fixtures, specialty items, and trim.

1. Provide metal clips for fastening gypsum board or lath at corners and intersections where framing or blocking does not provide a surface for fastening edges of panels. Space clips not more than 16 inches o.c.

E. Provide fire blocking in furred spaces, stud spaces, and other concealed cavities as indicated and as follows:

1. Fire block furred spaces of walls, at each floor level, at ceiling, and at not more than 96 inches o.c. with solid wood blocking or noncombustible materials accurately fitted to close furred spaces.
2. Fire block concealed spaces of wood-framed walls and partitions at each floor level, at ceiling line of top story, and at not more than 96 inches o.c. Where fire blocking is not inherent in framing system used, provide closely fitted solid wood blocks of same width as framing members and 2-inch nominal- thickness.
3. Fire block concealed spaces between floor sleepers with same material as sleepers to limit concealed spaces to not more than 100 sq. ft. and to solidly fill space below partitions.
4. Fire block concealed spaces behind combustible cornices and exterior trim at not more than 20 feet o.c.

F. Sort and select lumber so that natural characteristics will not interfere with installation or with fastening other materials to lumber. Do not use materials with defects that interfere with function of member or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.

G. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.

1. Use inorganic boron for items that are continuously protected from liquid water.
2. Use copper naphthenate for items not continuously protected from liquid water.

H. Securely attach carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:

1. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code.

3.2 WOOD GROUND, BLOCKING, AND NAILER INSTALLATION

A. Install where indicated and where required for screeding or attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.

B. Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Provide permanent grounds of dressed, pressure-preservative-treated, key-beveled lumber not less than 1-1/2 inches wide and of thickness required to bring face of ground to exact thickness of finish material. Remove temporary grounds when no longer required.

3.3 WOOD FURRING INSTALLATION

A. Install level and plumb with closure strips at edges and openings. Shim with wood as required for tolerance of finish work.

B. Furring to Receive Plywood or Hardboard Paneling: Install 1-by-3-inch nominal- size furring vertically at 24 inches o.c.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.

B. Protect rough carpentry from weather. If, despite protection, rough carpentry becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.

END OF SECTION 06105

SECTION 06160
SHEATHING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Wall sheathing.
2. Roof sheathing.
3. Underlayment.
4. Building wrap.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 6 Section "Miscellaneous Carpentry" for plywood backing panels.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For assemblies with fire-resistance ratings, provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory."

B. Forest Certification: For the following wood products, provide materials produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC 1.2, "Principles and Criteria":

1. Oriented strand board.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack plywood and other panels flat with spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

B. Protect unused underlayment from weather, sunlight, and moisture when left overnight or when roofing work is not in progress.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit work to be performed according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.

1. Install self-adhering sheet underlayment within the range of ambient and substrate temperatures recommended by manufacturer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD PANEL PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. Oriented Strand Board: DOC PS 2.

B. Factory mark panels to indicate compliance with applicable standard.

2.2 WALL SHEATHING

A. Oriented-Strand-Board Wall Sheathing: Exposure 1, Structural I sheathing.

1. Span Rating: Not less than 24/0.
2. Nominal Thickness: Not less than 1/2 inch.

2.3 ROOF SHEATHING

A. Oriented-Strand-Board Wall Sheathing: Exposure 1, Structural I sheathing.

1. Span Rating: Not less than 24/0.
2. Nominal Thickness: Not less than 1/2 inch.

2.4 FASTENERS

A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this Article for material and manufacture.

1. For roof and wall sheathing, provide fasteners with double-dipped, hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F 1667.

C. Power-Driven Fasteners: NES NER-272.

D. Wood Screws: ASME B18.6.1.

E. Screws for Fastening Wood Structural Panels to Cold-Formed Metal Framing: ASTM C 954, except with wafer heads and reamer wings, length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material being fastened.

1. For wall and roof sheathing panels, provide screws with organic-polymer or other corrosion-protective coating having a salt-spray resistance of more than 800 hours according to ASTM B 117.

2.5 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

A. Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment, Polyethylene Faced: ASTM D 1970, minimum of 40-mil-thick, slip-resisting, polyethylene-film-reinforced top surface laminated to SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release paper backing; cold applied. Provide primer for adjoining concrete or masonry surfaces to receive underlayment.

1. Products:

a. Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing, Div. of Carlisle Companies Inc.; Dri-Start "A."
b. Grace, W. R. & Co.; Grace Ice and Water Shield.
c. Henry Company; Perma-Seal PE.
d. Johns Manville International, Inc.; Roof Defender.
e. NEI Advanced Composite Technology; AC Poly Ice and StormSeal.
f. Owens Corning; WeatherLock M.
g. Polyguard Products, Inc.; Polyguard Deck Guard.
h. Protecto Wrap Company; Rainproof TM.
i. SafSeal Innovations; SafSeal 7740.

2.6 WEATHER RESISTANT SHEATHING PAPER

A. Building Wrap: ASTM E 1677, Type 1 air retarder; with flame spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, when tested according to ASTM E 84; UV stabilized; and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide DuPont Tyvek Commercial Wrap or a comparable product by one of the following:

a. DuPont (E.I. DuPont deNemours and Company); Tyvek Commercial Wrap
b. Preapproved equal.

2. Water-Vapor Permeance: Not less than 152 g through 1 sq.m of surface in 24 hours per ASTM E 96, Disiccant Method (Procedure A).
3. Allowable UV Exposure Trim: Not less than three months.

B. Building-Wrap Tape: Pressure-sensitive plastic tape recommended by building wrap manufacturer for sealing joints and penetrations in building wrap.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of sheathing or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.

B. Cut panels at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of work; fit tightly against abutting construction, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Securely attach to substrate by fastening as indicated, complying with the following:

1. NES NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
2. Table 2305.2, "Fastening Schedule," in BOCA's "BOCA National Building Code."

D. Use common wire nails, unless otherwise indicated. Select fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections. Install fasteners without splitting wood.

E. Coordinate wall sheathing and roof installation with flashing and joint-sealant installation so these materials are installed in sequence and manner that prevent exterior moisture from passing through completed assembly.

F. Do not bridge building expansion joints; cut and space edges of panels to match spacing of structural support elements.

G. Coordinate sheathing installation with installation of materials installed over sheathing so sheathing is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at end of the workday when rain is forecast.

3.2 WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with applicable recommendations in APA Form No. E30S, "Engineered Wood Construction Guide," for types of structural-use panels and applications indicated.

B. Fastening Methods: Fasten panels as indicated below:

1. Wall and Roof Sheathing:

a. Nail to wood framing. Apply a continuous bead of glue to framing members at edges of wall sheathing panels.
b. Screw to cold-formed metal framing.
c. Space panels 1/8 inch apart at edges and ends.

3.3 UNDERLAYMENT INSTALLATION

A. General: Cover sheathing with weather-resistant sheathing paper as follows:

1. Cut back barrier 1/2 inch on each side of the break in supporting members at expansion- or control-joint locations.
2. Apply barrier to cover vertical flashing with a minimum 4-inch overlap, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment: Install self-adhering sheet underlayment, wrinkle free, on horizontal sheathing. Comply with low-temperature installation restrictions of underlayment manufacturer if applicable. Install at locations indicated on Drawings, lapped in direction to shed water. Lap sides not less than 3-1/2 inches. Lap ends not less than 6 inches staggered 24 inches between courses. Roll laps with roller. Cover underlayment within seven days.

1. Prime concrete and masonry surfaces to receive self-adhering sheet underlayment.
2. Horizontal sheathing: Cover entire horizontal surface and return vertically against penetrating element not less than 4 inches.

3.4 WEATHER RESISTANT SHEATHING PAPER INSTALLATION

A. General: Cover sheathing with weather-resistant sheathing paper as follows:

1. Cut back barrier 1/2 inch on each side of the break in supporting members at expansion- or control-joint locations.
2. Apply barrier to cover vertical flashing with a minimum 4-inch overlap, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Building Wrap: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Seal seams, edges, fasteners and penetrations with tape.
2. Extend into jambs of openings and seal corners with tape.

END OF SECTION 06160

SECTION 07210
BUILDING INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Perimeter wall insulation (supporting backfill).
2. Concealed building insulation.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for insulation installed in cavity walls and masonry cells.
2. Division 7 Section "EPDM Membrane Roofing" for insulation specified as part of roofing construction.
3. Division 7 Section "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems" for insulation installed as part of a perimeter fire-resistive joint system.
4. Division 15 Section "Mechanical Insulation."

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Mineral-Fiber Insulation: Insulation composed of rock-wool fibers, slag-wool fibers, or glass fibers; produced in boards and blanket with latter formed into batts (flat-cut lengths) or rolls.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Plenum Rating: Provide glass-fiber insulation where indicated in ceiling plenums whose test performance is rated as follows for use in plenums as determined by testing identical products per "Erosion Test" and "Mold Growth and Humidity Test" described in UL 181, or on comparable tests from another standard acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Erosion Test Results: Insulation shows no visible evidence of cracking, flaking, peeling, or delamination of interior surface of duct assembly, after testing for 4 hours at 2500-fpm air velocity.
2. Mold Growth and Humidity Test Results: Insulation shows no evidence of mold growth, delamination, or other deterioration due to the effects of high humidity, after inoculation

with Chaetomium globosium on all surfaces and storing for 60 days at 100 percent relative humidity in the dark.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of building insulation through one source from a single manufacturer.

B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide insulation and related materials with the fire-test-response characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated below by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

1. Surface-Burning Characteristics: ASTM E 84.
2. Fire-Resistance Ratings: ASTM E 119.
3. Combustion Characteristics: ASTM E 136.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect insulation materials from physical damage and from deterioration by moisture, soiling, and other sources. Store inside and in a dry location. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, and protecting during installation.

B. Protect plastic insulation as follows:

1. Do not expose to sunlight, except to extent necessary for period of installation and concealment.
2. Protect against ignition at all times. Do not deliver plastic insulating materials to Project site before installation time.
3. Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.

2.2 FOAM-PLASTIC BOARD INSULATION

A. Extruded-Polystyrene Board Insulation: ASTM C 578, of type and density indicated below, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively:

1. Available Manufacturers:

a. DiversiFoam Products.
b. Dow Chemical Company.
c. Owens Corning.
d. Pactiv Building Products Division.

2. Type IV, 1.60 lb/cu. ft., unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 GLASS-FIBER BLANKET INSULATION

A. Available Manufacturers:

1. CertainTeed Corporation.
2. Guardian Fiberglass, Inc.
3. Johns Manville.
4. Knauf Fiber Glass.
5. Owens Corning.

B. Faced, Glass-Fiber Blanket Insulation: ASTM C 665, Type III (blankets with reflective membrane facing); Class A (membrane-faced surface with a flame spread index of 25 or less); Category 1 (membrane is a vapor barrier) faced with foil-scrim-kraft, foil-scrim, or foil-scrim polyethylene vapor barrier on 1 face.

C. Where glass-fiber blanket insulation is indicated by the following thicknesses, provide blankets in batt or roll form with thermal resistances indicated:

1. 3-5/8 inches thick with a thermal resistance of 11 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu at 75 deg F.
2. 10-1/4 inches thick with a thermal resistance of 30 deg. F. x h x sq. ft./Btu at 75 deg. F.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements of Sections in which substrates and related work are specified and for other conditions affecting performance.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean substrates of substances harmful to insulation or vapor retarders, including removing projections capable of puncturing vapor retarders or of interfering with insulation attachment.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions applicable to products and application indicated.

B. Install insulation that is undamaged, dry, and unsoiled and that has not been left exposed at any time to ice, rain, and snow.

C. Extend insulation in thickness indicated to envelop entire area to be insulated. Cut and fit tightly around obstructions and fill voids with insulation. Remove projections that interfere with placement.

D. Water-Piping Coordination: If water piping is located within insulated exterior walls, coordinate location of piping to ensure that it is placed on warm side of insulation and insulation encapsulates piping.

E. For preformed insulating units, provide sizes to fit applications indicated and selected from manufacturer's standard thicknesses, widths, and lengths. Apply single layer of insulation units to produce thickness indicated unless multiple layers are otherwise shown or required to make up total thickness.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER INSULATION

A. On vertical surfaces, set insulation units in adhesive applied according to manufacturer's written instructions. Use adhesive recommended by insulation manufacturer.

1. If not otherwise indicated, extend insulation a minimum of 24 inches below exterior grade line.

3.5 INSTALLATION OF GENERAL BUILDING INSULATION

A. Apply insulation units to substrates by method indicated, complying with manufacturer's written instructions. If no specific method is indicated, bond units to substrate with adhesive or use mechanical anchorage to provide permanent placement and support of units.

B. Install mineral-fiber insulation in cavities formed by framing members according to the following requirements:

1. Use insulation widths and lengths that fill the cavities formed by framing members. If more than one length is required to fill cavity, provide lengths that will produce a snug fit between ends.
2. Place insulation in cavities formed by framing members to produce a friction fit between edges of insulation and adjoining framing members.
3. Maintain 3-inch clearance of insulation around recessed lighting fixtures.
4. For metal-framed wall cavities where cavity heights exceed 96 inches, support unfaced blankets mechanically and support faced blankets by taping stapling flanges to flanges of metal studs.

3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed insulationfrom damage due to harmful weather exposures, physical abuse, and other causes. Provide temporary coverings or enclosures where insulation is subject to abuse and cannot be concealed and protected by permanent construction immediately after installation.

END OF SECTION 07210

SECTION 07240
DIRECT EXTERIOR FINISH SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Direct exterior finish system (DEFS).

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 5 Section "Miscellaneous Carpentry" for wood framing.
2. Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealing joints in DEFS with elastomeric joint sealants.
3. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board" for glass mat gypsum sheathing.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. DEFS: Direct exterior finish systems.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. DEFS Performance: Comply with the following: As tested per ICBO ES AC59.

1. Bond Integrity: Free from bond failure within DEFS components or between system and supporting wall construction, resulting from exposure to fire, wind loads, weather, or other in-service conditions.
2. Weathertightness: Resistant to water penetration from exterior into DEFS and assemblies behind it or through them into interior of building that results in deterioration of thermal-insulating effectiveness or other degradation of DEFS and assemblies behind it, including substrates, supporting wall construction, and interior finish.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type and component of DEFS indicated.

B. Maintenance Data: For DEFS to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An installer who is certified in writing by DEFS manufacturer as qualified to install manufacturer's system using trained workers.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain DEFS through one source from a single DEFS manufacturer and from sources approved by DEFS manufacturer as compatible with system components.

C. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in original, unopened packages with manufacturers' labels intact and clearly identifying products.

B. Store materials inside and under cover; keep them dry and protected from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, aging, corrosion, damaging temperatures, construction traffic, and other causes.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Maintain ambient temperatures above 40 deg F for a minimum of 24 hours before, during, and after adhesives or coatings are applied. Do not apply DEFS adhesives or coatings during rainfall. Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions and ambient outdoor air and substrate temperatures permit DEFS to be applied, dried, and cured according to manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements.

1.9 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of DEFS with related Work specified in other Sections to ensure that wall assemblies, including sheathing, flashing, trim, joint sealants are protected against damage from the effects of weather, age, corrosion, moisture, and other causes. Do not allow water to penetrate behind flashing and protective coating of barrier DEFS.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Basis-of-Design Product: The design for DEFS is based on STO Corp. Sto Silco Lit Finish System at exterior soffits. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the named product or a comparable product by one of the following:

1. Senergy Inc.; SKW-MBT Construction Chemicals.
2. Sonneborn, Div. of ChemRex, Inc.; SKW-MBT Construction Chemicals.
3. Sto Corp.
4. Stuc-O-Flex International, Inc.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Compatibility: Provide substrates, water-/weather-resistive barriers, adhesive, fasteners, reinforcing meshes, base- and finish-coat systems, sealants, and accessories that are compatible with one another and approved for use by DEFS manufacturer for Project.

B. Colors, Textures, and Patterns of Finish Coat at Exterior Soffit: As selected by Architect to match existing cement plaster finish.

C. Colors, Textures and Patterns of Finish Coats at Interior Area: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

D. Primer/Sealer: DEFS manufacturer's standard substrate conditioner designed to seal substrates from moisture penetration and to improve the bond between substrate of type indicated and adhesive used for application of insulation.

E. Reinforcing Mesh: Balanced, alkali-resistant, open-weave glass-fiber mesh treated for compatibility with other DEFS materials, made from continuous multiend strands with retained mesh tensile strength of not less than 120 lbf/in.per EIMA 105.01, complying with ASTM D 578.

F. Base-Coat Materials: DEFS manufacturer's standard mixture complying with one of the following requirements for material composition and method of combining materials:

1. Job-mixed formulation of portland cement complying with ASTM C 150, Type I, white or natural color; and manufacturer's standard polymer-emulsion adhesive designed for use indicated.
2. Job-combined formulation of manufacturer's standard polymer-emulsion adhesive and manufacturer's standard dry mix containing portland cement.

G. Primer: DEFS manufacturer's standard factory-mixed elastomeric-polymer primer for preparing base-coat surface for application of finish coat.

H. Finish-Coat Materials: DEFS manufacturer's silicone enhanced complying with the following requirements for material composition and method of combining materials:

1. Factory-mixed formulation of polymer-emulsion binder, colorfast mineral pigments, sound stone particles, and fillers.

I. Water: Potable.

J. Mechanical Fasteners: DEFS manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant fasteners consisting of thermal cap, standard washer and shaft attachments, and fastener indicated below; selected for properties of pullout, tensile, and shear strength required to resist design loads of application indicated; capable of pulling fastener head below surface of insulation board; and of the following description:

1. For attachment, provide manufacturer's standard fasteners suitable for substrate.

K. Trim Accessories: Type as designated or required to suit conditions indicated and to comply with DEFS manufacturer's written requirements; manufactured from UV-stabilized PVC; and complying with ASTM D 1784, manufacturer's standard Cell Class for use intended, and ASTM C 1063.

1. Casing Bead: Prefabricated one-piece "J-Bead" type for use on all exposed sheathing edges.

2.3 MIXING

A. General: Comply with DEFS manufacturer's requirements for combining and mixing materials. Do not introduce admixtures, water, or other materials except as recommended by DEFS manufacturer. Mix materials in clean containers. Use materials within time period specified by DEFS manufacturer or discard.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of DEFS.

B. Examine roof edges, wall framing, flashings, openings, substrates, and junctures at other construction for suitable conditions where DEFS will be installed.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Protect contiguous work from moisture deterioration and soiling caused by application of DEFS. Provide temporary covering and other protection needed to prevent spattering of exterior finish coats on other work.

B. Protect DEFS, substrates, and wall construction behind them from inclement weather during installation. Prevent penetration of moisture behind DEFS and deterioration of substrates.

C. Prepare and clean substrates to comply with DEFS manufacturer's written requirements to obtain optimum bond between substrate and adhesive for insulation.

D. Primer/Sealer: Apply over Dens-Glass Gold sheathing substrates to protect substrates from degradation and where required by DEFS manufacturer for improving adhesion of insulation to substrate.

E. Waterproof Adhesive/Base Coat: Apply over substrates to protect substrates from degradation.

3.3 DEFS INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with ICBO-ES-AC59 and DEFS manufacturer's written instructions for installation of DEFS as applicable to each type of substrate indicated.

B. Trim: Apply trim accessories at perimeter of DEFS, at expansion joints and elsewhere as indicated, according to DEFS manufacturer's written instructions. Coordinate with installation of insulation.

1. Expansion Joint: Use where indicated on Drawings.
2. Casing Bead: Use at other locations.

C. Expansion Joints: Install at locations indicated, where required by DEFS manufacturer, and as follows:

1. Where expansion joints are indicated in substrates behind DEFS.
2. Where DEFS adjoin dissimilar substrates, materials, and construction.

D. Base Coat: Apply to exposed surfaces of sheathing in minimum thickness recommended in writing by DEFS manufacturer, but not less than 1/16-inch dry-coat thickness.

E. Reinforcing Mesh: Embed type indicated below in wet base coat to produce wrinkle-free installation with mesh continuous at corners and overlapped not less than 2-1/2 inches or otherwise treated at joints to comply with ASTM C 1397 and DEFS manufacturer's written requirements. Do not lap reinforcing mesh within 8 inches of corners. Completely embed mesh, applying additional base-coat material if necessary, so reinforcing-mesh color and pattern are not visible.

1. Standard-impact reinforcing mesh.

F. Additional Reinforcing Mesh: Apply strip reinforcing mesh around openings extending 4 inches beyond perimeter. Apply additional 9-by-12-inch strip reinforcing mesh diagonally at corners of openings (re-entrant corners). Apply 8-inch-wide strip reinforcing mesh at both inside and outside corners unless base layer of mesh is lapped not less than 4 inches on each side of corners.

1. Embed strip reinforcing mesh in base coat before applying first layer of reinforcing mesh.

G. Double Base-Coat Application: Where indicated, apply second base coat in same manner and thickness as first application except without reinforcing mesh. Do not apply until first base coat has cured.

H. Primer: Apply over dry base coat according to DEFS manufacturer's written instructions.

I. Finish Coat: Apply over dry primer, maintaining a wet edge at all times for uniform appearance, in thickness required by DEFS manufacturer to produce a uniform finish of color and texture matching approved sample and free of cold joints, shadow lines, and texture variations.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Remove temporary covering and protection of other work. Promptly remove coating materials from window and door frames and other surfaces outside areas indicated to receive DEFS coatings.

B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to Installer and DEFS manufacturer, that ensure that DEFS are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 07240

SECTION 07412
METAL WALL PANELS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Factory-formed and field-assembled concealed-fastener, lap-seam metal wall panel (at pressbox only).
2. Metal-faced composite wall panels.
3. Metal soffit panels.
4. Soffit vents.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 5 Section "Cold-Formed Metal Framing" for secondary support framing supporting metal wall panels.
2. Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for fasciae, copings, flashings and other sheet metal work not part of metal wall panel assemblies.
3. Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for field-applied sealants not otherwise specified in this Section.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Metal Wall Panel Assembly: Metal wall panels, attachment system components, miscellaneous metal framing, thermal insulation, and accessories necessary for a complete weathertight system.

B. Steel Sheet Thickness: Minimum thickness of base metal without metallic coatings or painted finishes.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Provide metal wall panel assemblies that comply with performance requirements specified as determined by testing manufacturers' standard assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project, by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.

B. Air Infiltration: Air leakage through assembly of not more than 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. of wall area when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a static-air-pressure difference of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.

C. Water Penetration: No water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a minimum differential pressure of 20 percent of inward-acting, wind-load design pressure of not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. and not more than 12 lbf/sq. ft..

D. Water Penetration: No evidence of water leakage when tested according to AAMA 501.1 under dynamic pressure equal to 20 percent of inward-acting, wind-load design pressure of not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. and not more than 12 lbf/sq. ft..

1. Water Leakage: Uncontrolled water infiltrating the system or appearing on system's normally exposed interior surfaces from sources other than condensation. Water controlled by flashing and gutters that is drained back to the exterior and cannot damage adjacent materials or finishes is not water leakage.

E. Water Absorption: Maximum 1.0 percent absorption rate by volume when tested according to ASTM C 209.

F. Thermal Movements for Metal-Faced Composite Wall Panels: Provide composite wall panel assemblies that allow for noiseless thermal movements resulting from the following range in ambient temperatures and that prevent buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects:

1. Ambient Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of metal wall panel and accessory.

B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation layouts of metal wall panels; details of edge conditions, joints, panel profiles, corners, anchorages, attachment system, trim, flashings, closures, and accessories; and special details. Distinguish between factory- and field-assembled work.

1. Accessories: Include details of the following items, at a scale of not less than 1-1/2 inches per 12 inches:

a. Flashing and trim.

2. For installed products indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.

1. Metal Wall and Soffit Panels: 12 inches by 12 inches. Include fasteners, closures, and other metal wall panel accessories.

a. Include four-way joint for composite panels.

2. Trim and Closures: 12 inches long. Include fasteners and other exposed accessories.
3. Accessories: 12-inch- long Samples for each type of accessory.
4. Exposed Sealants: For each type and color of joint sealant required. Install joint sealants in 1/2-inch- wide joints formed between two 6-inch- long strips of material matching the appearance of metal wall panels adjacent to joint sealants.

D. Qualification Data: For Installer.

E. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of metal-faced composite wall panels.

1. Installer's responsibilities include fabricating and installing metal wall panel assemblies and providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility.
2. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.

B. Fabricator Qualifications: Certified by metal-faced composite wall panel manufacturer to fabricate and install manufacturer's wall panel system.

C. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM E 329 for testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

D. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of metal wall panel through one source from a single manufacturer.

E. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of metal wall panels and are based on the specific system indicated. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."

1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

F. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide insulated metal wall panels having insulation-core materials with the following surface-burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:

1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less, unless otherwise indicated.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver components, sheets, metal wall panels, and other manufactured items so as not to be damaged or deformed. Package metal wall panels for protection during transportation and handling.

B. Unload, store, and erect metal wall panels in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.

C. Stack metal wall panels horizontally on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Store metal wall panels to ensure dryness, with positive slope for drainage of water. Do not store metal wall panels in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.

D. Store metal-faced composite wall panels vertically, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Store metal-faced composite wall panels to ensure dryness, with positive slope for drainage of water. Do not store metal-faced composite wall panels in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage. Do not allow storage space to exceed 120 deg F.

E. Protect strippable protective covering on metal wall panels from exposure to sunlight and high humidity, except to extent necessary for period of metal wall panel installation.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit assembly of metal wall panels to be performed according to manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements.

B. Field Measurements: Verify locations of structural members and wall opening dimensions by field measurements before metal wall panel fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1.9 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate metal wall panel assemblies with rain drainage work, flashing, trim, and construction of girts, studs, soffits, and other adjoining work to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

1.10 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of metal wall panel assemblies that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

    a. Structural failures, including rupturing, cracking, or puncturing.
    b. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.

2. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Special Warranty on Panel Finishes: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace metal wall panels that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.

1. Fluoropolymer Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:

    a. Color fading more than 5 Hunter units when tested according to ASTM D 2244.
    b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested according to ASTM D 4214.
    c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.

2. Finish Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
2. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the work include, but are not limited to, the products specified.

2.2 PANEL MATERIALS

A. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: Restricted flatness steel sheet metallic coated by the hot-dip process and prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M.

1. Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 coating designation; structural quality.
2. Surface: Smooth, flat finish.
3. Exposed Coil-Coated Finish:

    a. 2-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

4. Concealed Finish: Apply pretreatment and manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil.

B. Aluminum Sheet: Coil-coated sheet, ASTM B 209, alclad alloy 3003, 3004, or 3105 for painted finishes, with temper as required to suit forming operations and structural performance required.

1. Surface: Smooth, flat finish.
2. Exposed Finishes: Apply the following coating, as specified or indicated on Drawings.

    a. High-Performance Organic Finish: AA-C12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; Organic Coating: as specified below). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

1) Fluoropolymer Two-Coat System: Manufacturer's standard two-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight; complying with AAMA 2604 or 2605.

3. Concealed Finish: Apply pretreatment and manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil.

C. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221, alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.

D. Panel Sealants:

1. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, gray polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape 1/2 inch wide and 1/8 inch thick.
2. Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920; elastomeric polyurethane, polysulfide, or silicone sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in metal wall panels and remain weathertight; and as recommended in writing by metal wall panel manufacturer.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Fasteners: Self-tapping screws, bolts, nuts, self-locking rivets and bolts, end-welded studs, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads. Provide exposed fasteners with heads matching color of metal wall panels by means of plastic caps or factory-applied coating.

1. Fasteners for Flashing and Trim: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws with hex washer head.
2. Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless-steel rivets.

B. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.

2.4 CONCEALED-FASTENER, LAP-SEAM METAL WALL PANELS (At Pressbox Only)

A. General: Provide factory-formed metal wall panels designed to be field assembled by lapping and interconnecting side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching through panel to supports using concealed fasteners and factory-applied sealant in side laps. Include accessories required for weathertight installation.

B. Flush-Profile, Concealed-Fastener Metal Wall Panels at Pressbox: Formed with vertical panel edges and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced between panel edges; with flush joint between panels.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Fabral Metal Wall and Roof Systems CFP12 or comparable product by one of the following:

a. Fabral.

b. or pre-approved equal.

2. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet, 0.028-inch nominal thickness.

a. Exterior Finish: 2-coat fluoropolymer.
b. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

3. Panel Coverage: 12 inches.
4. Panel Height: 1-7/16 inches.

2.5 METAL-FACED COMPOSITE WALL PANELS (U.N.O.)

A. General: Provide factory-formed and -assembled metal-faced composite wall panels fabricated from two metal facings bonded, using no glues or adhesives, to solid extruded thermoplastic core; formed into profile for installation method indicated. Include attachment system components and accessories required for weathertight system.

1. Products:

a. Alusuisse Composites, Inc.; Alucobond.
b. Citadel Architectural Products Envelope 2000 or Procore.
c. Laminators, Inc. – Omega Lite.
d. Mapes Architectural Products, Veneer Panel.

B. Aluminum-Faced Composite Wall Panels: Formed with 0.020-inch- thick, painted aluminum sheet facings.

1. Panel Thickness: 0.236 inch.
2. Core: Standard.
3. Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer.

a. Color: Match Architect's samples.

C. Attachment System Components: Formed from extruded aluminum.

1. Include manufacturer's standard perimeter extrusions with integral weather stripping, panel stiffeners, panel clips and anchor channels.

D. Flashing and Trim: Same material, finish, and color as facings of adjacent composite panels, unless otherwise indicated.

2.6 METAL SOFFIT PANELS

A. Metal Soffit Panels: Match profile and material of metal wall panels.

1. Finish: Match finish and color of metal wall panels.

B. Flush-Profile Metal Soffit Panels: Solid panels formed with vertical panel edges and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced between panel edges; with flush joint between panels.Manufacturers:

1. Material: Same material, finish, and color as metal wall panels.

2. Panel Coverage: Match existing.
3. Panel Height: Match existing.

2.7 ACCESSORIES

A. Wall Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete metal wall panel assembly including trim, copings, fasciae, mullions, sills, corner units, clips, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match material and finish of metal wall panels, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Backing Plates: Provide metal backing plates at panel end splices, fabricated from material recommended by manufacturer.
2. Closure Strips: Closed-cell expanded, cellular, rubber or crosslinked polyolefin-foam or closed-cell laminated polyethylene; minimum 1-inch thick, flexible closure strips; cut or premolded to match metal wall panel profile. Provide closure strips where indicated or necessary to ensure weathertight construction.

B. Flashing and Trim: Formed from 0.0179-inch- thick, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating. Provide flashing and trim as required to seal against weather and to provide finished appearance. Locations include, but are not limited to, bases, drips, sills, jambs, corners, endwalls, framed openings, rakes, fasciae, parapet caps, soffits, reveals, and fillers. Finish flashing and trim with same finish system as adjacent metal wall panels.

C. Soffit Vents:

1. Aluminum perforated round hole pattern to match existing.
2. Vent Width: To match existing.

2.8 FABRICATION

A. General: Fabricate and finish metal wall panels and accessories at the factory to greatest extent possible, by manufacturer's standard procedures and processes, as necessary to fulfill indicated performance requirements demonstrated by laboratory testing. Comply with indicated profiles and with dimensional and structural requirements.

1. Form panel lines, breaks, and angles to be sharp and true, with surfaces free from warp and buckle.
2. Fabricate wall panels with panel stiffeners as required to maintain fabrication tolerances and to withstand design loads.

B. Fabricate metal wall panels in a manner that eliminates condensation on interior side of panel and with joints between panels designed to form weathertight seals.

C. Provide panel profile, including major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs, if any, for full length of panel.

D. Fabricate metal wall panel joints with factory-installed captive gaskets or separator strips that provide a tight seal and prevent metal-to-metal contact, and that will minimize noise from movements within panel assembly.

E. Metal-Faced Composite Wall Panels: Factory form panels in a continuous process with no glues or adhesives between dissimilar materials. Trim and square edges of sheets with no displacement of face sheets or protrusion of core material.

1. Fabricate panels with panel stiffeners, as required to comply with deflection limits, attached to back of panels with structural silicone sealant or bond tape.
2. Fabricate panels with sharply cut edges, with no displacement of face sheets or protrusion of core material.
3. Dimensional Tolerances:

    a. Length: Plus 0.375 inch.
    b. Width: Plus 0.188 inch.
    c. Thickness: Plus or minus 0.008 inch.
    d. Panel Bow: 0.8 percent maximum of panel length or width.
    e. Squareness: 0.2 inch maximum.

F. Sheet Metal Accessories: Fabricate flashing and trim to comply with recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to the design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of item indicated.

1. Form exposed sheet metal accessories that are without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and that are true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
2. Seams for Aluminum: Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Form seams and seal with epoxy seam sealer. Rivet joints for additional strength.
3. Seams for Other Than Aluminum: Fabricate nonmoving seams in accessories with flat-lock seams. Tin edges to be seamed, form seams and solder.
4. Sealed Joints: Form nonexpansion but movable joints in metal to accommodate elastomeric sealant to comply with SMACNA standards.
5. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Exposed fasteners are not allowed on faces of accessories exposed to view.
6. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal recommended by metal wall panel manufacturer.

    a. Size: As recommended by SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" or metal wall panel manufacturer for application but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

2.9 FINISHES, GENERAL

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Protect mechanical and painted finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, metal wall panel supports, and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. Examine primary and secondary wall framing to verify that girts, angles, channels, studs, and other structural panel support members and anchorage have been installed within alignment tolerances required by metal wall panel manufacturer.
2. Examine solid wall sheathing to verify that sheathing joints are supported by framing or blocking and that installation is within flatness tolerances required by metal wall panel manufacturer.
3. Verify that weather resistant sheathing paper has been installed over sheathing or backing substrate to prevent air infiltration or water penetration.
4. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.

B. Examine roughing-in for components and systems penetrating metal wall panels to verify actual locations of penetrations relative to seam locations of metal wall panels before metal wall panel installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean substrates of substances harmful to insulation, including removing projections capable of interfering with insulation attachment.

B. Install flashings and other sheet metal to comply with requirements specified in Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."

C. Install fasciae and copings to comply with requirements specified in Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."

3.3 METAL WALL PANEL INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. General: Install metal wall panels in orientation, sizes, and locations indicated on Drawings. Install panels perpendicular to girts and subgirts, unless otherwise indicated. Anchor metal wall panels and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.

1. Field cutting of metal wall panels by torch is not permitted.
2. Shim or otherwise plumb substrates receiving metal wall panels.
3. Install flashing and trim as metal wall panel work proceeds.
4. Apply elastomeric sealant continuously between metal base channel (sill angle) and concrete, and elsewhere as indicated or, if not indicated, as necessary for waterproofing.
5. Align bottom of metal wall panels and fasten with blind rivets, bolts, or self-tapping screws. Fasten flashings and trim around openings and similar elements with self-tapping screws.

6. Provide weatherproof escutcheons for pipe and conduit penetrating exterior walls.

B. Fasteners:

1. Aluminum Wall Panels: Use aluminum or stainless-steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the exterior and aluminum or galvanized steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the interior.
2. Steel Wall Panels: Use stainless steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the exterior and galvanized steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the interior.

C. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals will contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating, by applying rubberized-asphalt underlayment to each contact surface, or by other permanent separation as recommended by metal wall panel manufacturer.

1. Coat back side of aluminum wall panels with bituminous coating where wall panels will contact wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.

D. Joint Sealers: Install gaskets, joint fillers, and sealants where indicated and where required for weatherproof performance of metal wall panel assemblies. Provide types of gaskets, fillers, and sealants indicated or, if not indicated, types recommended by metal wall panel manufacturer.

1. Seal metal wall panel end laps with double beads of tape or sealant, full width of panel. Seal side joints where recommended by metal wall panel manufacturer.
2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.4 FIELD-ASSEMBLED METAL WALL PANEL INSTALLATION

A. Lap-Seam Metal Wall Panels: Fasten metal wall panels to supports with fasteners at each lapped joint at location and spacing recommended by manufacturer.

1. Lap ribbed or fluted sheets one full rib corrugation. Apply panels and associated items for neat and weathertight enclosure. Avoid "panel creep" or application not true to line.
2. Provide metal-backed washers under heads of exposed fasteners bearing on weather side of metal wall panels.
3. Locate and space exposed fasteners in uniform vertical and horizontal alignment. Use proper tools to obtain controlled uniform compression for positive seal without rupture of washer.
4. Install screw fasteners with power tools having controlled torque adjusted to compress washer tightly without damage to washer, screw threads, or panels. Install screws in predrilled holes.
5. Provide sealant tape at lapped joints of metal wall panels and between panels and protruding equipment, vents, and accessories.
6. Apply a continuous ribbon of sealant tape to weather-side surface of fastenings on end laps; on side laps of nesting-type panels; on side laps of corrugated nesting-type, ribbed, or fluted panels; and elsewhere as needed to make panels weathertight.
7. At panel splices, nest panels with minimum 6-inch end lap, sealed with butyl-rubber sealant and fastened together by interlocking clamping plates.

B. Zee Clips: Provide Zee clips of size indicated or, if not indicated, as required to act as standoff from subgirts for thickness of insulation indicated. Attach to subgirts with fasteners.

3.5 METAL-FACED COMPOSITE WALL PANEL INSTALLATION

A. General: Install attachment system required to support wall panels and to provide a complete weathertight wall system, including subgirts, perimeter extrusions, tracks, drainage channels, panel clips, and anchor channels.

1. Include attachment to supports, panel-to-panel joinery, panel-to-dissimilar-material joinery, and panel-system joint seals.
2. Do not begin installation until weather barrier and flashings that will be concealed by composite panels are installed.

B. Track-Support Installation: Provide manufacturer's standard horizontal and vertical tracks that provide support and complete secondary drainage system, draining to the exterior at horizontal joints. Install support system at locations, spacings, and with fasteners recommended by manufacturer. Attach panels to wall by interlocking tracks with perimeter extrusions attached to wall panels. Fully engage integral gaskets and leave horizontal and vertical joints with open reveal.

1. Attach routed-and-returned flanges of wall panels to perimeter extrusions with manufacturer's standard fasteners.
2. Install wall panels to allow individual panels to "free float" and be installed and removed without disturbing adjacent panels.
3. Do not apply sealants to joints, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.

3.6 ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

A. General: Install accessories with positive anchorage to building and weathertight mounting and provide for thermal expansion. Coordinate installation with flashings and other components.

1. Install components required for a complete metal wall panel assembly including trim, copings, corners, seam covers, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items.

B. Flashing and Trim: Comply with performance requirements, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide concealed fasteners where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight and weather resistant.

1. Install exposed flashing and trim that is without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and that is true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in waterproof and weather-resistant performance.
2. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet with no joints allowed within 24 inches of corner or intersection. Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently weather resistant and waterproof, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with mastic sealant (concealed within joints).

3.7 ERECTION TOLERANCES

A. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align metal wall panel units within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet, nonaccumulative, on level, plumb, and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

3.8 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as metal wall panels are installed, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions. On completion of metal wall panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by metal wall panel manufacturer. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.

B. After metal wall panel installation, clear weep holes and drainage channels of obstructions, dirt, and sealant.

C. Replace metal wall panels that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 07412

SECTION 07531
EPDM MEMBRANE ROOFING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Adhered membrane roofing system.
2. Roof insulation.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 6 Section "Miscellaneous Carpentry" for wood nailers, curbs, and blocking.
2. Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for metal roof penetration flashings, flashings, and counterflashings.
3. Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
4. Division 15 Section "Plumbing Specialties" for roof drains.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Roofing Terminology: Refer to ASTM D 1079 and glossary of NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual" for definition of terms related to roofing work in this Section.

B. Design Uplift Pressure: The uplift pressure, calculated according to procedures in SPRI's "Wind Load Design Guide for Fully Adhered and Mechanically Fastened Roofing Systems," before multiplication by a safety factor.

C. Factored Design Uplift Pressure: The uplift pressure, calculated according to procedures in SPRI's "Wind Load Design Guide for Fully Adhered and Mechanically Fastened Roofing Systems," after multiplication by a safety factor.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Provide installed roofing membrane and base flashings that remain watertight; do not permit the passage of water; and resist specified uplift pressures, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure.

B. Material Compatibility: Provide roofing materials that are compatible with one another under conditions of service and application required, as demonstrated by roofing membrane manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

C. FMG Listing: Provide roofing membrane, base flashings, and component materials that comply with requirements in FMG 4450 and FMG 4470 as part of a membrane roofing system and that are listed in FMG's "Approval Guide" for Class 1 or noncombustible construction, as applicable. Identify materials with FMG markings.

1. Fire/Windstorm Classification: Class 1A-90.
2. Hail Resistance: MH.

D. Roofing System Design: Provide a membrane roofing system that is identical to systems that have been successfully tested by a qualified testing and inspecting agency to resist the factored design uplift pressures calculated according to SPRI's "Wind Load Design Guide for Fully Adhered and Mechanically Fastened Roofing Systems."

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: For roofing system. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other Work.

1. Base flashings and membrane terminations.
2. Tapered insulation, including slopes.
3. Insulation fastening patterns.

C. Installer Certificates: Signed by roofing system manufacturer certifying that Installer is approved, authorized, or licensed by manufacturer to install roofing system.

D. Maintenance Data: For roofing system to include in maintenance manuals.

E. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified firm that is approved, authorized, or licensed by roofing system manufacturer to install manufacturer's product and that is eligible to receive manufacturer's warranty.

B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that has FMG approval for membrane roofing system identical to that used for this Project.

C. Source Limitations: Obtain components for membrane roofing system approved by roofing membrane manufacturer.

D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide membrane roofing materials with the fire-test-response characteristics indicated as determined by testing identical products per test method below by UL, FMG, or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Materials shall be identified with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

1. Exterior Fire-Test Exposure: Class A; ASTM E 108, for application and roof slopes indicated.
2. Fire-Resistance Ratings: ASTM E 119, for fire-resistance-rated roof assemblies of which roofing system is a part.

E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site. Comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures related to roofing system including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Meet with Owner; Architect; Owner's insurer if applicable; testing and inspecting agency representative; roofing Installer; roofing system manufacturer's representative; deck Installer; and installers whose work interfaces with or affects roofing, including installers of roof accessories and roof-mounted equipment.
2. Review methods and procedures related to roofing installation, including manufacturer's written instructions.
3. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
4. Examine deck substrate conditions and finishes for compliance with requirements, including flatness and fastening.
5. Review structural loading limitations of roof deck during and after roofing.
6. Review base flashings, special roofing details, roof drainage, roof penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that will affect roofing system.
7. Review governing regulations and requirements for insurance and certificates if applicable.
8. Review temporary protection requirements for roofing system during and after installation.
9. Review roof observation and repair procedures after roofing installation.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver roofing materials to Project site in original containers with seals unbroken and labeled with manufacturer's name, product brand name and type, date of manufacture, and directions for storing and mixing with other components.

B. Store liquid materials in their original undamaged containers in a clean, dry, protected location and within the temperature range required by roofing system manufacturer. Protect stored liquid material from direct sunlight.

1. Discard and legally dispose of liquid material that cannot be applied within its stated shelf life.

C. Protect roof insulation materials from physical damage and from deterioration by sunlight, moisture, soiling, and other sources. Store in a dry location. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, and protecting during installation.

D. Handle and store roofing materials and place equipment in a manner to avoid permanent deflection of deck.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit roofing system to be installed according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.

1.9 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form, without monetary limitation, in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of membrane roofing system that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failure includes roof leaks.

1. Special warranty includes roofing membrane, base flashings, roofing accessories, roof insulation, fasteners, walkway products and other components of membrane roofing system.
2. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Special Project Warranty: Submit roofing Installer's warranty, on warranty form at end of this Section, signed by Installer, covering Work of this Section, including all components of membrane roofing system such as roofing membrane, base flashing, roof insulation, fasteners, cover boards, substrate boards, vapor retarders, roof pavers, and walkway products, for the following warranty period:

1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 EPDM ROOFING MEMBRANE

A. EPDM Roofing Membrane: ASTM D 4637, Type I, nonreinforced uniform, flexible sheet made from EPDM, and as follows:

1. Manufacturers:

    a. Carlisle SynTec Incorporated.
    b. Firestone Building Products Company.
    c. GAF "EverGuard".
    d. GenFlex Roofing Systems.
    e. Johns Manville International, Inc.
    f. Mule-Hide Products Co., Inc.

2. Thickness: 60 mils nominal.
3. Exposed Face Color: Black.

2.3 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

A. General: Auxiliary materials recommended by roofing system manufacturer for intended use and compatible with membrane roofing.

    1. Liquid-type auxiliary materials shall meet VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Sheet Flashing: 60-mil- thick EPDM, partially cured or cured, according to application.

C. Bonding Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard bonding adhesive.

D. Cold Fluid-Applied Membrane Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard cold fluid-applied bonding adhesive formulated to adhere fleece-backed roofing membrane to substrate.

E. Seaming Material: Manufacturer's standard synthetic-rubber polymer primer and 3-inch- wide minimum, butyl splice tape with release film.

F. Lap Sealant: Manufacturer's standard single-component sealant, color to match roofing membrane.

G. Water Cutoff Mastic: Manufacturer's standard butyl mastic sealant.

H. Metal Termination Bars: Manufacturer's standard predrilled stainless-steel or aluminum bars, approximately 1 by 1/8 inch thick; with anchors.

I. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates meeting corrosion-resistance provisions in FMG 4470, designed for fastening membrane to substrate, and acceptable to membrane roofing system manufacturer.

J. Miscellaneous Accessories: Provide pourable sealers, preformed cone and vent sheet flashings, preformed inside and outside corner sheet flashings, T-joint covers, in-seam sealants, termination reglets, cover strips, and other accessories.

2.4 ROOF INSULATION

A. General: Provide preformed roof insulation boards that comply with requirements and referenced standards, selected from manufacturer's standard sizes and of thicknesses indicated.

B. Polyisocyanurate Board Insulation: ASTM C 1289, Type II, felt or glass-fiber mat facer on both major surfaces.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Atlas Roofing Corporation.
b. Carlisle SynTec Incorporated.
c. Celotex Corporation.
d. Firestone Building Products Company.
e. GAF Materials Corp.
f. GenFlex Roofing Systems.
g. Johns Manville International, Inc.

C. Tapered Insulation: Provide factory-tapered insulation boards fabricated to slope of 1/4 inch per 12 inches, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Provide preformed saddles, crickets, tapered edge strips, and other insulation shapes where indicated for sloping to drain. Fabricate to slopes indicated.

2.5 INSULATION ACCESSORIES

A. General: Furnish roof insulation accessories recommended by insulation manufacturer for intended use and compatible with membrane roofing.

B. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates meeting corrosion-resistance provisions in FMG 4470, designed for fastening roof insulation to substrate, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.

C. Cold Fluid-Applied Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard cold fluid-applied adhesive formulated to adhere roof insulation to substrate.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with the following requirements and other conditions affecting performance of roofing system:

1. Verify that roof openings and penetrations are in place and set and braced and that roof drains are securely clamped in place.
2. Verify that wood blocking, curbs, and nailers are securely anchored to roof deck at penetrations and terminations and that nailers match thicknesses of insulation.
3. Verify that surface plane flatness and fastening of steel roof deck complies with requirements in Division 5 Section "Steel Deck".
4. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean substrate of dust, debris, moisture, and other substances detrimental to roofing installation according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions. Remove sharp projections.

B. Prevent materials from entering and clogging roof drains and conductors and from spilling or migrating onto surfaces of other construction. Remove roof-drain plugs when no work is taking place or when rain is forecast.

C. Complete terminations and base flashings and provide temporary seals to prevent water from entering completed sections of roofing system at the end of the workday or when rain is forecast. Remove and discard temporary seals before beginning work on adjoining roofing.

3.3 INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Coordinate installing membrane roofing system components so insulation is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at the end of the workday.

B. Comply with membrane roofing system manufacturer's written instructions for installing roof insulation.

C. Install tapered insulation under area of roofing to conform to slopes indicated.

D. Install one or more layers of insulation under area of roofing to achieve required thickness. Where overall insulation thickness is 2 inches or greater, install 2 or more layers with joints of each succeeding layer staggered from joints of previous layer a minimum of 6 inches in each direction.

E. Trim surface of insulation where necessary at roof drains so completed surface is flush and does not restrict flow of water.

F. Install insulation with long joints of insulation in a continuous straight line with end joints staggered between rows, abutting edges and ends between boards. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch with insulation.

1. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch of nailers, projections, and penetrations.

G. Mechanically Fastened and Adhered Insulation: Install first layer of insulation to deck using mechanical fasteners specifically designed and sized for fastening specified board-type roof insulation to deck type.

1. Fasten first layer of insulation according to requirements in FM Approvals "RoofNav" for specified Windstorm Resistance Classification.
2. Fasten first layer of insulation to resist uplift pressure at corners, perimeter, and field of roof.
3. Set each subsequent layer of insulation in a uniform coverage of full-spread insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.

3.4 ADHERED ROOFING MEMBRANE INSTALLATION

A. Install roofing membrane over area to receive roofing according to membrane roofing system manufacturer's written instructions. Unroll roofing membrane and allow to relax before installing.

B. Start installation of roofing membrane in presence of membrane roofing system manufacturer's technical personnel.

C. Accurately align roofing membrane and maintain uniform side and end laps of minimum dimensions required by manufacturer. Stagger end laps.

D. Bonding Adhesive: Apply bonding adhesive to substrate and underside of roofing membrane at rate required by manufacturer and allow to partially dry before installing roofing membrane. Do not apply bonding adhesive to splice area of roofing membrane.

E. Mechanically or adhesively fasten roofing membrane securely at terminations, penetrations, and perimeter of roofing.

F. Apply roofing membrane with side laps shingled with slope of roof deck where possible.

G. Tape Seam Installation: Clean and prime both faces of splice areas, apply splice tape, and firmly roll side and end laps of overlapping roofing membranes according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure a watertight seam installation. Apply lap sealant and seal exposed edges of roofing membrane terminations.

H. Repair tears, voids, and lapped seams in roofing that does not meet requirements.

I. Spread sealant or mastic bed over deck drain flange at deck drains and securely seal roofing membrane in place with clamping ring.

J. Install roofing membrane and auxiliary materials to tie in to existing roofing.

3.5 BASE FLASHING INSTALLATION

A. Install sheet flashings and preformed flashing accessories and adhere to substrates according to membrane roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Apply bonding adhesive to substrate and underside of sheet flashing at required rate and allow to partially dry. Do not apply bonding adhesive to seam area of flashing.

C. Flash penetrations and field-formed inside and outside corners with cured or uncured sheet flashing.

D. Clean splice areas, apply splicing cement, and firmly roll side and end laps of overlapping sheets to ensure a watertight seam installation. Apply lap sealant and seal exposed edges of sheet flashing terminations.

E. Terminate and seal top of sheet flashings and mechanically anchor to substrate through termination bars.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform roof tests and inspections and to prepare test reports.

B. Final Roof Inspection: Arrange for roofing system manufacturer's technical personnel to inspect roofing installation on completion and submit report to Architect.

1. Notify Architect or Owner 48 hours in advance of date and time of inspection.

C. Repair or remove and replace components of membrane roofing system where test results or inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.

D. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

3.7 PROTECTING AND CLEANING

A. Protect membrane roofing system from damage and wear during remainder of construction period. When remaining construction will not affect or endanger roofing, inspect roofing for deterioration and damage, describing its nature and extent in a written report, with copies to Architect and Owner.

B. Correct deficiencies in or remove membrane roofing system that does not comply with requirements, repair substrates and repair or reinstall membrane roofing system to a condition free of damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion and according to warranty requirements.

C. Clean overspray and spillage from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

3.8 ROOFING INSTALLER'S WARRANTY

A. WHEREAS <Insert name> of <Insert address>, herein called the "Roofing Installer," has performed roofing and associated work ("work") on the following project:

1. Owner: <Insert name of Owner.>
2. Address: <Insert address.>
3. Building Name/Type: <Insert information.>
4. Address: <Insert address.>
5. Area of Work: <Insert information.>
6. Acceptance Date: <Insert date.>
7. Warranty Period: <Insert time.>
8. Expiration Date: <Insert date.>

B. AND WHEREAS Roofing Installer has contracted (either directly with Owner or indirectly as a subcontractor) to warrant said work against leaks and faulty or defective materials and workmanship for designated Warranty Period,

C. NOW THEREFORE Roofing Installer hereby warrants, subject to terms and conditions herein set forth, that during Warranty Period he will, at his own cost and expense, make or cause to be made such repairs to or replacements of said work as are necessary to correct faulty and defective work and as are necessary to maintain said work in a watertight condition.

D. This Warranty is made subject to the following terms and conditions:

1. Specifically excluded from this Warranty are damages to work and other parts of the building, and to building contents, caused by:

    a. lightning;
    b. peak gust wind speed exceeding 1A-90 Design Requirements mph;
    c. fire;
    d. failure of roofing system substrate, including cracking, settlement, excessive deflection, deterioration, and decomposition;
    e. faulty construction of parapet walls, copings, chimneys, skylights, vents, equipment supports, and other edge conditions and penetrations of the work;
    f. vapor condensation on bottom of roofing; and
    g. activity on roofing by others, including construction contractors, maintenance personnel, other persons, and animals, whether authorized or unauthorized by Owner.

2. When work has been damaged by any of foregoing causes, Warranty shall be null and void until such damage has been repaired by Roofing Installer and until cost and expense thereof have been paid by Owner or by another responsible party so designated.
3. Roofing Installer is responsible for damage to work covered by this Warranty but is not liable for consequential damages to building or building contents resulting from leaks or faults or defects of work.
4. During Warranty Period, if Owner allows alteration of work by anyone other than Roofing Installer, including cutting, patching, and maintenance in connection with penetrations, attachment of other work, and positioning of anything on roof, this Warranty shall become null and void on date of said alterations, but only to the extent said alterations affect work covered by this Warranty. If Owner engages Roofing Installer to perform said alterations, Warranty shall not become null and void unless Roofing Installer, before starting said work, shall have notified Owner in writing, showing reasonable cause for claim, that said alterations would likely damage or deteriorate work, thereby reasonably justifying a limitation or termination of this Warranty.
5. During Warranty Period, if original use of roof is changed and it becomes used for, but was not originally specified for, a promenade, work deck, spray-cooled surface, flooded basin, or other use or service more severe than originally specified, this Warranty shall become null and void on date of said change, but only to the extent said change affects work covered by this Warranty.
6. Owner shall promptly notify Roofing Installer of observed, known, or suspected leaks, defects, or deterioration and shall afford reasonable opportunity for Roofing Installer to inspect work and to examine evidence of such leaks, defects, or deterioration.

7. This Warranty is recognized to be the only warranty of Roofing Installer on said work and shall not operate to restrict or cut off Owner from other remedies and resources lawfully available to Owner in cases of roofing failure. Specifically, this Warranty shall not operate to relieve Roofing Installer of responsibility for performance of original work according to requirements of the Contract Documents, regardless of whether Contract was a contract directly with Owner or a subcontract with Owner's General Contractor.

E. IN WITNESS THEREOF, this instrument has been duly executed this <Insert day> day of <Insert month>, <Insert year>.

1. Authorized Signature: <Insert signature.>
2. Name: <Insert name.>
3. Title: <Insert title.>

END OF SECTION 07531

SECTION 07620
SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following sheet metal flashing and trim:

1. Manufactured reglets.
2. Formed roof drainage system.
3. Formed low-slope roof flashing and trim.
4. Formed equipment support flashing.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for installing through-wall flashing, reglets, and other sheet metal flashing and trim.
2. Division 6 Section "Miscellaneous Carpentry" for wood nailers, curbs, and blocking.
3. Division 7 Section "Metal Wall Panels" for factory-formed metal wall panels and flashing and trim not part of sheet metal flashing and trim.
4. Division 7 Section "EPDM Membrane Roofing" for installing sheet metal flashing and trim integral with roofing membrane.
5. Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for field-applied sheet metal flashing and trim sealants.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Install sheet metal flashing and trim to withstand wind loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failing, rattling, leaking, and fastener disengagement.

B. Fabricate and install roof edge flashing and copings capable of resisting the following forces according to recommendations in FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49:

1. Wind Zone 3: For velocity pressures of 46 to 104 lbf/sq. ft.: 208-lbf/sq. ft. perimeter uplift force, 312-lbf/sq. ft. corner uplift force, and 104-lbf/sq. ft. outward force.

C. Thermal Movements: Provide sheet metal flashing and trim that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, hole elongation, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Provide clips that resist rotation and avoid shear stress as a result of sheet metal and trim thermal movements. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

D. Water Infiltration: Provide sheet metal flashing and trim that do not allow water infiltration to building interior.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Show layouts of sheet metal flashing and trim, including plans and elevations. Distinguish between shop- and field-assembled work. Include the following:

1. Identify material, thickness, weight, and finish for each item and location in Project.
2. Details for forming sheet metal flashing and trim, including profiles, shapes, seams, and dimensions.

B. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below:

1. Trim: 12 inches long. Include fasteners and other exposed accessories.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim Standard: Comply with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Conform to dimensions and profiles shown unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver sheet metal flashing materials and fabrications undamaged. Protect sheet metal flashing and trim materials and fabrications during transportation and handling.

B. Unload, store, and install sheet metal flashing materials and fabrications in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.

C. Stack materials on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Do not store sheet metal flashing and trim materials in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of sheet metal flashing and trim with interfacing and adjoining construction to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.

2.2 SHEET METALS

A. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, 3004, 3105, or 5005, Temper suitable for forming and structural performance required, but not less than H14, finished as follows:

1. High-Performance Organic Finish: AA-C12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; Organic Coating: as specified below). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

a. Fluoropolymer 2-Coat System: Manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight; complying with AAMA 2605.

1) Color: Match existing white finish.

2.3 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

A. Polyethylene Sheet: 6-mil- thick polyethylene sheet complying with ASTM D 4397.

B. Felts: ASTM D 226, Type II (No. 30), asphalt-saturated organic felt, nonperforated.

C. Slip Sheet: Rosin-sized paper, minimum 3 lb/100 sq. ft..

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. General: Provide materials and types of fasteners, solder, welding rods, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for complete sheet metal flashing and trim installation.

B. Fasteners: Wood screws, annular threaded nails, self-tapping screws, self-locking rivets and bolts, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads.

1. Exposed Fasteners: Heads matching color of sheet metal by means of plastic caps or factory-applied coating.
2. Fasteners for Flashing and Trim: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws, gasketed, with hex washer head.

3. Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless-steel rivets.

C. Sealing Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, polyisobutylene compound sealing tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape.

D. Butyl Sealant: ASTM C 1311, single-component, solvent-release butyl rubber sealant, polyisobutylene plasticized, heavy bodied for hooked-type expansion joints with limited movement.

E. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.

F. Asphalt Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586, asbestos free, of consistency required for application.

2.5 MANUFACTURED SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

A. Reglets: Units of type, material, and profile indicated, formed to provide secure interlocking of separate reglet and counterflashing pieces, and compatible with flashing indicated with factory-mitered and -welded corners and junctions.

1. Available Manufacturers:

   a. Cheney Flashing Company, Inc.
   b. Fry Reglet Corporation.
   c. Heckmann Building Products Inc.
   d. Hickman, W. P. Company.
   e. Keystone Flashing Company, Inc.
   f. Sandell Manufacturing Company, Inc.

2. Material: Aluminum, 0.024 inch thick.
3. Surface-Mounted Type: Provide with slotted holes for fastening to substrate, with neoprene or other suitable weatherproofing washers, and with channel for sealant at top edge.
4. Masonry Type: Provide with offset top flange for embedment in masonry mortar joint.
5. Flexible Flashing Retainer: Provide resilient plastic or rubber accessory to secure flexible flashing in reglet where clearance does not permit use of standard metal counterflashing or where Drawings show reglet without metal counterflashing.
6. Counterflashing Wind-Restraint Clips: Provide clips to be installed before counterflashing to prevent wind uplift of counterflashing lower edge.

2.6 FABRICATION, GENERAL

A. General: Custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of item indicated. Shop fabricate items where practicable. Obtain field measurements for accurate fit before shop fabrication.

B. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in thickness or weight needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than that specified for each application and metal.

C. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.

1. Seams for Aluminum: Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Form seams and seal with epoxy seam sealer. Rivet joints for additional strength.

D. Sealed Joints: Form nonexpansion but movable joints in metal to accommodate elastomeric sealant to comply with SMACNA recommendations.

E. Expansion Provisions: Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions in the Work cannot be used, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with butyl sealant concealed within joints.

F. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible on exposed-to-view sheet metal flashing and trim, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal.

1. Thickness: As recommended by SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" and FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49 for application but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

2.7 ROOF DRAINAGE SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Parapet Scuppers: Fabricate scuppers of dimensions required with closure flange trim to exterior, 4-inch- wide wall flanges to interior, and base extending 4 inches beyond cant or tapered strip into field of roof. Fasten gravel guard angles to base of scupper.

1. Fabricate parapet scuppers from the following material:

a. Aluminum: 0.0320 inch thick.

B. Downspouts: Fabricate rectangular downspouts complete with mitered elbows. Furnish with metal hangers, from same material as downspouts, and anchors.

1. Fabricated Hanger Style: SMACNA figure designation 1-35B.
2. Fabricate from the following materials:

a. Aluminum: 0.024 inch thick.

C. Conductor Heads: Fabricate conductor heads with flanged back and stiffened top edge and of dimensions and shape indicated complete with outlet tubes, exterior flange trim. Fabricate from the following materials:

1. Aluminum: 0.032 inch thick.

2.8 LOW-SLOPE ROOF SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Roof Edge Flashing (Gravel Stop) and Fascia Caps: Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long, but not exceeding 10-foot- long, sections. Furnish with 6-inch- wide joint cover plates.

1. Joint Style: Lap, 4 inches wide.
2. Fabricate with scuppers spaced as shown on drawings with 4-inch- wide flanges and base extending 4 inches beyond cant or tapered strip into field of roof. Fasten gravel guard angles to base of scupper.
3. Fabricate scuppers from the following material:

    a. Aluminum: 0.050 inch thick.

B. Copings: Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long, but not exceeding 10-foot- long, sections. Fabricate joint plates of same thickness as copings. Furnish with continuous cleats to support edge of external leg and drill elongated holes for fasteners on interior leg. Miter corners, seal, and solder or weld watertight.

1. Joint Style: Butt, with 12-inch- wide concealed backup plate.
2. Fabricate copings from the following material:

    a. Aluminum: 0.050 inch thick.

C. Base Flashing: Fabricate from the following material:

1. Aluminum: 0.040 inch thick.

D. Counterflashing: Fabricate from the following material:

1. Aluminum: 0.0320 inch thick.

E. Flashing Receivers: Fabricate from the following material:

1. Aluminum: 0.0320 inch thick.

2.9 MISCELLANEOUS SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Equipment Support Flashing: Fabricate from the following materials:

1. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel: 0.028 inch thick.

2.10 FINISHES

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Protect mechanical and painted finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, to verify actual locations, dimensions and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. General: Anchor sheet metal flashing and trim and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement. Use fasteners, solder, welding rods, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete sheet metal flashing and trim system.

1. Torch cutting of sheet metal flashing and trim is not permitted.

B. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals will contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by fabricator or manufacturers of dissimilar metals.

1. Coat side of uncoated aluminum sheet metal flashing and trim with bituminous coating where flashing and trim will contact wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.
2. Underlayment: Where installing metal flashing directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a course of felt underlayment and cover with a slip sheet or install a course of polyethylene underlayment.
3. Bed flanges in thick coat of asphalt roofing cement where required for waterproof performance.

C. Install exposed sheet metal flashing and trim without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks.

D. Install sheet metal flashing and trim true to line and levels indicated. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of solder, welds, and butyl sealant.

E. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance. Verify shapes and dimensions of surfaces to be covered before fabricating sheet metal.

1. Space cleats not more than 12 inches apart. Anchor each cleat with two fasteners. Bend tabs over fasteners.

F. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet with no joints allowed within 24 inches of corner or intersection. Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently watertight, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with butyl sealant concealed within joints.

G. Fasteners: Use fasteners of sizes that will penetrate substrate not less than 1-1/4 inches for nails and not less than 3/4 inch for wood screws.

1. Aluminum: Use aluminum or stainless-steel fasteners.

H. Seal joints with butyl sealant as required for watertight construction.

1. Where sealant-filled joints are used, embed hooked flanges of joint members not less than 1 inch into sealant. Form joints to completely conceal sealant. When ambient temperature at time of installation is moderate, between 40 and 70 deg F, set joint members for 50 percent movement either way. Adjust setting proportionately for installation at higher ambient temperatures. Do not install sealant-type joints at temperatures below 40 deg F.
2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

I. Aluminum Flashing: Rivet or weld joints in uncoated aluminum where necessary for strength.

3.3 ROOF DRAINAGE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

A. General: Install sheet metal roof drainage items to produce complete roof drainage system according to SMACNA recommendations and as indicated. Coordinate installation of roof perimeter flashing with installation of roof drainage system.

B. Parapet Scuppers: Install scuppers where indicated through parapet. Continuously support scupper, set to correct elevation, and seal flanges to interior wall face, over cants or tapered edge strips, and under roofing membrane.

1. Anchor scupper closure trim flange to exterior wall and seal or solder to scupper.
2. Seal or solder exterior wall scupper flanges into back of conductor head.

C. Downspouts: Join sections with 1-1/2 inch telescoping joints.

1. Provide hangers with fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely to walls. Locate hangers at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches o.c. in between.
2. Connect downspouts to underground drainage system indicated.

D. Conductors Heads: Anchor securely to wall with elevation of conductor head rim 1 inch below scupper discharge.

3.4 ROOF FLASHING INSTALLATION

A. General: Install sheet metal roof flashing and trim to comply with performance requirements, sheet metal manufacturer's written installation instructions, and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide concealed fasteners where possible, set units true to line, and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight.

B. Roof Edge Flashing: Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces according to recommendations in FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49 for specified wind zone and as indicated.

1. Interlock bottom edge of roof edge flashing with continuous cleats anchored to substrate at 24-inch centers.

C. Copings: Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces according to recommendations in FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49 for specified wind zone and as indicated.

1. Interlock exterior bottom edge of coping with continuous cleats anchored to substrate at 16-inch 400-mm centers.
2. Anchor interior leg of coping with screw fasteners and washers at 18-inch centers.

D. Pipe or Post Counterflashing: Install counterflashing umbrella with close-fitting collar with top edge flared for butyl sealant, extending a minimum of 4 inches over base flashing. Install stainless-steel draw band and tighten.

E. Counterflashing: Coordinate installation of counterflashing with installation of base flashing. Insert counterflashing in reglets or receivers and fit tightly to base flashing. Extend counterflashing 4 inches over base flashing. Lap counterflashing joints a minimum of 4 inches and bed with butyl sealant.

1. Secure in a waterproof manner by means of snap-in installation and sealant or lead wedges and sealant.

3.5 WALL FLASHING INSTALLATION

A. General: Install sheet metal wall flashing to intercept and exclude penetrating moisture according to SMACNA recommendations and as indicated. Coordinate installation of wall flashing with installation of wall-opening components such as windows, doors, and louvers.

B. Reglets: Installation of reglets is specified in Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies."

3.6 MISCELLANEOUS FLASHING INSTALLATION

A. Equipment Support Flashing: Coordinate installation of equipment support flashing with installation of roofing and equipment. Weld or seal flashing with butyl sealant to equipment support member.

3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Clean exposed metal surfaces of substances that interfere with uniform oxidation and weathering.

B. Clean and neutralize flux materials. Clean off excess solder and sealants.

C. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as sheet metal flashing and trim are installed. On completion of installation, clean finished surfaces, including removing unused fasteners, metal filings, pop rivet stems, and pieces of flashing. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.

D. Replace sheet metal flashing and trim that have been damaged or that have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 07620

SECTION 07720
ROOF ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Roof hatches.
2. Preformed flashings.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for metal vertical ladders, ships' ladders, and stairs for access to roof hatches.
2. Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry" for roof sheathing, wood cants, and wood nailers.
3. Division 7 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for shop- and field-fabricated metal flashing and counterflashing, roof expansion-joint covers, and miscellaneous sheet metal trim and accessories.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of roof accessory indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.

B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for roof accessories. Show layouts of roof accessories including plans and elevations. Indicate dimensions, weights, loadings, required clearances, method of field assembly, and components. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Sheet Metal Standard: Comply with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" details for fabrication of units, including flanges and cap flashing to coordinate with type of roofing indicated.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Pack, handle, and ship roof accessories properly labeled in heavy-duty packaging to prevent damage.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify required openings for each type of roof accessory by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of roof accessories with roofing membrane and base flashing and interfacing and adjoining construction to provide a leakproof, weathertight, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

1. With Architect's approval, adjust location of roof accessories that would interrupt roof drainage routes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers listed in other Part 2 articles.

2.2 METAL MATERIALS

A. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B 209, alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and mill finish.

B. Steel Shapes: ASTM A 36/A 36M, hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 123/A 123M, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Galvanized Steel Tube: ASTM A 500, round tube, hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 123/A 123M.

D. Galvanized Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Glass-Fiber Board Insulation: ASTM C 726, 1 inch thick.

B. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.

C. Polyethylene Sheet: 6-mil- thick, polyethylene sheet complying with ASTM D 4397.

D. Felt: ASTM D 226, Type II (No. 30), asphalt-saturated organic felt, nonperforated.

1. Slip Sheet: Rosin-sized paper, minimum 3 lb/100 sq. ft.

E. Fasteners: Same metal as metals being fastened, or nonmagnetic stainless steel or other noncorrosive metal as recommended by roof accessory manufacturer. Match finish of exposed fasteners with finish of material being fastened. Provide nonremovable fastener heads to exterior exposed fasteners.

F. Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard tubular or fingered design of neoprene, EPDM, or PVC; or flat design of foam rubber, sponge neoprene, or cork.

G. Butyl Sealant: ASTM C 1311, single-component, solvent-release butyl rubber sealant, polyisobutylene plasticized, and heavy bodied for hooked-type expansion joints with limited movement.

H. Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586, nonasbestos, fibrated asphalt cement designed for trowel application or other adhesive compatible with roofing system.

2.4 ROOF HATCHES

A. Roof Hatches: Fabricate roof hatches with insulated double-wall lids and insulated single-wall curb frame with integral deck mounting flange and lid frame counterflashing. Fabricate with welded or mechanically fastened and sealed corner joints. Provide continuous weathertight perimeter gasketing and equip with corrosion-resistant or hot-dip galvanized hardware.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Babcock-Davis; a Cierra Products Inc. Company.
b. Bilco Company (The).
c. J. L. Industries, Inc.
d. Milcor Inc.; a Gibraltar Company.
e. O'Keeffe's Inc.

2. Loads: Fabricate roof hatches to withstand 40-lbf/sq. ft. external and 20-lbf/sq. ft. internal loads.
3. Type and Size: Single-leaf lid, 30 by 96 inches.
4. Curb and Lid Material: Aluminum sheet, 0.090 inch thick.

a. Finish: Mill.

5. Insulation: Glass-fiber board.
6. Interior Lid Liner: Manufacturer's standard metal liner of same material and finish as outer metal lid.
7. Exterior Curb Liner: Manufacturer's standard metal liner of same material and finish as metal curb.
8. Fabricate units to minimum height of 12 inches, unless otherwise indicated.
9. Sloping Roofs: Where slope or roof deck exceeds 1:48, fabricate hatch curbs with height constant.

10. Hardware: Galvanized steel spring latch with turn handles, butt- or pintle-type hinge system, and padlock hasps inside and outside.

    a. Provide 2-point latch on covers larger than 84 inches.

11. Safety Railing System: Manufacturer's standard complete system including rails, clamps, fasteners, safety barrier at railing opening, and all accessories required for a complete installation.

    a. Height: 42 inches above finished roof deck.
    b. Pipe or Tube: 1-1/4-inch ID galvanized pipe or 1-5/8-inch OD galvanized tube.
    c. Flat Bar: 2-inch- high by 3/8-inch- thick galvanized steel.
    d. Self-Latching Gate: Fabricated of same materials and rail spacing as safety railing system. Provide manufacturer's standard hinges and self-latching mechanism.
    e. Pipe Ends and Tops: Covered or plugged with weather-resistant material.
    f. Provide weep holes or another means to drain entrapped water in hollow sections of handrail and railing members that are exposed to exterior or to moisture from condensation or other sources.
    g. Fabricate joints that will be exposed to weather in a watertight manner.
    h. Close exposed ends of handrail and railing members with prefabricated end fittings.
    i. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard.

2.5 PREFORMED FLASHINGS

A. Exhaust Vent Flashings: Double-wall metal flashing sleeve, urethane insulation filled, with integral deck flange, 12 inches high, with removable metal hood and slotted metal collar, and as follows:

    1. Available Manufacturers:

        a. Thaler Metal Industries Ltd.

    2. Metal: Aluminum sheet, 0.064 inch thick, mill finished.
    3. Diameter: As indicated.

B. Vent Stack Flashing: Metal flashing sleeve, with integral deck flange, uninsulated, and as follows:

    1. Available Manufacturers:

        a. Thaler Metal Industries Ltd.

    2. Metal: Aluminum sheet, 0.064 inch thick, mill finished.
    3. Height: 7 inches.
    4. Diameter: As indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, to verify actual locations, dimensions, and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored and is ready to receive roof accessories.
2. Verify dimensions of roof openings for roof accessories.
3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install roof accessories according to manufacturer's written instructions. Anchor roof accessories securely in place and capable of resisting forces specified. Use fasteners, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for completing roof accessory installation. Install roof accessories to resist exposure to weather without failing, rattling, leaking, and fastener disengagement.

B. Install roof accessories to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance.

C. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals will contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer.

1. Coat concealed side of uncoated aluminum roof accessories with bituminous coating where in contact with wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.
2. Underlayment: Where installing exposed-to-view components of roof accessories directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a course of felt underlayment and cover with a slip sheet, or install a course of polyethylene underlayment.
3. Bed flanges in thick coat of asphalt roofing cement where required by roof accessory manufacturers for waterproof performance.

D. Install roof accessories level, plumb, true to line and elevation, and without warping, jogs in alignment, excessive oil canning, buckling, or tool marks.

E. Roof Hatch Installation:

1. Check roof hatch for proper operation. Adjust operating mechanism as required. Clean and lubricate joints and hardware.
2. Attach safety railing system to roof hatch curb.

F. Preformed Flashing Installation:

1. Secure to roof membrane according to vent and stack flashing manufacturer's written instructions.

G. Seal joints with butyl sealant as required by manufacturer of roof accessories.

3.3 TOUCH UP

A. Touch up factory-primed surfaces with compatible primer ready for field painting in accordance with Division 9 painting Sections.

B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 07720

SECTION 07841
THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes through-penetration firestop systems for penetrations through fire-resistance-rated constructions, including both empty openings and openings containing penetrating items.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 13 Sections specifying fire-suppression piping penetrations.
2. Division 15 Sections specifying duct and piping penetrations.
3. Division 16 Sections specifying cable and conduit penetrations.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: For penetrations through the following fire-resistance-rated constructions, including both empty openings and openings containing penetrating items, provide through-penetration firestop systems that are produced and installed to resist spread of fire according to requirements indicated, resist passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated.

1. Fire-resistance-rated walls including fire walls, fire partitions, fire barriers and smoke barriers.
2. Fire-resistance-rated horizontal assemblies including floors, floor/ceiling assemblies and ceiling membranes of roof/ceiling assemblies.

B. Rated Systems: Provide through-penetration firestop systems with the following ratings determined per ASTM E 814:

1. F-Rated Systems: Provide through-penetration firestop systems with F-ratings indicated, but not less than that equaling or exceeding fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
2. T-Rated Systems: For the following conditions, provide through-penetration firestop systems with T-ratings indicated, as well as F-ratings, where systems protect penetrating items exposed to potential contact with adjacent materials in occupiable floor areas:

a. Penetrations located outside wall cavities.
b. Penetrations located outside fire-resistance-rated shaft enclosures.

C. For through-penetration firestop systems exposed to view, traffic, moisture, and physical damage, provide products that, after curing, do not deteriorate when exposed to these conditions both during and after construction.

1. For piping penetrations for plumbing and wet-pipe sprinkler systems, provide moisture-resistant through-penetration firestop systems.
2. For floor penetrations with annular spaces exceeding 4 inches in width and exposed to possible loading and traffic, provide firestop systems capable of supporting floor loads involved, either by installing floor plates or by other means.
3. For penetrations involving insulated piping, provide through-penetration firestop systems not requiring removal of insulation.

D. For through-penetration firestop systems exposed to view, provide products with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, as determined per ASTM E 84.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A firm experienced in installing through-penetration firestop systems similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful performance. Qualifications include having the necessary experience, staff, and training to install manufacturer's products per specified requirements. Manufacturer's willingness to sell its through-penetration firestop system products to Contractor or to Installer engaged by Contractor does not in itself confer qualification on buyer.

B. Installation Responsibility: Assign installation of through-penetration firestop systems and fire-resistive joint systems in Project to a single qualified installer.

C. Source Limitations: Obtain through-penetration firestop systems, for each kind of penetration and construction condition indicated, through one source from a single manufacturer.

D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide through-penetration firestop systems that comply with the following requirements and those specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article:

1. Firestopping tests are performed by a qualified testing and inspecting agency. A qualified testing and inspecting agency is UL, or another agency performing testing and follow-up inspection services for firestop systems acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Through-penetration firestop systems are identical to those tested per testing standard referenced in "Part 1 Performance Requirements" Article. Provide rated systems complying with the following requirements:

a. Through-penetration firestop system products bear classification marking of qualified testing and inspecting agency.
b. Through-penetration firestop systems correspond to those indicated by reference to through-penetration firestop system designations listed by the following:

1) UL in its "Fire Resistance Directory."

E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver through-penetration firestop system products to Project site in original, unopened containers or packages with intact and legible manufacturers' labels identifying product and manufacturer, date of manufacture, lot number, shelf life if applicable, qualified testing and inspecting agency's classification marking applicable to Project, curing time, and mixing instructions for multicomponent materials.

B. Store and handle materials for through-penetration firestop systems to prevent their deterioration or damage due to moisture, temperature changes, contaminants, or other causes.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install through-penetration firestop systems when ambient or substrate temperatures are outside limits permitted by through-penetration firestop system manufacturers or when substrates are wet due to rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.

B. Ventilate through-penetration firestop systems per manufacturer's written instructions by natural means or, where this is inadequate, forced-air circulation.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate construction of openings and penetrating items to ensure that through-penetration firestop systems are installed according to specified requirements.

B. Coordinate sizing of sleeves, openings, core-drilled holes, or cut openings to accommodate through-penetration firestop systems.

C. Notify Owner's inspecting agency at least seven days in advance of through-penetration firestop system installations; confirm dates and times on days preceding each series of installations.

D. Do not cover up through-penetration firestop system installations that will become concealed behind other construction until each installation has been examined by building inspector, if required by authorities having jurisdiction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the through-penetration firestop systems indicated for each application on Drawings that are produced by one of the following manufacturers:

1. Grace, W. R. & Co. - Conn.
2. Hilti, Inc.
3. Johns Manville.
4. 3M; Fire Protection Products Division.
5. Tremco; Sealant/Weatherproofing Division.
6. USG Corporation.

2.2 FIRESTOPPING, GENERAL

A. Compatibility: Provide through-penetration firestop systems that are compatible with one another; with the substrates forming openings; and with the items, if any, penetrating through-penetration firestop systems, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by through-penetration firestop system manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

B. Accessories: Provide components for each through-penetration firestop system that are needed to install fill materials and to comply with Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article. Use only components specified by through-penetration firestop system manufacturer and approved by qualified testing and inspecting agency for firestop systems indicated. Accessories include, but are not limited to, the following items:

1. Permanent forming/damming/backing materials, including the following:

    a. Slag-/rock-wool-fiber insulation.
    b. Sealants used in combination with other forming/damming/backing materials to prevent leakage of fill materials in liquid state.
    c. Fire-rated form board.
    d. Fillers for sealants.

2. Temporary forming materials.
3. Substrate primers.
4. Collars.
5. Steel sleeves.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for opening configurations, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Surface Cleaning: Clean out openings immediately before installing through-penetration firestop systems to comply with firestop system manufacturer's written instructions and with the following requirements:

1. Remove from surfaces of opening substrates and from penetrating items foreign materials that could interfere with adhesion of through-penetration firestop systems.
2. Clean opening substrates and penetrating items to produce clean, sound surfaces capable of developing optimum bond with through-penetration firestop systems. Remove loose particles remaining from cleaning operation.
3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.

B. Priming: Prime substrates where recommended in writing by through-penetration firestop system manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.

C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape to prevent through-penetration firestop systems from contacting adjoining surfaces that will remain exposed on completion of Work and that would otherwise be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods used to remove smears from firestop system materials. Remove tape as soon as possible without disturbing firestop system's seal with substrates.

3.3 THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEM INSTALLATION

A. General: Install through-penetration firestop systems to comply with Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article and with firestop system manufacturer's written installation instructions and published drawings for products and applications indicated.

B. Install forming/damming/backing materials and other accessories of types required to support fill materials during their application and in the position needed to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths required to achieve fire ratings indicated.

1. After installing fill materials and allowing them to fully cure, remove combustible forming materials and other accessories not indicated as permanent components of firestop systems.

C. Install fill materials for firestop systems by proven techniques to produce the following results:

1. Fill voids and cavities formed by openings, forming materials, accessories, and penetrating items as required to achieve fire-resistance ratings indicated.
2. Apply materials so they contact and adhere to substrates formed by openings and penetrating items.
3. For fill materials that will remain exposed after completing Work, finish to produce smooth, uniform surfaces that are flush with adjoining finishes.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify through-penetration firestop systems with preprinted metal or plastic labels. Attach labels permanently to surfaces adjacent to and within 6 inches of edge of the firestop systems so that labels will be visible to anyone seeking to remove penetrating items or firestop systems.

Use mechanical fasteners for metal labels. For plastic labels, use self-adhering type with adhesives capable of permanently bonding labels to surfaces on which labels are placed and, in combination with label material, will result in partial destruction of label if removal is attempted. Include the following information on labels:

1. The words "Warning - Through-Penetration Firestop System - Do Not Disturb. Notify Building Management of Any Damage."
2. Contractor's name, address, and phone number.
3. Through-penetration firestop system designation of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
4. Date of installation.
5. Through-penetration firestop system manufacturer's name.
6. Installer's name.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Inspecting Agency: Owner will engage a qualified, independent inspecting agency to inspect through-penetration firestops. Independent inspecting agency shall comply with ASTM E 2174 requirements including those related to qualifications, conducting inspections, and preparing test reports.

B. Where deficiencies are found, repair or replace through-penetration firestop systems so they comply with requirements.

C. Proceed with enclosing through-penetration firestop systems with other construction only after inspection reports are issued and firestop installations comply with requirements.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

A. Clean off excess fill materials adjacent to openings as Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by through-penetration firestop system manufacturers and that do not damage materials in which openings occur.

B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure that through-penetration firestop systems are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated through-penetration firestop systems immediately and install new materials to produce systems complying with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 07841

SECTION 07920
JOINT SEALANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes joint sealants for the applications indicated in the Joint-Sealant Schedule at the end of Part 3.

1. Exterior joints in the following vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces:

   a. Construction joints in cast-in-place concrete.
   b. Joints between plant pre-cast structural concrete planks and between planks and unit masonry.
   c. Control and expansion joints in unit masonry.
   d. Joints between metal panels.
   e. Joints between different materials listed above.
   f. Perimeter joints between materials listed above and frames of doors, windows and louvers.
   g. Other joints as indicated.

2. Interior joints in the following vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces:

   a. Control and expansion joints on exposed interior surfaces of exterior walls.
   b. Perimeter joints of exterior openings where indicated.
   c. Vertical joints on exposed surfaces of interior unit masonry, walls and partitions.
   d. Joints on underside of plant-precast structural concrete.
   e. Joints between plant pre-cast structural concrete planks and between planks and unit masonry.
   f. Perimeter joints between interior wall surfaces and frames of interior doors and windows.
   g. Other joints as indicated.

3. Interior joints in the following horizontal traffic surfaces:

   a. Isolation joints in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
   b. Other joints as indicated.

B. Related Sections include the following:
   1. Division 2 Section "Pavement Joint Sealants" for sealing joints in pavements, walkways, and curbing.
   2. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for masonry control and expansion joint fillers and gaskets.
   3. Division 7 Section "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems" for sealing joints in fire-resistance-rated construction.
   4. Division 8 Section "Glazing" for glazing sealants.
   5. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board Assemblies" for sealing perimeter joints of gypsum board partitions to reduce sound transmission.
   6. Division 9 Section "Acoustical Panel Ceilings" and "Acoustical Tile Ceilings" for sealing edge moldings at perimeters of acoustical ceilings.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Provide elastomeric joint sealants that establish and maintain watertight and airtight continuous joint seals without staining or deteriorating joint substrates.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product indicated.

B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of strips of cured sealants showing the full range of colors available for each product exposed to view.

C. Product Certificates: For each type of joint sealant and accessory, signed by product manufacturer.

D. Qualification Data: For Installer.

E. Compatibility and Adhesion Test Reports: From sealant manufacturer, indicating the following:

   1. Materials forming joint substrates and joint-sealant backings have been tested for compatibility and adhesion with joint sealants.
   2. Interpretation of test results and written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.

F. Product Test Reports: Based on comprehensive testing of product formulations performed by a qualified testing agency, indicating that sealants comply with requirements.

G. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized Installer who is approved or licensed for installation of elastomeric sealants required for this Project.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one source from a single manufacturer.

C. Product Testing: Obtain test results for "Product Test Reports" Paragraph in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency based on testing current sealant formulations within a 36-month period preceding the commencement of the Work.

1. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.
2. Test elastomeric joint sealants for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C 920, and where applicable, to other standard test methods.

D. Mockups: Build mockups incorporating sealant joints, as follows, to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution:

1. Joints in mockups of assemblies specified in other Sections that are indicated to receive elastomeric joint sealants, which are specified by reference to this Section.

E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:

1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint-sealant manufacturer or are below 40 deg F.
2. When joint substrates are wet.
3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
4. Contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Installer's Warranty: Installer's standard form in which Installer agrees to repair or replace elastomeric joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Special Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which elastomeric sealant manufacturer agrees to furnish elastomeric joint sealants to repair or replace those that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: Silicone 20 years and all other types 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

C. Special warranties specified in this Article exclude deterioration or failure of elastomeric joint sealants from the following:

1. Movement of the structure resulting in stresses on the sealant exceeding sealant manufacturer's written specifications for sealant elongation and compression caused by structural settlement or errors attributable to design or construction.
2. Disintegration of joint substrates from natural causes exceeding design specifications.
3. Mechanical damage caused by individuals, tools, or other outside agents.
4. Changes in sealant appearance caused by accumulation of dirt or other atmospheric contaminants.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products listed in other Part 2 articles.

2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.

B. VOC Content of Interior Sealants: Provide interior sealants and sealant primers that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):

1. Sealants: 250 g/L.
2. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 g/L.
3. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 g/L.

C. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.3 ELASTOMERIC JOINT SEALANTS

A. Elastomeric Sealants: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied chemically curing sealant specified, including those referencing ASTM C 920 classifications for type, grade, class, and uses related to exposure and joint substrates.

B. Stain-Test-Response Characteristics: Where elastomeric sealants are specified to be nonstaining to porous substrates, provide products that have undergone testing according to ASTM C 1248 and have not stained porous joint substrates indicated for Project.

C. Single-Component Neutral- and Basic-Curing Silicone Sealant **ES-1**:

1. Products:

a. Dow Corning Corporation; 790.
b. Tremco; Spectrem 1 (Basic).
c. Pecora Corporation; 864.
d. Pecora Corporation; 890.
e. Polymeric Systems Inc.; PSI-641.
f. Sonneborn, Division of ChemRex Inc.; Omniseal.
g. Tremco; Spectrem 3.
h. Dow Corning Corporation; 791.
i. Dow Corning Corporation; 795
j. Pecora Corporation; 865.
k. Pecora Corporation; 895.
l. Pecora Corporation; 898.

2. Type and Grade: S (single component) and NS (nonsag).
3. Class: 100/50.
4. Use Related to Exposure: NT (nontraffic).
5. Uses Related to Joint Substrates: M, G, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.

a. Use O Joint Substrates: Coated glass, color anodic aluminum, aluminum coated with a high-performance coating, galvanized steel and brick.

D. Single-Component Mildew-Resistant Neutral-Curing Silicone Sealant **ES-2**:

1. Available Products:

a. Pecora Corporation; 898.
b. Tremco; Tremsil 600 White.

2. Type and Grade: S (single component) and NS (nonsag).
3. Class: 25.
4. Use Related to Exposure: NT (nontraffic).
5. Uses Related to Joint Substrates: M, G, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.

a. Use O Joint Substrates: Coated glass, color anodic aluminum, aluminum coated with a high-performance coating, galvanized steel, ceramic tile and other Use O substrates.

E. Multicomponent Nonsag Urethane Sealant **ES-3**:

1. Available Products:

a. Pecora Corporation; Dynatrol II.
b. Tremco; Dymeric 511.
c. Tremco; Vulkem 922.

2. Type and Grade: M (multicomponent) and NS (nonsag).
3. Class: 50.
4. Use[s] Related to Exposure: NT (nontraffic) and T (traffic).

5. Uses Related to Joint Substrates: M, G, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.

    a. Use O Joint Substrates: Color anodic aluminum, aluminum coated with a high-performance coating, galvanized steel, brick and ceramic tile.

F. Multicomponent Pourable Urethane Sealant **ES-4**:

1. Available Products:

    a. Pecora Corporation; Urexpan NR-200.
    b. Polymeric Systems, Inc.; PSI-270SL.
    c. Tremco; THC-901.
    d. Tremco; THC-900.
    e. Tremco; Vulkem 245.
    f. Pecora Corporation; Urexpan NR 300, Type H.
    g. Pecora Corporation; Urexpan NR 300, Type M.

2. Type and Grade: M (multicomponent) and NS (nonsag).
3. Class: 25.
4. Use[s] Related to Exposure: T (traffic).
5. Uses Related to Joint Substrates: M, A and as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.

    a. Use O Joint Substrates: Color anodic aluminum, aluminum coated with a high-performance coating, galvanized steel and brick.

2.4 ACOUSTICAL JOINT SEALANTS

A. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints **AS-1**: Manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex sealant complying with ASTM C 834 and the following:

1. Product effectively reduces airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E 90.
2. Available Products:

    a. Pecora Corporation; AC-20 FTR Acoustical and Insulation Sealant.
    b. United States Gypsum Co.; SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant.

2.5 JOINT-SEALANT BACKING

A. General: Provide sealant backings of material and type that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.

B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin) or any of the preceding types, as approved in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer for joint application indicated, and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance:

C. Elastomeric Tubing Sealant Backings: Neoprene, butyl, EPDM, or silicone tubing complying with ASTM D 1056, nonabsorbent to water and gas, and capable of remaining resilient at temperatures down to minus 26 deg F. Provide products with low compression set and of size and shape to provide a secondary seal, to control sealant depth, and to otherwise contribute to optimum sealant performance.

D. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint where such adhesion would result in sealant failure. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.

B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces in any way, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants to joint substrates.

C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting joint-sealant performance.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:

1. Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
2. Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining after

cleaning operations above by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint substrates include the following:

a. Concrete.
b. Masonry.
c. Unglazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
d. Precast concrete.

3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
4. Clean nonporous surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous joint substrates include the following:

a. Metal.
b. Glass.
c. Porcelain enamel.
d. Glazed surfaces of ceramic tile.

B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates, where recommended in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.

B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.

C. Acoustical Sealant Application Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 919 for use of joint sealants in acoustical applications as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.

D. Install sealant backings of type indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.

1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.

E. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and backs of joints.

F. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:

1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.

G. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.

1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
3. Provide concave joint configuration per Figure 5A in ASTM C 1193, unless otherwise indicated.
4. Provide flush joint configuration where indicated per Figure 5B in ASTM C 1193.
5. Provide recessed joint configuration of recess depth and at locations indicated per Figure 5C in ASTM C 1193.

    a. Use masking tape to protect surfaces adjacent to recessed tooled joints.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

3.5 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

3.6 JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

A. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-1**: Exterior vertical construction joints in cast-in-place concrete.

1. Joint Sealant: ES-3.
2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

B. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-2**: Exterior vertical control and expansion joints in unit masonry.

1. Joint Sealant: Single-component neutral- and basic-curing silicone sealant ES-1.
2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

C. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-3**: Exterior butt joints between metal panels.

1. Joint Sealant: Single-component neutral- and basic-curing silicone sealant ES-1.
2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

D. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-4**: Vertical control and expansion joints on exposed interior surfaces of exterior walls.

1. Joint Sealant: Multicomponent nonsag urethane sealant ES-3.
2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

E. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-5**: Interior perimeter joints of exterior openings.

1. Joint Sealant: Multicomponent nonsag urethane sealant ES-3.
2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

F. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-6**: Interior joints between plumbing fixtures and adjoining walls, floors, and counters.

1. Joint Sealant: Single-component mildew-resistant neutral-curing silicone sealant ES-3.
2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

G. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-7**: Vertical joints on exposed surfaces of interior unit masonry and concrete, walls and partitions, and perimeter joints between interior wall surfaces and frames of interior doors, windows and elevator entrances.

1. Joint Sealant: Multicomponent nonsag urethane sealant ES-3.
2. Joint-Sealant Color: White.

H. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-8**: Exterior perimeter joints between masonry and frames of doors, windows and louvers.

1. Joint Sealant: Single-component neutral- and basic-curing silicone sealant ES-1.
2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

I. Joint-Sealant Application **JS-9**: Interior control, expansion and isolation joints in horizontal concrete traffic surfaces.

1. Joint Sealant: Multicomponent pourable urethane sealant ES-4.
2. Joint Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

END OF SECTION 07920

SECTION 08110
STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Standard hollow metal doors and frames.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for embedding anchors for hollow metal work into masonry construction.
2. Division 8 Section "Glazing" for glazed lites in standard steel doors and frames.
3. Division 8 Section "Door Hardware" for door hardware for hollow metal doors.
4. Division 9 Sections "Interior Painting" for field painting hollow metal doors and frames.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Minimum Thickness: Minimum thickness of base metal without coatings.

B. Standard Hollow Metal Work: Hollow metal work fabricated according to ANSI/SDI A250.8.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, core descriptions, fire-resistance rating, and finishes.

B. Shop Drawings: Include the following:

1. Elevations of each door design.
2. Details of doors, including vertical and horizontal edge details and metal thicknesses.
3. Frame details for each frame type, including dimensioned profiles and metal thicknesses.
4. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
5. Details of anchorages, joints, field splices, and connections.
6. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.

C. Other Action Submittals:

1. Schedule: Provide a schedule of hollow metal work prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings. Coordinate with door hardware schedule.

D. Oversize Construction Certification: For assemblies required to be fire rated and exceeding limitations of labeled assemblies.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain hollow metal work from single source from single manufacturer.

B. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at as close to neutral pressure as possible according to NFPA 252.

1. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.

C. Fire-Rated, Borrowed-Light Frame Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled, by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 257 or UL 9. Label each individual glazed lite.

D. Smoke-Control Door Assemblies: Comply with NFPA 105 or UL 1784.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver hollow metal work palletized, wrapped, or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.

B. Deliver welded frames with two removable spreader bars across bottom of frames, tack welded to jambs and mullions.

C. Store hollow metal work under cover at Project site. Place in stacks of five units maximum in a vertical position with heads up, spaced by blocking, on minimum 4-inch- high wood blocking. Do not store in a manner that traps excess humidity.

1. Provide minimum 1/4-inch space between each stacked door to permit air circulation.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of openings by field measurements before fabrication.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of anchorages for hollow metal frames. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Amweld Building Products, LLC.
2. Benchmark; a division of Therma-Tru Corporation.
3. Ceco Door Products; an Assa Abloy Group company.
4. Curries Company; an Assa Abloy Group company.
5. Pioneer Industries, Inc.
6. Steelcraft; an Ingersoll-Rand company.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; suitable for exposed applications.

B. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.

C. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with minimum G60 Z180 metallic coating.

D. Frame Anchors: ASTM A 591/A 591M, Commercial Steel (CS), 40Z coating designation; mill phosphatized.

1. For anchors built into exterior walls, steel sheet complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M or ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B.

E. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M.

F. Grout: ASTM C 476, except with a maximum slump of 4 inches, as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.

G. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Division 8 Section "Glazing."

H. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.

2.3 STANDARD HOLLOW METAL DOORS

A. General: Provide doors of design indicated, not less than thickness indicated; fabricated with smooth surfaces, without visible joints or seams on exposed faces unless otherwise indicated. Comply with ANSI/SDI A250.8.

1. Design: Flush panel.
2. Core Construction: Manufacturer's standard kraft-paper honeycomb, polystyrene, polyurethane, polyisocyanurate, mineral-board, or vertical steel-stiffener core.

    a. Fire Door Core: As required to provide fire-protection and temperature-rise ratings indicated.

3. Vertical Edges for Single-Acting Doors: Beveled edge.

    a. Beveled Edge: 1/8 inch in 2 inches.

4. Vertical Edges for Double-Acting Doors: Round vertical edges with 2-1/8-inch radius.
5. Top and Bottom Edges: Closed with flush or inverted 0.042-inch- thick, end closures or channels of same material as face sheets.
6. Tolerances: Comply with SDI 117, "Manufacturing Tolerances for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."

B. Interior Doors: Face sheets fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet unless metallic-coated sheet is indicated. Provide doors complying with requirements indicated below by referencing ANSI/SDI A250.8 for level and model and ANSI/SDI A250.4 for physical performance level:

1. Level 2 and Physical Performance Level B (Heavy Duty), Model 2 (Seamless).

C. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/SDI A250.6 with reinforcing plates from same material as door face sheets.

D. Fabricate concealed stiffeners and hardware reinforcement from either cold- or hot-rolled steel sheet.

2.4 STANDARD HOLLOW METAL FRAMES

A. General: Comply with ANSI/SDI A250.8 and with details indicated for type and profile.

B. Interior Frames: Fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet unless metallic-coated sheet is indicated.

1. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped corners.
2. Fabricate frames as face welded unless otherwise indicated.
3. Frames for Level 2 Steel Doors: 0.053-inch- thick steel sheet.
4. Frames for Wood Doors: 0.053-inch- thick steel sheet.
5. Frames for Borrowed Lights: 0.053-inch- thick steel sheet.

C. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/SDI A250.6 with reinforcement plates from same material as frames.

2.5 FRAME ANCHORS

A. Jamb Anchors:

1. Masonry Type: Adjustable strap-and-stirrup or T-shaped anchors to suit frame size, not less than 0.042 inch thick, with corrugated or perforated straps not less than 2 inches wide by 10 inches long; or wire anchors not less than 0.177 inch thick.
2. Postinstalled Expansion Type for In-Place Concrete or Masonry: Minimum 3/8-inch-diameter bolts with expansion shields or inserts. Provide pipe spacer from frame to wall, with throat reinforcement plate, welded to frame at each anchor location.

B. Floor Anchors: Formed from same material as frames, not less than 0.042 inch thick, and as follows:

1. Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip-type anchors, with two holes to receive fasteners.

2.6 STOPS AND MOLDINGS

A. Moldings for Glazed Lites in Doors: Minimum 0.032 inch thick, fabricated from same material as door face sheet in which they are installed.

B. Fixed Frame Moldings: Formed integral with hollow metal frames, a minimum of 5/8 inch high unless otherwise indicated.

C. Loose Stops for Glazed Lites in Frames: Minimum 0.032 inch thick, fabricated from same material as frames in which they are installed.

2.7 ACCESSORIES

A. Ceiling Struts: Minimum 1/4-inch-thick by 1-inch- wide steel.

2.8 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate hollow metal work to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for thickness of metal. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. To ensure proper assembly at Project site, clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment.

B. Tolerances: Fabricate hollow metal work to tolerances indicated in SDI 117.

C. Hollow Metal Doors:

1. Glazed Lites: Factory cut openings in doors.
2. Astragals: Provide overlapping astragal on one leaf of pairs of doors where required by NFPA 80 for fire-performance rating or where indicated. Extend minimum 3/4 inch beyond edge of door on which astragal is mounted.

D. Hollow Metal Frames: Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated of same thickness metal as frames.

1. Welded Frames: Weld flush face joints continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make smooth, flush, and invisible.
2. Sidelight and Transom Bar Frames: Provide closed tubular members with no visible face seams or joints, fabricated from same material as door frame. Fasten members at crossings and to jambs by butt welding.
3. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
4. Floor Anchors: Weld anchors to bottom of jambs and mullions with at least four spot welds per anchor.
5. Jamb Anchors: Provide number and spacing of anchors as follows:

    a. Masonry Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches o.c. and as follows:

        1) Two anchors per jamb up to 60 inches high.
        2) Three anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches high.
        3) Four anchors per jamb from 90 to 120 inches high.
        4) Four anchors per jamb plus 1 additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches or fraction thereof above 120 inches high.

    b. Postinstalled Expansion Type: Locate anchors not more than 6 inches from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 26 inches o.c.

6. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped doors, drill stops to receive door silencers as follows. Keep holes clear during construction.

    a. Single-Door Frames: Drill stop in strike jamb to receive three door silencers.
    b. Double-Door Frames: Drill stop in head jamb to receive two door silencers.

E. Fabricate concealed stiffeners, edge channels, and hardware reinforcement from either cold- or hot-rolled steel sheet.

F. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare hollow metal work to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping according to the Door Hardware Schedule and templates furnished as specified in Division 8 Section "Door Hardware."

1. Locate hardware as indicated, or if not indicated, according to ANSI/SDI A250.8.
2. Reinforce doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised and surface-mounted door hardware.
3. Comply with applicable requirements in ANSI/SDI A250.6 and ANSI/DHI A115 Series specifications for preparation of hollow metal work for hardware.
4. Coordinate locations of conduit and wiring boxes for electrical connections with Division 16 Sections.

G. Stops and Moldings: Provide stops and moldings around glazed lites where indicated. Form corners of stops and moldings with butted or mitered hairline joints.

1. Single Glazed Lites: Provide fixed stops and moldings welded on secure side of hollow metal work.
2. Multiple Glazed Lites: Provide fixed and removable stops and moldings so that each glazed lite is capable of being removed independently.
3. Provide fixed frame moldings on outside of exterior and on secure side of interior doors and frames.
4. Provide loose stops and moldings on inside of hollow metal work.
5. Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with type of glazing and type of installation indicated.

2.9 STEEL FINISHES

A. Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.

1. Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with ANSI/SDI A250.10 acceptance criteria; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

B. Examine roughing-in for embedded and built-in anchors to verify actual locations before frame installation.

C. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.

D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Remove welded-in shipping spreaders installed at factory. Restore exposed finish by grinding, filling, and dressing, as required to make repaired area smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.

B. Prior to installation, adjust and securely brace welded hollow metal frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumbness to the following tolerances:

1. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
2. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
3. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.

4. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at jambs on a perpendicular line from head to floor.

C. Drill and tap doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install hollow metal work plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place; comply with Drawings and manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Hollow Metal Frames: Install hollow metal frames of size and profile indicated. Comply with ANSI/SDI A250.11.

1. Set frames accurately in position, plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.

    a. At fire-protection-rated openings, install frames according to NFPA 80.
    b. Where frames are fabricated in sections because of shipping or handling limitations, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
    c. Install frames with removable glazing stops located on secure side of opening.
    d. Install door silencers in frames before grouting.
    e. Remove temporary braces necessary for installation only after frames have been properly set and secured.
    f. Check plumbness, squareness, and twist of frames as walls are constructed. Shim as necessary to comply with installation tolerances.
    g. Field apply bituminous coating to backs of frames that are filled with grout containing antifreezing agents.

2. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor, and secure with postinstalled expansion anchors.

    a. Floor anchors may be set with powder-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors if so indicated and approved on Shop Drawings.

3. Masonry Walls: Coordinate installation of frames to allow for solidly filling space between frames and masonry with grout.
4. In-Place Concrete or Masonry Construction: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
5. Ceiling Struts: Extend struts vertically from top of frame at each jamb to overhead structural supports or substrates above frame unless frame is anchored to masonry or to other structural support at each jamb. Bend top of struts to provide flush contact for securing to supporting construction. Provide adjustable wedged or bolted anchorage to frame jamb members.
6. Installation Tolerances: Adjust hollow metal door frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumb to the following tolerances:

    a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.

b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at jambs at floor.

C. Hollow Metal Doors: Fit hollow metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified below. Shim as necessary.

1. Non-Fire-Rated Standard Steel Doors:

a. Jambs and Head: 1/8 inch plus or minus 1/16 inch.
b. Between Edges of Pairs of Doors: 1/8 inch plus or minus 1/16 inch.
c. Between Bottom of Door and Top of Threshold: Maximum 3/8 inch.
d. Between Bottom of Door and Top of Finish Floor (No Threshold): Maximum 3/4 inch.

2. Fire-Rated Doors: Install doors with clearances according to NFPA 80.
3. Smoke-Control Doors: Install doors according to NFPA 105.

D. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 8 Section "Glazing" and with hollow metal manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Secure stops with countersunk flat- or oval-head machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 9 inches o.c. and not more than 2 inches o.c. from each corner.

3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Final Adjustments: Check and readjust operating hardware items immediately before final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating condition. Remove and replace defective work, including hollow metal work that is warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.

B. Remove grout and other bonding material from hollow metal work immediately after installation.

C. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying, rust-inhibitive primer.

D. Metallic-Coated Surfaces: Clean abraded areas and repair with galvanizing repair paint according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 08110

SECTION 08211
FLUSH WOOD DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Solid-core doors with wood-veneer faces.
2. Factory finishing flush wood doors.
3. Factory fitting flush wood doors to frames and factory machining for hardware.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 8 Section "Glazing" for glass view panels in flush wood doors.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of door. Include details of core and edge construction and trim for openings. Include factory-finishing specifications.

B. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each kind of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; location and extent of hardware blocking; and other pertinent data.

1. Indicate dimensions and locations of mortises and holes for hardware.
2. Indicate dimensions and locations of cutouts.
3. Indicate requirements for veneer matching.
4. Indicate doors to be factory finished and finish requirements.
5. Indicate fire ratings for fire doors.

C. Samples for Initial Selection: Color charts consisting of actual materials in small sections for the following:

1. Faces of Factory-Finished Doors: Show the full range of colors available for stained finishes.

D. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer's Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain flush wood doors through one source from a single manufacturer.

C. Quality Standard: In addition to requirements specified, comply with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards Illustrated".

1. Provide AWI Quality Certification Labels or an AWI letter of licensing for Project indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.

D. Fire-Rated Wood Doors: Doors complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire ratings indicated, according to NFPA 252.

1. Oversize, Fire-Rated Wood Doors: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies, except for size.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Comply with requirements of referenced standard and manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Package doors individually in cardboard cartons and wrap bundles of doors in plastic sheeting.

C. Mark each door on top and bottom rail with opening number used on Shop Drawings.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install doors until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace doors that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
   a. Warping (bow, cup or twist) more than ¼ inch in a 42-by-84-inch section.
   b. Telegraphing of core construction in face veneers exceeding 0.01 inch in a 3-inch span.

2. Warranty shall also include installation and finishing that may be required due to repair or replacement of defective doors.
3. Warranty shall be in effect during the following period of time from date of Substantial Completion:

    a. Solid-Core Interior Doors: Life of installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Flush Wood Doors:

    a. Algoma Hardwoods Inc.
    b. Eggers Industries; Architectural Door Division.
    c. GRAHAM Manufacturing Corp.
    d. Mohawk Flush Doors, Inc.
    e. Oshkosh Architectural Door Co.
    f. Weyerhaeuser Company.

2.2 DOOR CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

A. Low-Emitting Materials: Provide doors made with adhesives and composite wood products that do not contain urea formaldehyde.

B. Particleboard-Core Doors:

1. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade LD-2.
2. Blocking: Provide wood blocking in particleboard-core doors as follows:
    a. 5-inch top-rail blocking, in doors indicated to have closers.
    b. 5-inch bottom-rail blocking, in exterior doors and doors indicated to have kick, mop, or armor plates.
    c. 5-inch midrail blocking, in doors indicated to have exit devices.
3. Provide doors with glued wood stave cores instead of particleboard cores for doors indicated to receive exit devices.

C. Fire-Protection-Rated Doors: Provide core specified or mineral core as needed to provide fire-protection rating indicated.

1. Edge Construction: Provide edge construction with intumescent seals concealed by outer stile. Comply with specified requirements for exposed edges.
2. Pairs: Provide fire-retardant stiles that are listed and labeled for applications indicated without formed-steel edges and astragals. Provide stiles with concealed intumescent seals. Comply with specified requirements for exposed edges.

2.3 VENEERED-FACED DOORS FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

A. Interior Solid-Core Doors:

1. Grade: Premium, with Grade AA faces.
2. Species: Red oak.
3. Cut: Plain sliced (flat sliced).
4. Match between Veneer Leaves: Book match.
5. Assembly of Veneer Leaves on Door Faces: Center balance match.
6. Pair and Set Match: Provide for doors hung in same opening or separated only by mullions.
7. Room Match: Provide door faces of compatible color and grain within each separate room or area of building.
8. Exposed Vertical and Top Edges: Same species as faces.
9. Core: Particleboard or glued wood stave.
10. Construction: Five or seven plies. Stiles and rails are bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering.

2.4 LOUVERS AND LIGHT FRAMES

A. Wood Beads for Light Openings in Wood Doors: Provide manufacturer's standard wood beads as follows unless otherwise indicated.

1. Wood Species: Same species as door faces.
2. Profile: Flush rectangular beads.
3. At wood-core doors with 20-minute, fire-protection ratings, provide wood beads and metal glazing clips approved for such use.

B. Wood-Veneered Beads for Light Openings in Fire Doors: Manufacturer's standard wood-veneered noncombustible beads matching veneer species of door faces and approved for use in doors of fire rating indicated. Include concealed metal glazing clips where required for opening size and fire rating indicated.

2.5 FABRICATION

A. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated, with the following uniform clearances and bevels, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Comply with clearance requirements in NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.

B. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied. Locate hardware to comply with DHI-WDHS-3. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, DHI A115-W series standards, and hardware templates.

1. Coordinate measurements of hardware mortises in metal frames to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.
2. Metal Astragals: Premachine astragals and formed-steel edges for hardware for pairs of fire-rated doors.

C. Openings: Cut and trim openings through doors in factory.

1. Light Openings: Trim openings with moldings of material and profile indicated.

2.6 FACTORY FINISHING

A. General: Comply with referenced quality standard for factory finishing. Complete fabrication, including fitting doors for openings and machining for hardware that is not surface applied, before finishing.

B. Finish doors at factory.

C. Transparent Finish:

1. Grade: Premium.
2. Finish: AWI System polyurethane system.
3. Staining: Match existing.
4. Effect: Open-grain finish.
5. Sheen: Match existing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine doors and installed door frames before hanging doors.

1. Verify that frames comply with indicated requirements for type, size, location, and swing characteristics and have been installed with level heads and plumb jambs.
2. Reject doors with defects.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Hardware: For installation, see Division 8 Section "Door Hardware."

B. Installation Instructions: Install doors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, and the referenced quality standard, and as indicated.

1. Install fire-rated doors in corresponding fire-rated frames according to NFPA 80.

C. Job-Fitted Doors: Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below; do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted for fire-rated doors. Machine doors for hardware. Seal edges of doors, edges of cutouts and mortises after fitting and machining.

1. Clearances: Provide 1/8 inch at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. Provide 1/8 inch from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering unless otherwise

indicated. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide 1/4 inch from bottom of door to top of threshold unless otherwise indicated.

a. Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.

2. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches at lock and hinge edges.
3. Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches at lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.

D. Factory-Fitted Doors: Align in frames for uniform clearance at each edge.

E. Factory-Finished Doors: Restore finish before installation if fitting or machining is required at Project site.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.

B. Finished Doors: Replace doors that are damaged or do not comply with requirements. Doors may be repaired or refinished if work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.

END OF SECTION 08211

SECTION 08311
ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Access doors and frames for walls and ceilings.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry Assemblies" for anchoring and grouting access door frames set in masonry construction.
2. Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories" for heating and air-conditioning duct access doors.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain access door(s) and frame(s) through one source from a single manufacturer.

B. Size Variations: Obtain Architect's acceptance of manufacturer's standard-size units, which may vary slightly from sizes indicated.

1.4 COORDINATION

A. Verification: Determine specific locations and sizes for access doors needed to gain access to concealed plumbing, mechanical, or other concealed work, and indicate in the schedule specified in "Submittals" Article.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 STEEL MATERIALS

A. Steel Sheet: Electrolytic zinc-coated, ASTM A 591/A 591M with cold-rolled steel sheet substrate complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), exposed.

B. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS) with A60 zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating or G60 mill-phosphatized zinc coating; stretcher-leveled standard of flatness; with minimum thickness indicated representing specified thickness according to ASTM A 924/A 924M.

C. Steel Finishes: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

1. Surface Preparation for Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: Clean surfaces with nonpetroleum solvent so surfaces are free of oil and other contaminants. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it. Clean welds, mechanical connections, and abraded areas, and apply galvanizing repair paint specified below to comply with ASTM A 780.

   a. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalvanizing welds in steel, complying with SSPC-Paint 20.

2. Factory-Primed Finish: Apply shop primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.

2.2 ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Acudor Products, Inc.
2. Babcock-Davis; A Cierra Products Co.
3. J. L. Industries, Inc.
4. Karp Associates, Inc.
5. Larsen's Manufacturing Company.
6. Milcor Inc.
7. Nystrom, Inc.

B. Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from metallic-coated steel sheet.

1. Locations: Masonry walls surfaces.
2. Door: Minimum 0.060-inch- thick sheet metal, set flush with exposed face flange of frame.
3. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- thick sheet metal with 1-inch- wide, surface-mounted trim.
4. Hinges: Continuous piano.

5. Latch: Self-latching bolt operated by hex head wrench, pinned hex head wrench, spanner head wrench, flush key, ring turn with interior release.

C. Flush Access Doors and Trimless Frames: Fabricated from metallic-coated steel sheet.

1. Locations: Wall and ceiling surfaces.
2. Door: Minimum 0.060-inch-thick sheet metal, set flush with surrounding finish surfaces.
3. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- thick sheet metal with drywall bead flange.
4. Hinges: Continuous piano.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. General: Provide access door and frame assemblies manufactured as integral units ready for installation.

B. Metal Surfaces: For metal surfaces exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes. Do not use materials with exposed pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or roughness.

C. Doors and Frames: Grind exposed welds smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces. Furnish attachment devices and fasteners of type required to secure access panels to types of supports indicated.

1. Exposed Flanges: As indicated.
2. For trimless frames with drywall bead, provide edge trim for gypsum board securely attached to perimeter of frames.
3. Provide mounting holes in frames for attachment of units to metal or wood framing.
4. Provide mounting holes in frame for attachment of masonry anchors. Furnish adjustable metal masonry anchors.

D. Latching Mechanisms: Furnish number required to hold doors in flush, smooth plane when closed.

1. For recessed panel doors, provide access sleeves for each locking device. Furnish plastic grommets and install in holes cut through finish.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing access doors and frames.

B. Set frames accurately in position and attach securely to supports with plane of face panels aligned with adjacent finish surfaces.

C. Install doors flush with adjacent finish surfaces or recessed to receive finish material.

3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Adjust doors and hardware after installation for proper operation.

B. Remove and replace doors and frames that are warped, bowed, or otherwise damaged.

END OF SECTION 08311

SECTION 08331
OVERHEAD COILING DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following types of manually operated overhead coiling doors:

1. Counter doors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Operation Cycle: One cycle of a door is complete when it is moved from the closed position to the fully open position and returned to the closed position.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Structural Performance: Provide overhead coiling doors capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses without evidencing permanent deformation of door components:

1. Impact Test for Flying Debris: Comply with ASTM E 1996, tested according to ASTM E 1886.

a. Level of Protection: Enhanced Protection.

B. Operation-Cycle Requirements: Provide overhead coiling door components and operators capable of operating for not less than 20,000 cycles.

1. Include tamperproof cycle counter.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type and size of overhead coiling door and accessory. Include the following:

1. Summary of forces and loads on walls and jambs.

B. Shop Drawings: For special components and installations not dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's product data.

C. Samples for Verification: Color sample of exposed finish required.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain overhead coiling doors through one source from a single manufacturer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturer: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Atlas Door; Div. of Clopay Building Products Company, Inc.
2. Cookson Company.
3. Cornell Iron Works Inc.
4. McKeon Rolling Steel Door Company, Inc.
5. Overhead Door Corp.
6. Raynor.
7. Wayne-Dalton Corp.

2.2 DOOR CURTAIN MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

A. Door Curtains: Fabricate overhead coiling door curtain of interlocking slats, designed to withstand wind loading indicated, in a continuous length for width of door without splices. Unless otherwise indicated, provide slats of thickness and mechanical properties recommended by door manufacturer for performance, size, and type of door indicated, and as follows:

1. Steel Door Curtain Slats: Zinc-coated (galvanized), cold-rolled structural steel (SS) sheet; complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation.

a. Minimum Base-Metal (Uncoated) Thickness: 0.0209 inch.
b. Flat profile slats.

B. Endlocks for Counter Doors: Manufacturer's standard locks on not less than alternate curtain slats for curtain alignment and resistance against lateral movement.

C. Bottom Bar for Counter Doors: Manufacturer's standard continuous channel or tubular shape, either stainless-steel or aluminum extrusions to suit type of curtain slats.

D. Curtain Jamb Guides for Counter Doors: Fabricate curtain jamb guides of of material and finish to match curtain slats, with sufficient depth and strength to retain curtain, to allow curtain to operate smoothly, and to withstand loading. Provide continuous integral wear strips to prevent

metal-to-metal contact and to minimize operational noise; with removable stops on guides to prevent overtravel of curtain.

2.3 HOODS AND ACCESSORIES

A. Hood: Form to act as weatherseal and entirely enclose coiled curtain and operating mechanism at opening head. Contour to fit end brackets to which hood is attached. Roll and reinforce top and bottom edges for stiffness. Provide closed ends for surface-mounted hoods and provide fascia for any portion of between-jamb mounting projecting beyond wall face. Provide intermediate support brackets as required to prevent sagging.

1. Fabricate hoods for steel doors of minimum 0.028-inch- thick, hot-dip galvanized steel sheet with G90 zinc coating, complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
2. Shape: Square.
3. Exterior-Mounted Door: Fabricate hood with sealant-joint bead profile for applying joint sealant.

B. Weatherseals: Provide replaceable, adjustable, continuous, compressible weather-stripping gaskets fitted to bottom and top of exterior doors, unless otherwise indicated. At door head, use 1/8-inch- thick, replaceable, continuous sheet secured to inside of hood.

1. In addition, provide replaceable, adjustable, continuous, flexible, 1/8-inch- thick seals of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene at door jambs for a weathertight installation.

C. Fabricate locking device assembly with lock spring-loaded dead-bolt, operating handles, cam plate, and adjustable locking bar to engage through slots in tracks.

1. Locking Bars: Full-disc cremone type, both jambs operated from inside only.

2.4 COUNTERBALANCING MECHANISM

A. General: Counterbalance doors by means of adjustable-tension, steel helical torsion spring mounted around a steel shaft and contained in a spring barrel connected to door curtain with barrel rings. Use grease-sealed bearings or self-lubricating graphite bearings for rotating members.

B. Counterbalance Barrel: Fabricate spring barrel of hot-formed, structural-quality, welded or seamless carbon-steel pipe, of sufficient diameter and wall thickness to support rolled-up curtain without distortion of slats and to limit barrel deflection to not more than 0.03 in./ft. of span under full load.

C. Provide spring balance of one or more oil-tempered, heat-treated steel helical torsion springs. Size springs to counterbalance weight of curtain, with uniform adjustment accessible from outside barrel. Provide cast-steel barrel plugs to secure ends of springs to barrel and shaft.

D. Fabricate torsion rod for counterbalance shaft of cold-rolled steel, sized to hold fixed spring ends and carry torsional load.

E. Brackets: Provide mounting brackets of manufacturer's standard design, either cast iron or cold-rolled steel plate.

2.5 MANUAL DOOR OPERATORS

A. Provide manual operators unless electric door operators are indicated.

B. Crank Operator: Consisting of crank and crank gearbox, steel crank drive shaft, and gear-reduction unit, of type indicated. Size gears to require note more than 25 lbf force to turn crank. Fabricate gearbox to be oil tight and to completely enclose operating mechanism. Provide manufacturer's standard crank-locking device.

2.6 FINISHES, GENERAL

A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

2.7 STEEL AND GALVANIZED STEEL FINISHES

A. Baked Finish: Manufacturer's standard baked finish consisting of primer and topcoat according to coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, thermosetting, and minimum dry film thickness.

1. Color and Gloss: Match Architect's sample.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install coiling doors and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, jamb and head molding strips, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts; adjust doors to operate easily, free of warp, twist, or distortion and with weathertight fit around entire perimeter.

3.3 STARTUP SERVICES

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.

1. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain overhead coiling doors. Refer to Division 1 Section "."

END OF SECTION 08331

SECTION 08411
ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Exterior and interior aluminum-framed storefronts.

    a. Glazing is retained mechanically with gaskets on four sides.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for installation of joint sealants installed with aluminum-framed systems and for sealants to the extent not specified in this Section.
2. Division 8 Section "Door Hardware" for hardware to the extent not specified in this Section.
3. Division 8 Section "Glazing" for glazing requirements to the extent not specified in this Section.
4. Division 8 Section "Glazed Aluminum Curtain Walls" for curtain-wall systems that mechanically retain glazing on four sides.
5. Division 8 Section "Fiberglass Reinforced Polyester Doors" for entrance doors.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Provide aluminum-framed systems, including anchorage, capable of withstanding, without failure, the effects of the following:

1. Structural loads.
2. Thermal movements.
3. Movements of supporting structure indicated on Drawings including, but not limited to, story drift and deflection from uniformly distributed and concentrated live loads.
4. Dimensional tolerances of building frame and other adjacent construction.
5. Failure includes the following:

a. Deflection exceeding specified limits.
b. Thermal stresses transferred to building structure.
c. Framing members transferring stresses, including those caused by thermal and structural movements, to glazing.
d. Noise or vibration created by wind and thermal and structural movements.
e. Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.
f. Sealant failure.
g. Failure of operating units to function properly.

B. Structural Loads:

1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
2. Seismic Loads: As indicated on Drawings.

C. Deflection of Framing Members:

1. Deflection Normal to Wall Plane: Limited to 1/175 of clear span for spans up to 13 feet 6 inches and to 1/240 of clear span plus 1/4 inch for spans greater than 13 feet 6 inches or an amount that restricts edge deflection of individual glazing lites to 3/4 inch, whichever is less.
2. Deflection Parallel to Glazing Plane: Limited to 1/360 of clear span or 1/8 inch whichever is smaller.

D. Structural-Test Performance: Provide aluminum-framed systems tested according to ASTM E 330 as follows:

1. When tested at positive and negative wind-load design pressures, systems do not evidence deflection exceeding specified limits.
2. When tested at 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures, systems, including anchorage, do not evidence material failures, structural distress, and permanent deformation of main framing members exceeding 0.2 percent of span.
3. Test Durations: As required by design wind velocity but not less than 10 seconds.

E. Thermal Movements: Provide aluminum-framed systems that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.
2. Test Performance: No buckling; stress on glass; sealant failure; excess stress on framing, anchors, and fasteners; or reduction of performance when tested according to AAMA 501.5.

a. Test High Exterior Ambient-Air Temperature: That which produces an exterior metal-surface temperature of 180 deg F.
b. Test Low Exterior Ambient-Air Temperature: 0 deg F.
c. Test Interior Ambient-Air Temperature: 75 deg F.

F. Air Infiltration: Provide aluminum-framed systems with maximum air leakage through fixed glazing and framing areas of 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. of fixed wall area when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a minimum static-air-pressure difference of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft..

G. Water Penetration Under Static Pressure: Provide aluminum-framed systems that do not evidence water penetration through fixed glazing and framing areas when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a minimum static-air-pressure difference of 20 percent of positive wind-load design pressure, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.

H. Water Penetration Under Dynamic Pressure: Provide aluminum-framed systems that do not evidence water leakage through fixed glazing and framing areas when tested according to AAMA 501.1 under dynamic pressure equal to 20 percent of positive wind-load design pressure, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.

1. Maximum Water Leakage: No uncontrolled water penetrating systems or appearing on systems' normally exposed interior surfaces from sources other than condensation. Water controlled by flashing and gutters that is drained to exterior and cannot damage adjacent materials or finishes is not considered water leakage.

I. Condensation Resistance: Provide aluminum-framed systems with fixed glazing and framing areas having condensation-resistance factor (CRF) of not less than 53 when tested according to AAMA 1503.

J. Average Thermal Conductance: Provide aluminum-framed systems with fixed glazing and framing areas having average U-factor of not more than 0.69 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F when tested according to AAMA 1503.

K. Sound Transmission: Provide aluminum-framed systems with fixed glazing and framing areas having minimum STC 32 according to ASTM E 413 and an OITC 26 according to ASTM E 1332, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 90.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: For aluminum-framed systems. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1. Include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
2. Include details of provisions for system expansion and contraction and for draining moisture occurring within the system to the exterior.
3. For entrances, include hardware schedule and indicate operating hardware types, functions, quantities, and locations.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer's standard sizes.

D. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Capable of assuming engineering responsibility and performing work of this Section and who is acceptable to manufacturer.

1. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for aluminum-framed systems including Shop Drawings based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project and submission of reports of tests performed on manufacturer's standard assemblies.

B. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for systems' aesthetic effects and performance characteristics. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction. Performance characteristics are indicated by criteria subject to verification by one or more methods including preconstruction testing, field testing, and in-service performance.

1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

C. Accessible Entrances: Comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)."

D. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of structural supports for aluminum-framed systems by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating aluminum-framed systems without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Assembly Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of aluminum-framed systems that do not comply with requirements or that deteriorate as defined in this Section within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Structural failures including, but not limited to, excessive deflection.
b. Noise or vibration caused by thermal movements.

c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
d. Adhesive or cohesive sealant failures.
e. Water leakage through fixed glazing and framing areas.
f. Failure of operating components to function properly.

2. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Special Finish Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components on which finishes fail within specified warranty period. Warranty does not include normal weathering.

1. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Arch Aluminum & Glass Co., Inc.
2. CMI Architectural Products, Inc.
3. Capital Aluminum and Glass Corp.
4. EFCO Corporation.
5. Kawneer.
6. Tubelite Inc.
7. United States Aluminum.
8. Vistawall Architectural Products.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.

1. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209.
2. Extruded Bars, Rods, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221.
3. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429.
4. Structural Profiles: ASTM B 308/B 308M.
5. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: AWS A5.10/A5.10M.

B. Steel Reinforcement: With manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide No. 12.00 applied immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Select surface preparation methods according to recommendations in SSPC-SP COM and prepare surfaces according to applicable SSPC standard.

1. Structural Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
2. Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M.

3. Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.

2.3 FRAMING SYSTEMS

A. Framing Members: Manufacturer's standard extruded-aluminum framing members of thickness required and reinforced as required to support imposed loads.

1. Construction: Framing members are composite assemblies of two separate extruded-aluminum components permanently bonded by an elastomeric material of low thermal conductance or High-performance plastic connectors separate framing members exposed to the exterior from members exposed to the interior.

B. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.

C. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.

1. Where fasteners are subject to loosening or turning out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration, use self-locking devices.
2. Reinforce members as required to receive fastener threads.
3. Use exposed fasteners with countersunk Phillips screw heads, finished to match framing system , fabricated from stainless steel.

D. Concrete and Masonry Inserts: Hot-dip galvanized cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M or ASTM A 153/A 153M requirements.

E. Flashing: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding flashing compatible with adjacent materials. Form exposed flashing from sheet aluminum finished to match framing and of sufficient thickness to maintain a flat appearance without visible deflection.

F. Framing System Gaskets and Sealants: Manufacturer's standard recommended by manufacturer for joint type.

2.4 GLAZING SYSTEMS

A. Glazing: As specified in Division 8 Section "Glazing."

B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard compression types, replaceable, molded or extruded, that maintain uniform pressure and watertight seal.

C. Spacers and Setting Blocks: Manufacturer's standard elastomeric types.

D. Bond-Breaker Tape: Manufacturer's standard TFE-fluorocarbon or polyethylene material to which sealants will not develop adhesion.

2.5 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

A. Joint Sealants: For installation at perimeter of aluminum-framed systems, as specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

B. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements except containing no asbestos, formulated for 30-mil thickness per coat.

2.6 FABRICATION

A. Form aluminum shapes before finishing.

B. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.

C. Framing Members, General: Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:

1. Profiles that are sharp, straight, and free of defects or deformations.
2. Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
3. Means to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.
4. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.
5. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
6. Provisions for field replacement of glazing from interior for vision glass and exterior for spandrel glazing or panels.
7. Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to greatest extent possible.

D. Door Frames: Reinforce as required to support loads imposed by door operation and for installing hardware.

1. At exterior doors, provide compression weather stripping at fixed stops.
2. At interior doors, provide silencers at stops to prevent metal to metal contact. Install three silencers on strike jamb of single door jambs and two silencers on head of frames for pairs of doors.

E. Hardware Installation: Factory install hardware to the greatest extent possible. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed hardware before applying finishes.

F. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.

2.7 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

C. High-Performance Organic Finish (2-Coat Fluoropolymer): AA-C12C40R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: conversion coating; Organic Coating: manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with AAMA 2605 and with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General:

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Do not install damaged components.
3. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
4. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
5. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration.
6. Seal joints watertight, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Metal Protection:

1. Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape or installing nonconductive spacers as recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
2. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.

C. Install components to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.

D. Set continuous sill members and flashing in full sealant bed as specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" and to produce weathertight installation.

E. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades, without warp or rack.

F. Install glazing as specified in Division 8 Section "Glazing."

G. Entrances: Install to produce smooth operation and tight fit at contact points.

1. Exterior Entrances: Install to produce tight fit at weather stripping and weathertight closure.
2. Field-Installed Hardware: Install surface-mounted hardware according to hardware manufacturers' written instructions using concealed fasteners to greatest extent possible.

H. Install perimeter joint sealants as specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" and to produce weathertight installation.

I. Erection Tolerances: Install aluminum-framed systems to comply with the following maximum tolerances:

1. Location and Plane: Limit variation from true location and plane to 1/8 inch in 12 feet; 1/4 inch over total length.
2. Alignment:

a. Where surfaces abut in line, limit offset from true alignment to 1/16 inch.
b. Where surfaces meet at corners, limit offset from true alignment to 1/32 inch.

3. Diagonal Measurements: Limit difference between diagonal measurement to 1/8 inch.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Entrances: Adjust operating hardware for smooth operation according to hardware manufacturer's written instructions.

1. For doors accessible to people with disabilities, adjust closers to provide a 3 second closer sweep period for doors to move from a 70-degree open position to 3 inches from the latch measured to the leading door edge.

END OF SECTION 08411

SECTION 08412
FIBERGLASS REINFORCED POLYESTER DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Exterior and interior manual-swing fiberglass reinforced polyester (FRP) doors.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 8 Section "Door Hardware" for hardware to the extent not specified in this Section.
2. Division 8 Section "Glazing" for glazing requirements to the extent not specified in this Section.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Wind-Load Test Certification conforming to TAS 202-95.1 and ASTM E 330.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, core descriptions, fire resistance ratings and finishes.

B. Shop Drawings: Include the following:

1. Elevations and details of each door design.
2. Schedule of doors.
3. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
4. Details of connections and trim.
5. Thickness of materials and joints.
6. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.

C. Other Action Submittals:

1. Schedule: Provide a schedule of work prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on drawings. Coordinate with door hardware schedule.

D. Samples for Initial Selection: For units with factory-applied color finishes.

E. Hardware Templates: Provide finish hardware mounting details.

F. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain FRP doors through one source from a single manufacturer.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver FRP doors palletized or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Doors shall be side protected with surrounding grooved 2-inch by 4-inch wood frame and covered with 275-pound test corrugated cardboard.

B. Unload and store FRP doors with minimum handling. Inspect delivered doors for damage. Remove damaged items and replace with new.

C. Store products under cover in manufacturer's unopened packaging until installation.

1. Place units on minimum 4-inch wood blocking.
2. Avoid non-vented plastic or canvas covers.
3. Remove packaging immediately if packaging becomes wet.
4. Provide ¼ inch air spaces between stacked doors.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of openings by field measurements before fabrication.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace FRP doors that do not comply with requirements or that deteriorate as defined in this Section within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Defects in workmanship and materials, including warping, rotting, decaying or bowing.
b. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.

2. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Installer's Warranty: Installer shall warrant installation procedures and performance for five years against defects due to workmanship and materials handling.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FRAME MANUFACTURERS

A. FRP (Fiberglass Reinforced Polyester): Where FRP doors are scheduled, provide products from one of the following manufacturers:

1. Special-Lite, Inc.
2. Commercial Door
3. Kawneer.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.

B. Components: From same manufacturer.

C. Fasteners: Aluminum or 18-8 stainless steel.

2.3 FRP DOORS

A. FRP Door Face Sheet:

1. Embossed fiberglass reinforced polyester (F.R.P.) 0.120" thick.
2. Core of flush doors to be froth-in-place urethane foam at 2.5 lb./cu. ft. density and to have zero ozone depletion potential and contains no CFC's or HCHC's.

a. Fire door core: As required to provide fire-protection ratings indicated.

3. Color: To match existing aluminum framing (white).

B. Door Hardware: As specified in Division 8 Section "Door Hardware".

2.4 GLAZING SYSTEMS

A. Glazing: As specified in Division 8 Section "Glazing."

B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard compression types, replaceable, molded or extruded, that maintain uniform pressure and watertight seal.

C. Spacers and Setting Blocks: Manufacturer's standard elastomeric types.

D. Bond-Breaker Tape: Manufacturer's standard TFE-fluorocarbon or polyethylene material to which sealants will not develop adhesion.

2.5 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

A. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel or other material warranted by manufacturer as non-corrosive and compatible with aluminum components.

1. No exposed fasteners.

B. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements except containing no asbestos, formulated for 30-mil thickness per coat.

2.6 FABRICATION

A. Doors: Reinforce doors as required for installing hardware.

1. At pairs of exterior doors, provide sliding weather stripping retained in adjustable strip mortised into door edge.
2. At exterior doors, provide weather sweeps applied to door bottoms.
3. Astragals: Provide overlapping astragal on one leaf of pairs of doors where required by NFPA 80 for fire-performance rating or where indicated. Extend minimum ¾ inch beyond edge of door on which astragal is mounted.

B. Hardware Installation: Factory install hardware to the greatest extent possible. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed hardware before applying finishes.

C. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.

2.7 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

C. High-Performance Organic Finish (2-Coat Fluoropolymer): AA-C12C40R1 x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: conversion coating; Organic Coating: manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight). Prepare, pretreat and apply coating to

exposed metal surfaces to comply with AAMA 2605 and with coating and resin manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Color and Gloss: Match Architect's sample.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
2. Separate dissimilar metals to prevent electrolytic action between metals.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General:

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Do not install damaged components.
3. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration.
4. Fire rated doors: Install doors with clearances according to NFPA 80.

B. Metal Protection:

1. Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape or installing nonconductive spacers as recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.

C. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades, without warp or rack.

D. Install glazing as specified in Division 8 Section "Glazing."

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust operating hardware for smooth operation according to hardware manufacturers' written instructions.

B. For doors accessible to people with disabilities, adjust closers to provide a 3-second closer sweep period for doors to move from a 70-degree open position to 3 inches from the latch measured to the leading door edge.

END OF SECTION 08412

SECTION 08520
ALUMINUM WINDOWS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Fixed and operable aluminum-framed windows for exterior locations.
2. Insect screens at concessions.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Performance class designations according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS:

1. HC: Heavy Commercial, U.N.O.
2. LC: Light Commercial at Pressbox.

B. Performance grade number according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS:

1. Design pressure number in pounds force per square foot used to determine the structural test pressure and water test pressure.

C. Structural Test Pressure: For uniform load structural test, is equivalent to 150 percent of the design pressure.

D. Minimum Test Size: Smallest size permitted for performance class (gateway test size). Products must be tested at minimum test size or at a size larger than minimum test size to comply with requirements for performance class.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Provide aluminum windows capable of complying with performance requirements indicated, based on testing manufacturer's windows that are representative of those specified, and that are of minimum test size indicated below:

1. Size required by AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS for gateway performance for both gateway performance and optional performance grade.

2. Size indicated on Drawings.

B. Structural Performance: Provide aluminum windows capable of withstanding the effects of the following loads, based on testing units representative of those indicated for Project that pass AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Uniform Load Structural Test:

1. Design Wind Loads: Determine design wind loads applicable to Project from basic wind speed indicated in miles per hour at 33 feet above grade, according to ASCE 7, Section 6.5, "Method 2-Analytical Procedure," based on mean roof heights above grade indicated on Drawings.
2. Deflection: Design glass framing system to limit lateral deflections of glass edges to less than 1/175 of glass-edge length or 3/4 inch, whichever is less, at design pressure based on testing performed according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Uniform Load Deflection Test or structural computations.

C. Thermal Movements: Provide aluminum windows, including anchorage, that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F material surfaces.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, fabrication methods, dimensions of individual components and profiles, hardware, finishes, and operating instructions for each type of aluminum window indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, hardware, attachments to other work, operational clearances, installation details, and the following:

1. Joinery details.
2. Expansion provisions.
3. Flashing and drainage details.
4. Weather-stripping details.
5. Thermal-break details.
6. Glazing details.

C. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An installer acceptable to aluminum window manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project.

1. Installer's responsibilities include providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility.

2. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for aluminum windows, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.

B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer capable of fabricating aluminum windows that meet or exceed performance requirements indicated and of documenting this performance by inclusion in lists and by labels, test reports, and calculations.

C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type aluminum window through one source from a single manufacturer.

D. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of aluminum windows and are based on the specific system indicated. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements." Do not modify size and dimensional requirements.

1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

E. Fenestration Standard: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, "North American Fenestration Standard Voluntary Performance Specification for Windows, Skylights and Glass Doors," for definitions and minimum standards of performance, materials, components, accessories, and fabrication. Comply with more stringent requirements if indicated.

1. Provide AAMA-certified aluminum windows with an attached label.

F. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass manufacturers and with GANA's "Glazing Manual" unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify aluminum window openings by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish opening dimensions and proceed with fabricating aluminum windows without field measurements. Coordinate wall construction to ensure that actual opening dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace aluminum windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Failure to meet performance requirements.
b. Structural failures including excessive deflection, water leakage, air infiltration, or condensation.
c. Faulty operation of movable sash and hardware.

d. Deterioration of metals, other materials, and metal finishes beyond normal weathering.
e. Failure of insulating glass.

2. Warranty Period:

a. Window: Three years from date of Substantial Completion.
b. Glazing: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
c. Metal Finish: 15 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. EFCO Corporation.
2. Kawneer; an Alcoa Company.
3. Winco Window Company.
4. YKK AP America Inc.

2.2 WINDOW

A. Window Type: As indicated on Drawings.

B. AAMA/WDMA Performance Requirements: Provide aluminum windows of performance indicated that comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS unless more stringent performance requirements are indicated.

1. Performance Class and Grade: HC 50.
2. Performance Class and Grade: LC25 at Pressbox.

C. Water Resistance: No water leakage as defined in AAMA/WDMA referenced test methods at a water test pressure equaling that indicated, when tested according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Water Resistance Test.

1. Test Pressure: 15 percent of positive design pressure, but not less than 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. or more than 15 lbf/sq. ft..

D. Operating Force and Auxiliary (Durability) Tests: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS for operating window types indicated.

2.3 GLAZING

A. Glass and Glazing Materials: Refer to Division 8 Section "Glazing" for glass units and glazing requirements applicable to glazed aluminum window units.

2.4 HARDWARE

A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard hardware fabricated from aluminum, stainless steel, carbon steel complying with AAMA 907, or other corrosion-resistant material compatible with aluminum; designed to smoothly operate, tightly close, and securely lock aluminum windows, and sized to accommodate sash or ventilator weight and dimensions. Do not use aluminum in frictional contact with other metals. Where exposed, provide solid bronze or nonmagnetic stainless steel.

B. Counterbalancing Mechanism: Comply with AAMA 902.

C. Sill Cap/Track: Rigid PVC or other weather-resistant plastic track with manufacturer's standard color, of thickness, dimensions and profile indicated; designed to comply with performance requirements indicated and to drain to the exterior.

D. Locks Latches: Designed to allow unobstructed movement of the sash across adjacent sash in direction indicated and operated from the inside only.

E. Roller Assemblies: Low-friction design.

F. Single Hung Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:

1. Sash Balances: Two per sash.
2. Handle: Continuous, integral, sash lift bar on bottom rail of forward placed operating sash.
3. Sash Lock: Spring-loaded, snap-type lock on bottom rail of lower sash; two per sash.

G. Horizontal-Sliding Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:

1. Sash Rollers: Nylon rollers.
2. Sash Lock: Cam-action sweep sash lock and keeper at meeting rails.

2.5 INSECT SCREENS (At overhead coiling counter doors at concession only)

A. General: Design windows and hardware to accommodate screens in a tight-fitting, removable arrangement, with a minimum of exposed fasteners and latches. Fabricate insect screens to fully integrate with overhead coiling counter doors. Locate screens on inside of opening.

1. Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens: Comply with SMA 1004, "Specifications for Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens for Windows," Architectural C-24 class.
2. Comply with SMA 1004, "Specifications for Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens for Windows," for minimum standards of appearance, fabrication, attachment of screen fabric, hardware, and accessories unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

B. Aluminum Insect Screen Frames: Manufacturer's standard aluminum alloy complying with SMA 1004. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped joints or corner extrusions, concealed fasteners, adjustable rollers, and removable PVC spline/anchor concealing edge of frame.

1. Aluminum Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces: Roll formed from aluminum sheet with minimum wall thickness as required for class indicated.
2. Finish: Manufacturer's standard.

C. Aluminum Wire Fabric: 18-by-16 mesh of 0.011-inch- diameter, coated aluminum wire.

1. Wire-Fabric Finish: Charcoal gray.

D. Wickets: Provide sliding wickets, framed and trimmed for a tight fit and for durability during handling.

2.6 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate aluminum windows in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for assembling components and anchoring windows.

B. Fabricate aluminum windows that are reglazable without dismantling sash or ventilator framing.

C. Weather Stripping: Provide full-perimeter weather stripping for each operable sash and ventilator.

1. Horizontal-Sliding Windows: Provide operable sash with a double row of sliding weather stripping in horizontal rails and single or double-row weather stripping in meeting at jam stiles, as required to meet specified performance requirements. Provide compression-type weather stripping at perimeter of each movable panel where sliding-type weather stripping is not appropriate.

D. Weep Holes: Provide weep holes and internal passages to conduct infiltrating water to exterior.

E. Glazing Stops: Provide snap-on glazing stops coordinated with Division 8 Section "Glazing" and glazing system indicated. Provide glazing stops to match sash and ventilator frames.

2.7 FINISHES, GENERAL

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

2.8 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

B. High-Performance Organic Finish (2-Coat Fluoropolymer): AA-C12C40R1x (Chemical Finish: Cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: Conversion coating; Organic Coating; manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system consisting of specifically formulated

inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight). Prepare, pretreat and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with AAMA 2605 and with coating and resin manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Color and Gloss: Match existing white aluminum curtainwall system.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine openings, substrates, structural support, anchorage, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work. Verify rough opening dimensions, levelness of sill plate, and operational clearances. Examine wall flashings, vapor retarders, water and weather barriers, and other built-in components to ensure a coordinated, weathertight window installation.

1. Masonry Surfaces: Visibly dry and free of excess mortar, sand, and other construction debris.
2. Metal Surfaces: Dry; clean; free of grease, oil, dirt, rust, corrosion and welding slag; without sharp edges or offsets at joints.
3. Wood Frame Walls: Dry; clean, sound, well nailed, free of voids and without offsets at joints. Ensure that nailheads are driven flush with surfaces in opening and within 3 inches of opening.
4. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with Drawings, Shop Drawings, and manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows, hardware, accessories, and other components.

B. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion or impeding thermal movement, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction.

C. Set sill members in bed of sealant or with gaskets, as indicated, for weathertight construction.

D. Install windows and components to drain condensation, water penetrating joints, and moisture migrating within windows to the exterior.

E. Separate aluminum and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials.

3.3 ADJUSTING, CLEANING, AND PROTECTION

A. Adjust operating sashes and ventilators, screens, hardware, operators, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.

B. Clean aluminum surfaces immediately after installing windows. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.

C. Protect window surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. In addition, monitor window surfaces adjacent to and below exterior concrete and masonry surfaces during construction for presence of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, stains, or other contaminants. If contaminating substances do contact window surfaces, remove contaminants immediately according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

END OF SECTION 08520

SECTION 08710
DOOR HARDWARE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Commercial door hardware for the following:

a. Swinging doors.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 8 Section "Standard Steel Doors and Frames" for astragals provided as part of fire-rated labeled assemblies and for door silencers provided as part of hollow-metal frames.
2. Division 8 Section "Flush Wood Doors" for astragals and integral intumescent seals provided as part of fire-rated labeled assemblies.
3. Division 8 Section "Aluminum-Framed Entrances, Storefronts and Curtain Walls" for door hardware, listed in section 08710 including cylinders.

C. Products and Services furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the following. Coordinating, purchasing, delivering, and scheduling remain requirements of this Section.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include construction and installation details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.

B. Samples for Verification: For exposed door hardware of each type, in specified finish, full size. Tag with full description for coordination with the door hardware sets. Submit Samples before, or concurrent with, submission of the final door hardware sets, if requested by the architect.

1. Samples will be returned to Contractor. Units that are acceptable and remain undamaged through submittal, review, and field comparison process may, after final check of operation, be incorporated into the Work, within limitations of keying requirements.

C. Qualification Certification: For Architectural Hardware Consultant.

D. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

E. Other Action Submittals:

1. Door Hardware Sets: Prepared by or under the supervision of Architectural Hardware Consultant, detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams. Coordinate the final door hardware sets with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.

   a. Format: Comply with scheduling sequence and vertical format in DHI's "Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule." Double space entries, and number and date each page.
   b. Format: Use same scheduling sequence and format and use same door numbers as in the Contract Documents.
   c. Content: Include the following information:

      1) Identification number, location, hand, fire rating, and material of each door and frame.
      2) Type, style, function, size, quantity, and finish of each door hardware item. Include description and function of each lockset and exit device.
      3) Complete designations of every item required for each door or opening including name and manufacturer.
      4) Fastenings and other pertinent information.
      5) Location of each door hardware set, cross-referenced to Drawings, both on floor plans and in door and frame schedule.
      6) Explanation of abbreviations, symbols, and codes contained in schedule.
      7) Mounting locations for door hardware.
      8) Door and frame sizes and materials.

   d. Submittal Sequence: Submit the door hardware sets at earliest possible date, particularly where approval of the door hardware sets must precede fabrication of other work that is critical in Project construction schedule. Include Product Data, Samples, Shop Drawings of other work affected by door hardware, and other information essential to the coordinated review of the door hardware sets.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Architectural Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A person who is currently certified by DHI as an Architectural Hardware Consultant and who is experienced in providing consulting services for door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type and variety of door hardware from a single manufacturer, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 252.

1. Test Pressure: Test at atmospheric pressure.

D. Keying: All Corbin/Russwin lock cylinders shall be provided in the proper keyway, zero bitted by the hardware supplier. Keying of the cylinders will be by the owner.

E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct a mandatory conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures relating to the installation of locksets, exit devices, door closers, overhead type stops and wall or floor type stops and holders Product manufacturers representatives shall illustrate and instruct the proper installation methods, along with the correct type of fasteners for use when installing their products.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.

B. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to the final door hardware sets, and include basic installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Templates: Distribute door hardware templates for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared for installing door hardware. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.

B. Existing Openings: Where new hardware components are scheduled for application to existing construction or where modifications to existing door hardware are required, field verify existing conditions and coordinate installation of door hardware to suit opening conditions and to provide for proper operation.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fails in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
b. Faulty operation of operators and door hardware.
c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.

2. Warranty Period: One year from date of Substantial Completion, except as follows:
   a. Locksets: One year from date of Substantial Completion.
   b. Exit Devices: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
   c. Manual Closers: Ten years from date of Substantial Completion.

1.8 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

A. General: Provide door hardware for each door to comply with requirements in this Section and door hardware sets listed in door and frame schedule and door hardware sets indicated in Part 3 "Door Hardware Sets" Article.

1. Door Hardware Sets: Provide quantity, item, size, finish or color indicated, and named manufacturers' products listed in hardware sets or those listed as acceptable.

B. Designations: Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size, and other distinctive qualities of each type of door hardware are indicated in Part 3 "Door Hardware Sets" Article. Products are identified by using door hardware designations, as follows:

1. Named Manufacturers' Products: Manufacturer and product designation are listed for each door hardware type required for the purpose of establishing minimum requirements. Manufacturers' names are abbreviated in the "Door Hardware Sets."
2. References to BHMA Standards: Provide named products complying with these standards and requirements for description, quality, and function.

C. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, those manufacturers specified or named as acceptable.

2.2 HINGES, GENERAL

A. Quantity: Provide the following, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Two Hinges: For doors with heights up to 60 inches (1524 mm).
2. Three Hinges: For doors with heights 61 to 90 inches (1549 to 2286 mm).
3. Four Hinges: For doors with heights 91 to 120 inches (2311 to 3048 mm).
4. For doors with heights more than 120 inches (3048 mm), provide 4 hinges, plus 1 hinge for every 30 inches (750 mm) of door height greater than 120 inches (3048 mm).

B. Template Requirements: Except for hinges and pivots to be installed entirely (both leaves) into wood doors and frames, provide only template-produced units.

C. Hinge Weight: Unless otherwise indicated, provide the following:

1. Exterior Doors: Heavy-duty continuous aluminum gear hinges.
2. Doors with Closers: Antifriction-bearing hinges.
3. Interior Doors: Antifriction-bearings. Standard or heavy weight hinges as listed in the hardware sets.

D. Hinge Base Metal: Unless otherwise indicated, provide the following:

1. Exterior Hinges: Aluminum gear hinges anodized after machining.
2. Interior Hinges: - Brass, with stainless-steel pin body and brass protruding heads, Steel, with steel pin, or Stainless steel, with stainless steel pin as listed in hardware sets.
3. Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: Steel, with steel pin, or Stainless steel, with stainless-steel pin.

E. Hinge Options: Where indicated in door hardware sets or on Drawings:

1. Nonremovable Pins: Provide set screw in hinge barrel that, when tightened into a groove in hinge pin, prevents removal of pin while door is closed; for outswinging exterior doors.
2. Corners: Square.

F. Fasteners: Comply with the following:

1. Machine Screws: For metal doors and frames. Install into drilled and tapped holes.
2. Wood Screws: For wood doors and frames.
3. Threaded-to-the-Head Wood Screws: For fire-rated wood doors.
4. Screws: Phillips flat-head; Finish screw heads to match surface of hinges.

2.3 HINGES

A. Butts and Hinges: BHMA A156.1. Listed under Category A in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."

B. Template Hinge Dimensions: BHMA A156.7.

C. Available Manufacturers:

1. Bommer Industries, Inc. (BOM).
2. Hager Companies (HAG).
3. Ives, an Ingersol-Rand company. (IVE)
4. McKinney Products Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (MCK).
5. Select products. (SEL).

2.4 LOCKS AND LATCHES, GENERAL

A. Accessibility Requirements: Where indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)." ANSI A117.1. FED-STD-795, "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards." 2003 Michigan Building Code.

1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf (22 N).

B. Latches and Locks for Means of Egress Doors: Comply with NFPA 101. Latches shall not require more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch. Locks shall not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.

C. Lock Trim:

1. Levers: Wrought.
2. Roses: Wrought.
3. Lockset Designs: Corbin/Russwin LWA.

D. Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts required for labeled fire doors, and as follows:

1. Mortise Locks: Minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) latch bolt throw.
2. Deadbolts: Minimum 1-inch (25-mm) bolt throw.

E. Backset: 2-3/4 inches (70 mm), unless otherwise indicated.

F. Strikes: Manufacturer's standard strike with strike box for each latch bolt or lock bolt, with lip extended to protect frame, finished to match door hardware set, and as follows:

1. Strikes for Mortise Locks and Latches: BHMA A156.13.
2. Flat-Lip Strikes: For locks with three-piece antifriction latchbolts, as recommended by manufacturer.

2.5 MECHANICAL LOCKS AND LATCHES

A. Lock Functions: Function numbers and descriptions indicated in door hardware sets comply with the following:

1. Mortise Locks: BHMA A156.13.

B. Mortise Locks: Stamped steel case with steel or brass parts; BHMA A156.13, Grade 1; Series 1000. Listed under Category F in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."

1. Acceptable Manufacturer:
   a. Corbin Russwin; an ASSA Abloy group company (C-R). "No-Substitution"

2.6 EXIT DEVICES

A. Exit Devices: BHMA A156.3, Grade 1, Listed under Category G in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."

B. Accessibility Requirements: Where handles, pulls, latches, locks, and other operating devices are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)." ANSI A117.1. FED-STD-795, "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards." 2003 Michigan Building Code.

1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf (22 N).

C. Exit Devices for Means of Egress Doors: Comply with NFPA 101. Exit devices shall not require more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch. Locks shall not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.

D. Panic Exit Devices: Listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for panic protection, based on testing according to UL 305.

E. Removable Mullions: BHMA A156.3.

F. Acceptable Manufacturer:

1. Precision Hardware, Inc. (PRE). Apex Series "No-Substitution"

2.7 KEYING

1. Keying System: The contractor shall be responsible for providing correct 6 pin keyway cylinders to match existing building system, and keying new cylinders. The contractor shall meet with Mondo Belardi of Troy schools to obtain master and grand master keys for keying work, and assure that correct keyway cylinders are provided for new doors in additions or for new door openings in the existing buildings.

2.8 OPERATING TRIM

A. Standard: BHMA A156.6 and as listed in hardware sets.

B. Materials: Fabricate from stainless steel, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Acceptable Manufacturers:

1. Hager Companies (HAG).
2. IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (IVE).
3. Rockwood Manufacturing Company (ROC).
4. Trimco (TRI).

2.9 CLOSERS

A. Accessibility Requirements: Where handles, pulls, latches, locks, and other operating devices are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)." ANSI A117.1. FED-STD-795, "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards." 2003 Michigan Building Code.

1. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:

    a. Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied perpendicular to door.
    b. Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Door Closers for Means of Egress Doors: Comply with NFPA 101. Door closers shall not require more than 30 lbf (133 N) to set door in motion and not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to open door to minimum required width.

C. Size of Units: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.

D. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4, Grade 1. Listed under Category C in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory." Provide type of arm required for closer to be located on non-public side of door, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Acceptable Manufacturer:
    a. LCN Closers; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (LCN). "No-Substitution".

E. Size: 2 inches (38 mm) less than door width on push side and 1 inch (13 mm) less than door width on pull side, by height specified in door hardware sets.

F. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard machine or self-tapping screws.

G. Metal Protective Trim Units: BHMA A156.6; beveled top and 2 sides; fabricated from material indicated in door hardware sets.

1. Material: 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick stainless steel.
2. Available Manufacturers:
    a. Hager Companies (HAG).
    b. IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (IVE).
    c. Rockwood Manufacturing Company (ROC).
    d. Trimco (TRI).

2.10 STOPS AND HOLDERS

A. Stops and Bumpers: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1.

1. Provide wall stops for doors unless floor or other type stops are scheduled or indicated. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic. Where wall or floor stops are not appropriate, provide overhead holders.

B. Mechanical Door Holders: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1.

C. Silencers for Metal Door Frames: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1; neoprene or rubber, minimum diameter 1/2 inch (13 mm); fabricated for drilled-in application to frame.

D. Acceptable Manufacturers:

1. Architectural Builders Hardware Mfg., Inc. (ABH).
2. Glynn Johnson; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (GLY).
3. Hager Companies (HAG).
4. IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (IVE).
5. Rockwood Manufacturing Company (ROC).
6. Trimco (TRI).

2.11 THRESHOLDS

A. Standard: BHMA A156.21. Listed under Category J in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."

B. Accessibility Requirements: Where thresholds are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)." ANSI A117.1. FED-STD-795, "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards."

1. Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) high.

C. Thresholds for Means of Egress Doors: Comply with NFPA 101. Maximum 1/2 inch (13 mm) high.

D. Available Manufacturers:

1. Hager Companies (HAG).
2. National Guard Products (NGP).
3. Pemko Manufacturing Co. (PEM).
4. Reese Enterprises (RE).

2.12 FABRICATION

A. Base Metals: Produce door hardware units of base metal, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified door hardware units and BHMA A156.18. Do not furnish manufacturer's standard materials or forming methods if different from specified standard.

B. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates generally prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws according to commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Concealed Fasteners: For door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
2. Steel Machine or Wood Screws: For the following fire-rated applications:

    a. Mortise hinges to doors.
    b. Strike plates to frames.
    c. Closers to door frames.

3. Steel Through Bolts: For the following fire-rated and non-rated applications even if door blocking is provided:
    a. Closers to doors.

4. Spacers or Sex Bolts: For through bolting of hollow-metal doors.
5. Fasteners for Wood Doors: Comply with requirements in DHI WDHS.2, "Recommended Fasteners for Wood Doors."
6. Install door closers and door holders with sex-bolts.

2.13 FINISHES

A. Standard: BHMA A156.18, as indicated in door hardware sets.

B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Steel Doors and Frames: Comply with DHI A115 Series.

1. Surface-Applied Door Hardware: Drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI A250.6.

B. Wood Doors: Comply with DHI A115-W Series.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights indicated as follows unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.

1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."
2. Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."

B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work specified in Division 9 Sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.

1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.

C. Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior and acoustical doors in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Independent Architectural Hardware Consultant: Owner will engage a qualified independent Architectural Hardware Consultant to perform inspections and to prepare inspection reports.

1. Independent Architectural Hardware Consultant will inspect door hardware and state in each report whether installed work complies with or deviates from requirements, including whether door hardware is properly installed and adjusted.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.

1. Door Closers: Unless otherwise required by authorities having jurisdiction, adjust sweep period so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 3 seconds to move to a point 3 inches (75 mm) from the latch, measured to the leading edge of the door.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.

B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.

C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

3.7 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain door hardware and door hardware finishes. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training."

3.8 DOOR HARDWARE SETS

SPECWORKS # 54648-B62Z44M1R

HW SET: 01

DOOR NUMBER:
6207

EACH TO HAVE:

3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011 X SRI	689	LCN
1	EA	DOME STOP W/RISER	FS436 X 435	626	IVE

HW SET: 02

DOOR NUMBER:
6209

EACH TO HAVE:

3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011 X SRI	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
1	EA	DOME STOP W/RISER	FS436 X 435	626	IVE

HW SET: 03

DOOR NUMBER:
293

EACH TO HAVE:

6	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	SET	AUTO FLUSH BOLT	FB41P	630	IVE
1	EA	DUST PROOF STRIKE	DP2	626	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	COORDINATOR	COR52 X FL20	628	IVE
2	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	MB2	689	IVE
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X TB	689	LCN
2	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE

HW SET: 04 **NOT USED**

HW SET: 05

DOOR NUMBER:
8001B 8001A

EACH TO HAVE:

6	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	SET	AUTO FLUSH BOLT	FB41P	630	IVE
1	EA	DUST PROOF STRIKE	DP2	626	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	COORDINATOR	COR52 X FL20	628	IVE
2	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	MB2	689	IVE
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X TB	689	LCN
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
2	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE

HW SET: 07

DOOR NUMBER:
3220A 3220B

EACH TO HAVE:

6	EA	HINGE	5BB1HW 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	MULLION	FL-KR822	689	PRE
2	EA	FIRE EXIT DEVICE	FL2108-V4900C	626	PRE
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	1000-114 N3	626	C-R
2	EA	RIM CYLINDER	3000-200 N3	626	C-R
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X TB	689	LCN
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
2	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE

HW SET: 08

DOOR NUMBER:
3220D 3220E 3220F

EACH TO HAVE:

6	EA	HINGE	5BB1HW 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
2	EA	FIRE EXIT DEVICE	FL2108-V4900C	626	PRE
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	1000-114 N3	626	C-R
2	EA	RIM CYLINDER	3000-200 N3	626	C-R
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X TB	689	LCN
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
2	EA	DOME STOP W/RISER	FS436 X 435	626	IVE

SWING DOORS 180 DEGREES

HW SET: 09

DOOR NUMBER:
9001B

EACH TO HAVE:

6	EA	HINGE	5BB1HW 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	MULLION	FL-KR822	689	PRE
2	EA	FIRE EXIT DEVICE	FL2108-V4900C	626	PRE
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	1000-114 N3	626	C-R
2	EA	RIM CYLINDER	3000-200 N3	626	C-R
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X TB	689	LCN
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
2	EA	DOME STOP W/RISER	FS436 X 435	626	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS33X	626	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE

HW SET: 10

DOOR NUMBER:
7244

EACH TO HAVE:

6	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
2	EA	MANUAL FLUSH BOLT	FB358	626	IVE
1	EA	DUST PROOF STRIKE	DP2	626	IVE
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	ML2055 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	1000-118 N3	626	C-R
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
2	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE

HW SET: 11

DOOR NUMBER:
8006 8007

EACH TO HAVE:

3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	ML2055 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011DEL X TB	689	LCN
1	EA	ARMOR PLATE	8400 36" X 1-1/2" LDW B3E	630	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS33X	626	IVE
1	EA	DOOR PROTECTOR BARS	R115LPB	630	ROC

HW SET: 12 **NOT USED**

HW SET: A01

DOOR NUMBER:
6201

EACH TO HAVE:

2	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
2	EA	PANIC DEVICE	2101	630	PRE
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X ST3447 X 4110-30-61 X SRI	689	LCN
2	EA	OVERHEAD STOP	814S	630	GLY
1	EA	THRESHOLD	896N 72"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

HW SET: A02

DOOR NUMBER:
6203A

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	ML2055 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE

HW SET: A03

DOOR NUMBER:
6204

EACH TO HAVE:

2	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	SET	AUTO FLUSH BOLT	FB31P	630	IVE
1	EA	DUST PROOF STRIKE	DP2	626	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	COORDINATOR	COR52 X FL20	628	IVE
2	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	MB2	689	IVE
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X 4110-30-61 X SRI	689	LCN
2	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE

HW SET: A04

DOOR NUMBER:
6205

EACH TO HAVE:

2	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	MULLION	KR822	689	PRE
1	EA	PANIC DEVICE	2101	630	PRE
1	EA	PANIC DEVICE	2103	630	PRE
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	1000-114 N3	626	C-R
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X ST3447 X 4110-30-61 X SRI	689	LCN
2	EA	OVERHEAD STOP	814S	630	GLY
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
1	EA	THRESHOLD	896N 72"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

HW SET: A05

DOOR NUMBER:
6206 6224

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011 X SRI	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE

HW SET: A06

DOOR NUMBER:
6210 6211

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	ML2055 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X SRI X TB	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS33X	626	IVE

HW SET: A07

DOOR NUMBER:
8001C

EACH TO HAVE:

2	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	SET	AUTO FLUSH BOLT	FB31P	630	IVE
1	EA	DUST PROOF STRIKE	DP1	626	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3 X M30	630	C-R
1	EA	FLUSH PULL	1111C-3	630	TRI
1	EA	COORDINATOR	COR52 X FL20	628	IVE
2	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	MB2	689	IVE
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 SHCUSH X 4110-30-61	689	LCN
1	EA	THRESHOLD	896N 72"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

LEVER INSIDE CYLINDER AND FLUSH PULL OUTSIDE

HW SET: A08

DOOR NUMBER:
3220C 9001A

EACH TO HAVE:

2	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	PANIC DEVICE	2101	630	PRE
1	EA	PANIC DEVICE	2103	630	PRE
2	EA	FLUSH PULL	1111A	630	TRI
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X 4110-30-61	689	LCN
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1-1/2" LTDW B3E	630	IVE
2	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE
2	EA	THRESHOLD	424 40"	AL	NGP
2	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

NOTCH THRESHOLDS AROUND FRAME MULLION

HW SET: A09

DOOR NUMBER:
201

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3 X M30	630	C-R
1	EA	FLUSH PULL	1111A	630	TRI
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X 4110-30-61	689	LCN
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS401CVX	626	IVE
1	EA	THRESHOLD	896N 36"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

LEVER INSIDE, FLUSH PULL AND CYLINDER EXTERIOR

HW SET: A10

DOOR NUMBER:
301A 301B

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3 X M30	630	C-R
1	EA	FLUSH PULL	1111A	630	TRI
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011 X TB	689	LCN
1	EA	OVERHEAD HOLDER	104H-ADJ	630	GLY
1	EA	THRESHOLD	424 36"	AL	NGP
1	EA	DOOR SWEEP	C627A 36"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

LEVER INSIDE, FLUSH PULL AND CYLINDER EXTERIOR

HW SET: A11

DOOR NUMBER:
302 303

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3 X M30 X LHB	630	C-R
1	EA	PULL PLATE	8303-0 4" X 16"	630	IVE
1	EA	PUSH PLATES	92 4" X 15 3/4" C/C	630	ROC
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011 X TB	689	LCN
1	EA	WALL STOP & HOLDER	WS45X	626	IVE
1	EA	THRESHOLD	424 36"	AL	NGP
1	EA	DOOR SWEEP	C627A 36"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

LEVER INSIDE, PUSH PLATE AND CYLINDER EXTERIOR
MOUNT INSIDE PULL PLATE ABOVE LEVER

HW SET: A12

DOOR NUMBER:
304

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3 X M30	630	C-R
1	EA	FLUSH PULL	1111A	630	TRI
1	EA	DOME STOP W/RISER	FS436 X 435	626	IVE
1	EA	THRESHOLD	424 36"	AL	NGP
1	EA	DOOR SWEEP	C627A 36"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

LEVER INSIDE, FLUSH PULL AND CYLINDER EXTERIOR

HW SET: A13

DOOR NUMBER:
305

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ML2057 LWA N3 X M30	630	C-R
1	EA	FLUSH PULL	1111A	630	TRI
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS33X	626	IVE
1	EA	THRESHOLD	424 36"	AL	NGP
1	EA	DOOR SWEEP	C627A 36"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

LEVER INSIDE, FLUSH PULL AND CYLINDER EXTERIOR
HW SET: A14

DOOR NUMBER:
401

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	CONTINUOUS HINGE	SL11 HD	628	SEL
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	ML2055 LWA N3	630	C-R
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 EDA X ST3447 X 4110-30-61 X SRI	689	LCN
1	EA	OVERHEAD HOLDER	104H-ADJ	630	GLY
1	EA	THRESHOLD	896N 36"	AL	NGP
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	SUPPLY WITH DOOR AND FRAME ASSEMBLY		

HW SET: A15

DOOR NUMBER:
301C 301D 301E

EACH TO HAVE:

1	COILING DOOR	NO HARDWARE REQUIRED	UNK

HW SET: A16

DOOR NUMBER:
6203B 6203C

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	BORROWED LITE	NO HARDWARE REQUIRED	UNK

END OF SECTION 08710

SECTION 08800
GLAZING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes glazing for the following products and applications, including those specified in other Sections where glazing requirements are specified by reference to this Section:

1. Windows.
2. Doors.
3. Glazed curtain walls.
4. Glazed entrances.
5. Interior borrowed lites.
6. Storefront framing.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Manufacturers of Glass Products: Firms that produce primary glass, fabricated glass, or both, as defined in referenced glazing publications.

B. Glass Thicknesses: Indicated by thickness designations in millimeters according to ASTM C 1036.

C. Interspace: Space between lites of an insulating-glass unit that contains dehydrated air or a specified gas.

D. Deterioration of Coated Glass: Defects developed from normal use that are attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning coated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include peeling, cracking, and other indications of deterioration in metallic coating.

E. Deterioration of Insulating Glass: Failure of hermetic seal under normal use that is attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions.

Evidence of failure is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.

F. Deterioration of Laminated Glass: Defects developed from normal use that are attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning laminated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Provide glazing systems capable of withstanding normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or glass breakage attributable to the following: defective manufacture, fabrication, and installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; or other defects in construction.

B. Glass Design: Glass thickness designations indicated are minimums and are for detailing only. Confirm glass thicknesses by analyzing Project loads and in-service conditions. Provide glass lites in the thickness designations indicated for various size openings, but not less than thicknesses and in strengths (annealed or heat treated) required to meet or exceed the following criteria:

1. Glass Thicknesses: Select minimum glass thicknesses to comply with ASTM E 1300, according to the following requirements:

   a. Specified Design Wind Loads: As indicated, but not less than wind loads applicable to Project as required by ASCE 7 "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures": Section 6.0 "Wind Loads."
   b. Probability of Breakage for Vertical Glazing: 8 lites per 1000 for lites set vertically or not more than 15 degrees off vertical and under wind action.

      1) Load Duration: 60 seconds or less.

   c. Maximum Lateral Deflection: For the following types of glass supported on all 4 edges, provide thickness required that limits center deflection at design wind pressure to 1/50 times the short side length or 1 inch, whichever is less.

      1) For monolithic-glass lites heat treated to resist wind loads.
      2) For insulating glass.
      3) For laminated-glass lites.

   d. Minimum Glass Thickness for Exterior Lites: Not less than 6.0 mm.
   e. Thickness of Tinted and Heat-Absorbing Glass: Provide the same thickness for each tint color indicated throughout Project.

C. Thermal Movements: Provide glazing that allows for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures acting on glass framing members and glazing components. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

D. Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide glass with performance properties specified based on manufacturer's published test data, as determined according to procedures indicated below:

1. For monolithic-glass lites, properties are based on units with lites 6.0 mm thick.
2. For laminated-glass lites, properties are based on products of construction indicated.
3. For insulating-glass units, properties are based on units of thickness indicated for overall unit and for each lite.
4. Center-of-Glass Values: Based on using LBL-44789 WINDOW 5.0 computer program for the following methodologies:

   a. U-Factors: NFRC 100 expressed as Btu/ sq. ft. x h x deg F.
   b. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: NFRC 200.
   c. Solar Optical Properties: NFRC 300.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each glass product and glazing material indicated.

B. Samples: For the following products, in the form of 12-inch- square Samples for glass.

1. Each color of tinted float glass.
2. Coated vision glass.
3. Wired glass.
4. Insulating glass for each designation indicated.

C. Glazing Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings for glazed openings in preparing a schedule listing glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location.

D. Product Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of glass and glazing products certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.

1. For solar-control low-e-coated glass, provide documentation demonstrating that manufacturer of coated glass is certified by coating manufacturer.

E. Qualification Data: For installers.

F. Product Test Reports: For each of the following types of glazing products:

1. Tinted float glass.
2. Coated float glass.
3. Insulating glass.
4. Glazing sealants.
5. Glazing gaskets.

G. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project; whose work has resulted in glass installations with a record of successful in-service performance; and who employs glass installers for this Project who are certified under the National Glass Association's Certified Glass Installer Program.

B. Source Limitations for Glass Sputter-Coated with Solar-Control Low-E Coatings: Where solar-control low-e coatings of a primary glass manufacturer that has established a certified fabricator program is specified, obtain sputter-coated solar-control low-e-coated glass in fabricated units from a manufacturer that is certified by coated-glass manufacturer.

C. Source Limitations for Glazing Accessories: Obtain glazing accessories through one source from a single manufacturer for each product and installation method indicated.

D. Glass Product Testing: Obtain glass test results for product test reports in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency based on testing glass products.

1. Glass Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

E. Glazing for Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Glazing for assemblies that comply with NFPA 80 and that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 252.

F. Glazing for Fire-Rated Window Assemblies: Glazing for assemblies that comply with NFPA 80 and that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 257.

G. Safety Glazing Products: Comply with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201.

1. Subject to compliance with requirements, obtain safety glazing products permanently marked with certification label of the Safety Glazing Certification Council or another certification agency or manufacturer acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Where glazing units, including Kind FT glass and laminated glass, are specified in Part 2 articles for glazing lites more than 9 sq. ft. in exposed surface area of one side, provide glazing products that comply with Category II materials, for lites 9 sq. ft. or less in exposed surface area of one side, provide glazing products that comply with Category I or II materials, except for hazardous locations where Category II materials are required by 16 CFR 1201 and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

H. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers and organizations below, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.

1. GANA Publications: GANA Laminated Division's "Laminated Glass Design Guide" and GANA's "Glazing Manual."

2. AAMA Publications: AAMA GDSG-1, "Glass Design for Sloped Glazing," and AAMA TIR-A7, "Sloped Glazing Guidelines."
3. IGMA Publication for Insulating Glass: SIGMA TM-3000, "Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units."

I. Insulating-Glass Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of the following testing and inspecting agency:

1. Insulating Glass Certification Council.
2. Associated Laboratories, Inc.

J. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions and as needed to prevent damage to glass and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.

B. For insulating-glass units that will be exposed to substantial altitude changes, comply with insulating-glass manufacturer's written recommendations for venting and sealing to avoid hermetic seal ruptures.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.

1. Do not install liquid glazing sealants when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing sealant manufacturer or below 40 deg F.

1.9 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Coated-Glass Products: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by coated-glass manufacturer agreeing to replace coated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.

1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Laminated Glass: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by laminated-glass manufacturer agreeing to replace laminated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.

1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

C. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Insulating Glass: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by insulating-glass manufacturer agreeing to replace insulating-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.

1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, products specified.
2. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.

2.2 GLASS PRODUCTS

A. Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent flat glass), Quality-Q3; of class indicated.

1. Ultra-Clear (Low-Iron) Float Glass: Class I (clear); with a minimum 91 percent visible light transmission and a minimum solar heat gain coefficient of 0.87.

a. Available Products:

1) AFG Industries Inc.; Krystal Klear.
2) Pilkington Building Products North America; Optiwhite.
3) PPG Industries, Inc.; Starphire.

B. Heat-Treated Float Glass: ASTM C 1048; Type I (transparent flat glass); Quality-Q3; of class, kind, and condition indicated.

1. Fabrication Process: By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Provide Kind HS (heat-strengthened) float glass in place of annealed float glass where needed to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading of individual glass lites and to comply with glass design requirements specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.
3. For uncoated glass, comply with requirements for Condition A.
4. For coated vision glass, comply with requirements for Condition C (other uncoated glass).
5. Provide Kind FT (fully tempered) float glass in place of annealed or Kind HS (heat-strengthened) float glass where safety glass is indicated.

C. Sputter-Coated Float Glass: ASTM C 1376, float glass with metallic-oxide or -nitride coating deposited by vacuum deposition process after manufacture and heat treatment (if any), and complying with other requirements specified.

D. Laminated Glass: ASTM C 1172, and complying with other requirements specified and with the following:

1. Interlayer: Polyvinyl butyral or cured resin of thickness indicated with a proven record of no tendency to bubble, discolor, or lose physical and mechanical properties after laminating glass lites and installation.

   a. For polyvinyl butyral interlayers, laminate lites in autoclave with heat plus pressure.
   b. For cured-resin interlayers, laminate lites with laminated-glass manufacturer's standard cast-in-place and cured-transparent-resin interlayer.

2. Laminating Process: Fabricate laminated glass to produce glass free of foreign substances and air or glass pockets.

E. Insulating-Glass Units, General: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, and complying with ASTM E 774 for Class CBA units and with requirements specified in this Article and in Part 2 "Insulating-Glass Units" Article.

1. Provide Kind HS (heat-strengthened) float glass in place of annealed glass where needed to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading of individual glass lites and to comply with glass design requirements specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.
2. Provide Kind FT (fully tempered) glass lites where safety glass is indicated.
3. Overall Unit Thickness and Thickness of Each Lite: Dimensions indicated for insulating-glass units are nominal and the overall thicknesses of units are measured perpendicularly from outer surfaces of glass lites at unit's edge.
4. Sealing System: Dual seal, with primary and secondary sealants as follows:

   a. Manufacturer's standard sealants.

5. Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction.
6. Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction complying with the following requirements:

   a. Spacer Material: Aluminum with black, color anodic finish
   b. Desiccant: Molecular sieve or silica gel, or blend of both.
   c. Corner Construction: Manufacturer's standard corner construction.

2.3 FIRE-RATED GLAZING PRODUCTS

A. Monolithic Ceramic Glazing Material: Proprietary product in the form of clear flat sheets of 3/16-inch nominal thickness weighing 2.5 lb/sq. ft., and as follows:

1. Fire-Protection Rating: As indicated for the fire window in which glazing material is installed, and permanently labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Product: "Obscure FireLite" ,"Premium FireLite" (polished on both surfaces) by Nippon Electric Glass Co., Ltd., and distributed by Technical Glass Products.

B. Film-Faced Ceramic Glazing Material: Proprietary Category II safety glazing product in the form of a 3/16-inch- thick, ceramic glazing material polished on both surfaces, faced on one surface with a clear glazing film, and as follows:

1. Fire-Protection Rating: As indicated for the assembly in which glazing material is installed, and permanently labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Product: "FireLite NT" by Nippon Electric Glass Co., Ltd., and distributed by Technical Glass Products.

C. Laminated Ceramic Glazing Material: Proprietary Category II safety glazing product in the form of 2 lites of clear ceramic glazing material laminated together to produce a laminated lite of 5/16-inch nominal thickness; polished on both surfaces; weighing 4 lb/sq. ft.; and as follows:

1. Fire-Protection Rating: As indicated for the assembly in which glazing material is installed, and permanently labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Polished on both surfaces, transparent.
3. Product: "FireLite Plus" by Nippon Electric Glass Co., Ltd., and distributed by Technical Glass Products.

D. Specially Tempered Monolithic Glass: Proprietary Category II safety glazing product in the form of a specially tempered 1/4-inch- thick monolithic lite, and as follows:

1. Fire-Protection Rating: 20 minutes, and permanently labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, "SuperLite" by SAFTI; a Division of O'Keeffe's Inc.

E. Laminated Glass with Intumescent Interlayers: Proprietary Category II safety glazing product in the form of multiple lites of Condition A (uncoated surfaces), Type I (transparent glass, flat), Class 1 (clear), Kind FT (fully tempered) float glass laminated with intumescent interlayers; and as follows:

1. Fire-Protection Rating: As indicated for the assembly in which glazing material is installed, and permanently labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, "PyroStop" by Pilkington Building Products North America and distributed by Technical Glass Products.

F. Gel-Filled, Dual-Glazed Units: Proprietary Category II safety glazing product in the form of two lites of Condition A (uncoated surfaces), Type I (transparent flat glass), Class 1 (clear), Kind FT (fully tempered) float glass; with a perimeter metal spacer separating lites and dual-edge seal enclosing a cavity completely filled with clear, fully transparent, heat-absorbing gel.

1. Fire-Protection Rating: As indicated for the assembly in which glazing material is installed, and permanently labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, "SuperLite II" by SAFTI; a Division of O'Keeffe's Inc.

2.4 GLAZING GASKETS

A. Dense Compression Gaskets: Molded or extruded gaskets of material indicated below, complying with standards referenced with name of elastomer indicated below, and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal:

1. Neoprene, ASTM C 864.
2. EPDM, ASTM C 864.
3. Silicone, ASTM C 1115.
4. Thermoplastic polyolefin rubber, ASTM C 1115.
5. Any material indicated above.

B. Soft Compression Gaskets: Extruded or molded, closed-cell, integral-skinned gaskets of material indicated below; complying with ASTM C 509, Type II, black; and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal:

1. Neoprene.
2. EPDM.
3. Silicone.
4. Thermoplastic polyolefin rubber.
5. Any material indicated above.

C. Lock-Strip Gaskets: Neoprene extrusions in size and shape indicated, fabricated into frames with molded corner units and zipper lock-strips, complying with ASTM C 542, black.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

A. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.

B. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.

C. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.

D. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.

E. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).

F. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.

G. Perimeter Insulation for Fire-Resistive Glazing: Identical to product used in test assembly to obtain fire-resistance rating.

2.6 FABRICATION OF GLAZING UNITS

A. Fabricate glazing units in sizes required to glaze openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product manufacturer and referenced glazing publications, to comply with system performance requirements.

B. Clean-cut or flat-grind vertical edges of butt-glazed monolithic lites in a manner that produces square edges with slight kerfs at junctions with outdoor and indoor faces.

C. Grind smooth and polish exposed glass edges and corners.

2.7 MONOLITHIC FLOAT-GLASS UNITS

A. Uncoated Clear Float-Glass Units: Class 1 (clear) ultra-clear (low-iron) float glass, annealed or Kind HS (heat-strengthened) float glass where heat strengthening is required to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading of individual glass lites and to comply with system performance requirements, Kind FT (fully tempered) float glass where required by code.

1. Thickness: 6.0 mm.
2. Self-Cleaning, Low-Maintenance Coating: Pyrolytic coating on first surface.

2.8 INSULATING-GLASS UNITS

A. Low-E Insulating-Glass Units:

1. Overall Unit Thickness and Thickness of Each Lite: 25 and 6.0 mm.
2. Interspace Content: Air.
3. Outdoor Lite: Class float glass complying with ceramic-coated vision-glass requirements.

    a. Tint Color: Bronze, match existing.
    b. Annealed, Kind HS (heat strengthened), Kind FT (fully tempered) as required by shading and the building code for safety.

4. Indoor Lite: Class 1 (clear) ultra-clear (low-iron) float glass.

    a. Annealed.

5. Low-E Coating: Pyrolytic or sputtered on second or third surface.
6. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: 0.35 maximum.
7. Summer Daytime U-Factor: 0.38 maximum.

8. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: 0.61 maximum.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine framing glazing, with Installer present, for compliance with the following:

1. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
2. Presence and functioning of weep system.
3. Minimum required face or edge clearances.
4. Effective sealing between joints of glass-framing members.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.

3.3 GLAZING, GENERAL

A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.

B. Glazing channel dimensions, as indicated on Drawings, provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances. Adjust as required by Project conditions during installation.

C. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass is glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass and impair performance and appearance.

D. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.

E. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.

F. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.

G. Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 50 inches as follows:

1. Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances, unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.
2. Provide 1/8-inch minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.

H. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.

I. Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.

J. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.

K. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

3.4 GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

A. Fabricate compression gaskets in lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.

B. Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.

C. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

D. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

3.5 LOCK-STRIP GASKET GLAZING

A. Comply with ASTM C 716 and gasket manufacturer's written instructions. Provide supplementary wet seal and weep system, unless otherwise indicated.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Protect exterior glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers to glass surface. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.

B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended by glass manufacturer.

C. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains; remove as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.

D. Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, or abraded or that is damaged from natural causes, accidents, and vandalism, during construction period.

E. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces in each area of Project not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 08800

SECTION 08911
GLAZED ALUMINUM CURTAIN WALLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes conventionally glazed aluminum curtain walls installed as stick systems.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for installation of joint sealants installed with glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems and for sealants to the extent not specified in this Section.
2. Division 8 Section "Aluminum Entrances and Storefronts" for entrance systems installed with glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems.
3. Division 8 Section "Glazing" for insulating-glass requirements.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems, including anchorage, capable of withstanding, without failure, the effects of the following:

1. Structural loads.
2. Thermal movements.
3. Dimensional tolerances of building frame and other adjacent construction.
4. Failure includes the following:

    a. Deflection exceeding specified limits.
    b. Thermal stresses transferred to building structure.
    c. Framing members transferring stresses, including those caused by thermal and structural movements, to glazing.
    d. Noise or vibration created by wind and thermal and structural movements.
    e. Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.
    f. Sealant failure.

B. Structural Loads:

1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
2. Seismic Loads: As indicated on Drawings.

C. Structural-Test Performance: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems tested according to ASTM E 330 as follows:

1. When tested at positive and negative wind-load design pressures, systems do not evidence deflection exceeding specified limits.
2. When tested at 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures, systems, including anchorage, do not evidence material failures, structural distress, and permanent deformation of main framing members exceeding 0.2 percent of span.
3. Test Duration: As required by design wind velocity but not less than 60 seconds.

D. Deflection of Framing Members:

1. Deflection Normal to Wall Plane: Limited to 1/175 of clear span for spans up to 13 feet 6 inches, and to 1/240 of clear span plus 1/4 inch, for spans greater than 13 feet 6 inches or an amount that restricts edge deflection of individual glazing lites to 3/4 inch, whichever is less.
2. Deflection Parallel to Glazing Plane: Limited to 1/360 of clear span or 1/8 inch, whichever is smaller.

E. Thermal Movements: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.
2. Test Performance: No buckling, stress on glass, glazing-edge seal failure, sealant failure, excess stress on curtain-wall framing, anchors and fasteners, or reduction of performance when tested according to AAMA 501.5.

    a. Test High Exterior Ambient Air Temperature: That which produces an exterior metal surface temperature of 180 deg F.
    b. Test Low Exterior Ambient Air Temperature: 0 deg F.
    c. Test Interior Ambient Air Temperature: 75 deg F.

F. Air Infiltration: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems with maximum air leakage of 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. of fixed wall area when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a minimum static-air-pressure differential of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft..

G. Water Penetration Under Static Pressure: Provide aluminum glazed curtain-wall systems that do not evidence water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a minimum differential static pressure of 20 percent of positive design wind load, but not less than 10 lbf/sq. ft.

H. Water Penetration Under Dynamic Pressure: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems that do not evidence water leakage when tested according to AAMA 501.1 under dynamic pressure equal to 20 percent of positive design wind load, but not less than 10 lbf/sq. ft.

1. Maximum Water Leakage: No uncontrolled water penetrating systems or appearing on systems' normally exposed interior surfaces from sources other than condensation. Water controlled by flashing and gutters that is drained to exterior and cannot damage adjacent materials or finishes is not considered water leakage.

I. Condensation Resistance: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems with condensation-resistance factor (CRF) of not less than 55 when tested according to AAMA 1503.

J. Average Thermal Conductance: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems with average U-factor of not more than 0.66 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F when tested according to AAMA 1503.

K. Sound Transmission: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems with minimum STC 32 according to ASTM E 413 and an OITC 26 according to ASTM E 1332, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 90.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Prepared by or under the supervision of a qualified professional engineer detailing fabrication and assembly of glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer's standard sizes.

D. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Capable of assuming engineering responsibility and performing Work of this Section and who is acceptable to manufacturer.

1. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems including the following:

a. Shop Drawings based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project and submission of reports of tests performed on manufacturer's standard assemblies.

B. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for systems' aesthetic effects and performance characteristics. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction. Performance characteristics are indicated by criteria subject to verification by one or more methods including preconstruction testing, field testing, and in-service performance.

1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

C. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of structural supports for glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Assembly Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems that do not comply with requirements or that deteriorate as defined in this Section within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Structural failures including, but not limited to, excessive deflection.
b. Noise or vibration caused by thermal movements.
c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
d. Water leakage.
e. Failure of operating components to function normally.

2. Warranty Period: Ten years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Special Finish Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components on which finishes fail within specified warranty period. Warranty does not include normal weathering.

1. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Arch Aluminum & Glass Co., Inc.
2. EFCO Corporation.
3. Kawneer.

4. Tubelite, Inc.
5. United States Aluminum.
6. Capital Aluminum & Glass Corp.

2.2 FRAMING SYSTEMS

A. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.

1. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209.
2. Extruded Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Tubes: ASTM B 221.
3. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429.
4. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: AWS A5.10/A5.10M.

B. Steel Reinforcement: With manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide No. 12.00 applied immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Select surface preparation methods according to recommendations in SSPC-SP COM and prepare surfaces according to applicable SSPC standard.

1. Structural Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
2. Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 611.
3. Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 570/A 570M.

C. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.

D. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.

1. Where fasteners are subject to loosening or turn out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration, use self-locking devices.
2. Reinforce members as required to receive fastener threads.
3. Use exposed fasteners with countersunk Phillips screw heads.
4. Finish exposed portions to match framing system.
5. At movement joints, use slip-joint linings, spacers, and sleeves of material and type recommended by manufacturer.

E. Anchors: Three-way adjustable anchors that accommodate fabrication and installation tolerances in material and finish compatible with adjoining materials and recommended by manufacturer.

1. Concrete and Masonry Inserts: Hot-dip galvanized cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M or ASTM A 153/A 153M requirements.

F. Concealed Flashing: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding flashing compatible with adjacent materials.

G. Framing Gaskets: As recommended by manufacturer for joint type.

H. Framing Sealants: As specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

2.3 GLAZING SYSTEMS

A. Glazing: As specified in Division 8 Section "Glazing."

B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard sealed-corner pressure-glazing system of black, resilient elastomeric glazing gaskets, setting blocks, and shims or spacers.

2.4 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

A. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements except containing no asbestos, formulated for 30-mil thickness per coat.

2.5 FABRICATION

A. Form aluminum shapes before finishing.

B. Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:

1. Sharp profiles, straight and free of defects or deformations.
2. Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
3. Internal guttering systems or other means to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.
4. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.
5. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to prevent glazing-to-glazing contact and to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
6. Provisions for reglazing from interior for vision glass and exterior for spandrel glazing or panels.

C. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.

D. Factory-Assembled Frame Units:

1. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
2. Seal joints watertight, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Pressure equalize system at its interior face.
4. Install glazing to comply with requirements in Division 8 Section "Glazing."

E. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.

2.6 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

C. High-Performance Organic Finish (2-Coat Fluoropolymer): AA-C12C40R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: conversion coating; Organic Coating: manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with AAMA 2605 and with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

1. Color and Gloss: Match existing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General:

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Do not install damaged components.
3. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
4. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
5. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration and to prevent impeding movement of moving joints.
6. Weld components in concealed locations to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Protect glazing surfaces from welding.
7. Seal joints watertight, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Metal Protection:

1. Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape or installing nonconductive spacers as recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
2. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.

C. Install components to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.

D. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades.

E. Install glazing as specified Division 8 Section "Glazing."

F. Install sealants as specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

G. Erection Tolerances: Install glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems to comply with the following maximum tolerances:

1. Plumb: 1/8 inch in 10 feet; 1/4 inch in 40 feet.
2. Level: 1/8 inch in 20 feet; 1/4 inch in 40 feet.
3. Alignment:

    a. Where surfaces abut in line or are separated by reveal or protruding element up to 1/2 inch wide, limit offset from true alignment to 1/16 inch.
    b. Where surfaces are separated by reveal or protruding element from 1/2 to 1 inch wide, limit offset from true alignment to 1/8 inch.
    c. Where surfaces are separated by reveal or protruding element of 1 inch wide or greater, limit offset from true alignment to 1/4 inch.

4. Location: Limit variation from plane to 1/8 inch in 12 feet; 1/2 inch over total length.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

B. Repair or remove work where test results and inspections indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

C. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 08911

SECTION 09111
NON-LOAD-BEARING STEEL FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes non-load-bearing steel framing members for the following applications:

1. Interior framing systems (e.g., supports for partition walls, framed soffits, furring, etc.).
2. Suspension systems (e.g., supports for ceilings, suspended soffits, etc.).

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 5 Section "Cold-Formed Metal Framing" for exterior and interior load-bearing and exterior non-load-bearing wall studs; floor joists; roof rafters and ceiling joists; and roof trusses.
2. Division 7 Section "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems" for head-of-wall joint systems installed with non-load-bearing steel framing.
3. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board Shaft-Wall Assemblies" for non-load-bearing metal shaft-wall framing, gypsum panels, and other components of shaft-wall assemblies.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies that incorporate non-load-bearing steel framing, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 NON-LOAD-BEARING STEEL FRAMING, GENERAL

A. Framing Members, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.

1. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40, hot-dip galvanized, unless otherwise indicated.

2.2 SUSPENSION SYSTEM COMPONENTS

A. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.0625-inch- diameter wire, or double strand of 0.0475-inch- diameter wire.

B. Hanger Attachments to Concrete:

1. Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with holes or loops for attaching wire hangers and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 5 times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488 by an independent testing agency.

a. Type: Postinstalled, chemical anchor or postinstalled, expansion anchor.

C. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.162-inch diameter.

D. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base-metal thickness of 0.0538 inch and minimum 1/2-inch- wide flanges.

1. Depth: 1-1/2 inches.

E. Furring Channels (Furring Members):

1. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch deep.

a. Minimum Base Metal Thickness: 0.0312 inch.

2.3 STEEL FRAMING FOR FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

A. Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.

1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0312 inch.
2. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.

B. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where indicated, provide one of the following:

1. Single Long-Leg Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runner with 2-inch- deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs, installed with studs friction fit into top runner and with continuous bridging located within 12 inches of the top of studs to provide lateral bracing.
2. Double-Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runners, inside runner with 2-inch- deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs and fastened to studs, and outer runner sized to friction fit inside runner.
3. Deflection Track: Steel sheet top runner manufactured to prevent cracking of finishes applied to interior partition framing resulting from deflection of structure above; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.

a. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

1) Steel Network Inc. (The); VertiClip SLD or VertiTrack VTD Series.
2) Superior Metal Trim; Superior Flex Track System (SFT).

C. Firestop Tracks: Top runner manufactured to allow partition heads to expand and contract with movement of the structure while maintaining continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Fire Trak Corp.; Fire Trak attached to studs with Fire Trak Slip Clip.
b. Metal-Lite, Inc.; The System.

D. Flat Strap and Backing Plate: Steel sheet for blocking and bracing in length and width indicated.

1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0179 inch.

E. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.

1. Minimum Base Metal Thickness: 0.0312 inch.
2. Depth: 7/8 inch.

2.4 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards.

1. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.

B. Isolation Strip at Exterior Walls: Provide one of the following:

1. Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt: ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt), nonperforated.
2. Foam Gasket: Adhesive-backed, closed-cell vinyl foam strips that allow fastener penetration without foam displacement, 1/8 inch thick, in width to suit steel stud size.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Suspended Assemblies: Coordinate installation of suspension systems with installation of overhead structure to ensure that inserts and other provisions for anchorages to building structure have been installed to receive hangers at spacing required to support the Work and that hangers will develop their full strength.

1. Furnish concrete inserts and other devices indicated to other trades for installation in advance of time needed for coordination and construction.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Installation Standard: ASTM C 754, except comply with framing sizes and spacing indicated.

1. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 840 that apply to framing installation.

B. Install supplementary framing, and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction.

C. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.

D. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with non-load-bearing steel framing members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

3.4 INSTALLING SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

A. Install suspension system components in sizes and spacings indicated on Drawings, but not less than those required by referenced installation standards for assembly types and other assembly components indicated.

B. Isolate suspension systems from building structure where they abut or are penetrated by building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.

C. Suspend hangers from building structure as follows:

1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or suspension system.

   a. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.

2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with locations of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in the form of trapezes or equivalent devices.

   a. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced installation standards.

3. Wire Hangers: Secure by looping and wire tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
4. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck.
5. Do not attach hangers to permanent metal forms. Furnish cast-in-place hanger inserts that extend through forms.
6. Do not attach hangers to rolled-in hanger tabs of composite steel floor deck.
7. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.

D. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Wire tie furring channels to supports.

E. Installation Tolerances: Install suspension systems that are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feet measured lengthwise on each member that will receive finishes and transversely between parallel members that will receive finishes.

3.5 INSTALLING FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

A. Where studs are installed directly against exterior masonry walls or dissimilar metals at exterior walls, install isolation strip between studs and exterior wall.

B. Install studs so flanges within framing system point in same direction.

1. Space studs as follows:

a. Single-Layer Application: 16 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.
b. Multilayer Application: 16 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.

C. Install tracks (runners) at floors and overhead supports. Extend framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling.

1. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where framing extends to overhead structural supports, install to produce joints at tops of framing systems that prevent axial loading of finished assemblies.
2. Door Openings: Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.

a. Install two studs at each jamb, unless otherwise indicated.
b. Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of overhead structure.

3. Other Framed Openings: Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings, unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
4. Fire-Resistance-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated and support closures and to make partitions continuous from floor to underside of solid structure.

a. Firestop Track: Where indicated, install to maintain continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.

D. Direct Furring:

1. Attach to concrete or masonry with stub nails, screws designed for masonry attachment, or powder-driven fasteners spaced 24 inches o.c.

E. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

END OF SECTION 09111

SECTION 09250
GYPSUM BOARD

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Interior gypsum board.
2. Exterior gypsum board for ceilings and soffits.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 5 Section "Cold-Formed Metal Framing" for load-bearing steel framing that supports gypsum board.
2. Division 7 Section "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems" for head-of-wall assemblies that incorporate gypsum board.
3. Division 9 Section "Non-Load-Bearing Steel Framing" for non-structural framing and suspension systems that support gypsum board.
4. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Shaft-Wall Assemblies" for metal shaft-wall framing, gypsum shaft liners, and other components of shaft-wall assemblies.
5. Division 9 painting Sections for primers applied to gypsum board surfaces.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.

1.4 STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other causes. Stack panels flat to prevent sagging.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.

B. Do not install interior products until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.

C. Do not install panels that are wet, those that are moisture damaged, and those that are mold damaged.

1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PANELS, GENERAL

A. Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

2.2 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

A. General: Complying with ASTM C 36/C 36M or ASTM C 1396/C 1396M, as applicable to type of gypsum board indicated and whichever is more stringent.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. American Gypsum Co.
b. G-P Gypsum.
c. Lafarge North America Inc.
d. National Gypsum Company.
e. USG Corporation.

B. Type X:

1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
2. Long Edges: Tapered and featured (rounded or beveled) for prefilling.

C. Ceiling Type: Manufactured to have more sag resistance than regular-type gypsum board.

1. Thickness: 1/2 inch.
2. Long Edges: Tapered.

D. Abuse-Resistant Type: Manufactured to produce greater resistance to surface indentation, through-penetration (impact resistance), and abrasion than standard, regular-type and Type X gypsum board.

1. Core: 5/8 inch, Type X.
2. Long Edges: Tapered.

2.3 EXTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD FOR CEILINGS AND SOFFITS

A. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: ASTM C 1177/C 1177M.

1. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide "Dens-Glass Gold" by G-P Gypsum.
2. Core: 1/2 inch, regular type.

2.4 TRIM ACCESSORIES

A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.

1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet or rolled zinc.
2. Shapes:

    a. Cornerbead.
    b. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    c. L-Bead: L-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    d. Expansion (control) joint.

B. Exterior Trim: ASTM C 1047.

1. Material: Hot-dip galvanized steel sheet, plastic, or rolled zinc.
2. Shapes:

    a. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.

2.5 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M.

B. Joint Tape:

1. Interior Gypsum Wallboard: Paper.
2. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.

C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Wallboard: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.

1. Prefilling: At open joints, rounded or beveled panel edges, and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use setting-type taping compound.
3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.

D. Joint Compound for Exterior Applications:

1. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: As recommended by sheathing board manufacturer.

2.6 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.

B. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames and framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS, GENERAL

A. Comply with ASTM C 840.

B. Install ceiling panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.

C. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch of open space between panels. Do not force into place.

D. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.

E. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.

F. Cover both faces of support framing with gypsum panels in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chases braced internally.

1. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. in area.
2. Fit gypsum panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
3. Where partitions intersect structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch- wide joints to install sealant.

G. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch- wide spaces at these locations, and trim

edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.

H. Attachment to Steel Framing: Attach panels so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.

3.3 APPLYING INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

A. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:

1. Type X: As indicated on Drawings.
2. Ceiling Type: As indicated on Drawings.
3. Abuse-Resistant Type: As indicated on Drawings.

B. Single-Layer Application:

1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing, unless otherwise indicated.
2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum panels horizontally (perpendicular to framing), unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
    a. Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of panels.
    b. At stairwells and other high walls, install panels horizontally, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
3. On Z-furring members, apply gypsum panels vertically (parallel to framing) with no end joints. Locate edge joints over furring members.
4. Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.

C. Multilayer Application:

1. On ceilings, apply gypsum board indicated for base layers before applying base layers on walls/partitions; apply face layers in same sequence. Apply base layers at right angles to framing members and offset face-layer joints 1 framing member, 16 inches minimum, from parallel base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum board indicated for base layers and face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of base layers located over stud or furring member and face-layer joints offset at least one stud or furring member with base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly. Stagger joints on opposite sides of partitions.
3. On Z-furring members, apply base layer vertically (parallel to framing) and face layer either vertically (parallel to framing) or horizontally (perpendicular to framing) with vertical joints offset at least one furring member. Locate edge joints of base layer over furring members.
4. Fastening Methods: Fasten base layers and face layers separately to supports with screws.

3.4 APPLYING EXTERIOR GYPSUM PANELS FOR CEILINGS AND SOFFITS

A. Apply panels perpendicular to supports, with end joints staggered and located over supports.

1. Fasten with corrosion-resistant screws.

3.5 INSTALLING TRIM ACCESSORIES

A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Control Joints: Install control joints according to ASTM C 840 and in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect.

C. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:

1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners, unless otherwise indicated.
2. LC-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges.
3. L-Bead: Use where indicated.

D. Exterior Trim: Install in the following locations:

1. LC-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges.

3.6 FINISHING GYPSUM BOARD

A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.

B. Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.

C. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except those with trim having flanges not intended for tape.

D. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C 840:

1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
2. Level 4: At panel surfaces that will be exposed to view, unless otherwise indicated.

a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in other Division 9 Sections.

3. Level 5: At TV studio wall.

a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in other Division 9 Sections.

E. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions for use as exposed soffit board.

3.7 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.

B. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.

1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 09250

SECTION 09265
GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT-WALL ASSEMBLIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies for the following:

1. Shaft-wall enclosures.
2. Horizontal enclosures.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 7 Section "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems" for head-of-wall assemblies that incorporate gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly indicated.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies with fire-resistance ratings determined according to ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, and bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.

B. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes.

C. Stack panels flat on leveled supports off floor or slab to prevent sagging.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or with gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.

B. Do not install interior products until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.

C. Do not install panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.

1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, and irregular shape.
2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. American Gypsum Company.
2. G-P Gypsum.
3. Lafarge North America Inc.
4. National Gypsum Company.
5. USG Corporation.

2.2 GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT-WALL ASSEMBLIES, GENERAL

A. Provide materials and components complying with requirements of fire-resistance-rated assemblies indicated.

1. Provide panels in maximum lengths available to eliminate or minimize end-to-end butt joints.
2. Provide auxiliary materials complying with gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations.

2.3 PANEL PRODUCTS

A. Gypsum Liner Panels: Comply with ASTM C 442/C 442M.

1. Type X: Manufacturer's proprietary liner panels with moisture-resistant paper faces.

a. Core: 1 inch thick.
b. Long Edges: Double bevel.

B. Gypsum Board: As specified in Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board."

2.4 NON-LOAD-BEARING STEEL FRAMING

A. Framing Members: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.

B. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal, unless otherwise indicated.

2.5 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced product standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.

B. Trim Accessories: Cornerbead, edge trim, and control joints of material and shapes specified in Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board" that comply with gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations for application indicated.

C. Gypsum Board Joint-Treatment Materials: As specified in Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board."

D. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended by manufacturer for directly adhering gypsum face-layer panelsto backing-layer panels in multilayer construction.

E. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.

F. Track Fasteners: Power-driven fasteners of size and material required to withstand loading conditions imposed on shaft-wall assemblies without exceeding allowable design stress of track, fasteners, or structural substrates in which anchors are embedded.

1. Expansion Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 5 times design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified testing agency.
2. Power-Actuated Anchors: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190 conducted by a qualified testing agency.

2.6 GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT-WALL ASSEMBLIES

A. Fire-Resistance Rating: 2 hours.

B. Studs: Manufacturer's standard profile for repetitive members, corner and end members, and fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.

1. Depth: 2-1/2 inches.
2. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0220 inch.

C. Runner Tracks: Manufacturer's standard J-profile track with long-leg length as standard with manufacturer, but at least 2 inches long and in depth matching studs.

1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: Matching steel studs.

D. Jamb Struts: Manufacturer's standard J-profile strut with long-leg length of 3 inches, in depth matching studs, and not less than 0.0329 inch thick.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates to which gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies attach or abut, with Installer present, including hollow-metal frames, elevator hoistway door frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing. Examine for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies to comply with requirements of fire-resistance-rated assemblies indicated, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and the following:

1. ASTM C 754 for installing steel framing except comply with framing spacing indicated.
2. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board" for applying and finishing panels.

B. Do not bridge architectural or building expansion joints with shaft-wall assemblies; frame both sides of expansion joints with furring and other support.

C. Install supplementary framing in gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies around openings and as required for blocking, bracing, and support of gravity and pullout loads of fixtures, equipment, services, heavy trim, furnishings, and similar items that cannot be supported directly by shaft-wall assembly framing.

D. At penetrations in shaft wall, maintain fire-resistance rating of shaft-wall assembly by installing supplementary steel framing around perimeter of penetration and fire protection behind boxes containing wiring devices, elevator call buttons, elevator floor indicators, and similar items.

E. Isolate perimeter of gypsum panels from building structure to prevent cracking of panels, while maintaining continuity of fire-rated construction.

F. Control Joints: Install control joints according to ASTM C 840 and in specific locations approved by Architect, while maintaining fire-resistance rating of gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies.

G. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

3.3 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.

B. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.

1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, and irregular shape.
2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 09265

SECTION 09401
PORTLAND CEMENT TERRAZZO FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Poured-in-place portland cement terrazzo flooring sand cushion type.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete".
2. Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealants installed with terrazzo.

C. Pre-Bid Qualifications by Architect.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Include terrazzo installation requirements. Include plans, elevations, sections, component details, and attachments to other work. Show layout of the following:

1. Divider strips.
2. Control-joint and expansion joint strips per NTMA specifications retraction joint detail.
3. Base and border strips.
4. Accessory strips.
5. Terrazzo patterns.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type, material, color, and pattern of terrazzo and accessory required showing the full range of color, texture, and pattern variations expected. Label each terrazzo sample to identify matrix color and aggregate types, sizes, and proportions. Prepare samples of same thickness and from same material to be used for the Work in size indicated below:

1. Terrazzo: 6-inch-square Samples.
2. Accessories: 6-inch-long Samples of each exposed strip item required.

D. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.

E. Material Certificates: For each type of terrazzo material or product, from manufacturer.

F. Maintenance Data: For terrazzo to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: **An installer who is a contractor member of NTMA. Provide 10 recent projects. List all subcontractors**.

B. Source Limitations for Aggregates: Obtain each color, grade, type, and variety of granular materials from one source with resources to provide materials of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

C. NTMA Standards: Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" and with written recommendations for terrazzo type indicated unless more stringent requirements are specified.

1. NTMA Site Inspection if required. Provide $5,000 Performance Construction Bod for National Representatives Fee.

D. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1. Review methods and procedures related to terrazzo including, but not limited to, the following:

a. Inspect and discuss condition of substrate and other preparatory work performed by other trades.
b. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
c. Review special terrazzo designs and patterns.
d. Review dust-control procedures.

E. Execution of scope shall be done by bidders own labor forces.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials to Project site in supplier's original wrappings and containers, labeled with source's or manufacturer's name, material or product brand name, and lot number if any.

B. Store materials in their original, undamaged packages and containers, inside a well-ventilated area protected from weather, moisture, soiling, extreme temperatures, and humidity.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Maintain temperature above 50 deg F for 48 hours before and during terrazzo installation.

B. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of construction contiguous with precast terrazzo by field measurements before fabrication.

C. Control and collect dust produced by grinding operations. Protect adjacent construction from detrimental effects of grinding operations.

1. Provide dustproof partitions and temporary enclosures to limit dust migration and to isolate areas from noise.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSTALLERS

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following products listed.

B. Sand Cushion Terrazzo

1. Central Tile and Terrazzo Co., Kalamazoo, Michigan.
2. Boston Tile and Terrazzo Co., Detroit, Michigan.
3. The Art Mosaic and Tile Co, Inc., South Bend, Indiana.
4. Architect's pre-approved per Division 1.

2.2 CEMENTITIOUS TERRAZZO

A. Terrazzo Type: Sand cushion.

1. Thickness: As indicated.

B. Materials:

1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type 1.

a. Color for Exposed Matrix: As required by mix indicated at the end of Part 3.

2. Water: Potable.
3. Sand: ASTM C 33.
4. Marble Chips: Complying with NTMA gradation standards for mix indicated and containing no deleterious or foreign matter.

a. Abrasion and Impact Resistance: Less than 40 percent loss per ASTM C 131.
b. 24-Hour Absorption Rate: Less than 0.75 percent.

c. Dust Content: Less than 1.0 percent by weight.

5. Matrix Pigments: Pure mineral or synthetic pigments, alkali resistant, durable under exposure to sunlight, and compatible with terrazzo matrix.
6. Bonding Agent: Neat portland cement or epoxy or acrylic bonding agents formulated for use with topping indicated.
7. Underbed Reinforcement: Galvanized welded-wire reinforcement, 2 by 2 inches by 0.062-inch- diameter wire, complying with ASTM A 185 and ASTM A 82, except for minimum wire size.
8. Isolation Membrane: Polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D 2103, Type 13300, 4 mils thick; or No. 15 unperforated roofing felt, ASTM D 226, Type I.
9. Divider Strip Adhesive: Adhesive recommended by manufacturer for this use.

C. Mixes:

1. Cementitious Terrazzo installed over metal deck underbed. Reinforced concrete, as specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-In-Place Concrete".

a. Mix color and pattern as scheduled at the End of Part 3.

2.3 STRIP MATERIALS

A. Heavy-Top Divider Strips: One-piece, flat-type strips for grouting into sawed joints prepared in concrete slab or underbed.

1. Base-Section Material: Galvanized steel.
2. Top-Section Material: White-zinc alloy.
3. Top-Section Width: As indicated.

B. Control-Joint Strips: Separate, double L-type angles, positioned back to back, that match material, thickness, and color of divider strips and in depth required for topping thickness indicated.

C. Expansion-Joint Strips: Zinc with cap-strip top install (2) back to back for installing sealant. Match material thickness and color.

D. Accessory Strips: Match divider strip width, material, and color unless otherwise indicated. Use the following types of accessory strips as required to provide a complete installation:

1. Base-bead strips for exposed top edge of terrazzo base.
2. Edge-bead strips for exposed edges of terrazzo.
3. Nosings for terrazzo stair treads and landings.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS ACCESSORIES

A. Divider Strip Adhesive: Adhesive recommended by manufacturer for this use.

1. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

B. Anchoring Devices:

1. Strips: Provide mechanical anchoring devices for strip materials as required for secure attachment to substrate.
2. Precast Terrazzo: Provide mechanical anchoring devices as recommended by fabricator for proper anchorage and support of units for conditions of installation and support.

C. Joint Sealants: As specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants".

D. Isolation and Expansion-Joint Material: Closed-cell polyethylene foam, nonabsorbent to liquid water and gas, and nonoutgassing in unruptured state; butyl rubber; rubber; or cork; in width indicated.

E. Cleaner: Chemically neutral cleaner with pH factor between 7 and 10 that is biodegradable, phosphate free, and recommended by cleaner manufacturer for use on terrazzo type indicated.

F. Sealer: Slip- and stain-resistant, penetrating-type sealer that is chemically neutral with pH factor between 7 and 10; does not affect color or physical properties of terrazzo; is recommended by sealer manufacturer; and complies with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions, including levelness tolerances, have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean substrates to produce clean, dry, and neutral substrate for terrazzo application.

1. Remove substances, including oil, grease, and curing compounds, that might impair bond of terrazzo system.
2. Roughen concrete substrates before installing terrazzo system according to NTMA's written recommendations.

B. Protect other work from dust generated by grinding operations. Control dust to prevent air pollution and comply with environmental protection regulations.

1. Erect and maintain temporary enclosures and other suitable methods to limit dust migration and to ensure adequate ambient temperatures and ventilation conditions during installation.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Comply with NTMA's written recommendations for terrazzo and accessory installation.

B. Installation Tolerance: Limit variation in terrazzo surface from level to 1/4 inch in 10 feet; noncumulative.

C. Underbed: Install structural-concrete underbed according to requirements specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

D. Strip Materials:

1. Divider and Control-Joint Strips:

    a. Locate divider strips centered over steel beams and joists.
    b. Install control-joint strips back to back and directly above concrete-slab control joints and install sealant if retraction occurs.
    c. Install strips in adhesive setting bed without voids below strips, or mechanically anchor strips as required to attach strips to substrate, as recommended by strip manufacturer.

2. Expansion-Joint Strips: Form expansion joints using divider strips and install directly above concrete-slab expansion joints.
3. Accessory Strips: Install accessory strips as required to provide a complete installation.
4. Strip Materials: Match existing pattern and finish in cafeteria.

E. Repair: Cut out and replace terrazzo areas that evidence lack of bond with substrate or underbed, including areas that emit a "hollow" sound if tapped. Cut out terrazzo areas in panels defined by strips and replace to match adjacent terrazzo, or repair panels according to NTMA's written recommendations, as approved by Architect.

F. Beam 6" or larger in width terrazzo strip at each flange.

3.4 CEMENTITIOUS TERRAZZO INSTALLATION

A. Pour in place, cure, and finish portland cement terrazzo according to NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated.

B. Terrazzo Topping Thickness: As indicated.

C. Finishing:

1. Seed additional stone chips in matrix to uniformly distribute granular material on surface.
2. Delay fine grinding until heavy trade work is complete and construction traffic through area is restricted.
3. Fine Grinding: Grind with stones 120 grit or finer until all grout is removed from surface. Repeat rough grinding, grout coat, and fine grinding if large voids exist after initial fine grinding. Produce surface with a minimum of 70 percent aggregate exposure.

D. Cementitious Terrazzo Over Metal Deck: Place, cure, grind, grout and finish terrazzo according to NTMA's "Guide for Terrazzo Over Permanent Metal Forms".

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Cementititous Terrazzo Cleaning:

1. Remove grinding dust from installation and adjacent areas.
2. Wash surfaces with cleaner according to NTMA's written recommendations and manufacturer's written instructions; rinse surfaces with water and allow to dry thoroughly.

B. Sealing:

1. Seal surfaces according to NTMA's written recommendations.
2. Apply sealer according to sealer manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Protection: Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to Installer, that ensure that terrazzo is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

3.6 TERRAZZO SCHEDULE **(New Terrazzo must match existing in color, material, and chip size)**

TZ-1	Warm Neutral
TZ-2	Lt. Gray
TZ-3	Black
TZ-4	Dark Gray

END OF SECTION 09401

SECTION 09511
ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems for ceilings.

B. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices to be cast in concrete at ceilings.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. AC: Articulation Class.

B. CAC: Ceiling Attenuation Class.

C. LR: Light Reflectance coefficient.

D. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Samples for Verification: For each component indicated and for each exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below. Ceiling tile and suspension system to match existing. Field verify as necessary.

1. Acoustical Panel: Set of 6-inch- square Samples of each type, color, pattern, and texture.

C. Qualification Data: For testing agency.

D. Field quality-control test reports.

E. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each acoustical panel ceiling.

F. Research/Evaluation Reports: For each acoustical panel ceiling and components and anchor and fastener type.

G. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling panel and supporting suspension system through one source from a single manufacturer.

B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide acoustical panel ceilings that comply with the following requirements:

1. Fire-Resistance Characteristics: Where indicated, provide acoustical panel ceilings identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

   a. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another testing and inspecting agency.
   b. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide acoustical panels with the following surface-burning characteristics complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84:

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver acoustical panels, suspension system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.

B. Before installing acoustical panels, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.

C. Handle acoustical panels carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical panel ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

1. Pressurized Plenums: Operate ventilation system for not less than 48 hours before beginning acoustical panel ceiling installation.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of acoustical panels and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

1.9 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Acoustical Ceiling Panels: Full-size panels equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.
2. Suspension System Components: Quantity of each exposed component equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.
3. Hold-Down Clips: Equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACOUSTICAL PANELS, GENERAL

A. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard panels of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, patterns, acoustical ratings, and light reflectances, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Mounting Method for Measuring NRC: Type E-400; plenum mounting in which face of test specimen is 15-3/4 inches away from test surface per ASTM E 795.

B. Acoustical Panel Colors and Patterns: Match appearance characteristics indicated for each product type.

1. Where appearance characteristics of acoustical panels are indicated by referencing pattern designations in ASTM E 1264 and not manufacturers' proprietary product designations, provide products selected by Architect from each manufacturer's full range that comply with requirements indicated for type, pattern, color, light reflectance, acoustical performance, edge detail, and size.

2.2 ACOUSTICAL PANELS FOR ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILING **(APC-1)**

A. Products: Match material used by Owner in existing building.

B. Classification: Provide fire-resistance-rated panels complying with ASTM E 1264 for type, form, and pattern as follows:

1. Type and Form: Type III, mineral base with painted finish.

C. Color: White. Match existing.

D. Edge/Joint Detail: Square.

E. Thickness: 5/8 inch.

F. Modular Size: 24 by 24 inches.

2.3 ACOUSTICAL PANELS FOR ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILING **(APC-2)**

A. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Fine Fissued, Fine Look #2842.
2. USG Interiors, Inc.; Equal.

C. Classification: Provide panels complying with ASTM E 1264 for type, form, and pattern as follows:

1. Type and Form: Type III, mineral base with painted finish; Form 2, water felted.

D. Color: White.

E. LR: Not less than 0.84.

F. NRC: Not less than 0.50.

G. CAC: Not less than 30.

H. Edge/Joint Detail: As indicated by product.

I. Thickness: 3/4 inch.

J. Modular Size: 24 by 24 inches.

K. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard.

2.4 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEMS, GENERAL

A. Metal Suspension System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard direct-hung metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable requirements in ASTM C 635.

B. Finishes and Colors, General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes. Provide manufacturer's standard factory-applied finish for type of system indicated.

C. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.

D. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:

1. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.

E. Hanger Rods: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.

F. Hold-Down Clips: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's standard hold-down clips spaced 24 inches o.c. on all cross tees.

G. Impact Clips: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's standard impact-clip system designed to absorb impact forces against acoustical panels.

2.5 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM FOR ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILING

A. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

B. Products: Match existing.

C. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Fire-Rated Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, not less than G30 coating designation, with prefinished 15/16-inch- wide metal caps on flanges.

1. Structural Classification: Heavy-duty system.
2. End Condition of Cross Runners: Override (stepped) or Butt-edge type.
3. Face Design: Flat, flush.
4. Cap Material: Steel or aluminum cold-rolled sheet.
5. Cap Finish: Painted white.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing to which acoustical panel ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical panel ceilings.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install acoustical panel ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636 and seismic design requirements indicated, per manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."

B. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:

1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
2. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
3. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
4. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
5. Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both structure to which hangers are attached and type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
6. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
7. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
8. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
9. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
10. Space hangers not more than 48 inches o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers, unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches from ends of each member.
11. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.

C. Secure bracing wires to ceiling suspension members and to supports with a minimum of four tight turns. Suspend bracing from building's structural members as required for hangers, without attaching to permanent metal forms, steel deck, or steel deck tabs. Fasten bracing wires into concrete with cast-in-place or postinstalled anchors.

D. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical panels.

1. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.
2. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches o.c. and not more than 3 inches from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet. Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
3. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.

E. Install suspension system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.

F. Install acoustical panels with undamaged edges and fit accurately into suspension system runners and edge moldings. Scribe and cut panels at borders and penetrations to provide a neat, precise fit.

1. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical panels as follows:

   a. As indicated on reflected ceiling plans.

2. For square-edged panels, install panels with edges fully hidden from view by flanges of suspension system runners and moldings.
3. For reveal-edged panels on suspension system members with box-shaped flanges, install panels with reveal surfaces in firm contact with suspension system surfaces and panel faces flush with bottom face of runners.
4. Paint cut edges of panel remaining exposed after installation; match color of exposed panel surfaces using coating recommended in writing for this purpose by acoustical panel manufacturer.
5. Protect lighting fixtures and air ducts to comply with requirements indicated for fire-resistance-rated assembly.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, including trim, edge moldings, and suspension system members. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION 09511

SECTION 09621
FLUID-APPLIED SPORTS FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes polyurethane flooring that is fluid applied over base mats.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 9 Section "Resilient Wall Base and Accessories and Resilient Floor Tile" for wall base and accessories installed with fluid-applied sports flooring.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Show installation details for flooring including layout, colors, widths, and dimensions of game lines and markers and locations of athletic equipment floor inserts.

C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing colors and glosses available for flooring.

D. Samples for Verification: For each color, gloss, and texture of flooring required, 12 inches square, applied to a rigid backing.

E. Qualification Data: For Installer.

F. Maintenance Data: For fluid-applied sports flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An installer (applicator) who is approved, trained, or certified by fluid-applied sports flooring manufacturer.

B. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures related to flooring application including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Substrate conditions, including moisture content.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, humidity, ventilation, and other conditions affecting flooring application.

1. Do not apply flooring until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof; wet work in spaces is complete and dry; and overhead work, including installing mechanical systems, lighting, and athletic equipment, is complete.

B. Conditioning Period: Begins not less than seven days before flooring application, is continuous through application, and continues not less than three days after application.

1. During conditioning period, maintain an ambient temperature between 65 and 75 deg F and not more than 50 percent relative humidity in spaces to receive flooring.
2. After conditioning period, maintain relative humidity and ambient temperature planned for building occupants.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FLUID-APPLIED SPORTS FLOORING (RFP-1)

A. Flooring Applied over Base Mats:

1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Robbins, Inc.; Pulastic.
b. Architect's pre-approved equal.

3. Resilient Base Mat: Manufacturer's standard base mats of granulated recycled rubber in polyurethane binder.

a. Thickness: 9/32 inch.

4. Base-Mat Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard two-component polyurethane.
5. Base-Mat Sealer: Manufacturer's standard two-component polyurethane compound formulated for sealing base mat.
6. Body Coat(s): Two-component, self-leveling, pigmented, polyurethane containing no rubber fillers and no mercury.
7. Topcoat (Finish Coat): Manufacturer's standard pigmented polyurethane.

a. Color: Dusty Grey #506. Verify that color matches existing.
b. Surface Texture: Smooth.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer (Applicator) present, for conditions affecting performance of flooring including substrate moisture content. Begin flooring application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Concrete Slabs: Verify that concrete slabs are flat, level, and dry.

1. Flatness Tolerance: Maximum 1/8 inch in 10 feet when measured with a straight edge.
2. Moisture Testing:

a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test per ASTM F 1869, as follows:

1) Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft. and perform not less than 2 tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
2) Proceed with application only after substrates do not exceed the maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate recommended by manufacturer, but not more than 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.

b. Determine relative humidity of concrete slabs using in situ probes per ASTM F 2170.

1) Proceed with application only after substrates have maximum relative humidity recommended in writing by manufacturer, but not more than 69 percent.

c. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing. Verify with manufacturer.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Concrete Substrates: Prepare and clean substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Remove laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants that might impair flooring bond. Remove contaminants using mechanical means.
2. Treat nonmoving substrate cracks and control joints to prevent cracks from telegraphing (reflecting) through flooring according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
3. Protect substrate voids and joints to prevent flooring resins from flowing into or leaking through them.

B. Protect walls, floor openings, athletic equipment inserts, electrical openings, door frames, and other obstructions during installation. Cover floor and wall areas at mixing stations.

3.3 APPLICATION

A. General: Mix and apply flooring components according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1. At substrate expansion, isolation, and other moving joints, install continuous joint of same width through flooring.

B. Flooring Applied over Base Mats:

1. Adhesively apply resilient base mats to substrate according to manufacturer's written instructions.

   a. Base mats must not be in compression. Leave gap of width recommended in writing by manufacturer at butted base-mat sheets, walls, floor openings, athletic equipment inserts, electrical openings, door frames, and other obstructions.
   b. Roll base mats to set them into adhesive and eliminate air pockets.
   c. Repair ridges at seams, loose areas, and air pockets according to manufacturer's written instructions.

2. Apply seal coat to base mats before applying body coat(s).
3. Smooth ridges and high spots in seal coat before applying elastomeric resin.
4. Apply elastomeric resin and topcoat to produce a uniform surface and finish.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect fluid-applied sports flooring during remainder of construction period to allow it to cure and to ensure that flooring and finish are without damage or deterioration at the time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 09621

SECTION 09651
RESILIENT FLOOR TILE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Vinyl composition tile (VCT).

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Samples for Verification: Chip-size units of each color and pattern of resilient floor tile required.

C. Maintenance Data: For resilient products to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products identical to those tested for fire-exposure behavior per test method indicated by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F. Store tiles on flat surfaces.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to receive floor tile during the following time periods:

1. 48 hours before installation.
2. During installation.
3. 48 hours after installation.

B. After postinstallation period, maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.

C. Close spaces to traffic during floor covering installation.

D. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after floor covering installation.

E. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Floor Tile: Furnish 1 box for every 50 boxes or fraction thereof, of each type, color, and pattern of floor tile installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the products listed in other Part 2 articles.

B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products listed in other Part 2 articles.

2.2 COLORS AND PATTERNS

A. Colors and Patterns: As indicated by manufacturer's designations.

2.3 VINYL COMPOSITION TILE **VCT-1**

A. Vinyl Composition Tile (VCT): ASTM F 1066.

1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Standard Excelon, Imperial Texture, #51904 Sterling.

B. Class: 2 (through-pattern tile).

C. Wearing Surface: Smooth.

D. Thickness: 0.125 inch.

E. Size: 12 by 12 inches.

F. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics:

1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm per ASTM E 648.

2.4 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic cement based formulation provided or approved by resilient product manufacturer for applications indicated.

B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.

1. Use adhesives that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):

a. VCT and Asphalt Tile Adhesives: 50 g/L.

C. Stair-Tread-Nose Filler: Two-part epoxy compound recommended by resilient tread manufacturer to fill nosing substrates that do not conform to tread contours.

D. Metal Edge Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edges of tiles, and in maximum available lengths to minimize running joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, moisture content, and other conditions affecting performance.

1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written recommendations to ensure adhesion of resilient products.

B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.

1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
2. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
3. Moisture Testing:

    a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
    b. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

C. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.

D. Access Flooring Panels: Remove protective film of oil or other coating using method recommended by access flooring manufacturer.

E. Use trowelable leveling and patching compound to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.

F. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.

1. Do not install resilient products until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.

G. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, and dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.3 TILE INSTALLATION

A. Lay out tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.

1. Lay tiles square with room axis.

B. Match tiles for color and pattern by selecting tiles from cartons in the same sequence as manufactured and packaged, if so numbered. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed tiles.

1. Lay tiles with grain direction alternating in adjacent tiles (basket-weave pattern).

C. Scribe, cut, and fit tiles to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, door frames, thresholds, and nosings.

D. Extend tiles into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.

E. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor tiles as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.

F. Install tiles on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in finished floor areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern with pieces of tile installed on covers. Tightly adhere tile edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.

G. Adhere tiles to flooring substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient product installation:

1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.

    a. Do not wash surfaces until after time period recommended by manufacturer.

B. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period. Use protection methods recommended in writing by manufacturer.

1. Do not apply protective floor polish. All floor finishes to be by Owner.
2. Cover products installed on horizontal surfaces with undyed, untreated building paper until Substantial Completion.
3. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over surfaces. Place hardboard or plywood panels over flooring and under objects while they are being moved. Slide or roll objects over panels without moving panels.

END OF SECTION 09651

SECTION 09652
RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Homogeneous vinyl sheet floor covering.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 9 Section "Resilient Floor Tile" for resilient floor tile.
2. Division 9 Section "Resilient Wall Base and Accessories" for resilient base, reducer strips, and other accessories installed with resilient floor coverings.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Samples for Verification: In manufacturer's standard chip size sections of each different color and pattern of floor covering required.

1. For heat-welding bead, manufacturer's standard-size Samples.

C. Product Schedule: For floor coverings.

D. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.

E. Maintenance Data: For each type of floor covering to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs workers for this Project who are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for floor covering installation and seaming method indicated.

1. Engage an installer who employs workers for this Project who are trained or certified by floor covering manufacturer for installation techniques required.

B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.

1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store floor coverings and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F. Store rolls upright.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 85 deg F, in spaces to receive floor coverings during the following time periods:

1. 48 hours before installation.
2. During installation.
3. 48 hours after installation.

B. Until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.

C. Close spaces to traffic during floor covering installation.

D. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after floor covering installation.

E. Install floor coverings after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Floor Covering: Furnish quantity not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, in roll form and in full roll width for each color, pattern, and type of floor covering installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 VINYL SHEET FLOOR COVERING SV-1

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:

1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Possibilities Petit Point; Charcoal Gray #88210.

B. Unbacked Vinyl Sheet Floor Covering: ASTM F 1913, 0.080 inch thick.

C. Wearing Surface: Smooth.

D. Sheet Width: 6 feet.

E. Seaming Method: Heat welded. Welding rod #W0084 to match product selected.

2.2 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.

B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit floor covering and substrate conditions indicated.

1. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of not more than 50 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

C. Seamless-Installation Accessories:

1. Heat-Welding Bead: Manufacturer's solid-strand product for heat welding seams.

D. Floor Polish: Provide protective liquid floor polish products as recommended by manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

B. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of floor coverings.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of floor coverings.

B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.

1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and as follows. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

    a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
    b. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.

C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.

D. Do not install floor coverings until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.

1. Move floor coverings and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.

E. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by floor coverings immediately before installation.

3.3 FLOOR COVERING INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing floor coverings.

B. Unroll floor coverings and allow them to stabilize before cutting and fitting.

C. Lay out floor coverings as follows:

1. Maintain uniformity of floor covering direction.
2. Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inches away from parallel joints in floor covering substrates.
3. Match edges of floor coverings for color shading at seams.
4. Avoid cross seams.

D. Scribe and cut floor coverings to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.

E. Extend floor coverings into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.

F. Maintain reference markers, holes, or openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor coverings as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.

G. Install floor coverings on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in installation areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern between pieces of floor coverings installed on covers and adjoining floor covering. Tightly adhere floor covering edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.

H. Adhere floor coverings to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

I. Seamless Installation:

1. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and use welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining floor covering surfaces.
2. Chemically-Bonded Seams: Bond seams with chemical-bonding compound to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare seams and apply compound to produce tightly-fitted seams without gaps, overlays, or excess bonding compound on floor covering surfaces.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of floor coverings.

B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing floor covering installation:

1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from floor covering surfaces.
2. Sweep and vacuum floor coverings thoroughly.
3. Damp-mop floor coverings to remove marks and soil.

C. Protect floor coverings from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.

D. Floor Polish: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from floor covering before applying liquid floor polish.

1. Apply as recommended by manufacturer.

E. Cover floor coverings until Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 09652

SECTION 09653
RESILIENT WALL BASE AND ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Resilient base.
2. Resilient molding accessories.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 9 Section "Sheet Vinyl Floor Coverings" for resilient sheet floor coverings.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product indicated.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type of product indicated, in manufacturer's standard chip size Samples of each resilient product color, texture, and pattern required.

D. Product Schedule: For resilient products.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.

1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to receive resilient products during the following time periods:

1. 48 hours before installation.
2. During installation.
3. 48 hours after installation.

B. Until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.

C. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, pattern, and size of resilient product installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RESILIENT BASE RB-1

A. Resilient Base:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Johnsonite.
b. Nora Rubber Flooring; Freudenberg Building Systems, Inc.
c. Roppe Corporation, USA.

B. Resilient Base Standard: ASTM F 1861.

1. Material Requirement: Type TS (rubber, vulcanized thermoset) or Type TP (rubber, thermoplastic).
2. Manufacturing Method: Group I (solid, homogeneous).

3. Style: Cove (base with toe).

C. Minimum Thickness: 0.125 inch.

D. Height: 4 inches.

E. Lengths: Coils in manufacturer's standard length.

F. Outside Corners: Job formed or preformed.

G. Inside Corners: Job formed or preformed.

H. Finish: Satin.

I. Colors and Patterns: Contractor to match existing.

2.2 RESILIENT MOLDING ACCESSORY

A. Resilient Molding Accessory:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Johnsonite.
b. Roppe Corporation, USA.

B. Description: Transition strips.

C. Material: Rubber.

D. Profile and Dimensions: As indicated.

E. Colors and Patterns: Match rubber base.

2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.

B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.

1. Use adhesives that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):

a. Cove Base Adhesives: Not more than 50 g/L.
b. Rubber Floor Adhesives: Not more than 60 g/L.

C. Stair-Tread-Nose Filler: Two-part epoxy compound recommended by resilient tread manufacturer to fill nosing substrates that do not conform to tread contours.

D. Metal Edge Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edges of tiles, and in maximum available lengths to minimize running joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

B. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.

B. Concrete Substrates for Resilient Stair Treads and Accessories: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.

1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer.
4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

    a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
    b. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.

C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.

D. Do not install resilient products until they are same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.

1. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.

E. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation.

3.3 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.

B. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.

C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practicable without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.

D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.

E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.

F. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.

G. Preformed Corners: Install preformed corners before installing straight pieces.

H. Job-Formed Corners:

1. Outside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible. Form without producing discoloration (whitening) at bends.
2. Inside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible.

3.4 RESILIENT ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient accessories.

B. Resilient Stair Accessories:

1. Use stair-tread-nose filler to fill nosing substrates that do not conform to tread contours.
2. Tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece.
3. For treads installed as separate, equal-length units, install to produce a flush joint between units.

C. Resilient Molding Accessories: Butt to adjacent materials and tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece. Install reducer strips at edges of carpet and resilient floor covering that would otherwise be exposed.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of resilient products.

B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient product installation:

1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.

C. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.

D. Cover resilient products until Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 09653

SECTION 09680
CARPET

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Tufted carpet.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 9 Section "Resilient Floor Tile and Resilient Wall Base and Accessories" for resilient wall base and accessories installed with carpet.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following, including installation recommendations for each type of substrate:

1. Carpet: For each type indicated. Include manufacturer's written data on physical characteristics, durability, and fade resistance.

B. Samples: For each of the following products and for each color and texture required. Label each Sample with manufacturer's name, material description, color, pattern, and designation indicated on Drawings and in schedules.

1. Carpet: 12-inch- square Sample.

C. Qualification Data: For Installer.

D. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

E. Maintenance Data: For carpet to include in maintenance manuals. Include the following:

1. Methods for maintaining carpet, including cleaning and stain-removal products and procedures and manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule.

F. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the Floor Covering Installation Board or who can demonstrate compliance with its certification program requirements.

B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products with the critical radiant flux classification indicated in Part 2, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 648 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

C. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures related to carpet installation including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Review delivery, storage, and handling procedures.
2. Review ambient conditions and ventilation procedures.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Comply with CRI 104, Section 5, "Storage and Handling."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Comply with CRI 104, Section 7.2, "Site Conditions; Temperature and Humidity" and Section 7.12, "Ventilation."

B. Environmental Limitations: Do not install carpet until wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

C. Do not install carpet over concrete slabs until slabs have cured, are sufficiently dry to bond with adhesive, and have pH range recommended by carpet manufacturer.

D. Where demountable partitions or other items are indicated for installation on top of carpet, install carpet before installing these items.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty for Carpet: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of carpet due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse.
2. Failures include, but are not limited to, more than 10 percent loss of face fiber, edge raveling, snags, runs, loss of tuft bind strength, excess static discharge, and delamination.
3. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below, before installation begins, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Carpet: Full-width rolls equal to 5 percent of amount installed for each type indicated, but not less than 10 sq. yd.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CPT-1 (Resilient Textile Sheet Flooring)

A. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Lees

a. Color: Patina 002.
b. Pattern: Thai Silk.
c. Source: Manufacturer's Representative: Ken Lobbes, 800-523-5647 ext. 7127

B. Fiber Content: 100 percent nylon 6, 6.

C. Fiber Type: Invista Nylon.

D. Total Weight: 58.98 oz./sq. yd. for finished carpet.

E. Total Sheet Thickness: 0.169"

F. Backing Materials: Closed cell vinyl cushion, fiberglass stabilized.

G. Width: 6'-6-3/4".

H. Applied Soil-Resistance Treatment: DuraTech.

I. Antimicrobial Treatment: Bioguard by Lees.

J. Performance Characteristics: As follows:

1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.
2. Dry Breaking Strength: Not less than 100 lbf per ASTM D 2646.
3. Delamination: No delamination with normal use.

4. Resistance to Insects: Comply with AATCC 24.
5. Colorfastness to Crocking: Not less than 4, wet and dry, per AATCC 165.
6. Colorfastness to Light: Not less than 4 after 60 AFU (AATCC fading units) per AATCC 16, Option E.
7. Antimicrobial Activity: Not less than 2-mm halo of inhibition for gram-positive bacteria; not less than 1-mm halo of inhibition for gram-negative bacteria; no fungal growth; per AATCC 174.
8. Electrostatic Propensity: Less than 3.0 kV per AATCC 134.
9. VOC Limits: Provide carpet that complies with the following limits for VOC content when tested according to ASTM D 5116:

    a. Total VOCs: 0.5 mg/sq. m x h.
    b. 4-PC (4-Phenylcyclohexene): 0.05 mg/sq. m x h.
    c. Formaldehyde: 0.05 mg/sq. m x h.
    d. Styrene: 0.4 mg/sq. m x h.

2.2 CPT-2

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:

1. Bentley Prince Street

    a. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
    b. Pattern: Entendre Loop.

B. Fiber Content: 100 percent nylon 6, 6.

C. Fiber Type: DuPont Antron.

D. Pile Characteristic: Level loop.

E. Stitches: 12.0/in.

F. Yarn Weight: 31 oz./sq. yd.

G. Total Weight: 66 oz./sq. yd. for finished carpet.

H. Backing Materials: Manufacturer's standard.

I. Width: 12 feet.

J. Applied Soil-Resistance Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material

K. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material.

2.3 INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or recommended by carpet manufacturer.

B. Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, nonstaining type to suit products and subfloor conditions indicated, that complies with flammability requirements for installed carpet and is recommended or provided by carpet manufacturer.

C. Tackless Carpet Stripping: Water-resistant plywood, in strips as required to match cushion thickness and that comply with CRI 104, Section 12.2.

D. Seam Adhesive: Hot-melt adhesive tape or similar product recommended by carpet manufacturer for sealing and taping seams and butting cut edges at backing to form secure seams and to prevent pile loss at seams.

E. Metal Edge Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edge of carpet, and of maximum lengths to minimize running joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content, alkalinity range, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting carpet performance. Examine carpet for type, color, pattern, and potential defects.

B. Concrete Subfloors: Verify that concrete slabs comply with ASTM F 710 and the following:

1. Slab substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, hardeners, and other materials that may interfere with adhesive bond. Determine adhesion and dryness characteristics by performing bond and moisture tests recommended by carpet manufacturer.
2. Subfloor finishes comply with requirements specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for slabs receiving carpet.
3. Subfloors are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits.

C. For wood subfloors, verify the following:

1. Underlayment over subfloor complies with requirements specified in Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry."
2. Underlayment surface is free of irregularities and substances that may interfere with adhesive bond or show through surface.

D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 7.3, "Site Conditions; Floor Preparation," and with carpet manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparing substrates.

B. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, depressions, and protrusions in substrates. Fill or level cracks,

holes and depressions 1/8 inch wide or wider, and protrusions more than 1/32 inch, unless more stringent requirements are required by manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, without using solvents. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by carpet manufacturer.

D. Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before installing carpet.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with CRI 104 and carpet manufacturer's written installation instructions for the following:

1. Direct-Glue-Down Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 9, "Direct Glue-Down Installation."
2. Double-Glue-Down Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 10, "Double Glue-Down Installation."
3. Carpet with Attached-Cushion Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 11, "Attached-Cushion Installations."
4. Preapplied Adhesive Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 11.4, "Pre-Applied Adhesive Systems (Peel and Stick)."
5. Hook-and-Loop Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 11.5, "Hook and Loop Technology."
6. Stretch-in Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 12, "Stretch-in Installation."
7. Stair Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 13, "Carpet on Stairs" for glue-down installation.

B. Comply with carpet manufacturer's written recommendations and Shop Drawings for seam locations and direction of carpet; maintain uniformity of carpet direction and lay of pile. At doorways, center seams under the door in closed position.

C. Do not bridge building expansion joints with carpet.

D. Cut and fit carpet to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet manufacturer.

E. Extend carpet into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.

F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on finish flooring as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.

G. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders to comply with CRI 104, Section 15, "Patterned Carpet Installations" and with carpet manufacturer's written recommendations.

H. Comply with carpet cushion manufacturer's written recommendations.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

A. Perform the following operations immediately after installing carpet:

1. Remove excess adhesive, seam sealer, and other surface blemishes using cleaner recommended by carpet manufacturer.
2. Remove yarns that protrude from carpet surface.
3. Vacuum carpet using commercial machine with face-beater element.

B. Protect installed carpet to comply with CRI 104, Section 16, "Protection of Indoor Installations."

C. Protect carpet against damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by carpet manufacturer and carpet adhesive manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 09680

SECTION 09681
CARPET TILE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes modular, fusion-bonded carpet tile.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 9 Section "Resilient Floor Tile and Resilient Wall Base and Accessories" for resilient wall base and accessories installed with carpet tile.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include manufacturer's written data on physical characteristics, durability, and fade resistance. Include installation recommendations for each type of substrate.

B. Shop Drawings: Show the following:

1. Columns, doorways, enclosing walls or partitions, built-in cabinets, and locations where cutouts are required in carpet tiles.
2. Carpet tile type, color, and dye lot.
3. Type of subfloor.
4. Type of installation.
5. Type, color, and location of edge, transition, and other accessory strips.
6. Transition details to other flooring materials.

C. Samples: For each of the following products and for each color and texture required. Label each Sample with manufacturer's name, material description, color, pattern, and designation indicated on Drawings and in schedules.

D. Qualification Data: For Installer.

E. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

F. Maintenance Data: For carpet tiles to include in maintenance manuals. Include the following:

1. Methods for maintaining carpet tile, including cleaning and stain-removal products and procedures and manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule.
2. Precautions for cleaning materials and methods that could be detrimental to carpet tile.

G. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the Floor Covering Installation Board or who can demonstrate compliance with its certification program requirements.

B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products with the critical radiant flux classification indicated in Part 2, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 648 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Comply with CRI 104, Section 5, "Storage and Handling."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Comply with CRI 104, Section 7.2, "Site Conditions; Temperature and Humidity" and Section 7.12, "Ventilation."

B. Environmental Limitations: Do not install carpet tiles until wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

C. Do not install carpet tiles over concrete slabs until slabs have cured and are sufficiently dry to bond with adhesive and concrete slabs have pH range recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.

D. Where demountable partitions or other items are indicated for installation on top of carpet tiles, install carpet tiles before installing these items.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty for Carpet Tiles: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet tile installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of carpet tile due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse.
2. Failures include, but are not limited to, more than 10 percent loss of face fiber, edge raveling, snags, runs, loss of tuft bind strength, dimensional stability, excess static discharge and delamination.
3. Warranty Period: 15 years from date of Substantial Completion.

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below, before installation begins, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Carpet Tile: Full-size units equal to 5 percent of amount installed for each type indicated, but not less than 10 sq. yd..

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CARPET TILE **CT-1**

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:

1. Interface

a. Color: 3463 Blue Prints.
b. Pattern: Robie House.
c. Source: Interface/Craig Boeve 800-336-0225 ext. 1206.

B. Fiber Content: DuPont Antron Lumena made with 100% recycled content nylon.

C. Pile Characteristic: Tufted textured loop pile.

D. Pile: 1.9 mm.

E. Gage: 1/12"

F. Tufted Yarn Weight: 17 oz..

G. Primary Backing: GlasBac RC Tile

H. Secondary Backing: GlasBac Tile.

I. Size: 19.69" x 19.69".

J. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material: Intersept

K. Performance Characteristics: As follows:

1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

2. Dry Breaking Strength: Not less than 100 lbf per ASTM D 2646.
3. Colorfastness to Crocking: Not less than 4, wet and dry, per AATCC 165.
4. Colorfastness to Light: Not less than 4 after 40 AFU (AATCC fading units) per AATCC 16, Option E.
5. Antimicrobial Activity: Not less than 2-mm halo of inhibition for gram-positive bacteria; not less than 1-mm halo of inhibition for gram-negative bacteria; no fungal growth; per AATCC 174.

2.2 CARPET TILE **CT-2**

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:

1. Interface

a. Color: 3610 Witchita.
b. Pattern: High Plains.

B. Fiber Content: DuPont Antron Lumena made with 100% recycled content nylon.

C. Pile Characteristic: Tufted textured loop pile.

D. Pile: 1.9 mm.

E. Gage: 1/12"

F. Tufted Yarn Weight: 17 oz..

G. Primary Backing: GlasBac RC Tile

H. Secondary Backing: GlasBac Tile.

I. Size: 19.69" x 19.69". .

J. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material: Intersept

K. Performance Characteristics: As follows:

1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.
2. Dry Breaking Strength: Not less than 100 lbf per ASTM D 2646.
3. Colorfastness to Crocking: Not less than 4, wet and dry, per AATCC 165.
4. Colorfastness to Light: Not less than 4 after 40 AFU (AATCC fading units) per AATCC 16, Option E.
5. Antimicrobial Activity: Not less than 2-mm halo of inhibition for gram-positive bacteria; not less than 1-mm halo of inhibition for gram-negative bacteria; no fungal growth; per AATCC 174.

2.3 INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.

B. Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, nonstaining, pressure-sensitive type to suit products and subfloor conditions indicated, that complies with flammability requirements for installed carpet tile and is recommended by carpet tile manufacturer for releasable installation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content, alkalinity range, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting carpet tile performance. Examine carpet tile for type, color, pattern, and potential defects.

B. Concrete Subfloors: Verify that concrete slabs comply with ASTM F 710 and the following:

1. Slab substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, hardeners, and other materials that may interfere with adhesive bond. Determine adhesion and dryness characteristics by performing bond and moisture tests recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
2. Subfloor finishes comply with requirements specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for slabs receiving carpet tile.
3. Subfloors are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits.

C. For wood subfloors, verify the following:

1. Underlayment over subfloor complies with requirements specified in Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry."
2. Underlayment surface is free of irregularities and substances that may interfere with adhesive bond or show through surface.

D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 6.2, "Site Conditions; Floor Preparation," and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparing substrates indicated to receive carpet tile installation.

B. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, depressions, and protrusions in substrates. Fill or level cracks, holes and depressions 1/8 inch wide or wider and protrusions more than 1/32 inch, unless more stringent requirements are required by manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, without using solvents. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.

D. Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before installing carpet tile.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 14, "Carpet Modules," and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions.

B. Installation Method: As recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.

C. Maintain dye lot integrity. Do not mix dye lots in same area.

D. Cut and fit carpet tile to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.

E. Extend carpet tile into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.

F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on finish flooring as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.

G. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Perform the following operations immediately after installing carpet tile:

1. Remove excess adhesive, seam sealer, and other surface blemishes using cleaner recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
2. Remove yarns that protrude from carpet tile surface.
3. Vacuum carpet tile using commercial machine with face-beater element.

B. Protect installed carpet tile to comply with CRI 104, Section 16, "Protection of Indoor Installations."

C. Protect carpet tile against damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 09681

SECTION 09841
ACOUSTICAL WALL PANELS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes back-mounted acoustical wall panels.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 9 Section "Acoustical Panel Ceilings" for acoustical ceiling panels supported by exposed suspension system and tested for noise reduction.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. NRC: Noise reduction coefficient.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of panel edge, core material, and mounting indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: For acoustical wall panels. Include mounting devices and details. Include elevations showing panel sizes and direction of fabric weave and pattern matching. Indicate panel edge and core materials.

C. Product Certificates: For each type of acoustical wall panel, signed by product manufacturer. Certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.

D. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fabricator Qualifications: Shop that employs skilled workers who custom-fabricate products similar to those required for this Project and whose products have a record of successful in-service performance.

B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide acoustical wall panels with the following surface-burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:

1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Comply with fabric and acoustical wall panel manufacturers' written instructions for minimum and maximum temperature and humidity requirements for shipment, storage, and handling.

B. Deliver materials and panels in unopened bundles and store in a temperature-controlled dry place with adequate air circulation.

C. Protect panel edges from crushing and impact.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical wall panels until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

B. Air-Quality Limitations: Protect acoustical wall panels from exposure to airborne odors, such as tobacco smoke, and install panels under conditions free from odor contamination of ambient air.

C. Field Measurements: Verify locations of acoustical wall panels by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of acoustical wall panels that fail in performance, materials, or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failure in performance includes, but is not limited to, acoustical performance.
2. Failures in materials include, but are not limited to, fabric sagging, distorting, or releasing from panel edge; or warping of core.
3. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CORE MATERIALS

A. Glass-Fiber Board: ASTM C 612, Type IA or Types IA and IB; density as specified, unfaced, dimensionally stable, molded rigid board, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 50, respectively.

B. Mineral-Fiber Board: Maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 15 and 5, respectively.

1. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide "Micore" by United States Gypsum Company; with perforated surface.

C. Cementitious-Fiber Board Core: Density of not less than 20 lb/cu. ft..

D. Tackable, Impact-Resistant, High-Density Face Layer: 1/8-inch- thick layer of compressed molded glass-fiber board with a minimum nominal density of 16 to 18 lb/cu. ft. laminated to face of core.

E. Impact-Resistant, Acoustically Transparent, Copolymer Face-Sheet Layer for High-Abuse Applications: 1/16- to 1/8-inch- thick layer of perforated, noncombustible, copolymer sheet laminated to face of core.

2.2 BACK-MOUNTED, EDGE-REINFORCED ACOUSTICAL WALL PANELS WITH GLASS-FIBER BOARD CORE **AWP-1**

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Finale Complete Wall System, Tectum, Inc.
2. Other approved equal.

B. Panel Construction: Manufacturer's standard panel construction consisting of facing material laminated to front face, edges, and back border of dimensionally stable, rigid glass-fiber board core; with edges chemically hardened or impact resistant and resilient to reinforce panel perimeter against warpage and damage.

C. Nominal Core Thickness and Overall System NRC: 1 inch and not less than NRC 0.80, for Type A mounting per ASTM E 795. Provide 3-1/2" thick furring strips with batt insulation.

D. Panel Width: Manufacturer's standard.

E. Panel Height: Fabricated height as indicated on Drawings. Refer to interior elevation sheets for locations.

F. Panel Edge Detail: Square.

G. Corner Detail: Square.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Sound-Absorption Performance: Provide acoustical wall panels with minimum NRCs indicated, as determined by testing per ASTM C 423 for mounting type specified.

B. Acoustical Wall Panels: Panel construction consisting of facing material adhered to face, edges and back border of dimensionally stable core; with rigid edges to reinforce panel perimeter against warpage and damage.

1. Glass-Fiber Board: Resin harden areas of core for attachment of mounting devices.

C. Dimensional Tolerances of Finished Units: Plus or minus 1/16 inch for the following:

1. Thickness.
2. Edge straightness.
3. Overall length and width.
4. Squareness from corner to corner.
5. Chords, radii, and diameters.

D. Back-Mounting Devices: Concealed on backside of panel, recommended to support weight of panel, with base-support bracket system where recommended by manufacturer for additional support of panels, and as follows:

1. As recommended by manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine fabric, substrates, blocking, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical wall panels.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install acoustical wall panels in locations indicated with vertical surfaces and edges plumb, top edges level and in alignment with other panels, faces flush, and scribed to fit adjoining work accurately at borders and at penetrations.

1. Cut units to be at least 50 percent of unit width, with facing material extended over cut edge to match uncut edge. Scribe acoustical wall panels to fit adjacent work. Butt joints tightly.

B. Comply with acoustical wall panel manufacturer's written instructions for installation of panels using type of concealed mounting accessories indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by manufacturer. Anchor panels securely to supporting substrate.

C. Installation Tolerances: As follows:

1. Variation from Level and Plumb: Plus or minus 1/16 inch.
2. Variation of Panel Joints from Hairline: Not more than 1/16 inch wide.

3.3 CLEANING

A. Clip loose threads; remove pills and extraneous materials.

B. Clean panels with fabric facing, on completion of installation, to remove dust and other foreign materials according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, to ensure that acoustical wall panels are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

B. Replace acoustical wall panels that cannot be cleaned and repaired, in a manner approved by Architect, before time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 09841

SECTION 09911
EXTERIOR PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following exterior substrates:

1. Steel.
2. Galvanized metal.
3. Wood.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 5 Sections for shop priming of metal substrates with primers specified in this Section.
2. Division 6 Sections for shop priming carpentry with primers specified in this section.
3. Division 9 Section "Interior Painting" for surface preparation and the application of paint systems on interior substrates.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. MPI Standards:

1. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
2. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.

1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.

B. Do not apply paints in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. ICI Paints.
2. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).

2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

A. Material Compatibility:

1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.

B. Colors: Match Architect's samples.

2.3 PRIMERS/SEALERS

A. Wood Knot Sealer: Sealer recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for use in paint system indicated.

B. Alkali Resistant Primer: MPI #3.

1. VOC Content: E Range of E1.

2.4 METAL PRIMERS

A. Alkyd Anticorrosive Metal Primer: MPI #79.

1. VOC Content: E Range of E1.

B. Cementitious Galvanized-Metal Primer: MPI #26.

1. VOC Content: E Range of E1.

2.5 WOOD PRIMERS

A. Exterior Alkyd Wood Primer: MPI #5

1. VOC Content: E Range of E3.

2.6 EXTERIOR ALKYD PAINTS

A. Exterior Alkyd Enamel (Semigloss): MPI #94 (Gloss Level 5).

1. VOC Content: E Range of E1.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of work.

B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:

1. Wood: 15 percent.

C. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.

D. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.

1. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.

B. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.

1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
2. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.

C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.

1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.

D. Steel Substrates: Remove rust and loose mill scale. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer.

E. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.

F. Wood Substrates:

1. Scrape and clean knots, and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
2. Sand surfaces that will be exposed to view and dust off.
3. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides and backsides of wood.
4. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.

3.3 APPLICATION

A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
2. Paint surfaces behind movable items same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed items with prime coat only.

B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.

C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.

D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing of Paint Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure at any time and as often as Owner deems necessary during the period when paints are being applied:

1. Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample paint materials being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance of paint materials with product requirements.
3. Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying paints if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying-paint materials from Project site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces painted with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously

painted surfaces if, on repainting with complying materials, the two paints are incompatible.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.

B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.

C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.

D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.6 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

A. Steel Substrates:

1. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 5.1D.

    a. Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive metal primer.
    b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
    c. Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel semigloss.

B. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:

1. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 5.3B.

    a. Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
    b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
    c. Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel semigloss.

C. Wood Panel Substrates: Including plywood or OSB soffits

1. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 6.4B

    a. Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd wood primer.
    b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
    c. Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel semigloss.

END OF SECTION 09911

SECTION 09912
INTERIOR PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following interior substrates:

1. Concrete.
2. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
3. Steel.
4. Galvanized metal.
5. Gypsum board.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 9 Section "Exterior Painting" for surface preparation and the application of paint systems on exterior substrates.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Samples for Verification: For each type of paint system and in each color and gloss of topcoat indicated.

C. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:

1. Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the proposed product highlighted.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. MPI Standards:

1. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
2. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.

1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.

B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that are from same production run (batch mix) as materials applied and that are packaged for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Quantity: Furnish an additional 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. ICI Paints.
2. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).

2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

A. Material Compatibility:

1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

B. Colors: As indicated.

IPS-1: Match existing. Owner to provide color.

IPS-2: Equal to Rosco Laboratories (Phone #800-767-2669) Color #5711 Chroma Key Green.

IPS-3: Frame Color: Match Existing: Field verify as necessary.

2.3 BLOCK FILLERS

A. Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler: MPI #4.

2.4 PRIMERS/SEALERS

A. Interior Latex Primer/Sealer: MPI #50.

2.5 METAL PRIMERS

A. Alkyd Anticorrosive Metal Primer: MPI #79.

2.6 LATEX PAINTS

A. Interior Latex (Flat): MPI #53 (Gloss Level 1).

B. Interior Latex (Semigloss): MPI #54 (Gloss Level 5).

2.7 ALKYD PAINTS

A. Interior Alkyd (Semigloss): MPI #47 (Gloss Level 5).

2.8 FLOOR COATINGS

A. Interior/Exterior Clear Concrete Floor Sealer (Solvent Based): MPI #104. (Finish indicated in Color Plans as S.C.)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of work.

B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:

1. Concrete: 12 percent.
2. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
3. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.

C. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.

D. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.

1. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.

B. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.

1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
2. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.

C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.

1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.

D. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.

E. Concrete Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.

F. Steel Substrates: Remove rust and loose mill scale. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer.

G. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.

H. Gypsum Board Substrates: Do not begin paint application until finishing compound is dry and sanded smooth.

3.3 APPLICATION

A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.

B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.

C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.

D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

E. Painting Mechanical and Electrical Work: Paint items exposed in equipment rooms and occupied spaces including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Mechanical Work:

a. Uninsulated metal piping.
b. Uninsulated plastic piping.
c. Pipe hangers and supports.
d. Tanks that do not have factory-applied final finishes.
e. Visible portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets.
f. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
g. Mechanical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.

2. Electrical Work:

   a. Switchgear.
   b. Panelboards.
   c. Electrical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing of Paint Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure at any time and as often as Owner deems necessary during the period when paints are being applied:

   1. Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample paint materials being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
   2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
   3. Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying paints if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying-paint materials from Project site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces painted with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously painted surfaces if, on repainting with complying materials, the two paints are incompatible.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.

B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.

C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.

D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.6 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

A. Concrete Substrates, Traffic Surfaces:

   1. Clear Sealer System: MPI INT 3.2F.

      a. First Coat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).
      b. Topcoat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).

B. CMU Substrates:

1. Latex System: MPI INT 4.2A.

a. Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
b. Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
c. Topcoat: Interior latex (semigloss).

C. Steel Substrates:

1. Alkyd System: MPI INT 5.1E.

a. Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive metal primer.
b. Intermediate Coat: Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
c. Topcoat: Interior alkyd (semigloss).
d. Provide epoxy paint on metallic coated steel door frames in pool locker room area.

D. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:

1. Alkyd System: MPI INT 5.3C.

a. Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
b. Intermediate Coat: Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
c. Topcoat: Interior alkyd (semigloss).

E. Gypsum Board Substrates:

1. Latex System: MPI INT 9.2A.

a. Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
b. Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
c. Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) and (semigloss). Flat finish only on gypsum board bulkheads and ceilings. Semigloss finish at walls.

END OF SECTION 09912

SECTION 10101
VISUAL DISPLAY SURFACES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Markerboards.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Visual Display Boards: Markerboards and tackboards.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1. Include motor capacities and individual panel weights for sliding visual display units.
2. Include computer system requirements for electronic markerboards.

B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1. Show location of panel joints.
2. Show location of special-purpose graphics for visual display surfaces.
3. Include sections of typical trim members.
4. Include wiring diagrams for motor-operated, sliding visual display units.

C. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for surface-burning characteristics of vinyl fabrics.

D. Qualification Data: For Installer.

E. Maintenance Data: For visual display surfaces to include in maintenance manuals.

F. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative of motor-operated, sliding visual display unit manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of visual display surface through one source from a single manufacturer.

C. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of visual display surfaces and are based on the specific system indicated. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."

1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide fabrics with the surface-burning characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver factory-built visual display boards, including factory-applied trim where indicated, completely assembled in one piece without joints, where possible. If dimensions exceed maximum manufactured panel size, provide two or more pieces of equal length as acceptable to Architect. When overall dimensions require delivery in separate units, prefit components at the factory, disassemble for delivery, and make final joints at the site.

B. Store visual display units vertically with packing materials between each unit.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify dimensions by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating visual display surfaces without field measurements. Coordinate wall construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
2. Allow for trimming and fitting where taking field measurements before fabrication might delay the Work.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty for Porcelain-Enamel Face Sheets: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace porcelain-enamel face sheets that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Surfaces lose original writing and erasing qualities.
b. Surfaces become slick or shiny.
c. Surfaces exhibit crazing, cracking, or flaking.

2. Warranty Period: Life of the building.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.

2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Porcelain-Enamel Face Sheet: ASTM A 424, enameling-grade steel, uncoated thickness indicated; with exposed face and edges coated with primer, 1.7-to-2.5-mil- thick ground coat, and color cover coat; and concealed face coated with primer and 1.7-to-2.5-mil- thick ground coat.

1. Gloss-Finish Cover Coat: Gloss as indicated; dry-erase markers wipe clean with dry cloth or standard eraser. Minimum 3.0-to-4.0-mil- thick cover coat. Cover and ground coats shall be fused to steel at manufacturer's standard firing temperatures but not less than 1475 deg F.

a. Product: PolyVision Corporation; P^3 ceramicsteel Markerboard.

B. Hardboard: AHA A135.4, tempered.

C. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B 221, Alloy 6063.

2.3 MARKERBOARD ASSEMBLIES

A. Porcelain-Enamel Markerboard Assembly: Balanced, high-pressure, factory-laminated markerboard assembly of 3-ply construction consisting of backing sheet, core material, and 0.021-inch- thick, porcelain-enamel face sheet with high-gloss finish.

1. Available Manufacturers:

    a. Best-Rite Manufacturing.
    b. Claridge Products & Equipment, Inc.
    c. Egan Visual Inc.
    d. PolyVision Corporation.

2. Hardboard Core: 1/4 inch thick; with 0.005-inch- thick, 0.0129-inch- thick backing.
3. Laminating Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard moisture-resistant thermoplastic type.

B. Markerboard Sheet Assembly: Fabricated from 0.0209-inch- thick, porcelain-enamel face sheets for direct application to wall surface.

2.4 MARKERBOARD ACCESSORIES

A. Aluminum Frames and Trim: Fabricated from not less than 0.062-inch- thick, extruded aluminum; of size and shape indicated.

1. Field-Applied Trim: Manufacturer's standard snap-on trim with no visible screws or exposed joints.

B. Chalktray: Manufacturer's standard, continuous.

1. Solid Type: Extruded aluminum with ribbed section and smoothly curved exposed ends.

C. Map Rail: Provide the following accessories:

1. Display Rail: Continuous and integral with map rail; fabricated from cork approximately 1 to 2 inches wide.
2. End Stops: Located at each end of map rail.
3. Map Hooks: Two map hooks for every 48 inches of map rail or fraction thereof.

2.5 FABRICATION

A. Porcelain-Enamel Visual Display Assemblies: Laminate porcelain-enamel face sheet and backing sheet to core material under heat and pressure with manufacturer's standard flexible, waterproof adhesive.

B. Visual Display Boards: Factory assemble visual display boards, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Where factory-applied trim is indicated, trim shall be assembled and attached to visual display boards at manufacturer's factory before shipment.

C. Factory-Assembled Visual Display Units: Coordinate factory-assembled units with trim and accessories indicated. Join parts with a neat, precision fit.

1. Make joints only where total length exceeds maximum manufactured length. Fabricate with minimum number of joints, balanced around center of board, as acceptable to Architect.

2. Provide manufacturer's standard mullion trim at joints between markerboards and tackboards of combination units.
3. Where size of visual display boards or other conditions require support in addition to normal trim, provide structural supports or modify trim as indicated or as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard structural support accessories to suit conditions indicated.

D. Aluminum Frames and Trim: Fabricate units straight and of single lengths, keeping joints to a minimum. Miter corners to neat, hairline closure.

1. Where factory-applied trim is indicated, trim shall be assembled and attached to visual display units at manufacturer's factory before shipment.

2.6 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

C. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

D. Class II, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A31 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class II, clear coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, surface conditions of wall, and other conditions affecting performance.

1. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.

B. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of connections before installation of motor-operated, sliding visual display units.

C. Examine walls and partitions for proper backing for visual display surfaces.

D. Examine walls and partitions for suitable framing depth where sliding visual display units will be installed.

E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Remove dirt, scaling paint, projections, and depressions that will affect smooth, finished surfaces of visual display boards.

B. Prepare surfaces to achieve a smooth, dry, clean surface free of flaking, unsound coatings, cracks, defects, and substances that will impair bond between visual display boards and surfaces.

1. Seal wall surfaces indicated to receive visual display fabric.

C. Prepare recesses for sliding visual display units as required by type and size of unit.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. General: Install visual display surfaces in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at heights indicated below. Keep perimeter lines straight, level, and plumb. Provide grounds, clips, backing materials, adhesives, brackets, anchors, trim, and accessories necessary for complete installation.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF FACTORY-FABRICATED VISUAL DISPLAY UNITS

A. Visual Display Boards: Attach visual display boards to wall surfaces with egg-size adhesive gobs at 16 inches o.c. horizontally and vertically.

B. Visual Display Boards: Attach concealed clips, hangers, and grounds to wall surfaces and to visual display boards with fasteners at not more than 16 inches o.c. Secure both top and bottom of boards to walls.

1. Field-Applied Aluminum Trim: Attach trim over edges of visual display boards and conceal grounds and clips. Attach trim to boards with fasteners at not more than 24 inches o.c.

a. Attach chalktrays to boards with fasteners at not more than 12 inches o.c.

C. Display Rails: Install rails in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at height indicated below. Attach to wall surface with fasteners at not more than 16 inches o.c.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Clean visual display surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions. Attach one cleaning label to visual display surface in each room.

B. Touch up factory-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas.

C. Cover and protect visual display surfaces after installation and cleaning.

3.6 VISUAL DISPLAY SURFACE SCHEDULE

A. Visual Display Board: Factory assembled.

1. Markerboard: Porcelain-enamel markerboard assembly.

    a. Color: White.

2. Field-Applied Aluminum Trim: With clear anodic finish.
3. Accessories:

    a. Chalktray: Solid type.
    b. Map rail with end stops and map hooks.

4. Width: As indicated on Drawings.
5. Height: As indicated on Drawings.
6. Mounting: Wall, mechanically fastened.
7. Mounting Height: As indicated on Drawings.

END OF SECTION 10101

SECTION 10155
TOILET COMPARTMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes phenolic-core units as follows:

1. Toilet Enclosures: Overhead braced and Floor anchored.
2. Urinal Screens: Wall hung and Post supported.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 10 "Toilet and Bath Accessories" for toilet tissue dispensers, grab bars, purse shelves, and similar accessories.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1. Show locations of cutouts for compartment-mounted toilet accessories.

B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of unit indicated.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with requirements in CID-A-A-60003, "Partitions, Toilets, Complete."

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls, columns, ceilings, and other construction contiguous with toilet compartments by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating toilet compartments without

field measurements. Coordinate wall, floor, ceilings, and other contiguous construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PHENOLIC-CORE UNITS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following (**No Substitutions**):

1. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.- Sierra Series.

B. Door, Panel and Pilaster Construction: Solid phenolic-core panel material with melamine facing on both sides fused to substrate during panel manufacture (not separately laminated), and with eased and polished edges. Provide minimum 3/4-inch- thick doors and pilasters and minimum 1/2-inch- thick panels.

1. Facing Sheet Color: One color in each room as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.
2. Core Color: Manufacturer's standard dark color.

C. Pilaster Shoes: Stainless steel, ASTM A 666, Type 302 or 304, not less than 0.0312 inch specified thickness and 3 inches high, finished to match hardware.

D. Brackets (Fittings):

1. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets, stainless steel.
2. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel.

2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard design, heavy-duty operating hardware and accessories.

1. Material: Stainless steel.

B. Overhead Bracing: Manufacturer's standard continuous, extruded-aluminum head rail with antigrip profile and in manufacturer's standard finish.

C. Support Posts for Urinal Screens: Manufacturer's standard aluminum post with floor shoe for anchoring to floor construction.

D. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners of stainless steel or chrome-plated steel or brass, finished to match hardware, with theft-resistant-type heads. Provide sex-type bolts for through-bolt applications. For concealed anchors, use hot-dip galvanized or other rust-resistant, protective-coated steel.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Overhead-Braced Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant supports, leveling mechanism, fasteners, and anchors at pilasters to suit floor conditions. Make provisions for

setting and securing continuous head rail at top of each pilaster. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal supports and leveling mechanism.

B. Floor-Anchored Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies complete with threaded rods, lock washers, and leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for structural connection to floor. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal anchorage.

C. Doors: Unless otherwise indicated, provide 24-inch- wide in-swinging doors for standard toilet compartments and 36-inch- wide out-swinging doors with a minimum 32-inch- wide clear opening for compartments indicated to be accessible to people with disabilities.

1. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard self-closing type that can be adjusted to hold doors open at any angle up to 90 degrees.
2. Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's standard surface-mounted latch unit designed for emergency access and with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper. Provide units that comply with accessibility requirements of authorities having jurisdiction at compartments indicated to be accessible to people with disabilities.
3. Coat Hook: Manufacturer's standard combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper, sized to prevent door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories.
4. Door Bumper: Manufacturer's standard rubber-tipped bumper at out-swinging doors.
5. Door Pull: Manufacturer's standard unit at out-swinging doors that complies with accessibility requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Provide units on both sides of doors at compartments indicated to be accessible to people with disabilities.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install units rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.

1. Maximum Clearances:

   a. Pilasters and Panels: 1/2 inch.
   b. Panels and Walls: 1 inch.

2. Stirrup Brackets: Secure panels to walls and to pilasters with not less than three brackets attached at midpoint and near top and bottom of panel.

   a. Locate wall brackets so holes for wall anchors occur in masonry or tile joints.
   b. Align brackets at pilasters with brackets at walls.

B. Overhead-Braced Units: Secure pilasters to floor and level, plumb, and tighten. Secure continuous head rail to each pilaster with not less than two fasteners. Hang doors to align tops of doors with tops of panels and adjust so tops of doors are parallel with overhead brace when doors are in closed position.

C. Floor-Anchored Units: Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 2 inches into structural floor, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Level, plumb,

and tighten pilasters. Hang doors and adjust so tops of doors are level with tops of pilasters when doors are in closed position.

D. Wall-Hung and Post-Supported Urinal Screens: Attach with anchoring devices to suit supporting structure. Set units level and plumb and to resist lateral impact.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on out-swinging doors to return doors to fully closed position.

END OF SECTION 10155

SECTION 10505
METAL LOCKERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. All-welded, athletic metal lockers.
2. All-welded music instrument metal lockers.
3. Locker benches.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 6 Section "Miscellaneous Carpentry" for furring, blocking, and shims required for installing metal lockers and concealed within other construction before metal locker installation.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Uncoated Steel Sheet Thicknesses: Indicated as the minimum thicknesses.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of metal locker and bench.

B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1. Show sloping tops, filler panels, recess trim and other accessories.
2. Include locker identification system.

C. Samples for Initial Selection: For units with factory-applied color finishes.

D. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative of metal locker manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain metal lockers and accessories through one source from a single manufacturer.

C. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of metal lockers and are based on the specific system indicated. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."

1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

D. Regulatory Requirements: Where metal lockers are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)."

1. Provide not less than 1 shelf located no higher than 48 inches above the floor for forward reach.
2. Provide 1 shelf located at bottom of locker no lower than 15 inches above the floor for forward reach.
3. Provide hardware that does not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist, and that operates with a force of not more than 5 lbf.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Do not deliver metal lockers until spaces to receive them are clean, dry, and ready for metal locker installation.

B. Deliver master and control keys, combination control charts to Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify the following by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings:

1. Concealed framing, blocking, and reinforcements that support metal lockers before they are enclosed.
2. Recessed openings.
3. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish recessed opening dimensions and proceed with fabricating metal lockers without field measurements. Coordinate wall and floor construction to ensure that actual recessed opening dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of concrete and concrete masonry bases for metal lockers.

B. Coordinate sizes and locations of framing, blocking, furring, reinforcements, and other related units of Work specified in other Sections to ensure that metal lockers can be supported and installed as indicated.

1.9 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of metal lockers that fail in materials or workmanship, excluding finish, within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Structural failures.
b. Faulty operation of latches and other door hardware.

2. Damage from deliberate destruction and vandalism is excluded.
3. Warranty Period for All-Welded Metal Lockers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
4. Warranty Period for Knocked-Down Metal Lockers: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
5. Warranty Period for Music Instrument Metal Lockers: Lifetime Limited Warranty.

1.10 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below, before construction begins, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Full-size units of the following metal locker hardware items equal to 10 percent of amount installed for each type and finish installed, but no fewer than 5 units:

a. Identification plates.
b. Hooks.
c. Locks.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: The design for each metal locker specified is based on the product named. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide either the named product or a comparable product by one of the other manufacturers specified.

2. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the work include, but are not limited to, products specified.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008, Commercial Steel (CS) Type B, suitable for exposed applications.

B. Fasteners: Zinc- or nickel-plated steel, slotless-type exposed bolt heads, and self-locking nuts or lock washers for nuts on moving parts.

C. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for secure anchorage to each substrate.

1. Provide nonferrous-metal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts on inside face of exterior walls and elsewhere as required for corrosion resistance.
2. Provide toothed-steel or lead expansion sleeves for drilled-in-place anchors.

2.3 ALL-WELDED, ATHLETIC METAL LOCKERS (ML-1 and 2)

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Republic Storage Systems Co.; All Welded Ventilated Athletic Lockers or a comparable product of one of the following:

1. All-Welded, Athletic Metal Lockers:

a. Art Metal Products, Div. of Fort Knox Storage Co.
b. List Industries Inc.

B. Locker Arrangement: Single and double tier.

C. Body: Assembled by welding body components together. Fabricate from unperforated, cold-rolled steel sheet with thicknesses as follows:

1. Tops and Bottoms: 0.0528 inch thick, with single bend at edges.
2. Backs: 0.0428 inch thick.
3. Shelves: 0.0528 inch thick, with double bend at front and right-angle single bend at sides and back.

D. Unperforated Sides: Fabricated from 0.0528-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet.

E. Frames: Channel formed; fabricated from 0.0528-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet or 0.0966-inch- thick steel angles; lapped and factory welded at corners; with top and bottom main frames factory welded into vertical main frames. Form continuous, integral door strike full height on vertical main frames.

1. Cross Frames for Double-Tier Lockers: Channel formed and fabricated from same material as main frames; welded to vertical main frames.

F. Perforated Doors: One-piece, fabricated from 0.0677-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet with manufacturer's standard diamond perforations; formed into channel shape with double bend at vertical edges and with right-angle single bend at horizontal edges.

1. Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard reinforcing angles, channels, or stiffeners for doors more than 15 inches wide; welded to inner face of doors.

G. Hinges: Self-closing; welded to door and attached to door frame with not less than 2 factory-installed rivets per hinge that are completely concealed and tamper resistant when door is closed; fabricated to swing 180 degrees.

1. Knuckle Hinges: Steel, full loop, 5 or 7 knuckles, tight pin; minimum 2 inches high. Provide not less than 3 hinges for each door more than 42 inches high.

H. Recessed Door Handle and Latch: Stainless-steel cup with integral door pull, recessed so locking device does not protrude beyond face of door; pry resistant.

1. Multipoint Latching: Finger-lift latch control designed for use with built-in combination locks, built-in cylinder locks, or padlocks; positive automatic and prelocking.

a. Latch Hooks: Equip doors 48 inches and higher with 3 latch hooks and doors less than 48 inches high with 2 latch hooks; fabricated from minimum 0.1116-inch- thick steel; welded to full-height door strikes; with resilient silencer on each latch hook.
b. Latching Mechanism: Manufacturer's standard rattle-free latching mechanism and moving components isolated to prevent metal-to-metal contact, and incorporating a prelocking device that allows locker door to be locked while door is open and then closed without unlocking or damaging lock or latching mechanism.

I. Combination Padlocks: Provided by Owner.

J. Equipment: Equip each metal locker with identification plate and the following, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Single-Tier Units: Shelf, one double-prong ceiling hook, and two single-prong wall hooks.
2. Double-Tier Units: One double-prong ceiling hook and two single-prong wall hooks.

K. Accessories:

1. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated from minimum 0.0428-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; approximately 20-degree pitch.

a. Closures: Vertical-end type.

2. Recess Trim: Fabricated from 0.0428-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet.

L. Finish: Baked enamel.

1. Color(s): As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.4 ALL-WELDED, MUSIC INSTRUMENT METAL LOCKERS (MS-X)

A. Available Products:

1. DeBourgh Mfg. Co.; "Stars and Stripes".
2. Architect's Pre-approved equal.

B. Locker Arrangement: Single tier.

C. Body: Assembled by welding body components together. Fabricate from unperforated, cold-rolled steel sheet with thicknesses as follows:

1. Tops and Bottoms: 16 gauge thick.
2. Backs: 0.0428 inch thick.
3. Shelves: 18 gauge thick, with double bend at front and right-angle single bend at sides and back.

D. Frames: Channel formed; fabricated from 0.0528-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet or 0.0966-inch- thick steel angles; lapped and factory welded at corners; with top and bottom main frames factory welded into vertical main frames. Form continuous, integral door strike full height on vertical main frames.

1. Cross Frames for Double-Tier Lockers: Channel formed and fabricated from same material as main frames; welded to vertical main frames.

E. Locker Base: Structural channels, formed from 0.0528 inch thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; welded to front and rear of side-panel frames.

F. Doors: One-piece, fabricated from 16 gauge thick, cold-rolled steel sheet with manufacturer's standard diamond perforations; formed into channel shape with double bend at vertical edges and with right-angle single bend at horizontal edges.

1. Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard reinforcing angles, channels, or stiffeners for doors more than 15 inches wide; welded to inner face of doors.
2. Door Style: Vented panel as follows:

a. Louvered Vents: Manufacturer's standard.
b. Security Vents: Manufacturer's standard, stamped horizontal or vertical.
c. Perforated Vents: Manufacturer's standard shape and configuration.

G. Hinges: Self-closing; welded to door and attached to door frame with not less than 2 factory-installed rivets per hinge that are completely concealed and tamper resistant when door is closed; fabricated to swing 180 degrees.

1. Knuckle Hinges: Steel, full loop, 5 or 7 knuckles, tight pin; minimum 2 inches high. Provide not less than 3 hinges for each door more than 42 inches high.
2. Continuous Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, steel continuous hinge.
3. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, steel continuous or knuckle type.

H. Recessed Door Handle and Latch: Stainless-steel cup with integral door pull, recessed so locking device does not protrude beyond face of door; pry resistant.

1. Single-Point Latching: Nonmoving latch hook designed to engage bolt of built-in combination or cylinder lock.

a. Latch Hook: Equip each door with 1 latch hook, fabricated from minimum 0.1116 inch thick steel; welded midway up full height door strike; with resilient silencer.

I. Built-in Combination Locks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of at least five combination changes made automatically with a control key.

1. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt or automatically locking spring bolt.

J. Equipment: Equip each metal locker with identification plate and the following, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Single-Tier Units: Shelf, one double prong ceiling hook, and two single prong wall hooks.

K. Accessories:

1. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated from minimum 0.0428-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; approximately 20-degree pitch.

a. Closures: Vertical-end type.

2. Recess Trim: Fabricated from 0.0428-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet.
3. Filler Panels: Fabricated from 0.0428-inch-thick, cold-rolled steel sheet.

L. Finish: Baked enamel.

1. Color(s): As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

M. Schedule follows at end of section.

2.5 LOCKER BENCHES

A. General: Provide locker benches fabricated by same manufacturer as metal lockers.

B. Bench Tops: Manufacturer's standard 1-piece units, of the following material, minimum 9-1/2 inches wide by 1-1/4 inches thick, with rounded corners and edges:

1. Laminated maple with one coat of clear sealer on all surfaces, and one coat of clear lacquer on top and sides.

C. Fixed Pedestals: Manufacturer's standard supports, with predrilled fastener holes for attaching bench top and anchoring to floor, complete with fasteners and anchors, and as follows:

1. Cast Iron: 1-1/2-inch- diameter steel tubing threaded on both ends, with standard pipe flange at top and bell-shaped cast-iron base; with baked-enamel or powder-coat finish; anchored with exposed fasteners.

a. Color: Match metal lockers.

2.6 FABRICATION

A. General: Fabricate metal lockers square, rigid, and without warp; with metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion. Make exposed metal edges free of sharp edges and burrs, and safe to touch.

1. Form body panels, doors, shelves, and accessories from one-piece steel sheet, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Provide fasteners, filler plates, supports, clips, and closures as required for a complete installation.

B. Unit Principle: Fabricate each metal locker with an individual door and frame; individual top, bottom, and back; and common intermediate uprights separating compartments.

C. Knocked-Down Construction: Fabricate metal lockers for normal assembly at project site using nuts, bolts, screws or rivets. Factory weld frame members together to form a rigid, one-piece assembly.

D. All-Welded Construction: Factory preassemble metal lockers by welding all joints, seams, and connections, with no bolts, nuts, screws, or rivets used in assembly of main locker groups. Factory weld main locker groups into one-piece structures. Grind exposed welds flush.

E. Hooks: Manufacturer's standard ball-pointed type, aluminum or steel; zinc plated.

F. Identification Plates: Manufacturer's standard etched, embossed, or stamped aluminum plates; with numbers and letters at least 3/8 inch high.

G. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated in lengths as long as practicable, without visible fasteners at splice locations; finished to match lockers.

1. Sloped top corner fillers, mitered.

H. Recess Trim: Fabricated with minimum 2-1/2-inch face width and in lengths as long as practicable; finished to match lockers.

I. Filler Panels: Fabricated in an unequal leg angle shape; finished to match lockers. Provide slip joint filler angle formed to receive filler panel.

J. Finished End Panels: Designed for concealing unused penetrations and fasteners; except for perimeter fasteners, at exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers; finished to match lockers.

2.7 STEEL SHEET FINISHES

A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Factory finish steel surfaces and accessories except stainless-steel and chrome-plated surfaces.

C. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces of dirt, oil, grease, mill scale, rust, and other contaminants that could impair paint bond. Use manufacturer's standard methods.

D. Baked-Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning, pretreating, and phosphatizing, apply manufacturer's standard thermosetting baked-enamel finish. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine walls, floors, and support bases, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.

1. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install level, plumb, and true; shim as required, using concealed shims.

1. Anchor locker runs at ends and at intervals recommended by manufacturer, but not more than 36 inches o.c. Install anchors through backup reinforcing plates, channels, or blocking as required to prevent metal distortion, using concealed fasteners.
2. Anchor single rows of metal lockers to walls near top of lockers and to floor.

B. Knocked-Down Metal Lockers: Assemble knocked down metal lockers with standard fasteners, with no exposed fasteners on door faces or face frames.

C. All-Welded Metal Lockers: Connect groups of all-welded metal lockers together with standard fasteners, with no exposed fasteners on face frames.

D. Equipment and Accessories: Fit exposed connections of trim, fillers, and closures accurately together to form tight, hairline joints, with concealed fasteners and splice plates.

1. Attach hooks with at least two fasteners.
2. Attach door locks on doors using security-type fasteners.
3. Identification Plates: Identify metal lockers with identification indicated on Drawings.

    a. Attach plates to each locker door, near top, centered, with at least two aluminum rivets.

4. Attach recess trim to recessed metal lockers with concealed clips.
5. Attach sloping top units to metal lockers, with closures at exposed ends.
6. Attach boxed end panels with concealed fasteners to conceal exposed ends of non-recessed metal lockers.
7. Attach filler panels with concealed fasteners. Locate filler panels where indicated on drawings.
8. Attached finished end panels with fasteners only at perimeter to conceal exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers.

E. Fixed Locker Benches: Provide not less than 2 pedestals for each bench, uniformly spaced not more than 72 inches apart. Securely fasten tops of pedestals to undersides of bench tops, and anchor bases to floor.

3.3 ADJUSTING, CLEANING, AND PROTECTION

A. Clean, lubricate, and adjust hardware. Adjust doors and latches to operate easily without binding.

B. Protect metal lockers from damage, abuse, dust, dirt, stain, or paint. Do not permit metal locker use during construction.

C. Touch up marred finishes, or replace metal lockers that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by metal locker manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 10505

(NOTE: Individual doors per compart, TYP.)

(DeBourgh "Stars & Stripes" line or Equal)

84" METAL MUSIC CABINET

	WENGER (for reference)					
MS-1B	1	27"	**20"**	84"	Tall cabinet. 15 doors hinged left, 2 vertical dividers, 4 fixed shelves, 15 instrument compartments. Compartment size: 8" x 17"x 1.45"	Locking w/padlocks
MS-9B	5	27"	**40"**	84"	Tall cabinet. 10 doors hinged left, 1 vertical divider, 4 fixed shelves, 10 instrument compartments. Compartment size: 12" x 37" x 14.5"	Locking w/padlocks
MS-19B	10	27"	30"	84"	Tall cabinet. 3 doors hinged left, 3 compartment size: 25.5" x 27.5" x 25"	Locking w/padlocks

SECTION 10520
FIRE-PROTECTION SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Portable fire extinguishers.
2. Fire-protection cabinets for the following:

    a. Portable fire extinguishers.

3. Mounting brackets for fire extinguishers.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for firestopping sealants at fire-rated cabinets.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for fire-protection cabinets.

1. Fire Extinguishers: Include rating and classification.
2. Fire-Protection Cabinets: Include roughing-in dimensions, details showing mounting methods, relationships of box and trim to surrounding construction, door hardware, cabinet type, trim style, and panel style.

B. Maintenance Data: For fire extinguishers and fire-protection cabinets to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain fire extinguishers and fire-protection cabinets through one source from a single manufacturer.

B. NFPA Compliance: Fabricate and label fire extinguishers to comply with NFPA 10, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."

C. Fire Extinguishers: Listed and labeled for type, rating, and classification by an independent testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Provide fire extinguishers approved, listed, and labeled by FMG.

D. Fire-Rated Fire-Protection Cabinets: Listed and labeled to comply with requirements of ASTM E 814 for fire-resistance rating of walls where they are installed.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size of fire-protection cabinets to ensure that type and capacity of fire extinguishers indicated are accommodated.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of portable fire extinguishers that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Failure of hydrostatic test according to NFPA 10.
b. Faulty operation of valves or release levers.

2. Warranty Period: Six years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.

B. Tempered Float Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Quality q3, 3 mm thick, Class 1 (clear).

2.3 PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

A. Manufacturers:

1. JL Industries, Inc.
2. Kidde Fyrnetics.
3. Larsen's Manufacturing Company.

B. General: Provide fire extinguishers of type, size, and capacity for each fire-protection cabinet and mounting bracket indicated.

1. Valves: Manufacturer's standard.
2. Handles and Levers: Manufacturer's standard.
3. Instruction Labels: Include pictorial marking system complying with NFPA 10, Appendix B and bar coding for documenting fire extinguisher location, inspections, maintenance, and recharging.

C. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type in Steel Container: UL-rated 4-A:60-B:C, 10-lb nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in enameled-steel container.

2.4 FIRE-PROTECTION CABINET:

A. Manufacturers:

1. JL Industries, Inc.
2. Kidde Fyrnetics.
3. Larsen's Manufacturing Company.

B. Cabinet Type: Suitable for fire extinguisher.

C. Cabinet Construction: Nonrated.

D. Cabinet Material: Enameled-steel sheet.

E. Recessed Cabinet: Cabinet box recessed in walls of sufficient depth to suit style of trim indicated.

1. Exposed Flat Trim: One-piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend).

F. Cabinet Trim Material: Steel sheet.

G. Door Material: Steel sheet.

H. Door Style: Vertical duo panel with frame.

I. Door Glazing: Tempered float glass (clear).

J. Door Hardware: Manufacturer's standard door-operating hardware of proper type for cabinet type, trim style, and door material and style indicated.

1. Provide projecting door pull and friction latch.
2. Provide continuous hinge, of same material and finish as trim, permitting door to open 180 degrees.

K. Accessories:

1. Mounting Bracket: Manufacturer's standard steel, designed to secure fire extinguisher to fire-protection cabinet, of sizes required for types and capacities of fire extinguishers indicated, with plated or baked-enamel finish.
2. Identification: Lettering complying with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, size, spacing, and location. Locate as indicated by Architect.

    a. Identify fire extinguisher in fire-protection cabinet with the words "FIRE EXTINGUISHER."

        1) Location: Applied to cabinet door.
        2) Application Process: Pressure-sensitive vinyl letters.
        3) Lettering Color: Red.
        4) Orientation: Vertical.

L. Finishes:

1. Manufacturer's standard baked-enamel paint for the following:

    a. Exterior of cabinet, door, and trim, except for those surfaces indicated to receive another finish.
    b. Interior of cabinet and door.

2. Steel: Baked enamel.

    a. Color and Texture: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.5 MOUNTING BRACKETS

A. Manufacturers:

1. JL Industries, Inc.
2. Larsen's Manufacturing Company.
3. Potter Roemer; Div. of Smith Industries, Inc.

B. Mounting Brackets: Manufacturer's standard steel, designed to secure fire extinguisher to wall or structure, of sizes required for types and capacities of fire extinguishers indicated, with plated or baked-enamel finish.

1. Color: Red.

C. Identification: Lettering complying with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, size, spacing, and location. Locate as indicated by Architect.

1. Identify bracket-mounted fire extinguishers with the words "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" in red letter decals applied to mounting surface.

    a. Orientation: Vertical.

2.6 FABRICATION

A. Fire-Protection Cabinets: Provide manufacturer's standard box (tub), with trim, frame, door, and hardware to suit cabinet type, trim style, and door style indicated.

1. Weld joints and grind smooth.
2. Construct fire-rated cabinets with double walls fabricated from 0.0428-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet lined with minimum 5/8-inch- thick, fire-barrier material.

    a. Provide factory-drilled mounting holes.

B. Cabinet Doors: Fabricate doors according to manufacturer's standards, from materials indicated and coordinated with cabinet types and trim styles selected.

1. Fabricate door frames with tubular stiles and rails and hollow-metal design, minimum 1/2 inch thick.
2. Miter and weld perimeter door frames.

C. Cabinet Trim: Fabricate cabinet trim in one piece with corners mitered, welded, and ground smooth.

2.7 FINISHES, GENERAL

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

C. Finish fire-protection cabinets after assembly.

D. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

2.8 STEEL FINISHES

A. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces of dirt, oil, grease, mill scale, rust, and other contaminants that could impair paint bond using manufacturer's standard methods.

B. Baked-Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-enamel finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine walls and partitions for suitable framing depth and blocking where cabinets will be installed.

B. Examine fire extinguishers for proper charging and tagging.

1. Remove and replace damaged, defective, or undercharged units.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare recesses for fire-protection cabinets as required by type and size of cabinet and trim style.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install fire-protection specialties in locations and at mounting heights indicated or, if not indicated, at heights indicated below:

1. Fire-Protection Cabinets: 54 inches above finished floor to top of cabinet.
2. Mounting Brackets: 54 inches above finished floor to top of fire extinguisher.

B. Fire-Protection Cabinets: Fasten fire-protection cabinets to structure, square and plumb.

1. Fasten mounting brackets to inside surface of fire-protection cabinets, square and plumb.

C. Mounting Brackets: Fasten mounting brackets to surfaces, square and plumb, at locations indicated.

D. Identification: Apply vinyl lettering at locations indicated.

3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as fire-protection specialties are installed, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.

B. Adjust fire-protection cabinet doors to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.

C. On completion of fire-protection cabinet installation, clean interior and exterior surfaces as recommended by manufacturer.

D. Touch up marred finishes, or replace fire-protection cabinets that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by fire-protection cabinet manufacturer.

E. Replace fire-protection cabinets that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 10520

SECTION 12355
INSTITUTIONAL CASEWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Plastic-laminate-faced wood cabinets of stock design.
2. Plastic-laminate countertops.
3. Epoxy countertops and sinks.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 9 Section "Resilient Wall Base and Accessories" for resilient base applied to institutional casework.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Exposed Portions of Cabinets: Surfaces visible when doors and drawers are closed, including bottoms of cabinets more than 48 inches above floor, and surfaces visible in open cabinets.

B. Semiexposed Portions of Cabinets: Surfaces behind opaque doors, such as interiors of cabinets, shelves, dividers, interiors and sides of drawers, and interior faces of doors. Tops of cases 78 inches or more above floor are defined as semiexposed.

C. Concealed Portions of Cabinets: Surfaces not usually visible after installation, including sleepers, web frames, dust panels, and ends and backs that are placed directly against walls or other cabinets.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for institutional casework. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other Work.

C. Samples for Verification: 6-inch- square Samples for each type of finish, including top material.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative of institutional casework manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain institutional casework through one source from a single manufacturer.

C. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards," Section 1600.

1. Provide AWI Quality Certification Program certificate indicating that institutional casework complies with requirements.

D. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with WIC's "Manual of Millwork" for Custom grade.

1. Provide WIC-certified compliance certificate indicating that institutional casework complies with requirements of grades specified.

E. Product Designations: Drawings indicate sizes, configurations, and finish material of institutional casework by referencing designated manufacturer's catalog numbers. Other manufacturers' casework of similar sizes and door and drawer configurations, of same finish material, and complying with the Specifications may be considered. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver institutional casework only after painting, utility roughing-in, and similar operations that could damage, soil, or deteriorate casework have been completed in installation areas. If casework must be stored in other than installation areas, store only in areas where environmental conditions meet requirements specified in "Project Conditions" Article.

B. Keep finished surfaces covered with polyethylene film or other protective covering during handling and installation.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install institutional casework until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

B. Field Measurements: Where institutional casework is indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating institutional casework without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of metal framing and reinforcements in gypsum board assemblies for support of institutional casework.

1.9 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of institutional casework that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Delamination of components or other failures of glue bond.
2. Warping of components.
3. Failure of operating hardware.
4. Deterioration of finishes.

B. Warranty Period: Ten years from date of Substantial Completion.

1.10 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish complete touchup kit for each type and finish of institutional casework provided. Include scratch fillers, stains, finishes, and other materials necessary to perform permanent repairs to damaged casework finish.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the named product or a comparable product by one of the following:

1. Plastic-Laminate-Faced Institutional Casework:

a. Case Systems, Inc.
b. LSI Corporation of America, Inc.
c. TMI Systems Design Corp.
d. Steven's.

2. Plastic-Laminate Material:

a. As specified at end of section.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. General:

1. Maximum Moisture Content for Lumber: 7 percent for hardwood and 12 percent for softwood.
2. Hardwood Plywood: HPVA HP-1, either veneer core or particle core, unless otherwise indicated].
3. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1.
4. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2-Exterior Glue.
5. Medium-Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2, Grade MD-Exterior Glue.
6. Hardboard: AHA A135.4, Class 1 Tempered.
7. Plastic Laminate: High-pressure decorative laminate complying with NEMA LD 3.
8. Edgebanding for Plastic Laminate: Rigid PVC extrusions, through color with satin finish, 3 mm thick at doors and drawer fronts, 1 mm thick elsewhere.
9.

B. Exposed Cabinet Materials:

1. Plastic Laminate: Type VGS.

a. Unless otherwise indicated, provide plastic laminate for exposed surfaces.
b. Provide plastic laminate for doors and drawer fronts and where indicated.

C. Semiexposed Cabinet Materials:

1. Plastic Laminate: Type VGS.

a. Provide plastic laminate for semiexposed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated,.
b. Provide plastic laminate for interior faces of doors and drawer fronts and where indicated.

D. Concealed Cabinet Materials:

1. Plastic Laminate: Type BKL.

2.3 DESIGN, COLOR, AND FINISH

A. Design: Provide institutional casework of the following design:

1. Flush overlay with wire pulls.

2.4 EPOXY COUNTERTOP AND SINK MATERIALS

A. Epoxy: Factory-molded, modified epoxy-resin formulation with smooth, nonspecular finish.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Durcon Company (The).
   b. Epoxyn Products.
   c. Laboratory Tops, Inc.
   d. Prime Industries, Inc.

2. Physical Properties:

   a. Flexural Strength: Not less than 10,000 psi.
   b. Modulus of Elasticity: Not less than 2,000,000 psi.
   c. Hardness (Rockwell M): Not less than 100.
   d. Water Absorption (24 hours): Not more than 0.02 percent.
   e. Heat Distortion Point: Not less than 260 deg. F.

3. Chemical Resistance: Epoxy-resin material has the following ratings when tested with indicated reagents according to NEMA LD 3, Test Procedure 3.4.5:

   a. No Effect: Acetic acid (98 percent), acetone, ammonium hydroxide (28 percent), benzene, carbon tetrachloride, dimethyl formamide, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl ether, methyl alcohol, nitric acid (70 percent), phenol, sulfuric acid (60 percent), and toluene.
   b. Slight Effect: Chromic acid (60 percent) and sodium hydroxide (50 percent).

4. Color: Black.

2.5 CABINET FABRICATION

A. Plastic-Laminate-Faced Cabinet Construction:

1. Bottoms and Ends of Cabinets, Shelves, and Tops of Wall Cabinets and Tall Cabinets: 3/4-inch particleboard, plastic-laminate faced on exposed surfaces, melamine faced on semiexposed surfaces.
2. Backs of Cabinets: 1/2-inch particleboard, plastic-laminate faced on exposed surfaces, melamine faced on semiexposed surfaces.
3. Drawer Fronts: 3/4-inch particleboard, plastic-laminate faced on both sides.
4. Drawer Sides and Backs: 1/2-inch melamine-faced particleboard, with glued dovetail or multiple-dowel joints.
5. Drawer Bottoms: 1/4-inch melamine-faced particleboard glued and dadoed into front, back, and sides of drawers. Use 1/2-inch material for drawers more than 24 inches wide.
6. Drawer Bodies: Steel drawer pans formed from 0.0359-inch- thick metal, metallic phosphate treated, and finished with manufacturer's standard 2-coat, baked-enamel finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat with a minimum dry film thickness of 1 mil for topcoat and 2 mils for system.

7. Doors: 3/4-inch particleboard or medium-density fiberboard, plastic-laminate faced on both sides.

B. Filler Strips: Provide as needed to close spaces between cabinets and walls, ceilings, and indicated equipment. Fabricate from same material and with same finish as cabinets.

2.6 CASEWORK HARDWARE

A. Hardware, General: Provide manufacturer's standard powder-coated, commercial-quality, heavy-duty hardware complying with requirements indicated.

1. Use threaded metal or plastic inserts with machine screws for fastening to particleboard except where hardware is through-bolted from back side.

B. Butt Hinges: Powder-coated, semiconcealed, 5-knuckle hinges complying with BHMA A156.9, Grade 1, with antifriction bearings and rounded tips. Provide 2 hinges for doors less than 48 inches high and 3 hinges for doors more than 48 inches high.

C. Pulls: Solid aluminum wire pulls, fastened from back with two screws.

D. Door Catches: Powder-coated, nylon-roller spring catch or dual, self-aligning, permanent magnet catch. Provide 2 catches on doors more than 48 inches high.

E. Drawer Slides: Powder-coated, metal-channel, self-closing drawer slides, designed to prevent rebound when drawers are closed, with nylon-tired, ball-bearing rollers, and complying with BHMA A156.9, Type B05091, and rated for the following loads:

1. Box Drawer Slides: 150 lbf.
2. File Drawer Slides: 200 lbf.

F. Drawer and Cupboard Locks: Cylindrical (cam) type, 5-pin tumbler, brass with chrome-plated finish, complying with BHMA A156.11, Grade 1.

1. Provide a minimum of two keys per lock and six master keys.
2. Provide locks on all doors and drawers.

G. Adjustable Shelf Supports: 2-pin locking plastic shelf rests complying with BHMA A156.9, Type B04013.

2.7 COUNTERTOPS

A. Countertops, General: Provide smooth, clean exposed tops and edges in uniform plane free of defects. Provide front and end overhang of 1 inch over base cabinets.

B. Plastic-Laminate Tops: Plastic-laminate sheet, shop bonded with waterproof glue to both sides of 1-1/8-inch plywood or particleboard. Sand surfaces to which plastic laminate is to be bonded.

1. Plastic-Laminate Type for Flat Tops: HGS.
2. Plastic-Laminate Type for Formed Tops: HGP.

3. Plastic-Laminate Type for Backing: BKL.
4. Provide 3-mm PVC edging on front edge of top, on top edges of backsplashes and end splashes, and on ends of tops and splashes.
5. Construct 3" h backsplash and provide at all countertops.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, location of reinforcements, and other conditions affecting performance of institutional casework.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 CASEWORK INSTALLATION

A. Install plumb, level, and true; shim as required, using concealed shims. Where institutional casework abuts other finished work, apply filler strips and scribe for accurate fit, with fasteners concealed where practical.

B. Base Cabinets: Set cabinets straight, level, and plumb. Adjust subtops within 1/16 inch of a single plane. Fasten cabinets to partition framing, wood blocking, or reinforcements in partitions with fasteners spaced 24 inches o.c. Bolt adjacent cabinets together with joints flush, tight, and uniform. Align similar adjoining doors and drawers to a tolerance of 1/16 inch.

1. Where base cabinets are not installed adjacent to walls, fasten to floor at toe space with fasteners spaced 24 inches o.c. Secure sides of cabinets to floor, where they do not adjoin other cabinets, with not less than two fasteners.

C. Wall Cabinets: Hang cabinets straight, level, and plumb. Adjust fronts and bottoms within 1/16 inch of a single plane. Fasten to hanging strips, masonry, partition framing, blocking, or reinforcements in partitions. Align similar adjoining doors to a tolerance of 1/16 inch.

1. Fasten through back, near top and bottom, at ends, and not more than 16 inches o.c. with No. 10 wafer-head screws sized for 1-inch penetration into wood framing, blocking, or hanging strips.

D. Install hardware uniformly and precisely. Set hinges snug and flat in mortises, unless otherwise indicated. Adjust and align hardware so moving parts operate freely and contact points meet accurately. Allow for final adjustment after installation.

E. Adjust casework and hardware so doors and drawers operate smoothly without warp or bind. Lubricate operating hardware as recommended by manufacturer.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF TOPS

A. Field Jointing: Where possible make in the same manner as shop jointing, using dowels, splines, adhesives, and fasteners recommended by manufacturer. Prepare edges to be joined in shop so Project-site processing of top and edge surfaces is not required. Locate field joints where shown on Shop Drawings.

1. Secure field joints in plastic-laminate countertops with concealed clamping devices located within 6 inches of front and back edges and at intervals not exceeding 24 inches. Tighten according to manufacturer's written instructions to exert a constant, heavy-clamping pressure at joints.

B. Secure tops except epoxy countertops, to cabinets with Z-type fasteners or equivalent, using two or more fasteners at each front, end, and back.

C. Abut top and edge surfaces in one true plane, with internal supports placed to prevent deflection.

D. Secure backsplashes to tops with concealed metal brackets at 16 inches o.c. and walls with adhesive.

E. Seal junctures of top, splash, and walls with mildew-resistant silicone sealant or another permanently elastic sealing compound recommended by countertop material manufacturer.

F. Secure epoxy countertops to cabinets with epoxy cement, applied at each corner and along perimeter edges at not more than 48 inches o.c.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF SINKS

A. Comply with installation requirements in SEFA 2.3.

B. Underside Installation of Epoxy Sinks: Use laboratory casework manufacturer's recommended adjustable support system for table and cabinet type installations. Set top edge of sink unit in sink and countertop manufacturer's recommended chemical resistant sealing compound or adhesive and firmly secure to produce a tight and fully leakproof joint. Adjust sink and securely support to prevent movement. Remove excess sealant or adhesive while still wet and finish joint for neat appearance.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

A. Repair or remove and replace defective work as directed on completion of installation.

B. Clean finished surfaces, touch up as required, and remove or refinish damaged or soiled areas to match original factory finish, as approved by Architect.

C. Protection: Provide 6-mil plastic or other suitable water-resistant covering over countertop surfaces. Tape to underside of countertop at a minimum of 48 inches o.c. Remove protection at Substantial Completion.

3.6 PLASTIC LAMINATE SCHEDULE

Formica: 928-58 Mouse; 3 mm Edge Banding: Doellken-Wood Tape #247 Bankers Gray.

Laminates to match existing. Field verify as necessary.

END OF SECTION 12355

TAG #	LSI STYLE #	TMI STYLE #	STEVENS STYLE #	WIDTH	SIZE DEPTH	HEIGHT	DESCRIPTION	Notes
								Locking of cabinets is typical unless noted otherwise (UNO)
							34" DRAWER - DOOR BASE CABINETS	
B-3	1102	D1123	10432	36"	24"	34"	Drawer, door base cabinet. 2 hinged doors, 2 drawers, 1 adjustable shelf	Locking
B-4	1102	D1123	10432	30"	24"	34"	Drawer, door base cabinet. 2 hinged doors, 2 drawers, 1 adjustable shelf	Locking
B-4a	1102	D1123	10432	30"	**18"**	34"	Drawer, door base cabinet. 2 hinged doors, 2 drawers, 1 adjustable shelf	Locking
B-30a	1052 Mod.	D1122	10430	27"	24"	34"	Drawer, door base cabinet. 2 doors, 1 drawer. 1 adjustable shelf	Locking
							36" DRAWER - DOOR BASE CABINETS	
B-5	1102	D1122	10432	24"	24"	**36"**	Drawer, door base cabinet. 2 hinged doors, 1 drawer, 1 adjustable shelf. Provide epoxy top.	Locking
B-14	1072	D1120	10426	21"	24"	**36"**	Drawer, door base cabinet. 1 door hinged left, 1 drawer, 1 adjustable shelf. Provide epoxy top.	Locking
B-30	1052 Mod.	D1122	10430	33"	24"	**36"**	Drawer, door base cabinet. 2 doors, 1 drawer. 1 adjustable shelf	Locking
							34" DOOR BASE CABINETS	

B-46	1022	B2050	10121	24"	24"	34"	Door base cabinet. 1 door hinged left, 1 adjustable shelf	Locking
							34" DRAWER BASE CABINETS	
B-71	1230	D3003	10332	18"	24"	34"	Drawer base cabinet. (2) equal drawers, (1) drawer	Locking
							34" SINK BASE CABINETS	
B-81	1162	B2522	10479	48"	24"	34"	Sink base. Blank panel, 2 hinged doors. Provide epoxy top & sink.	Locking
							ADA COMPLIANT CABINETS	
BF-21		B2502		36"	24'	34"	Sink base cabinet. 2 recessing doors. Provide Acuride Pro-Pocket hardware at doors. Cabinet must meet ADA requirememts and accommodate a sink depth of 5 1/2".	
							24" DOOR WALL CABINETS	
W-2	3102 Mod.	W2062	15181	42"	14"	24"	Wall cabinet. 2 hinged doors, 2 adjustable shelves. Clear inside depth of 12", vertical divider.	Locking
W-3	3052	W2052	15129	36"	14"	24"	Wall cabinet. 2 hinged doors, 1 adjustable shelf. Clear inside depth of 12".	Locking
W-6	3072	W2050	15121	24"	14"	24"	Wall cabinet. 1 hinged left door, 1 adjustable shelf. Clear inside depth of 12".	Locking

W-7	3062	W2051	15120	24"	14"	24"	Wall cabinet. 1 hinged right door, 1 adjustable shelf. Clear inside depth of 12".	Locking
							15" WALL DOOR CABINET	
W-604	3002 Mod.	W2052 Mod.	15129	30"	14"	15"	Wall cabinet. 2 hinged doors. Clear inside depth of 12"	Locking
							EPOXY SINKS	
S-2							Epoxy Sink. 30" x 20" 11" D. Provide center drain.	
							KNEE SPACES (Plastic Laminate @ Knee Spaces to be: Nevamar; Birch Matrix #MR6008T)	
KS-1				per plan	16"	**30"**	Knee space @ Press Box. Refer to plan for grommet locations, TYP.	
KS-7				7'-6 1/2"	18"	**30"**	Knee space @ Ticket Booth. Depth will vary based on window openings, refer to plan. Provide 2 1/2" grommets @ 36" O.C. spacing.	
KS-8				per plan	24"	**36"**	Knee space @ Ticket Booth. Depth will vary based on window openings, refer to plan. Provide 2 1/2" grommets @ 36" O.C. spacing.	

SECTION 12356
MUSIC CASEWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings can general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Plastic-laminate-faced wood cabinets of stock design with grill-front doors.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 9 Section "Resilient Wall Base and Accessories" for resilient base applied to institutional casework.
2. Division 12 Section "Institutional Casework."

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Exposed Portions of Cabinets: Surfaces visible when doors and drawers are closed, including bottoms of cabinets more than 48 Inches above floor, and surfaces visible in open cabinets.

B. Semiexposed Portions of Cabinets: Surfaces behind opaque doors, such as interiors of cabinets, shelves, dividers, interiors and sides of drawers, and interior faces of doors. Tops of cases 78 inches or more above floor are defined as semiexposed.

C. Concealed Portions of Cabinets: Surfaces not usually visible after installation, including sleepers, web frames, dust panels, and ends and backs that are placed directly against walls or other cabinets.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for institutional casework. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other Work.

C. Samples for Verification: 6-inch-square Samples for each type of finish, including top material and the following:

1. One full-size finished cabinet complete with hardware and doors if requested by Architect or Owner.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer: Minimum of 5 years experience in providing manufactured casework systems for similar types of projects, produce evidence of financial stability, bonding capacity and quote facilities and personnel required to perform on this project.

B. Installer Qualifications: an authorized representative of institutional casework manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.

C. Source Limitations: Obtain institutional casework through one source from a single manufacturer.

D. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards," Section 1600.
1. Provide AWI Quality Certification Program certificate indicating that institutional casework complies with requirements.

E. Product Designations: Drawings indicate sizes, configurations, and finish material on institutional casework by referencing designated manufacturer's catalog numbers. Other manufacturers' casework of similar sizes and door and drawer configurations, of same finish material, and complying with the Specifications may be considered. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."

1.6 DELEIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDELING

A. Deliver institutional casework only after painting, utility roughing-in, and similar operations that could damage, soil, or deteriorate casework have been completed in installation areas. If casework must be stored in other than installation areas, store only in areas where environmental conditions meet requirements specified in "Project Conditions" Article.

B. Keep finished surfaces covered with polyethylene film or other protective covering during handling and installation.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install institutional casework until building is enclosed, we work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

B. Field Measurements: Where institutional casework is indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of metal framing and reinforcements in gypsum board assemblies for support on institutional casework.

1.9 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of institutional casework that fain in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
   1. Delaminating of components or other failures of glue bond.
   2. Warping of components
   3. Failure of operating hardware
   4. Deterioration of finishes

B. Warranty Period: Ten (10) years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Basis-of-design Product: The design for institutional casework is based on <Insert manufacturer's name and product>. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the named product or a comparable product by one of the following:
   1. Plastic-Laminate-faced Institutional Casework:

      a. Case Systems, Inc.
      b. LSI Corporation of America, Inc.
      c. TMI Systems Design Corp.
      d. Wenger
      e. Steven's

   2. Plastic-Laminate Material:

      a. Formica Corporation.
      b. Pionite/Panolam.
      c. Wilsonart International; Div. Of Premark International, Inc.
      d. Nevamar.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. General:

1. Maximum Moisture Content for Lumber: 7 percent for hardwood and 12 percent for softwood.
2. Hardwood Plywood: HPVA HP-1, either veneer core or particle core, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1.
4. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2.
5. Medium-Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2, Grade MD.
6. Hardboard: AHA A135.4, Class 1 Tempered.
7. Plastic Laminate: High-pressure decorative laminate complying with NEMA LD 3.
8. Edgebanding for Plastic Laminate: Rigid PVC extrusions, through color with satin finish 3 mm thick at doors and drawer fronts, 1 mm thick elsewhere.

B. Exposed Cabinet Materials:

1. Plastic Laminate: Type VGS.

a. Unless otherwise indicated, provide plastic laminate for exposed surfaces.
b. Provide plastic laminate for doors and drawer fronts and where indicated.

C. Semiexposed Cabinet Materials:

1. Plastic Laminate: Type VGS.

a. Provide plastic laminate for semiexposed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Concealed Cabinet Materials:

1. Plastic Laminate: Type BKL.

2.3 DESIGN, COLOR, AND FINISH

A. Design: Provide institutional casework of the following design:

1. Flush overlay with wire pulls.

B. Plastic-Laminate Colors and Finishes: As indicated by manufacturer's designations.

2.4 CABINET FABRICATION

A. Plastic-Laminate-Faced Cabinet Construction:

1. Bottoms and Ends of Cabinets and Tops of Wall Cabinets and Tall Cabinets: ¾-inch particleboard, plastic-laminate faced on exposed surfaces, melamine faced on semiexposed surfaces.
2. Backs of Cabinets: ½-inch particleboard, plastic-laminate faced on exposed surfaces, melamine faced on semiexposed surfaces.
3. Doors: Grill-front doors.
4. Shelves: To match durability of Wenger plastic shelf.

B. Leg Shoes: Vinyl or rubber, black, open-bottom type.

C. Base Molding: Provided by Division 9, black, 4 inches high. Provide on fronts and exposed sides of floor-mounted casework.

D. Filler Stripes: Provide as needed to close spaces between cabinets and walls, ceilings, and indicated equipment. Fabricate from same material and with same finish as cabinets.

2.5 CASEWORK HARDWARE

A. Hardware, General: Provide manufacturer's standard powder-coated, commercial-quality, heavy-duty hardware complying with requirements indicated.

1. Use threaded metal with machine screws for fastening to particleboard except where hardware is through-bolted from backside.

B. Butt Hinges: Powder-coated, semiconcealed, 5-knuckle hinges complying with BHMA A 156.9, Grade 1, with antifriction bearing and rounded tips. Provide 2 hinges for doors less than 48 inches high and 3 hinges for doors more than 48 inches high.

C. Hasp: For padlocks with maximum shackle height of ¾" with solid steel lock bars that close in alignment.

D. Door Catches: Powder-coated, nylon-roller spring catch or dual, self-aligning, permanent magnet catch. Provide 2 catches on doors more than 48 inches high.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, location of reinforcements, and other conditions affecting performance of institutional casework.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 CASEWORK INSTALLATION

A. Install plumb, level, and true; shim as required, using concealed shims. Where institutional casework abuts other finished work, apply filler strips and scribe for accurate fit, with fasteners concealed where practical.

B. Cabinets: Set cabinet's straight, level, and plumb. Adjust subtops within 1/16 inch of a single plane. Fasten cabinets to partition framing, wood blocking, or reinforcements in partitions with fasteners spaced 24 inches o.c. Bolt adjacent cabinets together with joints flush, tight, and uniform. Align similar adjoining doors and drawers to tolerance of 1/16 inch.

1. Where base cabinets are not installed adjacent to walls, fasten to floor at toe space with fasteners spaced 24 inches o.c. Secure sides of cabinets to floor, where they do not adjoin other cabinets, with not less than two fasteners.

C. Install hardware uniformly and precisely. Set hinges snug and flat in mortises, unless otherwise indicated. Adjust and align hardware so moving parts operate freely and contact point's meet accurately. Allow for final adjustment after installation.

D. Adjust casework and hardware so doors and drawers operate smoothly without warp or bind. Lubricate operating hardware as recommended by manufacturer.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF SHELVING

A. Securely fasten adjustable shelving supports to partition framing, wood blocking, or reinforcements in partitions.

B. Install shelf standards plumb and at heights to align shelf brackets for level shelves. Install shelving level and straight, closely fitted to other work where indicated.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

A. Repair or remove and replace defective work as directed on completion of installation.

B. Clean finished surfaces, touch up as required, and remove or refinish damage or soiled areas to match original factory finish, as approved by Architect.

C. Protection: Provide 6-mil plastic or other suitable water-resistant covering over countertop surfaces. Tape to underside of countertop at a minimum of 48 inches o.c. Remove protection at Substantial Completion.

SCHEDULE FOLLOWS

84" MUSIC CABINET

(grille front doors, U.N.O.)

(for music casework only- individual doors per compart.)

	LSI	TMI	WENGER					
MS-23	8421	M3028	12	48"	30"	84"	Tall cabinet. 2 doors, 3 shelves. Compartment size: 46.5" x 29" x 25"	Locking
MS-30	8411	M3028	15	48"	30'	84"	Tall Cabinet. 2 doors, 1 shelf. 2 Compartment size: 46' x 27" x 38"	Locking

SECTION 12610
FIXED AUDIENCE SEATING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes fixed audience seating with the following:

1. Standard mounting.
2. Molded-plastic chairs.
3. Self-rising seat mechanism.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1. Seating Layout: Show seating layout, aisle widths, row-lettering and chair-numbering scheme, chair widths, and chair spacing in each row.
2. Accessories: Show accessories, including locations of left- and right-hand tablet arms, electrical devices, accessibility provisions, and attachments to other work.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below:

1. Molded Plastic: Manufacturer's standard-size unit, not less than 3 inches square.
2. Plastic Laminate: Manufacturer's standard-size unit, not less than 3 inches square.
3. Baked-on Coating Finishes: Manufacturer's standard-size unit, not less than 3 inches square.
4. Aluminum Finishes: Manufacturer's standard-size unit, not less than 3 inches square.

D. Field quality-control reports.

E. Maintenance Data: For fixed audience seating to include in maintenance manuals. Include the following:

1. Precautions for cleaning materials and methods that could be detrimental to seating finishes and performance.

F. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of seating required, including accessories and mounting components, from single source from single manufacturer.

B. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install seating until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and temporary or permanent HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

B. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of seating layout and construction contiguous with seating by field measurements before fabrication.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of electrical wiring and devices with seating layout to ensure that floor junction boxes for electrical devices are accurately located to allow connection without exposed conduit.

1. Coordinate wiring and power receptacles installed in seating with requirements in Division 16 Sections.
2. Coordinate wiring and data ports installed in seating with requirements in Division 16 Sections.

B. Coordinate layout and installation of diffuser pedestals with HVAC work and with properties of diffuser pedestals to ensure alignment, proper air diffusion, and correct seat locations.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of fixed audience seating that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Structural failures including standards, beams, and pedestals.
b. Faulty operation of self-rising seat mechanism.
c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.

2. Warranty Periods: As follows, from date of Substantial Completion.

a. Structural: Lifetime.
b. Operating Mechanisms: Lifetime.
c. Plastic, Wood, and Paint Components: Five years.

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials from the same production run that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Tablet Arms: Furnish a quantity of full-size units equal to 5 percent of amount installed for each type and size of tablet arm.
2. Armrests: Furnish a quantity of full-size units equal to 5 percent of amount installed for each type of armrest.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND FINISHES

A. Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M plates, shapes, and bars; ASTM A 513 mechanical tubing; ASTM A 1008/A 1008M cold-rolled sheet; and ASTM A 1011 hot-rolled sheet and strip.

B. Cast Iron: ASTM A 48/A 48M, Class 25, gray iron castings free of blow holes and hot checks with parting lines ground smooth.

C. Cast Aluminum: ASTM B 85 aluminum-alloy die castings.

D. Metal Finish: Finish exposed metal parts with manufacturer's standard polyurethane or baked-on minimum 1.5-mil-thick, epoxy baked-on powder coating.

1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

E. Medium-Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2, Grade MD.

F. Concealed Plywood: HPVA HP-1 hardwood plywood or DOC PS 1 softwood plywood, as standard with manufacturer.

G. Exposed Plywood: HPVA HP-1, Face Grade A, hardwood veneer core with color-matched hardwood-veneer faces.

H. Plastic Laminate: NEMA LD 3, Grade VGS for vertical surfaces and Grade HGS for horizontal surfaces.

1. Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

I. Molded Plastic: High-density polyethylene or polypropylene, blow or injection molded, with smooth or textured surface that is mar and dent resistant.

1. Provide with UV inhibitors to retard fading where exposed to sunlight.
2. Color and Texture: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.2 FIXED AUDIENCE SEATING FAS-1

A. Fixed Audience Seating: Interior assembly-space seating in permanent arrangement as shown on Drawings.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. American Seating Company.
b. Hussey Seating Company.
c. Irwin Seating Company. (Basis of Design: Patriot Chair)
d. KI, Inc.
e. Sitmatic.

B. Chair Mounting Standards: Floor attached of the following material:

1. Steel: One-piece heavy-tube or reinforced sheet with welded mounting plate and welded connections for seat pivots, backs, armrests, and end panels.
2. Cast Iron or Aluminum: One-piece castings with integral mounting points and attachment anchoring points for seat pivots, backs, and armrests.
3. Molded Plastic: One-piece, solid injection-molded plastic with integral reinforcing ribs and attachment anchoring points for seat pivots, backs, and armrests.

C. Chair Mounting Beam: Steel horizontal beam mounted on floor-attached steel support pedestals spaced at intervals of 2 to 2-1/2 chair widths.

D. End Panels:

1. Material: Molded plastic.

E. Plastic Chairs: Two-piece molded plastic and as follows:

1. Back: Smooth surface with rounded top corners.
2. Seat: Smooth surface.

F. Chair Width: Vary chair widths to accommodate sightlines and row lengths from center to center of armrests.

G. Back Height: Standard-style backs.

H. Back Pitch: Fixed.

I. Chair Seat Hinges: Self-lubricating, compensating type with noiseless self-rising seat mechanism passing ASTM F 851 and with positive internal stops cushioned with rubber or neoprene.

J. Chair Back Hinges: Self-lubricating type with noiseless mechanism that raises back to vertical position when chair is unoccupied.

K. Self-Rising Seat Mechanism: Spring-actuated, three-quarter fold.

L. Armrests: Plastic with rounded edges, concealed mounting.

M. Row-Letter and Chair-Number Plates: Manufacturer's standard.

1. Material: Aluminum with black embossed characters.
2. Attachment: Manufacturer's standard method.

N. Tablet Arms: Manufacturer's standard-size, foldaway tablet arm with plastic-laminate writing surface over medium-density fiberboard or plywood core and with rounded, matching PVC edges.

1. Mounting: Right-hand mounted unless otherwise indicated.
2. Fold-Away Mechanism: Cast-iron or steel hinge and swivel mechanism that gives positive support in open position and semiautomatic return to stored position below arm block and parallel to chair.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Floor Attachments: Fabricate to conform to floor slope, if any, so that standards and pedestals are plumb and chairs are maintained at same angular relationship to vertical throughout Project.

B. For beam-mounted chairs in curved patterns, curve the beam to the various radii required for the rows.

C. Two-Piece, Molded-Plastic Chairs: Fabricate contoured seat and back separately with double-wall, blow-molded plastic. Fabricate back in length required to protect seat in raised position. Reinforce plastic with steel plates at attachment points.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine floors, risers, and other adjacent work and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

B. Examine locations of electrical connections.

C. Examine locations of HVAC supply ducts.

D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install seating in locations indicated and fastened securely to substrates according to manufacturer's written installation instructions.

1. Use installation methods and fasteners that produce fixed audience seating assemblies with individual chairs capable of supporting an evenly distributed 600-lb static load without failure or other conditions that might impair the chair's usefulness.
2. Install standards and pedestals plumb.

B. Install seating with chair end standards aligned from first to last row and with backs and seats varied in width and spacing to optimize sightlines.

C. Install riser-mounted attachments to maintain uniform chair heights above floor.

D. Install chairs in curved rows at a smooth radius.

E. Install seating so moving components operate smoothly and quietly.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform tests and inspections.

1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
2. Tests for Power Receptacles: As specified in Division 16 Sections.
3. Tests for Data Ports: As specified in Division 16 Sections.

B. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust chair backs so that they are aligned with each other in uniformly curved rows.

B. Adjust self-rising seat mechanisms so seats in each row are aligned when in upright position.

C. Verify that all components and devices are operating properly.

D. Verify that seating returns to correct at-rest position.

E. Repair minor abrasions and imperfections in finishes with coating that matches factory-applied finish.

END OF SECTION 12610

SECTION 13100
LIGHTNING PROTECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes lightning protection for buildings. Provide lightning protection system for building addition and bond to existing system. Extend existing lightning protection system as required to meet applicable standard.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. LPI: Lightning Protection Institute.

B. NRTL: National recognized testing laboratory.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For air terminals and mounting accessories.

B. Shop Drawings: Detail lightning protection system, including air-terminal locations, conductor routing and connections, and bonding and grounding provisions. Include indications for use of raceway, data on how concealment requirements will be met, and calculations required by NFPA 780 for bonding of grounded and isolated metal bodies.

C. Qualification data for firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include data on listing or certification by an NRTL or LPI.

D. Certification, signed by Contractor, that roof adhesive for air terminals is approved by manufacturers of both the terminal assembly and the single-ply membrane roofing material.

E. Field inspection reports indicating compliance with specified requirements.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who is an NRTL or who is certified by LPI as a Master Installer/Designer.

B. Listing and Labeling: As defined in NFPA 780, "Definitions" Article.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of lightning protection with installation of other building systems and components, including electrical wiring, supporting structures and building materials, metal bodies requiring bonding to lightning protection components, and building finishes.

B. Coordinate installation of air terminals attached to roof systems with roofing manufacturer and Installer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. ERICO International Corporation.
2. Heary Bros. Lightning Protection Co. Inc.
3. Independent Protection Co.
4. Thompson Lightning Protection, Inc.

2.2 LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM COMPONENTS

A. Comply with UL 96.

B. Roof-Mounting Air Terminals: NFPA Class [I] [II], copper, solid, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Stack-Mounting Air Terminals: Stainless steel.

D. Ground Rods, Ground Loop Conductors, and Concrete-Encased Electrodes: Comply with Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding" and with standards referenced in this Section.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install lightning protection components and systems according to UL 96A.

B. Install conductors with direct paths from air terminals to ground connections. Avoid sharp bends and narrow loops.

C. Conceal the following conductors:

1. System conductors.
2. Down conductors.
3. Interior conductors.
4. Conductors within normal view from exterior locations at grade within 200 feet of building.
5. Notify Architect at least 48 hours in advance of inspection before concealing lightning protection components.

D. Cable Connections: Use approved exothermic-welded connections for all conductor splices and connections between conductors and other components, except those above single-ply membrane roofing.

E. Bond extremities of vertical metal bodies exceeding 60 feet in length to lightning protection components.

F. A counterpoise installation based on requirements in Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding" may be used as a ground loop required by NFPA 780, provided counterpoise conductor meets or exceeds minimum requirements in NFPA 780.

1. Bond ground terminals to counterpoise conductor.
2. Bond grounded metal bodies on building within 12 feet of ground to counterpoise conductor.
3. Bond grounded metal bodies on building within 12 feet of roof to counterpoise conductor.

3.2 CORROSION PROTECTION

A. Do not combine materials that can form an electrolytic couple that will accelerate corrosion in the presence of moisture unless moisture is permanently excluded from junction of such materials.

B. Use conductors with protective coatings where conditions would cause deterioration or corrosion of conductors.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. UL Inspection: Provide inspections as required to obtain a UL Master Label for system.

END OF SECTION 13100

SECTION 13845
LIGHTING CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes manually operated lighting controls with relays and control module.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 16 Section "Lighting Control Devices" for time switches, photoelectric switches, occupancy sensors, and multipole contactors.
2. Division 16 Section "Dimming Controls" for dimming control components.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. BACnet: A networking communication protocol that complies with ASHRAE 135.

B. BAS: Building automation system.

C. Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than 50 V or for remote-control, signaling and power-limited circuits.

D. Monitoring: Acquisition, processing, communication, and display of equipment status data, metered electrical parameter values, power quality evaluation data, event and alarm signals, tabulated reports, and event logs.

E. PC: Personal computer; sometimes plural as "PCs."

F. RS-485: A serial network protocol, similar to RS-232, complying with TIA/EIA-485-A.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For control modules, power distribution components, manual switches and plates, and conductors and cables.

B. Shop Drawings: Detail assemblies of standard components, custom assembled for specific application on this Project.

1. Outline Drawings: Indicate dimensions, weights, arrangement of components, and clearance and access requirements.
2. Block Diagram: Show interconnections between components specified in this Section and devices furnished with power distribution system components. Indicate data communication paths and identify networks, data buses, data gateways, concentrators, and other devices to be used. Describe characteristics of network and other data communication lines.
3. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring. Coordinate nomenclature and presentation with a block diagram.

C. Coordination Drawings: Submit evidence that lighting controls are compatible with connected monitoring and control devices and systems specified in other Sections.

1. Show interconnecting signal and control wiring and interfacing devices that prove compatibility of inputs and outputs.

D. Software and Firmware Operational Documentation:

1. Software operating and upgrade manuals.
2. Program Software Backup: On a magnetic media or compact disc, complete with data files.
3. Device address list.

E. Field quality-control test reports.

F. Software licenses and upgrades required by and installed for operation and programming of digital and analog devices.

G. Operation and Maintenance Data: For lighting controls to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

H. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain lighting control module and power distribution components through one source from a single manufacturer.

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Comply with 47 CFR, Subparts A and B, for Class A digital devices.

D. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate lighting control components to form an integrated interconnection of compatible components.

1. Match components and interconnections for optimum performance of lighting control functions.
2. Coordinate lighting controls with Building Automation System (BAS). Design display graphics showing building areas controlled; include the status of lighting controls in each area.
3. Coordinate lighting controls with that in Sections specifying distribution components that are monitored or controlled by power monitoring and control equipment.

B. Coordinate lighting control components specified in this Section with components specified in Division 16 Section "Panelboards."

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of lighting controls that fail within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Failure of software input/output to execute switching or dimming commands.
b. Failure of modular relays to operate under manual or software commands.
c. Damage of electronic components due to transient voltage surges.

2. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
3. Extended Warranty Period Failure Due to Transient Voltage Surges: Eight years.

a. Extended Warranty Period for Relays: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Mechanically Held Electrical Relays: Equal to the amount indicated on the lighting control schedules.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Andover Controls (MCMI) – Area Lighting Control Panels, LCX890 Series

2.2 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

A. Expandability: System shall be capable of increasing the number of control functions in the future by 25 percent of current capacity; to include equipment ratings, housing capacities, spare relays, terminals, number of conductors in control cables, and control software.

B. Performance Requirements: Manual switches, an internal timing and control unit, and external sensors or other control signal sources send a signal to a PC-based programmable-system control module that processes the signal according to its programming and routes an open or close command to one or more lighting control relays in the power-supply circuits, or routes variable commands to one or more dimmers, for groups of lighting fixtures or other loads.

2.3 AREA LIGHTING CONTROL PANEL

A. Control Module Description: Comply with UL 916 (LCX890 Series: 8, 16 and 24 channel models only); microprocessor-based, solid-state, 365-day timing and control unit. Output circuits shall be switched on or off by internally programmed time signals or by program-controlled analog or digital signals from external sources. Output circuits shall be pilot-duty relays compatible with power switching devices.Sixteen digital inputs for occupancy sensors or manual signaling that can be programmed to control multi-channel outputs.

1. Eight universal inputs, daylight sensors, and dimming systems with associated daylight sensors.
2. Software: Lighting control software shall be capable of linking switch inputs to relay outputs, retrieving links, viewing relay output status, controlling relay outputs, simulating switch inputs, setting device addresses, and assigning switch input and relay output modes.
3. Automatic Time Adjustment: System shall automatically adjust for leap year and daylight saving time and shall provide weekly routine and annual holiday scheduling.
4. Astronomic Control: Automatic adjustment of dawn and dusk switching.
5. Demand Control: Demand shall be monitored through pulses from a remote meter and shall be controlled by programmed switching of loads. System capability shall include sliding window averaging and programming of load priorities and characteristics. Minimum of two different time-of-day demand schedules shall execute load-management control actions by switching output circuits or by transmitting other types of load-control signals.
6. Confirmation: Each relay or contactor device operated by system shall have auxiliary contacts that provide a confirmation signal to the system of on or off status of device. Retain one of first two subparagraphs below.

a. Software shall interpret status signals, provide for their display, and initiate failure signals.
b. Lamp or LED at control module or display panel shall identify status of each controlled circuit.

7. Remote Communication Capability: Allow programming, data-gathering interrogation, status display, and controlled command override from a PC at a remote location over the TSD Wide Area Network.
8. Local Override Capability: Manual, low-voltage control devices shall override programmed shutdown of lighting and shall override other programmed control for intervals that may be duration programmed.
9. Automatic Control of Local Override: Automatic control shall switch lighting off if lighting has been switched on by local override.
10. Automatic battery backup shall provide power to maintain program and system clock operation for 24 hour minimum duration when power is off.
11. Daylight Compensating Switch Control: Control module shall interpret a preset threshold illumination-level signal from a photoelectric relay and shall activate relays controlling power to selected groups of lighting fixtures to turn them on and off to maintain adjustable minimum illumination level as daylight contribution varies.
12. Energy Conservation: Bilevel control of special ballasts to comply with local energy codes.
13. Flick Warning: Programmable momentary turnoff of lights shall warn that programmed shutoff will occur after a preset interval. Warning shall be repeated after a second preset interval before end of programmed override period.
14. Additional Programming: In addition to system programming by the PC, individual control modules shall be programmable using data-entry and -retrieval (such as PCs, or personal digital assistants (PDAs).

B. Modular Relay Panel: Comply with UL 916 (CSA C22.2, No. 205); factory assembled with modular single-pole relays, power supplies, and accessory components required for specified performance.

1. Cabinet: Steel with hinged, locking door.

a. Barriers separate low-voltage and line-voltage components.
b. Directory: Mounted on back of door. Identifies each relay as to load groups controlled and each programmed pilot device if any.
c. Control Power Supply: Transformer and full-wave rectifier with filtered dc output.

2. Single-Pole Relays: Mechanically held unless otherwise indicated; split-coil, momentary-pulsed type.

a. Low-Voltage Leads: Plug connector to the connector strip in cabinet and pilot light power where indicated.
b. Rated Capacity (Mounted in Relay Panel): 20 A, 125-V ac for tungsten filaments; 20 A, 277-V ac for ballasts.
c. Endurance: 50,000 cycles at rated capacity.
d. Mounting: Provision for easy removal and installation in relay cabinet.

C. Line-Voltage Surge Suppression: Field-mounting surge suppressors that comply with Division 16 Section "Transient Voltage Suppression" for Category A locations.

2.4 MANUAL SWITCHES AND PLATES

A. Push-Button Switches: Modular, momentary-contact, low-voltage type.

1. Match color specified in Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices."

B. Manual, Maintained Contact, Full- or Low-Voltage Switch: Comply with Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices."

C. Wall-Box Dimmers: Comply with Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices."

D. Wall Plates: Single and multigang plates as specified in Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices."

E. Legend: Engraved or permanently silk-screened on wall plate where indicated. Use designations indicated on Drawings.

2.5 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

A. Power Wiring to Supply Side of Class 2 Power Source: Not smaller than No. 12 AWG, complying with Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

B. Classes 2 and 3 Control Cables: Multiconductor cable with copper conductors not smaller than No. 18 AWG, complying with Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

C. Class 1 Control Cables: Multiconductor cable with copper conductors not smaller than No. 14 AWG, complying with Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

D. Digital and Multiplexed Signal Cables: Unshielded, twisted-pair cable with copper conductors, complying with TIA/EIA-568-B.2, Category 6 for horizontal copper cable and with Division 16 Section "Voice and Data Communication Cabling."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WIRING INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1.

B. Wiring Method: Install wiring in raceways except in accessible ceiling areas and gypsum board partitions. Comply with Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables." Minimum conduit size shall be 1/2 inch.

C. Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points. Separate power-limited and non-power-limited conductors according to conductor manufacturer's written instructions.

D. Install field-mounting transient voltage suppressors for lighting control devices in Category A locations that do not have integral line-voltage surge protection.

E. Size conductors according to lighting control device manufacturer's written instructions, unless otherwise indicated.

F. Splices, Taps, and Terminations: Make connections only on numbered terminal strips in terminal cabinets, equipment enclosures, and in junction, pull, and outlet boxes.

G. Identify components and power and control wiring according to Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test and program and adjust field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections. Report results in writing.

B. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. Test for circuit continuity.
2. Verify that the control module features are operational.
3. Check operation of local override controls.
4. Test system diagnostics by simulating improper operation of several components selected by Architect.

3.3 SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

A. Install and program software with initial settings of adjustable values. Make backup copies of software and user-supplied values. Provide current licenses for software.

3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting sensors and to assist Owner's personnel in making program changes to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to four visits to Project during other than normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.5 TRAINING

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain lighting controls. Provide one (4) hour on-site training session and one (4) hour operator workstation training session.

END OF SECTION 13845

SECTION 13851
FIRE ALARM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes fire alarm systems.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 8 Section "Door Hardware" for door closers and holders with associated smoke detectors, electric door locks, and release devices that interface with the fire alarm system.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. FACP: Fire alarm control panel.

B. LED: Light-emitting diode.

C. NICET: National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies.

D. Definitions in NFPA 72 apply to fire alarm terms used in this Section.

1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work:

1. **Base Bid**: Provide an extension to the existing National Time and Signal Corp. fire alarm system for the cafeteria, locker room, and storage additions and Team Room 7244 and Storage 293 remodel areas.
2. **Alternate**: Provide replacement of the existing National Time and Signal Corp. fire alarm system including main fire alarm control panel and reusing existing wire and cable where possible.

B. Noncoded, analog-addressable system; automatic sensitivity control of certain smoke detectors; and multiplexed signal transmission dedicated to fire alarm service only.

1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with NFPA 72.

B. Fire alarm signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices:

1. Manual stations.
2. Heat detectors.
3. Smoke detectors.
4. Verified automatic alarm operation of smoke detectors.
5. Automatic sprinkler system water flow.
6. Fire extinguishing system operation.
7. Fire standpipe system.

C. Fire alarm signal shall initiate the following actions:

1. Alarm notification appliances shall operate continuously.
2. Identify alarm at the FACP and remote annunciators.
3. De-energize electromagnetic door holders.
4. Transmit an alarm signal to the remote alarm receiving station.
5. Unlock electric door locks in designated egress paths.
6. Release fire and smoke doors held open by magnetic door holders.
7. Switch heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning equipment controls to fire alarm mode.
8. Close smoke dampers in air ducts of system serving zone where alarm was initiated.
9. Record events in the system memory.

D. Supervisory signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices or actions:

1. Operation of a fire-protection system valve tamper.

E. System trouble signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices or actions:

1. Open circuits, shorts and grounds of wiring for initiating device, signaling line, and notification-appliance circuits.
2. Opening, tampering, or removal of alarm-initiating and supervisory signal-initiating devices.
3. Loss of primary power at the FACP.
4. Ground or a single break in FACP internal circuits.
5. Abnormal ac voltage at the FACP.
6. A break in standby battery circuitry.
7. Failure of battery charging.
8. Abnormal position of any switch at the FACP or annunciator.
9. Fire-pump power failure, including a dead-phase or phase-reversal condition.
10. Low-air-pressure switch operation on a dry-pipe or preaction sprinkler system.

F. System Trouble and Supervisory Signal Actions: Ring trouble bell and annunciate at the FACP and remote annunciators.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings:

1. Shop Drawings shall be prepared by persons with the following qualifications:

   a. Trained and certified by manufacturer in fire alarm system design.
   b. Fire alarm certified by NICET, minimum Level III.

2. System Operation Description: Detailed description for this Project, including method of operation and supervision of each type of circuit and sequence of operations for manually and automatically initiated system inputs and outputs. Manufacturer's standard descriptions for generic systems are not acceptable.
3. Device Address List: Coordinate with final system programming.
4. System riser diagram with device addresses, conduit sizes, and cable and wire types and sizes.
5. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring. Include diagrams for equipment and for system with all terminals and interconnections identified. Show wiring color code.
6. Batteries: Size calculations.
7. Duct Smoke Detectors: Performance parameters and installation details for each detector, verifying that each detector is listed for the complete range of air velocity, temperature, and humidity possible when air-handling system is operating.
8. Floor Plans: Indicate final outlet locations showing address of each addressable device. Show size and route of cable and conduits.

C. Qualification Data: For Installer.

D. Field quality-control test reports.

E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fire alarm system to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Comply with NFPA 72, Appendix A, recommendations for Owner's manual. Include abbreviated operating instructions for mounting at the FACP.

F. Submittals to Authorities Having Jurisdiction: In addition to distribution requirements for submittals specified in Division 1 Section "Submittals," make an identical submittal to authorities having jurisdiction. To facilitate review, include copies of annotated Contract Drawings as needed to depict component locations. Resubmit if required to make clarifications or revisions to obtain approval. On receipt of comments from authorities having jurisdiction, submit them to Architect for review.

G. Documentation:

1. Approval and Acceptance: Provide the "Record of Completion" form according to NFPA 72 to Owner, Architect, and authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Record of Completion Documents: Provide the "Permanent Records" according to NFPA 72 to Owner, Architect, and authorities having jurisdiction. Format of the written sequence of operation shall be the optional input/output matrix.

a. Hard copies on paper to Owner, Architect, and authorities having jurisdiction.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Personnel shall be trained and certified by manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project.

B. Installer Qualifications: Personnel certified by NICET as Fire Alarm Level III.

C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Interruption of Existing Fire Alarm Service: Do not interrupt fire alarm service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary guard service according to requirements indicated:

1. Notify Construction Manager and Owner no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of fire alarm service.
2. Do not proceed with interruption of fire alarm service without Construction Manager's and Owner's written permission.

1.9 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

A. Existing Fire Alarm Equipment: Maintain fully operational until new equipment has been tested and accepted. As new equipment is installed, label it "NOT IN SERVICE" until it is accepted. Remove labels from new equipment when put into service and label existing fire alarm equipment "NOT IN SERVICE" until removed from the building.

B. Equipment Removal: After acceptance of the new fire alarm system, remove existing disconnected fire alarm equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. FACP and Equipment:

a. National Time and Signal Company.

2. Wire and Cable:

   a. Comtran Corporation.
   b. Helix/HiTemp Cables, Inc.; a Draka USA Company.
   c. Rockbestos-Suprenant Cable Corporation; a Marmon Group Company.
   d. West Penn Wire/CDT; a division of Cable Design Technologies.

3. Audible and Visual Signals:

   a. National Time and Signal Company.

2.2 FACP

A. General Description:

1. Modular, power-limited design with electronic modules, UL 864 listed.
2. Addressable initiation devices that communicate device identity and status.

   a. Smoke sensors shall additionally communicate sensitivity setting and allow for adjustment of sensitivity at the FACP.
   b. Temperature sensors shall additionally test for and communicate the sensitivity range of the device.

3. Addressable control circuits for operation of mechanical equipment.

B. Alphanumeric Display and System Controls: Arranged for interface between human operator at the FACP and addressable system components including annunciation and supervision. Display alarm, supervisory, and component status messages and the programming and control menu.

1. Annunciator and Display: Liquid-crystal type, two or three lines of 80 characters, minimum.
2. Keypad: Arranged to permit entry and execution of programming, display, and control commands; and to indicate control commands to be entered into the system for control of smoke-detector sensitivity and other parameters.

C. Circuits:

1. Signaling Line Circuits: NFPA 72, Class A, Style 7.
2. Notification-Appliance Circuits: NFPA 72, Class A, Style Z.
3. Actuation of alarm notification appliances, emergency voice communications, annunciation, smoke control and actuation of suppression systems shall occur within 10 seconds after the activation of an initiating device.
4. Electrical monitoring for the integrity of wiring external to the FACP for mechanical equipment shutdown and magnetic door-holding circuits is not required, provided a break in the circuit will cause doors to close and mechanical equipment to shut down.

D. Smoke-Alarm Verification:

1. Initiate audible and visible indication of an "alarm verification" signal at the FACP.
2. Activate a listed and approved "alarm verification" sequence at the FACP and the detector.
3. Sound general alarm if the alarm is verified.
4. Cancel FACP indication and system reset if the alarm is not verified.

E. Notification-Appliance Circuit: Operation shall sound in a temporal pattern, complying with ANSI S3.41.

F. Power Supply for Supervision Equipment: Supply for audible and visual equipment for supervision of the ac power shall be from a dedicated dc power supply, and power for the dc component shall be from the ac supply.

G. Alarm Silencing, Trouble, and Supervisory Alarm Reset: Manual reset at the FACP, after initiating devices are restored to normal.

1. Silencing-switch operation halts alarm operation of notification appliances and activates an "alarm silence" light. Display of identity of the alarm zone or device is retained.
2. Subsequent alarm signals from other devices or zones reactivate notification appliances until silencing switch is operated again.
3. When alarm-initiating devices return to normal and system reset switch is operated, notification appliances operate again until alarm silence switch is reset.

H. Walk Test: A test mode to allow one person to test alarm and supervisory features of initiating devices. Enabling of this mode shall require the entry of a password. The FACP and annunciators shall display a test indication while the test is underway. If testing ceases while in walk-test mode, after a preset delay, the system shall automatically return to normal.

I. Remote Smoke-Detector Sensitivity Adjustment: Controls shall select specific addressable smoke detectors for adjustment, display their current status and sensitivity settings, and control of changes in those settings. Allow controls to be used to program repetitive, time-scheduled, and automated changes in sensitivity of specific detector groups. Record sensitivity adjustments and sensitivity-adjustment schedule changes in system memory, and make a print-out of the final adjusted values on the system printer.

J. Transmission to Remote Alarm Receiving Station: Automatically transmit alarm, trouble, and supervisory signals to a remote alarm station through a digital alarm communicator transmitter and telephone lines.

K. Service Modem: Ports shall be RS-232 for system printer and for connection to a dial-in terminal unit.

1. The dial-in port shall allow remote access to the FACP for programming changes and system diagnostic routines. Access by a remote terminal shall be by encrypted password algorithm.

L. Primary Power: 24-V dc obtained from 120-V ac service and a power-supply module. Initiating devices, notification appliances, signaling lines, trouble signal, supervisory signal, supervisory and digital alarm communicator transmitter shall be powered by the 24-V dc source.

1. The alarm current draw of the entire fire alarm system shall not exceed 80 percent of the power-supply module rating.
2. Power supply shall have a dedicated fused safety switch for this connection at the service entrance equipment. Paint the switch box red and identify it with "FIRE ALARM SYSTEM POWER."

M. Secondary Power: 24-V dc supply system with batteries and automatic battery charger and an automatic transfer switch.

1. Batteries: Vented, wet-cell pocket, plate nickel cadmium.
2. Battery and Charger Capacity: Comply with NFPA 72.

N. Surge Protection:

1. Install surge protectors recommended by FACP manufacturer. Install on all system wiring external to the building housing the FACP.

O. Instructions: Computer printout or typewritten instruction card mounted behind a plastic or glass cover in a stainless-steel or aluminum frame. Include interpretation and describe appropriate response for displays and signals. Briefly describe the functional operation of the system under normal, alarm, and trouble conditions.

2.3 MANUAL FIRE ALARM BOXES

A. Description: UL 38 listed; finished in red with molded, raised-letter operating instructions in contrasting color. Station shall show visible indication of operation. Mounted on recessed outlet box; if indicated as surface mounted, provide manufacturer's surface back box.

1. Double-action mechanism requiring two actions to initiate an alarm, pull-lever type. With integral addressable module, arranged to communicate manual-station status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to the FACP.
2. Station Reset: Key- or wrench-operated switch.
3. Indoor Protective Shield: Factory-fabricated clear plastic enclosure, hinged at the top to permit lifting for access to initiate an alarm. Lifting the cover actuates an integral battery-powered audible horn intended to discourage false-alarm operation.

2.4 SYSTEM SMOKE DETECTORS

A. General Description:

1. UL 268 listed, operating at 24-V dc, nominal.
2. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to the FACP.
3. Multipurpose type, containing the following:

a. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to the FACP.
b. Piezoelectric sounder rated at 88 dBA at 10 feet according to UL 464.
c. Heat sensor, combination rate-of-rise and fixed temperature.

4. Plug-in Arrangement: Detector and associated electronic components shall be mounted in a plug-in module that connects to a fixed base. Provide terminals in the fixed base for connection of building wiring.
5. Self-Restoring: Detectors do not require resetting or readjustment after actuation to restore them to normal operation.
6. Integral Visual-Indicating Light: LED type. Indicating detector has operated and power-on status.
7. Remote Control: Unless otherwise indicated, detectors shall be analog-addressable type, individually monitored at the FACP for calibration, sensitivity, and alarm condition, and individually adjustable for sensitivity from the FACP.

    a. Rate-of-rise temperature characteristic shall be selectable at the FACP for 15 or 20 deg F per minute.
    b. Fixed-temperature sensing shall be independent of rate-of-rise sensing and shall be settable at the FACP to operate at 135 or 155 deg F.
    c. Provide multiple levels of detection sensitivity for each sensor.

B. Photoelectric Smoke Detectors:

1. Sensor: LED or infrared light source with matching silicon-cell receiver.
2. Detector Sensitivity: Between 2.5 and 3.5 percent/foot smoke obscuration when tested according to UL 268A.

C. Duct Smoke Detectors:

1. Photoelectric Smoke Detectors:

    a. Sensor: LED or infrared light source with matching silicon-cell receiver.
    b. Detector Sensitivity: Between 2.5 and 3.5 percent/foot smoke obscuration when tested according to UL 268A.

2. UL 268A listed, operating at 24-V dc, nominal.
3. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to the FACP.
4. Plug-in Arrangement: Detector and associated electronic components shall be mounted in a plug-in module that connects to a fixed base. The fixed base shall be designed for mounting directly to the air duct. Provide terminals in the fixed base for connection to building wiring.

    a. Weatherproof Duct Housing Enclosure: UL listed for use with the supplied detector. The enclosure shall comply with NEMA 250 requirements for Type 4X.

5. Self-Restoring: Detectors shall not require resetting or readjustment after actuation to restore them to normal operation.
6. Integral Visual-Indicating Light: LED type. Indicating detector has operated and power-on status. Provide remote status and alarm indicator and test station where indicated.

7. Remote Control: Unless otherwise indicated, detectors shall be analog-addressable type, individually monitored at the FACP for calibration, sensitivity, and alarm condition, and individually adjustable for sensitivity from the FACP.
8. Each sensor shall have multiple levels of detection sensitivity.
9. Sampling Tubes: Design and dimensions as recommended by manufacturer for the specific duct size, air velocity, and installation conditions where applied.
10. Relay Fan Shutdown: Rated to interrupt fan motor-control circuit.

2.5 HEAT DETECTORS

A. General: UL 521 listed.

B. Heat Detector, Combination Type: Actuated by either a fixed temperature of 135 deg F or rate-of-rise of temperature that exceeds 15 deg F per minute, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Mounting: Plug-in base, interchangeable with smoke-detector bases.
2. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to the FACP.

C. Heat Detector, Fixed-Temperature Type: Actuated by temperature that exceeds a fixed temperature of 190 deg F.

1. Mounting: Plug-in base, interchangeable with smoke-detector bases.
2. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to the FACP.

2.6 NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES

A. Description: Equipped for mounting as indicated and with screw terminals for system connections.

1. Combination Devices: Factory-integrated audible and visible devices in a single-mounting assembly.

B. Visible Alarm Devices: Xenon strobe lights listed under UL 1971, with clear or nominal white polycarbonate lens mounted on an aluminum faceplate. The word "FIRE" is engraved in minimum 1-inch- high letters on the lens.

1. Rated Light Output: 15, 30, 75 or 110 candela as required to meet minimum ADA requirements.
2. Strobe Leads: Factory connected to screw terminals.
3. Housing shall be off-white.

2.7 MAGNETIC DOOR HOLDERS (by others)

A. Description: Units are equipped for wall or floor mounting as indicated and are complete with matching door plate.

1. Electromagnet: Requires no more than 3 W to develop 25-lbf holding force.

2. Wall-Mounted Units: Flush mounted, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Rating: 24-V ac or dc.
4. Rating: 120-V ac.

B. Material and Finish: Match door hardware.

2.8 REMOTE ANNUNCIATOR

A. Description: Duplicate annunciator functions of the FACP for alarm, supervisory, and trouble indications. Also duplicate manual switching functions of the FACP, including acknowledging, silencing, resetting, and testing.

1. Mounting: Flush cabinet, NEMA 250, Class 1.

B. Display Type and Functional Performance: Alphanumeric display same as the FACP. Controls with associated LEDs permit acknowledging, silencing, resetting, and testing functions for alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals identical to those in the FACP.

2.9 ADDRESSABLE INTERFACE DEVICE

A. Description: Microelectronic monitor module listed for use in providing a system address for listed alarm-initiating devices for wired applications with normally open contacts.

2.10 DIGITAL ALARM COMMUNICATOR TRANSMITTER

A. Listed and labeled according to UL 632.

B. Functional Performance: Unit receives an alarm, supervisory, or trouble signal from the FACP, and automatically captures one or two telephone lines and dials a preset number for a remote central station. When contact is made with the central station(s), the signal is transmitted. The unit supervises up to two telephone lines. Where supervising 2 lines, if service on either line is interrupted for longer than 45 seconds, the unit initiates a local trouble signal and transmits a signal indicating loss of telephone line to the remote alarm receiving station over the remaining line. When telephone service is restored, unit automatically reports that event to the central station. If service is lost on both telephone lines, the local trouble signal is initiated.

C. Secondary Power: Integral rechargeable battery and automatic charger. Battery capacity is adequate to comply with NFPA 72 requirements.

D. Self-Test: Conducted automatically every 24 hours with report transmitted to central station.

2.11 GUARDS FOR PHYSICAL PROTECTION

A. Description: Welded wire mesh of size and shape for the manual station, smoke detector, audio/visual device, or other device requiring protection.

1. Factory fabricated and furnished by manufacturer of the device.
2. Finish: Paint of color to match the protected device.

2.12 WIRE AND CABLE

A. Wire and cable for fire alarm systems shall be UL listed and labeled as complying with NFPA 70, Article 760.

B. Signaling Line Circuits: Twisted, shielded pair, size as recommended by system manufacturer.

1. Circuit Integrity Cable: Twisted shielded pair, NFPA 70 Article 760, Classification CI, for power-limited fire alarm signal service. UL listed as Type FPL, and complying with requirements in UL 1424 and in UL 2196 for a 2-hour rating.

C. Non-Power-Limited Circuits: Solid-copper conductors with 600-V rated, 75 deg C, color-coded insulation.

1. Low-Voltage Circuits: No. 16 AWG, minimum.
2. Line-Voltage Circuits: No. 12 AWG, minimum.
3. Multiconductor Armored Cable: NFPA 70 Type MC, copper conductors, TFN/THHN conductor insulation, copper drain wire, copper armor with outer jacket with red identifier stripe, UL listed for fire alarm and cable tray installation, plenum rated, and complying with requirements in UL 2196 for a 2-hour rating.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION

A. Smoke or Heat Detector Spacing:

1. Smooth ceiling spacing shall not exceed 30 feet.
2. Spacing of heat detectors for irregular areas, for irregular ceiling construction, and for high ceiling areas, shall be determined according to Appendix A in NFPA 72.
3. Spacing of heat detectors shall be determined based on guidelines and recommendations in NFPA 72.

B. HVAC: Locate detectors not closer than 3 feet from air-supply diffuser or return-air opening.

C. Duct Smoke Detectors: Comply with NFPA 72 and NFPA 90A. Install sampling tubes so they extend the full width of the duct.

D. Remote Status and Alarm Indicators: Install near each smoke detector and each sprinkler water-flow switch and valve-tamper switch that is not readily visible from normal viewing position.

E. Audible Alarm-Indicating Devices: Install not less than 6 inches below the ceiling.

F. Visible Alarm-Indicating Devices: Install adjacent to each alarm speaker and at least 6 inches below the ceiling.

G. Device Location-Indicating Lights: Locate in public space near the device they monitor.

H. FACP: Surface mount with tops of cabinets not more than 72 inches above the finished floor.

I. Annunciator: Install with top of panel not more than 72 inches above the finished floor.

3.2 WIRING INSTALLATION

A. Install wiring according to the following:

1. NECA 1.
2. TIA/EIA 568-A.

B. Wiring Method:

1. Cables and raceways used for fire alarm circuits, and equipment control wiring associated with the fire alarm system, may not contain any other wire or cable.
2. Fire-Rated Cables: Use of 2-hour fire-rated fire alarm cables.
3. Signaling Line Circuits: Power-limited fire alarm cables may be installed in the same cable or raceway as signaling line circuits.

C. Wiring within Enclosures: Separate power-limited and non-power-limited conductors as recommended by manufacturer. Install conductors parallel with or at right angles to sides and back of the enclosure. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess. Connect conductors that are terminated, spliced, or interrupted in any enclosure associated with the fire alarm system to terminal blocks. Mark each terminal according to the system's wiring diagrams. Make all connections with approved crimp-on terminal spade lugs, pressure-type terminal blocks, or plug connectors.

D. Cable Taps: Use numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes, cabinets, or equipment enclosures where circuit connections are made.

E. Color-Coding: Color-code fire alarm conductors differently from the normal building power wiring. Use one color-code for alarm circuit wiring and a different color-code for supervisory circuits. Color-code audible alarm-indicating circuits differently from alarm-initiating circuits. Use different colors for visible alarm-indicating devices. Paint fire alarm system junction boxes and covers red.

F. Risers: Install at least two vertical cable risers to serve the fire alarm system. Separate risers in close proximity to each other with a minimum 1-hour-rated wall, so the loss of one riser does not prevent the receipt or transmission of signals from other floors or zones.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals according to Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

B. Install instructions frame in a location visible from the FACP.

C. Paint power-supply disconnect switch red and label "FIRE ALARM."

3.4 GROUNDING

A. Ground the FACP and associated circuits; comply with IEEE 1100.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections, and to assist in field testing. Report results in writing.

B. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. Before requesting final approval of the installation, submit a written statement using the form for Record of Completion shown in NFPA 72.
2. Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection listed in NFPA 72. Certify compliance with test parameters. All tests shall be conducted under the direct supervision of a NICET technician certified under the Fire Alarm Systems program at Level III.
3. Visual Inspection: Conduct a visual inspection before any testing. Use as-built drawings and system documentation for the inspection. Identify improperly located, damaged, or nonfunctional equipment, and correct before beginning tests.
4. Testing: Follow procedure and record results complying with requirements in NFPA 72.
    a. Detectors that are outside their marked sensitivity range shall be replaced.
5. Test and Inspection Records: Prepare according to NFPA 72, including demonstration of sequences of operation by using the matrix-style form in Appendix A in NFPA 70.

3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project outside normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

B. Follow-Up Tests and Inspections: After date of Substantial Completion, test the fire alarm system complying with testing and visual inspection requirements in NFPA 72. Perform tests and inspections listed for three monthly, and one quarterly, periods.

C. Semiannual Test and Inspection: Six months after date of Substantial Completion, test the fire alarm system complying with the testing and visual inspection requirements in NFPA 72. Perform tests and inspections listed for monthly, quarterly, and semiannual periods. Use forms developed for initial tests and inspections.

D. Annual Test and Inspection: One year after date of Substantial Completion, test the fire alarm system complying with the testing and visual inspection requirements in NFPA 72. Perform tests and inspections listed for monthly, quarterly, semiannual, and annual periods. Use forms developed for initial tests and inspections.

3.7 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain the fire alarm system, appliances, and devices. Refer to Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures."

END OF SECTION 13851

SECTION 13915
FIRE-SUPPRESSION PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following fire-suppression piping inside the building:

1. Wet-pipe sprinkler systems.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Water Distribution" for piping outside the building.
2. Division 10 Section "Fire-Protection Specialties" for cabinets and fire extinguishers.
3. Division 13 Section "Fire Alarm" for alarm devices not specified in this Section.

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTIONS

A. Wet-Pipe Sprinkler System: Automatic sprinklers are attached to piping containing water and that is connected to water supply. Water discharges immediately from sprinklers when they are opened. Sprinklers open when heat melts fusible link or destroys frangible device. Hose connections are included if indicated.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire-suppression sprinkler system design shall be approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Margin of Safety for Available Water Flow and Pressure: 10 percent, including losses through water-service piping, valves, and backflow preventers.
2. Sprinkler Occupancy Hazard Classifications:

a. Building Service Areas: Ordinary Hazard, Group 1.
b. Electrical Equipment Rooms: Ordinary Hazard, Group 1.
c. General Storage Areas: Ordinary Hazard, Group 1.
d. Library Stack Areas: Ordinary Hazard, Group 2.

e. Mechanical Equipment Rooms: Ordinary Hazard, Group 1.
f. Office and Public Areas: Light Hazard.
g. Science Lab Areas: Ordinary Hazard, Group 2.

3. Minimum Density for Automatic-Sprinkler Piping Design:

a. Light-Hazard Occupancy: 0.10 gpm over 1500-sq. ft. area.
b. Ordinary-Hazard, Group 1 Occupancy: 0.15 gpm over 1500-sq. ft. area.
c. Ordinary-Hazard, Group 2 Occupancy: 0.20 gpm over 1500-sq. ft. area.
d. Special Occupancy Hazard: As determined by authorities having jurisdiction.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:

1. Pipe hangers and supports.
2. Valves, including listed fire-protection valves, unlisted general-duty valves, and specialty valves and trim.
3. Sprinklers, escutcheons, and guards. Include sprinkler flow characteristics, mounting, finish, and other pertinent data.

B. Approved Sprinkler Piping Drawings: Working plans, prepared according to NFPA 13, that have been approved by authorities having jurisdiction, including hydraulic calculations, if applicable.

C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For sprinkler specialties to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications:

1. Installer's responsibilities include designing, fabricating, and installing fire-suppression systems and providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility. Base calculations on results of fire-hydrant flow test.

B. NFPA Standards: Fire-suppression-system equipment, specialties, accessories, installation, and testing shall comply with the following:

1. NFPA 13, "Installation of Sprinkler Systems."

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of sprinklers with other construction that penetrates ceilings, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, and partition assemblies.

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Sprinkler Cabinets: Finished, wall-mounting, steel cabinet with hinged cover, with space for minimum of six spare sprinklers plus sprinkler wrench. Include number of sprinklers required by NFPA 13 and sprinkler wrench. Include separate cabinet with sprinklers and wrench for each type of sprinkler on Project.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 DUCTILE-IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Mechanical-Joint, Ductile-Iron Pipe: AWWA C151, with mechanical-joint bell end and plain end.

1. Mechanical-Joint, Ductile-Iron Fittings: AWWA C110, ductile or gray-iron standard pattern.
2. Glands, Gaskets and Bolts: AWWA C111, ductile or gray-iron gland, rubber gasket, and steel bolts and nuts.

B. Push-on-Joint, Ductile-Iron Pipe: AWWA C151, with push-on-joint bell end and plain end.

1. Push-on-Joint, Ductile-Iron Fittings: AWWA C110, ductile or gray-iron standard pattern.
2. Gaskets: AWWA C111, rubber.

2.3 STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Threaded-End, Standard-Weight Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, ASTM A 135, or ASTM A 795 with factory- or field-formed threaded ends.

1. Cast-Iron Threaded Flanges: ASME B16.1.
2. Malleable-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.3.
3. Gray-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.4.
4. Steel Threaded Pipe Nipples: ASTM A 733, made of ASTM A 53/A 53M or ASTM A 106, Schedule 40, seamless steel pipe. Include ends matching joining method.
5. Steel Threaded Couplings: ASTM A 865.

B. Grooved-End, Schedule 10 Steel Pipe: ASTM A 135 or ASTM A 795, Schedule 10 in NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4; and NFPA 13 specified wall thickness in NPS 6 to NSP 10; with factory or field formed, roll-grooved ends.

1. Grooved-Joint Piping Systems:

a. Manufacturers:

1) Central Sprinkler Corp.
2) Star Pipe Products; Star Fittings Div.
3) Victaulic Co. of America.

b. Grooved-End Fittings: UL-listed, ASTM A 536, ductile-iron casting with OD matching steel-pipe OD.

c. Grooved-End-Pipe Couplings: UL 213 and AWWA C606, rigid pattern, unless otherwise indicated; gasketed fitting matching steel-pipe OD. Include ductile-iron housing with keys matching steel-pipe and fitting grooves, prelubricated rubber gasket listed for use with housing, and steel bolts and nuts.

2.4 SPRINKLER SPECIALTY FITTINGS

A. Sprinkler specialty fittings shall be UL listed or FMG approved, with 175-psig minimum working-pressure rating, and made of materials compatible with piping.

B. Outlet Specialty Fittings:

1. Manufacturers:

a. Central Sprinkler Corp.
b. Star Pipe Products; Star Fittings Div.
c. Victaulic Co. of America.

2. Mechanical-T and -Cross Fittings: UL 213, ductile-iron housing with gaskets, bolts and nuts, and threaded, locking-lug, or grooved outlets.
3. Snap-On and Strapless Outlet Fittings: UL 213, ductile-iron housing or casting with gasket and threaded outlet.

C. Sprinkler Drain and Alarm Test Fittings: Cast- or ductile-iron body; with threaded or locking-lug inlet and outlet, test valve, and orifice and sight glass.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Central Sprinkler Corp.
b. Fire-End and Croker Corp.
c. Viking Corp.
d. Victaulic Co. of America.

D. Sprinkler Branch-Line Test Fittings: Brass body with threaded inlet, capped drain outlet, and threaded outlet for sprinkler.

1. Manufacturers:

    a. Elkhart Brass Mfg. Co., Inc.
    b. Fire-End and Croker Corp.
    c. Potter-Roemer; Fire-Protection Div.

E. Sprinkler Inspector's Test Fitting: Cast- or ductile-iron housing with threaded inlet and drain outlet and sight glass.

1. Manufacturers:

    a. AGF Manufacturing Co.
    b. Central Sprinkler Corp.
    c. G/J Innovations, Inc.
    d. Triple R Specialty of Ajax, Inc.

F. Drop-Nipple Fittings: UL 1474, adjustable with threaded inlet and outlet, and seals.

1. Manufacturers:

    a. CECA, LLC.
    b. Merit.

2.5 LISTED FIRE-PROTECTION VALVES

A. Valves shall be UL listed or FMG approved, with 175-psig minimum pressure rating. Valves for grooved-end piping may be furnished with grooved ends instead of type of ends specified.

B. Check Valves NPS 2 and Larger: UL 312, swing type, cast-iron body with flanged or grooved ends.

1. Manufacturers:

    a. American Cast Iron Pipe Co.; Waterous Co.
    b. Central Sprinkler Corp.
    c. Clow Valve Co.
    d. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
    e. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Jenkins Valves.
    f. Firematic Sprinkler Devices, Inc.
    g. Globe Fire Sprinkler Corporation.
    h. Grinnell Fire Protection.
    i. Hammond Valve.
    j. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
    k. Mueller Company.
    l. NIBCO.
    m. Potter-Roemer; Fire Protection Div.
    n. Reliable Automatic Sprinkler Co., Inc.
    o. Star Sprinkler Inc.
    p. Stockham.
    q. United Brass Works, Inc.

r. Victaulic Co. of America.
s. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

C. Gate Valves: UL 262, OS&Y type.

1. NPS 2 and Smaller: Bronze body with threaded ends.

a. Manufacturers:

1) Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
2) Hammond Valve.
3) NIBCO.

2. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Cast-iron body with flanged ends.

a. Manufacturers:

1) Clow Valve Co.
2) Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
3) Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Jenkins Valves.
4) Hammond Valve.
5) Milwaukee Valve Company.
6) Mueller Company.
7) NIBCO.
8) Red-White Valve Corp.
9) United Brass Works, Inc.

D. Indicating Valves: UL 1091, with integral indicating device and ends matching connecting piping.

1. Indicator: Electrical, 115-V ac, prewired, single-circuit, supervisory switch.
2. NPS 2 and Smaller: Ball or butterfly valve with bronze body and threaded ends.

a. Manufacturers:

1) Milwaukee Valve Company.
2) NIBCO.
3) Victaulic Co. of America.

3. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Butterfly valve with cast- or ductile-iron body; wafer type or with flanged or grooved ends.

a. Manufacturers:

1) Central Sprinkler Corp.
2) Grinnell Fire Protection.
3) McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
4) Milwaukee Valve Company.
5) NIBCO.
6) Victaulic Co. of America.

2.6 SPECIALTY VALVES

A. Alarm Check Valves: UL 193, designed for horizontal or vertical installation, with bronze grooved seat with O-ring seals, single-hinge pin, and latch design. Include trim sets for bypass, drain, electrical sprinkler alarm switch, pressure gages, retarding chamber, and fill-line attachment with strainer

1. Option: Grooved end connections for use with keyed couplings.
2. Drip Cup Assembly: Pipe drain without valves and separate from main drain piping.

2.7 SPRINKLERS

A. Sprinklers shall be UL listed or FMG approved, with 175-psig minimum pressure rating.

B. Manufacturers:

1. Globe Fire Sprinkler Corporation.
2. Grinnell Fire Protection.
3. Reliable Automatic Sprinkler Co., Inc.
4. Star Sprinkler Inc.
5. Victaulic Co. of America.
6. Viking Corp.

C. Automatic Sprinklers: With heat-responsive element complying with the following:

1. UL 199, for nonresidential applications.

D. Sprinkler Types and Categories: Nominal 1/2-inch orifice for "Ordinary" temperature classification rating, unless otherwise indicated or required by application.

1. Open Sprinklers: UL 199, without heat-responsive element.

a. Orifice: 1/2 inch, with discharge coefficient K between 5.3 and 5.8.

E. Sprinkler types, features, and options as follows:

1. Concealed ceiling sprinklers, including cover plate.
2. Extended-coverage sprinklers.
3. Flush ceiling sprinklers, including escutcheon.
4. Pendent sprinklers.
5. Pendent, dry-type sprinklers.
6. Recessed sprinklers, including escutcheon.
7. Sidewall sprinklers.
8. Upright sprinklers.

F. Sprinkler Finishes: White Teflon and bronze.

G. Special Coatings: Wax, lead, and corrosion-resistant paint.

H. Sprinkler Escutcheons: Materials, types, and finishes for the following sprinkler mounting applications. Escutcheons for concealed, flush, and recessed-type sprinklers are specified with sprinklers.

1. Ceiling Mounting: Steel, white finish, one piece, flat.
2. Sidewall Mounting: Steel, white finish, one piece, flat.

I. Sprinkler Guards: Wire-cage type, including fastening device for attaching to sprinkler.

2.8 PRESSURE GAGES

A. Manufacturers:

1. AMETEK, Inc.; U.S. Gauge.
2. Dresser Equipment Group; Instrument Div.
3. Marsh Bellofram.

B. Description: UL 393, 3-1/2- to 4-1/2-inch- diameter, dial pressure gage with range of 0 to 250 psig minimum.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Perform fire-hydrant flow test according to NFPA 13 and NFPA 291. Use results for system design calculations required in Part 1 "Quality Assurance" Article.

B. Report test results promptly and in writing.

3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS, GENERAL

A. Flanges, flanged fittings, unions, nipples, and transition and special fittings with finish and pressure ratings same as or higher than system's pressure rating may be used in aboveground applications, unless otherwise indicated.

3.3 SPRINKLER SYSTEM PIPING APPLICATIONS

A. Standard-Pressure, Wet-Pipe Sprinkler System, 175-psig Maximum Working Pressure:

1. Sprinkler-Piping Fitting Option: Specialty sprinkler fittings, NPS 2 and smaller, including mechanical-T and -cross fittings, may be used downstream from sprinkler zone valves.
2. NPS 2 and smaller: Threaded-end, black, standard-weight steel pipe; cast- or malleable-iron threaded fittings; and threaded joints.
3. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 3-1/2: Grooved-end, black, standard-weight steel pipe; grooved-end fittings; grooved-end-pipe couplings; and grooved joints.

4. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 6: Grooved-end, Schedule 10 steel pipe; grooved-end fittings; grooved-end-pipe couplings; and grooved joints.

3.4 VALVE APPLICATIONS

A. Drawings indicate valve types to be used. Where specific valve types are not indicated, the following requirements apply:

1. Listed Fire-Protection Valves: UL listed and FMG approved for applications where required by NFPA 13.

a. Shutoff Duty: Use gate valves.

3.5 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for basic piping joint construction.

B. Grooved Joints: Assemble joints with listed coupling and gasket, lubricant, and bolts.

1. Steel Pipe: Square-cut or roll-groove piping as indicated. Use grooved-end fittings and rigid, grooved-end-pipe couplings, unless otherwise indicated.

3.6 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for basic piping installation.

B. Locations and Arrangements: Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping. Install piping as indicated, as far as practical.

1. Deviations from approved working plans for piping require written approval from authorities having jurisdiction. File written approval with Architect before deviating from approved working plans.

C. Use approved fittings to make changes in direction, branch takeoffs from mains, and reductions in pipe sizes.

D. Install unions adjacent to each valve in pipes NPS 2 and smaller. Unions are not required on flanged devices or in piping installations using grooved joints.

E. Install flanges or flange adapters on valves, apparatus, and equipment having NPS 2-1/2 and larger connections.

F. Install "Inspector's Test Connections" in sprinkler system piping, complete with shutoff valve, sized and located according to NFPA 13.

G. Install sprinkler piping with drains for complete system drainage.

H. Install sprinkler zone control valves, test assemblies, and drain risers adjacent to standpipes when sprinkler piping is connected to standpipes.

I. Hangers and Supports: Comply with NFPA 13 for hanger materials.

1. Install sprinkler system piping according to NFPA 13.

J. Install piping with grooved joints according to manufacturer's written instructions. Construct rigid piping joints, unless otherwise indicated.

K. Install pressure gages on riser or feed main, at each sprinkler test connection, and at top of each standpipe. Include pressure gages with connection not less than NPS 1/4 and with soft metal seated globe valve, arranged for draining pipe between gage and valve. Install gages to permit removal, and install where they will not be subject to freezing.

3.7 VALVE INSTALLATION

A. Install listed fire-protection valves, unlisted general-duty valves, specialty valves and trim, controls, and specialties according to NFPA 13 and authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Install listed fire-protection shutoff valves supervised-open, located to control sources of water supply except from fire department connections. Install permanent identification signs indicating portion of system controlled by each valve.

C. Install check valve in each water-supply connection. Install backflow preventers instead of check valves in potable-water supply sources.

D. Specialty Valves:

1. Alarm Check Valves: Install in vertical position for proper direction of flow, including bypass check valve and retarding chamber drain-line connection.

3.8 SPRINKLER APPLICATIONS

A. Drawings indicate sprinkler types to be used. Where specific types are not indicated, use the following sprinkler types:

1. Rooms without Ceilings: Upright sprinklers.
2. Rooms with Suspended Ceilings: Recessed sprinklers.
3. Wall Mounting: Sidewall sprinklers.
4. Spaces Subject to Freezing: Upright, pendent, dry sprinklers; and sidewall, dry sprinklers as indicated.
5. Sprinkler Finishes:

    a. Upright, Pendent, and Sidewall Sprinklers: White Teflon in finished spaces exposed to view; rough bronze in unfinished spaces not exposed to view; wax coated where exposed to acids, chemicals, or other corrosive fumes.
    b. Concealed Sprinklers: Rough brass, with factory-painted white cover plate.
    c. Recessed Sprinklers: White Teflon, with painted white escutcheon.

3.9 SPRINKLER INSTALLATION

A. Install sprinklers in suspended ceilings in center of acoustical ceiling panels and tiles.

B. Do not install pendent or sidewall, wet-type sprinklers in areas subject to freezing. Use dry-type sprinklers with water supply from heated space.

3.10 CONNECTIONS

A. Connect piping to specialty valves, specialties, fire department connections and accessories.

B. Electrical Connections: Power wiring is specified in Division 16.

C. Connect alarm devices to fire alarm.

D. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

E. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

F. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

3.11 LABELING AND IDENTIFICATION

A. Install labeling and pipe markers on equipment and piping according to requirements in NFPA 13 and in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
2. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
3. Flush, test, and inspect sprinkler systems according to NFPA 13, "Systems Acceptance" Chapter.

B. Report test results promptly and in writing to Architect and authorities having jurisdiction.

3.13 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Clean dirt and debris from sprinklers.

B. Remove and replace sprinklers with paint other than factory finish.

C. Protect sprinklers from damage until Substantial Completion.

3.14 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain specialty valves.

END OF SECTION 13915

SECTION 15050
BASIC MECHANICAL MATERIALS AND METHODS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Piping materials and installation instructions common to most piping systems.
2. Transition fittings.
3. Dielectric fittings.
4. Mechanical sleeve seals.
5. Sleeves.
6. Escutcheons.
7. Grout.
8. Equipment installation requirements common to equipment sections.
9. Painting and finishing.
10. Concrete bases.
11. Supports and anchorages.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Finished Spaces: Spaces other than mechanical and electrical equipment rooms, furred spaces, pipe and duct shafts, unheated spaces immediately below roof, spaces above ceilings, unexcavated spaces, crawlspaces, and tunnels.

B. Exposed, Interior Installations: Exposed to view indoors. Examples include finished occupied spaces and mechanical equipment rooms.

C. Exposed, Exterior Installations: Exposed to view outdoors or subject to outdoor ambient temperatures and weather conditions. Examples include rooftop locations.

D. Concealed, Interior Installations: Concealed from view and protected from physical contact by building occupants. Examples include above ceilings and in duct shafts.

E. Concealed, Exterior Installations: Concealed from view and protected from weather conditions and physical contact by building occupants but subject to outdoor ambient temperatures. Examples include installations within unheated shelters.

F. The following are industry abbreviations for plastic materials:

1. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

G. The following are industry abbreviations for rubber materials:

1. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:

1. Transition fittings.
2. Dielectric fittings.
3. Mechanical sleeve seals.
4. Escutcheons.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Steel Support Welding: Qualify processes and operators according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."

B. Steel Pipe Welding: Qualify processes and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."

1. Comply with provisions in ASME B31 Series, "Code for Pressure Piping."
2. Certify that each welder has passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and that certification is current.

C. Electrical Characteristics for Mechanical Equipment: Equipment of higher electrical characteristics may be furnished provided such proposed equipment is approved in writing and connecting electrical services, circuit breakers, and conduit sizes are appropriately modified. If minimum energy ratings or efficiencies are specified, equipment shall comply with requirements.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver pipes and tubes with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.

B. Store plastic pipes protected from direct sunlight. Support to prevent sagging and bending.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Arrange for pipe spaces, chases, slots, and openings in building structure during progress of construction, to allow for mechanical installations.

B. Coordinate installation of required supporting devices and set sleeves in poured-in-place concrete and other structural components as they are constructed.

C. Coordinate requirements for access panels and doors for mechanical items requiring access that are concealed behind finished surfaces. Access panels and doors are specified in Division 8 Section "Access Doors and Frames."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 PIPE, TUBE, AND FITTINGS

A. Refer to individual Division 15 piping Sections for pipe, tube, and fitting materials and joining methods.

B. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1 for factory-threaded pipe and pipefittings.

2.3 JOINING MATERIALS

A. Refer to individual Division 15 piping Sections for special joining materials not listed below.

B. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: Suitable for chemical and thermal conditions of piping system contents.

1. ASME B16.21, nonmetallic, flat, asbestos-free, 1/8-inch maximum thickness unless thickness or specific material is indicated.

a. Full-Face Type: For flat-face, Class 125, cast-iron and cast-bronze flanges.
b. Narrow-Face Type: For raised-face, Class 250, cast-iron and steel flanges.

2. AWWA C110, rubber, flat face, 1/8 inch thick, unless otherwise indicated; and full-face or ring type, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys. Include water-flushable flux according to ASTM B 813.

E. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8, BCuP Series, copper-phosphorus alloys for general-duty brazing, unless otherwise indicated; and AWS A5.8, BAg1, silver alloy for refrigerant piping, unless otherwise indicated.

F. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12 for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.

2.4 TRANSITION FITTINGS

A. Plastic-to-Metal Transition Fittings: PVC one-piece fitting with manufacturer's Schedule 80 equivalent dimensions; one end with threaded brass insert, and one solvent-cement-joint end.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Eslon Thermoplastics.

B. Flexible Transition Couplings for Underground Nonpressure Drainage Piping: ASTM C 1173 with elastomeric sleeve, ends same size as piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant metal band on each end.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg. Co.
b. Fernco, Inc.
c. Mission Rubber Company.
d. Plastic Oddities, Inc.

2.5 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

A. Description: Combination fitting of copper alloy and ferrous materials with threaded, solder-joint, plain, or weld-neck end connections that match piping system materials.

B. Insulating Material: Suitable for system fluid, pressure, and temperature.

C. Dielectric-Flange Kits: Companion-flange assembly for field assembly. Include flanges, full-face- or ring-type neoprene or phenolic gasket, phenolic or polyethylene bolt sleeves, phenolic washers, and steel backing washers.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
b. Calpico, Inc.
c. Central Plastics Company.
d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.

2. Separate companion flanges and steel bolts and nuts shall have 150- or 300-psig minimum working pressure where required to suit system pressures.

D. Dielectric Nipples: Electroplated steel nipple with inert and noncorrosive, thermoplastic lining; plain, threaded, or grooved ends; and 300-psig minimum working pressure at 225 deg F.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Perfection Corp.
b. Precision Plumbing Products, Inc.
c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Co., Inc.
d. Victaulic Co. of America.

2.6 MECHANICAL SLEEVE SEALS

A. Description: Modular sealing element unit, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between pipe and sleeve.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
b. Calpico, Inc.
c. Metraflex Co.
d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.

2. Sealing Elements: EPDM interlocking links shaped to fit surface of pipe. Include type and number required for pipe material and size of pipe.
3. Pressure Plates: Stainless steel. Include two for each sealing element.
4. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Stainless steel of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements. Include one for each sealing element.

2.7 SLEEVES

A. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: 0.0239-inch minimum thickness; round tube closed with welded longitudinal joint.

B. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, galvanized, plain ends.

C. PVC Pipe: ASTM D 1785, Schedule 40.

2.8 ESCUTCHEONS

A. Description: Manufactured wall and ceiling escutcheons and floor plates, with an ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of insulated piping and an OD that completely covers opening.

B. One-Piece, Deep-Pattern Type: Deep-drawn, box-shaped brass with polished chrome-plated finish.

C. One-Piece, Cast-Brass Type: With setscrew.

1. Finish: Polished chrome-plated.

D. Split-Casting, Cast-Brass Type: With concealed hinge and set screw.

1. Finish: Polished chrome-plated.

E. One-Piece, Stamped-Steel Type: With setscrew and chrome-plated finish.

2.9 GROUT

A. Description: ASTM C 1107, Grade B, nonshrink and nonmetallic, dry hydraulic-cement grout.

1. Characteristics: Post-hardening, volume-adjusting, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous, and recommended for interior and exterior applications.
2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.
3. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING SYSTEMS - COMMON REQUIREMENTS

A. Install piping according to the following requirements and Division 15 Sections specifying piping systems.

B. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.

C. Install piping in concealed locations, unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.

D. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.

E. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.

F. Install piping to permit valve servicing.

G. Install piping at indicated slopes.

H. Install piping free of sags and bends.

I. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.

J. Install piping to allow application of insulation.

K. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.

L. Install escutcheons for penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors according to the following:

1. New Piping:

a. Piping with Fitting or Sleeve Protruding from Wall: One-piece, deep-pattern type.
b. Chrome-Plated Piping: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished chrome-plated finish.
c. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished chrome-plated finish.
d. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: Split-casting One-piece or split-casting, cast-brass type with polished chrome-plated finish.
e. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type or split-plate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge and set screw.

M. Sleeves are not required for core-drilled holes.

N. Install sleeves for pipes passing through concrete and masonry walls and concrete floor and roof slabs.

O. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Pipe Penetrations: Seal penetrations using sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.

1. Install steel pipe for sleeves smaller than 6 inches in diameter.
2. Mechanical Sleeve Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

P. Fire-Barrier Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at pipe penetrations. Seal pipe penetrations with firestop materials. Refer to Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for materials.

Q. Verify final equipment locations for roughing-in.

R. Refer to equipment specifications in other Sections of these Specifications for roughing-in requirements.

3.2 PIPING JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Join pipe and fittings according to the following requirements and Division 15 Sections specifying piping systems.

B. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.

C. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.

D. Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux, unless otherwise indicated, to tube end. Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," using lead-free solder alloy complying with ASTM B 32.

E. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter, using copper-phosphorus brazing filler metal complying with AWS A5.8.

F. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:

1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry seal threading is specified.
2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.

G. Welded Joints: Construct joints according to AWS D10.12, using qualified processes and welding operators according to Part 1 "Quality Assurance" Article.

H. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.

I. Plastic Nonpressure Piping Gasketed Joints: Join according to ASTM D 3212.

3.3 PIPING CONNECTIONS

A. Make connections according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Install unions, in piping NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to each valve and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
2. Install flanges, in piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger, adjacent to flanged valves and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
3. Dry Piping Systems: Install dielectric unions and flanges to connect piping materials of dissimilar metals.
4. Wet Piping Systems: Install dielectric coupling and nipple fittings to connect piping materials of dissimilar metals.

3.4 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION - COMMON REQUIREMENTS

A. Install equipment to allow maximum possible headroom unless specific mounting heights are not indicated.

B. Install equipment level and plumb, parallel and perpendicular to other building systems and components in exposed interior spaces, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Install mechanical equipment to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components. Connect equipment for ease of disconnecting, with minimum interference to other installations. Extend grease fittings to accessible locations.

D. Install equipment to allow right of way for piping installed at required slope.

3.5 PAINTING

A. Painting of mechanical systems, equipment, and components is specified in Division 9 Section "Interior Painting."

B. Damage and Touchup: Repair marred and damaged factory-painted finishes with materials and procedures to match original factory finish.

3.6 CONCRETE BASES

A. Concrete Bases: Anchor equipment to concrete base according to equipment manufacturer's written instructions and according to seismic codes at Project.

1. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated, but not less than 4 inches larger in both directions than supported unit.
2. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of the base.
3. Install epoxy-coated anchor bolts for supported equipment that extend through concrete base, and anchor into structural concrete floor.
4. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
5. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
6. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.
7. Use 3000-psi, 28-day compressive-strength concrete and reinforcement as specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

3.7 ERECTION OF METAL SUPPORTS AND ANCHORAGES

A. Refer to Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for structural steel.

B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor mechanical materials and equipment.

C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1.

3.8 GROUTING

A. Mix and install grout for mechanical equipment base bearing surfaces, pump and other equipment base plates, and anchors.

B. Clean surfaces that will come into contact with grout.

C. Provide forms as required for placement of grout.

D. Avoid air entrapment during placement of grout.

E. Place grout, completely filling equipment bases.

F. Place grout on concrete bases and provide smooth bearing surface for equipment.

G. Place grout around anchors.

H. Cure placed grout.

END OF SECTION 15050

SECTION 15055
MOTORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes basic requirements for factory- and field-installed motors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Factory-Installed Motor: A motor installed by motorized-equipment manufacturer as a component of equipment.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data for Variable Frequency Drives: For each type and size of drive, provide nameplate data and ratings; operating weights; enclosure type and mounting arrangements; size, type and location of winding terminations; conduit entry and ground lug locations.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

B. Comply with NFPA 70.

C. Manufacturer's Qualifications: Firms regularly engaged in manufacture of variable frequency drives with characteristic, sizes and capacities required whose products have been in satisfactory use in similar service for not less than 5 years.

D. UL and NEMA Compliance: Provide electric cabinets and components which are listed and labeled by Underwriters Laboratories and mounted in a NEMA1 enclosure for variable frequency drives.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate features of motors, installed units, and accessory devices and features that comply with the following:

1. Compatible with the following:

   a. Magnetic controllers.
   b. Multispeed controllers.
   c. Reduced-voltage controllers.

2. Designed and labeled for use with variable frequency controllers, and suitable for use throughout speed range without overheating.
3. Matched to torque and horsepower requirements of the load.
4. Matched to ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and required control sequence.

B. Coordinate motor support with requirements for driven load; access for maintenance and motor replacement; installation of accessories, belts, belt guards; and adjustment of sliding rails for belt tensioning.

C. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3.

1.7 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND BUILDING

A. Handle Variable Frequency Drive Panels carefully to prevent damage, breaking, denting and scoring. Do not install damaged panels or components; replace with new.

B. Store Panels and Components in clean dry place. Protect from weather, dirt, fumes, water, construction debris and physical damage.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. All Variable Frequency Drives shall be warranted for a period of 3 years from date of shipment. Any warranty expense during that time shall be born entirely by the manufacturer, including any travel costs or living expense necessary to repair in warranty equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Variable Frequency Drives

    a. ABB Drives, Inc. 500 Series.

2.2 MOTOR REQUIREMENTS

A. Motor requirements apply to factory- and field-installed motors except as follows:

1. Different ratings, performance, or characteristics for motor are specified in another Section.
2. Motorized-equipment manufacturer requires ratings, performance, or characteristics, other than those specified in this Section, to meet performance specified.

2.3 MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS

A. Motors 3/4 HP and Larger: Three phase.

B. Motors Smaller Than 3/4 HP: Single phase.

C. Frequency Rating: 60 Hz.

D. Voltage Rating: NEMA standard voltage selected to operate on nominal circuit voltage to which motor is connected.

E. Service Factor: 1.15 for open dripproof motors; 1.0 for totally enclosed motors.

F. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 105 deg F and at altitude of 3300 feet above sea level.

G. Capacity and Torque Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, at installed altitude and environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate ratings or considering service factor.

H. Enclosure: Open dripproof.

2.4 POLYPHASE MOTORS

A. Description: NEMA MG 1, Design B, medium induction motor.

B. Efficiency: Premium, as defined in NEMA MG 1.

C. Stator: Copper windings, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Multispeed motors shall have separate winding for each speed.

D. Rotor: Squirrel cage, unless otherwise indicated.

E. Bearings: Double-shielded, prelubricated ball bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading.

F. Temperature Rise: Match insulation rating, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Insulation: Class F, unless otherwise indicated.

H. Code Letter Designation:

1. Motors 15 HP and Larger: NEMA starting Code F or Code G.
2. Motors Smaller Than 15 HP: Manufacturer's standard starting characteristic.

I. Enclosure: Cast iron for motors 7.5 hp and larger; rolled steel for motors smaller than 7.5 hp.

1. Finish: Gray enamel.

2.5 POLYPHASE MOTORS WITH ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Motors Used with Reduced-Inrush Controllers: Match wiring connection requirements for controller with required motor leads. Provide terminals in motor terminal box, suited to control method.

B. Motors Used with Variable Frequency Controllers: Ratings, characteristics, and features coordinated with and approved by controller manufacturer.

1. Designed with critical vibration frequencies outside operating range of controller output.
2. Temperature Rise: Matched to rating for Class B insulation.
3. Insulation: Class H.
4. Thermal Protection: Comply with NEMA MG 1 requirements for thermally protected motors.

C. Rugged-Duty Motors: Totally enclosed, with 1.25 minimum service factor, greased bearings, integral condensate drains, and capped relief vents. Windings insulated with non-hygroscopic material.

1. Finish: Chemical-resistant paint over corrosion-resistant primer.

D. Source Quality Control for Field-Installed Motors: Perform the following tests on each motor according to NEMA MG 1:

1. Measure winding resistance.
2. Read no-load current and speed at rated voltage and frequency.
3. Measure locked rotor current at rated frequency.
4. Perform high-potential test.

2.6 SINGLE-PHASE MOTORS

A. Type: One of the following, to suit starting torque and requirements of specific motor application:

1. Permanent-split capacitor.
2. Split-phase start, capacitor run.
3. Capacitor start, capacitor run.

B. Shaded-Pole Motors: For motors 1/20 hp and smaller only.

C. Thermal Protection: Internal protection to automatically open power supply circuit to motor when winding temperature exceeds a safe value calibrated to temperature rating of motor insulation. Thermal-protection device shall automatically reset when motor temperature returns to normal range.

D. Bearings: Ball type for belt-connected motors and other motors with high radial forces on motor shaft; sealed, prelubricated-sleeve type for other single-phase motors.

E. Source Quality Control for Field-Installed Motors: Perform the following tests on each motor according to NEMA MG 1:

1. Measure winding resistance.
2. Read no-load current and speed at rated voltage and frequency.
3. Measure locked rotor current at rated frequency.
4. Perform high-potential test.

2.7 VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVES, GENERAL

A. The Standard Variable Frequency Controller (VFC) and all of the optional modifications shall mount with a common NEMA 1 Enclosure.

B. Description:

1. The Variable Frequency Controller (VFC) shall be a fully digital PWM using very large scale integration techniques as well as surface mount technology for increased reliability. The VFC shall use a 16 bit microprocessor with a 12 bit resolution to allow stepless motor control from 0.1% to 110% of motor base speed.
2. All programmable settings shall be held in a non-volatile memory and shall not be affected by power outages, brownouts, power drips, etc. The VFC shall have initial programmable settings intact from the factory without the need of battery backup, etc. The VFC shall not need to be programmed at the job site prior to being able to run a motor, but shall be ready to run a motor as soon as power connections are made.
3. Programmable at the job site to accommodate specific load application requirements, such as frequency avoidance and preset speeds shall be available to the user.
4. Complete efficiency versus load and speed for all VFC ratings shall be readily available from the manufacturer. VFC shall be capable of multiple motor operation at the same frequency and speed.
5. All high voltage components within the enclosure shall be isolated with steel or polycarbonate covers.

C. Basic Features:

1. Operator controls shall be mounted on the door of the cabinet and consist of a membrane command center which allows manual stop/start and speed control, local/remote indication and manual/or automatic speed control selection. In addition, the command center will serve as a means to configure controller parameters such a minimum speed, maximum speed acceleration and deceleration times, volts/Hz ration, torque boost, etc. Potentionmeters will not be allowed for these settings.

2. The controller will be able to follow an external speed signal and respond to remote start/stop contacts wired to the terminal strip while in the automatic/remote mode.
3. The main input disconnect shall provide a positive disconnect between the controller and all phases of the incoming A-C line. This disconnect shall be mounted inside the controller enclosure and have through the door interlocking toggle with provisions for padlocking.
4. The controller shall contain an electronic overload circuit designed to protect two A-C motors, operated on the Variable Frequency Controller.
5. Frequency Controller output from extended overload operation on an inverse time basis. A motor thermostat back up may also be provided.
6. Automatic restarts will be attempted three times after a power outage, drive faultor external fault, if the drives in automatic mode. The circuit shall allow the user to select 0, 1, 2, or 3 restart attempts. The reset time between fault occurrences shall also be selectable. All settings shall be via the membrane command center.
7. An LED display will be mounted on the door of the cabinet and will digitally indicate:
   a. Frequency output.
   b. Voltage output.
   c. Current output.
   d. First fault indication.
8. The Adjustable Frequency Controller shall be capable of starting into a rotating load without the need of a time delay upon a start command.
9. Relay contacts for remote indication of drive fault and motor running shall be provided for interwiring to other devices.
10. There shall be three critical frequency avoidance bands which can be programmed in the field via the membrane command center to enable the controller to avoid certain frequencies which the pump or fan system may resonate at due to reduced speed operation. Each critical frequency avoidance band shall have a band width adjustable via keypad entry of up to 10 Hz.
11. There shall be three programmable preset speeds which will force the AFC to preset speed upon the user contact closure. This feature shall be set digitally by entering via the door mounted membrane command center.
12. The AFC shall have the capability to ride through power dips up to 400 msec without a controller trip depending on load and operating condition.
13. Isolated electrical follower shall enable the Adjustable Frequency Controller to follow a 0-20ma, 4-20ma, or 0-4, 0-8, 0-10, volt D-C grounded or ungrounded signal.
14. Line inductance in the form of line reactors or isolation transformers shall be provided regardless of the KVA connected to the line. Backfeed of total harmonic distortion into the electrical system shall not exceed 5%. This is to minimize line surges, line notching, and voltage distortions from causing nuisance trips and type Variable Frequency Controller.

D. Protective Circuits and Features:

1. The AFC shall include the following protective circuits and features:

   a. DV-DT and DI/DT protection for semiconductors.
   b. Instantaneous Electronic Trip for the following faults.
   c. Motor current exceeds 110% for longer than one minute of controller maximum site since wave current rating.
   d. Output phase to phase short circuit condition.
   e. Total ground fault under any operating condition.

f. High input line voltage.
g. Low input line voltage.
h. Loss of input phase.
i. External fault. (This protective circuit shall permit, by means of the terminal strip, wiring of remote N.C. safety contact such as high static, firestat, etc. to shut down the drive).

2. All live power equipment shall be converted by protective shields to ensure the safety of operating personnel.
3. Metal oxide varistors.

E. Adjustments:

1. The following adjustments shall be provided:
   a. Maximum frequency (15 to 400 Hz) with factory setting at 60 Hz.
   b. Minimum frequency (5 to 60 Hz) with factory setting at 6 Hz.
   c. Acceleration (0.1 to 360 seconds) factory set at 20 seconds.
   d. Deceleration (0.1 to 360 seconds) factory set at 20 seconds.
   e. Volts/Hertz ratio factory set for 460 volts at 60 Hz.
   f. Voltage offset or boost with factory setting at 100% torque.
   g. Current limit (50 to 100%) sine wave current rating factory set at 100%.

F. Service Conditions:

1. The VFC shall be designed and constructed to operate within the following service conditions:
   a. Suitable for continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 32 deg. F. to 104 deg. F. Elevation up to 1100 ft. altitude with a relative humidity to 95% non-condensing.
   b. A-C line variation of –10% to +10% voltage and +/- 2% frequency.

G. Modifications:

1. The following options shall be included as specified in the cover document.
2. Bypass circuitry to transfer the motor from the Variable Frequency Controller to the utility supplied input power or from the line to the controller while the motor is at any speed. Two motor contactors, electrically interlocked shall be utilized. One contactor is to be between the controller output and the motor, controlled by the controller regulator; and the other one is to be between the bypass power line and the motor, providing across-the-line starting. Motor protection per National Electrical Code shall be provided in both the "controller" mode and the "bypass" mode by a motor overload relay. The 115 volt A-C relay control logic, allowing common start/stop commands in the "Controller" mode and the "bypass" mode shall also be included within the enclosure which is UL listed as a single unit.
3. The bypass shall include a door interlocked, main power input disconnect or circuit breaker option providing positive shutdown of all power to both the bypass circuitry and the Adjustable Frequency Controller. A separate motor starter shall not be needed for safe operation. The bypass circuit shall also include a second input disconnect installed in the Adjustable Frequency Controller. This disconnect shall provide a bypass mode. The bypass shall mount within the controller enclosure and be accessible only upon

opening the controller door. The bypass shall include terminal connectors for over pressurization switches to protect the duct work in the bypass mode.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas to receive factory-installed motors and field-installed VFD's for compliance with requirements, installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine roughing-in for conduit systems to verify actual locations of conduit connections before installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install panel where indicated, in accordance with manufacturer's published installation instructions, complying with recognized industry practices to ensure that control panels comply with requirements and serve intended purposes.

B. Access: Provide access space around V-F panel for service as indicated, but in no case less than that recommended by manufacturer.

C. Electrical Wiring: Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer but not specified to be factory mounted. Furnish copy of manufacturer's wiring diagram submittal to Electrical Installer.

D. Verify that electrical wiring installation is in accordance with manufacturer's submittal and installation requirements of Division 16 sections. Do not proceed with equipment start up until wiring installation is acceptable to equipment installer.

3.3 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain field-installed motors. Refer to Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures."

END OF SECTION 15055

SECTION 15060
HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following hangers and supports for mechanical system piping and equipment:

1. Steel pipe hangers and supports.
2. Trapeze pipe hangers.
3. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
4. Fastener systems.
5. Pipe stands.
6. Equipment supports.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for structural-steel shapes and plates for trapeze hangers for pipe and equipment supports.
2. Division 13 Section "Fire-Suppression Piping" for pipe hangers for fire-protection piping.
3. Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Controls" for vibration isolation devices.
4. Division 15 Section "Pipe Expansion Fittings and Loops" for pipe guides and anchors.
5. Division 15 Section(s) "Metal Ducts" for duct hangers and supports.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. MSS: Manufacturers Standardization Society for The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.

B. Terminology: As defined in MSS SP-90, "Guidelines on Terminology for Pipe Hangers and Supports."

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:

1. Steel pipe hangers and supports.
2. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
3. Powder-actuated fastener systems.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 STEEL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components. Refer to Part 3 "Hanger and Support Applications" Article for where to use specific hanger and support types.

B. Manufacturers:

1. AAA Technology & Specialties Co., Inc.
2. Bergen-Power Pipe Supports.
3. B-Line Systems, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
4. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc.
5. Empire Industries, Inc.
6. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.
7. Globe Pipe Hanger Products, Inc.
8. Grinnell Corp.
9. GS Metals Corp.
10. National Pipe Hanger Corporation.
11. PHD Manufacturing, Inc.
12. PHS Industries, Inc.
13. Piping Technology & Products, Inc.
14. Tolco Inc.

C. Galvanized, Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized or hot dipped.

D. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner.

E. Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe insulation pad or cushion for support of bearing surface of piping.

2.3 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

A. Description: MSS SP-69, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made from structural-steel shapes with MSS SP-58 hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

2.4 THERMAL-HANGER SHIELD INSERTS

A. Description: 100-psig- minimum, compressive-strength insulation insert encased in sheet metal shield.

B. Manufacturers:

1. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc.
2. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.
3. PHS Industries, Inc.
4. Pipe Shields, Inc.
5. Rilco Manufacturing Company, Inc.
6. Value Engineered Products, Inc.

C. Insulation-Insert Material for Cold Piping: Water-repellent treated, ASTM C 533, Type I calcium silicate or ASTM C 552, Type II cellular glass with vapor barrier.

D. Insulation-Insert Material for Hot Piping: Water-repellent treated, ASTM C 533, Type I calcium silicate or ASTM C 552, Type II cellular glass.

E. For Trapeze or Clamped Systems: Insert and shield shall cover entire circumference of pipe.

F. For Clevis or Band Hangers: Insert and shield shall cover lower 180 degrees of pipe.

G. Insert Length: Extend 2 inches beyond sheet metal shield for piping operating below ambient air temperature.

2.5 FASTENER SYSTEMS

A. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Hilti, Inc.
b. ITW Ramset/Red Head.
c. Masterset Fastening Systems, Inc.
d. MKT Fastening, LLC.
e. Powers Fasteners.

B. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

1. Manufacturers:

    a. B-Line Systems, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
    b. Empire Industries, Inc.
    c. Hilti, Inc.
    d. ITW Ramset/Red Head.
    e. MKT Fastening, LLC.
    f. Powers Fasteners.

2.6 PIPE STAND FABRICATION

A. Pipe Stands, General: Shop or field-fabricated assemblies made of manufactured corrosion-resistant components to support roof-mounted piping.

B. Compact Pipe Stand: One-piece plastic unit with integral-rod-roller, pipe clamps, or V-shaped cradle to support pipe, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:

    a. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.
    b. MIRO Industries.

C. Low-Type, Single-Pipe Stand: One-piece stainless-steel base unit with plastic roller, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:

    a. MIRO Industries.

2.7 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural-steel shapes.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.

B. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.

1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 HANGER AND SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

A. Specific hanger and support requirements are specified in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.

B. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.

C. Use hangers and supports with galvanized, metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finish.

D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.

E. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.

F. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
2. Yoke-Type Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 2): For suspension of 120 to 450 deg F pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 16, requiring up to 4 inches of insulation.
3. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel, Double-Bolt Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 3): For suspension of pipes, NPS 3/4 to NPS 24, requiring clamp flexibility and up to 4 inches of insulation.
4. Steel Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 4): For suspension of cold and hot pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 24, if little or no insulation is required.
5. Pipe Hangers (MSS Type 5): For suspension of pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 4, to allow off-center closure for hanger installation before pipe erection.
6. Adjustable Swivel Split- or Solid-Ring Hangers (MSS Type 6): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/4 to NPS 8.
7. Adjustable, Steel Band Hangers (MSS Type 7): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
8. Adjustable Band Hangers (MSS Type 9): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
9. Adjustable Swivel-Ring Band Hangers (MSS Type 10): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 2.
10. Split Pipe-Ring with or without Turnbuckle-Adjustment Hangers (MSS Type 11): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/8 to NPS 8.
11. Extension Hinged or 2-Bolt Split Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 12): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/8 to NPS 3.
12. U-Bolts (MSS Type 24): For support of heavy pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
13. Clips (MSS Type 26): For support of insulated pipes not subject to expansion or contraction.
14. Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 36): For support of pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange.
15. Pipe Stanchion Saddles (MSS Type 37): For support of pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange and with U-bolt to retain pipe.

16. Adjustable Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 38): For stanchion-type support for pipes, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 36, if vertical adjustment is required, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange.
17. Single Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 41): For suspension of pipes, NPS 1 to NPS 30, from 2 rods if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
18. Adjustable Roller Hangers (MSS Type 43): For suspension of pipes, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 20, from single rod if horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
19. Complete Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 44): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 42, if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur but vertical adjustment is not necessary.
20. Pipe Roll and Plate Units (MSS Type 45): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 24, if small horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur and vertical adjustment is not necessary.
21. Adjustable Pipe Roll and Base Units (MSS Type 46): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 30, if vertical and lateral adjustment during installation might be required in addition to expansion and contraction.

G. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8): For support of pipe risers, NPS 3/4 to NPS 20.
2. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): For support of pipe risers, NPS 3/4 to NPS 20, if longer ends are required for riser clamps.

H. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
2. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
3. Swivel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 15): For use with MSS Type 11, split pipe rings.
4. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
5. Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.

I. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with bar-joist construction to attach to top flange of structural shape.
3. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
5. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
6. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
7. Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.

8. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
9. Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
10. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
11. Malleable Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
12. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below, or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:

    a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
    b. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
    c. Heavy (MSS Type 33): 3000 lb.

13. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of steel or wooden beams.
14. Plate Lugs (MSS Type 57): For attaching to steel beams if flexibility at beam is required.
15. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.

J. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Steel Pipe-Covering Protection Saddles (MSS Type 39): To fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
2. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
3. Thermal-Hanger Shield Inserts: For supporting insulated pipe.

K. Comply with MSS SP-69 for trapeze pipe hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.

L. Use powder-actuated fasteners or mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.

3.2 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

A. Steel Pipe Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from building structure.

B. Trapeze Pipe Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.

1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified above for individual pipe hangers.
2. Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1.

C. Thermal-Hanger Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping.

D. Fastener System Installation:

1. Install powder-actuated fasteners for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4 inches thick in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool manufacturer's operating manual.
2. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.

E. Pipe Stand Installation:

1. Pipe Stand Types except Curb-Mounting Type: Assemble components and mount on smooth roof surface. Do not penetrate roof membrane.

F. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.

G. Equipment Support Installation: Fabricate from welded-structural-steel shapes.

H. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.

I. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.

J. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.

K. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.

L. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and so maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.1 (for power piping) and ASME B31.9 (for building services piping) are not exceeded.

M. Insulated Piping: Comply with the following:

1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.

a. Piping Operating above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.
b. Piping Operating below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal-hanger shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
c. Do not exceed pipe stress limits according to ASME B31.1 for power piping and ASME B31.9 for building services piping.

2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39, protection saddles if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.

a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.

3. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.

    a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.

4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:

    a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
    b. NPS 4: 12 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
    c. NPS 5 and NPS 6: 18 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
    d. NPS 8 to NPS 14: 24 inches long and 0.075 inch thick.
    e. NPS 16 to NPS 24: 24 inches long and 0.105 inch thick.

5. Pipes NPS 8 and Larger: Include wood inserts.
6. Insert Material: Length at least as long as protective shield.
7. Thermal-Hanger Shields: Install with insulation same thickness as piping insulation.

3.3 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.

B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make smooth bearing surface.

C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

3.4 METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.

B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.

C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1 procedures for shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work, and with the following:

1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
3. Remove welding flux immediately.
4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.

B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

3.6 PAINTING

A. Touch Up: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.

1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.

B. Touch Up: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal are specified in Division 9 painting Sections.

C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 15060

SECTION 15075
MECHANICAL IDENTIFICATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following mechanical identification materials and their installation:

1. Equipment markers.
2. Pipe markers.
3. Duct markers.
4. Valve tags.
5. Valve schedules.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Valve Schedules: For each piping system. Furnish extra copies (in addition to mounted copies) to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. ASME Compliance: Comply with ASME A13.1, "Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems," for letter size, length of color field, colors, and viewing angles of identification devices for piping.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.

B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with location of access panels and doors.

C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

A. Equipment Markers: Engraved, color-coded laminated plastic. Include contact-type, permanent adhesive.

1. Terminology: Match schedules as closely as possible.
2. Data:

a. Name and plan number.
b. Equipment service.

3. Size: 2-1/2 by 4 inches for control devices, dampers, and valves; 4-1/2 by 6 inches for equipment.

2.2 PIPING IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

A. Manufactured Pipe Markers, General: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing direction of flow.

1. Colors: Comply with ASME A13.1, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Lettering: Use piping system terms indicated and abbreviate only as necessary for each application length.
3. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: Full-band pipe markers extending 360 degrees around pipe at each location.
4. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches and Larger: Either full-band or strip-type pipe markers at least three times letter height and of length required for label.
5. Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions; or as separate unit on each pipe marker to indicate direction of flow.

B. Shaped Pipe Markers: Preformed semirigid plastic formed to partially cover circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe with mechanical fasteners that do not penetrate insulation vapor barrier.

C. Self-Adhesive Pipe Markers: Plastic with pressure-sensitive, permanent-type, self-adhesive back.

D. Plastic Tape: Continuously printed, vinyl tape at least 3 mils thick with pressure-sensitive, permanent-type, self-adhesive back.

1. Width for Markers on Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: 3/4 inch minimum.
2. Width for Markers on Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches or Larger: 1-1/2 inches minimum.

2.3 DUCT IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

A. Duct Markers: Engraved, color-coded laminated plastic. Include direction and quantity of airflow and duct service (such as supply, return, and exhaust). Include contact-type, permanent adhesive.

2.4 VALVE TAGS

A. Valve Tags: Stamped or engraved with 1/4-inch letters for piping system abbreviation and 1/2-inch numbers, with numbering scheme approved by Architect. Provide 5/32-inch hole for fastener.

1. Material: 3/32-inch- thick laminated plastic with 2 black surfaces and white inner layer.
2. Valve-Tag Fasteners: Brass wire-link or beaded chain; or S-hook.

2.5 VALVE SCHEDULES

A. Valve Schedules: For each piping system, on standard-size bond paper. Tabulate valve number, piping system, system abbreviation (as shown on valve tag), location of valve (room or space), normal-operating position (open, closed, or modulating), and variations for identification. Mark valves for emergency shutoff and similar special uses.

1. Valve-Schedule Frames: Glazed display frame for removable mounting on masonry walls for each page of valve schedule. Include mounting screws.
2. Frame: Extruded aluminum.
3. Glazing: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class 1, Glazing Quality B, 2.5-mm, single-thickness glass.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS, GENERAL

A. Products specified are for applications referenced in other Division 15 Sections. If more than single-type material, device, or label is specified for listed applications, selection is Installer's option.

3.2 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

A. Install equipment markers with permanent adhesive on or near each major item of mechanical equipment. Data required for markers may be included on signs, and markers may be omitted if both are indicated.

1. Letter Size: Minimum 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.
2. Locate markers where accessible and visible. Include markers for the following general categories of equipment:

a. Fuel-burning units, including boilers, furnaces, heaters, stills, and absorption units.
b. Pumps, compressors, chillers, condensers, and similar motor-driven units.
c. Fans, blowers, primary balancing dampers, and mixing boxes.
d. Packaged HVAC central-station and zone-type units.

3.3 PIPING IDENTIFICATION

A. Install manufactured pipe markers indicating service on each piping system. Install with flow indication arrows showing direction of flow.

1. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: Self-adhesive pipe markers. Use color-coded, self-adhesive plastic tape, at least 3/4 inch wide, lapped at least 1-1/2 inches at both ends of pipe marker, and covering full circumference of pipe.
2. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches and Larger: Shaped pipe markers. Use size to match pipe and secure with fasteners.
3. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches and Larger: Self-adhesive pipe markers. Use color-coded, self-adhesive plastic tape, at least 1-1/2 inches wide, lapped at least 3 inches at both ends of pipe marker, and covering full circumference of pipe.

B. Locate pipe markers and color bands where piping is exposed in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior nonconcealed locations as follows:

1. Near each valve and control device.
2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
3. Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and nonaccessible enclosures.
4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced markers.

3.4 DUCT IDENTIFICATION

A. Install duct markers with permanent adhesive on air ducts in the following color codes:

1. Green: For cold-air supply ducts.
2. Yellow: For hot-air supply ducts.
3. Blue: For exhaust-, outside-, relief-, return-, and mixed-air ducts.
4. ASME A13.1 Colors and Designs: For hazardous material exhaust.
5. Letter Size: Minimum 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.

B. Locate markers near points where ducts enter into concealed spaces and at maximum intervals of 50 feet in each space where ducts are exposed or concealed by removable ceiling system.

3.5 VALVE-TAG INSTALLATION

A. Install tags on valves and control devices in piping systems, except check valves; valves within factory-fabricated equipment units; plumbing fixture supply stops; shutoff valves; faucets; convenience and lawn-watering hose connections; and HVAC terminal devices and similar roughing-in connections of end-use fixtures and units. List tagged valves in a valve schedule.

B. Valve-Tag Application Schedule: Tag valves according to size, shape, and color scheme and with captions similar to those indicated in the following:

1. Valve-Tag Size and Shape:

    a. Cold Water: 1-1/2 inches, round.
    b. Hot Water: 1-1/2 inches, round.
    c. Fire Protection: 1-1/2 inches, round.
    d. Gas: 1-1/2 inches, round.
    e. Steam: 1-1/2 inches, round.

2. Valve-Tag Color:

    a. Cold Water: Blue.
    b. Hot Water: Black.
    c. Fire Protection: Red.
    d. Gas: Yellow.

3. Letter Color:

    a. Cold Water: White.
    b. Hot Water: White.
    c. Fire Protection: White.
    d. Gas: Black.

3.6 VALVE-SCHEDULE INSTALLATION

A. Mount valve schedule on wall in accessible location in each major equipment room.

END OF SECTION 15075

SECTION 15082
PLUMBING INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Insulation Materials:

    a. Flexible elastomeric.
    b. Mineral fiber.
    c. Polyolefin.

2. Insulating cements.
3. Adhesives.
4. Mastics.
5. Lagging adhesives.
6. Sealants.
7. Factory-applied jackets.
8. Tapes.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include thermal conductivity, thickness, and jackets (both factory and field applied, if any).

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Skilled mechanics who have successfully completed an apprenticeship program or another craft training program certified by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training.

B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Insulation and related materials shall have fire-test-response characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84, by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label

insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

1. Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of supports, hangers, and insulation shields specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."

B. Coordinate clearance requirements with piping Installer for piping insulation application and equipment Installer for equipment insulation application. Before preparing piping Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.

C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

1.7 SCHEDULING

A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.

B. Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

A. Comply with requirements in Part 3 schedule articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.

B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.

C. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C 871.

D. Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C 795.

E. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.

F. Flexible Elastomeric: Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials. Comply with ASTM C 534, Type I for tubular materials and Type II for sheet materials.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Aeroflex USA Inc.; Aerocel.
b. Armacell LLC; AP Armaflex.
c. RBX Corporation; Insul-Sheet 1800 and Insul-Tube 180.

G. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Fibrex Insulations Inc.; Coreplus 1200.
b. Johns Manville; Micro-Lok.
c. Knauf Insulation; 1000 Pipe Insulation.
d. Manson Insulation Inc.; Alley-K.
e. Owens Corning; Fiberglas Pipe Insulation.

2. Type I, 850 deg F Materials: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 547, Type I, Grade A, with factory-applied ASJ-SSL. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

H. Mineral-Fiber, Pipe and Tank Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Semirigid board material with factory-applied ASJ complying with ASTM C 1393, Type II or Type IIIA Category 2, or with properties similar to ASTM C 612, Type IB. Nominal density is 2.5 lb/cu. ft. or more. Thermal conductivity (k-value) at 100 deg F is 0.29 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F or less. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. CertainTeed Corp.; Crimp Wrap.
b. Johns Manville; Micro Flex.
c. Knauf Insulation; Pipe and Tank Insulation.
d. Manson Insulation Inc.; AK Flex.
e. Owens Corning; Fiberglas Pipe and Tank Insulation.

I. Polyolefin: Unicellular, polyethylene thermal plastic insulation. Comply with ASTM C 534 or ASTM C 1427, Type I, Grade 1 for tubular materials and Type II, Grade 1 for sheet materials.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Armacell LLC; Tubolit.
b. Nomaco Inc.; IMCOLOCK, IMCOSHEET, NOMALOCK, and NOMAPLY.
c. RBX Corporation; Therma-cell.

2.2 INSULATING CEMENTS

A. Mineral-Fiber Insulating Cement: Comply with ASTM C 195.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Insulco, Division of MFS, Inc.; Triple I.
b. P. K. Insulation Mfg. Co., Inc.; Super-Stik.

2.3 ADHESIVES

A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Flexible Elastomeric and Polyolefin Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-24179A, Type II, Class I.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Aeroflex USA Inc.; Aeroseal.
b. Armacell LCC; 520 Adhesive.
c. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-75.
d. RBX Corporation; Rubatex Contact Adhesive.

C. Mineral-Fiber Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-82.
b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-20.
c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; S-90/80.
d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 225.
e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.

D. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK and PVDC Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-82.
b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-20.
c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; S-90/80.
d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 225.
e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.

E. PVC Jacket Adhesive: Compatible with PVC jacket.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Dow Chemical Company (The); 739, Dow Silicone.
b. Johns-Manville; Zeston Perma-Weld, CEEL-TITE Solvent Welding Adhesive.
c. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.; Welding Adhesive.
d. Red Devil, Inc.; Celulon Ultra Clear.
e. Speedline Corporation; Speedline Vinyl Adhesive.

2.4 MASTICS

A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-C-19565C, Type II.

B. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Solvent based; suitable for indoor use on below ambient services.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-30.
   b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 30-35.
   c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; CB-25.
   d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 501.
   e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 55-10.

2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 0.05 perm at 35-mil dry film thickness.
3. Service Temperature Range: 0 to 180 deg F.
4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 44 percent by volume and 62 percent by weight.
5. Color: White.

C. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Solvent based; suitable for outdoor use on below ambient services.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; Encacel.
   b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 60-95/60-96.
   c. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 570.
   d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 55-70.

2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 0.05 perm at 30-mil dry film thickness.
3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 50 to plus 220 deg F.
4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 33 percent by volume and 46 percent by weight.
5. Color: White.

2.5 LAGGING ADHESIVES

A. Description: Comply with MIL-A-3316C Class I, Grade A and shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-52.
   b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 81-42.
   c. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 130.
   d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 11-30.
   e. Vimasco Corporation; 136.

2. Fire-resistant, water-based lagging adhesive and coating for use indoors to adhere fire-resistant lagging cloths over equipment and pipe insulation.
3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 50 to plus 180 deg F.
4. Color: White.

2.6 SEALANTS

A. ASJ Flashing Sealants, and Vinyl, PVDC, and PVC Jacket Flashing Sealants:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-76.

2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
5. Color: White.

2.7 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

A. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:

1. ASJ: White, kraft-paper, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with aluminum-foil backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.
2. ASJ-SSL: ASJ with self-sealing, pressure-sensitive, acrylic-based adhesive covered by a removable protective strip; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.

2.8 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C 921, Type I, unless otherwise indicated.

B. PVC Jacket: High-impact-resistant, UV-resistant PVC complying with ASTM D 1784, Class 16354-C; thickness as scheduled; roll stock ready for shop or field cutting and forming. Thickness is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Johns Manville; Zeston.
b. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.; FG Series.
c. Proto PVC Corporation; LoSmoke.
d. Speedline Corporation; Smoke Safe.

2. Adhesive: As recommended by jacket material manufacturer.
3. Color: White.
4. Factory-fabricated fitting covers to match jacket if available; otherwise, field fabricate.

a. Shapes: 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows, tees, valves, flanges, unions, reducers, end caps, soil-pipe hubs, traps, mechanical joints, and P-trap and supply covers for lavatories.

5. Factory-fabricated tank heads and tank side panels.

2.9 TAPES

A. ASJ Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive, complying with ASTM C 1136.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0835.
b. Compac Corp.; 104 and 105.

c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 428 AWF ASJ.
d. Venture Tape; 1540 CW Plus, 1542 CW Plus, and 1542 CW Plus/SQ.

2. Width: 3 inches.
3. Thickness: 11.5 mils.
4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
5. Elongation: 2 percent.
6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
7. ASJ Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of ASJ tape.

B. PVC Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching field-applied PVC jacket with acrylic adhesive. Suitable for indoor and outdoor applications.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0555.
b. Compac Corp.; 130.
c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 370 White PVC tape.
d. Venture Tape; 1506 CW NS.

2. Width: 2 inches.
3. Thickness: 6 mils.
4. Adhesion: 64 ounces force/inch in width.
5. Elongation: 500 percent.
6. Tensile Strength: 18 lbf/inch in width.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.

1. Verify that systems and equipment to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.
3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.

B. Mix insulating cements with clean potable water; if insulating cements are to be in contact with stainless-steel surfaces, use demineralized water.

3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of equipment and piping including fittings, valves, and specialties.

B. Install insulation materials, forms, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of equipment and pipe system as specified in insulation system schedules.

C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.

D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.

E. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.

F. Do not weld brackets, clips, or other attachment devices to piping, fittings, and specialties.

G. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.

H. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.

I. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.

J. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.

1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
3. Install insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
4. Cover inserts with jacket material matching adjacent pipe insulation. Install shields over jacket, arranged to protect jacket from tear or puncture by hanger, support, and shield.

K. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.

L. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:

1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch- wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at bottom of pipe. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at 2 inches o.c.

    a. For below ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.

4. Cover joints and seams with tape as recommended by insulation material manufacturer to maintain vapor seal.
5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to pipe flanges and fittings.

M. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.

N. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.

O. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.

P. For above ambient services, do not install insulation to the following:

1. Vibration-control devices.
2. Testing agency labels and stamps.
3. Nameplates and data plates.
4. Manholes.
5. Handholes.
6. Cleanouts.

3.4 PENETRATIONS

A. Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.

1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation above roof surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside roof flashing at least 2 inches below top of roof flashing.
4. Seal jacket to roof flashing with flashing sealant.

B. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.

1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches.
4. Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.

C. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.

D. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.

1. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.

E. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:

1. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.5 EQUIPMENT, TANK, AND VESSEL INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Mineral Fiber, Pipe and Tank Insulation Installation for Tanks and Vessels: Secure insulation with adhesive and anchor pins and speed washers.

1. Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of tank and vessel surfaces.
2. Groove and score insulation materials to fit as closely as possible to equipment, including contours. Bevel insulation edges for cylindrical surfaces for tight joints. Stagger end joints.
3. Protect exposed corners with secured corner angles.
4. Install adhesively attached or self-sticking insulation hangers and speed washers on sides of tanks and vessels as follows:

    a. Do not weld anchor pins to ASME-labeled pressure vessels.
    b. Select insulation hangers and adhesive that are compatible with service temperature and with substrate.
    c. On tanks and vessels, maximum anchor-pin spacing is 3 inches from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c. in both directions.
    d. Do not overcompress insulation during installation.
    e. Cut and miter insulation segments to fit curved sides and domed heads of tanks and vessels.
    f. Impale insulation over anchor pins and attach speed washers.
    g. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.

5. Secure each layer of insulation with stainless steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation materials.
6. Where insulation hangers on equipment and vessels are not permitted or practical and where insulation support rings are not provided, install a girdle network for securing insulation. Stretch prestressed aircraft cable around the diameter of vessel and make taut with clamps, turnbuckles, or breather springs. Place one circumferential girdle around equipment approximately 6 inches from each end. Install wire or cable between two circumferential girdles 12 inches o.c. Install a wire ring around each end and around outer periphery of center openings, and stretch prestressed aircraft cable radially from the wire ring to nearest circumferential girdle. Install additional circumferential girdles along the body of equipment or tank at a minimum spacing of 48 inches o.c. Use this network for securing insulation with tie wire or bands.
7. Stagger joints between insulation layers at least 3 inches.
8. Install insulation in removable segments on equipment access doors, manholes, hand holes, and other elements that require frequent removal for service and inspection.

9. Bevel and seal insulation ends around manholes, hand holes, ASME stamps, and nameplates.
10. For equipment with surface temperatures below ambient, apply mastic to open ends, joints, seams, breaks, and punctures in insulation.

B. Flexible Elastomeric Thermal Insulation Installation for Tanks and Vessels: Install insulation over entire surface of tanks and vessels.

1. Apply 100 percent coverage of adhesive to surface with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
2. Seal longitudinal seams and end joints.

3.6 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Requirements in this article generally apply to all insulation materials except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.

B. Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, Flanges, and Unions:

1. Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation or mitered fittings made from same material and density as adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.
3. Insulate tee fittings with preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.
4. Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.
5. Insulate strainers using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement. Insulate strainers so strainer basket flange or plug can be easily removed and replaced without damaging the insulation and jacket. Provide a removable reusable insulation cover. For below ambient services, provide a design that maintains vapor barrier.
6. Insulate flanges and unions using a section of oversized preformed pipe insulation. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker.
7. Cover segmented insulated surfaces with a layer of finishing cement and coat with a mastic. Install vapor-barrier mastic for below ambient services and a breather mastic for above ambient services. Reinforce the mastic with fabric-reinforcing mesh. Trowel the mastic to a smooth and well-shaped contour.

8. For services not specified to receive a field-applied jacket except for flexible elastomeric and polyolefin, install fitted PVC cover over elbows, tees, strainers, valves, flanges, and unions. Terminate ends with PVC end caps. Tape PVC covers to adjoining insulation facing using PVC tape.
9. Stencil or label the outside insulation jacket of each union with the word "UNION." Match size and color of pipe labels.

C. Insulate instrument connections for thermometers, pressure gages, pressure temperature taps, test connections, flow meters, sensors, switches, and transmitters on insulated pipes, vessels, and equipment. Shape insulation at these connections by tapering it to and around the connection with insulating cement and finish with finishing cement, mastic, and flashing sealant.

D. Install removable insulation covers at locations indicated. Installation shall conform to the following:

1. Make removable flange and union insulation from sectional pipe insulation of same thickness as that on adjoining pipe. Install same insulation jacket as adjoining pipe insulation.
2. When flange and union covers are made from sectional pipe insulation, extend insulation from flanges or union long at least two times the insulation thickness over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of flange or union. Secure flange cover in place with stainless-steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation and jacket.
3. Construct removable valve insulation covers in same manner as for flanges except divide the two-part section on the vertical centerline of valve body.
4. When covers are made from block insulation, make two halves, each consisting of mitered blocks wired to stainless-steel fabric. Secure this wire frame, with its attached insulation, to flanges with tie wire. Extend insulation at least 2 inches over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of valve. Fill space between flange or union cover and pipe insulation with insulating cement. Finish cover assembly with insulating cement applied in two coats. After first coat is dry, apply and trowel second coat to a smooth finish.
5. Unless a PVC jacket is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules, finish exposed surfaces with a metal jacket.

3.7 FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Seal longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

1. Install pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of sheet insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.
4. Secure insulation to flanges and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

1. Install mitered sections of pipe insulation.
2. Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

1. Install preformed valve covers manufactured of same material as pipe insulation when available.
2. When preformed valve covers are not available, install cut sections of pipe and sheet insulation to valve body. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.
4. Secure insulation to valves and specialties and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

3.8 MINERAL-FIBER INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:

1. Secure each layer of preformed pipe insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
2. Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vapor-barrier mastic and joint sealant.
3. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above ambient surfaces, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches o.c.
4. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on below ambient surfaces, do not staple longitudinal tabs but secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic and flashing sealant.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

1. Install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with mineral-fiber blanket insulation.
4. Install jacket material with manufacturer's recommended adhesive, overlap seams at least 1 inch, and seal joints with flashing sealant.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
2. When preformed insulation elbows and fittings are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation, to a thickness equal to adjoining pipe insulation. Secure insulation materials with wire or bands.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
2. When preformed sections are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation to valve body.
3. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
4. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

3.9 POLYOLEFIN INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:

1. Seal split-tube longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

1. Install pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of polyolefin sheet insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.
4. Secure insulation to flanges and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

1. Install mitered sections of polyolefin pipe insulation.
2. Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

1. Install cut sections of polyolefin pipe and sheet insulation to valve body.
2. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.
4. Secure insulation to valves and specialties, and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

3.10 FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

A. Where PVC jackets are indicated, install with 1-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints; for horizontal applications, install with longitudinal seams along top and bottom of tanks and vessels. Seal with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.

1. Apply two continuous beads of adhesive to seams and joints, one bead under lap and the finish bead along seam and joint edge.

3.11 PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

A. Acceptable preformed pipe and tubular insulation materials and thicknesses are identified for each piping system and pipe size range. If more than one material is listed for a piping system, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.

B. Items Not Insulated: Unless otherwise indicated, do not install insulation on the following:

1. Drainage piping located in crawl spaces.
2. Underground piping.
3. Chrome-plated pipes and fittings unless there is a potential for personnel injury.

3.12 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

A. Domestic Cold Water:

1. NPS 1-1/4 and Smaller: Insulation shall be one of the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1/2 inch thick.
b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.
c. Polyolefin: 1/2 inch thick.

2. NPS 1-1/2 and Larger: Insulation shall be one of the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
c. Polyolefin: 1 inch thick.

B. Domestic Hot and Recirculated Hot Water:

1. NPS 1-1/4 and Smaller: Insulation shall be one of the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1/2 inch thick.
b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.
c. Polyolefin: 1/2 inch thick.

2. NPS 1-1/2 and Larger: Insulation shall be one of the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
c. Polyolefin: 1 inch thick.

C. Stormwater and Overflow:

1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.

D. Roof Drain and Overflow Drain Bodies:

1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.

E. Condensate and Equipment Drain Water below 60 Deg F:

1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1/2 inch thick.
b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.
c. Polyolefin: 1/2 inch thick.

3.13 INDOOR, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET SCHEDULE

A. Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation with factory-applied jacket, install the field-applied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.

B. If more than one material is listed, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.

C. Piping, Exposed:

1. PVC: 20 mils thick.

END OF SECTION 15082

SECTION 15083
HVAC INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Insulation Materials:

    a. Flexible elastomeric.
    b. Mineral fiber.

2. Insulating cements.
3. Adhesives.
4. Mastics.
5. Lagging adhesives.
6. Sealants.
7. Tapes.
8. Securements.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 15 Section "Plumbing Insulation."
2. Division 15 Section "Metal Ducts" for duct liners.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include thermal conductivity, thickness, and jackets (both factory and field applied, if any).

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Skilled mechanics who have successfully completed an apprenticeship program or another craft training program certified by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training.

B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Insulation and related materials shall have fire-test-response characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84, by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

1. Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of supports, hangers, and insulation shields specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."

B. Coordinate clearance requirements with piping Installer for piping insulation application, duct Installer for duct insulation application, and equipment Installer for equipment insulation application. Before preparing piping and ductwork Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.

C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

1.7 SCHEDULING

A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.

B. Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

A. Comply with requirements in Part 3 schedule articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.

B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.

C. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C 871.

D. Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C 795.

E. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.

F. Flexible Elastomeric: Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials. Comply with ASTM C 534, Type I for tubular materials and Type II for sheet materials.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Aeroflex USA Inc.; Aerocel.
b. Armacell LLC; AP Armaflex.
c. RBX Corporation; Insul-Sheet 1800 and Insul-Tube 180.

G. Mineral-Fiber Blanket Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 553, Type II and ASTM C 1290, Type III with factory-applied FSK jacket. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. CertainTeed Corp.; Duct Wrap.
b. Johns Manville; Microlite.
c. Knauf Insulation; Duct Wrap.
d. Manson Insulation Inc.; Alley Wrap.
e. Owens Corning; All-Service Duct Wrap.

H. Mineral-Fiber Board Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 612, Type IA or Type IB. For duct and plenum applications, provide insulation with factory-applied ASJ. For equipment applications, provide insulation with factory-applied ASJ. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. CertainTeed Corp.; Commercial Board.
b. Fibrex Insulations Inc.; FBX.
c. Johns Manville; 800 Series Spin-Glas.
d. Knauf Insulation; Insulation Board.
e. Manson Insulation Inc.; AK Board.
f. Owens Corning; Fiberglas 700 Series.

I. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Fibrex Insulations Inc.; Coreplus 1200.
b. Johns Manville; Micro-Lok.
c. Knauf Insulation; 1000 Pipe Insulation.
d. Manson Insulation Inc.; Alley-K.
e. Owens Corning; Fiberglas Pipe Insulation.

2. Type I, 850 deg F Materials: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 547, Type I, Grade A, with factory-applied ASJ-SSL. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

J. Mineral-Fiber, Pipe Insulation Wicking System: Preformed pipe insulation complying with ASTM C 547, Type I, Grade A, with absorbent cloth factory applied to the entire inside surface of preformed pipe insulation and extended through the longitudinal joint to outside surface of insulation under insulation jacket. Factory apply a white, polymer, vapor-retarder jacket with self-sealing adhesive tape seam and evaporation holes running continuously along the longitudinal seam, exposing the absorbent cloth.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Knauf Insulation; Permawick Pipe Insulation.
b. Owens Corning; VaporWick Pipe Insulation.

K. Mineral-Fiber, Pipe and Tank Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Semirigid board material with factory-applied ASJ complying with ASTM C 1393, Type II or Type IIIA Category 2, or with properties similar to ASTM C 612, Type IB. Nominal density is 2.5 lb/cu. ft. or more. Thermal conductivity (k-value) at 100 deg F is 0.29 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F or less. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. CertainTeed Corp.; CrimpWrap.
b. Johns Manville; MicroFlex.
c. Knauf Insulation; Pipe and Tank Insulation.
d. Manson Insulation Inc.; AK Flex.
e. Owens Corning; Fiberglas Pipe and Tank Insulation.

2.2 INSULATING CEMENTS

A. Mineral-Fiber Insulating Cement: Comply with ASTM C 195.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Insulco, Division of MFS, Inc.; Triple I.
b. P. K. Insulation Mfg. Co., Inc.; Super-Stik.

2.3 ADHESIVES

A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Flexible Elastomeric and Polyolefin Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-24179A, Type II, Class I.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Aeroflex USA Inc.; Aeroseal.
b. Armacell LCC; 520 Adhesive.
c. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-75.
d. RBX Corporation; Rubatex Contact Adhesive.

C. Mineral-Fiber Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

    a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-82.
    b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-20.
    c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; S-90/80.
    d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 225.
    e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.

D. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK and PVDC Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

    a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-82.
    b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-20.
    c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; S-90/80.
    d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 225.
    e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.

E. PVC Jacket Adhesive: Compatible with PVC jacket.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

    a. Dow Chemical Company (The); 739, Dow Silicone.
    b. Johns-Manville; Zeston Perma-Weld, CEEL-TITE Solvent Welding Adhesive.
    c. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.; Welding Adhesive.
    d. Red Devil, Inc.; Celulon Ultra Clear.
    e. Speedline Corporation; Speedline Vinyl Adhesive.

2.4 MASTICS

A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-C-19565C, Type II.

B. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Solvent based; suitable for indoor use on below ambient services.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

    a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-30.
    b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 30-35.
    c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; CB-25.
    d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 501.
    e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 55-10.

2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 0.05 perm at 35-mil dry film thickness.
3. Service Temperature Range: 0 to 180 deg F.
4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 44 percent by volume and 62 percent by weight.
5. Color: White.

C. Breather Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor and outdoor use on above ambient services.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-10.
b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 35-00.
c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; CB-05/15.
d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 550.
e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 55-50.
f. Vimasco Corporation; WC-1/WC-5.

2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 3 perms at 0.0625-inch dry film thickness.
3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 200 deg F.
4. Solids Content: 63 percent by volume and 73 percent by weight.
5. Color: White.

2.5 LAGGING ADHESIVES

A. Description: Comply with MIL-A-3316C Class I, Grade A and shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-52.
b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 81-42.
c. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 130.
d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 11-30.
e. Vimasco Corporation; 136.

2. Fire-resistant, water-based lagging adhesive and coating for use indoors to adhere fire-resistant lagging cloths over duct, equipment, and pipe insulation.
3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 50 to plus 180 deg F.
4. Color: White.

2.6 SEALANTS

A. FSK and Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-76-8.
b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 95-44.
c. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 405.
d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 44-05.
e. Vimasco Corporation; 750.

2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
5. Color: Aluminum.

B. ASJ Flashing Sealants, and Vinyl, PVDC, and PVC Jacket Flashing Sealants:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-76.

2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
5. Color: White.

2.7 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

A. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:

1. ASJ: White, kraft-paper, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with aluminum-foil backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.
2. ASJ-SSL: ASJ with self-sealing, pressure-sensitive, acrylic-based adhesive covered by a removable protective strip; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.
3. FSK Jacket: Aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type II.
4. FSP Jacket: Aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with polyethylene backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type II.
5. Vinyl Jacket: White vinyl with a permeance of 1.3 perms when tested according to ASTM E 96, Procedure A, and complying with NFPA 90A and NFPA 90B.

2.8 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C 921, Type I, unless otherwise indicated.

B. PVC Jacket: High-impact-resistant, UV-resistant PVC complying with ASTM D 1784, Class 16354-C; thickness as scheduled; roll stock ready for shop or field cutting and forming. Thickness is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. Johns Manville; Zeston.
   b. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.; FG Series.
   c. Proto PVC Corporation; LoSmoke.
   d. Speedline Corporation; SmokeSafe.

2. Adhesive: As recommended by jacket material manufacturer.
3. Color: White.
4. Factory-fabricated fitting covers to match jacket if available; otherwise, field fabricate.

   a. Shapes: 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows, tees, valves, flanges, unions, reducers, end caps, soil-pipe hubs, traps, mechanical joints, and P-trap and supply covers for lavatories.

5. Factory-fabricated tank heads and tank side panels.

2.9 TAPES

A. ASJ Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive, complying with ASTM C 1136.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

    a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0835.
    b. Compac Corp.; 104 and 105.
    c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 428 AWF ASJ.
    d. Venture Tape; 1540 CW Plus, 1542 CW Plus, and 1542 CW Plus/SQ.

2. Width: 3 inches.
3. Thickness: 11.5 mils.
4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
5. Elongation: 2 percent.
6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
7. ASJ Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of ASJ tape.

B. FSK Tape: Foil-face, vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive; complying with ASTM C 1136.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

    a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0827.
    b. Compac Corp.; 110 and 111.
    c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 491 AWF FSK.
    d. Venture Tape; 1525 CW, 1528 CW, and 1528 CW/SQ.

2. Width: 3 inches.
3. Thickness: 6.5 mils.
4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
5. Elongation: 2 percent.
6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
7. FSK Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of FSK tape.

C. PVC Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching field-applied PVC jacket with acrylic adhesive. Suitable for indoor and outdoor applications.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

    a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0555.
    b. Compac Corp.; 130.
    c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 370 White PVC tape.
    d. Venture Tape; 1506 CW NS.

2. Width: 2 inches.
3. Thickness: 6 mils.
4. Adhesion: 64 ounces force/inch in width.
5. Elongation: 500 percent.
6. Tensile Strength: 18 lbf/inch in width.

D. Aluminum-Foil Tape: Vapor-retarder tape with acrylic adhesive.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

    a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0800.
    b. Compac Corp.; 120.

c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 488 AWF.
d. Venture Tape; 3520 CW.

2. Width: 2 inches.
3. Thickness: 3.7 mils.
4. Adhesion: 100 ounces force/inch in width.
5. Elongation: 5 percent.
6. Tensile Strength: 34 lbf/inch in width.

2.10 SECUREMENTS

A. Bands:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Childers Products; Bands.
b. PABCO Metals Corporation; Bands.
c. RPR Products, Inc.; Bands.

2. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 167 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304; 0.015 inch thick, 1/2 inch wide with wing or closed seal.
3. Aluminum: ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105, or 5005; Temper H-14, 0.020 inch thick, 1/2 inch wide with wing or closed seal.

B. Insulation Pins and Hangers:

1. Capacitor-Discharge-Weld Pins: Copper- or zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitor-discharge welding, 0.106-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated.

a. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

1) AGM Industries, Inc.; CWP-1.
2) GEMCO; CD.
3) Midwest Fasteners, Inc.; CD.
4) Nelson Stud Welding; TPA, TPC, and TPS.

2. Cupped-Head, Capacitor-Discharge-Weld Pins: Copper- or zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitor-discharge welding, 0.106-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated with integral 1-1/2-inch galvanized carbon-steel washer.

a. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

1) AGM Industries, Inc.; CWP-1.
2) GEMCO; Cupped Head Weld Pin.
3) Midwest Fasteners, Inc.; Cupped Head.
4) Nelson Stud Welding; CHP.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.

1. Verify that systems and equipment to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.
3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.

B. Mix insulating cements with clean potable water; if insulating cements are to be in contact with stainless-steel surfaces, use demineralized water.

3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of equipment, ducts and fittings, and piping including fittings, valves, and specialties.

B. Install insulation materials, forms, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of equipment, duct system, and pipe system as specified in insulation system schedules.

C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.

D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.

E. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.

F. Do not weld brackets, clips, or other attachment devices to piping, fittings, and specialties.

G. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.

H. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.

I. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.

J. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.

1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.

2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
3. Install insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
4. Cover inserts with jacket material matching adjacent pipe insulation. Install shields over jacket, arranged to protect jacket from tear or puncture by hanger, support, and shield.

K. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.

L. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:

1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch- wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at bottom of pipe. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at 2 inches o.c.

    a. For below ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.

4. Cover joints and seams with tape as recommended by insulation material manufacturer to maintain vapor seal.
5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to duct and pipe flanges and fittings.

M. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.

N. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.

O. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.

P. For above ambient services, do not install insulation to the following:

1. Vibration-control devices.
2. Testing agency labels and stamps.
3. Nameplates and data plates.
4. Manholes.
5. Handholes.
6. Cleanouts.

3.4 PENETRATIONS

A. Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.

1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation above roof surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside roof flashing at least 2 inches below top of roof flashing.
4. Seal jacket to roof flashing with flashing sealant.

B. Insulation Installation at Underground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Terminate insulation flush with sleeve seal. Seal terminations with flashing sealant.

C. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.

1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches.
4. Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.

D. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.

E. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions. Terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves for fire-rated wall and partition penetrations. Externally insulate damper sleeves to match adjacent insulation and overlap duct insulation at least 2 inches.

1. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.

F. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:

1. Duct: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations that are not fire rated. For penetrations through fire-rated assemblies, terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves and externally insulate damper sleeve beyond floor to match adjacent duct insulation. Overlap damper sleeve and duct insulation at least 2 inches.
2. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
3. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.5 EQUIPMENT, TANK, AND VESSEL INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Mineral Fiber, Pipe and Tank Insulation Installation for Tanks and Vessels: Secure insulation with adhesive and anchor pins and speed washers.

1. Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of tank and vessel surfaces.

2. Groove and score insulation materials to fit as closely as possible to equipment, including contours. Bevel insulation edges for cylindrical surfaces for tight joints. Stagger end joints.
3. Protect exposed corners with secured corner angles.
4. Install adhesively attached or self-sticking insulation hangers and speed washers on sides of tanks and vessels as follows:

    a. Do not weld anchor pins to ASME-labeled pressure vessels.
    b. Select insulation hangers and adhesive that are compatible with service temperature and with substrate.
    c. On tanks and vessels, maximum anchor-pin spacing is 3 inches from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c. in both directions.
    d. Do not over compress insulation during installation.
    e. Cut and miter insulation segments to fit curved sides and domed heads of tanks and vessels.
    f. Impale insulation over anchor pins and attach speed washers.
    g. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.

5. Secure each layer of insulation with stainless steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation materials.
6. Where insulation hangers on equipment and vessels are not permitted or practical and where insulation support rings are not provided, install a girdle network for securing insulation. Stretch prestressed aircraft cable around the diameter of vessel and make taut with clamps, turnbuckles, or breather springs. Place one circumferential girdle around equipment approximately 6 inches from each end. Install wire or cable between two circumferential girdles 12 inches o.c. Install a wire ring around each end and around outer periphery of center openings, and stretch prestressed aircraft cable radially from the wire ring to nearest circumferential girdle. Install additional circumferential girdles along the body of equipment or tank at a minimum spacing of 48 inches o.c. Use this network for securing insulation with tie wire or bands.
7. Stagger joints between insulation layers at least 3 inches.
8. Install insulation in removable segments on equipment access doors, manholes, handholes, and other elements that require frequent removal for service and inspection.
9. Bevel and seal insulation ends around manholes, handholes, ASME stamps, and nameplates.
10. For equipment with surface temperatures below ambient, apply mastic to open ends, joints, seams, breaks, and punctures in insulation.

B. Flexible Elastomeric Thermal Insulation Installation for Tanks and Vessels: Install insulation over entire surface of tanks and vessels.

1. Apply 100 percent coverage of adhesive to surface with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
2. Seal longitudinal seams and end joints.

C. Insulation Installation on Pumps:

1. Fabricate metal boxes lined with insulation. Fit boxes around pumps and coincide box joints with splits in pump casings. Fabricate joints with outward bolted flanges. Bolt

flanges on 6-inch centers, starting at corners. Install 3/8-inch- diameter fasteners with wing nuts. Alternatively, secure the box sections together using a latching mechanism.

2. Fabricate boxes from aluminum, at least 0.060 inch thick.
3. For below ambient services, install a vapor barrier at seams, joints, and penetrations. Seal between flanges with replaceable gasket material to form a vapor barrier.

3.6 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Requirements in this article generally apply to all insulation materials except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.

B. Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, Flanges, and Unions:

1. Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation or mitered fittings made from same material and density as adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.
3. Insulate tee fittings with preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.
4. Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.
5. Insulate strainers using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement. Insulate strainers so strainer basket flange or plug can be easily removed and replaced without damaging the insulation and jacket. Provide a removable reusable insulation cover. For below ambient services, provide a design that maintains vapor barrier.
6. Insulate flanges and unions using a section of oversized preformed pipe insulation. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker.
7. Cover segmented insulated surfaces with a layer of finishing cement and coat with a mastic. Install vapor-barrier mastic for below ambient services and a breather mastic for above ambient services. Reinforce the mastic with fabric-reinforcing mesh. Trowel the mastic to a smooth and well-shaped contour.
8. For services not specified to receive a field-applied jacket except for flexible elastomeric and polyolefin, install fitted PVC cover over elbows, tees, strainers, valves, flanges, and unions. Terminate ends with PVC end caps. Tape PVC covers to adjoining insulation facing using PVC tape.
9. Stencil or label the outside insulation jacket of each union with the word "UNION." Match size and color of pipe labels.

C. Insulate instrument connections for thermometers, pressure gages, pressure temperature taps, test connections, flow meters, sensors, switches, and transmitters on insulated pipes, vessels, and equipment. Shape insulation at these connections by tapering it to and around the connection with insulating cement and finish with finishing cement, mastic, and flashing sealant.

D. Install removable insulation covers at locations indicated. Installation shall conform to the following:

1. Make removable flange and union insulation from sectional pipe insulation of same thickness as that on adjoining pipe. Install same insulation jacket as adjoining pipe insulation.
2. When flange and union covers are made from sectional pipe insulation, extend insulation from flanges or union long at least two times the insulation thickness over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of flange or union. Secure flange cover in place with stainless steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation and jacket.
3. Construct removable valve insulation covers in same manner as for flanges except divide the two-part section on the vertical centerline of valve body.
4. When covers are made from block insulation, make two halves, each consisting of mitered blocks wired to stainless-steel fabric. Secure this wire frame, with its attached insulation, to flanges with tie wire. Extend insulation at least 2 inches over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of valve. Fill space between flange or union cover and pipe insulation with insulating cement. Finish cover assembly with insulating cement applied in two coats. After first coat is dry, apply and trowel second coat to a smooth finish.
5. Unless a PVC jacket is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules, finish exposed surfaces with a metal jacket.

3.7 FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Seal longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

1. Install pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of sheet insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.
4. Secure insulation to flanges and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

1. Install mitered sections of pipe insulation.
2. Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

1. Install preformed valve covers manufactured of same material as pipe insulation when available.
2. When preformed valve covers are not available, install cut sections of pipe and sheet insulation to valve body. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.
4. Secure insulation to valves and specialties and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

3.8 MINERAL-FIBER INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:

1. Secure each layer of preformed pipe insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
2. Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vapor-barrier mastic and joint sealant.
3. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above ambient surfaces, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches o.c.
4. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on below ambient surfaces, do not staple longitudinal tabs but secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic and flashing sealant.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

1. Install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with mineral-fiber blanket insulation.
4. Install jacket material with manufacturer's recommended adhesive, overlap seams at least 1 inch, and seal joints with flashing sealant.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
2. When preformed insulation elbows and fittings are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation, to a thickness equal to adjoining pipe insulation. Secure insulation materials with wire or bands.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
2. When preformed sections are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation to valve body.
3. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
4. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

E. Blanket Insulation Installation on Ducts and Plenums: Secure with adhesive and insulation pins.

1. Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of duct and plenum surfaces.
2. Apply adhesive to entire circumference of ducts and to all surfaces of fittings and transitions.
3. Install either capacitor-discharge-weld pins and speed washers or cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins on sides and bottom of horizontal ducts and sides of vertical ducts as follows:

    a. On duct sides with dimensions 18 inches and smaller, place pins along longitudinal centerline of duct. Space 3 inches maximum from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c.
    b. On duct sides with dimensions larger than 18 inches, place pins 16 inches o.c. each way, and 3 inches maximum from insulation joints. Install additional pins to hold insulation tightly against surface at cross bracing.
    c. Pins may be omitted from top surface of horizontal, rectangular ducts and plenums.
    d. Do not over compress insulation during installation.
    e. Impale insulation over pins and attach speed washers.
    f. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.

4. For ducts and plenums with surface temperatures below ambient, install a continuous unbroken vapor barrier. Create a facing lap for longitudinal seams and end joints with insulation by removing 2 inches from 1 edge and 1 end of insulation segment. Secure laps to adjacent insulation section with 1/2-inch outward-clinching staples, 1-inch o.c. Install vapor barrier consisting of factory- or field-applied jacket, adhesive, vapor-barrier mastic, and sealant at joints, seams, and protrusions.

    a. Repair punctures, tears, and penetrations with tape or mastic to maintain vapor-barrier seal.
    b. Install vapor stops for ductwork and plenums operating below 50 deg F at 18-foot intervals. Vapor stops shall consist of vapor-barrier mastic applied in a Z-shaped pattern over insulation face, along butt end of insulation, and over the surface. Cover insulation face and surface to be insulated a width equal to 2 times the insulation thickness but not less than 3 inches.

5. Overlap unfaced blankets a minimum of 2 inches on longitudinal seams and end joints. At end joints, secure with steel bands spaced a maximum of 18 inches o.c.
6. Install insulation on rectangular duct elbows and transitions with a full insulation section for each surface. Install insulation on round and flat-oval duct elbows with individually mitered gores cut to fit the elbow.
7. Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with 6-inch- wide strips of same material used to insulate duct. Secure on alternating sides of stiffener, hanger, and flange with pins spaced 6 inches o.c.

F. Board Insulation Installation on Ducts and Plenums: Secure with adhesive and insulation pins.

1. Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of duct and plenum surfaces.

2. Apply adhesive to entire circumference of ducts and to all surfaces of fittings and transitions.
3. Install either capacitor-discharge-weld pins and speed washers or cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins on sides and bottom of horizontal ducts and sides of vertical ducts as follows:

    a. On duct sides with dimensions 18 inches and smaller, place pins along longitudinal centerline of duct. Space 3 inches maximum from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c.
    b. On duct sides with dimensions larger than 18 inches, space pins 16 inches o.c. each way, and 3 inches maximum from insulation joints. Install additional pins to hold insulation tightly against surface at cross bracing.
    c. Pins may be omitted from top surface of horizontal, rectangular ducts and plenums.
    d. Do not over compress insulation during installation.
    e. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.

4. For ducts and plenums with surface temperatures below ambient, install a continuous unbroken vapor barrier. Create a facing lap for longitudinal seams and end joints with insulation by removing 2 inches from 1 edge and 1 end of insulation segment. Secure laps to adjacent insulation section with 1/2-inch outward-clinching staples, 1-inch o.c. Install vapor barrier consisting of factory- or field-applied jacket, adhesive, vapor-barrier mastic, and sealant at joints, seams, and protrusions.

    a. Repair punctures, tears, and penetrations with tape or mastic to maintain vapor-barrier seal.
    b. Install vapor stops for ductwork and plenums operating below 50 deg F at 18-foot intervals. Vapor stops shall consist of vapor-barrier mastic applied in a Z-shaped pattern over insulation face, along butt end of insulation, and over the surface. Cover insulation face and surface to be insulated a width equal to 2 times the insulation thickness but not less than 3 inches.

5. Install insulation on rectangular duct elbows and transitions with a full insulation section for each surface. Groove and score insulation to fit as closely as possible to outside and inside radius of elbows. Install insulation on round and flat-oval duct elbows with individually mitered gores cut to fit the elbow.
6. Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with 6-inch- wide strips of same material used to insulate duct. Secure on alternating sides of stiffener, hanger, and flange with pins spaced 6 inches o.c.

3.9 FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

A. Where PVC jackets are indicated, install with 1-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints; for horizontal applications, install with longitudinal seams along top and bottom of tanks and vessels. Seal with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.

    1. Apply two continuous beads of adhesive to seams and joints, one bead under lap and the finish bead along seam and joint edge.

3.10 FIRE-RATED INSULATION SYSTEM INSTALLATION

A. Where fire-rated insulation system is indicated, secure system to ducts and duct hangers and supports to maintain a continuous fire rating.

B. Insulate duct access panels and doors to achieve same fire rating as duct.

C. Install firestopping at penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Fire-stop systems are specified in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.11 DUCT INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

A. Plenums and Ducts Requiring Insulation:

1. Indoor, concealed supply and outdoor air.
2. Indoor, exposed supply and outdoor air.
3. Indoor, concealed return located above suspended ceilings and in nonconditioned space.
4. Indoor, exposed return located in nonconditioned space.

B. Items Not Insulated:

1. Metal ducts with duct liner of sufficient thickness to comply with energy code and ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
2. Factory-insulated flexible ducts.
3. Factory-insulated plenums and casings.
4. Flexible connectors.
5. Vibration-control devices.
6. Factory-insulated access panels and doors.

3.12 INDOOR DUCT AND PLENUM INSULATION SCHEDULE

A. Concealed, round and flat-oval, supply and return air duct insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Blanket: 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

B. Concealed, round and flat-oval, outdoor-air duct insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Blanket: 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

C. Concealed, rectangular, supply and return air duct insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Blanket: 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

D. Concealed, rectangular, outdoor-air duct insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Blanket: 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

E. Concealed, supply-air plenum insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Blanket: 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

F. Concealed, outdoor-air plenum insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Blanket: 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

G. Exposed, round and flat-oval, supply-air duct insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Board: 1-1/2 inches thick and 2-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

H. Exposed, round and flat-oval, outdoor-air duct insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Board: 1-1/2 inches thick and 2-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

I. Exposed, rectangular, supply-air duct insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Board: 1-1/2 inches thick and 2-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

J. Exposed, rectangular, outdoor-air duct insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Board: 1-1/2 inches thick and 2-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

K. Exposed, supply-air plenum insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Board: 1-1/2 inches thick and 2-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

L. Exposed, outdoor-air plenum insulation shall be the following:

1. Mineral-Fiber Board: 1-1/2 inches thick and 2-lb/cu. ft. nominal density.

3.13 PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

A. Acceptable preformed pipe and tubular insulation materials and thicknesses are identified for each piping system and pipe size range. If more than one material is listed for a piping system, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.

B. Items Not Insulated: Unless otherwise indicated, do not install insulation on the following:

1. Underground piping.

3.14 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

A. Condensate and Equipment Drain Water below 60 Deg F:

1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1/2 inch thick.

B. Chilled Water and Brine, above 40 Deg F:

1. NPS 12 and Smaller: Insulation shall be the following:

a. Mineral-Fiber, Pipe Insulation Wicking System: 1 inch thick.

C. Heating-Hot-Water Supply and Return, 200 Deg F and below:

1. NPS 3 and Smaller: Insulation shall be the following:

a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe, Type I: 1 inch thick.

2. NPS 4 and Larger: Insulation shall be the following:

a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe, Type I: 1-1/2 inch thick.

D. Refrigerant Suction and Hot-Gas Piping:

1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.

E. Refrigerant Suction and Hot-Gas Flexible Tubing:

1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.

3.15 OUTDOOR, ABOVEGROUND PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

A. Refrigerant Suction and Hot-Gas Piping:

1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.

B. Refrigerant Suction and Hot-Gas Flexible Tubing:

1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.

3.16 INDOOR, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET SCHEDULE

A. Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation with factory-applied jacket, install the field-applied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.

B. If more than one material is listed, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.

C. Ducts and Plenums, Concealed:

1. None.

D. Ducts and Plenums, Exposed:

1. None.

E. Equipment, Concealed:

1. None.

F. Equipment, Exposed, up to 48 Inches in Diameter or with Flat Surfaces up to 72 Inches:

1. None.

G. Piping, Concealed:

1. None.

H. Piping, Exposed:

1. PVC: 20 mils thick.

END OF SECTION 15083

SECTION 15110
VALVES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following general-duty valves:

1. Copper-alloy ball valves.
2. Ferrous-alloy ball valves.
3. Ferrous-alloy butterfly valves.
4. Bronze check valves.
5. Gray-iron swing check valves.
6. Ferrous-alloy wafer check valves.
7. Spring-loaded, lift-disc check valves.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 piping Sections for general-duty and specialty valves for site construction piping.
2. Division 13 fire-suppression piping and fire pump Sections for fire-protection valves.
3. Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification" for valve tags and charts.
4. Division 15 Section "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls" for control valves and actuators.
5. Division 15 piping Sections for specialty valves applicable to those Sections only.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. The following are standard abbreviations for valves:

1. CWP: Cold working pressure.
2. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
3. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene plastic.
4. SWP: Steam working pressure.
5. TFE: Tetrafluoroethylene plastic.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of valve indicated. Include body, seating, and trim materials; valve design; pressure and temperature classifications; end connections; arrangement; dimensions; and required clearances. Include list indicating valve and its application. Include rated capacities; shipping, installed, and operating weights; furnished specialties; and accessories.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. ASME Compliance: ASME B31.1 for power piping valves andASME B31.9 for building services piping valves.

1. Exceptions: Domestic hot- and cold-waterpiping valves unless referenced.

B. ASME Compliance for Ferrous Valves: ASME B16.10 and ASME B16.34 for dimension and design criteria.

C. NSF Compliance: NSF 61 for valve materials for potable-water service.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Prepare valves for shipping as follows:

1. Protect internal parts against rust and corrosion.
2. Protect threads, flange faces, grooves, and weld ends.
3. Set ball and plug valves open to minimize exposure of functional surfaces.
4. Set butterfly valves closed or slightly open.
5. Block check valves in either closed or open position.

B. Use the following precautions during storage:

1. Maintain valve end protection.
2. Store valves indoors and maintain at higher than ambient dew-point temperature. If outdoor storage is necessary, store valves off the ground in watertight enclosures.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 VALVES, GENERAL

A. Refer to Part 3 "Valve Applications" Article for applications of valves.

B. Bronze Valves: NPS 2 and smaller with threaded ends, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Ferrous Valves: NPS 2-1/2 and larger with flanged ends, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Valve Pressure and Temperature Ratings: Not less than indicated and as required for system pressures and temperatures.

E. Valve Sizes: Same as upstream pipe, unless otherwise indicated.

F. Valve Actuators:

1. Lever Handle: For quarter-turn valves NPS 6 and smaller, except plug valves.

G. Extended Valve Stems: On insulated valves.

H. Valve Flanges: ASME B16.1 for cast-iron valves, ASME B16.5 for steel valves, and ASME B16.24 for bronze valves.

I. Valve Grooved Ends: AWWA C606.

1. Solder Joint: With sockets according to ASME B16.18.

a. Caution: Use solder with melting point below 840 deg F for angle, check, gate, and globe valves; below 421 deg F for ball valves.

2. Threaded: With threads according to ASME B1.20.1.

2.3 COPPER-ALLOY BALL VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

1. Two-Piece, Copper-Alloy Ball Valves:

a. Conbraco Industries, Inc.; Apollo Div.
b. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
c. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Jenkins Valves.
d. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Div.
e. Grinnell Corporation.
f. Hammond Valve.
g. Jamesbury, Inc.
h. Jomar International, LTD.
i. Kitz Corporation of America.
j. Legend Valve & Fitting, Inc.
k. Milwaukee Valve Company.
l. NIBCO INC.
m. Red-White Valve Corp.
n. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

B. Copper-Alloy Ball Valves, General: MSS SP-110.

C. Two-Piece, Copper-Alloy Ball Valves: Brass or bronze body with full-port, chrome-plated bronze ball; PTFE or TFE seats; and 600-psig minimum CWP rating and blowout-proof stem.

2.4 FERROUS-ALLOY BALL VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

1. Conbraco Industries, Inc.; Apollo Div.
2. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Div.
3. Hammond Valve.
4. Jamesbury, Inc.
5. Jomar International, LTD.
6. Kitz Corporation of America.
7. Milwaukee Valve Company.
8. NIBCO INC.

B. Ferrous-Alloy Ball Valves, General: MSS SP-72, with flanged ends.

C. Ferrous-Alloy Ball Valves: Class 150, full port.

2.5 FERROUS-ALLOY BUTTERFLY VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

1. Single-Flange, Ferrous-Alloy Butterfly Valves:

   a. Cooper Cameron Corp.; Cooper Cameron Valves Div.
   b. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Center Line.
   c. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Jenkins Valves.
   d. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Div.
   e. General Signal; DeZurik Unit.
   f. Grinnell Corporation.
   g. Hammond Valve.
   h. Kitz Corporation of America.
   i. Legend Valve & Fitting, Inc.
   j. Milwaukee Valve Company.
   k. Mueller Steam Specialty.
   l. NIBCO INC.
   m. Red-White Valve Corp.
   n. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

2. Flanged, Ferrous-Alloy Butterfly Valves:

   a. Grinnell Corporation.
   b. Mueller Steam Specialty.

3. Grooved-End, Ductile-Iron Butterfly Valves:

   a. Grinnell Corporation.
   b. Hammond Valve.
   c. Milwaukee Valve Company.
   d. Mueller Steam Specialty.
   e. NIBCO INC.
   f. Victaulic Co. of America.

B. Ferrous-Alloy Butterfly Valves, General: MSS SP-67, Type I, for tight shutoff, with disc and lining suitable for potable water, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Single-Flange, 150-psig CWP Rating, Ferrous-Alloy Butterfly Valves: Wafer-lug type with one- or two-piece stem.

D. Flanged, 150-psig CWP Rating, Ferrous-Alloy Butterfly Valves: Flanged-end type with one- or two-piece stem.

E. Grooved-End, 175-psig CWP Rating, Ferrous-Alloy Butterfly Valves: Ductile-iron or steel body with grooved or shouldered ends.

2.6 BRONZE CHECK VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

1. Type 4, Bronze, Swing Check Valves with Nonmetallic Disc:

a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
b. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Jenkins Valves.
c. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Div.
d. Grinnell Corporation.
e. Hammond Valve.
f. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
g. Milwaukee Valve Company.
h. NIBCO INC.
i. Red-White Valve Corp.
j. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

B. Bronze Check Valves, General: MSS SP-80.

C. Type 4, Class 125, Bronze, Swing Check Valves: Bronze body with nonmetallic disc and bronze seat.

2.7 GRAY-IRON SWING CHECK VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

1. Type I, Gray-Iron Swing Check Valves with Metal Seats:

a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
b. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Jenkins Valves.
c. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Div.
d. Grinnell Corporation.
e. Hammond Valve.
f. Kitz Corporation of America.
g. Legend Valve & Fitting, Inc.
h. Milwaukee Valve Company.
i. Mueller Co.
j. NIBCO INC.
k. Red-White Valve Corp.
l. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

2. Grooved-End, Ductile-Iron Swing Check Valves:

a. Grinnell Corporation.
b. Mueller Co.
c. Victaulic Co. of America.

B. Gray-Iron Swing Check Valves, General: MSS SP-71.

C. Type I, Class 125, gray-iron, swing check valves with metal seats.

D. 175-psig CWP Rating, Grooved-End, Swing Check Valves: Ductile-iron body with grooved or shouldered ends.

2.8 FERROUS-ALLOY WAFER CHECK VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

1. Single-Plate, Ferrous-Alloy, Wafer Check Valves:

a. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
b. Mueller Co.

2. Dual-Plate, Ferrous-Alloy, Wafer-Lug Check Valves:

a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
b. Gulf Valve Co.

B. Ferrous-Alloy Wafer Check Valves, General: API 594, spring loaded.

C. Single-Plate, Class 125 or 150, Ferrous-Alloy, Wafer Check Valves: Flangeless body.

D. Single-Plate, Class 125 or 150, Ferrous-Alloy, Double-Flanged Check Valves: Flanged-end body.

E. Dual-Plate, Class 125 or 150, Ferrous-Alloy, Wafer-Lug Check Valves: Single-flange body.

2.9 SPRING-LOADED, LIFT-DISC CHECK VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

1. Type I, Wafer Lift-Disc Check Valves:

a. Mueller Steam Specialty.

2. Type II, Compact-Wafer, Lift-Disc Check Valves:

a. Grinnell Corporation.
b. Hammond Valve.
c. Milwaukee Valve Company.
d. Mueller Steam Specialty.
e. NIBCO INC.

3. Type IV, Threaded Lift-Disc Check Valves:

   a. Grinnell Corporation.
   b. Legend Valve & Fitting, Inc.
   c. Milwaukee Valve Company.
   d. Mueller Steam Specialty.
   e. NIBCO INC.
   f. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

B. Lift-Disc Check Valves, General: FCI 74-1, with spring-loaded bronze or alloy disc and bronze or alloy seat.

C. Type I, Class 125, Wafer Lift-Disc Check Valves: Wafer style with cast-iron shell with diameter matching companion flanges.

D. Type II, Class 125, Compact-Wafer, Lift-Disc Check Valves: Compact-wafer style with cast-iron shell with diameter made to fit within bolt circle.

E. Type IV, Class 125, Threaded Lift-Disc Check Valves: Threaded style with bronze shell and threaded ends.

F. Type IV, Class 150, Threaded Lift-Disc Check Valves: Threaded style with bronze shell and threaded ends.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine piping system for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

   1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Examine valve interior for cleanliness, freedom from foreign matter, and corrosion. Remove special packing materials, such as blocks, used to prevent disc movement during shipping and handling.

C. Operate valves in positions from fully open to fully closed. Examine guides and seats made accessible by such operations.

D. Examine threads on valve and mating pipe for form and cleanliness.

E. Examine mating flange faces for conditions that might cause leakage. Check bolting for proper size, length, and material. Verify that gasket is of proper size, that its material composition is suitable for service, and that it is free from defects and damage.

F. Do not attempt to repair defective valves; replace with new valves.

3.2 VALVE APPLICATIONS

A. Refer to piping Sections for specific valve applications. If valve applications are not indicated, use the following:

1. Shutoff Service: Ball, butterflyvalves.
2. Throttling Service: Angle, ball, butterfly, or globe valves.
3. Pump Discharge: Spring-loaded, lift-disc check valves.

B. If valves with specified SWP classes or CWP ratings are not available, the same types of valves with higher SWP class or CWP ratings may be substituted.

C. Chilled-Water Piping: Use the following types of valves:

1. Ball Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Two-piece, 400-psig CWP rating, copper alloy.
2. Ball Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Class 150, ferrous alloy.
3. Butterfly Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Single-flange, 150-psig CWP rating, ferrous alloy, with EPDM liner.
4. Grooved-End, Ductile-Iron Butterfly Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: 175-psig CWP rating.
5. Swing Check Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Type 4, Class 125, bronze.
6. Swing Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Type II, Class 125, gray iron.
7. Grooved-End, Ductile-Iron, Swing Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: 175-psig CWP rating.
8. Wafer Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Dual-plate, wafer-lug, Class 125 or 150 ferrous alloy.
9. Spring-Loaded, Lift-Disc Check Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Type IV, Class 125 minimum.
10. Spring-Loaded, Lift-Disc Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Type I or II, Class 125, cast iron.

D. Domestic Water Piping: Use the following types of valves:

1. Ball Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Two-piece, 400-psig CWP rating, copper alloy.
2. Ball Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Class 150, ferrous alloy.
3. Butterfly Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Single-flange, 150-psig CWP rating, ferrous alloy, with EPDM liner.
4. Grooved-End, Ductile-Iron Butterfly Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: 175-psig CWP rating.
5. Swing Check Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Type 4, Class 125, bronze.
6. Swing Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Type II, Class 125, gray iron.
7. Grooved-End, Ductile-Iron, Swing Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: 175-psig CWP rating.

E. Heating Water Piping: Use the following types of valves:

1. Ball Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Two-piece, 400-psig CWP rating, copper alloy.
2. Ball Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Class 150, ferrous alloy.
3. Butterfly Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Single-flange, 150-psig CWP rating, ferrous alloy, with EPDM liner.
4. Grooved-End, Ductile-Iron Butterfly Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: 175-psig CWP rating.

5. Swing Check Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Type 4, Class 125, bronze.
6. Swing Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Type II, Class 125, gray iron.
7. Grooved-End, Ductile-Iron, Swing Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: 175-psig CWP rating.
8. Wafer Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Dual-plate, wafer, Class 125 or 150, ferrous alloy.
9. Spring-Loaded, Lift-Disc Check Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Type IV, Class 125 minimum.
10. Spring-Loaded, Lift-Disc Check Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Type I or II, Class 125, cast iron.

F. Select valves, except wafer and flangeless types, with the following end connections:

1. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2 and Smaller: Solder-joint or threaded ends, except provide valves with threaded ends for heating hot water, steam, and steam condensate services.
2. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Flanged or threaded ends.
3. For Copper Tubing, NPS 5 and Larger: Flanged ends.
4. For Steel Piping, NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded ends.
5. For Steel Piping, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Flanged or threaded ends.
6. For Steel Piping, NPS 5 and Larger: Flanged ends.
7. For Grooved-End, Copper Tubing and Steel Piping: Valve ends may be grooved. Do not use for steam or steam condensate piping.

3.3 VALVE INSTALLATION

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Install valves with unions or flanges at each piece of equipment arranged to allow service, maintenance, and equipment removal without system shutdown.

C. Locate valves for easy access and provide separate support where necessary.

D. Install valves in horizontal piping with stem at or above center of pipe.

E. Install valves in position to allow full stem movement.

F. Install check valves for proper direction of flow and as follows:

1. Swing Check Valves: In horizontal position with hinge pin level.
2. Dual-Plate Check Valves: In horizontal or vertical position, between flanges.

3.4 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for basic piping joint construction.

B. Grooved Joints: Assemble joints with keyed coupling housing, gasket, lubricant, and bolts according to coupling and fitting manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Soldered Joints: Use ASTM B 813, water-flushable, lead-free flux; ASTM B 32, lead-free-alloy solder; and ASTM B 828 procedure, unless otherwise indicated.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust or replace valve packing after piping systems have been tested and put into service but before final adjusting and balancing. Replace valves if persistent leaking occurs.

END OF SECTION 15110

SECTION 15124
EXPANSION FITTINGS AND LOOPS OR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Packed slip expansion joints.
2. Alignment guides and anchors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. BR: Butyl rubber.

B. Buna-N: Nitrile rubber.

C. CR: Chlorosulfonated polyethylene synthetic rubber.

D. CSM: Chlorosulfonyl-polyethylene rubber.

E. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.

F. NR: Natural rubber.

G. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene plastic.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Compatibility: Products shall be suitable for piping system fluids, materials, working pressures, and temperatures.

B. Capability: Products shall absorb 200 percent of maximum axial movement between anchors.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Maintenance Data: For pipe expansion joints to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:

1. Steel Shapes and Plates: AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EXPANSION JOINTS

A. Packed Slip Expansion Joints: ASTM F 1007, carbon-steel, packing type designed for repacking under pressure and pressure rated for 250 psig at 400 deg F minimum. Include asbestos-free PTFE packing, compound limit stops, and drip connection if used for steam piping.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Adsco Manufacturing, LLC.
b. Advanced Thermal Systems, Inc.
c. Hyspan Precision Products, Inc.

2. Configuration: Single-joint class with base, unless otherwise indicated.
3. End Connections: Flanged or weld ends to match piping system.

2.2 ALIGNMENT GUIDES

A. Description: Steel, factory fabricated, with bolted two-section outer cylinder and base for alignment of piping and two-section guiding spider for bolting to pipe.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Adsco Manufacturing, LLC.
b. Advanced Thermal Systems, Inc.
c. Flex-Hose Co., Inc.
d. Flexicraft Industries.
e. Flex-Weld, Inc.
f. Hyspan Precision Products, Inc.
g. Metraflex, Inc.
h. Piping Technology & Products, Inc.
i. Senior Flexonics, Inc.; Pathway Division.

2.3 MATERIALS FOR ANCHORS

A. Steel Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

B. Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.10 or ASTM A 183, steel, hex head.

C. Washers: ASTM F 844, steel, plain, flat washers.

D. Mechanical Fasteners: Insert-wedge-type stud with expansion plug anchor for use in hardened portland cement concrete, and tension and shear capacities appropriate for application.

1. Stud: Threaded, zinc-coated carbon steel.
2. Expansion Plug: Zinc-coated steel.
3. Washer and Nut: Zinc-coated steel.

E. Concrete: Portland cement mix, 3000-psi minimum. Comply with requirements in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for formwork, reinforcement, and concrete.

F. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink, nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.

1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXPANSION-JOINT INSTALLATION

A. Install expansion joints of sizes matching size of piping in which they are installed.

B. Install alignment guides to allow expansion and to avoid end-loading and torsional stress.

3.2 ALIGNMENT-GUIDE INSTALLATION

A. Install guides on piping adjoining pipe expansion fittings and loops.

B. Attach guides to pipe and secure to building structure.

3.3 ANCHOR INSTALLATION

A. Install anchors at locations to prevent stresses from exceeding those permitted by ASME B31.9 and to prevent transfer of loading and stresses to connected equipment.

B. Fabricate and install steel anchors by welding steel shapes, plates, and bars to piping and to structure. Comply with ASME B31.9 and AWS D1.1.

C. Construct concrete anchors of poured-in-place concrete of dimensions indicated and include embedded fasteners.

D. Install pipe anchors according to expansion-joint manufacturer's written instructions if expansion joints or compensators are indicated.

E. Use grout to form flat bearing surfaces for expansion fittings, guides, and anchors installed on or in concrete.

END OF SECTION 15124

SECTION 15126
METERS AND GAGES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Thermometers.
2. Gages.
3. Test plugs.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 2 Section "Water Distribution" for domestic and fire-protection water service meters outside the building.
2. Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping" for domestic and fire-protection water service meters inside the building.
3. Division 15 Section "Facility Natural-Gas Piping" for gas meters.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. CR: Chlorosulfonated polyethylene synthetic rubber.

B. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated; include performance curves.

B. Product Certificates: For each type of thermometer and gage, signed by product manufacturer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL-CASE, LIQUID-IN-GLASS THERMOMETERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

B. Case: Die-cast aluminum or brass, 7 inches long.

C. Tube: Red or blue reading, organic-liquid filled, with magnifying lens.

D. Tube Background: Satin-faced, nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings.

E. Window: Glass.

F. Connector: Adjustable type, 180 degrees in vertical plane, 360 degrees in horizontal plane, with locking device.

G. Stem: Copper-plated steel, aluminum, or brass for thermowell installation and of length to suit installation.

H. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of range or plus or minus 1 scale division to maximum of 1.5 percent of range.

2.2 THERMOWELLS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. AMETEK, Inc.; U.S. Gauge Div.
2. Ashcroft Commercial Instrument Operations; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.
3. Ernst Gage Co.
4. Marsh Bellofram.
5. Trerice, H. O. Co.
6. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
7. Weksler Instruments Operating Unit; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.

B. Manufacturers: Same as manufacturer of thermometer being used.

C. Description: Pressure-tight, socket-type metal fitting made for insertion into piping and of type, diameter, and length required to hold thermometer.

2.3 PRESSURE GAGES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Ashcroft Commercial Instrument Operations; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.

2. Ernst Gage Co.
3. Eugene Ernst Products Co.
4. Marsh Bellofram.
5. Trerice, H. O. Co.
6. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
7. Weksler Instruments Operating Unit; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.

B. Direct-Mounting, Dial-Type Pressure Gages: Indicating-dial type complying with ASME B40.100.

1. Case: Liquid-filled type, drawn steel or cast aluminum, 4-1/2-inch diameter.
2. Pressure-Element Assembly: Bourdon tube, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Pressure Connection: Brass, NPS 1/4, bottom-outlet type unless back-outlet type is indicated.
4. Movement: Mechanical, with link to pressure element and connection to pointer.
5. Dial: Satin-faced, nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings.
6. Pointer: Red or other dark-color metal.
7. Window: Glass.
8. Ring: Metal.
9. Accuracy: Grade A, plus or minus 1 percent of middle half scale.
10. Vacuum-Pressure Range: 30-in. Hg of vacuum to 15 psig of pressure.
11. Range for Fluids under Pressure: Two times operating pressure.

C. Pressure-Gage Fittings:

1. Valves: NPS 1/4 brass or stainless steel needle type.
2. Snubbers: ASME B40.5, NPS 1/4 brass bushing with corrosion-resistant, porous-metal disc of material suitable for system fluid and working pressure.

2.4 TEST PLUGS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Flow Design, Inc.
2. MG Piping Products Co.
3. National Meter, Inc.
4. Peterson Equipment Co., Inc.
5. Trerice, H. O. Co.
6. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

B. Description: Corrosion-resistant brass or stainless steel body with core inserts and gasketed and threaded cap, with extended stem for units to be installed in insulated piping.

C. Minimum Pressure and Temperature Rating: 500 psig at 200 deg F.

D. Core Inserts: One or two self-sealing rubber valves.

1. Insert material for water service at 20 to 200 deg F shall be CR.
2. Insert material for water service at minus 30 to plus 275 deg F shall be EPDM.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 THERMOMETER APPLICATIONS

A. Install liquid-in-glass thermometers in the outlet of each domestic, hot water storage tank.

B. Provide the following temperature ranges for thermometers:

1. Domestic Hot Water: 30 to 180 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.
2. Domestic Cold Water: 0 to 100 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.

3.2 GAGE APPLICATIONS

A. Install dry-case-type pressure gages for discharge of each pressure-reducing valve.

B. Install liquid-filled-case-type pressure gages at suction and discharge of each pump.

3.3 INSTALLATIONS

A. Install direct-mounting thermometers and adjust vertical and tilted positions.

B. Install thermowells with socket extending to center of pipe and in vertical position in piping tees where thermometers are indicated.

C. Install direct-mounting pressure gages in piping tees with pressure gage located on pipe at most readable position.

D. Install needle valve and snubber fitting in piping for each pressure gage.

E. Install test plugs in tees in piping.

F. Install thermometers and gages adjacent to machines and equipment to allow service and maintenance for thermometers, gages, machines, and equipment.

G. Adjust faces of thermometers and gages to proper angle for best visibility.

END OF SECTION 15126

SECTION 15127
METERS AND GAGES FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Thermometers.
2. Gages.
3. Test plugs.

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 15 Section "Facility Natural-Gas Piping" for gas meters.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. CR: Chlorosulfonated polyethylene synthetic rubber.

B. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated; include performance curves.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL-CASE, LIQUID-IN-GLASS THERMOMETERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Trerice, H. O. Co.
2. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
3. Weksler Instruments Operating Unit; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.

B. Case: Die-cast aluminum or brass, 7 inches long.

C. Tube: Red or blue reading, organic-liquid filled, with magnifying lens.

D. Tube Background: Satin-faced, nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings.

E. Window: Glass.

F. Connector: Adjustable type, 180 degrees in vertical plane, 360 degrees in horizontal plane, with locking device.

G. Stem: Copper-plated steel, aluminum, or brass for thermowell installation and of length to suit installation.

H. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of range or plus or minus 1 scale division to maximum of 1.5 percent of range.

2.2 THERMOWELLS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Ashcroft Commercial Instrument Operations; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.
2. Ernst Gage Co.
3. Marsh Bellofram.
4. Trerice, H. O. Co.
5. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
6. Weksler Instruments Operating Unit; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.

B. Manufacturers: Same as manufacturer of thermometer being used.

C. Description: Pressure-tight, socket-type metal fitting made for insertion into piping and of type, diameter, and length required to hold thermometer.

2.3 PRESSURE GAGES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Ashcroft Commercial Instrument Operations; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.
2. Ernst Gage Co.
3. Eugene Ernst Products Co.
4. Marsh Bellofram.
5. Trerice, H. O. Co.
6. Weiss Instruments, Inc.

7. Weksler Instruments Operating Unit; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.

B. Direct-Mounting, Dial-Type Pressure Gages: Indicating-dial type complying with ASME B40.100.

1. Case: Liquid-filled type, drawn steel or cast aluminum, 4-1/2-inch diameter.
2. Pressure-Element Assembly: Bourdon tube, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Pressure Connection: Brass, NPS 1/4, bottom-outlet type unless back-outlet type is indicated.
4. Movement: Mechanical, with link to pressure element and connection to pointer.
5. Dial: Satin-faced, nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings.
6. Pointer: Red or other dark-color metal.
7. Window: Glass.
8. Ring: Metal.
9. Accuracy: Grade A, plus or minus 1 percent of middle half scale.
10. Vacuum-Pressure Range: 30-in. Hg of vacuum to 15 psig of pressure.
11. Range for Fluids under Pressure: Two times operating pressure.

C. Pressure-Gage Fittings:

1. Valves: NPS 1/4 brass or stainless steel needle type.
2. Snubbers: ASME B40.5, NPS 1/4 brass bushing with corrosion-resistant, porous-metal disc of material suitable for system fluid and working pressure.

2.4 TEST PLUGS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Flow Design, Inc.
2. MG Piping Products Co.
3. National Meter, Inc.
4. Peterson Equipment Co., Inc.
5. Trerice, H. O. Co.
6. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

B. Description: Corrosion-resistant brass or stainless steel body with core inserts and gasketed and threaded cap, with extended stem for units to be installed in insulated piping.

C. Minimum Pressure and Temperature Rating: 500 psig at 200 deg F.

D. Core Inserts: One or two self-sealing rubber valves.

1. Insert material for air, water, oil, or gas service at 20 to 200 deg F shall be CR.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 THERMOMETER APPLICATIONS

A. Install liquid-in-glass thermometers in the following locations:

1. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic zone.
2. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic boiler and chiller.
3. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic coil in air-handling units and built-up central systems.

B. Provide the following temperature ranges for thermometers:

1. Heating Hot Water: 30 to 240 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.
2. Chilled Water: 0 to 100 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.

3.2 GAGE APPLICATIONS

A. Install dry-case-type pressure gages for discharge of each pressure-reducing valve.

B. Install liquid-filled-case-type pressure gages at chilled- and condenser-water inlets and outlets of chillers.

C. Install liquid-filled-case-type pressure gages at suction and discharge of each pump.

3.3 INSTALLATIONS

A. Install direct-mounting thermometers and adjust vertical and tilted positions.

B. Install remote-mounting dial thermometers on panel, with tubing connecting panel and thermometer bulb supported to prevent kinks. Use minimum tubing length.

C. Install thermowells with socket extending to center of pipe and in vertical position in piping tees where thermometers are indicated.

D. Install direct-mounting pressure gages in piping tees with pressure gage located on pipe at most readable position.

E. Install remote-mounting pressure gages on panel.

F. Install needle valve and snubber fitting in piping for each pressure gage for fluids (except steam).

G. Install test plugs in tees in piping.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

A. Install meters and gages adjacent to machines and equipment to allow service and maintenance for meters, gages, machines, and equipment.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust faces of meters and gages to proper angle for best visibility.

END OF SECTION 15127

SECTION 15140
DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes domestic water piping inside the building.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Water Distribution" for water-service piping outside the building from source to the point where water-service piping enters the building.
2. Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages" for thermometers, pressure gages, and fittings.
3. Division 15 Section "Plumbing Specialties" for water distribution piping specialties.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Provide components and installation capable of producing domestic water piping systems with 125 psig, unless otherwise indicated.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Water Samples: Specified in Part 3 "Cleaning" Article.

B. Field quality-control test reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

B. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9," for potable domestic water piping and components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Refer to Part 3 "Pipe and Fitting Applications" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting, and joining materials.

B. Transition Couplings for Aboveground Pressure Piping: Coupling or other manufactured fitting the same size as, with pressure rating at least equal to and ends compatible with, piping to be joined.

2.2 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

A. Soft Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Types K and L, water tube, annealed temper.

1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copper-alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
2. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solder-joint ends. Furnish Class 300 flanges if required to match piping.
3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body, with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.

B. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Types L and M, water tube, drawn temper.

1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copper-alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
2. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solder-joint ends. Furnish Class 300 flanges if required to match piping.
3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body, with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.
4. Copper, Grooved-End Fittings: ASTM B 75 copper tube or ASTM B 584 bronze castings.

    a. Grooved-End-Tube Couplings: Copper-tube dimensions and design similar to AWWA C606. Include ferrous housing sections, gasket suitable for hot water, and bolts and nuts.

2.3 VALVES

A. Bronze and cast-iron, general-duty valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."

B. Balancing and drain valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Plumbing Specialties."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

A. Excavating, trenching, and backfilling are specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork."

3.2 PIPE AND FITTING APPLICATIONS

A. Transition and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Flanges may be used on aboveground piping, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Grooved joints may be used on aboveground grooved-end piping.

D. Fitting Option: Extruded-tee connections and brazed joints may be used on aboveground copper tubing.

E. Under-Building-Slab, Water-Service Piping on Service Side of Water Meter: Refer to Division 2 Section "Water Distribution."

F. Aboveground Domestic Water Piping: Use any of the following piping materials for each size range:

1. NPS 6 and Smaller: Hard copper tube, Type L; copper pressure fittings; and soldered joints.
2. NPS 2-1/2 and larger: Hard copper tube, Type L with grooved ends; copper grooved-end fittings; grooved-end-tube couplings; and grooved joints.

3.3 VALVE APPLICATIONS

A. Drawings indicate valve types to be used. Where specific valve types are not indicated, the following requirements apply:

1. Shutoff Duty: Use bronze ball or gate valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller. Use cast-iron butterfly or gate valves with flanged ends for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
2. Hot-Water-Piping, Balancing Duty: Calibrated balancing valves.
3. Drain Duty: Hose-end drain valves.

B. Install shutoff valve close to water main on each branch and riser serving plumbing fixtures or equipment, on each water supply to equipment, and on each water supply to plumbing fixtures that do not have supply stops. Use ball or gate valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller. Use butterfly or gate valves for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

C. Install drain valves for equipment at base of each water riser, at low points in horizontal piping, and where required to drain water piping.

1. Install hose-end drain valves at low points in water mains, risers, and branches.
2. Install stop-and-waste drain valves where indicated.

D. Install calibrated balancing valves in each hot-water circulation return branch and discharge side of each pump and circulator. Set calibrated balancing valves partly open to restrict but not stop flow. Calibrated balancing valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Plumbing Specialties."

3.4 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Basic piping installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

B. Install under-building-slab copper tubing according to CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."

C. Install shutoff valve, hose-end drain valve, strainer, pressure gage, and test tee with valve, inside the building at each domestic water service entrance. Pressure gages are specified in Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages," and drain valves and strainers are specified in Division 15 Section "Plumbing Specialties."

D. Install domestic water piping level without pitch and plumb.

3.5 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

B. Soldered Joints: Use ASTM B 813, water-flushable, lead-free flux; ASTM B 32, lead-free-alloy solder; and ASTM B 828 procedure, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Grooved Joints: Assemble joints with grooved-end-pipe or grooved-end-tube coupling housing, gasket, lubricant, and bolts according to coupling and fitting manufacturer's written instructions.

3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

A. Pipe hanger and support devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Install the following:

1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
2. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs: According to the following:

    a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
    b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
    c. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls, if indicated.

3. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.

B. Install supports according to Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."

C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.

D. Rod diameter may be reduced 1 size for double-rod hangers, to a minimum of 3/8 inch.

E. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:

1. NPS 3/4 and Smaller: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
2. NPS 1 and NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
3. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.

F. Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet.

G. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.7 CONNECTIONS

A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Install piping adjacent to equipment and machines to allow service and maintenance.

C. Connect domestic water piping to exterior water-service piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.

D. Connect domestic water piping to water-service piping with shutoff valve, and extend and connect to the following:

1. Plumbing Fixtures: Cold- and hot-water supply piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code. Refer to Division 15 Section "Plumbing Fixtures."
2. Equipment: Cold- and hot-water supply piping as indicated, but not smaller than equipment connections. Provide shutoff valve and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Inspect domestic water piping as follows:

1. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it has been inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
2. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction:

    a. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in and before setting fixtures.
    b. Final Inspection: Arrange final inspection for authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.

3. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.

4. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Test domestic water piping as follows:

1. Fill domestic water piping. Check components to determine that they are not air bound and that piping is full of water.
2. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
3. Leave new, altered, extended, or replaced domestic water piping uncovered and unconcealed until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
4. Cap and subject piping to static water pressure of 50 psig above operating pressure, without exceeding pressure rating of piping system materials. Isolate test source and allow to stand for four hours. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping or portion thereof until satisfactory results are obtained.
6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

3.9 ADJUSTING

A. Perform the following adjustments before operation:

1. Close drain valves, hydrants, and hose bibbs.
2. Open shutoff valves to fully open position.
3. Adjust balancing valves in hot-water-circulation return piping to provide adequate flow.

    a. Adjust calibrated balancing valves to flows indicated.

4. Remove plugs used during testing of piping and plugs used for temporary sealing of piping during installation.
5. Remove and clean strainer screens. Close drain valves and replace drain plugs.
6. Check plumbing specialties and verify proper settings, adjustments, and operation.

3.10 CLEANING

A. Clean and disinfect potable domestic water piping as follows:

1. Purge new piping and parts of existing domestic water piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired before using.
2. Use purging and disinfecting procedures prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction or, if methods are not prescribed, procedures described in either AWWA C651 or AWWA C652 or as described below:

    a. Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at outlets.
    b. Fill and isolate system according to either of the following:

1) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 50 ppm of chlorine. Isolate with valves and allow to stand for 24 hours.
2) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 200 ppm of chlorine. Isolate and allow to stand for three hours.

c. Flush system with clean, potable water until no chlorine is in water coming from system after the standing time.
d. Submit water samples in sterile bottles to authorities having jurisdiction. Repeat procedures if biological examination shows contamination.

B. Prepare and submit reports of purging and disinfecting activities.

C. Clean interior of domestic water piping system. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.

END OF SECTION 15140

SECTION 15145
DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following domestic water piping specialties:

1. Vacuum breakers.
2. Balancing valves.
3. Temperature-actuated water mixing valves.
4. Strainers.
5. Drain valves.
6. Water hammer arresters.
7. Air vents.
8. Trap-seal primer valves.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages" for thermometers, pressure gages, and flow meters in domestic water piping.
2. Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping" for water meters.
3. Division 15 Section "Emergency Plumbing Fixtures" for water tempering equipment.
4. Division 15 Section "Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers" for water filters for water coolers.
5. Division 15 Section "Water Filtration Equipment" for water filters in domestic water piping.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Minimum Working Pressure for Domestic Water Piping Specialties: 125 psig, unless otherwise indicated.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For domestic water piping specialties to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. NSF Compliance:

1. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Components and Related Materials," for plastic domestic water piping components.
2. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 VACUUM BREAKERS

A. Pipe-Applied, Atmospheric-Type Vacuum Breakers:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Ames Co.
b. Conbraco Industries, Inc.
c. FEBCO; SPX Valves & Controls.
d. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
e. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.

2. Standard: ASSE 1001.
3. Size: NPS 1/4 to NPS 3, as required to match connected piping.
4. Body: Bronze.
5. Inlet and Outlet Connections: Threaded.
6. Finish: Chrome plated.

B. Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Conbraco Industries, Inc.
b. Legend Valve.
c. MIFAB, Inc.
d. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
e. Woodford Manufacturing Company.
f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Light Commercial Operation.
g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.

2. Standard: ASSE 1011.
3. Body: Bronze, nonremovable, with manual drain.
4. Outlet Connection: Garden-hose threaded complying with ASME B1.20.7.
5. Finish: Chrome or nickel-plated.

C. Pressure Vacuum Breakers:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Ames Co.
   b. Conbraco Industries, Inc.
   c. FEBCO; SPX Valves & Controls.
   d. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
   e. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.

2. Standard: ASSE 1020.
3. Operation: Continuous-pressure applications.
4. Pressure Loss: 5 psig maximum, through middle 1/3 of flow range.
5. Size: Refer to drawing.
6. Accessories:

   a. Valves: Ball type, on inlet and outlet.

2.2 BALANCING VALVES

A. Copper-Alloy Calibrated Balancing Valves:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. ITT Industries; Bell & Gossett Div.
   b. NIBCO INC.
   c. TAC Americas.
   d. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

2. Type: Ball or Y-pattern globe valve with two readout ports and memory setting indicator.
3. Body: Brass or bronze,
4. Size: Same as connected piping, but not larger than NPS 2.

2.3 TEMPERATURE-ACTUATED WATER MIXING VALVES

A. Individual-Fixture, Water Tempering Valves (MV-1):

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Conbraco Industries, Inc.
b. Lawler Manufacturing Company, Inc.
c. Leonard Valve Company.
d. Powers; a Watts Industries Co.
e. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.

2. Standard: ASSE 1016, thermostatically controlled water tempering valve.
3. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
4. Body: Bronze body with corrosion-resistant interior components.
5. Temperature Control: Adjustable.
6. Inlets and Outlet: Threaded.
7. Finish: Rough or chrome-plated bronze.
8. Tempered-Water Setting: 90 deg F.
9. Tempered-Water Design Flow Rate: 0.5 gpm.

2.4 STRAINERS FOR DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

A. Y-Pattern Strainers:

1. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Body: Bronze for NPS 2 and smaller; cast iron with interior lining complying with AWWA C550 or FDA-approved, epoxy coating and for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
3. End Connections: Threaded for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
4. Screen: Stainless steel with round perforations, unless otherwise indicated.
5. Perforation Size:

    a. Strainers NPS 2 and Smaller: 0.020 inch.
    b. Strainers NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: 0.045 inch.
    c. Strainers NPS 5 and Larger: 0.10 inch.

6. Drain: Factory-installed, hose-end drain valve.

2.5 HOSE BIBBS

A. Hose Bibbs (HB-1):

1. Standard: ASME A112.18.1 for sediment faucets.
2. Body Material: Bronze.
3. Seat: Bronze, replaceable.
4. Supply Connections: NPS 1/2 or NPS 3/4 threaded or solder-joint inlet.
5. Outlet Connection: Garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
6. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
7. Vacuum Breaker: Integral nonremovable, drainable, hose-connection vacuum breaker complying with ASSE 1011.
8. Finish for Equipment Rooms: Rough bronze, or chrome or nickel-plated.
9. Finish for Service Areas: Chrome or nickel-plated.
10. Finish for Finished Rooms: Chrome or nickel-plated.
11. Operation for Equipment Rooms: Wheel handle or operating key.

12. Operation for Service Areas: Operating key.
13. Operation for Finished Rooms: Operating key.
14. Include operating key with each operating-key hose bibb.
15. Include integral wall flange with each chrome- or nickel-plated hose bibb.

2.6 DRAIN VALVES

A. Ball-Valve-Type, Hose-End Drain Valves:

1. Standard: MSS SP-110 for standard-port, two-piece ball valves.
2. Pressure Rating: 400-psig minimum CWP.
3. Size: NPS 3/4.
4. Body: Copper alloy.
5. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
6. Seats and Seals: Replaceable.
7. Handle: Vinyl-covered steel.
8. Inlet: Threaded or solder joint.
9. Outlet: Threaded, short nipple with garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7 and cap with brass chain.

2.7 WATER HAMMER ARRESTERS

A. Water Hammer Arresters:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

    a. Josam Company.
    b. MIFAB, Inc.
    c. PPP Inc.
    d. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
    e. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
    f. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
    g. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
    h. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

2. Standard: ASSE 1010 or PDI-WH 201.
3. Type: Metal bellows.
4. Size: ASSE 1010, Sizes AA and A through F or PDI-WH 201, Sizes A through F.

2.8 AIR VENTS

A. Bolted-Construction Automatic Air Vents:

1. Body: Bronze.
2. Pressure Rating: 125-psig minimum pressure rating at 140 deg F.
3. Float: Replaceable, corrosion-resistant metal.
4. Mechanism and Seat: Stainless steel.

5. Size: NPS 3/8 minimum inlet.
6. Inlet and Vent Outlet End Connections: Threaded.

B. Welded-Construction Automatic Air Vents:

1. Body: Stainless steel.
2. Pressure Rating: 150-psig minimum pressure rating.
3. Float: Replaceable, corrosion-resistant metal.
4. Mechanism and Seat: Stainless steel.
5. Size: NPS 3/8 minimum inlet.
6. Inlet and Vent Outlet End Connections: Threaded.

2.9 TRAP-SEAL PRIMER VALVES

A. Supply-Type, Trap-Seal Primer Valves:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. MIFAB, Inc.
b. PPP Inc.
c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
d. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
e. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

2. Standard: ASSE 1018.
3. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum.
4. Body: Bronze.
5. Inlet and Outlet Connections: NPS 1/2 threaded, union, or solder joint.
6. Gravity Drain Outlet Connection: NPS 1/2 threaded or solder joint.
7. Finish: Chrome plated, or rough bronze for units used with pipe or tube that is not chrome finished.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for piping joining materials, joint construction, and basic installation requirements.

B. Install water control valves with inlet and outlet shutoff valves. Install pressure gages on inlet and outlet.

C. Install balancing valves in locations where they can easily be adjusted.

D. Install temperature-actuated water mixing valves with check stops or shutoff valves on inlets and with shutoff valve on outlet.

1. Install thermometers and water regulators if specified.

E. Install Y-pattern strainers for water on supply side of each control valve, water pressure-reducing valve, and pump.

F. Install water hammer arresters in water piping according to PDI-WH 201.

G. Install air vents at high points of water piping.

H. Install supply-type, trap-seal primer valves with outlet piping pitched down toward drain trap a minimum of 1 percent, and connect to floor-drain body, trap, or inlet fitting. Adjust valve for proper flow.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping and specialties.

3.3 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

A. Equipment Nameplates and Signs: Install engraved plastic-laminate equipment nameplate or sign on or near each of the following:

1. Pressure vacuum breakers.
2. Calibrated balancing valves.
3. Thermostatic, water-mixing-valve assemblies.
4. Supply-type, trap-seal primer valves.

B. Distinguish among multiple units, inform operator of operational requirements, indicate safety and emergency precautions, and warn of hazards and improper operations, in addition to identifying unit. Nameplates and signs are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Set field-adjustable pressure set points of water pressure-reducing valves.

B. Set field-adjustable flow set points of balancing valves.

C. Set field-adjustable temperature set points of temperature-actuated water mixing valves.

END OF SECTION 15145

SECTION 15150
SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following for soil, waste, and vent piping inside the building:

1. Pipe, tube, and fittings.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 15 Section "Chemical-Waste Piping" for chemical-waste and vent piping systems.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Soil, Waste, and Vent Piping: 10-foot head of water.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For pipe, tube, fittings, and couplings.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

B. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Systems Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-dwv" for plastic drain, waste, and vent piping; "NSF-drain" for plastic drain piping; "NSF-tubular" for plastic continuous waste piping; and "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Refer to Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting, and joining materials.

2.3 HUBLESS CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.

B. Shielded Couplings: ASTM C 1277 assembly of metal shield or housing, corrosion-resistant fasteners, and rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

1. Standard, Shielded, Stainless-Steel Couplings: CISPI 310, with stainless steel corrugated shield; stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve.

a. Manufacturers:

1) ANACO.
2) Fernco, Inc.
3) Ideal Div.; Stant Corp.
4) Mission Rubber Co.
5) Tyler Pipe; Soil Pipe Div.

2.4 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

A. Copper DWV Tube: ASTM B 306, drainage tube, drawn temper.

1. Copper Drainage Fittings: ASME B16.23, cast copper or ASME B16.29, wrought copper, solder-joint fittings.

2.5 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Solid-Wall PVC Pipe: ASTM D 2665, drain, waste, and vent.

1. PVC Socket Fittings: ASTM D 2665, socket type, made to ASTM D 3311, drain, waste, and vent patterns.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

A. Refer to Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.

3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS

A. Flanges and unions may be used on aboveground pressure piping, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Aboveground, soil and waste piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be any of the following:

1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; standard, shielded, stainless steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.
2. Copper DWV tube, copper drainage fittings, and soldered joints.

C. Aboveground, vent piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be any following:

1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; standard, shielded, stainless steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.

D. Underground, soil, waste, and vent piping NPS 3 and larger shall be the following:

1. Solid wall PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.

3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Sanitary sewer piping outside the building is specified in Division 2 Section "Sanitary Sewerage."

B. Basic piping installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

C. Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building sanitary drains connect to building sanitary sewers.

D. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."

E. Make changes in direction for soil and waste drainage and vent piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Sanitary tees and short-sweep 1/4 bends may be used on vertical stacks if change in direction of flow is from horizontal to vertical. Use long-turn, double Y-branch and 1/8-bend fittings if 2 fixtures are installed back to back or side by side with common drain pipe. Straight tees, elbows, and crosses may be used on vent lines. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.

F. Lay buried building drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.

G. Install soil and waste drainage and vent piping at the following minimum slopes, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Building Sanitary Drain: 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 2; 1 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 3 and larger.
2. Horizontal Sanitary Drainage Piping: 1 percent downward in direction of flow.
3. Vent Piping: 1 percent down toward vertical fixture vent or toward vent stack.

H. Install engineered soil and waste drainage and vent piping systems as follows:

1. Combination Waste and Vent: Comply with standards of authorities having jurisdiction.

I. Sleeves are not required for cast-iron soil piping passing through concrete slabs-on-grade if slab is without membrane waterproofing.

J. Install PVC soil and waste drainage and vent piping according to ASTM D 2665.

K. Install underground PVC soil and waste drainage piping according to ASTM D 2321.

L. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

3.4 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

B. Join hubless cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-coupling joints.

C. Soldered Joints: Use ASTM B 813, water-flushable, lead-free flux; ASTM B 32, lead-free-alloy solder; and ASTM B 828 procedure, unless otherwise indicated.

D. PVC Nonpressure Piping Joints: Join piping according to ASTM D 2665.

3.5 VALVE INSTALLATION

A. General valve installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."

B. Check Valves: Install swing check valve, between pump and shutoff valve, on each sewage pump discharge.

3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

A. Pipe hangers and supports are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Install the following:

1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
2. Install individual, straight, horizontal piping runs according to the following:

    a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
    b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
    c. Longer Than 100 Feet, if indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.

3. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.

B. Install supports according to Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."

C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.

D. Rod diameter may be reduced 1 size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.

E. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:

1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
4. NPS 6: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
5. NPS 8 to NPS 12: 60 inches with 7/8-inch rod.

F. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.

G. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:

1. NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
2. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 96 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
3. NPS 2-1/2: 108 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
4. NPS 3 to NPS 5: 10 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
5. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.

6. NPS 8: 10 feet with 3/4-inch rod.

H. Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet.

I. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.7 CONNECTIONS

A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Connect drainage and vent piping to the following:

1. Plumbing Fixtures: Connect drainage piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
2. Plumbing Fixtures and Equipment: Connect atmospheric vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Plumbing Specialties: Connect drainage and vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
4. Equipment: Connect drainage piping as indicated. Provide shutoff valve, if indicated, and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for connections NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

3.8 PROTECTION

A. Exposed PVC Piping: Protect plumbing vents exposed to sunlight with two coats of water-based latex paint.

END OF SECTION 15150

SECTION 15155
DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following drainage piping specialties:

1. Cleanouts.
2. Roof drains.
3. Miscellaneous drainage piping specialties.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 15 Section "Plumbing Fixtures" for hair interceptors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. PE: Polyethylene plastic.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and accessories for the following:

1. Grease interceptors.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For drainage piping specialties to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Drainage piping specialties shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

B. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Components and Related Materials," for plastic sanitary and storm piping specialty components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CLEANOUTS

A. Exposed Metal Cleanouts:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
   b. MIFAB, Inc.
   c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
   d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
   e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
   f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for cast iron for cleanout test tee.
3. Size: Same as connected drainage piping
4. Body Material: Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe test tee as required to match connected piping.
5. Closure: Countersunk or raised-head, cast-iron plug.
6. Closure Plug Size: Same as or not more than one size smaller than cleanout size.

B. Metal Floor Cleanouts:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for adjustable housing cast-iron soil pipe with cast-iron ferrule heavy-duty, adjustable housing cleanout.
3. Size: Same as connected branch.
4. Type: Heavy-duty, adjustable housing.
5. Clamping Device: Not required.
6. Outlet Connection: Threaded.
7. Closure: Brass plug with tapered threads.
8. Adjustable Housing Material: Cast iron with threads.
9. Frame and Cover Material and Finish: Nickel-bronze, copper alloy.
10. Frame and Cover Shape: Round.
11. Top Loading Classification: Medium Duty.
12. Riser: ASTM A 74, Service class, cast-iron drainage pipe fitting and riser to cleanout.

C. Cast-Iron Wall Cleanouts:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
   b. MIFAB, Inc.
   c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
   d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
   e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
   f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M. Include wall access.
3. Size: Same as connected drainage piping.
4. Body: Hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil pipe T-branch as required to match connected piping.
5. Closure: Countersunk or raised-head, drilled-and-threaded cast-iron plug.
6. Closure Plug Size: Same as or not more than one size smaller than cleanout size.
7. Wall Access: Round, flat, chrome-plated brass or stainless-steel cover plate with screw.

2.2 ROOF DRAINS

A. Roof Drains (RD-1 and 2):

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
   b. MIFAB, Inc.
   c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
   d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
   e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
   f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Light Commercial Operation.
   g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

2. Standard: ASME A112.21.2M.
3. Pattern: Roof drain.
4. Body Material: Cast iron.
5. Dimensions of Body: Nominal 15" diameter sump and dome.
6. Combination Flashing Ring and Gravel Stop: Not required.
7. Flow-Control Weirs: Not required.
8. Outlet: 3" and 4" bottom.
9. Dome Material: PE.
10. Extension Collars: Required.
11. Underdeck Clamp: Required.
12. Sump Receiver: Required.

2.3 OVERFLOW DRAINS

A. Overflow Drains (OD-1):

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

    a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
    b. MIFAB, Inc.
    c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
    d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
    e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
    f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Light Commercial Operation.
    g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

2. Standard: ASME A112.21.2M.
3. Pattern: Roof drain.
4. Body Material: Cast iron.
5. Dimensions of Body: Nominal 15" diameter sump and dome.
6. Combination Flashing Ring and Gravel Stop: Not required.
7. Flow-Control Weirs: Not required.
8. Outlet: 4" bottom.
9. Dome Material: PE.
10. Extension Collars: Required.
11. Underdeck Clamp: Required.
12. Sump Receiver: Required.
13. Dam: Exterior 2-inches high.

2.4 DOWNSPOUT NOZZLES

A. Downspout Nozzles (DN-1):

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

    a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
    b. MIFAB, Inc.
    c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
    d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
    e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
    f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Light Commercial Operation.
    g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

2. Body Material: Plain bronze.
3. Dimensions of Body: 4" threaded outlets with flange to secure to wall.
4. Combination Flashing Ring and Gravel Stop: Not required.
5. Inlet: Side.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES

A. Open Drains:

1. Description: Shop or field fabricate from ASTM A 74, Service class, hub-and-spigot, cast-iron, soil-pipe fittings. Include P-trap, hub-and-spigot riser section; and where required, increaser fitting joined with ASTM C 564, rubber gaskets.
2. Size: Same as connected waste piping with increaser fitting of size indicated.

B. Deep-Seal Traps:

1. Description: Cast-iron or bronze casting, with inlet and outlet matching connected piping and cleanout trap-seal primer valve connection.
2. Size: Same as connected waste piping.

    a. NPS 2: 4-inch- minimum water seal.
    b. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: 5-inch- minimum water seal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for piping joining materials, joint construction, and basic installation requirements.

B. Install cleanouts in aboveground piping and building drain piping according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Size same as drainage piping up to NPS 4. Use NPS 4 for larger drainage piping unless larger cleanout is indicated.
2. Locate at each change in direction of piping greater than 45 degrees.
3. Locate at minimum intervals of 50 feet for piping NPS 4 and smaller and 100 feet for larger piping.
4. Locate at base of each vertical soil and waste stack.

C. For floor cleanouts for piping below floors, install cleanout deck plates with top flush with finished floor.

D. For cleanouts located in concealed piping, install cleanout wall access covers, of types indicated, with frame and cover flush with finished wall.

E. Install roof drains at low points of roof areas according to roof membrane manufacturer's written installation instructions. Roofing materials are specified in Division 7.

1. Install roof-drain flashing collar or flange so that there will be no leakage between drain and adjoining roofing. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes where penetrated.
2. Position roof drains for easy access and maintenance.

F. Assemble open drain fittings and install with top of hub 2 inches above floor.

G. Install deep-seal traps on floor drains and other waste outlets, if indicated.

H. Install conductor nozzles at exposed bottom of conductors where they spill onto grade.

I. Install traps on plumbing specialty drain outlets. Omit traps on indirect wastes unless trap is indicated.

J. Install escutcheons at wall, floor, and ceiling penetrations in exposed finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding pipe fittings.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.

3.3 PROTECTION

A. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt or debris and to prevent damage from traffic or construction work.

B. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of each day or when work stops.

END OF SECTION 15155

SECTION 15160
STORM DRAINAGE PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following storm drainage piping inside the building:

1. Pipe, tube, and fittings.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working-pressure, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Storm Drainage Piping: 10-foot head of water.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For pipe, tube, fittings, and couplings.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

B. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Systems Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-drain" for plastic drain piping and "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Refer to Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting, and joining materials.

2.3 HUBLESS CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.

B. Shielded Couplings: ASTM C 1277 assembly of metal shield or housing, corrosion-resistant fasteners, and rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

1. Standard, Shielded, Stainless-Steel Couplings: CISPI 310, with stainless steel corrugated shield; stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve.

a. Manufacturers:

1) ANACO.
2) Fernco, Inc.
3) Ideal Div.; Stant Corp.
4) Mission Rubber Co.
5) Tyler Pipe; Soil Pipe Div.

2.4 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Solid-Wall PVC Pipe: ASTM D 2665, drain, waste, and vent.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

A. Refer to Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.

3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS

A. Aboveground storm drainage piping NPS 3 and larger shall be the following:

1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; standard, shielded, stainless steel couplings; and coupled joints.

B. Underground storm drainage piping NPS 3 and larger shall be the following:

1. Solid-wall PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.

3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Storm sewer and drainage piping outside the building are specified in Division 2 Section "Storm Drainage."

B. Basic piping installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

C. Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building storm drains connect to building storm sewers. Cleanouts are specified in Division 15 Section "Plumbing Specialties."

D. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."

E. Make changes in direction for storm drainage piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.

F. Lay buried building storm drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.

G. Install storm drainage piping at the following minimum slopes, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Building Storm Drain: 1 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 3 and and larger.
2. Horizontal Storm-Drainage Piping: 1 percent downward in direction of flow.

H. Sleeves are not required for cast-iron soil piping passing through concrete slabs-on-grade if slab is without membrane waterproofing.

I. Install PVC storm drainage piping according to ASTM D 2665.

J. Install underground PVC storm drainage piping according to ASTM D 2321.

K. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

3.4 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

B. Hubless Cast-Iron Soil Piping Coupled Joints: Join according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-coupling joints.

C. PVC Nonpressure Piping Joints: Join piping according to ASTM D 2665.

3.5 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

A. Pipe hangers and supports are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Install the following:

1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
2. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs: According to the following:

    a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
    b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
    c. Longer Than 100 Feet, if indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.

3. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.

B. Install supports according to Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."

C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.

D. Rod diameter may be reduced 1 size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.

E. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:

1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
4. NPS 6: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
5. NPS 8 to NPS 12: 60 inches with 7/8-inch rod.
6. Spacing for 10-foot lengths may be increased to 10 feet. Spacing for fittings is limited to 60 inches.

F. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.

G. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.6 CONNECTIONS

A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Connect interior storm drainage piping to exterior storm drainage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.

C. Connect storm drainage piping to roof drains and storm drainage specialties.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in.
2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.

B. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.

C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.

D. Test storm drainage piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:

1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced storm drainage piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
3. Test Procedure: Test storm drainage piping on completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
4. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
5. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

3.8 CLEANING

A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.

B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.

C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

END OF SECTION 15160

SECTION 15181
HYDRONIC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes pipe and fitting materials, joining methods, special-duty valves, and specialties for the following:

1. Hot-water heating piping.
2. Chilled-water piping.
3. Condensate-drain piping.
4. Air-vent piping.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 15 Section "Hydronic Pumps" for pumps, motors, and accessories for hydronic piping.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Hydronic piping components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure and temperature:

1. Hot-Water Heating Piping: 30 psig at 200 deg F.
2. Chilled-Water Piping: 30 psig at 100 deg F.
3. Air-Vent Piping: 200 deg F.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of the following:

1. Valves. Include flow and pressure drop curves based on manufacturer's testing for calibrated-orifice balancing valves and automatic flow-control valves.
2. Air control devices.
3. Hydronic specialties.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air control devices, hydronic specialties, and special-duty valves to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Steel Support Welding: Qualify processes and operators according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

B. ASME Compliance: Comply with ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping," for materials, products, and installation. Safety valves and pressure vessels shall bear the appropriate ASME label. Fabricate and stamp air separators and expansion tanks to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

A. Drawn-Temper Copper Tubing: ASTM B 88, Type L.

B. Annealed-Temper Copper Tubing: ASTM B 88, Type K.

C. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Anvil International, Inc.
b. S. P. Fittings; a division of Star Pipe Products.
c. Victaulic Company of America.

2. Grooved-End Copper Fittings: ASTM B 75, copper tube or ASTM B 584, bronze casting.
3. Grooved-End-Tube Couplings: Rigid pattern, unless otherwise indicated; gasketed fitting. Ductile-iron housing with keys matching pipe and fitting grooves, prelubricated EPDM gasket rated for minimum 230 deg F for use with housing, and steel bolts and nuts.

D. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.

2.2 STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, black steel with plain ends; type, grade, and wall thickness as indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.

B. Grooved Mechanical-Joint Fittings and Couplings:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Anvil International, Inc.
   b. National Fittings, Inc.
   c. S. P. Fittings; a division of Star Pipe Products.
   d. Victaulic Company of America.

2. Joint Fittings: ASTM A 536, Grade 65-45-12 ductile iron; ASTM A 47/A 47M, Grade 32510 malleable iron; ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type F, E, or S, Grade B fabricated steel; or ASTM A 106, Grade B steel fittings with grooves or shoulders constructed to accept grooved-end couplings; with nuts, bolts, locking pin, locking toggle, or lugs to secure grooved pipe and fittings.
3. Couplings: Ductile- or malleable-iron housing and synthetic rubber gasket of central cavity pressure-responsive design; with nuts, bolts, locking pin, locking toggle, or lugs to secure grooved pipe and fittings.

C. Steel Pipe Nipples: ASTM A 733, made of same materials and wall thicknesses as pipe in which they are installed.

2.3 JOINING MATERIALS

A. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: Suitable for chemical and thermal conditions of piping system contents.

1. ASME B16.21, nonmetallic, flat, asbestos free, 1/8-inch maximum thickness unless thickness or specific material is indicated.

B. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys. Include water-flushable flux according to ASTM B 813.

C. Gasket Material: Thickness, material, and type suitable for fluid to be handled and working temperatures and pressures.

2.4 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

A. Description: Combination fitting of copper-alloy and ferrous materials with threaded, solder-joint, plain, or weld-neck end connections that match piping system materials.

B. Insulating Material: Suitable for system fluid, pressure, and temperature.

C. Dielectric-Flange Kits:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

    a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
    b. Calpico, Inc.
    c. Central Plastics Company.
    d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.

2. Companion-flange assembly for field assembly. Include flanges, full-face- or ring-type neoprene or phenolic gasket, phenolic or polyethylene bolt sleeves, phenolic washers, and steel backing washers.
3. Separate companion flanges and steel bolts and nuts shall have 150- or 300-psig minimum working pressure where required to suit system pressures.

D. Dielectric Nipples:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

    a. Perfection Corporation; a subsidiary of American Meter Company.
    b. Precision Plumbing Products, Inc.
    c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
    d. Victaulic Company of America.

2. Electroplated steel nipple with inert and noncorrosive, thermoplastic lining; plain, threaded, or grooved ends; and 300-psig minimum working pressure at 225 deg F.

2.5 VALVES

A. Gate, Globe, Check, Ball, and Butterfly Valves: Comply with requirements specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."

B. Bronze, Calibrated-Orifice, Balancing Valves:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

    a. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
    b. Bell & Gossett Domestic Pump; a division of ITT Industries.
    c. Flow Design Inc.
    d. Griswold Controls.
    e. Taco.

2. Body: Bronze, ball or plug type with calibrated orifice or venturi.
3. Ball: Brass or stainless steel.
4. Plug: Resin.
5. Seat: PTFE.
6. End Connections: Threaded or socket.
7. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
8. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.

9. CWP Rating: Minimum 125 psig.
10. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

C. Cast-Iron or Steel, Calibrated-Orifice, Balancing Valves:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
   b. Bell & Gossett Domestic Pump; a division of ITT Industries.
   c. Flow Design Inc.
   d. Griswold Controls.
   e. Tour & Andersson; available through Victaulic Company of America.

2. Body: Cast-iron or steel body, ball, plug, or globe pattern with calibrated orifice or venturi.
3. Ball: Brass or stainless steel.
4. Stem Seals: EPDM O-rings.
5. Disc: Glass and carbon-filled PTFE.
6. Seat: PTFE.
7. End Connections: Flanged or grooved.
8. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
9. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.
10. CWP Rating: Minimum 125 psig.
11. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

2.6 AIR CONTROL DEVICES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Amtrol, Inc.
2. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
3. Bell & Gossett Domestic Pump; a division of ITT Industries.
4. Taco.

B. Manual Air Vents:

1. Body: Bronze.
2. Internal Parts: Nonferrous.
3. Operator: Screwdriver or thumbscrew.
4. Inlet Connection: NPS 1/2.
5. Discharge Connection: NPS 1/8.
6. CWP Rating: 150 psig.
7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 225 deg F.

C. Automatic Air Vents:

1. Body: Bronze or cast iron.
2. Internal Parts: Nonferrous.

3. Operator: Noncorrosive metal float.
4. Inlet Connection: NPS 1/2.
5. Discharge Connection: NPS 1/4.
6. CWP Rating: 150 psig.
7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

2.7 HYDRONIC PIPING SPECIALTIES

A. Y-Pattern Strainers:

1. Body: ASTM A 126, Class B, cast iron with bolted cover and bottom drain connection.
2. End Connections: Threaded ends for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged ends for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
3. Strainer Screen: 40-mesh startup strainer, and perforated stainless-steel basket with 50 percent free area.
4. CWP Rating: 125 psig.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING APPLICATIONS

A. Hot-water heating piping, aboveground, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be the following:

1. Type L, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.

B. Hot-water heating piping, aboveground, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, shall be the following:

1. Schedule 40 steel pipe; grooved, mechanical joint coupling and fittings; and grooved, mechanical joints.

C. Hot-water heating piping installed belowground and within slabs shall be the following:

1. Type K, annealed-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints. Use the fewest possible joints.

D. Chilled-water piping, aboveground, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be the following:

1. Type L, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.

E. Chilled-water piping, aboveground, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, shall be the following:

1. Schedule 40 steel pipe; grooved, mechanical joint coupling and fittings; and grooved, mechanical joints.

F. Chilled-water piping installed belowground and within slabs shall be the following:

1. Type K, annealed-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints. Use the fewest possible joints.

G. Condensate-Drain Piping: Type M, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.

H. Air-Vent Piping:

1. Inlet: Same as service where installed with metal-to-plastic transition fittings for plastic piping systems according to the piping manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Outlet: Type K, annealed-temper copper tubing with soldered or flared joints.

3.2 VALVE APPLICATIONS

A. Install shutoff-duty valves at each branch connection to supply mains, and at supply connection to each piece of equipment.

B. Install calibrated-orifice, balancing valves at each branch connection to return main.

C. Install calibrated-orifice, balancing valves in the return pipe of each heating or cooling terminal.

D. Install pressure-reducing valves at makeup-water connection to regulate system fill pressure.

3.3 PIPING INSTALLATIONS

A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicate piping locations and arrangements if such were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.

B. Install piping in concealed locations, unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.

C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.

D. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.

E. Install piping to permit valve servicing.

F. Install piping at indicated slopes.

G. Install piping free of sags and bends.

H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.

I. Install piping to allow application of insulation.

J. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.

K. Install groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation and servicing of valves.

L. Install drains, consisting of a tee fitting, NPS 3/4 ball valve, and short NPS 3/4 threaded nipple with cap, at low points in piping system mains and elsewhere as required for system drainage.

M. Install piping at a uniform grade of 0.2 percent upward in direction of flow.

N. Reduce pipe sizes using eccentric reducer fitting installed with level side up.

O. Install branch connections to mains using tee fittings in main pipe, with the branch connected to the bottom of the main pipe. For up-feed risers, connect the branch to the top of the main pipe.

P. Install valves according to Division 15 Section "Valves."

Q. Install unions in piping, NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to valves, at final connections of equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.

R. Install flanges in piping, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, at final connections of equipment and elsewhere as indicated.

S. Install strainers on inlet side of each control valve, pressure-reducing valve, solenoid valve, in-line pump, and elsewhere as indicated. Install NPS 3/4 nipple and ball valve in blowdown connection of strainers NPS 2 and larger. Match size of strainer blowoff connection for strainers smaller than NPS 2.

T. Install expansion loops, expansion joints, anchors, and pipe alignment guides as specified in Division 15 Section "Pipe Expansion Fittings and Loops."

U. Identify piping as specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.4 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Hanger, support, and anchor devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Comply with the following requirements for maximum spacing of supports.

B. Install the following pipe attachments:

1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal piping less than 20 feet long.
2. Adjustable roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal piping 20 feet or longer.
3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
4. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
5. Provide copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
6. On plastic pipe, install pads or cushions on bearing surfaces to prevent hanger from scratching pipe.

C. Install hangers for steel piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:

1. NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
3. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
4. NPS 2: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
5. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 11 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
6. NPS 3: Maximum span, 12 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
7. NPS 4: Maximum span, 14 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.
8. NPS 6: Maximum span, 17 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.
9. NPS 8: Maximum span, 19 feet; minimum rod size, 5/8 inch.
10. NPS 10: Maximum span, 20 feet; minimum rod size, 3/4 inch.

D. Install hangers for drawn-temper copper piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:

1. NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
3. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
4. NPS 2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
5. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
6. NPS 3: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.

E. Support vertical runs at roof, at each floor, and at 10-foot intervals between floors.

3.5 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Join pipe and fittings according to the following requirements and Division 15 Sections specifying piping systems.

B. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.

C. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.

D. Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux, unless otherwise indicated, to tube end. Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," using lead-free solder alloy complying with ASTM B 32.

E. Grooved Joints: Assemble joints with coupling and gasket, lubricant, and bolts. Cut or roll grooves in ends of pipe based on pipe and coupling manufacturer's written instructions for pipe wall thickness. Use grooved-end fittings and rigid, grooved-end-pipe couplings.

3.6 HYDRONIC SPECIALTIES INSTALLATION

A. Install manual air vents at high points in piping, at heat-transfer coils, and elsewhere as required for system air venting.

B. Install automatic air vents at high points of system piping in mechanical equipment rooms only. Manual vents at heat-transfer coils and elsewhere as required for air venting.

3.7 TERMINAL EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

A. Sizes for supply and return piping connections shall be the same as or larger than equipment connections.

B. Install control valves in accessible locations close to connected equipment.

C. Install bypass piping with globe valve around control valve. If parallel control valves are installed, only one bypass is required.

D. Install ports for pressure gages and thermometers at coil inlet and outlet connections according to Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages."

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Prepare hydronic piping according to ASME B31.9 and as follows:

1. Leave joints, including welds, uninsulated and exposed for examination during test.
2. Provide temporary restraints for expansion joints that cannot sustain reactions due to test pressure. If temporary restraints are impractical, isolate expansion joints from testing.
3. Flush hydronic piping systems with clean water; then remove and clean or replace strainer screens.
4. Isolate equipment from piping. If a valve is used to isolate equipment, its closure shall be capable of sealing against test pressure without damage to valve. Install blinds in flanged joints to isolate equipment.
5. Install safety valve, set at a pressure no more than one-third higher than test pressure, to protect against damage by expanding liquid or other source of overpressure during test.

B. Perform the following tests on hydronic piping:

1. Use ambient temperature water as a testing medium unless there is risk of damage due to freezing. Another liquid that is safe for workers and compatible with piping may be used.
2. While filling system, use vents installed at high points of system to release air. Use drains installed at low points for complete draining of test liquid.
3. Isolate expansion tanks and determine that hydronic system is full of water.
4. Subject piping system to hydrostatic test pressure that is not less than 1.5 times the system's working pressure. Test pressure shall not exceed maximum pressure for any vessel, pump, valve, or other component in system under test. Verify that stress due to pressure at bottom of vertical runs does not exceed 90 percent of specified minimum

yield strength or 1.7 times "SE" value in Appendix A in ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping."

5. After hydrostatic test pressure has been applied for at least 10 minutes, examine piping, joints, and connections for leakage. Eliminate leaks by tightening, repairing, or replacing components, and repeat hydrostatic test until there are no leaks.
6. Prepare written report of testing.

C. Perform the following before operating the system:

1. Open manual valves fully.
2. Inspect pumps for proper rotation.
3. Set makeup pressure-reducing valves for required system pressure.
4. Inspect air vents at high points of system and determine if all are installed and operating freely (automatic type), or bleed air completely (manual type).
5. Set temperature controls so all coils are calling for full flow.
6. Inspect and set operating temperatures of hydronic equipment, such as boilers, chillers, cooling towers, to specified values.
7. Verify lubrication of motors and bearings.

END OF SECTION 15181

SECTION 15183
REFRIGERANT PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes refrigerant piping used for air-conditioning applications.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Line Test Pressure for Refrigerant R-22:

1. Suction Lines for Air-Conditioning Applications: 185 psig.
2. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: 325 psig.

B. Line Test Pressure for Refrigerant R-134a:

1. Suction Lines for Air-Conditioning Applications: 115 psig.
2. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: 225 psig.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of valve and refrigerant piping specialty indicated. Include pressure drop, based on manufacturer's test data, for the following:

1. Thermostatic expansion valves.
2. Solenoid valves.
3. Filter dryers.
4. Strainers.
5. Pressure-regulating valves.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For refrigerant valves and piping specialties to include in maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."

B. Comply with ASHRAE 15, "Safety Code for Refrigeration Systems."

C. Comply with ASME B31.5, "Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components."

1.6 PRODUCT STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store piping in a clean and protected area with end caps in place to ensure that piping interior and exterior are clean when installed.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

A. Copper Tube: ASTM B 280, Type ACR.

B. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.

C. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.

D. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8.

E. Flexible Connectors:

1. Body: Tin-bronze bellows with woven, flexible, tinned-bronze-wire-reinforced protective jacket.
2. End Connections: Socket ends.
3. Offset Performance: Capable of minimum 3/4-inch misalignment in minimum 7-inch-long assembly.
4. Pressure Rating: Factory test at minimum 500 psig.
5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

2.2 VALVES AND SPECIALTIES

A. Service Valves:

1. Body: Forged brass with brass cap including key end to remove core.
2. Core: Removable ball-type check valve with stainless-steel spring.
3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
4. End Connections: Copper spring.
5. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.

B. Solenoid Valves: Comply with ARI 760 and UL 429; listed and labeled by an NRTL.

1. Body and Bonnet: Plated steel.
2. Solenoid Tube, Plunger, Closing Spring, and Seat Orifice: Stainless steel.
3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
4. End Connections: Threaded.
5. Electrical: Molded, watertight coil in NEMA 250 enclosure of type required by location with 1/2-inch conduit adapter, and 24-V ac coil.
6. Working Pressure Rating: 400 psig.
7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

C. Safety Relief Valves: Comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code; listed and labeled by an NRTL.

1. Body and Bonnet: Ductile iron and steel, with neoprene O-ring seal.
2. Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
3. Seat Disc: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
4. End Connections: Threaded.
5. Working Pressure Rating: 400 psig.
6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

D. Thermostatic Expansion Valves: Comply with ARI 750.

1. Body, Bonnet, and Seal Cap: Forged brass or steel.
2. Diaphragm, Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
3. Packing and Gaskets: Non-asbestos.
4. Capillary and Bulb: Copper tubing filled with refrigerant charge.
5. Suction Temperature: 40 deg F.
6. Superheat: Nonadjustable.
7. End Connections: Socket, flare, or threaded union.
8. Working Pressure Rating: 450 psig.

E. Angle-Type Strainers:

1. Body: Forged brass or cast bronze.
2. Drain Plug: Brass hex plug.
3. Screen: 100-mesh monel.
4. End Connections: Socket or flare.
5. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

F. Permanent Filter Dryers: Comply with ARI 730.

1. Body and Cover: Painted-steel shell.
2. Filter Media: 10 micron, pleated with integral end rings; stainless-steel support.
3. Desiccant Media: Activated alumina.
4. End Connections: Socket.
5. Access Ports: NPS 1/4 connections at entering and leaving sides for pressure differential measurement.
6. Maximum Pressure Loss: 2 psig.
7. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

2.3 REFRIGERANTS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Atofina Chemicals, Inc.
2. DuPont Company; Fluorochemicals Div.
3. Honeywell, Inc.; Genetron Refrigerants.
4. INEOS Fluor Americas LLC.

B. ASHRAE 34, R-22: Monochlorodifluoromethane.

C. ASHRAE 34, R-134a: Tetrafluoroethane.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING APPLICATIONS FOR REFRIGERANT R-22

A. Suction Lines NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller for Conventional Air-Conditioning Applications: Copper, Type ACR, annealed-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed joints.

B. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: Copper, Type ACR, annealed-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed joints.

3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS FOR REFRIGERANT R-134a

A. Suction Lines NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller for Conventional Air-Conditioning Applications: Copper, Type ACR, annealed-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed joints.

B. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: Copper, Type ACR, annealed-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed joints.

3.3 VALVE AND SPECIALTY APPLICATIONS

A. Install service valves for gage taps at inlet and outlet of hot-gas bypass valves and strainers if they are not an integral part of valves and strainers.

B. Install solenoid valves upstream from each expansion valve and hot-gas bypass valve. Install solenoid valves in horizontal lines with coil at top.

C. Install thermostatic expansion valves as close as possible to distributors on evaporators.

1. Install valve so diaphragm case is warmer than bulb.
2. Secure bulb to clean, straight, horizontal section of suction line using two bulb straps. Do not mount bulb in a trap or at bottom of the line.
3. If external equalizer lines are required, make connection where it will reflect suction-line pressure at bulb location.

D. Install safety relief valves where required by ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Pipe safety-relief-valve discharge line to outside according to ASHRAE 15.

E. Install strainers upstream from and adjacent to the following unless they are furnished as an integral assembly for device being protected:

1. Solenoid valves.
2. Thermostatic expansion valves.
3. Compressor.

F. Install filter dryers in liquid line between compressor and thermostatic expansion valve, and in the suction line at the compressor.

G. Install flexible connectors at compressors.

3.4 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems; indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings.

B. Install refrigerant piping according to ASHRAE 15.

C. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.

D. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.

E. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.

F. Install piping adjacent to machines to allow service and maintenance.

G. Install piping free of sags and bends.

H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.

I. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.

J. Refer to Division 15 Sections "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls" and "Sequence of Operation" for solenoid valve controllers, control wiring, and sequence of operation.

K. Install piping as short and direct as possible, with a minimum number of joints, elbows, and fittings.

L. Arrange piping to allow inspection and service of refrigeration equipment. Install valves and specialties in accessible locations to allow for service and inspection. Install access doors or panels as specified in Division 8 Section "Access Doors and Frames" if valves or equipment requiring maintenance is concealed behind finished surfaces.

M. Install refrigerant piping in protective conduit where installed belowground.

N. Install refrigerant piping in rigid or flexible conduit in locations where exposed to mechanical injury.

O. Slope refrigerant piping as follows:

1. Install horizontal hot-gas discharge piping with a uniform slope downward away from compressor.
2. Install horizontal suction lines with a uniform slope downward to compressor.
3. Install traps and double risers to entrain oil in vertical runs.
4. Liquid lines may be installed level.

P. When brazing or soldering, remove solenoid-valve coils and sight glasses; also remove valve stems, seats, and packing, and accessible internal parts of refrigerant specialties. Do not apply heat near expansion-valve bulb.

Q. Install pipe sleeves at penetrations in exterior walls and floor assemblies.

R. Seal penetrations through fire and smoke barriers according to Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

S. Install piping with adequate clearance between pipe and adjacent walls and hangers or between pipes for insulation installation.

T. Install sleeves through floors, walls, or ceilings, sized to permit installation of full-thickness insulation.

U. Seal pipe penetrations through exterior walls according to Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for materials and methods.

V. Identify refrigerant piping and valves according to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.5 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.

B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.

C. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," Chapter "Pipe and Tube."

1. Use Type BcuP, copper-phosphorus alloy for joining copper socket fittings with copper pipe.
2. Use Type BAg, cadmium-free silver alloy for joining copper with bronze or steel.

3.6 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Hanger, support, and anchor products are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."

B. Install the following pipe attachments:

1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal runs less than 20 feet long.
2. Roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal runs 20 feet or longer.
3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
4. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
5. Copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.

C. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:

1. NPS 1/2: Maximum span, 60 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
2. NPS 5/8: Maximum span, 60 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
3. NPS 1: Maximum span, 72 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
4. NPS 1-1/4: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
5. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
6. NPS 2: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
7. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 108 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
8. NPS 3: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
9. NPS 4: Maximum span, 12 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.

D. Install hangers for steel piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:

1. NPS 2: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
2. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 11 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
3. NPS 3: Maximum span, 12 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
4. NPS 4: Maximum span, 14 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.

E. Support multifloor vertical runs at least at each floor.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

B. Tests and Inspections:

1. Comply with ASME B31.5, Chapter VI.
2. Test refrigerant piping, specialties, and receivers. Isolate compressor, condenser, evaporator, and safety devices from test pressure if they are not rated above the test pressure.
3. Test high- and low-pressure side piping of each system separately at not less than the pressures indicated in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.

    a. Fill system with nitrogen to the required test pressure.
    b. System shall maintain test pressure at the manifold gage throughout duration of test.
    c. Test joints and fittings with electronic leak detector or by brushing a small amount of soap and glycerin solution over joints.
    d. Remake leaking joints using new materials, and retest until satisfactory results are achieved.

3.8 SYSTEM CHARGING

A. Charge system using the following procedures:

1. Install core in filter dryers after leak test but before evacuation.
2. Evacuate entire refrigerant system with a vacuum pump to 500 micrometers. If vacuum holds for 12 hours, system is ready for charging.
3. Break vacuum with refrigerant gas, allowing pressure to build up to 2 psig.
4. Charge system with a new filter-dryer core in charging line.

3.9 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust high- and low-pressure switch settings to avoid short cycling in response to fluctuating suction pressure.

B. Adjust set-point temperature of air-conditioning or chilled-water controllers to the system design temperature.

C. Perform the following adjustments before operating the refrigeration system, according to manufacturer's written instructions:

1. Open shutoff valves in condenser water circuit.
2. Verify that compressor oil level is correct.
3. Open compressor suction and discharge valves.
4. Open refrigerant valves except bypass valves that are used for other purposes.
5. Check open compressor-motor alignment and verify lubrication for motors and bearings.

D. Replace core of replaceable filter dryer after system has been adjusted and after design flow rates and pressures are established.

END OF SECTION 15183

SECTION 15410
PLUMBING FIXTURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following conventional plumbing fixtures and related components:

1. Faucets for sinks.
2. Laminar-flow faucet-spout outlets.
3. Protective shielding guards.
4. Fixture supports.
5. Commercial sinks.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 2 Section "Water Distribution" for exterior plumbing fixtures and hydrants.
2. Division 10 Section "Toilet and Bath Accessories."
3. Division 15 Section "Emergency Plumbing Fixtures."
4. Division 15 Section "Plumbing Specialties" for backflow preventers, floor drains, and specialty fixtures not included in this Section.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.

B. Accessible Fixture: Plumbing fixture that can be approached, entered, and used by people with disabilities.

C. Cast Polymer: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material. This material includes cultured-marble and solid-surface materials.

D. Cultured Marble: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material with surface coating.

E. Fitting: Device that controls the flow of water into or out of the plumbing fixture. Fittings specified in this Section include supplies and stops, faucets and spouts, shower heads and tub spouts, drains and tailpieces, and traps and waste pipes. Piping and general-duty valves are included where indicated.

F. FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic.

G. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

H. Solid Surface: Nonporous, homogeneous, cast-polymer-plastic material with heat-, impact-, scratch-, and stain-resistance qualities.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of plumbing fixture indicated. Include selected fixture and trim, fittings, accessories, appliances, appurtenances, equipment, and supports. Indicate materials and finishes, dimensions, construction details, and flow-control rates.

B. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring.

C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For plumbing fixtures to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

D. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain plumbing fixtures, faucets, and other components of each category through one source from a single manufacturer.

1. Exception: If fixtures, faucets, or other components are not available from a single manufacturer, obtain similar products from other manufacturers specified for that category.

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in ICC A117.1, "Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities"; Public Law 90-480, "Architectural Barriers Act"; and Public Law 101-336, "Americans with Disabilities Act"; for plumbing fixtures for people with disabilities.

D. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 102-486, "Energy Policy Act," about water flow and consumption rates for plumbing fixtures.

E. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components--Health Effects," for fixture materials that will be in contact with potable water.

F. Select combinations of fixtures and trim, faucets, fittings, and other components that are compatible.

G. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for plumbing fixtures:

1. Stainless-Steel Commercial Sinks: NSF 2 construction.
2. Vitreous-China Fixtures: ASME A112.19.2M.

H. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for lavatory and sink faucets:

1. Backflow Protection Devices for Faucets with Hose-Thread Outlet: ASME A112.18.3M.
2. Faucets: ASME A112.18.1.
3. Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1011.
4. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
5. Integral, Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1001.
6. NSF Potable-Water Materials: NSF 61.
7. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
8. Supply Fittings: ASME A112.18.1.
9. Brass Waste Fittings: ASME A112.18.2.

I. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous fittings:

1. Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1001.
2. Brass and Copper Supplies: ASME A112.18.1.
3. Brass Waste Fittings: ASME A112.18.2.

J. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:

1. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
2. Off-Floor Fixture Supports: ASME A112.6.1M.
3. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
4. Supply and Drain Protective Shielding Guards: ICC A117.1.

1.6 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Faucet Washers and O-Rings: Equal to 10 percent of amount of each type and size installed.
2. Faucet Cartridges and O-Rings: Equal to 5 percent of amount of each type and size installed.
3. Provide hinged-top wood or metal box, or individual metal boxes, with separate compartments for each type and size of extra materials listed above.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SINK FAUCETS

A. Sink Faucet, Type 1:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Chicago Faucet Model No. 1100-GN2AE3-317CP or a comparable product by one of the following:

   a. Chicago Faucet Co.
   b. Cambridge Brass; Div. Of Masco Corp.
   c. Delta Faucet Co.; Div. Of Masco Corp.
   d. Elkay Manufacturing Co.
   e. Just Manufacturing Co.
   f. T & S Brass and Bronze Works, Inc.

2. Maximum Flow Rate: 2.5 gpm, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Body Material: Cast brass.
4. Finish: Polished chrome plate.
5. Type: Kitchen sink faucet.
6. Mixing Valve: Two-lever handle.
7. Centers: 8-inches.
8. Mounting: Deck, exposed.
9. Handle[s]: Lever.
10. Inlet[s]: NPS 3/8 plain-end tubing.
11. Spout: Restricted swing gooseneck.
12. Spout Outlet: Aerator.
13. Vacuum Breaker: Not required.
14. Operation: Non-compression, manual.
15. Drain: Not required.
16. Tempering Device: Required for accessible sinks only.

B. Sink Faucet, Type 2:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Chicago Faucet Model No. 930-369-VRCP or a comparable product by one of the following:

   a. Chicago Faucet Co.
   b. Cambridge Brass; Div. Of Masco Corp.
   c. Delta Faucet Co.; Div. Of Masco Corp.
   d. T & S Brass and Bronze Works, Inc.
   e. Water Saver Faucet Co.

2. Maximum Flow Rate: 2.5 gpm, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Body Material: Cast brass.
4. Finish: Polished chrome plate.
5. Type: Science sink faucet.
6. Mixing Valve: Two-lever handle.
7. Centers: Single hole.
8. Mounting: Deck, concealed.

9. Handle[s]: Lever.
10. Inlet[s]: NPS 3/8 plain-end tubing.
11. Spout: Rigid.
12. Spout Outlet: Serrated hose nozzle.
13. Vacuum Breaker: Required.
14. Operation: Non-compression, manual.
15. Drain: Not required.
16. Tempering Device: Required for accessible sinks only.

2.2 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS

A. Protective Shielding Pipe Enclosures:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. PLUMBEREX, Inc.
   b. TRUEBRO, Inc.

2. Description: Manufactured plastic enclosure for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with ADA requirements.

2.3 SINKS

A. Sink (S-1):

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings Elkay Lusterone Sink Model No. LRADQ-3319. or a comparable product by one of the following:

   a. Elkay Manufacturing Co.
   b. Just Manufacturing Company.

2. Description: Accessible, two-compartment, counter-mounting, stainless steel commercial sink.

   a. Overall Dimensions: 33 by 19-1/2 inches x 5-1/2 inches deep.
   b. Metal Thickness: 18 gauge.
   c. First Compartment: With 3-1/2 inch crumb cup.
   d. First Compartment Location: Left.
   e. Second Compartment: Located on opposite side of first compartment, with 3-1/2-inch crumb cup.
   f. Sink Faucet: Type 1.
   g. Supplies: NPS 3/8 chrome plated copper with stops.
   h. Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 chrome-plated cast-brass offset and trap, 0.0450 inch thick tubular brass waste to wall; continuous waste; and wall escutcheons.
   i. Disposer: Not required.
   j. Protective Shielding Guards: Required.

B. Sink (S-2):

1. Description: Single-compartment, counter-mounting, demo science resin sink. Refer to Division 12, "Institutional Casework" for description.

a. Sink Faucet: Type 2.
b. Gas Turret: None.
c. Eyewash station: None.
d. Supplies: NPS 3/8 chrome plated copper with stops.
e. Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 acid waste P-trap, refer to Division 15, "Chemical Waste Piping."
f. Protective Shielding Guards: Not required.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine roughing-in of water supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before plumbing fixture installation.

B. Examine cabinets, counters, floors, and walls for suitable conditions where fixtures will be installed.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Assemble plumbing fixtures, trim, fittings, and other components according to manufacturers' written instructions.

B. Install off-floor supports, affixed to building substrate, for wall-mounting fixtures.

1. Use carrier supports with waste fitting and seal for back-outlet fixtures.
2. Use carrier supports without waste fitting for fixtures with tubular waste piping.
3. Use chair-type carrier supports with rectangular steel uprights for accessible fixtures.

C. Install fixtures level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings.

D. Install water-supply piping with stop on each supply to each fixture to be connected to water distribution piping. Attach supplies to supports or substrate within pipe spaces behind fixtures. Install stops in locations where they can be easily reached for operation.

1. Exception: Use ball, gate, or globe valves if supply stops are not specified with fixture. Valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."

E. Install trap and tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be directly connected to sanitary drainage system.

F. Install faucet-spout fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.

G. Install water-supply flow-control fittings with specified flow rates in fixture supplies at stop valves.

H. Install faucet flow-control fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.

I. Install traps on fixture outlets.

1. Exception: Omit trap on fixtures with integral traps.
2. Exception: Omit trap on indirect wastes, unless otherwise indicated.

J. Install escutcheons at piping wall or ceiling penetrations in exposed, finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings. Escutcheons are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

K. Seal joints between fixtures and walls, floors, and countertops using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Sealants are specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.

C. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

D. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Verify that installed plumbing fixtures are categories and types specified for locations where installed.

B. Check that plumbing fixtures are complete with trim, faucets, fittings, and other specified components.

C. Inspect installed plumbing fixtures for damage. Replace damaged fixtures and components.

D. Test installed fixtures after water systems are pressurized for proper operation. Replace malfunctioning fixtures and components, then retest. Repeat procedure until units operate properly.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Operate and adjust faucets and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning fixtures, fittings, and controls.

B. Adjust water pressure at faucets and flushometer valves to produce proper flow and stream.

C. Replace washers and seals of leaking and dripping faucets and stops.

3.6 CLEANING

A. Clean fixtures, faucets, and other fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials. Do the following:

1. Remove faucet spouts and strainers, remove sediment and debris, and reinstall strainers and spouts.
2. Remove sediment and debris from drains.

B. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished fixtures, faucets, and fittings, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

3.7 PROTECTION

A. Provide protective covering for installed fixtures and fittings.

B. Do not allow use of plumbing fixtures for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION 15410

SECTION 15671
CONDENSING UNITS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes air-cooled condensing units.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each condensing unit, include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories. Include equipment dimensions, weights and structural loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For condensing units to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

C. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of condensing units and are based on the specific system indicated. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Fabricate and label refrigeration system according to ASHRAE 15, "Safety Code for Mechanical Refrigeration."

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories."

B. Coordinate location of piping and electrical rough-ins.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of condensing units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 CONDENSING UNITS, AIR COOLED, 6 TO 120 TONS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Carrier Corporation; Carrier Air Conditioning Div.
2. Dectron.
3. McQuay International.
4. Rheem Manufacturing Air Conditioning Div.
5. Trane Co. (The); Worldwide Applied Systems Group.
6. York International Corp.

B. Description: Factory assembled and tested, air cooled; consisting of casing, compressors, condenser coils, condenser fans and motors, and unit controls.

C. Compressor: Hermetic or semihermetic compressor designed for service with crankcase sight glass, crankcase heater, and backseating service access valves on suction and discharge ports.

1. Capacity Control: Cylinder unloading.
2. Refrigerant Charge: R-22, R-407C, R-410A, HFC-134a.

D. Condenser Coil: Seamless copper-tube, aluminum-fin coil, including subcooling circuit and backseating liquid-line service access valve. Factory pressure test coils, then dehydrate by drawing a vacuum and fill with a holding charge of nitrogen or refrigerant.

E. Condenser Fans: Propeller-type vertical discharge; either directly or belt driven. Include the following:

1. Permanently lubricated ball-bearing motors.
2. Separate motor for each fan.
3. Dynamically and statically balanced fan assemblies.

F. Operating and safety controls include the following:

1. Manual-reset, high-pressure cutout switches.
2. Automatic-reset, low-pressure cutout switches.
3. Low oil pressure cutout switch.
4. Compressor-winding thermostat cutout switch.
5. Three-leg, compressor-overload protection.
6. Control transformer.
7. Magnetic contactors for compressor and condenser fan motors.
8. Timer to prevent excessive compressor cycling.

G. Accessories:

1. Integratable into Owner's existing DDC system.
2. Gage Panel: Package with refrigerant circuit suction and discharge gages.
3. Part-winding-start timing relay, circuit breakers, and contactors.

H. Unit Casings: Designed for outdoor installation with weather protection for components and controls and with removable panels for required access to compressors, controls, condenser fans, motors, and drives. Additional features include the following:

1. Steel, galvanized or zinc coated, for exposed casing surfaces; treated and finished with manufacturer's standard paint coating.
2. Perimeter base rail with forklift slots and lifting holes to facilitate rigging.
3. Gasketed control panel door.
4. Nonfused disconnect switch, factory mounted and wired, for single external electrical power connection.
5. Condenser coil hail guard and grille to protect coil from physical damage.

2.3 MOTORS

A. General requirements for motors are specified in Division 15 Section "Motors."

1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
2. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Electrical devices and connections are specified in Division 16 Sections.

2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Verification of Performance: Rate condensing units according to ARI 210/240.

B. Testing Requirements: Factory test sound-power-level ratings according to ARI 270.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of condensing units.

B. Examine roughing-in for refrigerant piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before equipment installation.

C. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where condensing units will be installed.

D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install units level and plumb, firmly anchored in locations indicated; maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances.

B. Install roof-mounting units on equipment supports specified in Division 7.

C. Vibration Isolation: Mount condensing units on rubber pads with a minimum deflection of 1/4 inch. Vibration isolation devices and installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Controls."

D. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances for service and maintenance.

E. Loose Components: Install electrical components, devices, and accessories that are not factory mounted.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.

C. Connect refrigerant piping to air-cooled condensing units; maintain required access to unit. Install furnished field-mounted accessories. Refrigerant piping and specialties are specified in Division 15 Section "Refrigerant Piping."

D. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

E. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. Perform electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection.
2. Leak Test: After installation, charge systems with refrigerant and oil and test for leaks. Repair leaks, replace lost refrigerant and oil, and retest until no leaks exist.
3. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper operation, product capability, and compliance with requirements.
4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
5. Verify proper airflow over coils.

B. Verify that vibration isolation and flexible connections properly dampen vibration transmission to structure.

C. Remove and replace malfunctioning condensing units and retest as specified above.

3.5 STARTUP SERVICE

A. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions and perform the following:

1. Inspect for physical damage to unit casing.
2. Verify that access doors move freely and are weathertight.
3. Clean units and inspect for construction debris.
4. Verify that all bolts and screws are tight.
5. Adjust vibration isolation and flexible connections.
6. Verify that controls are connected and operational.

B. Lubricate bearings on fans.

C. Verify that fan wheel is rotating in the correct direction and is not vibrating or binding.

D. Start unit according to manufacturer's written instructions and complete manufacturer's startup checklist.

E. Measure and record airflow over coils.

F. Verify proper operation of condenser capacity control device.

G. Verify that vibration isolation and flexible connections properly dampen vibration transmission to structure.

END OF SECTION 15671

SECTION 15763
FAN-COIL UNITS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes fan-coil units and accessories.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fan-coil units to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:

1. Maintenance schedules and repair part lists for motors, coils, integral controls, and filters.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Fan-Coil-Unit Filters: Furnish one spare filters for each filter installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

B. In the Fan-Coil-Unit Schedule where titles below are column or row headings that introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 CEILING CASSETTE FAN COIL UNITS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Airdale.
2. Carrier Corporation.
3. EMI.

B. Description: Factory-packaged and -tested units rated according to ARI 440, ASHRAE 33, and UL 1995.

C. Coil Section Insulation: 1/2-inch thick, matte-finish, closed-cell foam complying with ASTM C 1071 and attached with adhesive complying with ASTM C 916.

1. Fire-Hazard Classification: Insulation and adhesive shall have a combined maximum flame-spread index of 25 and smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to ASTM E 84.

D. Main and Auxiliary Drain Pans: Polystyrene with connection for drain. Drain pan shall be insulated with polystyrene insulation. Drain pan shall be formed to slope from all directions to drain connection as required by ASHRAE 62.

E. Chassis: Galvanized steel where exposed to moisture. Floor-mounting units shall have leveling screws.

F. Fascia: High impact polystyrene in Pearl Grey Finish.

G. Filters: Minimum arrestance according to ASHRAE 52.1, and a minimum efficiency reporting value (MERV) according to ASHRAE 52.2.

1. Washable Foam: 70 percent arrestance and 3 MERV.

H. Hydronic Coils: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins spaced no closer than 0.1 inch, rated for a minimum working pressure of 200 psig and a maximum entering-water temperature of 220 deg F. Include manual air vent and drain valve.

I. Fan and Motor Board: Removable.

1. Fan: Centrifugal, with backward-curved and fan scrolls made of aluminum/thermoplastic material; directly connected to motor.
2. Motor: Permanently lubricated, multispeed; resiliently mounted on motor board. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."
3. Wiring Termination: Connect motor to chassis wiring with plug connection.

J. Control devices and operational sequences are specified in Division 15 Sections "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls" and "Sequence of Operation."

K. Electrical Connection: Factory wire motors and controls for a single electrical connection.

L. Accessories

1. Low-temperature, cut-out thermostat strapped to air coil prevents coil from freezing and liquid from slugging, when refrigerant coil is used.
2. Condensate Pump.
3. Disconnect switch.
4. Transformer: 120 volt-single phases to 208 volt-single phase.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas to receive fan-coil units for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine roughing-in for piping and electrical connections to verify actual locations before fan-coil-unit installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install fan-coil units level and plumb.

B. Install fan-coil units to comply with NFPA 90A.

C. Install new filters in each fan-coil unit within two weeks after Substantial Completion.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties. Specific connection requirements are as follows:

1. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.

B. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

C. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

END OF SECTION 15763

SECTION 15766
CABINET UNIT HEATERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes cabinet unit heaters with centrifugal fans and hot-water coils.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories for each product indicated.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For cabinet unit heaters to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Cabinet Unit Heater Filters: Furnish one spare filter(s) for each filter installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURED UNITS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Carrier Corporation.
2. McQuay International.
3. Trane.
4. Rittling.

B. Description: A factory-assembled and -tested unit complying with ARI 440.

C. Coil Section Insulation: ASTM C 1071; surfaces exposed to airstream shall be erosion-resistant coating to prevent erosion of glass fibers.

1. Thickness: 1 inch.
2. Thermal Conductivity (k-Value): 0.26 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. at 75 deg F mean temperature.
3. Fire-Hazard Classification: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
4. Adhesive: Comply with ASTM C 916 and with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B.

D. Cabinet: Steel with baked-enamel finish with manufacturer's standard paint, in color selected by Architect.

1. Vertical Unit, Exposed Front Panels: Minimum 0.0677-inch- thick, galvanized, sheet steel, removable panels with channel-formed edges secured with tamperproof cam fasteners.
2. Control Access Door: Key operated.
3. Base: Minimum 0.0528-inch- thick steel, finished to match cabinet, 4 inches high with leveling bolts.
4. Extended Piping Compartment: 8-inch- wider piping end pocket.

E. Filters: Minimum arrestance according to ASHRAE 52.1 and a minimum efficiency reporting value (MERV) according to ASHRAE 52.2.

1. Pleated: 90 percent arrestance and 7 MERV.

F. Hot-Water Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins spaced no closer than 0.1 inch and rated for a minimum working pressure of 200 psig and a maximum entering-water temperature of 220 deg F. Include manual air vent and drain.

G. Fan and Motor Board: Removable.

1. Fan: Forward curved, double width centrifugal; directly connected to motor. Thermoplastic or painted-steel wheels, and aluminum, painted-steel, or galvanized-steel fan scrolls.

2. Motor: Permanently lubricated, multispeed; resiliently mounted on motor board. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."
3. Wiring Terminations: Connect motor to chassis wiring with plug connection.

H. Control devices and operational sequences are specified in Division 15 Sections "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls" and "Sequence of Operation."

I. Electrical Connection: Factory wire motors and controls for a single field connection.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas to receive cabinet unit heaters for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine roughing-in for piping and electrical connections to verify actual locations before cabinet unit heater installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install cabinet unit heaters to comply with NFPA 90A.

B. Install new filters in each fan-coil unit within two weeks of Substantial Completion.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.

C. Connect piping to cabinet unit heater's factory, hot-water piping package. Install the piping package if shipped loose.

D. Connect supply and return ducts to cabinet unit heaters with flexible duct connectors specified in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."

E. Comply with safety requirements in UL 1995.

F. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

G. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

END OF SECTION 15766

SECTION 15768
UNIT VENTILATORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes unit ventilators and accessories with the following heating and cooling features:

1. Hydronic heating coil.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. BAS: Building automation system.

B. HGBP: Hot-gas bypass.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories for each unit type and configuration.

B. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

1. Plans, elevations, sections, and details.
2. Details of anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment.
3. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.

C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For unit ventilators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:

1. Maintenance schedules and repair part lists for motors, coils, integral controls, and filters.

D. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

B. Comply with NFPA 70.

C. Comply with minimum COP/efficiency levels according to ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of unit ventilators and suspension system components with other construction that penetrates or is supported by ceilings, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression-system components, and partition assemblies.

B. Coordinate size and location of wall sleeves for outdoor-air louvers.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Warranty Period: One year from date of Substantial Completion.

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Unit Ventilator Filters: Furnish one spare filter for each filter installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Carrier Corporation.
2. McQuay International.
3. Trane

2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

A. Description: Factory-packaged and -tested units rated according to ARI 840, ASHRAE 33, and UL 1995, including finished cabinet, filter, drain pan, supply-air fan and motor in blow- or draw-through configuration, and hydronic heating coil.

2.3 CABINETS

A. Insulation: Minimum 1-inch thick, matte-finish, closed-cell foam complying with ASTM C 1071 and attached with adhesive complying with ASTM C 916.

1. Fire-Hazard Classification: Insulation and adhesive shall have a combined maximum flame-spread index of 25 and smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to ASTM E 84.

B. Drain Pans: Plastic, formed to slope from all directions to the drain connection as required by ASHRAE 62.

C. Cabinet Frame and Access Panels: Welded-steel frame with removable panels fastened with hex-head tamperproof fasteners and key-operated control and valve access doors.

1. Steel components exposed to moisture shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.

D. Cabinet Finish: Baked enamel, in manufacturer's standard paint color.

E. End Panels: Matching material and finish of unit ventilator.

F. Indoor-Supply-Air Grille: Steel, front double deflection.

G. Return-Air Inlet: Steel, bottom bar grille.

H. Outdoor-Air: Back with duct collar.

2.4 COILS

A. Test and rate unit ventilator coils according to ASHRAE 33.

B. Hydronic Coils: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins spaced no closer than 0.1 inch, rated for a minimum working pressure of 200 psig and a maximum entering-water temperature of 220 deg F. Include manual air vent and drain valve.

2.5 INDOOR FAN

A. Fan and Motor Board: Removable.

1. Fan: Forward curved, double width, centrifugal; directly connected to motor. Thermoplastic or painted-steel wheels; and aluminum, painted-steel, or galvanized-steel fan scrolls.

2. Fan Shaft and Bearings: Hollow steel shaft with permanently lubricated, resiliently mounted bearings.
3. Motor: Permanently lubricated, multispeed, resiliently mounted on motor board. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."
4. Wiring Termination: Connect motor to chassis wiring with plug connection.

2.6 DAMPERS

A. Mixing Dampers: Galvanized-steel blades with edge and end seals and nylon bearings; with linkage.

2.7 ACCESSORIES

A. Duct flanges for outside air connection.

B. Filters: Minimum arrestance according to ASHRAE 52.1, and a minimum efficiency reporting value (MERV) according to ASHRAE 52.2.

1. Pleated Cotton-Polyester Media: 90 percent arrestance and 7 MERV.

C. Horizontal, Drainable-Blade Louver:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Carnes Company, Inc.
b. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
c. Louvers & Dampers, Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
d. Ruskin Company; Tomkins PLC.

2. Louver Depth: 4 inches.
3. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.080 inch.
4. Mullion Type: Exposed.
5. Louver Performance Ratings: See Schedule on Drawings.

D. Louver Finishes:

1. High-Performance Organic Finish: 2-coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2604 and containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturer's written instructions.

a. Color and Gloss: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.8 BASIC UNIT CONTROLS

A. Control devices are specified in Division 15 Sections "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls".

B. Electrical Connection: Factory wire motors for a single electrical connection.

2.9 CAPACITIES AND CHARACTERISTICS

A. See Mechanical Schedule on Drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas to receive unit ventilators for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine roughing-in for piping and electrical connections to verify actual locations before unit ventilator installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install unit ventilators to comply with NFPA 90A.

B. Suspend horizontal unit ventilators from structure with threaded steel rods and minimum 1.0 inch static-deflection spring hangers.

C. Verify location of thermostats and other exposed control sensors with Drawings and room details before installation. Install devices 48 inches above finished floor.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties. Specific connection requirements are as follows:

1. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.

B. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

C. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections. Report results in writing.

B. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
2. Test and adjust controls and safety devices. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

C. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust initial temperature set points.

B. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other than normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain unit ventilators. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training."

END OF SECTION 15768

SECTION 15769
RADIANT HEATING AND COOLING UNITS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Hydronic heating and cooling panels.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, specialties, and accessories for each product indicated.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of radiant heaters and panels and suspension system components with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HYDRONIC HEATINGPANELS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Aerotech.
2. AIRTEX Radiant Systems; a division of Engineered Air Ltd.
3. Rittling Heat Transfer Equipment.
4. Sterling
5. Sun-El Corporation.

B. Description: Linear sheet metal panel with serpentine water piping, suitable for lay-in installation flush with T-bar ceiling grid.

1. Panels: Minimum 0.115-inch-thick, extruded aluminum.
2. Backing Insulation: Minimum 1-inch- thick, mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 612, Type IA or Type IB with factory-applied jacket.
3. Exposed-Side Panel Finish: Factory prime coated, ready for field painting.
4. Factory Piping: ASTM B 88, Type L copper tube with ASME B16.22 wrought-copper fittings and brazed joints. Piping shall be mechanically bonded to panel.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas to receive radiant heating and cooling units for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine roughing-in for hydronic piping connections to verify actual locations before radiant heating and cooling unit installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install radiant heating and cooling units level and plumb.

B. Suspend radiant heaters from structure.

C. Support for Radiant Heating and Cooling Panels in or on Grid-Type Suspended Ceilings: Use grid as a support element.

1. Install a minimum of four ceiling support system rods or wires for each panel. Locate not more than 6 inches from panel corners.

2. Support Clips: Fasten to panel and to ceiling grid members at or near each panel corner with clips designed for the application.
3. Panels of Sizes Less Than Ceiling Grid: Install as indicated on reflected ceiling plans or center in acoustical panel, and support panels independently with at least two 3/4-inch metal channels spanning and secured to ceiling tees.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

B. Unless otherwise indicated, install shutoff valve and union or flange at each connection.

C. Install piping adjacent to unit to allow service and maintenance.

D. Ground electric units according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

E. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

END OF SECTION 15769

SECTION 15815
METAL DUCTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes metal ducts for supply, return, outside, and exhaust air-distribution systems in pressure classes from minus 2- to plus 10-inch wg. Metal ducts include the following:

1. Rectangular ducts and fittings.
2. Single-wall, round spiral-seam ducts and formed fittings.
3. Duct liner.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories" for dampers, sound-control devices, duct-mounting access doors and panels, turning vanes, and flexible ducts.

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Duct system design, as indicated, has been used to select size and type of air-moving and -distribution equipment and other air system components. Changes to layout or configuration of duct system must be specifically approved in writing by Architect. Accompany requests for layout modifications with calculations showing that proposed layout will provide original design results without increasing system total pressure.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel," for hangers and supports AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum," for aluminum supporting members and AWS D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for duct joint and seam welding.

B. NFPA Compliance:

1. NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems."
2. NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."

C. Comply with NFPA 96, "Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations," Ch. 3, "Duct System," for range hood ducts, unless otherwise indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods, unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.

B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Lock-forming quality; complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M and having G90 coating designation; ducts shall have mill-phosphatized finish for surfaces exposed to view.

C. PVC-Coated Galvanized Steel: Acceptable by authorities having jurisdiction for use in fabricating ducts with UL 181, Class 1 listing. Lock-forming-quality, galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M and having G90 coating designation. Factory-applied PVC coatings shall be 4 mils thick on sheet metal surfaces of ducts and fittings exposed to corrosive conditions and 2 mils thick on opposite surfaces.

D. Carbon-Steel Sheets: ASTM A 366/A 366M, cold-rolled sheets; commercial quality; with oiled, matte finish for exposed ducts.

E. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 304, and having a No. 2D finish for concealed ducts and for exposed ducts.

F. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: Galvanized-steel reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet metal ducts.

G. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

2.3 DUCT LINER

A. Fibrous-Glass Liner: Comply with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B and with NAIMA AH124.

1. Manufacturers:

a. CertainTeed Corp.; Insulation Group.
b. Johns Manville International, Inc.
c. Knauf Fiber Glass GmbH.
d. Owens Corning.

2. Materials: ASTM C 1071; surfaces exposed to airstream shall be coated to prevent erosion of glass fibers.

a. Thickness: 1 inch.
b. Thermal Conductivity (k-Value): 0.26 at 75 deg F mean temperature.
c. Fire-Hazard Classification: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
d. Liner Adhesive: Comply with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B and with ASTM C 916.
e. Mechanical Fasteners: Galvanized steel suitable for adhesive attachment, mechanical attachment, or welding attachment to duct without damaging liner when applied as recommended by manufacturer and without causing leakage in duct.

1) Tensile Strength: Indefinitely sustain a 50-lb- tensile, dead-load test perpendicular to duct wall.
2) Fastener Pin Length: As required for thickness of insulation and without projecting more than 1/8 inch into airstream.
3) Adhesive for Attaching Mechanical Fasteners: Comply with fire-hazard classification of duct liner system.

2.4 SEALANT MATERIALS

A. Joint and Seam Sealants, General: The term "sealant" is not limited to materials of adhesive or mastic nature but includes tapes and combinations of open-weave fabric strips and mastics.

B. Solvent-Based Joint and Seam Sealant: One-part, nonsag, solvent-release-curing, polymerized butyl sealant formulated with a minimum of 75 percent solids.

C. Flanged Joint Mastic: One-part, acid-curing, silicone, elastomeric joint sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use O.

D. Flange Gaskets: Butyl rubber or EPDM polymer with polyisobutylene plasticizer.

2.5 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Building Attachments: Concrete inserts, powder-actuated fasteners, or structural-steel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.

1. Use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for standard-weight aggregate concretes or for slabs more than 4 inches thick.
2. Exception: Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for lightweight-aggregate concretes or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.

B. Hanger Materials: Galvanized sheet steel or threaded steel rod.

1. Hangers Installed in Corrosive Atmospheres: Electrogalvanized, all-thread rods or galvanized rods with threads painted with zinc-chromate primer after installation.
2. Strap and Rod Sizes: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for steel sheet width and thickness and for steel rod diameters.

C. Duct Attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials.

D. Trapeze and Riser Supports: Steel shapes complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M.

1. Supports for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized-steel shapes and plates.
2. Supports for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless-steel support materials.

2.6 RECTANGULAR DUCT FABRICATION

A. Fabricate ducts, elbows, transitions, offsets, branch connections, and other construction according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" and complying with requirements for metal thickness, reinforcing types and intervals, tie-rod applications, and joint types and intervals.

1. Lengths: Fabricate rectangular ducts in lengths appropriate to reinforcement and rigidity class required for pressure class.
2. Deflection: Duct systems shall not exceed deflection limits according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible."

B. Transverse Joints: Prefabricated slide-on joints and components constructed using manufacturer's guidelines for material thickness, reinforcement size and spacing, and joint reinforcement.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
b. Nexus Inc.
c. Ward Industries, Inc.

C. Formed-On Flanges: Construct according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," Figure 1-4, using corner, bolt, cleat, and gasket details.

1. Manufacturers:

a. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
b. Lockformer.

2. Duct Size: Maximum 30 inches wide and up to 2-inch wg pressure class.
3. Longitudinal Seams: Pittsburgh lock sealed with noncuring polymer sealant.

D. Cross Breaking or Cross Beading: Cross break or cross bead duct sides 19 inches and larger and 0.0359 inch thick or less, with more than 10 sq. ft. of nonbraced panel area unless ducts are lined.

2.7 APPLICATION OF LINER IN RECTANGULAR DUCTS

A. Adhere a single layer of indicated thickness of duct liner with at least 90 percent adhesive coverage at liner contact surface area. Attaining indicated thickness with multiple layers of duct liner is prohibited.

B. Apply adhesive to transverse edges of liner facing upstream that do not receive metal nosing.

C. Butt transverse joints without gaps and coat joint with adhesive.

D. Fold and compress liner in corners of rectangular ducts or cut and fit to ensure butted-edge overlapping.

E. Do not apply liner in rectangular ducts with longitudinal joints, except at corners of ducts, unless duct size and standard liner product dimensions make longitudinal joints necessary.

F. Secure liner with mechanical fasteners 4 inches from corners and at intervals not exceeding 12 inches transversely; at 3 inches from transverse joints and at intervals not exceeding 18 inches longitudinally.

G. Secure transversely oriented liner edges facing the airstream with metal nosings that have either channel or "Z" profiles or are integrally formed from duct wall. Fabricate edge facings at the following locations:

1. Fan discharges.
2. Intervals of lined duct preceding unlined duct.

H. Terminate inner ducts with buildouts attached to fire-damper sleeves, dampers, turning vane assemblies, or other devices. Fabricated buildouts (metal hat sections) or other buildout means are optional; when used, secure buildouts to duct walls with bolts, screws, rivets, or welds.

2.8 ROUND AND FLAT-OVAL DUCT AND FITTING FABRICATION

A. Diameter as applied to flat-oval ducts in this Article is the diameter of a round duct with a circumference equal to the perimeter of a given size of flat-oval duct.

B. Round, Spiral Lock-Seam Ducts: Fabricate supply ducts of galvanized steel according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible."

1. Manufacturers:

a. McGill AirFlow Corporation.
b. SEMCO Incorporated.

C. Duct Joints:

1. Ducts up to 20 Inches in Diameter: Interior, center-beaded slip coupling, sealed before and after fastening, attached with sheet metal screws.
2. Ducts 21 to 72 Inches in Diameter: Three-piece, gasketed, flanged joint consisting of two internal flanges with sealant and one external closure band with gasket.
3. Round Ducts: Prefabricated connection system consisting of double-lipped, EPDM rubber gasket. Manufacture ducts according to connection system manufacturer's tolerances.

    a. Manufacturers:

        1) Ductmate Industries, Inc.
        2) Lindab Inc.

D. 90-Degree Tees and Laterals and Conical Tees: Fabricate to comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," with metal thicknesses specified for longitudinal-seam straight ducts.

E. Diverging-Flow Fittings: Fabricate with reduced entrance to branch taps and with no excess material projecting from fitting onto branch tap entrance.

F. Fabricate elbows using die-formed, gored, pleated, or mitered construction. Bend radius of die-formed, gored, and pleated elbows shall be 1-1/2 times duct diameter. Unless elbow construction type is indicated, fabricate elbows as follows:

1. Mitered-Elbow Radius and Number of Pieces: Welded construction complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," unless otherwise indicated.
2. Round Mitered Elbows: Welded construction with the following metal thickness for pressure classes from minus 2- to plus 2-inch wg:

    a. Ducts 3 to 36 Inches in Diameter: 0.034 inch.
    b. Ducts 37 to 50 Inches in Diameter: 0.040 inch.
    c. Ducts 52 to 60 Inches in Diameter: 0.052 inch.
    d. Ducts 62 to 84 Inches in Diameter: 0.064 inch.

3. Round Mitered Elbows: Welded construction with the following metal thickness for pressure classes from 2- to 10-inch wg:

    a. Ducts 3 to 26 Inches in Diameter: 0.034 inch.
    b. Ducts 27 to 50 Inches in Diameter: 0.040 inch.
    c. Ducts 52 to 60 Inches in Diameter: 0.052 inch.
    d. Ducts 62 to 84 Inches in Diameter: 0.064 inch.

4. 90-Degree, 2-Piece, Mitered Elbows: Use only for supply systems or for material-handling Class A or B exhaust systems and only where space restrictions do not permit using radius elbows. Fabricate with single-thickness turning vanes.
5. Round Elbows 8 Inches and Less in Diameter: Fabricate die-formed elbows for 45- and 90-degree elbows and pleated elbows for 30, 45, 60, and 90 degrees only. Fabricate

nonstandard bend-angle configurations or nonstandard diameter elbows with gored construction.

6. Round Elbows 9 through 14 Inches in Diameter: Fabricate gored or pleated elbows for 30, 45, 60, and 90 degrees unless space restrictions require mitered elbows. Fabricate nonstandard bend-angle configurations or nonstandard diameter elbows with gored construction.
7. Round Elbows Larger Than 14 Inches in Diameter and All Flat-Oval Elbows: Fabricate gored elbows unless space restrictions require mitered elbows.
8. Die-Formed Elbows for Sizes through 8 Inches in Diameter and All Pressures 0.040 inch thick with 2-piece welded construction.
9. Round Gored-Elbow Metal Thickness: Same as non-elbow fittings specified above.
10. Pleated Elbows for Sizes through 14 Inches in Diameter and Pressures through 10-Inch wg: 0.022 inch.

G. PVC-Coated Elbows and Fittings: Fabricate elbows and fittings as follows:

1. Round Elbows 4 to 8 Inches in Diameter: Two piece, die stamped, with longitudinal seams spot welded, bonded, and painted with PVC aerosol spray.
2. Round Elbows 9 to 26 Inches in Diameter: Standing-seam construction.
3. Round Elbows 28 to 60 Inches in Diameter: Standard gored construction, riveted and bonded.
4. Other Fittings: Riveted and bonded joints.
5. Couplings: Slip-joint construction with a minimum 2-inch insertion length.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DUCT APPLICATIONS

A. Static-Pressure Classes: Unless otherwise indicated, construct ducts according to the following:

1. Supply Ducts: 2-inch wg.
2. Return Ducts (Negative Pressure): 1-inch wg.
3. Exhaust Ducts (Negative Pressure): 1-inch wg.

B. All ducts shall be galvanized steel except as follows:

1. Range Hood Exhaust Ducts: Comply with NFPA 96.

    a. Concealed: Carbon-steel sheet.
    b. Exposed: Type 304, stainless steel with finish to match kitchen equipment and range hood.
    c. Weld and flange seams and joints.

2. Dishwasher Hood Exhaust Ducts:

    a. Type 304, stainless steel with finish to match kitchen equipment and range hood. Weld and flange seams and joints.

3. Acid-Resistant (Fume-Handling) Ducts: PVC-coated galvanized steel with thicker coating on duct interior.

3.2 DUCT INSTALLATION

A. Construct and install ducts according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," unless otherwise indicated.

B. Install round and flat-oval ducts in lengths not less than 12 feet unless interrupted by fittings.

C. Install ducts with fewest possible joints.

D. Install fabricated fittings for changes in directions, size, and shape and for connections.

E. Install couplings tight to duct wall surface with a minimum of projections into duct. Secure couplings with sheet metal screws. Install screws at intervals of 12 inches, with a minimum of 3 screws in each coupling.

F. Install ducts, unless otherwise indicated, vertically and horizontally and parallel and perpendicular to building lines; avoid diagonal runs.

G. Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.

H. Install ducts with a clearance of 1 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness.

I. Conceal ducts from view in finished spaces. Do not encase horizontal runs in solid partitions unless specifically indicated.

J. Coordinate layout with suspended ceiling, fire- and smoke-control dampers, lighting layouts, and similar finished work.

K. Seal all joints and seams. Apply sealant to male end connectors before insertion, and afterward to cover entire joint and sheet metal screws.

L. Electrical Equipment Spaces: Route ducts to avoid passing through transformer vaults and electrical equipment spaces and enclosures.

M. Non-Fire-Rated Partition Penetrations: Where ducts pass through interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, conceal spaces between construction openings and ducts or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as ducts. Overlap openings on 4 sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.

N. Fire-Rated Partition Penetrations: Where ducts pass through interior partitions and exterior walls, install appropriately rated fire dampers, sleeves, and firestopping sealant. Fire and smoke dampers are specified in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories." Firestopping materials and installation methods are specified in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

O. Protect duct interiors from the elements and foreign materials until building is enclosed. Follow SMACNA's "Duct Cleanliness for New Construction."

P. Paint interiors of metal ducts, that do not have duct liner, for 24 inches upstream of registers and grilles. Apply one coat of flat, black, latex finish coat over a compatible galvanized-steel primer. Paint materials and application requirements are specified in Division 9 painting Sections.

3.3 PVC-COATED DUCT, SPECIAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

A. Repair damage to PVC coating with manufacturer's recommended materials.

3.4 RANGE HOOD EXHAUST DUCTS, SPECIAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

A. Install ducts to allow for thermal expansion through 2000 deg F temperature range.

B. Install ducts without dips or traps that may collect residues unless traps have continuous or automatic residue removal.

C. Install access openings at each change in direction and at intervals defined by NFPA 96; locate on sides of duct a minimum of 1-1/2 inches from bottom; and fit with grease-tight covers of same material as duct.

D. Do not penetrate fire-rated assemblies except as permitted by applicable building codes.

3.5 DUCT LINER INSTALLATION

A. Install duct liner in accordance with SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards".

B. Install lined ductwork 25 feet from inlet and outlet of all return and supply fans. Fresh air ductwork shall be wrapped with insulation only and relief air ductwork shall not be lined if within 25 feet.

C. Install lined ductwork 10 feet from outlet of all Variable Air Volume (VAV) boxes.

D. Install lined ductwork to all transfer air ducts and boots.

E. Install lined ductwork where shown on drawings.

3.6 SEAM AND JOINT SEALING

A. Seal duct seams and joints according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for duct pressure class indicated.

1. For pressure classes lower than 2-inch wg, seal transverse joints.

B. Seal ducts before external insulation is applied.

3.7 HANGING AND SUPPORTING

A. Support horizontal ducts within 24 inches of each elbow and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.

B. Support vertical ducts at maximum intervals of 16 feet and at each floor.

C. Install upper attachments to structures with an allowable load not exceeding one-fourth of failure (proof-test) load.

D. Install concrete inserts before placing concrete.

E. Install powder-actuated concrete fasteners after concrete is placed and completely cured.

1. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for lightweight-aggregate concretes or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.

3.8 CONNECTIONS

A. Make connections to equipment with flexible connectors according to Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."

B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform the following field tests and inspections according to SMACNA's "HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual" and prepare test reports:

1. Disassemble, reassemble, and seal segments of systems to accommodate leakage testing and for compliance with test requirements.
2. Conduct tests at static pressures equal to maximum design pressure of system or section being tested. If pressure classes are not indicated, test entire system at maximum system design pressure. Do not pressurize systems above maximum design operating pressure. Give seven days' advance notice for testing.
3. Maximum Allowable Leakage: Comply with requirements for Leakage Class 3 for round and flat-oval ducts, Leakage Class 12 for rectangular ducts in pressure classes lower than and equal to 2-inch wg (both positive and negative pressures), and Leakage Class 6 for pressure classes from 2- to 10-inch wg.
4. Remake leaking joints and retest until leakage is equal to or less than maximum allowable.

END OF SECTION 15815

SECTION 15820
DUCT ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Volume dampers.
2. Motorized control dampers.
3. Fire dampers.
4. Turning vanes.
5. Duct-mounting access doors.
6. Flexible connectors.
7. Flexible ducts.
8. Duct accessory hardware.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 13 Section "Fire Alarm" for duct-mounting fire and smoke detectors.
2. Division 15 Section "HVAC Instrumentation and Controls" for electric and pneumatic damper actuators.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:

1. Volume dampers.
2. Motorized control dampers.
3. Fire dampers.
4. Turning vanes.
5. Duct-mounting access doors.
6. Flexible connectors.
7. Flexible ducts.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."

1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Fusible Links: Furnish quantity equal to 10 percent of amount installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Lock-forming quality; complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M and having G90 coating designation; ducts shall have mill-phosphatized finish for surfaces exposed to view.

C. Aluminum Sheets: ASTM B 209, alloy 3003, temper H14; with mill finish for concealed ducts and standard, 1-side bright finish for exposed ducts.

D. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: Galvanized-steel reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet metal ducts; compatible materials for aluminum and stainless-steel ducts.

E. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

2.3 VOLUME DAMPERS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Air Balance, Inc.
2. American Warming and Ventilating.

3. McGill AirFlow Corporation.
4. METALAIRE, Inc.
5. Nailor Industries Inc.
6. Penn Ventilation Company, Inc.
7. Ruskin Company.
8. Vent Products Company, Inc.

B. General Description: Factory fabricated, with required hardware and accessories. Stiffen damper blades for stability. Include locking device to hold single-blade dampers in a fixed position without vibration. Close duct penetrations for damper components to seal duct consistent with pressure class.

1. Pressure Classes of 3-Inch wg or Higher: End bearings or other seals for ducts with axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.

C. Standard Volume Dampers: Multiple- or single-blade, parallel- or opposed-blade design as indicated, standard leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream, and suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.

1. Steel Frames: Hat-shaped, galvanized sheet steel channels, minimum of 0.064 inch thick, with mitered and welded corners; frames with flanges where indicated for attaching to walls and flangeless frames where indicated for installing in ducts.
2. Roll-Formed Steel Blades: 0.064-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel.
3. Aluminum Frames: Hat-shaped, 0.10-inch- thick, aluminum sheet channels; frames with flanges where indicated for attaching to walls; and flangeless frames where indicated for installing in ducts.
4. Roll-Formed Aluminum Blades: 0.10-inch- thick aluminum sheet.
5. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel.
6. Bearings: Molded synthetic.
7. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel.

D. Jackshaft: 1-inch- diameter, galvanized-steel pipe rotating within pipe-bearing assembly mounted on supports at each mullion and at each end of multiple-damper assemblies.

1. Length and Number of Mountings: Appropriate to connect linkage of each damper in multiple-damper assembly.

E. Damper Hardware: Zinc-plated, die-cast core with dial and handle made of 3/32-inch- thick zinc-plated steel, and a 3/4-inch hexagon locking nut. Include center hole to suit damper operating-rod size. Include elevated platform for insulated duct mounting.

2.4 MOTORIZED CONTROL DAMPERS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Air Balance, Inc.
2. American Warming and Ventilating.
3. Greenheck.
4. McGill AirFlow Corporation.
5. METALAIRE, Inc.

6. Nailor Industries Inc.
7. Penn Ventilation Company, Inc.
8. Ruskin Company.
9. Vent Products Company, Inc.

B. General Description: AMCA-rated, parallel or opposed-blade design; minimum of 0.1084-inch-thick, galvanized-steel frames with holes for duct mounting; minimum of 0.0635-inch- thick, galvanized-steel damper blades with maximum blade width of 8 inches.

1. Secure blades to 1/2-inch- diameter, zinc-plated axles using zinc-plated hardware, with nylon blade bearings, blade-linkage hardware of zinc-plated steel and brass, ends sealed against spring-stainless-steel blade bearings, and thrust bearings at each end of every blade.
2. Operating Temperature Range: From minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
3. Provide closed-cell neoprene edging.

2.5 FIRE DAMPERS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Air Balance, Inc.
2. Greenheck.
3. McGill AirFlow Corporation.
4. METALAIRE, Inc.
5. Nailor Industries Inc.
6. Penn Ventilation Company, Inc.
7. Prefco Products, Inc.
8. Ruskin Company.
9. Vent Products Company, Inc.

B. Fire dampers shall be labeled according to UL 555.

C. Fire Rating: 1-1/2 hours.

D. Frame: Curtain type with blades outside airstream; fabricated with roll-formed, 0.034-inch-thick galvanized steel; with mitered and interlocking corners.

E. Mounting Sleeve: Factory- or field-installed, galvanized sheet steel.

1. Minimum Thickness: 0.052 or 0.138 inch thick as indicated and of length to suit application.
2. Exceptions: Omit sleeve where damper frame width permits direct attachment of perimeter mounting angles on each side of wall or floor, and thickness of damper frame complies with sleeve requirements.

F. Mounting Orientation: Vertical or horizontal as indicated.

G. Blades: Roll-formed, interlocking, 0.034-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel. In place of interlocking blades, use full-length, 0.034-inch- thick, galvanized-steel blade connectors.

H. Horizontal Dampers: Include blade lock and stainless-steel closure spring.

I. Fusible Links: Replaceable, 165 deg F rated.

2.6 TURNING VANES

A. Fabricate to comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for vanes and vane runners. Vane runners shall automatically align vanes.

B. Acoustic Turning Vanes: Fabricate airfoil-shaped aluminum extrusions with perforated faces and fibrous-glass fill.

2.7 DUCT-MOUNTING ACCESS DOORS

A. General Description: Fabricate doors airtight and suitable for duct pressure class.

B. Door: Double wall, duct mounting, and rectangular; fabricated of galvanized sheet metal with insulation fill and thickness as indicated for duct pressure class. Include vision panel where indicated. Include 1-by-1-inch butt or piano hinge and cam latches.

1. Manufacturers:

    a. American Warming and Ventilating.
    b. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
    c. Greenheck.
    d. McGill AirFlow Corporation.
    e. Nailor Industries Inc.

2. Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, with bend-over tabs and foam gaskets.
3. Provide number of hinges and locks as follows:

    a. Less Than 12 Inches Square: Secure with two sash locks.
    b. Up to 18 Inches Square: Two hinges and two sash locks.
    c. Up to 24 by 48 Inches: Three hinges and two compression latches with outside and inside handles.
    d. Sizes 24 by 48 Inches and Larger: One additional hinge.

C. Seal around frame attachment to duct and door to frame with neoprene or foam rubber.

D. Insulation: 1-inch- thick, fibrous-glass or polystyrene-foam board.

2.8 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
2. Duro Dyne Corp.
3. Ventfabrics, Inc.
4. Ward Industries, Inc.

B. General Description: Flame-retardant or noncombustible fabrics, coatings, and adhesives complying with UL 181, Class 1.

C. Metal-Edged Connectors: Factory fabricated with a fabric strip 3-1/2 inches wide attached to two strips of 2-3/4-inch- wide, 0.028-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.032-inch- thick aluminum sheets. Select metal compatible with ducts.

D. Indoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with neoprene.

1. Minimum Weight: 26 oz./sq. yd..
2. Tensile Strength: 480 lbf/inch in the warp and 360 lbf/inch in the filling.
3. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.

2.9 FLEXIBLE DUCTS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Flexmaster U.S.A., Inc.
2. Hart & Cooley, Inc.
3. McGill AirFlow Corporation.

B. Insulated-Duct Connectors: UL 181, Class 1, black polymer film supported by helically wound, spring-steel wire; fibrous-glass insulation; polyethylene vapor barrier film.

1. Pressure Rating: 4-inch wg positive and 0.5-inch wg negative.
2. Maximum Air Velocity: 4000 fpm.
3. Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 175 deg F.

C. Flexible Duct Clamps: Nylon strap, in sizes 3 through 18 inches to suit duct size.

2.10 DUCT ACCESSORY HARDWARE

A. Instrument Test Holes: Cast iron or cast aluminum to suit duct material, including screw cap and gasket. Size to allow insertion of pitot tube and other testing instruments and of length to suit duct insulation thickness.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION AND INSTALLATION

A. Install duct accessories according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.

B. Provide duct accessories of materials suited to duct materials; use galvanized-steel accessories in galvanized-steel and fibrous-glass ducts, stainless-steel accessories in stainless-steel ducts, and aluminum accessories in aluminum ducts.

C. Install volume dampers in ducts with liner; avoid damage to and erosion of duct liner.

D. Provide balancing dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches lead from larger ducts as required for air balancing. Install at a minimum of two duct widths from branch takeoff.

E. Provide test holes at fan inlets and outlets and elsewhere as indicated.

F. Install fire dampers, with fusible links, according to manufacturer's UL-approved written instructions.

G. Install duct access doors to allow for inspecting, adjusting, and maintaining accessories and terminal units as follows:

1. On both sides of duct coils.
2. Downstream from volume dampers, turning vanes, and equipment.
3. Adjacent to fire or smoke dampers, providing access to reset or reinstall fusible links.
4. To interior of ducts for cleaning; before and after each change in direction, at maximum 50-foot spacing.
5. On sides of ducts where adequate clearance is available.

H. Install the following sizes for duct-mounting, rectangular access doors:

1. One-Hand or Inspection Access: 8 by 5 inches.
2. Two-Hand Access: 12 by 6 inches.
3. Head and Hand Access: 18 by 10 inches.
4. Head and Shoulders Access: 21 by 14 inches.

I. Label access doors according to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

J. Install flexible connectors immediately adjacent to equipment in ducts associated with fans and motorized equipment supported by vibration isolators.

K. For fans developing static pressures of 5-inch wg and higher, cover flexible connectors with loaded vinyl sheet held in place with metal straps.

L. Connect terminal units to supply ducts directly or with maximum 12-inch lengths of flexible duct. Do not use flexible ducts to change directions.

M. Connect diffusers or light troffer boots to low pressure ducts directly or with maximum 60-inch lengths of flexible duct clamped or strapped in place.

N. Connect flexible ducts to metal ducts with draw bands.

O. Install duct test holes where indicated and required for testing and balancing purposes.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust duct accessories for proper settings.

B. Adjust fire and smoke dampers for proper action.

C. Final positioning of manual-volume dampers is specified in Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing."

END OF SECTION 15820

SECTION 15838
POWER VENTILATORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Centrifugal roof ventilators.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Project Altitude: Base fan-performance ratings on sea level.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, furnished specialties, and accessories for each type of product indicated and include the following:

1. Certified fan performance curves with system operating conditions indicated.
2. Certified fan sound-power ratings.
3. Motor ratings and electrical characteristics, plus motor and electrical accessories.
4. Material thickness and finishes, including color charts.
5. Dampers, including housings, linkages, and operators.
6. Roof curbs.

B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For power ventilators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

B. AMCA Compliance: Products shall comply with performance requirements and shall be licensed to use the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.

C. NEMA Compliance: Motors and electrical accessories shall comply with NEMA standards.

D. UL Standard: Power ventilators shall comply with UL 705.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver fans as factory-assembled unit, to the extent allowable by shipping limitations, with protective crating and covering.

B. Disassemble and reassemble units, as required for moving to final location, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Lift and support units with manufacturer's designated lifting or supporting points.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of structural-steel support members.

B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories."

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Belts: One set(s) for each belt-driven unit.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CENTRIFUGAL ROOF VENTILATORS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Acme Engineering & Mfg. Corp.
2. Aerovent; a Twin City Fan Company
3. Ammerman; General Resource Corp.

4. Breidert Air Products.
5. Carnes Company HVAC.
6. Greenheck.
7. Loren Cook Company.
8. Penn Ventilation.

B. Description: Direct- or belt-driven centrifugal fans consisting of housing, wheel, fan shaft, bearings, motor and disconnect switch, drive assembly, curb base, and accessories.

C. Housing: Removable, spun-aluminum, dome top and outlet baffle; square, one-piece, aluminum base with venturi inlet cone.

1. Upblast Units: Provide spun-aluminum discharge baffle to direct discharge air upward, with rain and snow drains and grease collector.
2. Hinged Subbase: Galvanized-steel hinged arrangement permitting service and maintenance.

D. Fan Wheels: Aluminum hub and wheel with backward-inclined blades.

E. Belt-Driven Drive Assembly: Resiliently mounted to housing, with the following features:

1. Fan Shaft: Turned, ground, and polished steel; keyed to wheel hub.
2. Shaft Bearings: Permanently lubricated, permanently sealed, self-aligning ball bearings.
3. Pulleys: Cast-iron, adjustable-pitch motor pulley.
4. Fan and motor isolated from exhaust airstream.

F. Accessories:

1. Disconnect Switch: Nonfusible type, with thermal-overload protection mounted inside fan housing, factory wired through an internal aluminum conduit.
2. Bird Screens: Removable, 1/2-inch mesh, aluminum or brass wire.
3. Motorized Dampers: Parallel-blade dampers mounted in curb base with electric actuator; wired to close when fan stops.

G. Roof Curbs: Galvanized steel; mitered and welded corners; 1-1/2-inch- thick, rigid, fiberglass insulation adhered to inside walls; and 1-1/2-inch wood nailer. Size as required to suit roof opening and fan base.

1. Configuration: Self-flashing without a cant strip, with mounting flange.
2. Overall Height: 18 inches.
3. Vented Curb: Unlined with louvered vents in vertical sides.

2.2 MOTORS

A. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."

B. Enclosure Type: Totally enclosed, fan cooled.

2.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Sound-Power Level Ratings: Comply with AMCA 301, "Methods for Calculating Fan Sound Ratings from Laboratory Test Data." Factory test fans according to AMCA 300, "Reverberant Room Method for Sound Testing of Fans." Label fans with the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.

B. Fan Performance Ratings: Establish flow rate, pressure, power, air density, speed of rotation, and efficiency by factory tests and ratings according to AMCA 210, "Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Rating."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install power ventilators level and plumb.

B. Secure roof-mounting fans to roof curbs with cadmium-plated hardware. Refer to Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories" for installation of roof curbs.

C. Install units with clearances for service and maintenance.

D. Label units according to requirements specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Duct installation and connection requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts and duct accessories. Make final duct connections with flexible connectors. Flexible connectors are specified in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."

B. Install ducts adjacent to power ventilators to allow service and maintenance.

C. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

D. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust damper linkages for proper damper operation.

B. Adjust belt tension.

C. Refer to Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" for testing, adjusting, and balancing procedures.

D. Replace fan and motor pulleys as required to achieve design airflow.

E. Lubricate bearings.

END OF SECTION 15838

SECTION 15855
DIFFUSERS, REGISTERS, AND GRILLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes ceiling- and wall-mounted diffusers, registers, and grilles.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 10 Section "Louvers and Vents" for fixed and adjustable louvers and wall vents, whether or not they are connected to ducts.
2. Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers and volume-control dampers not integral to diffusers, registers, and grilles.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each product indicated, include the following:

1. Data Sheet: Indicate materials of construction, finish, and mounting details; and performance data including throw and drop, static-pressure drop, and noise ratings.
2. Diffuser, Register, and Grille Schedule: Indicate Drawing designation, room location, quantity, model number, size, and accessories furnished.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 GRILLES AND REGISTERS

A. Adjustable Bar Grille:

1. Manufacturers:

a. Anemostat; a Mestek Company.
b. Carnes.
c. Krueger.
d. METALAIRE, Inc.; Metal Industries Inc.
e. Nailor Industries of Texas Inc.
f. Price Industries.
g. Titus.
h. Tuttle & Bailey.

2. See Diffuser, Register and Grille Schedule for Details.

B. Fixed Face Grille:

1. Manufacturers:

a. Anemostat; a Mestek Company.
b. Carnes.
c. Krueger.
d. METALAIRE, Inc.; Metal Industries Inc.
e. Nailor Industries of Texas Inc.
f. Price Industries.
g. Titus.
h. Tuttle & Bailey.

2. See Diffuser, Register and Grille Schedule for Details.

2.3 CEILING DIFFUSER OUTLETS

A. Rectangular and Square Ceiling Diffusers:

1. Manufacturers:

a. Anemostat; a Mestek Company.
b. Carnes.
c. Hart & Cooley, Inc.; Hart & Cooley Div.
d. Krueger.
e. METALAIRE, Inc.; Metal Industries Inc.
f. Nailor Industries of Texas Inc.
g. Price Industries.
h. Titus.
i. Tuttle & Bailey.

2. See Diffuser, Register and Grille Schedule for Details.

2.4 LINEAR SLOT OUTLETS

A. Linear Bar Grille or Diffuser:

1. Available Manufacturers:

a. Anemostat; a Mestek Company.
b. Carnes.
c. Hart & Cooley, Inc.; Hart & Cooley Div.
d. Krueger.
e. METALAIRE, Inc.; Metal Industries Inc.
f. Nailor Industries of Texas Inc.
g. Price Industries.
h. Titus.
i. Tuttle & Bailey.

2. See Diffuser, Register and Grille Schedule for Details.

2.5 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Verification of Performance: Rate diffusers, registers, and grilles according to ASHRAE 70, "Method of Testing for Rating the Performance of Air Outlets and Inlets."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas where diffusers, registers, and grilles are to be installed for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of equipment.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles level and plumb.

B. Ceiling-Mounted Outlets and Inlets: Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts, fittings, and accessories. Air outlet and inlet locations have been indicated to achieve design requirements for air volume, noise criteria, airflow pattern, throw, and pressure drop. Make final locations where indicated, as much as practicable. For units installed in lay-in ceiling panels, locate units in the center of panel. Where architectural features or other items conflict with installation, notify Architect for a determination of final location.

C. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles with airtight connections to ducts and to allow service and maintenance of dampers, air extractors, and fire dampers.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. After installation, adjust diffusers, registers, and grilles to air patterns indicated, or as directed, before starting air balancing.

END OF SECTION 15855

SECTION 15900
HVAC INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes control equipment for HVAC systems and components, including control components for terminal heating and cooling units not supplied with factory-wired controls.

B. See Division 15 Section "Sequence of Operation" for requirements that relate to this section.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. DDC: Direct digital control.

B. I/O: Input/output.

C. LonWorks: A control network technology platform for designing and implementing interoperable control devices and networks.

D. MS/TP: Master slave/token passing.

E. PC: Personal computer.

F. PID: Proportional plus integral plus derivative.

G. RTD: Resistance temperature detector.

1.4 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION See Drawings for "Sequence of Operation".

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

1. Bill of materials of equipment indicating quantity, manufacturer, and model number.
2. Schematic flow diagrams showing fans, pumps, coils, dampers, valves, and control devices.
3. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
4. Details of control panel faces, including controls, instruments, and labeling.
5. Written description of sequence of operation.
6. Schedule of dampers including size, leakage, and flow characteristics.
7. Schedule of valves including flow characteristics.
8. Controlled Systems:

a. Schematic diagrams of each controlled system with control points labeled and control elements graphically shown, with wiring.
b. Written description of sequence of operation including schematic diagram.
c. Points list.

B. Field quality-control test reports.

C. Operation and Maintenance Data.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

B. Comply with ASHRAE 135 for DDC system components.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Factory-Mounted Components: Where control devices specified in this Section are indicated to be factory mounted on equipment, arrange for shipping of control devices to equipment manufacturer.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate location of thermostats and other exposed control sensors with plans and room details before installation.

B. Coordinate supply of conditioned electrical branch circuits for control units.

C. Coordinate equipment with Division 16 Section "Electrical Power Monitoring and Control" to achieve compatibility of communication interfaces.

D. Coordinate equipment with Division 16 Section "Panelboards" to achieve compatibility with starter coils and annunciation devices.

E. Coordinate equipment with Division 16 Section "Motor-Control Centers" to achieve compatibility with motor starters and annunciation devices.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturer's specified.

2.2 CONTROL SYSTEM

A. Available Manufacturers:

1. Andover Controls Corporation.

B. Control system shall consist of sensors, indicators, actuators, final control elements, interface equipment, other apparatus, and accessories to control mechanical systems.

2.3 UNITARY CONTROLLERS

A. Unitized, capable of stand-alone operation with sufficient memory to support its operating system, database, and programming requirements, and with sufficient I/O capacity for the application.

1. Configuration: Local keypad and display; diagnostic LEDs for power, communication, and processor; wiring termination to terminal strip or card connected with ribbon cable; memory with bios; and 72-hour battery backup.
2. Operating System: Manage I/O communication to allow distributed controllers to share real and virtual object information and allow central monitoring and alarms. Perform automatic system diagnostics; monitor system and report failures.
3. Enclosure: Dustproof rated for operation at 32 to 120 deg F.

2.4 ALARM PANELS

A. Unitized cabinet with suitable brackets for wall or floor mounting. Fabricate of 0.06-inch-thick, furniture-quality steel or extruded-aluminum alloy, totally enclosed, with hinged doors and keyed lock and with manufacturer's standard shop-painted finish. Provide common keying for all panels.

B. Indicating light for each alarm point, single horn, acknowledge switch, and test switch, mounted on hinged cover.

1. Alarm Condition: Indicating light flashes and horn sounds.
2. Acknowledge Switch: Horn is silent and indicating light is steady.
3. Second Alarm: Horn sounds and indicating light is steady.
4. Alarm Condition Cleared: System is reset and indicating light is extinguished.
5. Contacts in alarm panel allow remote monitoring by Owner's Building Management System.

2.5 ELECTRONIC SENSORS

A. Description: Vibration and corrosion resistant; for wall, immersion, or duct mounting as required.

B. RTDs and Transmitters:

1. Accuracy: Plus or minus 0.2 percent at calibration point.
2. Wire: Twisted, shielded-pair cable.
3. Insertion Elements in Ducts: Single point, 8 inches long; use where not affected by temperature stratification or where ducts are smaller than 9 sq. ft..
4. Averaging Elements in Ducts: Use where prone to temperature stratification or where ducts are larger than 9 sq. ft.; length as required.
5. Insertion Elements for Liquids: Brass socket with minimum insertion length of 2-1/2 inches.
6. Room Sensor Cover Construction: Manufacturer's standard locking covers.

    a. Set-Point Adjustment: Concealed.
    b. Set-Point Indication: Concealed.
    c. Thermometer: Concealed.
    d. Color: Match wall finish.
    e. Orientation: Vertical.

7. Room Security Sensors: Stainless-steel cover plate with insulated back and security screws.
8. Swimming Pool Duct RTD's and Transmitters: Designed for and made of materials for installation in a corrosive environment.

C. Pressure Transmitters/Transducers:

1. Static-Pressure Transmitter: Nondirectional sensor with suitable range for expected input, and temperature compensated.

    a. Accuracy: 2 percent of full scale with repeatability of 0.5 percent.
    b. Output: 4 to 20 mA.
    c. Duct Static-Pressure Range: 0- to 5-inch wg.

D. Humidity Sensors: Bulk polymer sensor element.

1. Manufacturers:

   a. BEC Controls Corporation.
   b. General Eastern Instruments.
   c. MAMAC Systems, Inc.
   d. ROTRONIC Instrument Corp.
   e. Siemens.
   f. Vaisala.

2. Accuracy: 2 percent full range with linear output.
3. Duct Sensor:

   a. Set-Point Adjustment: Concealed.
   b. Set-Point Indication: Concealed.
   c. Thermometer: Concealed.
   d. Color: Manufacturer's standard.
   e. Orientation: Vertical.
   f. Range: 20 to 80 percent relative humidity.
   g. Designed for installation in a corrosive environment (Commercial Swimming Pool).

2.6 ACTUATORS

A. Electronic Actuators: Direct-coupled type designed for minimum 60,000 full-stroke cycles at rated torque.

1. Available Manufacturers:

   a. Belimo Aircontrols
   b. Siemens.

2. Valves: Size for torque required for valve close off at maximum pump differential.
3. Dampers: Size for running torque calculated as follows:

   a. Parallel-Blade Damper with Edge Seals: 7 inch-lb/sq. ft. of damper.
   b. Opposed-Blade Damper with Edge Seals: 5 inch-lb/sq. ft. of damper.
   c. Parallel-Blade Damper without Edge Seals: 4 inch-lb/sq. ft of damper.
   d. Opposed-Blade Damper without Edge Seals: 3 inch-lb/sq. ft. of damper.
   e. Dampers with 2- to 3-Inch wg of Pressure Drop or Face Velocities of 1000 to 2500 fpm: Increase running torque by 1.5.
   f. Dampers with 3- to 4-Inch wg of Pressure Drop or Face Velocities of 2500 to 3000 fpm: Increase running torque by 2.0.

4. Coupling: V-bolt and V-shaped, toothed cradle.
5. Overload Protection: Electronic overload or digital rotation-sensing circuitry.

6. Fail-Safe Operation: Mechanical, spring-return mechanism. Provide external, manual gear release on nonspring-return actuators.
7. Power Requirements (Two-Position Spring Return): 120-V ac.
8. Power Requirements (Modulating): Maximum 10 VA at 24-V ac or 8 W at 24-V dc.
9. Proportional Signal: 2- to 10-V dc or 4 to 20 mA, and 2- to 10-V dc position feedback signal.
10. Temperature Rating: 40 to 104 deg F.
11. Temperature Rating (Smoke Dampers): Minus 22 to plus 250 deg F.
12. Run Time: 12 seconds open, 5 seconds closed.

2.7 CONTROL VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

1. Belimo Aircontrols.
2. Siemens.

B. Control Valves: Factory fabricated, of type, body material, and pressure class based on maximum pressure and temperature rating of piping system, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Hydronic system globe valves shall have the following characteristics:

1. NPS 2 and Smaller: Class 125 bronze body, bronze trim, rising stem, renewable composition disc, and screwed ends with backseating capacity repackable under pressure.
2. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Class 125 iron body, bronze trim, rising stem, plug-type disc, flanged ends, and renewable seat and disc.
3. Internal Construction: Replaceable plugs and stainless-steel or brass seats.

    a. Single-Seated Valves: Cage trim provides seating and guiding surfaces for plug on top and bottom.
    b. Double-Seated Valves: Balanced plug; cage trim provides seating and guiding surfaces for plugs on top and bottom.

4. Sizing: 3-psig maximum pressure drop at design flow rate or the following:

    a. Two Position: Line size.
    b. Two-Way Modulating: Either the value specified above or twice the load pressure drop, whichever is more.
    c. Three-Way Modulating: Twice the load pressure drop, but not more than value specified above.

5. Flow Characteristics: Two-way valves shall have equal percentage characteristics; three-way valves shall have linear characteristics.
6. Close-Off (Differential) Pressure Rating: Combination of actuator and trim shall provide minimum close-off pressure rating of 150 percent of total system (pump) head for two-way valves and 100 percent of pressure differential across valve or 100 percent of total system (pump) head.

D. Terminal Unit Control Valves: Bronze body, bronze trim, two or three ports as indicated, replaceable plugs and seats, and union and threaded ends.

1. Rating: Class 125 for service at 125 psig and 250 deg F operating conditions.
2. Sizing: 3-psig maximum pressure drop at design flow rate, to close against pump shutoff head.
3. Flow Characteristics: Two-way valves shall have equal percentage characteristics; three-way valves shall have linear characteristics.

2.8 DAMPERS

A. Available Manufacturers:

1. Air Balance Inc.
2. Don Park Inc.; Autodamp Div.
3. TAMCO (T. A. Morrison & Co. Inc.).
4. United Enertech Corp.
5. Vent Products Company, Inc.

B. Dampers: AMCA-rated, parallel or opposed-blade design; 0.108-inch- minimum thick, galvanized-steel or 0.125-inch- minimum thick, extruded-aluminum frames with holes for duct mounting; damper blades shall not be less than 0.064-inch- thick galvanized steel with maximum blade width of 8 inches and length of 48 inches.

1. Secure blades to 1/2-inch- diameter, zinc-plated axles using zinc-plated hardware, with nylon blade bearings, blade-linkage hardware of zinc-plated steel and brass, ends sealed against spring-stainless-steel blade bearings, and thrust bearings at each end of every blade.
2. Operating Temperature Range: From minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
3. Edge Seals, Standard Pressure Applications: Closed-cell neoprene.
4. Edge Seals, Low-Leakage Applications: Use inflatable blade edging or replaceable rubber blade seals and spring-loaded stainless-steel side seals, rated for leakage at less than 10 cfm per sq. ft. of damper area, at differential pressure of 4-inch wg when damper is held by torque of 50 in. x lbf; when tested according to AMCA 500D.

2.9 CONTROL CABLE

A. Electronic and fiber-optic cables for control wiring are specified in Division 16 Section "Voice and Data Communication Cabling."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that power supply is available to control units.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install software in control units. Implement all features of programs to specified requirements and as appropriate to sequence of operation.

B. Connect and configure equipment and software to achieve sequence of operation specified.

C. Verify location of thermostats, humidistats and other exposed control sensors with Drawings and room details before installation. Install devices 48 inches above the floor.

1. Install averaging elements in ducts and plenums in crossing or zigzag pattern.

D. Install automatic dampers according to Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."

E. Install damper motors on outside of duct in warm areas, not in locations exposed to outdoor temperatures.

F. Install labels and nameplates to identify control components according to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

G. Install hydronic instrument wells, valves, and other accessories according to Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping."

H. Install duct volume-control dampers according to Division 15 Sections specifying air ducts.

I. Install electronic and fiber-optic cables according to Division 16 Section "Voice and Data Communication Cabling."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections. Report results in writing.

B. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper unit operation. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest.
2. Test and adjust controls and safeties.
3. Test calibration of electronic controllers by disconnecting input sensors and stimulating operation with compatible signal generator.
4. Test each point through its full operating range to verify that safety and operating control set points are as required.
5. Test each control loop to verify stable mode of operation and compliance with sequence of operation. Adjust PID actions.
6. Test each system for compliance with sequence of operation.
7. Test software and hardware interlocks.

C. DDC Verification:

1. Verify that instruments are installed before calibration, testing, and loop or leak checks.
2. Check instruments for proper location and accessibility.
3. Check instrument installation for direction of flow, elevation, orientation, insertion depth, and other applicable considerations.

4. Check pressure instruments, piping slope, installation of valve manifold, and self-contained pressure regulators.
5. Check temperature instruments and material and length of sensing elements.
6. Check control valves. Verify that they are in correct direction.
7. Check DDC system as follows:

    a. Verify that DDC controller power supply is from emergency power supply, if applicable.
    b. Verify that wires at control panels are tagged with their service designation and approved tagging system.
    c. Verify that spare I/O capacity has been provided.
    d. Verify that DDC controllers are protected from power supply surges.

D. Replace damaged or malfunctioning controls and equipment and repeat testing procedures.

3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Calibrating and Adjusting:

1. Calibrate instruments.
2. Make three-point calibration test for both linearity and accuracy for each analog instrument.
3. Calibrate equipment and procedures using manufacturer's written recommendations and instruction manuals. Use test equipment with accuracy at least double that of instrument being calibrated.
4. Control System Inputs and Outputs:

    a. Check analog inputs at 0, 50, and 100 percent of span.
    b. Check analog outputs using milliampere meter at 0, 50, and 100 percent output.
    c. Check digital inputs using jumper wire.
    d. Check digital outputs using ohmmeter to test for contact making or breaking.
    e. Check resistance temperature inputs at 0, 50, and 100 percent of span using a precision-resistant source.

5. Pressure:

    a. Calibrate pressure transmitters at 0, 50, and 100 percent of span.
    b. Calibrate pressure switches to make or break contacts, with adjustable differential set at minimum.

6. Temperature:

    a. Calibrate resistance temperature transmitters at 0, 50, and 100 percent of span using a precision-resistance source.
    b. Calibrate temperature switches to make or break contacts.

7. Stroke and adjust control valves and dampers without positioners, following the manufacturer's recommended procedure, so that valve or damper is 100 percent open and closed.

8. Stroke and adjust control valves and dampers with positioners, following manufacturer's recommended procedure, so that valve and damper is 0, 50, and 100 percent closed.
9. Provide diagnostic and test instruments for calibration and adjustment of system.
10. Provide written description of procedures and equipment for calibrating each type of instrument. Submit procedures review and approval before initiating startup procedures.

B. Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points.

C. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to three visits to Project during other than normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

END OF SECTION 15900

SECTION 15950
TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes TAB to produce design objectives for the following:

1. Air Systems:

    a. Constant-volume air systems.

2. Hydronic Piping Systems:

    a. Constant-flow systems.

3. Existing Systems TAB.
4. Reporting results of activities and procedures specified in this Section.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Adjust: To regulate fluid flow rate and air patterns at the terminal equipment, such as to reduce fan speed or adjust a damper.

B. Balance: To proportion flows within the distribution system, including submains, branches, and terminals, according to indicated quantities.

C. Barrier or Boundary: Construction, either vertical or horizontal, such as walls, floors, and ceilings that are designed and constructed to restrict the movement of airflow, smoke, odors, and other pollutants.

D. Draft: A current of air, when referring to localized effect caused by one or more factors of high air velocity, low ambient temperature, or direction of airflow, whereby more heat is withdrawn from a person's skin than is normally dissipated.

E. Procedure: An approach to and execution of a sequence of work operations to yield repeatable results.

F. Report Forms: Test data sheets for recording test data in logical order.

G. Static Head: The pressure due to the weight of the fluid above the point of measurement. In a closed system, static head is equal on both sides of the pump.

H. Suction Head: The height of fluid surface above the centerline of the pump on the suction side.

I. System Effect: A phenomenon that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system.

J. System Effect Factors: Allowances used to calculate a reduction of the performance ratings of a fan when installed under conditions different from those presented when the fan was performance tested.

K. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.

L. Terminal: A point where the controlled medium, such as fluid or energy, enters or leaves the distribution system.

M. Test: A procedure to determine quantitative performance of systems or equipment.

N. Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing (TAB) Firm: The entity responsible for performing and reporting TAB procedures.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Contract Documents Examination Report: Within 30 days from Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit 4 copies of the Contract Documents review report as specified in Part 3.

B. Warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. TAB Report Forms: Use standard forms from SMACNA's "HVAC Systems - Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Partial Owner Occupancy: Owner may occupy completed areas of building before Substantial Completion. Cooperate with Owner during TAB operations to minimize conflicts with Owner's operations.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate the efforts of factory-authorized service representatives for systems and equipment, HVAC controls installers, and other mechanics to operate HVAC systems and equipment to support and assist TAB activities.

B. Notice: Provide seven days' advance notice for each test. Include scheduled test dates and times.

C. Perform TAB after leakage and pressure tests on air and water distribution systems have been satisfactorily completed.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. Special Guarantee: Provide a guarantee on NEBB forms stating that NEBB will assist in completing requirements of the Contract Documents if TAB firm fails to comply with the Contract Documents. Guarantee shall include the following provisions:

1. The certified TAB firm has tested and balanced systems according to the Contract Documents.
2. Systems are balanced to optimum performance capabilities within design and installation limits.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine the Contract Documents to become familiar with Project requirements and to discover conditions in systems' designs that may preclude proper TAB of systems and equipment.

1. Contract Documents are defined in the General and Supplementary Conditions of Contract.
2. Verify that balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers, are required by the Contract Documents. Verify that quantities and locations of these balancing devices are accessible and appropriate for effective balancing and for efficient system and equipment operation.

B. Examine approved submittal data of HVAC systems and equipment.

C. Examine Project Record Documents described in Division 1 Section "Project Record Documents."

D. Examine design data, including HVAC system descriptions, statements of design assumptions for environmental conditions and systems' output, and statements of philosophies and assumptions about HVAC system and equipment controls.

E. Examine equipment performance data including fan and pump curves. Relate performance data to Project conditions and requirements, including system effects that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system. Calculate system effect factors to reduce performance ratings of HVAC equipment when installed under conditions different from those presented when the equipment was performance tested at the factory. To calculate system effects for air systems, use tables and charts found in AMCA 201, "Fans and Systems," Sections 7 through 10; or in SMACNA's "HVAC Systems--Duct Design," Sections 5 and 6. Compare this data with the design data and installed conditions.

F. Examine system and equipment installations to verify that they are complete and that testing, cleaning, adjusting, and commissioning specified in individual Sections have been performed.

G. Examine system and equipment test reports.

H. Examine HVAC system and equipment installations to verify that indicated balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers, are properly installed, and that their locations are accessible and appropriate for effective balancing and for efficient system and equipment operation.

I. Examine systems for functional deficiencies that cannot be corrected by adjusting and balancing.

J. Examine HVAC equipment to ensure that clean filters have been installed, bearings are greased, belts are aligned and tight, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.

K. Examine terminal units, such as variable-air-volume boxes, to verify that they are accessible and their controls are connected and functioning.

L. Examine plenum ceilings used for supply air to verify that they are airtight. Verify that pipe penetrations and other holes are sealed.

M. Examine strainers for clean screens and proper perforations.

N. Examine three-way valves for proper installation for their intended function of diverting or mixing fluid flows.

O. Examine equipment for installation and for properly operating safety interlocks and controls.

P. Examine automatic temperature system components to verify the following:

1. Dampers, valves, and other controlled devices are operated by the intended controller.
2. Dampers and valves are in the position indicated by the controller.
3. Integrity of valves and dampers for free and full operation and for tightness of fully closed and fully open positions. This includes dampers in multizone units, mixing boxes, and variable-air-volume terminals.
4. Automatic modulating and shutoff valves, including two-way valves and three-way mixing and diverting valves, are properly connected.
5. Thermostats and humidistats are located to avoid adverse effects of sunlight, drafts, and cold walls.
6. Sensors are located to sense only the intended conditions.

7. Sequence of operation for control modes is according to the Contract Documents.
8. Controller set points are set at indicated values.
9. Interlocked systems are operating.
10. Changeover from heating to cooling mode occurs according to indicated values.

Q. Report deficiencies discovered before and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare a TAB plan that includes strategies and step-by-step procedures.

B. Complete system readiness checks and prepare system readiness reports. Verify the following:

1. Permanent electrical power wiring is complete.
2. Hydronic systems are filled, clean, and free of air.
3. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational.
4. Equipment and duct access doors are securely closed.
5. Balance, smoke, and fire dampers are open.
6. Isolating and balancing valves are open and control valves are operational.
7. Ceilings are installed in critical areas where air-pattern adjustments are required and access to balancing devices is provided.
8. Windows and doors can be closed so indicated conditions for system operations can be met.

3.3 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

A. Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to the procedures contained in SMACNA's "HVAC Systems - Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" and this Section.

B. Cut insulation, ducts, pipes, and equipment cabinets for installation of test probes to the minimum extent necessary to allow adequate performance of procedures. After testing and balancing, close probe holes and patch insulation with new materials identical to those removed. Restore vapor barrier and finish according to insulation Specifications for this Project.

C. Mark equipment and balancing device settings with paint or other suitable, permanent identification material, including damper-control positions, valve position indicators, fan-speed-control levers, and similar controls and devices, to show final settings.

D. Take and report testing and balancing measurements in inch-pound (IP) units.

3.4 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR BALANCING AIR SYSTEMS

A. Prepare test reports for both fans and outlets. Obtain manufacturer's outlet factors and recommended testing procedures. Crosscheck the summation of required outlet volumes with required fan volumes.

B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" duct layouts.

C. For variable-air-volume systems, develop a plan to simulate diversity.

D. Determine the best locations in main and branch ducts for accurate duct airflow measurements.

E. Check airflow patterns from the outside-air louvers and dampers and the return- and exhaust-air dampers, through the supply-fan discharge and mixing dampers.

F. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.

G. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.

H. Check dampers for proper position to achieve desired airflow path.

I. Check for airflow blockages.

J. Check condensate drains for proper connections and functioning.

K. Check for proper sealing of air-handling unit components.

L. Check for proper sealing of air duct system.

3.5 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-VOLUME AIR SYSTEMS

A. Adjust fans to deliver total indicated airflows within the maximum allowable fan speed listed by fan manufacturer.

1. Measure fan static pressures to determine actual static pressure as follows:

    a. Measure outlet static pressure as far downstream from the fan as practicable and upstream from restrictions in ducts such as elbows and transitions.
    b. Measure static pressure directly at the fan outlet or through the flexible connection.
    c. Measure inlet static pressure of single-inlet fans in the inlet duct as near the fan as possible, upstream from flexible connection and downstream from duct restrictions.
    d. Measure inlet static pressure of double-inlet fans through the wall of the plenum that houses the fan.

2. Measure static pressure across each component that makes up an air-handling unit, rooftop unit, and other air-handling and -treating equipment.

    a. Simulate dirty filter operation and record the point at which maintenance personnel must change filters.

3. Measure static pressures entering and leaving other devices such as sound traps, heat recovery equipment, and air washers, under final balanced conditions.
4. Compare design data with installed conditions to determine variations in design static pressures versus actual static pressures. Compare actual system effect factors with calculated system effect factors to identify where variations occur. Recommend corrective action to align design and actual conditions.

5. Obtain approval from Architect for adjustment of fan speed higher or lower than indicated speed. Make required adjustments to pulley sizes, motor sizes, and electrical connections to accommodate fan-speed changes.
6. Do not make fan-speed adjustments that result in motor overload. Consult equipment manufacturers about fan-speed safety factors. Modulate dampers and measure fan-motor amperage to ensure that no overload will occur. Measure amperage in full cooling, full heating, economizer, and any other operating modes to determine the maximum required brake horsepower.

B. Adjust volume dampers for main duct, submain ducts, and major branch ducts to indicated airflows within specified tolerances.

1. Measure static pressure at a point downstream from the balancing damper and adjust volume dampers until the proper static pressure is achieved.

a. Where sufficient space in submain and branch ducts is unavailable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, measure airflow at terminal outlets and inlets and calculate the total airflow for that zone.

2. Remeasure each submain and branch duct after all have been adjusted. Continue to adjust submain and branch ducts to indicated airflows within specified tolerances.

C. Measure terminal outlets and inlets without making adjustments.

1. Measure terminal outlets using a direct-reading hood or outlet manufacturer's written instructions and calculating factors.

D. Adjust terminal outlets and inlets for each space to indicated airflows within specified tolerances of indicated values. Make adjustments using volume dampers rather than extractors and the dampers at air terminals.

1. Adjust each outlet in same room or space to within specified tolerances of indicated quantities without generating noise levels above the limitations prescribed by the Contract Documents.
2. Adjust patterns of adjustable outlets for proper distribution without drafts.

3.6 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

A. Prepare test reports with pertinent design data and number in sequence starting at pump to end of system. Check the sum of branch-circuit flows against approved pump flow rate. Correct variations that exceed plus or minus 5 percent.

B. Prepare hydronic systems for testing and balancing according to the following, in addition to the general preparation procedures specified above:

1. Open all manual valves for maximum flow.
2. Check flow-control valves for specified sequence of operation and set at indicated flow.
3. Set differential-pressure control valves at the specified differential pressure. Do not set at fully closed position when pump is positive-displacement type unless several terminal valves are kept open.

4. Set system controls so automatic valves are wide open to heat exchangers.
5. Check air vents for a forceful liquid flow exiting from vents when manually operated.

3.7 PROCEDURES FOR HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

A. Set calibrated balancing valves, if installed, at calculated presettings.

B. Measure flow at all stations and adjust, where necessary, to obtain first balance.

1. System components that have Cv rating or an accurately cataloged flow-pressure-drop relationship may be used as a flow-indicating device.

C. Measure flow at main balancing station and set main balancing device to achieve flow that is 5 percent greater than indicated flow.

D. Adjust balancing stations to within specified tolerances of indicated flow rate as follows:

1. Determine the balancing station with the highest percentage over indicated flow.
2. Adjust each station in turn, beginning with the station with the highest percentage over indicated flow and proceeding to the station with the lowest percentage over indicated flow.
3. Record settings and mark balancing devices.

E. Measure the differential-pressure control valve settings existing at the conclusions of balancing.

3.8 PROCEDURES FOR MOTORS

A. Motors, 1/2 HP and Larger: Test at final balanced conditions and record the following data:

1. Manufacturer, model, and serial numbers.
2. Motor horsepower rating.
3. Motor rpm.
4. Efficiency rating.
5. Nameplate and measured voltage, each phase.
6. Nameplate and measured amperage, each phase.
7. Starter thermal-protection-element rating.

B. Motors Driven by Variable-Frequency Controllers: Test for proper operation at speeds varying from minimum to maximum. Test the manual bypass for the controller to prove proper operation. Record observations, including controller manufacturer, model and serial numbers, and nameplate data.

3.9 PROCEDURES FOR TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING EXISTING SYSTEMS

A. Perform testing and balancing of existing systems to the extent that existing systems are affected by the renovation work.

1. Air balance each air outlet.

3.10 TOLERANCES

A. Set HVAC system airflow and water flow rates within the following tolerances:

1. Supply, Return, and Exhaust Fans and Equipment with Fans: Plus 5 to plus 10 percent.
2. Air Outlets and Inlets: 0 to minus 10 percent.
3. Heating-Water Flow Rate: 0 to minus 10 percent.
4. Cooling-Water Flow Rate: 0 to minus 5 percent.

3.11 REPORTING

A. Initial Construction-Phase Report: Based on examination of the Contract Documents as specified in "Examination" Article, prepare a report on the adequacy of design for systems' balancing devices. Recommend changes and additions to systems' balancing devices to facilitate proper performance measuring and balancing. Recommend changes and additions to HVAC systems and general construction to allow access for performance measuring and balancing devices.

B. Status Reports: As Work progresses, prepare reports to describe completed procedures, procedures in progress, and scheduled procedures. Include a list of deficiencies and problems found in systems being tested and balanced. Prepare a separate report for each system and each building floor for systems serving multiple floors.

3.12 FINAL REPORT

A. General: Typewritten, or computer printout in letter-quality font, on standard bond paper, in three-ring binder, tabulated and divided into sections by tested and balanced systems.

B. Final Report Contents: In addition to certified field report data, include the following:

1. Fan curves.
2. Manufacturers' test data.
3. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers.
4. Other information relative to equipment performance, but do not include Shop Drawings and Product Data.

C. General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data in the final report, as applicable:

1. Title page.
2. Name and address of TAB firm.
3. Project name.
4. Project location.
5. Architect's name and address.
6. Engineer's name and address.
7. Contractor's name and address.
8. Report date.
9. Signature of TAB firm who certifies the report.

10. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report.
11. Summary of contents including the following:

    a. Indicated versus final performance.
    b. Notable characteristics of systems.
    c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents.

12. Nomenclature sheets for each item of equipment.
13. Data for terminal units, including manufacturer, type size, and fittings.
14. Notes to explain why certain final data in the body of reports varies from indicated values.
15. Test conditions for fans and pump performance forms including the following:

    a. Settings for outside-, return-, and exhaust-air dampers.
    b. Conditions of filters.
    c. Cooling coil, wet- and dry-bulb conditions.
    d. Face and bypass damper settings at coils.
    e. Fan drive settings including settings and percentage of maximum pitch diameter.
    f. Inlet vane settings for variable-air-volume systems.
    g. Settings for supply-air, static-pressure controller.
    h. Other system operating conditions that affect performance.

D. System Diagrams: Include schematic layouts of air and hydronic distribution systems. Present each system with single-line diagram and include the following:

1. Quantities of outside, supply, return, and exhaust airflows.
2. Water and steam flow rates.
3. Duct, outlet, and inlet sizes.
4. Pipe and valve sizes and locations.
5. Terminal units.
6. Balancing stations.
7. Position of balancing devices.

E. Air-Handling Unit Test Reports: For air-handling units with coils, include the following:

1. Unit Data: Include the following:

    a. Unit identification.
    b. Location.
    c. Make and type.
    d. Model number and unit size.
    e. Manufacturer's serial number.
    f. Unit arrangement and class.
    g. Discharge arrangement.
    h. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
    i. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
    j. Number of belts, make, and size.
    k. Number of filters, type, and size.

2. Motor Data:

   a. Make and frame type and size.
   b. Horsepower and rpm.
   c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
   d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
   e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
   f. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.

3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

   a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
   b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
   c. Fan rpm.
   d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
   e. Filter static-pressure differential in inches wg.
   f. Preheat coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
   g. Cooling coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
   h. Heating coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
   i. Outside airflow in cfm.
   j. Return airflow in cfm.
   k. Outside-air damper position.
   l. Return-air damper position.
   m. Vortex damper position.

F. Apparatus-Coil Test Reports:

1. Coil Data:

   a. System identification.
   b. Location.
   c. Coil type.
   d. Number of rows.
   e. Fin spacing in fins per inch o.c.
   f. Make and model number.
   g. Face area in sq. ft..
   h. Tube size in NPS.
   i. Tube and fin materials.
   j. Circuiting arrangement.

2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

   a. Airflow rate in cfm.
   b. Average face velocity in fpm.
   c. Air pressure drop in inches wg.
   d. Outside-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
   e. Return-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
   f. Entering-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
   g. Leaving-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
   h. Water flow rate in gpm.
   i. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psig.

j. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
k. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
l. Refrigerant expansion valve and refrigerant types.
m. Refrigerant suction pressure in psig.
n. Refrigerant suction temperature in deg F.
o. Inlet steam pressure in psig.

G. Fan Test Reports: For supply, return, and exhaust fans, include the following:

1. Fan Data:

a. System identification.
b. Location.
c. Make and type.
d. Model number and size.
e. Manufacturer's serial number.
f. Arrangement and class.
g. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
h. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.

2. Motor Data:

a. Make and frame type and size.
b. Horsepower and rpm.
c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
f. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
g. Number of belts, make, and size.

3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
c. Fan rpm.
d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
e. Suction static pressure in inches wg.

H. Round, Flat-Oval, and Rectangular Duct Traverse Reports: Include a diagram with a grid representing the duct cross-section and record the following:

1. Report Data:

a. System and air-handling unit number.
b. Location and zone.
c. Traverse air temperature in deg F.
d. Duct static pressure in inches wg.
e. Duct size in inches.
f. Duct area in sq. ft..
g. Indicated airflow rate in cfm.
h. Indicated velocity in fpm.

i. Actual airflow rate in cfm.
j. Actual average velocity in fpm.
k. Barometric pressure in psig.

I. Air-Terminal-Device Reports:

1. Unit Data:

a. System and air-handling unit identification.
b. Location and zone.
c. Test apparatus used.
d. Area served.
e. Air-terminal-device make.
f. Air-terminal-device number from system diagram.
g. Air-terminal-device type and model number.
h. Air-terminal-device size.
i. Air-terminal-device effective area in sq. ft..

2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

a. Airflow rate in cfm.
b. Air velocity in fpm.
c. Preliminary airflow rate as needed in cfm.
d. Preliminary velocity as needed in fpm.
e. Final airflow rate in cfm.
f. Final velocity in fpm.
g. Space temperature in deg F.

J. System-Coil Reports: For reheat coils and water coils of terminal units, include the following:

1. Unit Data:

a. System and air-handling unit identification.
b. Location and zone.
c. Room or riser served.
d. Coil make and size.
e. Flowmeter type.

2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

a. Airflow rate in cfm.
b. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
c. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
d. Water pressure drop in feet of head or psig.
e. Entering-air temperature in deg F.
f. Leaving-air temperature in deg F.

K. Existing System Air Balancing Report

1. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

a. Diffusers/Grille airflow rate in CFM.
b. Ductwork air velocity in FPM.

2. Air-Terminal-Device Reports:

a. See Paragraph "I" above.

3.13 ADDITIONAL TESTS

A. Within 90 days of completing TAB, perform additional testing and balancing to verify that balanced conditions are being maintained throughout and to correct unusual conditions.

B. Seasonal Periods: If initial TAB procedures were not performed during near-peak summer and winter conditions, perform additional testing, inspecting, and adjusting during near-peak summer and winter conditions.

END OF SECTION 15950

SECTION 16051
COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRICAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Electrical equipment coordination and installation.
2. Sleeves for raceways and cables.
3. Sleeve seals.
4. Grout.
5. Common electrical installation requirements.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.

B. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For sleeve seals.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate arrangement, mounting, and support of electrical equipment:

1. To allow maximum possible headroom unless specific mounting heights that reduce headroom are indicated.
2. To provide for ease of disconnecting the equipment with minimum interference to other installations.
3. To allow right of way for piping and conduit installed at required slope.

4. So connecting raceways, cables, wireways, cable trays, and busways will be clear of obstructions and of the working and access space of other equipment.

B. Coordinate installation of required supporting devices and set sleeves in cast-in-place concrete, masonry walls, and other structural components as they are constructed.

C. Coordinate location of access panels and doors for electrical items that are behind finished surfaces or otherwise concealed. Access doors and panels are specified in Division 8 Section "Access Doors and Frames."

D. Coordinate sleeve selection and application with selection and application of firestopping specified in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SLEEVES FOR RACEWAYS AND CABLES

A. Steel Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, galvanized steel, plain ends.

B. Cast-Iron Pipe Sleeves: Cast or fabricated "wall pipe," equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Sleeves for Rectangular Openings: Galvanized sheet steel.

1. Minimum Metal Thickness:

a. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter less than 50 inches and no side more than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.052 inch.
b. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter equal to, or more than, 50 inches and 1 or more sides equal to, or more than, 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.138 inch.

D. Coordinate sleeve selection and application with selection and application of firestopping specified in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems".

2.2 SLEEVE SEALS

A. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
2. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product by one of the following:

a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
b. Calpico, Inc.
c. Metraflex Co.
d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.

3. Sealing Elements: EPDM or NBR interlocking links shaped to fit surface of cable or conduit. Include type and number required for material and size of raceway or cable.
4. Pressure Plates: Plastic. Include two for each sealing element.
5. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Stainless steel of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements. Include one for each sealing element.

B. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and cable.

2.3 GROUT

A. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COMMON REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1.

B. Measure indicated mounting heights to bottom of unit for suspended items and to center of unit for wall-mounting items.

C. Headroom Maintenance: If mounting heights or other location criteria are not indicated, arrange and install components and equipment to provide maximum possible headroom consistent with these requirements.

D. Equipment: Install to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components of both electrical equipment and other nearby installations. Connect in such a way as to facilitate future disconnecting with minimum interference with other items in the vicinity.

E. Right of Way: Give to piping systems installed at a required slope.

3.2 SLEEVE INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Electrical penetrations occur when raceways, cables, wireways, cable trays, or busways penetrate concrete slabs, concrete or masonry walls, or fire-rated floor and wall assemblies.

B. Concrete Slabs and Walls: Install sleeves for penetrations unless core-drilled holes or formed openings are used. Install sleeves during erection of slabs and walls.

C. Use pipe sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.

D. Fire-Rated Assemblies: Install sleeves for penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies unless openings compatible with firestop system used are fabricated during construction of floor or wall.

E. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls.

F. Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches above finished floor level.

G. Size pipe sleeves to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and raceway or cable, unless indicated otherwise.

H. Seal space outside of sleeves with grout for penetrations of concrete and masonry

1. Promptly pack grout solidly between sleeve and wall so no voids remain. Tool exposed surfaces smooth; protect grout while curing.

I. Interior Penetrations of Non-Fire-Rated Walls and Floors: Seal annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable, using joint sealant appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

J. Fire-Rated-Assembly Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at raceway and cable penetrations. Install sleeves and seal raceway and cable penetration sleeves with firestop materials. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

K. Roof-Penetration Sleeves: Seal penetration of individual raceways and cables with flexible boot-type flashing units applied in coordination with roofing work.

L. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Seal penetrations using cast-iron pipe sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.

M. Underground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Install cast-iron pipe sleeves. Size sleeves to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between raceway or cable and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.

3.3 SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION

A. Install to seal exterior wall penetrations.

B. Use type and number of sealing elements recommended by manufacturer for raceway or cable material and size. Position raceway or cable in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between raceway or cable and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

3.4 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies for electrical installations to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly. Firestopping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

END OF SECTION 16051

SECTION 16052
COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR COMMUNICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Communications equipment coordination and installation.
2. Sleeves for pathways and cables.
3. Sleeve seals.
4. Grout.
5. Common communications installation requirements.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.

B. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For sleeve seals.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate arrangement, mounting, and support of communications equipment:

1. To allow maximum possible headroom unless specific mounting heights that reduce headroom are indicated.
2. To provide for ease of disconnecting the equipment with minimum interference to other installations.
3. To allow right of way for piping and conduit installed at required slope.

4. So connecting pathways, cables, wireways, cable trays, and busways will be clear of obstructions and of the working and access space of other equipment.

B. Coordinate installation of required supporting devices and set sleeves in cast-in-place concrete, masonry walls, and other structural components as they are constructed.

C. Coordinate location of access panels and doors for communications items that are behind finished surfaces or otherwise concealed. Access doors and panels are specified in Division 8 Section "Access Doors and Frames."

D. Coordinate sleeve selection and application with selection and application of firestopping specified in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SLEEVES FOR PATHWAYS AND CABLES

A. Steel Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, galvanized steel, plain ends.

B. Cast-Iron Pipe Sleeves: Cast or fabricated "wall pipe," equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Sleeves for Rectangular Openings: Galvanized sheet steel.

1. Minimum Metal Thickness:

a. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter less than 50 inches and no side more than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.052 inch.
b. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter equal to, or more than, 50 inches and 1 or more sides equal to, or more than, 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.138 inch.

2.2 SLEEVE SEALS

A. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and pathway or cable.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
2. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product by one of the following:

a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
b. Calpico, Inc.
c. Metraflex Co.
d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.

3. Sealing Elements: EPDM or NBR interlocking links shaped to fit surface of cable or conduit. Include type and number required for material and size of pathway or cable.

4. Pressure Plates: Plastic. Include two for each sealing element.
5. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Stainless steel of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements. Include one for each sealing element.

2.3 GROUT

A. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COMMON REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMUNICATIONS INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1.

B. Measure indicated mounting heights to bottom of unit for suspended items and to center of unit for wall-mounting items.

C. Headroom Maintenance: If mounting heights or other location criteria are not indicated, arrange and install components and equipment to provide maximum possible headroom consistent with these requirements.

D. Equipment: Install to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components of both communications equipment and other nearby installations. Connect in such a way as to facilitate future disconnecting with minimum interference with other items in the vicinity.

E. Right of Way: Give to piping systems installed at a required slope.

3.2 SLEEVE INSTALLATION FOR COMMUNICATIONS PENETRATIONS

A. Communications penetrations occur when pathways, cables, wireways, or cable trays penetrate concrete slabs, concrete or masonry walls, or fire-rated floor and wall assemblies.

B. Concrete Slabs and Walls: Install sleeves for penetrations unless core-drilled holes or formed openings are used. Install sleeves during erection of slabs and walls.

C. Use pipe sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.

D. Fire-Rated Assemblies: Install sleeves for penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies unless openings compatible with firestop system used are fabricated during construction of floor or wall.

E. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls.

F. Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches above finished floor level.

G. Size pipe sleeves to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and pathway or cable, unless indicated otherwise.

H. Seal space outside of sleeves with grout for penetrations of concrete and masonry

1. Promptly pack grout solidly between sleeve and wall so no voids remain. Tool exposed surfaces smooth; protect grout while curing.

I. Interior Penetrations of Non-Fire-Rated Walls and Floors: Seal annular space between sleeve and pathway or cable, using joint sealant appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

J. Fire-Rated-Assembly Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at pathway and cable penetrations. Install sleeves and seal pathway and cable penetration sleeves with firestop materials. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

K. Roof-Penetration Sleeves: Seal penetration of individual pathways and cables with flexible boot-type flashing units applied in coordination with roofing work.

L. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Seal penetrations using cast-iron pipe sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.

M. Underground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Install cast-iron pipe sleeves. Size sleeves to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pathway or cable and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.

3.3 SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION

A. Install to seal exterior wall penetrations.

B. Use type and number of sealing elements recommended by manufacturer for pathway or cable material and size. Position pathway or cable in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between pathway or cable and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

3.4 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies for communications installations to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly. Firestopping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

END OF SECTION 16052

SECTION 16060
GROUNDING AND BONDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes methods and materials for grounding systems and equipment.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Qualification Data: For testing agency and testing agency's field supervisor.

C. Field quality-control test reports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONDUCTORS

A. Insulated Conductors: Copper wire or cable insulated for 600 V unless otherwise required by applicable Code or authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Bare Copper Conductors:

1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
2. Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
3. Tinned Conductors: ASTM B 33.
4. Bonding Cable: 28 kcmil, 14 strands of No. 17 AWG conductor, 1/4 inch in diameter.
5. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded conductor.
6. Bonding Jumper: Copper tape, braided conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
7. Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.

2.2 CONNECTORS

A. Listed and labeled by a nationally recognized testing laboratory acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for applications in which used, and for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and other items connected.

B. Bolted Connectors for Conductors and Pipes: Copper or copper alloy, bolted pressure-type, with at least two bolts.

1. Pipe Connectors: Clamp type, sized for pipe.

C. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welding kits of types recommended by kit manufacturer for materials being joined and installation conditions.

2.3 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad steel 120 inches long by 3/4 inches in diameter.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

A. Conductor Terminations and Connections:

1. Pipe and Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: Bolted connectors.

3.2 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

A. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with all feeders and branch circuits.

B. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with the following items, in addition to those required by NFPA 70:

1. Feeders and branch circuits.
2. Lighting circuits.
3. Receptacle circuits.
4. Single-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
5. Three-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
6. Flexible raceway runs.

C. Air-Duct Equipment Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor to duct-mounted electrical devices operating at 120 V and more, including air cleaners, heaters, dampers, humidifiers, and other duct electrical equipment. Bond conductor to each unit and to air duct and connected metallic piping.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible, unless otherwise indicated or required by Code. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.

B. Ground Rods: Drive rods until tops are 2 inches below finished floor or final grade, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Interconnect ground rods with grounding electrode conductor below grade and as otherwise indicated. Make connections without exposing steel or damaging coating, if any.
2. For grounding electrode system, install at least three rods spaced at least one-rod length from each other and located at least the same distance from other grounding electrodes, and connect to the service grounding electrode conductor.

C. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install in locations accessible for inspection and maintenance, except where routed through short lengths of conduit.

1. Bonding to Structure: Bond straps directly to basic structure, taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts.
2. Bonding to Equipment Mounted on Vibration Isolation Hangers and Supports: Install so vibration is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment.
3. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations, but if a disconnect-type connection is required, use a bolted clamp.

D. Grounding and Bonding for Piping:

1. Metal Water Service Pipe: Install insulated copper grounding conductors, in conduit, from building's main service equipment, or grounding bus, to main metal water service entrances to building. Connect grounding conductors to main metal water service pipes,

using a bolted clamp connector or by bolting a lug-type connector to a pipe flange, using one of the lug bolts of the flange. Where a dielectric main water fitting is installed, connect grounding conductor on street side of fitting. Bond metal grounding conductor conduit or sleeve to conductor at each end.

2. Water Meter Piping: Use braided-type bonding jumpers to electrically bypass water meters. Connect to pipe with a bolted connector.
3. Bond each aboveground portion of gas piping system downstream from equipment shutoff valve.

E. Bonding Interior Metal Ducts: Bond metal air ducts to equipment grounding conductors of associated fans, blowers, electric heaters, and air cleaners. Install bonding jumper to bond across flexible duct connections to achieve continuity.

F. Grounding for Steel Building Structure: Install a driven ground rod at base of each corner column and at intermediate exterior columns at distances not more than 60 feet apart.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

B. Perform the following tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuits have been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
2. Test completed grounding system at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal, at ground test wells, and at individual ground rods. Make tests at ground rods before any conductors are connected.

    a. Measure ground resistance not less than two full days after last trace of precipitation and without soil being moistened by any means other than natural drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance.
    b. Perform tests by fall-of-potential method according to IEEE 81.

3. Prepare dimensioned drawings locating each test well, ground rod and ground rod assembly, and other grounding electrodes. Identify each by letter in alphabetical order, and key to the record of tests and observations. Include the number of rods driven and their depth at each location, and include observations of weather and other phenomena that may affect test results. Describe measures taken to improve test results.

C. Report measured ground resistances that exceed the following values:

1. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity 500 kVA and Less: 10 ohms.

D. Excessive Ground Resistance: If resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify Construction Manager promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance.

END OF SECTION 16060

SECTION 16073
HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
2. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.

B. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.

C. RMC: Rigid metal conduit.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Design supports for multiple raceways, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.

B. Design supports for multiple raceways capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems and its contents.

C. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

D. Rated Strength: Adequate in tension, shear, and pullout force to resist maximum loads calculated or imposed for this Project, with a minimum structural safety factor of five times the applied force.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:

1. Steel slotted support systems.
2. Nonmetallic slotted support systems.

B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following:

1. Trapeze hangers. Include Product Data for components.
2. Steel slotted channel systems. Include Product Data for components.
3. Nonmetallic slotted channel systems. Include Product Data for components.
4. Equipment supports.

C. Welding certificates.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

B. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3.

B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Allied Tube & Conduit.
b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
c. ERICO International Corporation.
d. GS Metals Corp.
e. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
f. Unistrut; Tyco International, Ltd.

2. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
3. Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-4.
4. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-4.
5. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.

B. Nonmetallic Slotted Support Systems: Structural-grade, factory-formed, glass-fiber-resin channels and angles with 9/16-inch- diameter holes at a maximum of 8 inches o.c., in at least 1 surface.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Allied Tube & Conduit.
   b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
   c. Fabco Plastics Wholesale Limited.
   d. Seasafe, Inc.

2. Fittings and Accessories: Products of channel and angle manufacturer and designed for use with those items.
3. Fitting and Accessory Materials: Same as channels and angles.
4. Rated Strength: Selected to suit applicable load criteria.

C. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1 and NECA 101.

D. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.

E. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be malleable iron.

F. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.

G. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:

1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

   a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

      1) Hilti Inc.
      2) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
      3) MKT Fastening, LLC.
      4) Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.; Masterset Fastening Systems Unit.

2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.

   a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

      1) Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
      2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
      3) Hilti Inc.
      4) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
      5) MKT Fastening, LLC.

3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
4. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for attached structural element.
5. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
6. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
7. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

2.2 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

A. Description: Welded or bolted, structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.

B. Materials: Comply with requirements in Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems except if requirements in this Section are stricter.

B. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMT, IMC, and RMC as required by NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch in diameter.

C. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.

   1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with two-bolt conduit clamps.

D. Spring-steel clamps designed for supporting single conduits without bolts may be used for 1-1/2-inch and smaller raceways serving branch circuits and communication systems above suspended ceilings and for fastening raceways to trapeze supports.

3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this Article.

B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMT, IMC, and RMC may be supported by openings through structure members, as permitted in NFPA 70.

C. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.

D. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:

1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
2. To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
4. Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
5. To Steel: Welded threaded studs complying with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, with lock washers and nuts.
6. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
7. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate.

E. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid reinforcing bars.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

A. Comply with installation requirements in Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for site-fabricated metal supports.

B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.

C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

3.4 CONCRETE BASES

A. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated but not less than 4 inches larger in both directions than supported unit, and so anchors will be a minimum of 10 bolt diameters from edge of the base.

B. Use 3000-psi, 28-day compressive-strength concrete. Concrete materials, reinforcement, and placement requirements are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

C. Anchor equipment to concrete base.

1. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
2. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
3. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 PAINTING

A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.

1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.

B. Touchup: Comply with requirements in Division 9 painting Sections for cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal.

C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 16073

SECTION 16075
ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Identification for raceway and metal-clad cable.
2. Identification for conductors and communication and control cable.
3. Underground-line warning tape.
4. Warning labels and signs.
5. Instruction signs.
6. Equipment identification labels.
7. Miscellaneous identification products.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each electrical identification product indicated.

B. Identification Schedule: An index of nomenclature of electrical equipment and system components used in identification signs and labels.

C. Samples: For each type of label and sign to illustrate size, colors, lettering style, mounting provisions, and graphic features of identification products.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 and ANSI C2.

B. Comply with NFPA 70.

C. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in the Contract Documents, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual, and with those required by codes, standards, and 29 CFR 1910.145. Use consistent designations throughout Project.

B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.

C. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with location of access panels and doors.

D. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RACEWAY AND METAL-CLAD CABLE IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 for minimum size of letters for legend and for minimum length of color field for each raceway and cable size.

B. Color for Printed Legend:

1. Power Circuits: Black letters on an orange field.
2. Legend: Indicate system or service and voltage, if applicable.

C. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Labels: Preprinted, flexible label laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound adhesive tape for securing ends of legend label.

2.2 CONDUCTOR AND COMMUNICATION- AND CONTROL-CABLE IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

A. Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Colored, self-adhesive vinyl tape not less than 3 mils thick by 1 to 2 inches wide.

2.3 UNDERGROUND-LINE WARNING TAPE

A. Description: Permanent, bright-colored, continuous-printed, polyethylene tape.

1. Not less than 6 inches wide by 4 mils thick.
2. Compounded for permanent direct-burial service.
3. Embedded continuous metallic strip or core.
4. Printed legend shall indicate type of underground line.

2.4 WARNING LABELS AND SIGNS

A. Comply with NFPA 70 and 29 CFR 1910.145.

B. Self-Adhesive Warning Labels: Factory printed, multicolor, pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for display on front cover, door, or other access to equipment, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Warning label and sign shall include, but are not limited to, the following legends:

1. Multiple Power Source Warning: "DANGER - ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD - EQUIPMENT HAS MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES."
2. Workspace Clearance Warning: "WARNING - OSHA REGULATION - AREA IN FRONT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT MUST BE KEPT CLEAR FOR 36 INCHES."

2.5 INSTRUCTION SIGNS

A. Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine plastic, minimum 1/16 inch thick for signs up to 20 sq. in. and 1/8 inch thick for larger sizes.

1. Engraved legend with black letters on white face.
2. Punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners.
3. Framed with mitered acrylic molding and arranged for attachment at applicable equipment.

2.6 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION LABELS

A. Engraved, Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Label: Punched or drilled for screw mounting. White letters on a dark-gray background. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

A. Cable Ties: Fungus-inert, self-extinguishing, 1-piece, self-locking, Type 6/6 nylon cable ties.

1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
2. Tensile Strength: 50 lb, minimum.
3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.
4. Color: Black, except where used for color-coding.

B. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

A. Accessible Raceways and Cables of Auxiliary Systems: Identify the following systems with color-coded, self-adhesive vinyl tape applied in bands:

1. Fire Alarm System: Red.
2. Fire-Suppression Supervisory and Control System: Red and yellow.
3. Mechanical and Electrical Supervisory System: Green and blue.
4. Telecommunication System: Green and yellow.
5. Control Wiring: Green and red.

B. Branch-Circuit Conductor Identification: Where there are conductors for more than three branch circuits in same junction or pull box, use color-coding conductor tape. Identify each ungrounded conductor according to source and circuit number.

C. Conductors to Be Extended in the Future: Attach write-on tags to conductors and list source and circuit number.

D. Auxiliary Electrical Systems Conductor Identification: Identify field-installed alarm, control, signal, sound, intercommunications, voice, and data connections.

1. Identify conductors, cables, and terminals in enclosures and at junctions, terminals, and pull points. Identify by system and circuit designation.
2. Use system of marker tape designations that is uniform and consistent with system used by manufacturer for factory-installed connections.
3. Coordinate identification with Project Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and Operation and Maintenance Manual.

E. Locations of Underground Lines: Identify with underground-line warning tape for power, lighting, communication, and control wiring and optical fiber cable. Install underground-line warning tape for both direct-buried cables and cables in raceway.

F. Warning Labels for Indoor Cabinets, Boxes, and Enclosures for Power and Lighting: Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145 and apply self-adhesive warning labels. Identify system voltage with black letters on an orange background. Apply to exterior of door, cover, or other access.

1. Equipment with Multiple Power or Control Sources: Apply to door or cover of equipment including, but not limited to, the following:

a. Power transfer switches.
b. Controls with external control power connections.

2. Equipment Requiring Workspace Clearance According to NFPA 70: Unless otherwise indicated, apply to door or cover of equipment but not on flush panelboards and similar equipment in finished spaces.

G. Instruction Signs:

1. Operating Instructions: Install instruction signs to facilitate proper operation and maintenance of electrical systems and items to which they connect. Install instruction signs with approved legend where instructions are needed for system or equipment operation.
2. Emergency Operating Instructions: Install instruction signs with white legend on a red background with minimum 3/8-inch- high letters for emergency instructions at equipment used for power transfer.

H. Equipment Identification Labels: On each unit of equipment, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and Operation and Maintenance Manual. Apply labels to disconnect switches and protection equipment, central or master units, control panels, control stations, terminal cabinets, and racks of each system. Systems include power, lighting, control, communication, signal, monitoring, and alarm systems unless equipment is provided with its own identification.

1. Labeling Instructions:

   a. Indoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.
   b. Outdoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.
   c. Elevated Components: Increase sizes of labels and letters to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.

2. Equipment to Be Labeled:

   a. Panelboards, electrical cabinets, and enclosures.
   b. Access doors and panels for concealed electrical items.
   c. Electrical switchgear.
   d. Transformers.
   e. Emergency system boxes and enclosures.
   f. Disconnect switches.
   g. Enclosed circuit breakers.
   h. Motor starters.
   i. Push-button stations.
   j. Power transfer equipment.
   k. Contactors.
   l. Remote-controlled switches, dimmer modules, and control devices.
   m. Voice and data cable terminal equipment.
   n. Master clock and program equipment.
   o. Intercommunication and call system master and staff stations.
   p. Television/audio components, racks, and controls.
   q. Fire-alarm control panel and annunciators.
   r. Monitoring and control equipment.
   s. Terminals, racks, and patch panels for voice and data communication and for signal and control functions.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.

B. Location: Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment.

C. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.

D. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Clean surfaces before application, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification device.

E. Attach nonadhesive signs and plastic labels with screws and auxiliary hardware appropriate to the location and substrate.

F. System Identification Color Banding for Raceways and Cables: Each color band shall completely encircle cable or conduit. Place adjacent bands of two-color markings in contact, side by side. Locate bands at changes in direction, at penetrations of walls and floors, at 50-foot maximum intervals in straight runs, and at 25-foot maximum intervals in congested areas.

G. Color-Coding for Phase and Voltage Level Identification, 600 V and Less: Use the colors listed below for ungrounded service, feeder, and branch-circuit conductors.

1. Color shall be factory applied or, for sizes larger than No. 10 AWG if authorities having jurisdiction permit, field applied.
2. Colors for 208/120-V Circuits:

    a. Phase A: Black.
    b. Phase B: Red.
    c. Phase C: Blue.

3. Colors for 480/277-V Circuits:

    a. Phase A: Brown.
    b. Phase B: Orange.
    c. Phase C: Yellow.

4. Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches from terminal points and in boxes where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding. Locate bands to avoid obscuring factory cable markings.

H. Aluminum Wraparound Marker Labels and Metal Tags: Secure tight to surface of conductor or cable at a location with high visibility and accessibility.

I. Underground-Line Warning Tape: During backfilling of trenches install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above line at 6 to 8 inches below finished grade. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench exceeds 16 inches overall.

J. Painted Identification: Prepare surface and apply paint according to Division 9 painting Sections.

END OF SECTION 16075

SECTION 16120
CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Building wires and cables rated 600 V and less.
2. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.
3. Sleeves and sleeve seals for cables.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Qualification Data: For testing agency.

C. Field quality-control test reports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Set sleeves in cast-in-place concrete, masonry walls, and other structural components as they are constructed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Alcan Products Corporation; Alcan Cable Division.
2. American Insulated Wire Corp.; a Leviton Company.
3. General Cable Corporation.
4. Senator Wire & Cable Company.
5. Southwire Company.

B. Copper Conductors: Comply with NEMA WC 70.

C. Conductor Insulation: Comply with NEMA WC 70 for Types THW, THHN-THWN, XHHW, UF, USE and SO.

D. Multiconductor Cable: Comply with NEMA WC 70 for armored cable, Type AC; metal-clad cable, Type MC; mineral-insulated, metal-sheathed cable, Type MI; nonmetallic-sheathed cable, Type NM; Type SO and Type USE with ground wire.

2.2 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
2. Hubbell Power Systems, Inc.
3. O-Z/Gedney; EGS Electrical Group LLC.
4. 3M; Electrical Products Division.
5. Tyco Electronics Corp.

B. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS

A. Feeders: Copper. Stranded.

B. Branch Circuits: Copper. Stranded.

3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS

A. Exposed Feeders: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

B. Feeders Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, Partitions, and Crawlspaces: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

C. Feeders Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

D. Exposed Branch Circuits, Including in Crawlspaces: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

E. Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

F. Branch Circuits Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

G. Cord Drops and Portable Appliance Connections: Type SO, hard service cord with stainless-steel, wire-mesh, strain relief device at terminations to suit application.

H. Class 1 Control Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, in raceway.

I. Class 2 Control Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, in raceway.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.

C. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.

D. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.

E. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

3.4 CONNECTIONS

A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

B. Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.

1. Use oxide inhibitor in each splice and tap conductor for aluminum conductors.

C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches of slack.

3.5 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly according to Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

B. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

C. Tests and Inspections:

1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.

D. Test Reports: Prepare a written report to record the following:

1. Test procedures used.
2. Test results that comply with requirements.
3. Test results that do not comply with requirements and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.

E. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.

END OF SECTION 16120

SECTION 16130
RACEWAYS AND BOXES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes raceways, fittings, boxes, enclosures, and cabinets for electrical wiring.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.

B. ENT: Electrical nonmetallic tubing.

C. FMC: Flexible metal conduit.

D. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.

E. LFMC: Liquidtight flexible metal conduit.

F. RNC: Rigid nonmetallic conduit.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings, floor boxes, hinged-cover enclosures, and cabinets.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

B. Comply with NFPA 70.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL CONDUIT AND TUBING

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
2. Alflex Inc.
3. Allied Tube & Conduit; a Tyco International Ltd. Co.
4. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
5. Electri-Flex Co.
6. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
7. O-Z Gedney; a unit of General Signal.

B. Rigid Steel Conduit: ANSI C80.1.

C. IMC: ANSI C80.6.

D. EMT: ANSI C80.3.

E. FMC: Zinc-coated steel.

F. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket.

G. Fittings for Conduit (Including all Types and Flexible and Liquidtight), EMT, and Cable: NEMA FB 1; listed for type and size raceway with which used, and for application and environment in which installed.

1. Conduit Fittings for Hazardous (Classified) Locations: Comply with UL 886.
2. Fittings for EMT: Steel type.

H. Joint Compound for Rigid Steel Conduit or IMC: Listed for use in cable connector assemblies, and compounded for use to lubricate and protect threaded raceway joints from corrosion and enhance their conductivity.

2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUIT AND TUBING

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
2. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
3. Arnco Corporation.
4. Condux International, Inc.
5. Electri-Flex Co.
6. Lamson & Sessions; Carlon Electrical Products.
7. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
8. RACO; a Hubbell Company.
9. Thomas & Betts Corporation.

B. RNC: NEMA TC 2, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Fittings for ENT and RNC: NEMA TC 3; match to conduit or tubing type and material.

D. Fittings for LFNC: UL 514B.

2.3 METAL WIREWAYS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Cooper B-Line, Inc.
2. Hoffman.
3. Square D; Schneider Electric.

B. Description: Sheet metal sized and shaped as indicated, NEMA 250, Type 1, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Fittings and Accessories: Include couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.

D. Wireway Covers: Hinged type.

E. Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish.

2.4 SURFACE RACEWAYS

A. Surface Metal Raceways: Galvanized steel with snap-on covers. Manufacturer's standard enamel finish in color selected by Architect.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
b. Walker Systems, Inc.; Wiremold Company (The).
c. Wiremold Company (The); Electrical Sales Division.

2.5 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Cooper Crouse-Hinds; Div. of Cooper Industries, Inc.
2. EGS/Appleton Electric.
3. Hoffman.
4. Hubbell Incorporated; Killark Electric Manufacturing Co. Division.
5. RACO; a Hubbell Company.
6. Spring City Electrical Manufacturing Company.
7. Thomas & Betts Corporation.

8. Walker Systems, Inc.; Wiremold Company (The).
9. Woodhead, Daniel Company; Woodhead Industries, Inc. Subsidiary.

B. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 1.

C. Cast-Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA FB 1, ferrous alloy, Type FD, with gasketed cover.

D. Metal Floor Boxes: Cast metal, fully adjustable, rectangular.

E. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.

F. Cast-Metal Access, Pull, and Junction Boxes: NEMA FB 1, cast aluminum with gasketed cover.

G. Hinged-Cover Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, with continuous-hinge cover with flush latch, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.

H. Cabinets:

1. NEMA 250, Type 1, galvanized-steel box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
2. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge.
3. Key latch to match panelboards.
4. Metal barriers to separate wiring of different systems and voltage.
5. Accessory feet where required for freestanding equipment.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

A. Outdoors: Apply raceway products as specified below, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Exposed Conduit: Rigid steel conduit.
2. Underground Conduit: RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC, direct buried.
3. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
4. Boxes and Enclosures, Aboveground: NEMA 250, Type 3R.

B. Comply with the following indoor applications, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Exposed, Not Subject to Physical Damage: EMT.
2. Exposed, Not Subject to Severe Physical Damage: EMT.
3. Exposed and Subject to Severe Physical Damage: Rigid steel conduit. Includes raceways in the following locations:

a. Loading dock.
b. Corridors used for traffic of mechanized carts, forklifts, and pallet-handling units.

c. Mechanical rooms.

4. Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions: EMT.
5. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): FMC, except use LFMC in damp or wet locations.
6. Damp or Wet Locations: Rigid steel conduit.
7. Raceways for Optical Fiber or Communications Cable Risers in Vertical Shafts: Riser-type, optical fiber/communications cable raceway.
8. Raceways for Concealed General Purpose Distribution of Optical Fiber or Communications Cable: Plenum-type, optical fiber/communications cable raceway.
9. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4, stainless steel in damp or wet locations.

C. Minimum Raceway Size: 1/2-inch trade size.

D. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.

1. Rigid and Intermediate Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings, unless otherwise indicated.

E. Install nonferrous conduit or tubing for circuits operating above 60 Hz. Where aluminum raceways are installed for such circuits and pass through concrete, install in nonmetallic sleeve.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1 for installation requirements applicable to products specified in Part 2 except where requirements on Drawings or in this Article are stricter.

B. Keep raceways at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.

C. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.

D. Arrange stub-ups so curved portions of bends are not visible above the finished slab.

E. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for communications conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed.

F. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Raceways Embedded in Slabs:

1. Run conduit larger than 1-inch trade size, parallel or at right angles to main reinforcement. Where at right angles to reinforcement, place conduit close to slab support.
2. Arrange raceways to cross building expansion joints at right angles with expansion fittings.

3. Change from ENT to RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC, rigid steel conduit, or IMC before rising above the floor.

H. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.

I. Raceway Terminations at Locations Subject to Moisture or Vibration: Use insulating bushings to protect conductors, including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.

J. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches of slack at each end of pull wire.

K. Raceways for Optical Fiber and Communications Cable: Install raceways, metallic and nonmetallic, rigid and flexible, as follows:

1. 3/4-Inch Trade Size and Smaller: Install raceways in maximum lengths of 50 feet.
2. 1-Inch Trade Size and Larger: Install raceways in maximum lengths of 75 feet.
3. Install with a maximum of two 90-degree bends or equivalent for each length of raceway unless Drawings show stricter requirements. Separate lengths with pull or junction boxes or terminations at distribution frames or cabinets where necessary to comply with these requirements.

L. Install raceway sealing fittings at suitable, approved, and accessible locations and fill them with listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings at the following points:

1. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
2. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.

M. Flexible Conduit Connections: Use maximum of 72 inches of flexible conduit for recessed and semirecessed lighting fixtures, equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for transformers and motors.

1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
2. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.

N. Recessed Boxes in Masonry Walls: Saw-cut opening for box in center of cell of masonry block, and install box flush with surface of wall.

O. Set metal floor boxes level and flush with finished floor surface.

P. Set nonmetallic floor boxes level. Trim after installation to fit flush with finished floor surface.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT

A. Direct-Buried Conduit:

1. Excavate trench bottom to provide firm and uniform support for conduit. Prepare trench bottom as specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for pipe less than 6 inches in nominal diameter.
2. Install backfill as specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork."
3. After installing conduit, backfill and compact. Start at tie-in point, and work toward end of conduit run, leaving conduit at end of run free to move with expansion and contraction as temperature changes during this process. Firmly hand tamp backfill around conduit to provide maximum supporting strength. After placing controlled backfill to within 12 inches of finished grade, make final conduit connection at end of run and complete backfilling with normal compaction as specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork."
4. Install manufactured duct elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through the floor, unless otherwise indicated. Encase elbows for stub-up ducts throughout the length of the elbow.
5. Install manufactured rigid steel conduit elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through the floor.

    a. Couple steel conduits to ducts with adapters designed for this purpose, and encase coupling with 3 inches of concrete.
    b. For stub-ups at equipment mounted on outdoor concrete bases, extend steel conduit horizontally a minimum of 60 inches from edge of equipment pad or foundation. Install insulated grounding bushings on terminations at equipment.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure coatings, finishes, and cabinets are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
2. Repair damage to PVC or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 16130

SECTION 16140
WIRING DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Receptacles, receptacles with integral GFCI, and associated device plates.
2. Twist-locking receptacles.
3. Wall-box motion sensors.
4. Snap switches and wall-box dimmers.
5. Solid-state fan speed controls.
6. Wall-switch and exterior occupancy sensors.
7. Pendant cord-connector devices.
8. Cord and plug sets.
9. Floor service outlets, poke-through assemblies and multioutlet assemblies.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.

B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.

C. Pigtail: Short lead used to connect a device to a branch-circuit conductor.

D. RFI: Radio-frequency interference.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: List of legends and description of materials and process used for premarking wall plates.

C. Field quality-control test reports.

D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For wiring devices to include in all manufacturers' packing label warnings and instruction manuals that include labeling conditions.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of wiring device and associated wall plate through one source from a single manufacturer. Insofar as they are available, obtain all wiring devices and associated wall plates from a single manufacturer and one source.

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Receptacles for Owner-Furnished Equipment: Match plug configurations.

1. Cord and Plug Sets: Match equipment requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers' Names: Shortened versions (shown in parentheses) of the following manufacturers' names are used in other Part 2 articles:

1. Cooper Wiring Devices; a division of Cooper Industries, Inc. (Cooper).
2. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems (Hubbell).
3. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc. (Leviton).
4. Pass & Seymour/Legrand; Wiring Devices & Accessories (Pass & Seymour).

2.2 STRAIGHT BLADE RECEPTACLES

A. Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 configuration 5-20R, and UL 498.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Cooper; 5351 (single), 5352 (duplex).
b. Hubbell; HBL5351 (single), CR5352 (duplex).
c. Leviton; 5891 (single), 5352 (duplex).
d. Pass & Seymour; 5381 (single), 5352 (duplex).

2.3 GFCI RECEPTACLES

A. General Description: Straight blade, feed-through type. Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6, UL 498, and UL 943, Class A, and include indicator light that is lighted when device is tripped.

B. Duplex GFCI Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Cooper; GF20.
b. Pass & Seymour; 2084.
c. Leviton.
d. Hubbell.

2.4 TWIST-LOCKING RECEPTACLES

A. Single Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 configuration L5-20R, and UL 498.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Cooper; L520R.
b. Hubbell; HBL2310.
c. Leviton; 2310.
d. Pass & Seymour; L520-R.

2.5 PENDANT CORD-CONNECTOR DEVICES

A. Description: Matching, locking-type plug and receptacle body connector; NEMA WD 6 configurations L5-20P and L5-20R, heavy-duty grade.

1. Body: Nylon with screw-open cable-gripping jaws and provision for attaching external cable grip.
2. External Cable Grip: Woven wire-mesh type made of high-strength galvanized-steel wire strand, matched to cable diameter, and with attachment provision designed for corresponding connector.

2.6 CORD AND PLUG SETS

A. Description: Match voltage and current ratings and number of conductors to requirements of equipment being connected.

1. Cord: Rubber-insulated, stranded-copper conductors, with Type SOW-A jacket; with green-insulated grounding conductor and equipment-rating ampacity plus a minimum of 30 percent.
2. Plug: Nylon body and integral cable-clamping jaws. Match cord and receptacle type for connection.

2.7 SNAP SWITCHES

A. Comply with NEMA WD 1 and UL 20.

B. Switches, 120/277 V, 20 A:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Cooper; 2221 (single pole), 2222 (two pole), 2223 (three way), 2224 (four way).
b. Hubbell; CS1221 (single pole), CS1222 (two pole), CS1223 (three way), CS1224 (four way).
c. Leviton; 1221-2 (single pole), 1222-2 (two pole), 1223-2 (three way), 1224-2 (four way).
d. Pass & Seymour; 20AC1 (single pole), 20AC2 (two pole), 20AC3 (three way), 20AC4 (four way).

C. Pilot Light Switches, 20 A:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Cooper; 2221PL for 120 V and 277 V.
b. Hubbell; HPL1221PL for 120 V and 277 V.
c. Leviton; 1221-PLR for 120 V, 1221-7PLR for 277 V.
d. Pass & Seymour; PS20AC1-PLR for 120 V.

D. Key-Operated Lighting Switches, 120/277 V, 20 A:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide "real" keyed switches with two (2) keys per switch. All facility keyed switches shall utilize the same keying configuration or comparable product by one of the following:

a. Pass & Seymour; #20ACI-KL-4609.
b. Leviton #1221-KL
c. Cooper #AH1191N

2. Description: Single pole, with factory-supplied key in lieu of switch handle.

E. Key-Operated, Single-Pole, Double-Throw, Momentary Contact, Center-Off Switches, 120/277 V, 20 A; for use with mechanically held lighting contactors, with factory-supplied "real" key type similar to type above.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Cooper; 1995KL.
b. Hubbell; HBL1557KL.
c. Leviton; 1257KL.
d. Pass & Seymour; 1251KL.

2.8 WALL-BOX DIMMERS

A. Dimmer Switches: Modular, full-wave, solid-state units with integral, quiet on-off switches, with audible frequency and EMI/RFI suppression filters.

B. Control: Continuously adjustable slider; with single-pole or three-way switching. Comply with UL 1472.

C. Incandescent Lamp Dimmers: 120 V; control shall follow square-law dimming curve. On-off switch positions shall bypass dimmer module.

1. 600 W; dimmers shall require no derating when ganged with other devices. Illuminated when "OFF."

D. Fluorescent Lamp Dimmer Switches: Modular; compatible with dimmer ballasts; trim potentiometer to adjust low-end dimming; dimmer-ballast combination capable of consistent dimming with low end not greater than 20 percent of full brightness.

2.9 FAN SPEED CONTROLS

A. Modular, 120-V, full-wave, solid-state units with integral, quiet on-off switches and audible frequency and EMI/RFI filters. Comply with UL 1917.

1. Continuously adjustable rotary knob, 5 A.

2.10 OCCUPANCY SENSORS

A. Wall-Switch Sensors:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

a. Hubbell; AT120 for 120 V, AT277 for 277 V.
b. Leviton; ODS 15-ID.

2. Description: Adaptive-technology type, 120/277 V, adjustable time delay up to 20 minutes, 180-degree field of view, with a minimum coverage area of 900 sq. ft..

2.11 WALL PLATES

A. Single and combination types to match corresponding wiring devices.

1. Plate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match plate finish.
2. Material for Finished Spaces: 0.035 inch thick, satin finished stainless steel.
3. Material for Unfinished Spaces: Galvanized steel.
4. Material for Damp Locations: Cast aluminum with spring-loaded lift cover, and listed and labeled for use in "wet locations."

B. Wet-Location, Weatherproof Cover Plates: NEMA 250, complying with type 3R weather-resistant, die-cast aluminum with lockable cover.

2.12 FLOOR SERVICE FITTINGS

A. Type: Modular, flush-type, dual-service units suitable for wiring method used.

B. Compartments: Barrier separates power from voice and data communication cabling.

C. Service Plate: Round, die-cast aluminum with satin finish.

D. Power Receptacle: NEMA WD 6 configuration 5-20R, gray finish, unless otherwise indicated.

2.13 POKE-THROUGH ASSEMBLIES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
2. Pass & Seymour/Legrand; Wiring Devices & Accessories.
3. Square D/ Schneider Electric.
4. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
5. Wiremold Company (The).

B. Description: Factory-fabricated and -wired assembly of below-floor junction box with multichanneled, through-floor raceway/firestop unit and detachable matching floor service outlet assembly.

1. Service Outlet Assembly: Flush type with four simplex receptacles and space for four RJ-45 jacks.
2. Size: Selected to fit nominal 4-inch cored holes in floor and matched to floor thickness.
3. Fire Rating: Unit is listed and labeled for fire rating of floor-ceiling assembly.
4. Closure Plug: Arranged to close unused 4-inch cored openings and reestablish fire rating of floor.
5. Wiring Raceways and Compartments: For a minimum of four No. 12 AWG conductors and a minimum of four, 4-pair, Category 5e voice and data communication cables.

2.14 MULTIOUTLET ASSEMBLIES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
2. Wiremold Company (The).

B. Components of Assemblies: Products from a single manufacturer designed for use as a complete, matching assembly of raceways and receptacles.

C. Raceway Material: Metal, with manufacturer's standard finish.

D. Wire: No. 12 AWG.

2.15 FINISHES

A. Color: Wiring device catalog numbers in Section Text do not designate device color.

1. Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: Match existing unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70 or device listing.
2. Wiring Devices Connected to Emergency Power System: Red.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1, including the mounting heights listed in that standard, unless otherwise noted.

B. Coordination with Other Trades:

1. Take steps to insure that devices and their boxes are protected. Do not place wall finish materials over device boxes and do not cut holes for boxes with routers that are guided by riding against outside of the boxes.
2. Keep outlet boxes free of plaster, drywall joint compound, mortar, cement, concrete, dust, paint, and other material that may contaminate the raceway system, conductors, and cables.
3. Install device boxes in brick or block walls so that the cover plate does not cross a joint unless the joint is troweled flush with the face of the wall.
4. Install wiring devices after all wall preparation, including painting, is complete.

C. Conductors:

1. Do not strip insulation from conductors until just before they are spliced or terminated on devices.
2. Strip insulation evenly around the conductor using tools designed for the purpose. Avoid scoring or nicking of solid wire or cutting strands from stranded wire.
3. The length of free conductors at outlets for devices shall meet provisions of NFPA 70, Article 300, without pigtails.

D. Device Installation:

1. Replace all devices that have been in temporary use during construction or that show signs that they were installed before building finishing operations were complete.
2. Keep each wiring device in its package or otherwise protected until it is time to connect conductors.
3. Do not remove surface protection, such as plastic film and smudge covers, until the last possible moment.
4. Connect devices to branch circuits using pigtails that are not less than 6 inches in length.
5. When there is a choice, use side wiring with binding-head screw terminals. Wrap solid conductor tightly clockwise, 2/3 to 3/4 of the way around terminal screw.
6. Use a torque screwdriver when a torque is recommended or required by the manufacturer.

7. When conductors larger than No. 12 AWG are installed on 15- or 20-A circuits, splice No. 12 AWG pigtails for device connections.
8. Tighten unused terminal screws on the device.
9. When mounting into metal boxes, remove the fiber or plastic washers used to hold device mounting screws in yokes, allowing metal-to-metal contact.

E. Device Plates: Do not use oversized or extra-deep plates. Repair wall finishes and remount outlet boxes when standard device plates do not fit flush or do not cover rough wall opening.

F. Dimmers:

1. Install dimmers within terms of their listing.
2. Verify that dimmers used for fan speed control are listed for that application.
3. Install unshared neutral conductors on line and load side of dimmers according to manufacturers' device listing conditions in the written instructions.

G. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical and with grounding terminal of receptacles on top. Group adjacent switches under single, multigang wall plates.

H. Adjust locations of floor service outlets and service poles to suit arrangement of partitions and furnishings.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

A. Comply with Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

1. Receptacles: Identify panelboard and circuit number from which served. Use hot, stamped or engraved machine printing with black-filled lettering on face of plate, and durable wire markers or tags inside outlet boxes.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

1. Test Instruments: Use instruments that comply with UL 1436.
2. Test Instrument for Convenience Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated LED indicators of measurement.

B. Tests for Convenience Receptacles:

1. Line Voltage: Acceptable range is 105 to 132 V.
2. Percent Voltage Drop under 15-A Load: A value of 6 percent or higher is not acceptable.
3. Ground Impedance: Values of up to 2 ohms are acceptable.
4. GFCI Trip: Test for tripping values specified in UL 1436 and UL 943.
5. Using the test plug, verify that the device and its outlet box are securely mounted.

6. The tests shall be diagnostic, indicating damaged conductors, high resistance at the circuit breaker, poor connections, inadequate fault current path, defective devices, or similar problems. Correct circuit conditions, remove malfunctioning units and replace with new ones, and retest as specified above.

END OF SECTION 16140

SECTION 16145
LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following lighting control devices:

1. Time switches.
2. Outdoor and indoor photoelectric switches.
3. Indoor occupancy sensors.
4. Lighting contactors.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 13 Section "Lighting Controls" for low-voltage, manual and programmable lighting control systems.
2. Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices" for wall-box dimmers, wall-switch occupancy sensors, and manual light switches.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. LED: Light-emitting diode.

B. PIR: Passive infrared.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Show installation details for occupancy and light-level sensors.

1. Interconnection diagrams showing field-installed wiring.

C. Field quality-control test reports.

D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For each type of product to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of ceiling-mounted devices with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, smoke detectors, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TIME SWITCHES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Intermatic, Inc.
2. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc.
3. Lightolier Controls; a Genlyte Company.
4. Lithonia Lighting; Acuity Lighting Group, Inc.
5. Paragon Electric Co.; Invensys Climate Controls.
6. Watt Stopper (The).

B. Electronic Time Switches: Electronic, solid-state programmable units with alphanumeric display; complying with UL 917.

1. Contact Configuration: DPST.
2. Contact Rating: 20-A ballast load, 120/240-V ac.
3. Programs: Eight (8) channels; each channel shall be individually programmable with 40 on-off operations per week and an annual holiday schedule that overrides the weekly operation on holidays.
4. Circuitry: Allow connection of a photoelectric relay as substitute for on-off function of a program on selected channels.
5. Astronomic Time: All channels.
6. Battery Backup: For schedules and time clock.

2.2 OUTDOOR PHOTOELECTRIC SWITCHES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Intermatic, Inc.
2. Lithonia Lighting; Acuity Lighting Group, Inc.
3. Paragon Electric Co.; Invensys Climate Controls.
4. Watt Stopper (The).

B. Description: Solid state, with DPST dry contacts rated for 1800-VA tungsten or 1000-VA inductive, to operate connected relay, contactor coils, or microprocessor input; complying with UL 773A.

1. Light-Level Monitoring Range: 1.5 to 10 fc, with an adjustment for turn-on and turn-off levels within that range.
2. Time Delay: 15-second minimum, to prevent false operation.
3. Surge Protection: Metal-oxide varistor, complying with IEEE C62.41.1, IEEE C62.41.2, and IEEE 62.45 for Category A1 locations.
4. Mounting: Twist lock complying with IEEE C136.10, with base-and-stem mounting or stem-and-swivel mounting accessories as required to direct sensor to the north sky exposure.

2.3 INDOOR OCCUPANCY SENSORS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc.

B. General Description: Wall- or ceiling-mounting, solid-state units with a separate relay unit.

1. Operation: Unless otherwise indicated, turn lights on when covered area is occupied and off when unoccupied; with a time delay for turning lights off, adjustable over a minimum range of 1 to 15 minutes.
2. Sensor Output: Contacts rated to operate the connected relay, complying with UL 773A. Sensor shall be powered from the relay unit.
3. Relay Unit: Dry contacts rated for 20-A ballast load at 120- and 277-V ac, for 13-A tungsten at 120-V ac, and for 1 hp at 120-V ac. Power supply to sensor shall be 24-V dc, 150-mA, Class 2 power source as defined by NFPA 70.
4. Mounting:
    a. Sensor: Suitable for mounting in any position on a standard outlet box.
    b. Relay: Externally mounted through a 1/2-inch knockout in a standard electrical enclosure.
    c. Time-Delay and Sensitivity Adjustments: Recessed and concealed behind hinged door.
5. Indicator: LED, to show when motion is being detected during testing and normal operation of the sensor.

6. Bypass Switch: Override the on function in case of sensor failure.
7. Automatic Light-Level Sensor: Adjustable from 2 to 200 fc; keep lighting off when selected lighting level is present.

C. PIR Type: Ceiling mounting; detect occupancy by sensing a combination of heat and movement in area of coverage.

1. Detector Sensitivity: Detect occurrences of 6-inch- minimum movement of any portion of a human body that presents a target of not less than 36 sq. in..
2. Detection Coverage (Room): Detect occupancy anywhere in a circular area of 1000 sq. ft. when mounted on a 96-inch- high ceiling.
3. Detection Coverage (Corridor): Detect occupancy within 90 feet when mounted on a 10-foot- high ceiling.

D. Ultrasonic Type: Ceiling mounting; detect occupancy by sensing a change in pattern of reflected ultrasonic energy in area of coverage.

1. Detector Sensitivity: Detect a person of average size and weight moving not less than 12 inches in either a horizontal or a vertical manner at an approximate speed of 12 inches/s.
2. Detection Coverage (Small Room): Detect occupancy anywhere within a circular area of 600 sq. ft. when mounted on a 96-inch- high ceiling.
3. Detection Coverage (Standard Room): Detect occupancy anywhere within a circular area of 1000 sq. ft. when mounted on a 96-inch- high ceiling.
4. Detection Coverage (Large Room): Detect occupancy anywhere within a circular area of 2000 sq. ft. when mounted on a 96-inch- high ceiling.
5. Detection Coverage (Corridor): Detect occupancy anywhere within 90 feet when mounted on a 10-foot- high ceiling in a corridor not wider than 14 feet.

E. Dual-Technology Type: Ceiling mounting; detect occupancy by using a combination of PIR and ultrasonic detection methods in area of coverage. Particular technology or combination of technologies that controls on-off functions shall be selectable in the field by operating controls on unit.

1. Sensitivity Adjustment: Separate for each sensing technology.
2. Detector Sensitivity: Detect occurrences of 6-inch- minimum movement of any portion of a human body that presents a target of not less than 36 sq. in., and detect a person of average size and weight moving not less than 12 inches in either a horizontal or a vertical manner at an approximate speed of 12 inches/s.
3. Detection Coverage (Standard Room): Detect occupancy anywhere within a circular area of 1000 sq. ft. when mounted on a 96-inch- high ceiling.

2.4 EMERGENCY SHUNT RELAY

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Lighting Control and Design, Inc.

B. Description: Normally closed, electrically held relay, arranged for wiring in parallel with manual or automatic switching contacts; complying with UL 924.

1. Coil Rating: 120 V.

2.5 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

A. Power Wiring to Supply Side of Remote-Control Power Sources: Not smaller than No. 12 AWG. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

B. Classes 2 and 3 Control Cable: Multiconductor cable with stranded-copper conductors not smaller than No. 18 AWG. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

C. Class 1 Control Cable: Multiconductor cable with stranded-copper conductors not smaller than No. 14 AWG. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SENSOR INSTALLATION

A. Install and aim sensors in locations to achieve not less than 90 percent coverage of areas indicated. Do not exceed coverage limits specified in manufacturer's written instructions.

3.2 WIRING INSTALLATION

A. Wiring Method: Comply with Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables." Minimum conduit size shall be 1/2 inch.

B. Wiring within Enclosures: Comply with NECA 1. Separate power-limited and nonpower-limited conductors according to conductor manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Size conductors according to lighting control device manufacturer's written instructions, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Splices, Taps, and Terminations: Make connections only on numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes; terminal cabinets; and equipment enclosures.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify components and power and control wiring according to Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

1. Identify controlled circuits in lighting contactors.
2. Identify circuits or luminaries controlled by photoelectric and occupancy sensors at each sensor.

B. Label time switches and contactors with a unique designation.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. After installing time switches and sensors, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, adjust and test for compliance with requirements.
2. Operational Test: Verify operation of each lighting control device, and adjust time delays.

B. Lighting control devices that fail tests and inspections are defective work.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting sensors to suit occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Coordinate demonstration of products specified in this Section with demonstration requirements for low-voltage, programmable lighting control system specified in Division 13 Section "Lighting Controls."

B. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain lighting control devices. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training."

END OF SECTION 16145

SECTION 16410
ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following individually mounted, enclosed switches and circuit breakers:

1. Fusible switches.
2. Nonfusible switches.
3. Enclosures.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. GD: General duty.

B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.

C. HD: Heavy duty.

D. RMS: Root mean square.

E. SPDT: Single pole, double throw.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.

1. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
2. Current and voltage ratings.
3. Short-circuit current rating.
4. UL listing for series rating of installed devices.

5. Features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.

B. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring.

C. Qualification Data: For testing agency.

D. Field quality-control test reports including the following:

1. Test procedures used.
2. Test results that comply with requirements.
3. Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.

E. Manufacturer's field service report.

F. Operation and Maintenance Data: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures and Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:

1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting enclosed switches and circuit breakers.
2. Time-current curves, including selectable ranges for each type of circuit breaker.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Comply with NFPA 70.

D. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for enclosed switches and circuit breakers, including clearances between enclosures, and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Ambient Temperature: Not less than minus 22 deg F and not exceeding 104 deg F.
2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with other construction, including conduit, piping, equipment, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 FUSIBLE AND NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

A. Manufacturers:

1. General Electric Co.; Electrical Distribution & Control Division.
2. Square D/Group Schneider.

B. Fusible Switch, 600 A and Smaller: NEMA KS 1, Type HD, with clips or bolt pads to accommodate specified fuses, lockable handle with capability to accept two padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

C. Nonfusible Switch, 600 A and Smaller: NEMA KS 1, Type HD, lockable handle with capability to accept two padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

D. Accessories:

1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded, and bonded; and labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
3. Auxiliary Contact Kit: Auxiliary set of contacts arranged to open before switch blades open.

2.3 ENCLOSURES

A. NEMA AB 1 and NEMA KS 1 to meet environmental conditions of installed location.

1. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.

2. Kitchen Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
3. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine elements and surfaces to receive enclosed switches and circuit breakers for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with applicable portions of NECA 1, NEMA PB 1.1, and NEMA PB 2.1 for installation of enclosed switches and circuit breakers.

B. Mount individual wall-mounting switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height, unless otherwise indicated. Anchor floor-mounting switches to concrete base.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs as specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

B. Enclosure Nameplates: Label each enclosure with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate as specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections, and to assist in field testing. Report results in writing.

B. Prepare for acceptance testing as follows:

1. Inspect mechanical and electrical connections.
2. Verify switch and relay type and labeling verification.
3. Verify rating of installed fuses.
4. Inspect proper installation of type, size, quantity, and arrangement of mounting or anchorage devices complying with manufacturer's certification.

C. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

D. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:

1. Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection stated in NETA ATS, Section 7.5 for switches and Section 7.6 for molded-case circuit breakers. Certify compliance with test parameters.
2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
3. Infrared Scanning:

    a. Initial Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each enclosed switch and circuit breaker. Open or remove doors or panels so connections are accessible to portable scanner.
    b. Follow-Up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each unit 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
    c. Instruments, Equipment and Reports:

        1) Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
        2) Prepare a certified report that identifies enclosed switches and circuit breakers included and describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges.

3.6 CLEANING

A. On completion of installation, vacuum dirt and debris from interiors; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning.

B. Inspect exposed surfaces and repair damaged finishes.

END OF SECTION 16410

SECTION 16461
LOW-VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following types of dry-type transformers rated 600 V and less, with capacities up to 1000 kVA:

1. Distribution transformers.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include rated nameplate data, capacities, weights, dimensions, minimum clearances, installed devices and features, and performance for each type and size of transformer indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

1. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.

C. Qualification Data: For testing agency.

D. Source quality-control test reports.

E. Field quality-control test reports.

F. Operation and Maintenance Data: For transformers to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain each transformer type through one source from a single manufacturer.

C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

D. Comply with IEEE C57.12.91, "Test Code for Dry-Type Distribution and Power Transformers."

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Temporary Heating: Apply temporary heat according to manufacturer's written instructions within the enclosure of each ventilated-type unit, throughout periods during which equipment is not energized and when transformer is not in a space that is continuously under normal control of temperature and humidity.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases with actual transformer provided. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3.

B. Coordinate installation of wall-mounting and structure-hanging supports with actual transformer provided.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. General Electric Company.
2. Square D; Schneider Electric.

2.2 GENERAL TRANSFORMER REQUIREMENTS

A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, air-cooled units for 60-Hz service.

B. Cores: Grain-oriented, non-aging silicon steel.

C. Coils: Continuous windings without splices except for taps.

1. Internal Coil Connections: Brazed or pressure type.
2. Coil Material: Copper.

2.3 DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS

A. Comply with NEMA ST 20, and list and label as complying with UL 1561.

B. Cores: One leg per phase.

C. Enclosure: Ventilated, NEMA 250, Type 2.

1. Core and coil shall be encapsulated within resin compound, sealing out moisture and air.

D. Transformer Enclosure Finish: Comply with NEMA 250.

1. Finish Color: Gray.

E. Taps for Transformers Smaller Than 3 kVA: None.

F. Taps for Transformers 7.5 to 24 kVA: One 5 percent tap above and one 5 percent tap below normal full capacity.

G. Taps for Transformers 25 kVA and Larger: Two 2.5 percent taps above and two 2.5 percent taps below normal full capacity.

H. Insulation Class: 220 deg C, UL-component-recognized insulation system with a maximum of 115 deg C rise above 40 deg C ambient temperature.

I. Energy Efficiency for Transformers Rated 15 kVA and Larger:

1. Complying with NEMA TP 1, Class 1 efficiency levels.
2. Tested according to NEMA TP 2.

J. Electrostatic Shielding: Each winding shall have an independent, single, full-width copper electrostatic shield arranged to minimize interwinding capacitance.

1. Arrange coil leads and terminal strips to minimize capacitive coupling between input and output terminals.
2. Include special terminal for grounding the shield.
3. Shield Effectiveness:

a. Capacitance between Primary and Secondary Windings: Not to exceed 33 picofarads over a frequency range of 20 Hz to 1 MHz.
b. Common-Mode Noise Attenuation: Minimum of minus 120 dBA at 0.5 to 1.5 kHz; minimum of minus 65 dBA at 1.5 to 100 kHz.
c. Normal-Mode Noise Attenuation: Minimum of minus 52 dBA at 1.5 to 10 kHz.

K. Wall Brackets: Manufacturer's standard brackets.

L. Fungus Proofing: Permanent fungicidal treatment for coil and core.

M. Low-Sound-Level Requirements: Minimum of 3 dBA less than NEMA ST 20 standard sound levels when factory tested according to IEEE C57.12.91.

2.4 IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

A. Nameplates: Engraved, laminated-plastic or metal nameplate for each distribution transformer, mounted with corrosion-resistant screws. Nameplates and label products are specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

2.5 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Test and inspect transformers according to IEEE C57.12.91.

B. Factory Sound-Level Tests: Conduct sound-level tests on equipment for this Project.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine conditions for compliance with enclosure- and ambient-temperature requirements for each transformer.

B. Verify that field measurements are as needed to maintain working clearances required by NFPA 70 and manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and concrete bases for suitable mounting conditions where transformers will be installed.

D. Verify that ground connections are in place and requirements in Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding" have been met. Maximum ground resistance shall be 5 ohms at location of transformer.

E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install wall-mounting transformers level and plumb with wall brackets fabricated by transformer manufacturer.

1. Brace wall-mounting transformers as specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Supports."

B. Construct concrete bases and anchor floor-mounting transformers according to manufacturer's written instructions and requirements in Division 16 Section "Electrical Supports."

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

B. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections. Report results in writing.

C. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.

D. Tests and Inspections:

1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.

E. Remove and replace units that do not pass tests or inspections and retest as specified above.

F. Infrared Scanning: Two months after Substantial Completion, perform an infrared scan of transformer connections.

1. Use an infrared-scanning device designed to measure temperature or detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide documentation of device calibration.
2. Perform 2 follow-up infrared scans of transformers, one at 4 months and the other at 11 months after Substantial Completion.
3. Prepare a certified report identifying transformer checked and describing results of scanning. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and scanning observations after remedial action.

G. Test Labeling: On completion of satisfactory testing of each unit, attach a dated and signed "Satisfactory Test" label to tested component.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Record transformer secondary voltage at each unit for at least 48 hours of typical occupancy period. Adjust transformer taps to provide optimum voltage conditions at secondary terminals. Optimum is defined as not exceeding nameplate voltage plus 10 percent and not being lower than nameplate voltage minus 3 percent at maximum load conditions. Submit recording and tap settings as test results.

B. Output Settings Report: Prepare a written report recording output voltages and tap settings.

3.6 CLEANING

A. Vacuum dirt and debris; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning.

END OF SECTION 16461

SECTION 16491
FUSES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Cartridge fuses rated 600 V and less for use in switches, panelboards, switchboards, controllers and motor-control centers.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include the following for each fuse type indicated:

1. Dimensions and manufacturer's technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, and ratings.
2. Let-through current curves for fuses with current-limiting characteristics.
3. Time-current curves, coordination charts and tables, and related data.
4. Fuse size for elevator feeders and elevator disconnect switches.

B. Ambient Temperature Adjustment Information: If ratings of fuses have been adjusted to accommodate ambient temperatures, provide list of fuses with adjusted ratings.

1. For each fuse having adjusted ratings, include location of fuse, original fuse rating, local ambient temperature, and adjusted fuse rating.
2. Provide manufacturer's technical data on which ambient temperature adjustment calculations are based.

C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fuses to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures and Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:

a. Let-through current curves for fuses with current-limiting characteristics.

b. Time-current curves, coordination charts and tables, and related data.
c. Ambient temperature adjustment information.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain fuses from a single manufacturer.

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Comply with NEMA FU 1.

D. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Where ambient temperature to which fuses are directly exposed is less than 40 deg F or more than 100 deg F, apply manufacturer's ambient temperature adjustment factors to fuse ratings.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate fuse ratings with utilization equipment nameplate limitations of maximum fuse size.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Cooper Bussman, Inc.
2. Eagle Electric Mfg. Co., Inc.; Cooper Industries, Inc.
3. Ferraz Shawmut, Inc.
4. Tracor, Inc.; Littelfuse, Inc. Subsidiary.

2.2 CARTRIDGE FUSES

A. Characteristics: NEMA FU 1, nonrenewable cartridge fuse; class and current rating indicated; voltage rating consistent with circuit voltage.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine utilization equipment nameplates and installation instructions. Install fuses of sizes and with characteristics appropriate for each piece of equipment.

B. Evaluate ambient temperatures to determine if fuse rating adjustment factors must be applied to fuse ratings.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 FUSE APPLICATIONS

A. Service Entrance: Class RK1, time delay.

B. Feeders: Class RK1, time delay.

C. Motor Branch Circuits: Class RK5, time delay.

D. Other Branch Circuits: Class RK5, time delay.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install fuses in fusible devices. Arrange fuses so rating information is readable without removing fuse.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

A. Install labels indicating fuse replacement information on inside door of each fused switch.

END OF SECTION 16491

SECTION 16511
INTERIOR LIGHTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Interior lighting fixtures, lamps, and ballasts.
2. Exit signs.
3. Lighting fixture supports.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 13 Section "Lighting Controls" for manual or programmable control systems with low-voltage control wiring or data communication circuits.
2. Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices" for manual wall-box dimmers for incandescent lamps.
3. Division 16 Section "Lighting Control Devices" for automatic control of lighting, including time switches, photoelectric relays, occupancy sensors, and multipole lighting relays and contactors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. BF: Ballast factor.

B. CRI: Color-rendering index.

C. CU: Coefficient of utilization.

D. HID: High-intensity discharge.

E. LER: Luminaire efficacy rating.

F. Luminaire: Complete lighting fixture, including ballast housing if provided.

G. RCR: Room cavity ratio.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of lighting fixture, arranged in order of fixture designation. Include data on features, accessories, finishes, and the following:

1. Physical description of lighting fixture including dimensions.
2. Emergency lighting units including battery and charger.
3. Ballast.
4. Energy-efficiency data.
5. Life, output, and energy-efficiency data for lamps.
6. Photometric data, in IESNA format, based on laboratory tests of each lighting fixture type, outfitted with lamps, ballasts, and accessories identical to those indicated for the lighting fixture as applied in this Project.

    a. For indicated fixtures, photometric data shall be certified by a qualified independent testing agency. Photometric data for remaining fixtures shall be certified by the manufacturer.
    b. Photometric data shall be certified by a manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.

B. Shop Drawings: Show details of nonstandard or custom lighting fixtures. Indicate dimensions, weights, methods of field assembly, components, features, and accessories.

1. Wiring Diagrams: Power and control wiring.

C. Product Certificates: For each type of ballast for bi-level and dimmer-controlled fixtures, signed by product manufacturer.

D. Qualification Data: For agencies providing photometric data for lighting fixtures.

E. Field quality-control test reports.

F. Operation and Maintenance Data: For lighting equipment and fixtures to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

G. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Provided by manufacturers' laboratories that are accredited under the National Volunteer Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.

B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

C. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of lighting fixtures and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty for Ballasts: Manufacturer's standard form in which ballast manufacturer agrees to repair or replace ballasts that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period for Electronic Ballasts: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
2. Warranty Period for Electromagnetic Ballasts: Three years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Special Warranty for T5 and T8 Fluorescent Lamps: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by lamp manufacturer agreeing to replace lamps that fail in materials or workmanship, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.

1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

B. In Interior Lighting Fixture Schedule, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: The design for each lighting fixture is based on the product named. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide either the named product or a comparable product by one of the other manufacturers specified as listed on documents.

2.2 LIGHTING FIXTURES AND COMPONENTS, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Recessed Fixtures: Comply with NEMA LE 4 for ceiling compatibility for recessed fixtures.

B. Incandescent Fixtures: Comply with UL 1598. Where LER is specified, test according to NEMA LE 5A.

C. Fluorescent Fixtures: Comply with UL 1598. Where LER is specified, test according to NEMA LE 5 and NEMA LE 5A as applicable.

D. HID Fixtures: Comply with UL 1598. Where LER is specified, test according to NEMA LE 5B.

E. Metal Parts: Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.

F. Sheet Metal Components: Steel, unless otherwise indicated. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.

G. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position.

H. Reflecting surfaces shall have minimum reflectance as follows, unless otherwise indicated:

1. White Surfaces: 85 percent.
2. Specular Surfaces: 83 percent.
3. Diffusing Specular Surfaces: 75 percent.
4. Laminated Silver Metallized Film: 90 percent.

I. Plastic Diffusers, Covers, and Globes:

1. Acrylic Lighting Diffusers: 100 percent virgin acrylic plastic. High resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.

   a. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless different thickness is indicated.
   b. UV stabilized.

2. Glass: Annealed crystal glass, unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 BALLASTS FOR LINEAR FLUORESCENT LAMPS

A. Electronic Ballasts: Comply with ANSI C82.11; programmed-start type, unless otherwise indicated, and designed for type and quantity of lamps served. Ballasts shall be General Electric Ultrastart programmed ballasts.

1. Sound Rating: A.
2. Total Harmonic Distortion Rating: Less than 10 percent.
3. Transient Voltage Protection: IEEE C62.41, Category A or better.
4. Operating Frequency: 42 kHz or higher.
5. Lamp Current Crest Factor: 1.7 or less.
6. BF: 0.89 or higher.
7. Power Factor: 0.98 or higher.
8. Parallel Lamp Circuits: Multiple lamp ballasts shall comply with ANSI C 82.11 and shall be connected to maintain full light output on surviving lamps if one or more lamps fail.

2.4 BALLASTS FOR COMPACT FLUORESCENT LAMPS

A. Description: Electronic programmed rapid-start type, complying with ANSI C 82.11, designed for type and quantity of lamps indicated. Ballast shall be designed for full light output unless dimmer or bi-level control is indicated:

1. Lamp end-of-life detection and shutdown circuit.
2. Automatic lamp starting after lamp replacement.
3. Sound Rating: A.
4. Total Harmonic Distortion Rating: Less than 20 percent.
5. Transient Voltage Protection: IEEE C62.41, Category A or better.
6. Operating Frequency: 20 kHz or higher.
7. Lamp Current Crest Factor: 1.7 or less.
8. BF: 0.95 or higher, unless otherwise indicated.
9. Power Factor: 0.95 or higher.
10. Ballast Case Temperature: 75 deg C, maximum.

B. Ballasts for Dimmer-Controlled Lighting Fixtures: Electronic type.

1. Dimming Range: 100 to 5 percent of rated lamp lumens.
2. Ballast Input Watts: Can be reduced to 20 percent of normal.
3. Compatibility: Certified by manufacturer for use with specific dimming control system and lamp type indicated.

2.5 BALLASTS FOR HID LAMPS

A. Electromagnetic Ballast for Metal-Halide Lamps: Comply with ANSI C82.4 and UL 1029. Include the following features, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Ballast Circuit: Constant-wattage autotransformer or regulating high-power-factor type.
2. Minimum Starting Temperature: Minus 22 deg F for single-lamp ballasts.
3. Normal Ambient Operating Temperature: 104 deg F.
4. Open-circuit operation that will not reduce average life.
5. Low-Noise Ballasts: Manufacturers' standard epoxy-encapsulated models designed to minimize audible fixture noise.

B. Electronic Ballast for Metal-Halide Lamps: Include the following features unless otherwise indicated:

1. Lamp end-of-life detection and shutdown circuit.
2. Sound Rating: A.
3. Total Harmonic Distortion Rating: Less than 15 percent.
4. Transient Voltage Protection: IEEE C62.41, Category A or better.
5. Lamp Current Crest Factor: 1.5 or less.
6. Power Factor: .90 or higher.
7. Interference: Comply with 47 CFR, Chapter 1, Part 18, Subpart C, for limitations on electromagnetic and radio-frequency interference for nonconsumer equipment.
8. Protection: Class P thermal cutout.

2.6 EXIT SIGNS

A. Description: Comply with UL 924; for sign colors, visibility, luminance, and lettering size, comply with authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Internally Lighted Signs:

1. Lamps for AC Operation: LEDs, 70,000 hours minimum rated lamp life.

2.7 FLUORESCENT LAMPS

A. Low-Mercury Lamps: Comply with EPA's toxicity characteristic leaching procedure test; shall yield less than 0.2 mg of mercury per liter when tested according to NEMA LL 1.

B. T8 rapid-start low-mercury lamps, rated 32 W maximum, nominal length of 48 inches, 2800 initial lumens (minimum), CRI 86 (minimum), color temperature 4100 K, and average rated life 24,000 hours, unless otherwise indicated. Lamps shall be General Electric #F32T8XL/SPX41ECO.

C. Compact Fluorescent Lamps: 4-Pin, low mercury, CRI 80 (minimum), color temperature 4100 K, average rated life of 10,000 hours at 3 hours operation per start, unless otherwise indicated.

1. 26 W: T4, double or triple tube, rated 1800 initial lumens (minimum).
2. 42 W: T4, triple tube, rated 3200 initial lumens (minimum).

2.8 HID LAMPS

A. High-Pressure Sodium Lamps: ANSI C78.42, CRI 21 (minimum), color temperature 1900 K, and average rated life of 24,000 hours, minimum.

1. Dual-Arc Tube Lamps: Arranged so only one of two arc tubes is lighted at one time and, when power is restored after an outage, the cooler arc tube, with lower internal pressure, lights instantly, providing an immediate 8 to 15 percent of normal light output.

B. Metal-Halide Lamps: ANSI C78.1372, with a minimum CRI 65, and color temperature 4000 K.

C. Pulse-Start, Metal-Halide Lamps: Minimum CRI 65, and color temperature 4000 K.

D. Ceramic, Pulse-Start, Metal-Halide Lamps: Minimum CRI 80, and color temperature 4000 K.

2.9 LIGHTING FIXTURE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

A. Comply with Division 16 Section "Electrical Supports" for channel- and angle-iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.

B. Single-Stem Hangers: 1/2-inch steel tubing with swivel ball fittings and ceiling canopy. Finish same as fixture.

C. Twin-Stem Hangers: Two, 1/2-inch steel tubes with single canopy designed to mount a single fixture. Finish same as fixture.

D. Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 3, soft temper, zinc-coated steel, 12 gage.

E. Wires for Humid Spaces: ASTM A 580/A 580M, Composition 302 or 304, annealed stainless steel, 12 gage.

F. Rod Hangers: 3/16-inch minimum diameter, cadmium-plated, threaded steel rod.

G. Hook Hangers: Integrated assembly matched to fixture and line voltage and equipped with threaded attachment, cord, and locking-type plug.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Lighting fixtures: Set level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls. Install lamps in each fixture.

B. Support for Lighting Fixtures in or on Grid-Type Suspended Ceilings: Use grid as a support element.

1. Install a minimum of four ceiling support system rods or wires for each fixture. Locate not more than 6 inches from lighting fixture corners.
2. Support Clips: Fasten to lighting fixtures and to ceiling grid members at or near each fixture corner with clips that are UL listed for the application.
3. Fixtures of Sizes Less Than Ceiling Grid: Install as indicated on reflected ceiling plans or center in acoustical panel, and support fixtures independently with at least two 3/4-inch metal channels spanning and secured to ceiling tees.
4. Install at least one independent support rod or wire from structure to a tab on lighting fixture. Wire or rod shall have breaking strength of the weight of fixture at a safety factor of 3.

C. Suspended Lighting Fixture Support:

1. Pendants and Rods: Where longer than 48 inches, brace to limit swinging.
2. Stem-Mounted, Single-Unit Fixtures: Suspend with twin-stem hangers.
3. Continuous Rows: Use tubing or stem for wiring at one point and tubing or rod for suspension for each unit length of fixture chassis, including one at each end.

D. Adjust aimable lighting fixtures to provide required light intensities.

E. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Test for Emergency Lighting: Interrupt power supply to demonstrate proper operation. Verify transfer from normal power to battery and retransfer to normal.

B. Prepare a written report of tests, inspections, observations, and verifications indicating and interpreting results. If adjustments are made to lighting system, retest to demonstrate compliance with standards.

END OF SECTION 16511

SECTION 16726
PUBLIC ADDRESS AND MASS NOTIFICATION SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Provide an extension to the existing student dining sound system. Replace the existing in-wall amplifier and relocate to student dining addition.

B. Section Includes:

1. Preamplifiers.
2. Power amplifiers.
3. Equipment cabinet.
4. Loudspeakers.
5. Conductors and cables.
6. Raceways.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Shop Drawings: For equipment cabinets and components. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
2. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.

    a. Identify terminals to facilitate installation, operation, and maintenance.
    b. Single-line diagram showing interconnection of components.
    c. Cabling diagram showing cable routing.

C. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.

D. Field quality-control reports.

E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For public address and mass notification systems to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.

1. Personnel certified by NICET as Audio Systems Level III Technician.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain public address and mass notification systems from single source from single manufacturer.

C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

D. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of system components and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Atlas Sound LP.
2. Dukane Communication Systems; part of GE Infrastructure, Security.
3. TOA Electronics, Inc.
4. Switchcraft.

2.2 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM

A. System Functions:

1. Selectively control sound from microphone outlets and other inputs.
2. Reproduce high-quality sound that is free of noise and distortion at all loudspeakers at all times during equipment operation including standby mode with inputs off; output free of nonuniform coverage of amplified sound.

2.3 GENERAL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Compatibility of Components: Coordinate component features to form an integrated system. Match components and interconnections for optimum performance of specified functions.

B. Equipment: Comply with UL 813. Equipment shall be modular, using solid-state components, and fully rated for continuous duty unless otherwise indicated. Select equipment for normal operation on input power usually supplied at 110 to 130 V, 60 Hz.

C. Equipment Mounting: Flush mounting cabinet. Mount top of backbox 72 inches above finished floor.

2.4 IN-WALL AMPLIFIER

A. Provide an in-wall mixer-amplifier, TOA Electronics Model W-912A.

1. 125 watt low distortion amplifier with transformer isolated outputs.
2. Six M-015 microphone line input modules.
3. Two U-01S unbalanced line input modules.
4. Nine band "Constant Q" built in equalizer.
5. Built-in compressor/limiter.
6. High-pass and low-pass switchable filters.

B. Provide flush mounting backbox, TOA Electronics Model BX9F.

2.5 LOUDSPEAKERS

A. Cone-Type Loudspeakers:

1. Minimum Axial Sensitivity: 95 dB at one meter, with 1-W input.
2. Frequency Response: Within plus or minus 3 dB from 30 to 20,000 Hz.
3. Size: 8 inches with 1-inch voice coil and minimum 10-oz. ceramic magnet.
4. Rated Output Level: 15 W.
5. Matching Transformer: Full-power rated with four taps. Maximum insertion loss of 0.5 dB.

B. Loudspeaker Grille and Backbox:

1. 11 x 11 x 4 inch heavy-duty steel backbox with undercoating. Atlas Sound Model SE161-R.
2. 10-3/4 x 10-3/4 inch square cast aluminum alloy grille/baffle white finish (to match existing). Furnish with ceiling grid supports. Atlas Sound Model VP161-R8.

2.6 OUTLETS

A. Microphone Outlet: Three-pole, polarized, locking-type, microphone receptacles in single-gang boxes. Equip wall outlets with brushed stainless-steel device plates.

1. Microphone outlets shall be Switchcraft Model J3FS.

2.7 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

A. Jacketed, twisted pair and twisted multipair, untinned solid copper.

1. Speaker Cable: West Penn 25225, 2 conductor 16 AWG, unshielded.
2. Microphone Cable: West Penn 25292, 2 conductor 20 AWG twisted pair, shielded with 22 AWG drain wire.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WIRING METHODS

A. Wiring Method: Install cables in raceways except within cabinets. Conceal raceway and cables except in unfinished spaces.

1. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Division 16 Section "Raceways and Boxes."

B. Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train cables to terminal points with no excess and without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF RACEWAYS

A. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Raceways and Boxes" for installation of conduits and wireways.

B. Install manufactured conduit sweeps and long-radius elbows whenever possible.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CABLES

A. Comply with NECA 1.

B. General Cable Installation Requirements:

1. Terminate conductors; no cable shall contain unterminated elements. Make terminations only at outlets and terminals.
2. Splices, Taps, and Terminations: Arrange on numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes; terminal cabinets; and equipment enclosures. Cables may not be spliced.
3. Secure and support cables at intervals not exceeding 30 inches and not more than 6 inches from cabinets, boxes, fittings, outlets, racks, frames, and terminals.
4. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii. Install lacing bars and distribution spools.
5. Do not install bruised, kinked, scored, deformed, or abraded cable. Do not splice cable between termination, tap, or junction points. Remove and discard cable if damaged during installation and replace it with new cable.
6. Cold-Weather Installation: Bring cable to room temperature before dereeling. Heat lamps shall not be used.

C. Separation of Wires: Separate speaker-microphone, line-level, speaker-level, and power wiring runs. Install in separate raceways or, where exposed or in same enclosure, separate conductors at least 12 inches apart for speaker microphones and adjacent parallel power and telephone wiring. Separate other intercommunication equipment conductors as recommended by equipment manufacturer.

3.4 INSTALLATION

A. Tap speaker transformers to match levels of existing loud speakers.

B. Rewire existing microphone outlets to new amplifier location. Replace existing outlets with new outlet jack plates.

C. Match input and output impedances and signal levels at signal interfaces. Provide matching networks where required.

D. Identification of Conductors and Cables: Color-code conductors and apply wire and cable marking tape to designate wires and cables so they identify media in coordination with system wiring diagrams.

E. Equipment Cabinets and Racks:

1. Group items of same function together, either vertically or side by side, and arrange controls symmetrically. Mount monitor panel above the amplifiers.
2. Arrange all inputs, outputs, interconnections, and test points so they are accessible at rear of rack for maintenance and testing, with each item removable from rack without disturbing other items or connections.

F. Wall-Mounted Outlets: Flush mounted.

G. Speaker-Line Matching Transformer Connections: Make initial connections using tap settings indicated on Drawings.

H. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.5 GROUNDING

A. Ground cable shields and equipment to eliminate shock hazard and to minimize ground loops, common-mode returns, noise pickup, cross talk, and other impairments.

B. Signal Ground Terminal: Locate at main equipment cabinet. Isolate from power system and equipment grounding.

C. Install grounding electrodes as specified in Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.

B. Perform tests and inspections.

1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.

C. Tests and Inspections:

1. Schedule tests with at least seven days' advance notice of test performance.
2. After installing public address and mass notification systems and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
3. Operational Test: Perform tests that include originating program and page messages at microphone outlets, preamplifier program inputs, and other inputs. Verify proper routing and volume levels and that system is free of noise and distortion.
4. Signal-to-Noise Ratio Test: Measure signal-to-noise ratio of complete system at normal gain settings as follows:

    a. Disconnect microphone at connector or jack closest to it and replace it in the circuit with a signal generator using a 1000-Hz signal. Replace all other microphones at corresponding connectors with dummy loads, each equal in impedance to microphone it replaces. Measure signal-to-noise ratio.
    b. Repeat test for each separately controlled zone of loudspeakers.
    c. Minimum acceptance ratio is 50 dB.

5. Distortion Test: Measure distortion at normal gain settings and rated power. Feed signals at frequencies of 50, 200, 400, 1000, 3000, 8000, and 12,000 Hz into each preamplifier channel. For each frequency, measure distortion in the paging and all-call amplifier outputs. Maximum acceptable distortion at any frequency is 3 percent total harmonics.
6. Acoustic Coverage Test: Feed pink noise into system using octaves centered at 500 and 4000 Hz. Use sound-level meter with octave-band filters to measure level at five locations in each zone.
7. Signal Ground Test: Measure and report ground resistance at pubic address equipment signal ground. Comply with testing requirements specified in Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

D. Inspection: Verify that units and controls are properly labeled and interconnecting wires and terminals are identified. Prepare a list of final tap settings of paging speaker-line matching transformers.

E. Public address and mass notification systems will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

F. Prepare test and inspection reports.

1. Include a record of final speaker-line matching transformer-tap settings, and signal ground-resistance measurement certified by Installer.

3.7 ADJUSTING

A. On-Site Assistance: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to provide on-site assistance in adjusting sound levels, resetting transformer taps, and adjusting controls to meet occupancy conditions.

B. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.8 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain the public address and mass notification systems and equipment.

END OF SECTION 16726

Barton Malow

Design/Construction Services

Troy School District
2004 Bond Program
Troy, MI

Troy High School – Phase II

Bid Package # 9390

Addendum #1

Issue Date: February 26, 2007

Bid Due Date: March 6, 2007 @ 3PM

Barton Malow
Design/Construction Services

Client:	Troy School District
Project Name:	Troy High School – Phase II Bid Pack No. 9390
Location	Troy, Michigan
Project Number:	041049
Issue Date:	February 26, 2007

Construction / Services

ADDENDUM No. 1

BID DATE: March 6, 2007

BID TIME: 3:00 PM; Local Time
Location: Troy School District
1140 Rankin
Troy, MI 48083

This Addendum is required to inform Bidders of revisions to the Contract Documents.

All requirements contained in the Contract Documents shall apply to this Addendum and the general character of the work called for in this Addendum shall be the same as originally set forth in the applicable portions of the contract.

This Addendum is hereby made a part of the Contract Documents and shall assume its position of relevance in the Contract Documents.

Drawings **Are NOT** issued with this Addendum. Corrections are italicized and/or underlined.

The following are included as part of this Addendum:

1. Kingscott Architect Inc. portion of the Addendum (5 pages)
2. Pre-Bid Meeting Minutes (5 pages)
3. Pre-Bid Meeting "Sign in Sheet" (1 page)
4. Work Scope Clarifications (1 page)
5. Work Scope 2.1 – Sitework re-issued (4 pages)
6. RFI's -7 Questions (31 pages)
    a. Substitution Requests are located in this section
7. Project Manual Section 00230 Schedule re-issued (15)
8. Plan holders Listing (3 pages)

Kingscott Associates, Inc.
Architects/Engineers
Kalamazoo, MI
February 22, 2006

Troy High School
Bid Package 9390
Troy School District
A/E #2643-16 DF

ADDENDUM NO. 1

SPECIAL NOTE:
The Notice to Bidders, Instructions to Bidders, General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, Supplementary Conditions of the Contract for Construction, and all modifications and previously issued Contract Documentation are a part of this Addendum.

SCOPE OF WORK:
The following items are changes, additions, deletions, clarifications and/or errors and omissions in plans and specifications, and shall be considered by each Bidder in making up and submitting his proposal. All of these items shall be considered a part of the Contract Documents.

NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS:
All Bidders shall take note of all items covered by this Addendum. Each Bidder shall review the total scope of his responsibilities with respect to his contract work and his interface with the work of others, as well as his required interface with their work.

ATTACHMENTS:

Specification Section 01230 – Alternates

SPECIFICATIONS:

Section 01230 – Alternates

Section 08800 - Glazing

1. Refer to 2.3: 90 minute glazing in the Dining Area doors and side lights shall be 2.3C - Laminated Ceramic Glazing Material.

Section 15181 – Hydronic Piping

1. Refer to 2.5, B., 1. Add "Tour Andersson" to the list of approved Manufacturers.

Section 12355 – Institutional Casework

1. Refer to 2.1, A., 1. Add "Mica-Tec" to the list of approved Manufacturers.

Section 09621 – Fluid-Applied Sports Flooring

1. Aacer MPsport may bid as an alternate to the specified product.

DRAWINGS:

Sheet A0.1 – First Floor Composite Plan – Unit D

1. Provide hollow metal vision lights at Computer Lab 261. The existing wall is masonry with a gypsum board finish on the corridor side. Refer to the attached drawing Sheet No. 1 for details.

Sheet A1.2C – First Floor Plan – Unit C

1. Refer to Training #7225 and Girl's Coach #7226. Revise floor finish color in hexagon to be 2 in lieu of 1.

Sheet A1.5 – Exist. Press Box – Floor Plans/Elevations

1. Refer to sheet title. Revise to read "Press Box – Floor Plans/Elevations"
2. Provide a general note to read as follows: Alternate A-1: Provide an alternate to install a pre-fabricated press box with similar finishes to the press box shown. Provide all required walk-ways, stairs, roof hatch, ship's ladder, counters, windows, structural framing, mechanical and electrical components similar to those shown on this drawing and structural, mechanical and electrical drawings. Modify existing bleachers to accommodate access to new press box.
3. Refer to all building sections and details. Substitute 5/8" sheathing for all 7/16" sheathing shown.

Sheet A 4.2 – Wall Sections

1. Refer to 3/A4.2 – Wall Section at Dining. Revise the wall section as shown on the attached drawing Sheet No. 2. This change decreases the height of the hollow metal frame to coordinate with the change to Door 9001B, lowers the masonry lintel, and fills the remaining space with masonry.

Sheet A 6.1 – Door Schedule

1. Refer to the Door Schedule, Doors 3220A, 3220B, 3220D, 3220E, 3220E, 3220F, and 9001B. Change the door material to steel.
2. Refer to the Door Schedule, Doors 3220C and 9001A. Change the door material to aluminum.
3. Refer to the Door Schedule, Door 9001B. Revise the frame type to 6.
4. Refer to Door Type FG. Revise the horizontal dimensions from "5-1/2" to "6". Revise the vertical dimensions, starting at the floor, to "1'-1", 1'-5", 6", 1'-5", 6", 1'-5", and 6". This changes the light sizes to the maximum 1296 square inches per leaf allowed.
5. Refer to Door Frame Type 5. Omit Frame Type 5.
6. Refer to Door Frame Type 9. Delete the note "see schedule for transom panel material". Revise the dimension note from "See Sch." to "Match Existing".

Sheet S1.1 – Foundation Plan

1. In answer to RFI 005 and RFI 006, "How many columns on 3C line are new?"
   3C, 322 - Exist. 8" dia. X-strong pipe
   3C, 321 - Exist. 8" dia. X-strong pipe
   3C, 320 - New HSS 8.625x0.5
   3C, 319 - New HSS 8.625x0.5
   3C, 318 - New HSS 8.625x0.5
   3C, southernmost canopy column - Exist. 8" dia. X-strong pipe

Sheet S4.2 – Pressbox Framing Plans & Typical Details

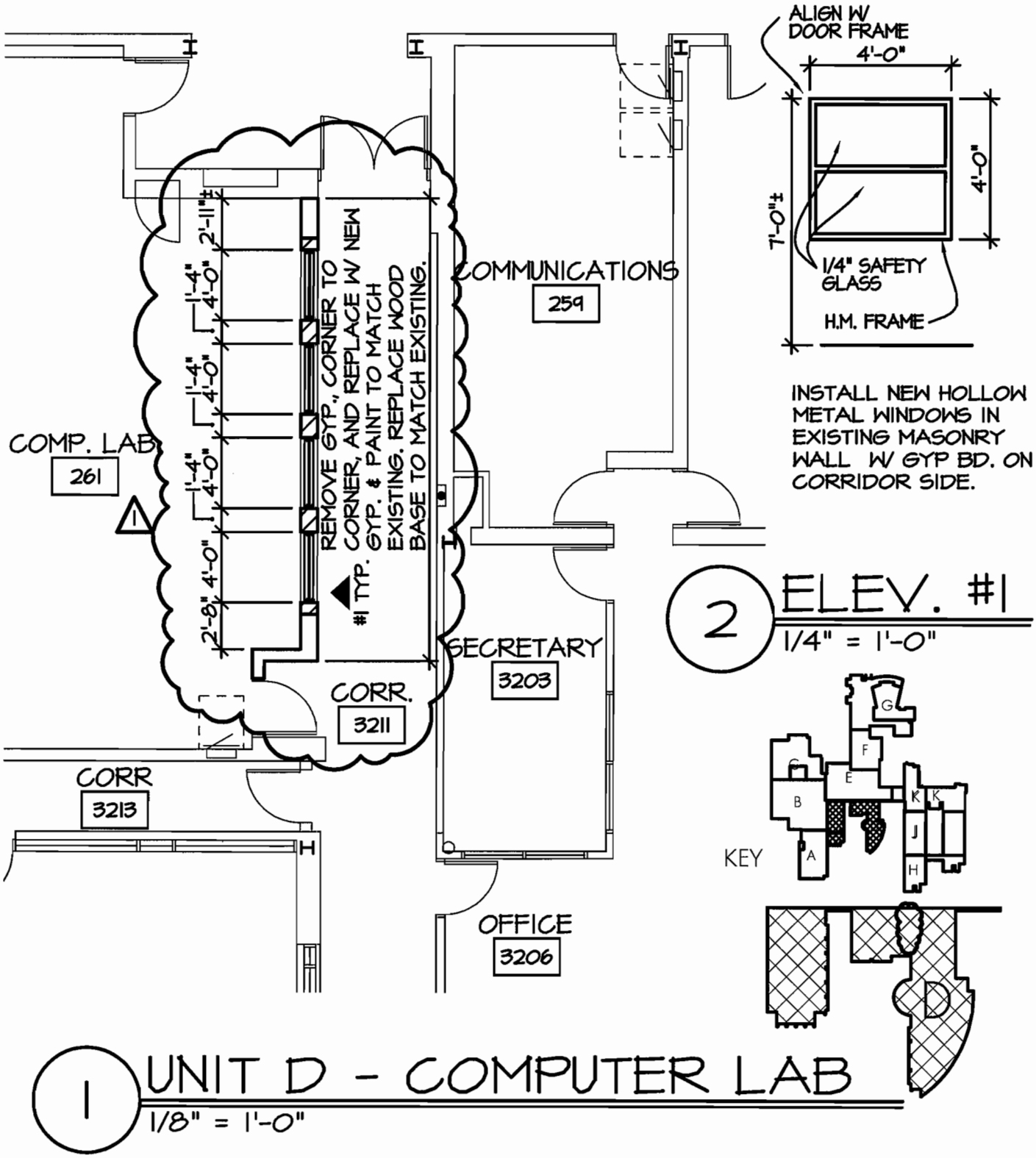
1. Provide a general note to read as follows: Alternate A-1: Provide an alternate to install a pre-fabricated press box similar to the size shown. Provide all required foundation and structural framing to construct.
2. Refer to all sections and floor and roof framing notes. Provide 5/8" APA rated sheathing in lieu of 7/16".

Sheet E0.1B – Pressbox & Ticket Booth Lighting Plans

1. Refer to Visitor Pressbox Lighting Plan. Provide a general note to read as follows: Alternate A-1: Provide an alternate to install a pre-fabricated press box with interior and exterior lighting similar to equipment as shown on this drawing.

Sheet E0.1C – Pressbox & Ticket Booth Power Plans

1. Refer to Visitor Pressbox Power Plan. Provide a general note to read as follows: Alternate A-1: Provide an alternate to install a pre-fabricated press box with convenience receptacles, electric radiant heating panels, spring wound controls, lighting panel, step-down transformer and service disconnect switch as shown on this drawing.



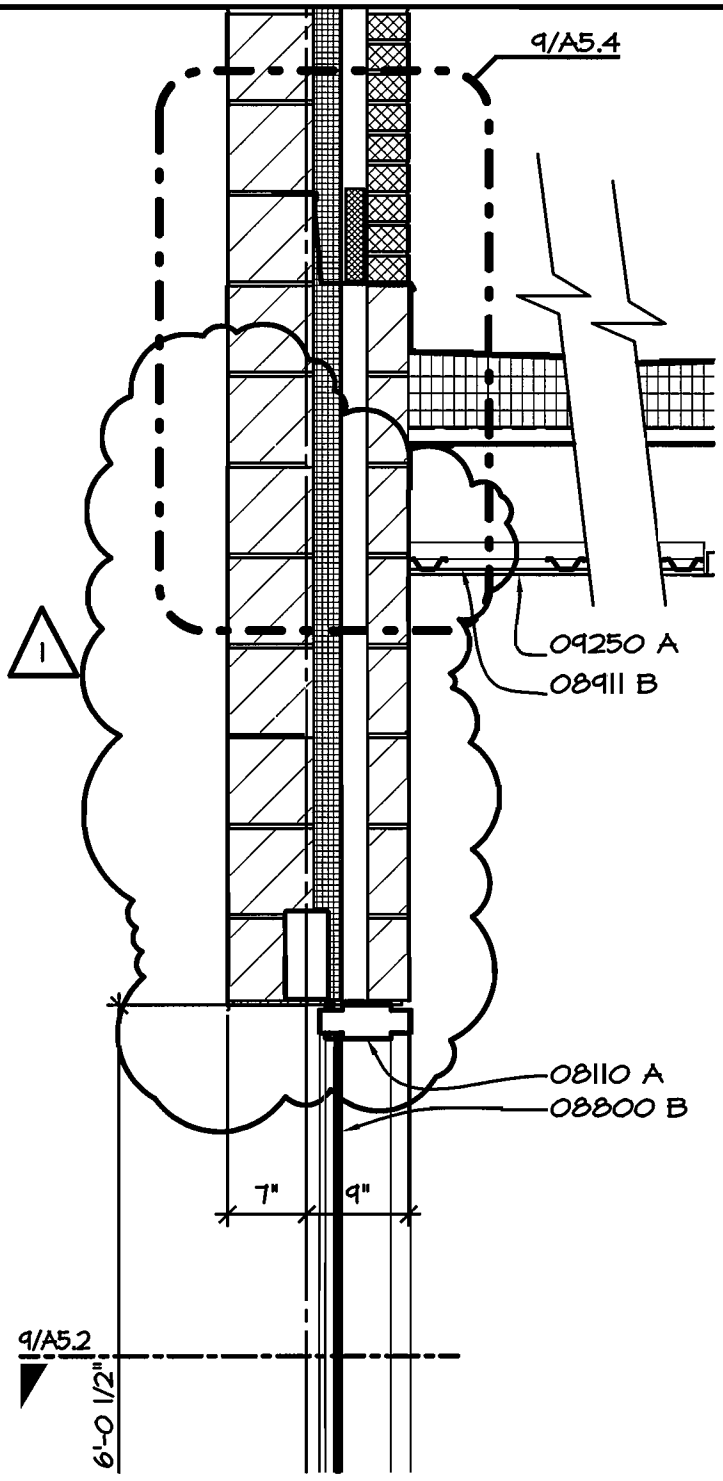
1 UNIT D - COMPUTER LAB

1/8" = 1'-0"

2 ELEV. #1

1/4" = 1'-0"

Kingscott Architecture, Engineering, Interior Design	ADDENDUM #1 JOB NUMBER: 2643.16 DATE: 2-22-07	JOB NAME: TROY HIGH SCHOOL PHASE II TROY, MICHIGAN
		SHEET NO. 1



1 WALL SECTION

3/4" = 1'-0"

(A4.2)

ADDENDUM #1	JOB NAME: TROY HIGH SCHOOL PHASE II TROY, MICHIGAN	
JOB NUMBER: 2643.16		
DATE: 2-22-07		SHEET NO. 2

Barton Malow
Design/Construction Services

Pre-Bid Meeting Minutes

Phase 2 - Troy High School (BP#9390)

Troy High Phase 2 Pre-Bid Meeting 1

Date	Start	End	Next Meeting	Next Time	Prepared By	Company
2/6/2007	03:00 PM	04:00 PM			Kelly Stahley	Barton Malow Company

Purpose	Location	General Notes
Pre-Bid Meeting The purpose of this meeting was to discuss and review the project, scheduling, bidding documents, and answer questions before the bid due date for the Phase 2 - Troy High School Additions & Renovations BP #9390 project.	Troy High School 4777 Northfield Parkway Troy, MI 48098	BID OPENING TUESDAY, March 6, 2007 @ 3:00PM ATTACHMENTS Meeting Sign-In Sheet

Attended By	Non-Attendees
Barton Malow Company - Leah Bossert	
Barton Malow Company - Kelly Stahley	
Barton Malow Company - Andrea Wright	
Barton Malow Company - Jim Bishop	

Item	Meeting Item Description	Resp	Status	Due Date	Compl'd	Cls'd
New Business						
1-1	Introduction of Barton Malow and Kingscott personnel.	Andrea Wright (BMC)				Yes
1-2	Andrea chaired the Pre-Bid meeting. Bidding requirements and contract information was discussed in general. Emphasis was placed on administrative requirements, scope of work, and schedule. Questions generated during the meeting are responded to on sheets attached to these minutes. These minutes are distributed under cover of an addendum and become part of the contract documents. Work Scope Clarifications are also issued as an attachment to these minutes.					Yes
1-3	All Bidders should possess the following bid documents: *Barton Malow Company Project Manual, dated January 31, 2007. *Conditions of the Contract and Specifications, dated January 15, 2007. *Construction Documents for Phase 2 - Troy High Additions & Renovations (BP#9390) prepared by Kingscott Associates, Inc., dated January 15, 2007.					Yes
1-4	Description of the overall scope of the project which includes: A. Troy School District, Phase 2 - Troy High School Additions & Renovations, bid pack #9390. The additions to Troy High consists of a 3,300 sq. ft. cafeteria addition, a 2,600 sq. ft. mat storage addition, and two 330 sq. ft. instrument storage room additions. The renovation work consists of new toilet partitions, interior lighting, and acoustical treatments in the gym and pool areas as well as different components and systems throughout. The Athletic field work consists of a new press box and a 164 sq. ft. ticket booth building.					Yes

Item	Meeting Item Description	Resp	Status	Due Date	Compl'd	Cls'd
New Business						
	The Athletic field site work consists of fencing, asphalt drives and parking areas, curbs, gutters and sidewalks, unit pavers and minimal landscaping.					
1-5	Instruction to Bidders, Section 00200 in the Project Manual was reviewed. Bidders were reminded to take into account all portions of Instruction to Bidders and not just the areas highlighted herein. A. If adequate time is not available to clarify the bid documents, bidders may present their interpretation and/or clarification of the bidding documents on the bid or in an attached letter. B. Bidders should include the cost of any necessary permits. C. Bidders must comply with the prevailing wage rate schedule issued in the Project Manual. D. If a conflict exists regarding assignment of work between drawing notes and work scopes, the work scopes will take precedence. E. All bidders were directed to review, in detail, coordination requirements.					No
1-6	Bid security in the form of a bond from a qualified surety, certified check or cashiers check in the amount of 5% of the bid amount will be required at the time of bid. This is described in the Project Manual, Section 00200.					No
1-7	This project IS NOT exempt from state sale tax and/or use tax per Project Manual Section 00200.					No
1-8	Description of the Work, Section 00210 was reviewed. The following items were highlighted. A. If a conflict exists regarding assignment of work between drawing notes and work scopes, the work scopes will take precedence. B. All bidders were directed to review, in detail, coordination requirements.					No
1-9	Section 02300, Schedule and Phasing in the Project Manual was reviewed. A. The additions and renovations to Troy High School are scheduled to start on April 9th, 2007 and turn over to Troy School District by August 20th, 2007. The athletic field work is scheduled to start June 4th, 2007 and turn over to the Troy School District by August 20th, 2007. The contractor will be responsible to complete all work by the completion dates listed above. B. See project manual section 00230 - Schedule and Phasing for further clarification.					No
1-10	Receipt of Bids - Sealed bids will be received by Troy School District on Tuesday, March 6, 2007 at 3:00pm, local time. Local time will be established by the clock located in the Rankin Building. Bids will be publicly opened and read aloud promptly at 3:00pm in the Rankin Building.					Yes
1-11	Successful contractor will enter in a contract agreement with Troy School District. The contractual documents used shall be the AIA A101/CMA 1992 Edition.					No
1-12	Bids will be received at 1140 Rankin Dr. in Troy, MI.					Yes
1-14	The Bid Form located in the Project Manual, Section 00400 was reviewed. Bidders were reminded to fill out					Yes

Item	Meeting Item Description	Resp	Status	Due Date	Compl'd	Cls'd
New Business						
	completely, use original signatures, and submit in triplicate. Pay special attention to the Familial Disclosure Statement. This MUST be included with the bid form.					
1-15	Performance and Payment Bonds are required if the contractor enters into a contract with Troy Community Schools. See Project Manual, Section 00610. The costs of bonds are to be included in the base bid.					Yes
1-17	If awarded contract, bidders insurance coverage will be as required by the Project Manual, Section 00620.Troy School District will carry Builder's Risk Insurance. Any contractor making a claim against this insurance will be responsible for the $1,000.00 deductible.					Yes
1-18	General Conditions of the Contract Section 00700. A. Bidders were reminded to pay attention to Article 3.9 Superintendent and the qualifications therein.					Yes
1-19	Project Manual, Section 00810, On-Site Project Safety and Loss Control Program should be reviewed. The successful contractor will be required to submit the BMC Trade Contractor Safety Certificate upon entering into contract with Troy School District. Your EMR rating must be listed in your bid form.					Yes
1-20	Please review and understand Section 01140 of the Project Manual. Contractors must pay special attention to work around students/staff.					Yes
1-21	Section 01140 of the Project Manual. A. There is to be NO construction traffic to or from the Troy High School site between the hours of 7:10am-7:55am and between the hours of 2:10pm-2:55pm. This is to ensure the safety of students and staff. B. Job hours for this project will be 7:00am-3:30pm. C. The City of Troy has a noise ordinance which states: "The erection (including excavating), demolition, alteration, or repair of any building, the excavation and/or grading of streets, highways, or private property other than between the hours of 7:00am and 8:00pm on Mondays through Saturdays, unless a permit be first obtained from the Building Department for building work or from the Engineering Department for street work (Title IX - Police Regulations).	Jim Bishop (BMC)				Yes
1-22	Section 01250, Changes in the Work, was reviewed. The type of documents issued by the Architect include Addendum, Architect Supplemental Instructions (ASI), and Construction Change Directives (CCD) and will be issued by Barton Malow via Construction Change Directive-Notice to Proceed or Construction Change Directive-For Quotation Only and Subcontract Change Orders.	Kelly Stahley (BMC)				Yes
1-23	Pay application process, Section 01290 of the Project Manual. Pencil draft is due the 20th of each month and must be submitted prior to submission of final copies. Final copies (4) are due in the office by the 25th of every month. In the event a Barton Malow Company (BMCO) team member does not comment on the pencil draft, final copies are still due on the 25th. Any changes necessary will be the responsibility of BMCO. *The billing cycle ends on the 20th of the month. Please	Kelly Stahley (BMC)				Yes

Item	Meeting Item Description	Resp	Status	Due Date	Compl'd	Cls'd
New Business						
	note: contractors are not to forecast billing through the end of the month.					
1-24	All communication should happen via Barton Malow. As Construction Manager, BMCO will communicate with the Owner, Architect, Engineer and Contractors.	Kelly Stahley (BMC)				Yes
1-25	Section 01330 of the Project Manual was reviewed. A submittal schedule will be issued at the contractor Kick-Off Meeting. Contractors will be held responsible for not providing submittals in a timely manner. Material Compliance Certificates can be used for some specification sections. Refer to Section 01330 in the Project Manual.					Yes
1-26	If a contractor requires CAD backgrounds from the Architect, a cost will be incurred. A description of the calculation of costs can be found in Section 01330 (5.03-E) of the Project Manual.	Kelly Stahley (BMC)				Yes
1-27	Section 01450, Testing and Inspection Services will generally be provided by Troy School District (through the services of TEC). Independent testing is required in some work scopes and must be included in the bid.	Andrea Wright (BMC)				Yes
1-28	Section 01520, Temporary Construction Facilities and Controls of the Project Manual. A. Rest rooms will be provided by the Owner. B. All materials, debris, trash, soil, concrete, etc. generated due to construction, and not required, must be removed offsite and disposed of properly by the contractor. C. Dumpsters will be provided for those work scopes as stated.					Yes
1-29	Section 01530, Layout, in the Project Manual. Contractors are responsible for their work scope layout. BMCO will provide some building lines.					Yes
1-30	The following items were reviewed from section 01550, Clean Up and Final Cleaning, from the Project Manual. *Each contractor shall be responsible for direct, daily, weekly, and final cleanup of their work and the work of their subcontractors. *Each contractor must participate in weekly cleaning as detailed.					Yes
1-31	Section 01600, Forms, of the Project Manual. Contractors were reminded to use the BMCO RFI form. Copies of the forms are included in the Project Manual. RFIs must be submitted to BMCO (via fax) at 248-823-4672 by the end of day (5pm) on Wednesday, February 21st, 2007. All RFIs will be included in the Addendum. The addendum should be received by each contractor by February 27th, 2007.	Kelly Stahley (BMC)				Yes
1-32	Prior to award of contract, each bidder will be required to be submit labor, equipment, and tool rates for all trades involved in their scope of work.	Andrea Wright (BMC)				Yes
1-33	Site Walk Through - Contractors were invited to walk through Troy High School to look at existing spaces. A. Cafeteria B. Gymnasium C. Pool					Yes

Item	Meeting Item Description	Resp	Status	Due Date	Compl'd	Cls'd
New Business						
	D. Location of new mat storage room E. Location of two new music storage rooms					
1-34	Additional Information Disclosed: A. Please keep in mind, there is NO Demo contractor for this bid package. B. Please pay special attention and review the demo notes located behind project manual section 00210. C. Temporary fencing IS part of the 2.1 Workscope.	Andrea Wright (BMC)				No

Cc:	Company Name	Contact Name	Copies	Notes

These minutes constitute our understanding of the proceedings of the meeting, and it will be considered correct unless the writer is notified within ten (10) days of the date of distribution.

Sincerely,

Leah Bossert
Project Manager

cc: All Attendees, File

Barton Malow
Design/Construction Services

Meeting Sign In Sheet

by Meeting

041049 - Troy Schools 2004 Bond Program

Tel: Fax:

Troy High Phase 2 Pre-Bid Meeting 1

Date	Start	End	Next Meetin	Next Time	Prepared By	Company
2/6/2007	03:00 PM	04:15 PM			Kelly Stahley	Barton Malow Company

Purpose
Pre-Bid Meeting
The purpose of this meeting was to discuss and review the project, scheduling, bidding documents, and answer questions before the bid due date for the Phase 2 - Troy High School Additions & Renovations BP #9390 project.

Location
Troy High School
4777 Northfield Parkway
Troy, MI 48098

General Notes
BID OPENING
TUESDAY, March 6, 2007
@ 3:00PM

Attended By

Initials	Company - Contact Name	e-Mail Address	Telephone
AW	Barton Malow Company - Andrea Wright	andrea.wright@bartonmalow.com	248-823-4631
JB	Barton Malow Company - Jim Bishop	jim.bishop@bartonmalow.com	248 823-4631
KS	Barton Malow Company - Kelly Stahley	kelly.stahley@bartonmalow.com	248 823-4631
LSB	Barton Malow Company - Leah Bossert	leah.bossert@bartonmalow.com	248 823-4631

Unity Const.	Jeff Lang	810 743 6702	
CONVENTIONAL CARPET	HOWARD SHOCK	586-739-6090	
UNION CONSTR. SERVICE	DENIS GAGNON	313-824-3330	313-824-6900 FAX
Royal Roofing	Don Arrigo	248-276-7663	248-276-9170 fax
John E Green Co	Don Sutton	313-868-2400	313 868-0011
King-Scott	Joan Notewade		
Barton Malow	Tim Bishop		
G.M. Painting	Edward Meier	248-444-6770	
Brazen & Greer	Sasha Barker	734-542-0599	

Work Scope Clarifications
Troy High School – Phase II
Bid Pack #9390

Note:

Troy School District has stated that no construction traffic is allowed to or from Troy High School between the hours of 7:10 a.m. – 7:55 a.m. and 2:10 p.m. – 2:55 p.m. This is to ensure the safety of their students while school is in session.

Bid Category – Sitework 2.1

- The Troy School District will be responsible for the entire circle parking lot(s) re-work near the front entrance of the school. This work is NOT to be included in the bid for bid category 2.1 – Sitework.
- The Troy School District will be responsible for all remaining paving and curbs as designated on the drawings. This includes the parking lot North of the athletic field and the small area of paving near the matt storage addition. Troy School District will be responsible for all demo, curbs/ramps, asphalt, tactile warning strips, and striping. This work is NOT to be included in the bid for bid category 2.1 – Sitework.
- Change work scope item #3 to read – "This contractor is to install silt fence around the entire site perimeter along the construction site fencing, along both sides of the temporary construction drive, and as noted on the civil drawings."
- See "Re-Issued" Work scope section 2.1 – Sitework.

SECTION 00220
WORK SCOPE

BID CATEGORY – Site Construction 2.1

The Work of this Bid Category includes but is not limited to providing all labor, equipment, materials, scaffolding, hoisting and incidentals to complete all in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable codes. All Work is to be performed as shown on the plans and specified in the following technical Specification sections:

Section	Name
01731	Cutting and Patching
01732	Selective Demolition
02230	Site Clearing
02300	Earthwork
	Geotechnical Soils Report
02630	Storm Drainage
02741	Hot Mix Asphalt Paving
02751	Cement Concrete Pavement
02780	Unit Pavers
02821	Galvanized Steel Chain Linked Fences and Gates
02825	Decorative Metal Fences and Gates
02840	Walk, Road and Parking Appurtenances
02920	Lawns and Grasses

In addition to the above, this Bid Category requires adherence to but not limited to the Bidding Documents, the Bidding and Contract requirements and Division 1 General Requirements of the Project Manual and coordination with various other technical Specifications interfacing with this Work. The Bidder is advised to review the Work descriptions of the other Bid Categories as set forth in Section 00210 of the Project Manual so as to not misunderstand scope responsibilities.

THE SCOPE OF WORK IS TO INCLUDE, but is not limited to, the following items:

1. There is no demolition contractor in this bid package. This contractor is responsible for demolition in his/her sections as well as the demolition as it is noted on the Architectural Demolition Notes, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. These work scope assignments are to be included in your base bid.

2. Furnish, install and maintain temporary construction road and lay down area as shown on Temporary Road Plan, which can be found behind Project Manual section 00210 – Description of the Work/Special Provisions. The road is to begin at Northfield Parkway and run through the retention pond as directed. A sheet piling retaining wall may be necessary. This includes stripping the ground surface at location of road. Temporary road is to consist of 6" 1x3 stone aggregate on geo-textile fabric, choke with 21AA, 20'-0" wide. Remove temporary construction road and lay down area prior to final restoration and restore site to original condition. This includes removal and replacement of concrete and / or asphalt walks, asphalt paving and restoration of retention pond. Coordinate removal of disposal of temp road with Barton Malow for potential relocation to another site.

3. *This contractor is to install silt fence around the entire site perimeter along the construction site fencing, along both sides of the temporary construction drive, and as noted on the civil drawings.*

4. This contractor is responsible to provide (2) left turn only signs to be located at entrance of temporary road as directed by BMC.

5. This contractor will be responsible to install, maintain, and remove a firm, properly graded, and drained area for the steel erector. This area must be readily accessible to the work and have adequate space for the safe storage of material and the safe operation of construction activities. The area shall be stripped of topsoil, and cut to level and suitable to install geo textile fabric, a large aggregate base, and a topping of 21AA. Coordinate exact location with Barton Malow. Total area shall equal 20,000 sq. ft. This contractor will remove all temporary materials from site and restore area to existing grades utilizing suitable backfill, topsoil, and seeding.

6. Maintain street sweeping between front parking lot and athletic field as well as delivery routes along Northfield Parkway from 200' south of temporary road to Long Lake Road twice per week through duration of project.

7. Control dust, created due to the execution of work in this contract, and maintain clean roadways entering into the campus where all contractors, suppliers, and deliveries will travel.

8. This contractor is responsible to maintain and keep all site utilities/systems in working order that are within the work limits. Site utilities should be identified and marked by this contractor to proactively prevent interruptions in service. Employ the service of an independent contractor (such as **Power Plus – 248-344-0200**) to identify and mark underground services. Provide as-built drawings to BMC for distribution to other trades. It is this contractors responsibility to review survey drawings and Barton Malow record drawings prior to excavation. It is also this contractors responsibility to walk site with the Barton Malow superintendent before start of work.

9. Perform all layouts as required to complete the work of this contract.

10. This contractor is responsible to have on-site supervision by this contractor for all sub-contractors for any work occurring within this work scope.

11. Temporary fencing and permanent fencing is the responsibility of this contractor.

12. This contractor is responsible for all site demolition, clearing, grubbing and removal of existing pavement. Remove all spoils generated from this contractor's work.

13. Only wet cutting will be permitted on silica containing materials.

14. New drive throats must be constructed per City of Troy requirements. It is this contractor's responsibility to ensure drive throats are installed correctly and per City of Troy specifications.

15. ADA Tactile Detectable Warning Strips are the responsibility of this contractor.

16. Perform all rough and finish grading. Establish sub-grade for building pad at all additions. Place topsoil and seed where shown on drawings.

17. Furnish and install all landscaping as specified and shown.

18. Re-grade and establish building pad elevations following completion of foundation work.

19. This contractor is responsible to have all necessary equipment on site for proof roll(s).

20. Furnish and install all asphalt paving, concrete paving, concrete sidewalks, concrete curbs and gutters. Re-grade and dress all existing areas of stone base and sub base prior to placement of wearing course and curbs.

21. Perform all dewatering necessary for any contractor.

22. Furnish and install all necessary site signage per plans and specifications.

23. Provide 48-hour notice to the Construction Manager prior to placement of backfill, concrete and asphalt so the testing laboratory can be scheduled to test these materials. This contractor will be responsible for the cost of emergency testing services if the 48-hour notice is not given. The contractor's on-site foreman shall be present during testing and field reviews conducted by various inspection agencies.

24. Coordinate with the site superintendent regarding a designated wash out area. It will be this contractor's responsibility to remove their spoils at the appropriate time.

25. Furnish and install per code all underground piping and structures. It is this contractor's responsibility to bring all underground piping within 5'-0" of the building. Coordinate as needed with the Mechanical, Electrical and the City of Troy for necessary inspections.

26. Furnish, install, maintain and replace if needed, all erosion control measures and protection barriers, tree protection and drainage structure protection that is in place and is required by authorities having jurisdiction, until City of Troy acceptance is granted, erosion control measures are this contractor's responsibility.

27. Reference Geo Tech report and notes on S1.1 pertaining to soil conditions. Imported engineered fill shall be furnished and placed beneath building additions and parking lots.

28. This contractor shall provide a soil erosion operator and comply with the Environmental Protection Agency's storm water regulations and the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality's National Pollutant Elimination System. This includes, but is not limited to, inspection of the soil erosion and sedimentation control practices once a week and within 24 hours of a rainfall. A written report including photographs of the inspection and the maintenance of a log of written reports is requested. The inspections must start with the commencement of the construction schedule and continue until the site is completely stabilized and a Notice of Termination is filed with the M.D.E.Q. Copies of the reports must be forwarded monthly to BMC.

29. Dumpsters will NOT be provided by the owner for this category. Include use and disposal of dumpsters in this bid.

30. Final cleaning and/or brooming of surfaces must be performed prior to owner turnover.

31. Include an allowance of $20,000, for maintenance of concrete, asphalt, wood and/or stone paths to be used at Barton Malow's discretion. Any and all time tickets pertaining to this allowance are to be signed by Barton Malow and submitted on a daily basis. No time tickets will be accepted unendorsed. Allowance when billed shall be exclusive of mark-ups and fees. Include these costs in your base bid.

EXCLUDED FROM THIS CONTRACTOR'S WORK is:

1. **N/A**

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. This Bidder is required to submit unit prices identified in the Bidding Documents which pertain to their work. These prices must be separate from their base bid on the Bid Proposal Form as described in Section 0200 Instructions to Bidders.

2. All work under this scope shall comply with proper trade jurisdictions, even if it is necessary to assemble composite crews or subcontract to appropriate trades.

3. The special provisions outlined in **Section 00210 Description of the Work** form a part of this bid category work description and apply to this Bidder's scope of work.

4. Take special precautions when working near occupied spaces with regards to fumes, noise and pollution levels. Some work may be necessary to be performed after the school day is over at this contractor expense.

5. Any in-place temporary protection that requires any disassembly to perform work, etc. must be replaced by contractor installing new work. Temporary protection must be restored to condition intended.

6. Section **00410, Familial Disclosure Statement, must** be filled out and included with your Bid for your Bid to be accepted.

END OF SECTION 00220 – SITE CONSTRUCTION 2.1

Troy High School - Phase II

Pre-Bid RFI Log

RFI No.	IN DATE	QUESTION	RESPONSE	REPLY DATE	DISTRIBUTION
1	12-Feb-07	Substitution Request - Spec Section 09621 (Fluid Applied Sports Flooring)	NOT ACCEPTED - Aacer MPSport may bid as an alternate to the specified product.	2/23/2007	
2	12-Feb-07	Substitution Request - Spec Section 08520 (Aluminum Windows)	NOT ACCEPTED - May bid as an alternate to the specified product.	2/12/2007	
3	14-Feb-07	A) Please clarify what portion of the Specification Sections 04810 Unit Masonry are to be included in bid category 6.1 - Carpentry and Acoustical Ceilings. B) Please clarify what portion of the Specification Section 07720 Roof Accessories are to be included in bid category 6.1 - Carpentry and Acoustical Ceilings.	A) See workscope item #22 (spray foam insulation is within specification section 04810). B) See workscope item #3.	2/14/2007	Westwood Carpentry
4	16-Feb-07	Sheet A1.2G shows music casework tags in Corridor 5241 that are not on schedule. Are these existing, or will you revise schedule?	Please see specification section 10505 - Metal Lockers.	2/23/2007	Farnell Contracting
5	19-Feb-07	At the new dining area (Unit D), I'm trying to figure out which columns on 3C line between 318 and 322 are new? They're not indicated on the foundation plan (sheet S1.1), but are called out in two places on the roof framing plan (sheet S3.1). How many columns on 3C line are new?	See Kingscott portion of the Addendum.	2/23/2007	Davis Iron Works
6	20-Feb-07	Which columns on 3C line are new and which are existing to remain? The foundation drawing doesn't indicate any new column. Please advise.	See Kingscott portion of the Addendum.	2/23/2007	Davis Iron Works
7	20-Feb-07	Substitution Request - Spec Section 12324 (Plastic Laminate Casework)	Mica-Tec is approved to bid if they meet or exceed all specifications.	2/23/2007	Mica-Tec

Sheet A 1.2C

PRE-BID
BMC-RFI #001

Barton Malow Company

Troy School District

SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM

RECEIVED
FEB 12 2007

TO: **BARTON MALOW COMPANY/KINGSCOTT ASSOCIATES**
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
PH – 248-823-4631 FAX – 248-823-4672

We hereby submit for your consideration the following product instead of the specified item for the above Project:

DRAWING NO.: _____ **DRAWING NAME:** _____

SPEC. SECT.	SPEC. NAME	PARAGRAPH	SPECIFIED ITEM
09621	Fluid-Applied Sports Flooring	2.1 a	Robbin Pulastic

Proposed Substitution: Aacer MP Sport 7+2 Poured Urethane Flooring.

Attached complete information on changes to Drawings and/or Specifications which proposed substitution will require for its proper installation.

Submit with request all necessary samples and substantiating data to prove equal quality and performance to that which is specified. Clearly mark manufacturer's literature to indicate equality in performance.

CERTIFICATION OF EQUAL PERFORMANCE AND ASSUMPTION OF LIABILITY FOR EQUAL PERFORMANCE

The undersigned states that the function, appearance and quality are equivalent or superior to the specified item.

Submitted by: STAN JAMES Project Manager

Signature Stan James Title

Firm Gustafson Sport Floors (Aacer Dealer)

Address 1324 N. Cedar Road Mason, Michigan 48854

Telephone 517 346-9663 Date 2/5/06

Signature shall be by person having authority to legally bind his/her firm to the above terms. Failure to provide legally binding signature will result in retraction of approval.

www.aacerflooring.com

→ AACER MPSPORT MAY BID AS AN ALTERNATE TO THE SPECIFIED PRODUCT.

For use by Architect:	For Use by Owner:
____ Accepted ____ Accepted as Noted	____ Accepted ____ Accepted as Noted
X Not Accepted ____ Received Too Late	____ Not Accepted ____ Received Too Late
____ Insufficient Data Received	____ Insufficient Data Received
By: KELLY S. / ALISSA D.	By: ____
Date: 2.23.2007	Date: ____
Fill in Blanks Below: (Attach additional sheets as required)	

A. Does the Substitution affect dimensions shown on Drawings?
Yes ____ No X If yes, clearly indicate changes: ____

B. Will the undersigned pay for changes to the building design, including engineering and detailing costs caused by the requested substitution?
Yes ____ No X If no, fully explain: ____

C. What affect does substitution have on other contracts or other trades?
NONE

D. What affect does substitution have on the delivery and construction schedule? NONE

E. Manufacturer's warranties of the proposed and specified items are: X Same ____ Different
If Different, explain on an Attachment

F. Reason for Request: Pulastic is a Propritary Product and can only be provided by others.

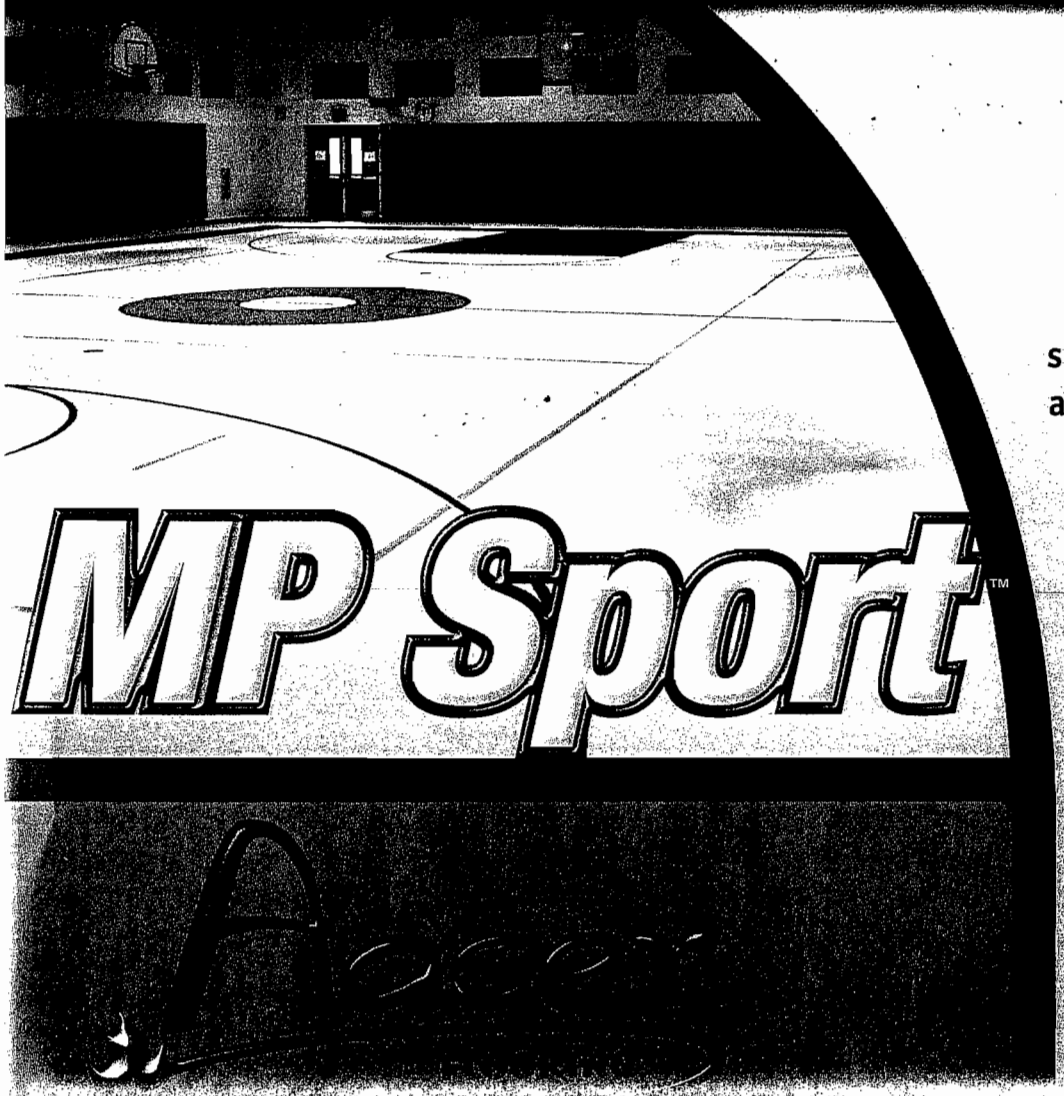
G. Itemized comparison of specified item(s) with the proposed substitution; list significant variations:
NONE - Same product.

H. Accurate cost data comparing proposed substitution with product specified:
N/A

I. This substitution will amount to a credit or an extra cost to the Owner of: 0 dollars
($____)

END OF SECTION 01630

A multi-sport, multi-use urethane floor system.

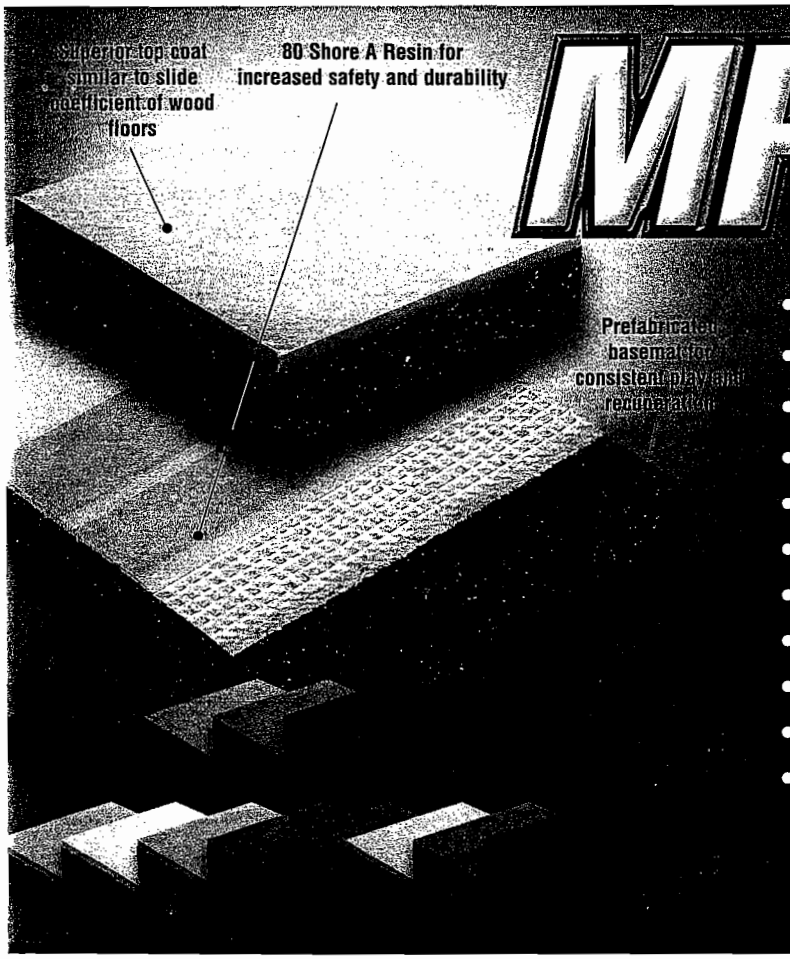


MP Sport™

MP Sport™

Tough, durable floor surface for multi-purpose applications that demand high performance.

MP Sport is a multi-sport, multi-use, seamless urethane, pad-and-pour athletic floor system offering long life, low maintenance and multiple design options. Leading-edge European technology and premium quality components provide outstanding sports performance, versatility and endurance, making *MP Sport* the perfect choice for a high-volume, multipurpose facility that demands more from its floor.



MP Sport

- *Non-solvent based, better air quality, VOC complaint*
- *Multipurpose, multi-sport*
- *Prefabricated base mat for consistent play*
- *Seamless construction eases maintenance*
- *Mercury free/make with recycled materials*
- *Point elastic for outstanding shock attenuation*
- *Spike-resistant surface (option)*
- *DIN system available*
- *Custom colors available*
- *Resurfaceable*
- *Wide range of design options*

MPFS (MP Facelift System)

A completely safe, non-solvent product for use over full-pour and other synthetic floors in need of renovation.

Part I – GENERAL

1.01 – SUMMARY

A. Scope
1. Furnish and install the MP Sport Resilient Athletic Floor System by Aacer Flooring, LLC.
2. MP Sport is a resilient athletic surface consisting of adhesive, prefabricated rubber underlayment, polyurethane sealer, self-leveling polyurethane resin, matte finish, wear coat and gameline markings.

B. Related Work
1. Concrete Substrate – Section 3300
   a. The concrete contractor shall furnish and install a slab that is smooth troweled, level to within 1/8" in any 10' radius, and depressed (if so specified) to the full depth of the flooring system. High spots shall be ground and low spots filled with an approved leveling compound by the concrete contractor to meet the approval of the floor contractor.
   b. No curing compounds, agents or sealers shall be used.
   c. Care should be taken so as not to compromise the waterproofing membrane during or after placing the concrete substrate.
2. Waterproofing Membrane – Section 07100
   a. Concrete subfloor at or below grade shall be adequately vapor-proofed and/or waterproofed beneath the slab and at the perimeter of below grade walls by the general contractor using a suitable type membrane.
   b. The project engineer should specify a waterproofing membrane according to need.
   c. The moisture content of the concrete at the time of installation shall be less than 4 pounds vapor emission.
3. Thresholds – Section 8700
   a. Thresholds or transition strips should be installed by the flooring contractor and should be chosen to accommodate the need presented by the specific system.

C. Alternates
1. This system can be applied over concrete, asphalt or area-elastic wood substrates.

1.02 – Submittals

A. Submit Specifications and Product Data from Aacer Flooring
B. Submit Care and Maintenance Sheets
C. Submit one-system sample and color charts for system and gamelines. Colors to be approved by architect/owner in writing.

1.03 – Quality Assurance

A. All material shall be shipped to the jobsite from Aacer Flooring in its original container, unopened and properly labeled to its content.
B. MP Sport shall be installed by an Aacer Flooring approved contractor.
C. There shall be no substitution for any of the system components.

1.04 – Delivery and Storage

A. No material shall be delivered to the jobsite until site conditions are met.

1.05 – Site Conditions

A. All overhead work, installation of backstops, and all painting must be completed.
B. No other trades will be allowed in this area until 7 days after application of the gamelines.
C. During and after installation, building HVAC shall maintain a temperature and humidity range compatible with that expected when the building is occupied.
D. All permanent doors, windows and other penetrations must be closed to prevent contamination.
E. Humidity will affect dry time.

1.06 – Guarantee

A. This system is guaranteed against manufacturing defects by Aacer Flooring and improper workmanship by the installing contractor for a period of one year from the date of installation.

Part II – PRODUCTS

2.01 – System Supplier

A. All components of the MP Sport System are supplied by Aacer Flooring, LLC of Peshtigo, WI.

2.02 – System Components

A. MP Sport Adhesive
   1. Two-component polyurethane adhesive specially formulated for adhering recycled rubber sheet goods.
B. MP Sport Underlayment
   1. Prefabricated rubber sheet material consisting of recycled rubber granules bound together with urethane binder as supplied by Aacer Flooring.
   2. Specify Underlayment thickness

> ***Options:***
> 4mm, 5mm, 6mm, 7mm, 9mm, 12mm, and 14mm (DIN Compliant)

C. MP Sport Seal Coat
   1. Two-component, thixotropic polyurethane material specially formulated for use as a pore sealer over recycled rubber underlayments.
   2. This material shall contain no mercury, lead, nor any heavy metals, PCB, or formaldehyde and be non-solvent based.
D. MP Sport Body Coat
   1. Two-component, self-leveling polyurethane material specially formulated for use in sports floors.
   2. This material will contain no mercury, lead, nor any heavy metals, PCB, or formaldehyde.
E. MP Sport Top Coat
   1. Elastic, two-component non-solvent based polyurethane coating specially formulated for use in athletic flooring systems.
   2. Specify system color(s) – there are 16 colors in the standard color line. (Refer to Aacer Color Chart).
F. MP Sport Gameline Paint
   1. Elastic, two-component (syntane) solvent-based polyurethane coating specially formulated and pigmented for use as line paint in the above-described systems. Available in non-solvent based. Specify Aacer adathane gameline paint.
   2. Standard Colors – Black, White, Red, Green, Blue, Orange, and Yellow. Refer to Aacer Color Chart.

2.03 – Performance and Technical Data

Surface hardness (DIN 53505)	80 Shore A
Shock absorption (standard basemats)	23% to 37%
Shock absorption (14mm DIN system)	63%
Compression Modulus by D.S.F	8kgf/cm2/mm
Rebound Resilience (DIN 53512)	29%
Coefficient of Friction by Leroux	
Dry	.56
Wet	.28
Ball Rebound (DIN 18032)	98%
Wear resistance (Taber Abrader)	
500 Cycles	0.4 grams loss
Compression Set (DIN 53517)	1.9%
Impact Resistance	2 Kgm/cm2
Resistance to rolling loads (DIN 18032)	no damage
Tensile Strength (DIN 53571)	10 N/mm2
Elongation at Break (DIN 53571)	190%
Tear Strength	25 N/mm2
Water absorption	
Surface	<2%
Rubber underlayment	20.8%
Inflammability of Surface (DIN 51960)	Inflammable – Class 1
Heat Resistance	.089 m2K/W

Part III – EXECUTION

3.01 – Pre-installation inspection

A. Inspect the substrate for:
   1. Dryness – less than 4 pounds vapor emission. Please contact Aacer if higher emissions continue to exist.
   2. Levelness - concrete shall not vary in elevation more than 1/8" in any 10' radius.
   3. Contamination – floor must be free of paint, grease, oil and all contaminants that will adversely affect proper adhesion to the substrate.
   4. During and after installation, building HVAC shall maintain a temperature and humidity range compatible with that expected when the building is occupied.
B. Report any discrepancies to the general contractor, construction manager or owner.
C. Any corrections to the substrate will be the responsibility of others.

3.02 – Installation

A. Underlayment
   1. Thoroughly mix the MP Sport Underlayment Adhesive and apply to the concrete with a notched trowel or adhesive spatula.
   2. Roll the MP Sport Underlayment into the adhesive. Leave a 3/8" gap at all walls and transitions. Do not allow the sides of the underlayment to be in compression. Allow a loose fit at the sides, even to 1/8" gap between rolls.
   3. Roll the entire surface of the underlayment with a 75 lb. or 100 lb. floor roller several times during first 4 hours after installation.
   4. Check the mat for defects and perform repairs as necessary to achieve a smooth surface.

B. Seal Coat
1. Properly mix the MP Sport Seal Coat and apply to the underlayment with a smooth steel trowel.
2. Fill all surface pores in the Underlayment and all voids at the walls, doors, and penetrations.
3. Allow Seal Coat to cure 12 hours before proceeding to the next step.

C. Body Coat
1. Properly mix the MP Sport Body Coat and apply to the sealed underlayment in 2 applications with a Swedish Knife supplied by Aacer to a total thickness of 2mm.
2. The application rate is 0.552 lbs/SF to achieve 2mm.
3. Apply the material "wet-to-wet" to allow the material to flow and eliminate ridges.
4. Allow the Body Coat to cure 12 hours before proceeding to the next step.

D. Top Coat
1. Properly mix the MP Sport Top Coat and apply to the Body Coat with an 18" to 24" low-lint paint roller at a rate of 0.03 lbs./SF (340 SF/gal).

E. Gamelines
1. Lay out the gamelines with a high quality 1" masking tape.
2. Apply the MP Sport Gameline Paint with a paint roller.
3. Pull the tape while the gameline coating is still wet/tacky.
4. After the gamelines are completed (including graphics and borders), the area must be kept free of foot traffic for a minimum of 7 days.

Aacer's Got You Covered

Aacer steps up to meet the challenging needs of the recreational, residential and commercial markets and demonstrates its continued commitment to customer satisfaction and premium quality. Along with over 20 northern hardwood flooring performance systems, Aacer brings you a full line of Synthetic Sports Flooring. Structural stability, enhanced performance and safety are key features of the sports-specific engineering that is part of every Aacer sports floor system. Aacer excellence has got you covered. Again.

For information on our hardwood performance floor systems, please see us at Sweet's buyline® 09642.

Being Green Just Makes Sense

All synthetic products are safe and use a minimum of 25% recycled materials.

WE'RE GREEN Come See For Yourself!

100% Recyclable

Warranty

Aacer Flooring, LLC, Peshtigo, WI, hereby warrants the materials, it has supplied to be free from manufacturing defects for a period of one year. **THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.**

This warranty is limited to the materials manufactured by and supplied by Aacer Flooring, LLC. THIS WARRANTY EXCLUDES ANY CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES and, in the event of breach, Aacer Flooring, LLC's sole liability and your exclusive remedies will be limited to repair or replacement of material and components supplied by Aacer Flooring, LLC and proven to be defective by the manufacturing process.

Flooring contractor warrants the installation of the floor systems to be free from defects in workmanship.

MAINTENANCE - *MP Sport*

1. Keep surface of the MP Sport system clean. Dust mop daily to remove surface dirt and grit.
2. Use of a scrubber is permissible for daily cleaning, however, use soft brushes or a red buffing pad. Do not use stripping pads (green, brown or black).
3. Use only low PH, non-phosphorous, neutral cleaners to clean the floor. Do not use harsh detergents, caustic chemicals, abrasive cleaners or chlorine bleach. Aacer MP Clean is available from Aacer Flooring or your local representative.
4. Walk-off mats should be used at doorways to clean abrasive grit from players' shoes.

Aacer FLOORING, LLC®

An ORT Company

P.O. Box 151 • 970 Ogden Rd. • Peshtigo, WI 54157
Toll-Free 877-582-1181 • Fax: 715-582-1182
www.aacerflooring.com

DIN CERTIFIED · BVQI Sistema Qualità Certificato ISO 9002 · SINCERT · MEMBER OF THE ITF FOUNDATION · MEMBER U.S. TENNIS COURT AND TRACK BUILDERS ASSOCIATION

PRESTIGE ENTERPRISE INTERNATIONAL Prestige Enterprise International is an engineering partner to Aacer Flooring.

BMC RFI#002

Barton Malow Company

Troy School District

RECEIVED FEB 07 2007

FEB 12 2007

BY:

SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM

TO: BARTON MALOW COMPANY/KINGSCOTT ASSOCIATES
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
PH – 248-823-4631 FAX – 248-823-4672

We hereby submit for your consideration the following product instead of the specified item for the above Project: 18 pgs

DRAWING NO.: _____ DRAWING NAME: Troy High School

SPEC. SECT.	SPEC. NAME	PARAGRAPH	SPECIFIED ITEM
08520	Aluminum Windows	2.1 - 3.3	Horizontal Sliding & Single Hung Windows

Proposed Substitution:

Attached complete information on changes to Drawings and/or Specifications which proposed substitution will require for its proper installation.

Submit with request all necessary samples and substantiating data to prove equal quality and performance to that which is specified. Clearly mark manufacturer's literature to indicate equality in performance.

CERTIFICATION OF EQUAL PERFORMANCE AND ASSUMPTION OF LIABILITY FOR EQUAL PERFORMANCE

The undersigned states that the function, appearance and quality are equivalent or superior to the specified item.

Submitted by:
Dan Mervenne — Manufacturers Representative
Signature — Title
Daniel Mervenne
Firm
Keystone Industries
Address
105 Mahoning Ave, New Castle, PA 16102 — 2/7/07
Telephone — Date
(800) 648-9341

Signature shall be by person having authority to legally bind his/her firm to the above terms. Failure to provide legally binding signature will result in retraction of approval.

Lelle. 901.8508

Barton Malow Company — Troy School District

For use by Architect:

___ Accepted ___ Accepted as Noted

X Not Accepted ___ Received Too Late

___ Insufficient Data Received

By: 2/12/07

Date:

Fill in Blanks Below: (Attach additional sheets as required)

For Use by Owner:

___ Accepted ___ Accepted as Noted

___ Not Accepted ___ Received Too Late

___ Insufficient Data Received

By:

Date:

CAN SUBMIT AS A VOL. ALTERNATE -KS

A. Does the Substitution affect dimensions shown on Drawings?
Yes ___ No X If yes, clearly indicate changes: _____

B. Will the undersigned pay for changes to the building design, including engineering and detailing costs caused by the requested substitution?
Yes ___ No X If no, fully explain: None needed.

C. What affect does substitution have on other contracts or other trades?
None

D. What affect does substitution have on the delivery and construction schedule? Better lead times

E. Manufacturer's warranties of the proposed and specified items are: X Same ___ Different
If Different, explain on an Attachment

F. Reason for Request: To keep Keystone Tab accepted as Addendum

G. Itemized comparison of specified item(s) with the proposed substitution; list significant variations:
Better U Values - Energy Performance

H. Accurate cost data comparing proposed substitution with product specified:
Less expensive

I This substitution will amount to a credit or an extra cost to the Owner of:
Not exactly known at this point dollars
($ _____)

END OF SECTION 01630

BMC RFI#003

(313) 564-5115 (248) 64

Since 1958... Westwood carpentry co.
P.O. Box 398
Birmingham, Mich. 48012
FAX: (248) 647-7795

FEB 14 2007

JOB TROY HIGH SCHOOL PHASE II
DATE FEB 14 2007
FROM: ~~**TO**~~ BMC
ATTN ~~ANDREA WRIGHT~~ Kelly Stahley
TO: **FROM** TOM BROUGHTON

TOTAL OF 1 **PAGES**

PLEASE CLARIFY WHAT PORTION OF SPECIFICATION SECTIONS
04810 UNIT MASONRY — See Workscope item #22. (Spray foam insulation is w/in Spec Section 04810)
07720 ROOF ACCESSORIES — See Workscope item #3

ARE TO BE INCLUDED IN BID CATEGORY 6.1 "CARPENTRY AND ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS"? SEE RESPONSES ABOVE.

KS (BMC)
2.14.07

2.16.2007 TO: Charles Nelson @ Kingscott

FROM: Kelly Stanley @ BMC (2 page)

PRE-BID
BMC RFI #004

Farnell Contracting, Inc.
3355 Lahring Road~Linden, MI 48451-9434
Phone: 248-745-8998 ~ Fax: 248-745-6734

FEB 16 2007

Fax

To: Barton Malow Co.

Attn: Andrea Wright

Re: Troy High School
Phase II BID

Date: 2-16-07

From: Cheryl Rink
Direct Line 248-762-4193
Fax 248-828-0009

Page (1) of 1

R.F.I.

Sheet A1.2G shows Music Casework Tags in Corridor 5241 that are not on Schedule.

Are these existing, or will you revise Schedule?

2.21.2007
RESPONSE:
Please see Spec Section 10505 - Metal Lockers.
-KS(BMC)

Thank you
Cheryl Rink

BMC PRE-BID RFI #005

Stahley, Kelly

From: Wright, Andrea
Sent: Monday, February 19, 2007 8:44 AM
To: Stahley, Kelly
Subject: FW: Troy High BP#9390-Bid Category 5.1 Structural Steel

RECEIVED
FEB 19 2007
BY:

I told him in the future to put them on an RFI form, we can take of this one. Please send on to KAI.

Andrea

From: Kevin Richie [mailto:kevinrichie@davisironworksinc.com]
Sent: Monday, February 19, 2007 8:41 AM
To: Wright, Andrea
Subject: Troy High BP#9390-Bid Category 5.1 Structural Steel

Andrea,

Do questions about this project get directed to you? If that is correct should they be faxed or emailed? At the new dining area (unit D) I'm trying to figure out which columns on 3C line between 318 and 322 are new? They're not indicated on the foundation plan (sheet S1.1) but are called out in two places on the roof framing plan (sheet S3.1). How many columns on 3C line are new?

Thanks Kevin Richie

2.23.07
RESPONSE: SEE KINGSLOTT PORTION OF ADDENDUM.
-KS

FEB-20-2007 11:05 248 624 7030 P.01/01

PRE BID RFI #0010

Barton Malow Company

Barton Malow

Design/Construction Services

BARTON MALOW COMPANY
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
Phone: 248-823-4631
Fax: 248-823-4672

RFI

FEB 20 2007

Date: 2-20-07

To:

VIA Barton Malow Company

From: DAVID IBOA

RFI #:

Contractor's Reference #:

Project: Phase II - Troy High School Additions & Renovations

BMC Project #: 041049

A/E Project #: 2643-16

Bid Package #: 9300

Bid Category #:

Return to:

Reference Specs:

Reference Drawings: S1.153.1 Rev

Request: WHERE COLUMNS ON 3C LINE ARE NEW AND WHERE ARE EXISTING TO REMAIN? THE FOUNDATION DRAWINGS DON'T INDICATE ANY NEW GROUND. PLEASE ADVISE.

DAVID IBOA — Contractor or Subcontractor

KEVIN RICHIE — Submitted By — 2-20-07 Date

Barton Malow Company — Reviewed By — Date

Reply: 2.23.07

Attachments:

SEE KINGSLOT PORTION OF ADDENDUM.

-KS

This clarification is interpreted to be within the scope of referenced contracts issued in accordance with the Contract Documents, and without change in Contract Sum or Contract Time, and, as such, is not an authorization for work beyond the scope of the contract.

Architect/Engineer — Reply By — Date

RFI Response Posted on Drawings

Contractors Copied

PRE-BID RFI# 007

Barton Malow Company
Barton Malow
Design/Construction Services

BARTON MALOW COMPANY
1301 Boyd
Troy, MI 48083
Phone: 248-823-4631
Fax: 248-823-4672

RECEIVED 2007 BY

RFI

Date: 02-20-07
To: ANDREA WRIGHT
VIA Barton Malow Company
From: JOE HAMPTON

RFI #: 01
Contractor's Reference #:
Project Phase II - Troy High School
Additions & Renovations
BMC Project #: 041049
A/E Project #: 2643-16
Bid Package #: 9390
Bid Category #: 8.1
Return to: JOE HAMPTON

Reference Specs: 08800/2.3 Reference Drawings: A6.1 + A1.2D Rev.

Request: NEED CLARIFICATION ON DOOR OPENING 3220A, 3220B, 3220D, 3220E, 3220F + 9001B. THE DOOR SCHEDULE CALLS FOR A 90 MIN FIRE RATING & MFG's SPECIAL-LITE + COMMERCIAL DOORS, STATE THAT THE FG DOOR STYLE CANNOT MEET THE 90 MIN. RATING.

UNION CONSTRUCTION SERVICES	JOE HAMPTON	2-20-07
Contractor or Subcontractor	Submitted By	Date
Barton Malow Company	Reviewed By	Date

Reply: 2.23.2007 Attachments:

SEE KINKSCOTT PORTION OF ADDENDUM FOR CLARIFICATION.
-KS.

This clarification is interpreted to be within the scope of referenced contracts issued in accordance with the Contract Documents, and without change in Contract Sum or Contract Time, and, as such, is not an authorization for work beyond the scope of the contract.

Architect/Engineer	Reply By	Date

RFI Response Posted on Drawings
Contractors Copied

THS - PRE BID RFI # 008

MICA-TEC

21325 HOOVER WARREN, MI 48089
PH: 586-758-4404 FAX: 586-758-3702

To: Project Manager

Company : Barton Malow

Fax Number : 1-248-823-4672

From : CRAIG MCMILLAN

Company : MICA-TEC

Fax Number : 5867583702

Subject : APPROVAL REQUEST - TROY HIGH SCHOOL - PHASE II

Pages including cover page: 17 Time : 3:07:34 PM Date : 02/20

Please accept the following documents for your review.

We submit these documents as a request to be approved as a casework/millwork manufacturer for the project of Phase II - Troy High School Additions & Renovations, as found on the CAM(Construction Association of Michigan) website.

2.21.07

Mica-Tec is approved to bid if they meet or exceed all specifications

AMD

MICA-TEC
21325 Hoover Road
Warren, MI 48089
PH:586-758-4404 FX:586-758-3702

We at MICA-TEC would like to introduce ourselves as a manufacturer of Architectural Millwork & Casework. As a modern manufacturer of millwork for over 16 years, our products meet AWI standards, and our material and construction standards meet or exceed specifications set forth in all projects we have supplied products for.

We have reviewed the project's specifications, and our casework meets or exceeds the project's specifications in all significant aspects.

We would like to respectfully request approval as a casework supplier for the Troy High School Phase II project, to include science and music casework. We are able to provide products for bid categories 12355 and 12356.

- No changes are necessary to the plans or specifications for this substitution, other than named manufacturers.
- Substitution with our product will not affect the proposed schedule.
- Product data is attached.
- If requested, samples will be delivered to your offices or the job site.
- Comparisons between our product and the specifications set forth for this project will reveal our product to comply fully
- Materials used meet or exceed specifications.
- Casework manufactured by MICA-TEC is suitable in all significant respects to those specified by contract documents, and will perform at least as well in the indicated application.

MICA-TEC has much experience with the fabrication, installation, relocation, removal and reinstallation of casework of many sorts, and has supplied products for several large-scale school and other projects in both new construction and renovations.

MICA-TEC

SECTION 12324
PLASTIC-LAMINATE-FACED CASEWORK

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes plastic-laminate-faced casework; countertops; casework hardware; responsibility for utility connections; and service fittings and outlets.
B. Plumbing Contractor shall install all sinks, faucets, strainers, tailpieces, traps, bubblers, gas cocks and valves and trim furnished by the casework supplier; Plumbing Contractor shall provide all labor to interconnect these items and connect these items to building systems.
C. Electrical Contractor shall install electrical equipment(variable voltage panels, etc.) furnished by the casework supplier as specified. Electrical Contractor shall provide all labor to interconnect these items with the building systems. Electrical boxes, plates and wiring devices shall be provided by the Electrical Contractor. The casework Contractor will provide the appropriate cut-outs as noted on the approved Shop Drawings.
D. HVAC Contractor shall install all mechanical devices furnished by the Casework Supplier as specified. HVAC Contractor shall provide all labor to interconnect these items to the building systems.
E. If fume hoods are included as part of the Casework contract, the fume hood motor/fan assemblies, ducting, dampers and control devices shall be provided by the HVAC or other designated contractor(s) per the mechanical specifications. Fan switches shall be provided by the Casework Contractor only if shown on approved shop drawings.
F. Calibration and balancing of fume hoods is the responsibility of the HVAC Contractor.
G. Furnish and place appliances where noted on architectural drawings.
H. The HVAC, Plumbing and Electrical Contractors shall extend building utilities to and connect appliances.
I. Work shall be conducted in accordance with General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, Division 1 and the requirements of this Section.

1.02 REFERENCES

A. American National Standards Institute(ANSI).
B. Architectural Woodwork Institute(AWI): Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards Illustrated, latest edition.
C. National Electrical Manufacturers Association:
    1. NEMA LD 3 – High Pressure Decorative Laminates.
D. Composite Panel Association Buyer's & Specifier's Guide

1.03 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

A. Casework shall meet or exceed load tests as outlined in ANSI A161.1.
B. Manufacturers shall comply, per architect's specification, with special requirements related to the Americans with Disabilities Act, 28 CFR Part 36, ADA Standards for Accessible Design.
C. Items shall suit space conditions and where equipment is intended to occupy fixed locations, the physical conditions, roughing-in, etc. of the building are to control the absolute sizes and arrangements.
D. Project Standard:
    1. Stock numbers of items of equipment, as indicated on Equipment Schedules, have been selected from one manufacturer's catalog for design purposes only.
    2. Items of equipment by approved manufacturers(other than the project standard) need not be identical to the items indicated, however, they must satisfy the same requirements, provide the same facilities(doors, drawers, etc.) and fulfill the same functions as the specified items.
    3. Where items of equipment by approved manufacturers(other than Project Standard) are not of the same lengths as the items indicated, adjust equipment layouts as follows:
        a. Where items of equipment are against the wall and confined by walls at both ends.
            1) Add a filler panel(not to exceed 4 inches wide), and/or
            2) Increase the length of one or more units, and/or
            3) Add an additional item of equipment.
        b. Where items of equipment are freestanding or are not confined by walls at both ends, adjust as above, except that overall length need only be approximate.
    4. Materials used by all manufacturers must meet the requirements of these specifications; it is understood that the manufacturers vary in joinery; these specifications describe the construction offered by the first-named manufacturer.

5. It is intended that cabinet body components shall be secured by wood dowels and glue, but the use of concealed interlocking mechanical fasteners as approved by AWI 1600B-S-4.A especially designed for use with particleboard shall be acceptable.
6. Where items of equipment by approved manufacturers (other than the Project Standard) necessitate changes in mechanical or electrical services, said changes shall be the Contractor's responsibility and shall be coordinated and accomplished at no additional cost to the Owner.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Section 01600 – Product Requirements: Submittal Requirements
B. Shop Drawings:
   1. Indicate casework locations, large scale plans, elevations, cross sections, rough-in and anchor placement dimensions, tolerances and clearances required.
   2. Include utility rough-in dimensions.
C. Product Data:
   1. Submit component dimensions, configurations, construction details, joint details, and attachments, utility and service requirements and locations.
   2. Include associated components, including grommets, sinks, sink fittings, appliances, fume hoods and other indicated items.
   3. Include manufacturer's literature.
D. Samples(per architect's request):
   1. Plastic Laminates
   2. Edge banding
   3. Hinges
   4. Pulls
   5. Louvers
   6. Grommets
E. Sample Unit:
   1. When requested by the Architect, submit full-size cabinet, as herein specified.
   2. Submitted cabinets may be used in the Project.
F. Coordination Submittals:
   1. Copy same submittals to other trades and other Prime Contractors who have connecting or adjacent works for coordination review and for locating their work connected to or adjacent to the equipment specified herein.
   2. Distribute reviewed "Field Use" copies to all affected trades when casework manufacturer and affected Contractors have completed coordination necessary for complete installation.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications:
   3. Installer: Company specializing in performing work of this section with minimum five years experience approved by manufacturer.
   4. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with minimum five years experience.
B. Mockup(per architect's request):
   1. Section 01400 – Quality Requirements: Mockup requirements
   2. Construct full size mockup including base and upper cabinet, complete with drawers, door, adjustable shelf and countertop.
   3. Locate where directed by Architect.
   4. Incorporate accepted mockup as part of Work.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Section 01600 – Product Requirements: Product warranties and product bonds.
B. Accept casework on site; inspect on arrival for damage.
C. Store and handle casework in manner to prevent damage and deterioration.
D. Provide packaging such as cardboard or other containers, separators, banding, spreaders and paper wrappings to protect metal items.
E. Store casework in a protected dry area, provided by owner, away from direct sunlight, with temperature +/- 70° F and relative humidity of 25-50%. Casework shall be stored elevated above moisture contact. Storage area must be isolated from outside weather conditions. Casework shall be installed only in areas where temperature and humidity are maintained within the above-stated range. Storage and installations in conditions other than those stated above will void all product warranties.

F. All cabinets to be complete with hardware attached(or provided loose where not practical to ship attached), with all necessary scribes, fillers and molding; all items to be marked for identification.
G. Loose heating, plumbing and electrical items to be marked for exact installation location.
H. Protect exposed finish surfaces by suitable means.
I. Coordinate size of access and route to place of installation.

1.06 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

A. Coordinate casework installation with size, location and installation of service utilities.
B. Sequence installation to accommodate required utility connections.

1.08 WARRANTY

A. The entire installation shall be guaranteed by the casework manufacturer for a period of one year from date of acceptance, in addition to the Contractor's guarantee, against defects in materials and workmanship.
B. Warranty shall cover the replacement, without cost to the owner, of any and all items that shall become defective within the above-stated time.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 COMPONENTS

A. Cabinet Surfaces:
    1. All exposed exterior cabinet surfaces shall be surfaced with a high-pressure plastic laminate 0.028 inch(0.71mm) in thickness (GP28), meeting current NEMA standards for vertical grade.
    2. Interior surfaces(concealed surfaces) and underside of wall cabinets shall be neutral in color and shall be thermally fused melamine laminate meeting current NEMA standards.
    3. Units without doors and with glazed or glass doors to receive same interior as exterior.
B. Edges:
    1. Cabinet body leading edges shall be flat edge 0.018 inch PVC, machine applied with hot melt adhesive.
    2. Doors and drawer front edges shall be 3mm PVC, machine applied with hot melt adhesive, inside/outside length radiused, corner radiused and buffed.
C. Drawer bodies shall be constructed of ½" thick thermally fused melamine laminate, with doweled corner joints. Drawer bottom panels shall be thermally fused melamine laminate hardboard, trapped in a continuous dado, secured with hot melt adhesive.
D. Lamination with natural hybrid P.V.A. type III water resistant adhesives that cure through chemical reaction, containing no health or environmentally hazardous ingredients, are required; "contact" methods of laminating are not allowed.
E. Substrate for Laminated Surfaces:
    1. Particleboard:
        a. Particleboard to be industrial grade, with a minimum density range of 45 to 50 pounds per cubic foot, balanced 3 ply construction and shall conform to ANSI A208.1-1993, Type M-3.

2.02 COUNTER TOPS

A. Laminate Counter Tops:
    1. Decorative surface to be PF42 or GP 50 high pressure plastic laminate which meets or exceeds performance standards set by National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA LD3-2000), as amended, for Class 1 applied with water resistant glue over 1-1/8 inch thick particleboard.
    2. Underside shall be properly balanced with heavy gauge backing sheet.
    3. Provide tops in as long as practical continuous lengths.
    4. The backsplash shall not be the post-formed cove type.
    5. Backsplashes will be mechanically fastened.
    6. Backsplash bottom and corner joints will be continuously sealed with silicone sealant.
    7. Factory applied tops on mobile cabinets and other specialty cabinets shall be ¾" thick particleboard with plastic laminate top surface and balanced with phenolic backer sheet or equivalent. All edges to have PVC edge band (selected from manufacturer's standard color offerings) applied with hot melt adhesive.
B. Molded Epoxy Resin Tops:
    1. Molded epoxy resin tops shall be molded from a modified epoxy resin that has been especially compounded and cured to provide the optimum physical and chemical resistance properties required of a heavy-duty laboratory table top.
    2. Tops and curbs shall be a uniform mixture throughout their full thickness, and shall not depend upon a surface coating that is readily removed by chemical and/or physical abuse.
    3. Tops and curbs shall be non-glare finish and black in color. Table tops shall be 1 inch thick, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, with drip grooves provided on the underside at all exposed edges.

4. All exposed edges, except as indicated below, shall be eased at front top edge and at vertical corners.
5. 4" curbs shall be the same thickness as the tops, bonded to the surface of the top, to form a square joint.
6. Provide drop-in sinks.
   a. Sink cutouts shall be machined to accommodate sink lips.

C. Stainless Steel:
1. Equipment herein specified, when constructed of more than one piece and/or sheet of metal, shall be continuously butt-welded, ground and polished smooth; field joints shall be as few as possible.
2. Welded parts shall be homogeneous, non-porous, free from pits, cracks, imperfections or discolorations.
3. Welding shall be electric process, with joints ground and polished smooth.
4. The welding rods used shall be of the same composition as sheets of parts welded.
5. Counter Tops:
   a. Counter tops and like items, unless otherwise specified, shall be Type 304 with number 4 finish.
   b. Tops shall be reinforced on bottom side with hat channels and coated with sound deadening material.
   c. Field joints in tops shall be bolted where tops exceed length of available sheets and/or where building access does not permit the top to be carried into the building in one piece.
6. Backsplashes:
   a. Form on three sides of, and integral with, counter top of 14 gauge stainless steel with corners formed with a ¾ inch radius, both horizontal and vertical.
   b. Provide ¾ inch return down backside.
   c. Close ends of side splashes with ¾ inch radius.
7. Integral Sinks:
   a. Sinks shall be constructed of 14 gauge stainless steel with corners formed with a ¾ inch radius, both horizontal and vertical; sink sizes established on the drawings to be inside measurements.
   b. b. Partitions between sink compartments shall be double walled with ¾ inch radius corners, ¾ inch radius top edges, welded in place, ground smooth and polished.
   c. Fronts, bottoms and back of multiple compartment sinks shall be one piece with no overlapping joints or open crevices.
   d. Bottom of each compartment shall be molded at drain opening at center.
   e. Where sinks occur in counter tops, they shall be entirely welded to the countertops with welds ground smooth and polished, with no trace of welding remaining, to give the appearance of one continuous piece.
   f. Counter tops are to have a stainless steel backsplash 4 inches high.
   g. Provide appropriate number of holes for specified faucets and drains.

D. Hardwood Tops:
1. Wood tops shall be 1-1/4 inch minimum thickness and shall be built up of maple strips laminated together with a durable finish.

2.03 HARDWARE COMPONENTS

A. Hinges:
1. Hinges for base cabinets, wall cabinets and tall casework doors shall be of the full wraparound, five knuckle pin, heavy-duty institutional type with hospital tips and rounded ends, 2-3/4 inches high by 0.095 inch nominal thickness, 270-degree swing, of tempered steel. Or as selected by architect.
2. Hinges shall be finished in color selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
3. Offset kitchen cabinet type, plain butt hinges with removable pins will not be acceptable.
4. All hinge screws shall be concealed when door is closed.
5. Doors under 48 inches high shall have two hinges, and those over 48 inches high shall have three hinges.

B. Pulls shall be satin aluminum bent wire style, 4 inches on center.
C. Adjustable shelf supports to be twin pin design with anti-tip restraints for both ¾ inch and 1 inch thick shelves, and provide slot to mechanically fasten shelf to clip; load rating minimum 300 pounds per support.
D. Locks:
1. Locks to be removable core, five-disc tumbler type. Cabinets to be keyed alike per room, each room keyed differently and master keyed, unless noted otherwise on drawings.
2. Provide two keys per lock.
3. A maximum of six master keys shall be provided when requested.

2.04 MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENTS

A. Tote trays shall be tan-colored high-impact polystyrene with aluminum card holder.
B. Grommets: Provide grommets with covers at locations shown on drawings.

MICA-TEC

2.05 PLUMBING FIXTURES

A. Stainless Steel Sinks and Miscellaneous Fittings:
   1. Project Standard: Sinks and fittings are based upon products manufactured by Just Manufacturing Company, 9233 King Street, Franklin Park, Illinois 60131.
   2. The specifications outline minimum material and construction standards.
   3. Only products meeting or exceeding this minimum standard shall be acceptable.
   4. The receiving of a bid does not necessarily indicate the manufacturer's standard product is acceptable.
B. Epoxy Resin Sinks and Miscellaneous Fittings:
   1. Project Standard: Sinks and fittings are based upon products manufactured by the Durcon Company, Inc., 1255 South Mill Street, Plymouth, Michigan, 48170.
   2. The specifications outline minimum material and construction standards.
   3. Only products meeting or exceeding this minimum standard shall be acceptable.
   4. The receiving of a bid does not necessarily indicate the manufacturer's standard product is acceptable.
C. Faucets and Fixtures:
   1. Project Standard: Faucets and fixtures are based upon products manufactured by Chicago Faucet Company, 2100 Clearwater Drive, Des Plaines, Illinois, 60018.
   2. The specifications outline minimum material and construction standards.
   3. Only products meeting or exceeding this minimum standard shall be acceptable.
   2. The receiving of a bid does not necessarily indicate the manufacturer's standard product is acceptable.
D. Fume hoods:
   1. Project Standard: Fume Hoods are based upon products manufactured by Chicago Faucet Company, 2100 Clearwater Drive, Des Plaines, Illinois, 60018.
   2. The specifications outline minimum material and construction standards.
   3. Only products meeting or exceeding this minimum standard shall be acceptable.
   2. The receiving of a bid does not necessarily indicate the manufacturer's standard product is acceptable.

2.06 FABRICATION

A. Base Cabinets:
   1. Non-exposed surfaces shall be faced with thermally-fused melamine laminate.
   2. Exposed surfaces shall be surfaced with high pressure plastic laminate.
   3. Sub tops and bottoms shall be ¾ inch thick, edged with 0.018" PVC on front.
   4. Backs to be ¼" thick trapped in sides and sealed with hot-melt adhesive.
   5. Side panels to be ¾" thick, edged with 0.018" PVC on front edge.
   6. External hanger rails, ¾" thick and a minimum of 3" high, shall be mechanically fastened to sub top, bottom and both sides.
   7. Sub bases to be separate no cabinet shall have direct contact with the floor.
B. Wall Cabinets:
   1. Non-exposed surfaces shall be faced with thermally-fused melamine laminate.
   2. Exposed surfaces shall be surfaced with high pressure plastic laminate.
   3. Tops and bottoms shall be ¾" thick, edged with 0.018" PVC on front.
   4. Backs to be ¼" thick trapped in sides and sealed with hot-melt adhesive.
   5. Side panels to be ¾" thick, edged with 0.018" PVC on top, bottom and front.
   6. External hanger rails, ¾" thick and a minimum of 3" high, shall be mechanically fastened to sub top, bottom and both sides. Rails shall be located at top and bottom of cabinets.
C. Tall Casework:
   1. Non-exposed surfaces shall be faced with thermally-fused melamine laminate.
   2. Exposed surfaces shall be surfaced with high pressure plastic laminate.
   3. Tops and bottoms shall be ¾" thick, edged with 0.018" PVC on front.
   4. Side panels to be ¾" thick, edged with 0.018" PVC on front edge.
   5. Backs to be ¼" thick trapped in sides and sealed with hot-melt adhesive.
   6. External hanger rails, ¾" thick and a minimum of 3" high, shall be mechanically fastened to sub top, bottom and both sides. Rails shall be located at top and bottom of cabinets.
E. Sink Cabinets:
   1. Sink cabinets shall be constructed with vertical head rails at front and rear of cabinets in lieu of full sub tops.
   2. Removable backs shall be provided for all sink cabinets.
F. Cabinet Backs:
   1. Exposed exterior backs to be ¾" thick particleboard faced with high pressure plastic laminate.
   2. Removable backs, where specified, shall be attached to cleats secured to the cabinet sides and bottoms. Back panels shall be secured in place with pan head screws.
G. Drawers:

1. Drawer sides, back and front shall be ½" thermally fused melamine laminate. Top edged shall be edged with 0.018" matching PVC.
2. Drawer boxes shall be assembled with doweled construction at all four corners.
3. Drawer bottoms shall be ¼" thick hardboard with finished surface of thermally fused melamine and trapped in continuous groove.
4. Underside of drawer to be sealed with a continuous bead of hot-melt adhesive to enhance drawer integrity.
5. Separate plastic laminate drawer fronts shall be applied to completed drawer box assemblies.
6. Drawer Slides – Standard Drawers:
   a. Single-extension, bottom-mounted, epoxy powder coated with positive in-stop, out-stop and out-keeper, lift-out disconnect, stay-closed design.
   b. Captive nylon rollers, both front and rear.
   c. 100-pound load rating.
   d. Slide shall have a manufacturer's lifetime warranty.
7. Drawer Slides – File Drawers:
   a. Full extension, three part progressive opening slide, 150-pound load rating, zinc-plated.
   b. Provide clip and rail hanging file system for legal or letter size as indicated by manufacturer's model number

H. Door and Drawer Fronts:
1. Hinged and sliding doors and drawer fronts shall be ¾" thick particleboard faced on both sides with high pressure plastic laminate. Drawer fronts and hinged doors are to overlay the cabinet body, maintaining a consistent reveal between doors and drawers.
2. Edging shall be 3mm PVC, applied with hot-melt adhesive.
3. Sliding doors shall have a composite bottom track and top guide. Rollers shall be routed into bottom of door. Doors over 48" in height shall have an overhead aluminum track and bottom guide.
4. Framed doors, for glazed panels or tack board inserts, shall have ¾" thick hardwood frames faced on both sides with high pressure plastic laminate. Glazed panels shall be ¼" thick tempered safety glass.
5. Sliding glass doors shall be ¼" thick tempered safety glass, fitted into top and bottom aluminum tracks. Bottom tracks shall have rollers for smooth operation.

I. Adjustable shelves:
1. Non- exposed shelves shall be faced on both surfaces with thermally fused melamine laminate. Exposed shelves shall be faced on both surfaces with high pressure plastic laminate.
2. Shelf thickness shall be 1".
3. Shelves shall be full depth and adjustable an 32mm(1-1/4") increments.
4. Front edge of shelves shall be finished with 0.018" thick PVC, applied with hot-melt adhesive.

J. Fixed Shelves:
1. Non- exposed shelves shall be faced on both surfaces with thermally fused melamine laminate. Exposed shelves shall be faced on both surfaces with high pressure plastic laminate.
2. Shelves shall be 1" thick.
3. Shelves shall be full depth and doweled into cabinet sides.
4. Front edge of shelves shall be finished with 0.018" thick PVC, applied with hot-melt adhesive.

2.07 COLORS

PART 3 Selected by Architect as provided by these specifications, in particular Paragraph 2.01 E)

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verify adequacy of support framing, substrates and anchors.
B. No Work shall be installed until corrections to substrates have been performed by the trades involved.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Install casework, components and accessories under manufacturer representative's supervision whenever possible, using skilled labor especially trained for this work. Cabinets are to be installed in a professional and industry- accepted manner, including all scribes moldings and necessary trim, complete and in operating condition according to outlined plans and specifications.
B. Set casework items plumb and square, securely anchored to building structure.
C. Furnish casework complete with trim strips, fillers, backs, etc., as may be required; all cutouts required for trim, sinks, etc., shall be made by the casework supplier.
D. Unless noted otherwise, furnish all sinks, faucets, bubblers, baskets, tailpieces, traps with clean out, gas cocks, escutcheons and interconnecting supply piping and waste piping to point of final connection for installation and hook-up by Plumbing Contractor
E. Fume hoods and exhaust booths shall be pre-plumbed and pre-wired.

F. Exhaust fans and motors will be provided by the HVAC Contractor.
G. Field touch-up blemishes to original finish as approved and accepted by the Architect.
H. Discard or remove and replace damaged members.

3.03 ADJUSTISTING

A. Adjust doors, drawers, hardware, fixtures, and other moving or operating parts to function smoothly.

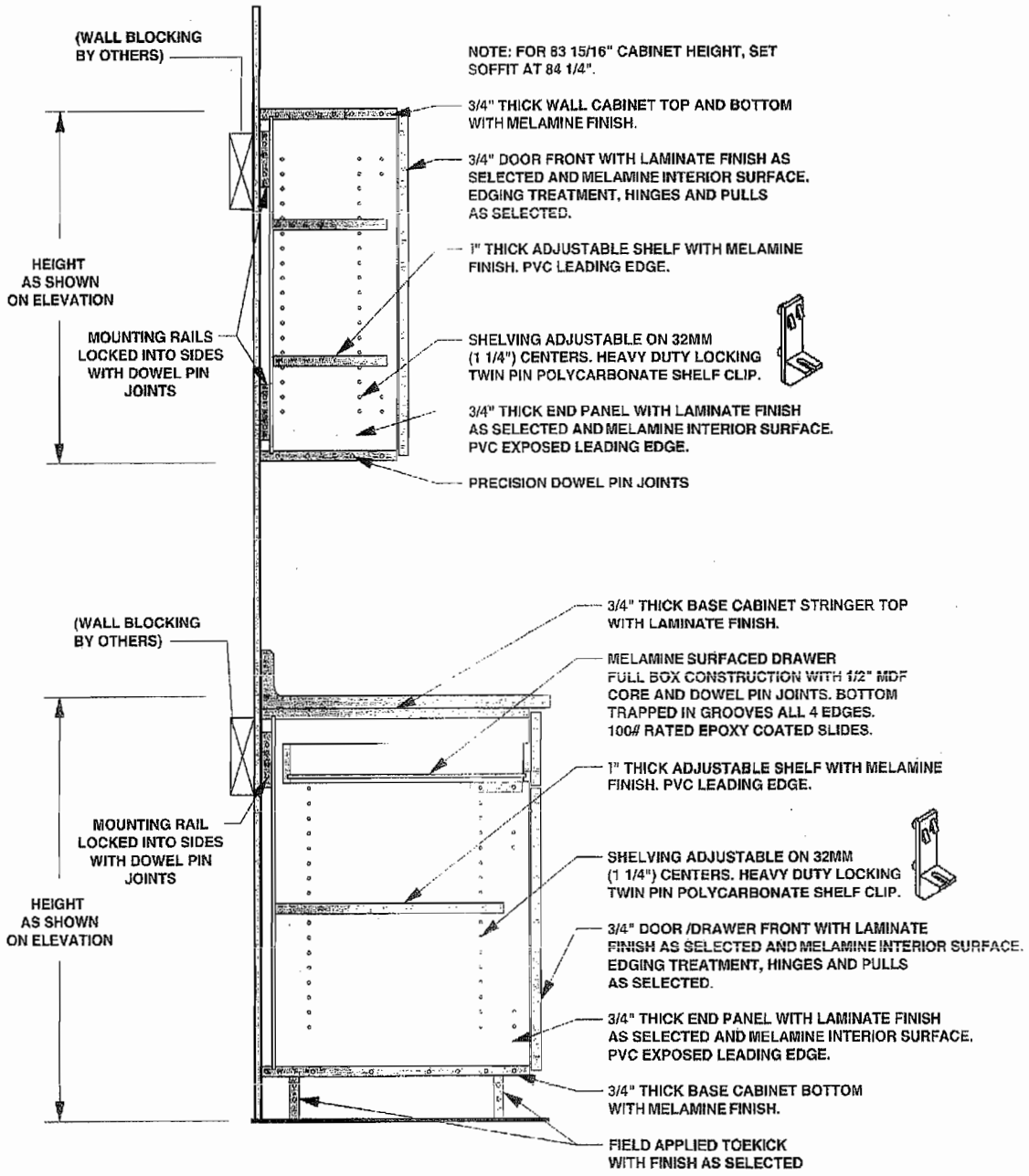
3.04 CLEANING

A. All packaging material and installation-related debris shall be placed in an owner-provided Dumpster on the construction site. The work area shall be left broom clean.
B. Installer shall remove all pencil marks, adhesive and sawdust resulting from this work.
C. Plastic laminate casework shall be cleaned inside and out following procedure recommended by the manufacturer.
D. Clean counters, shelves, glass, legs, hardware, fittings and fixtures.

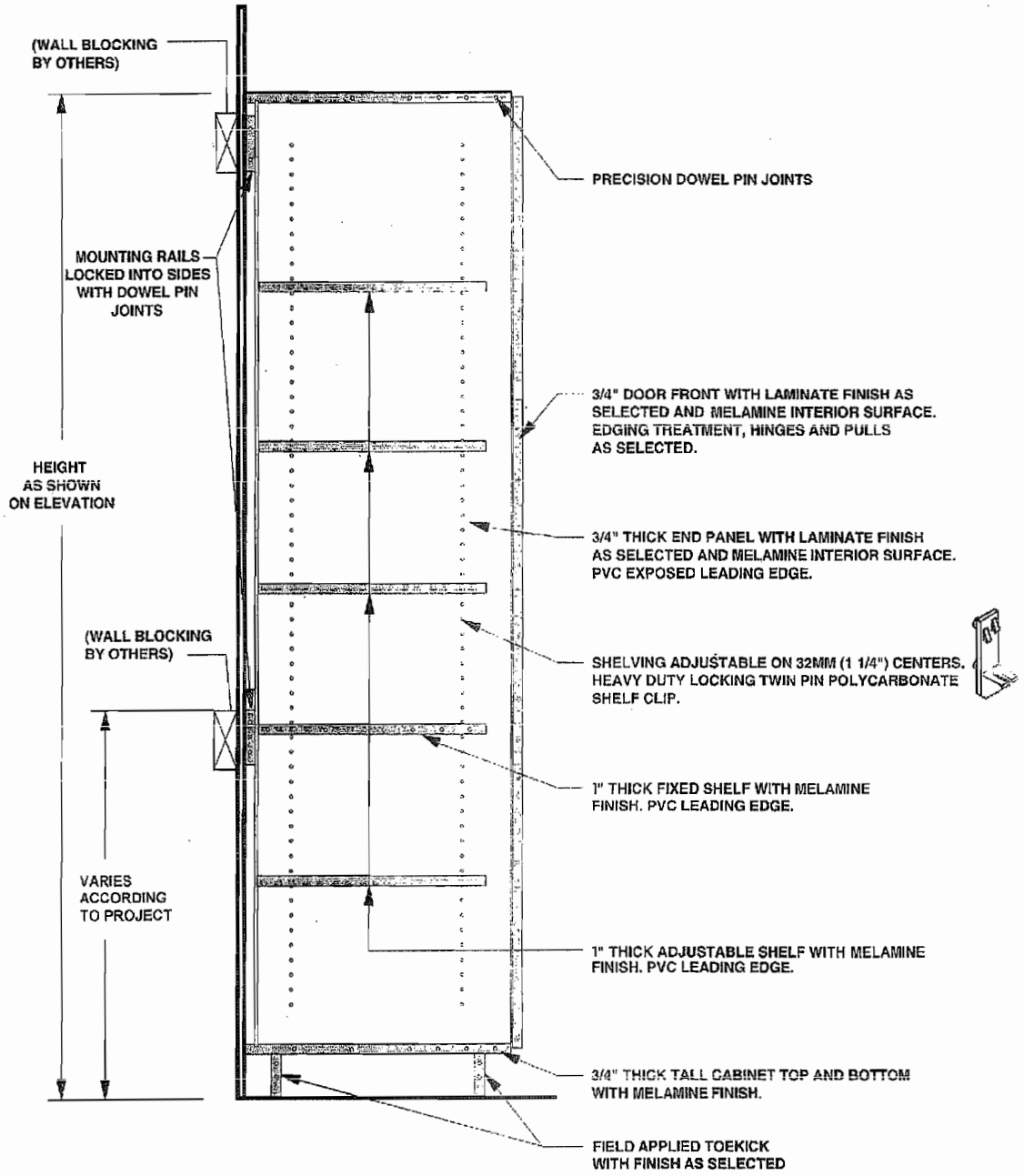
3.05 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CASEWORK

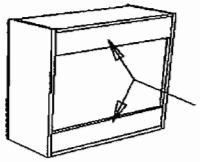
A. Do not permit finished casework to be exposed to continued construction activity.

TYPICAL BASE AND WALL CABINET SECTION



TYPICAL TALL CABINET SECTION

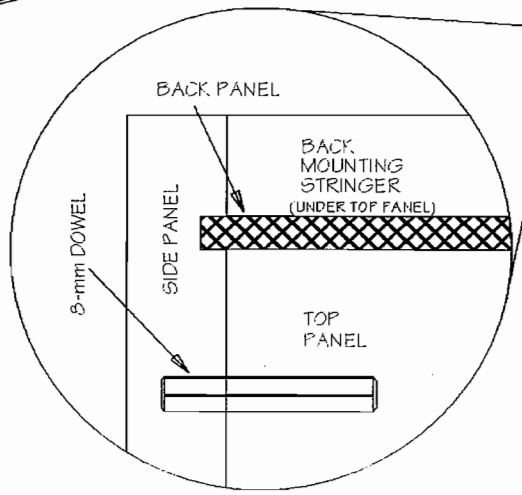




3/4" MOUNTING STRINGERS
DOWELED AND GLUED INTO SIDE PANELS

1/4" BACK PANEL, MELAMINE FINISH,
HOT-GLUED INTO CONTINUOUS DADO

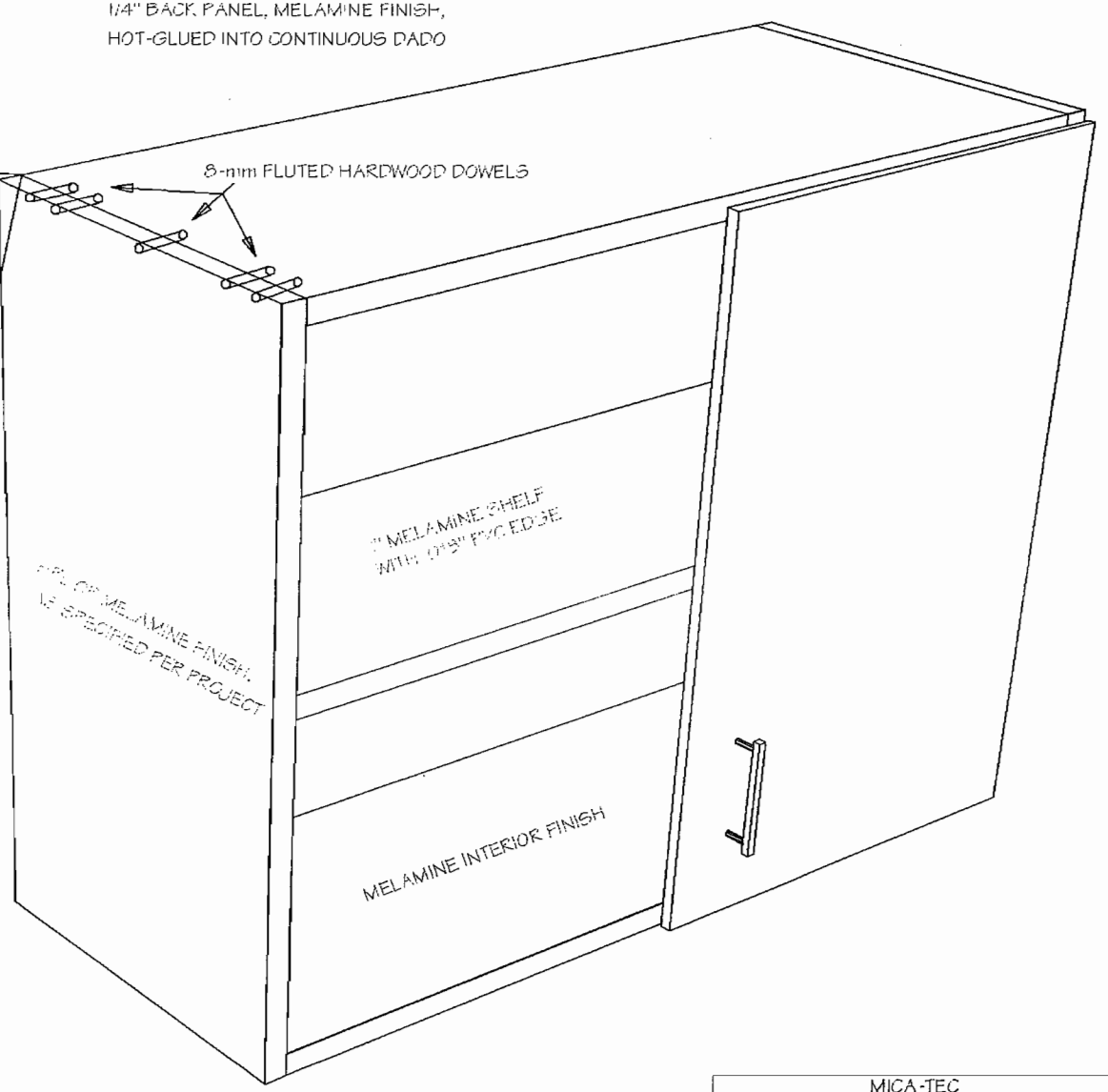
8-mm FLUTED HARDWOOD DOWELS



ADJUSTABLE SHELF SUPPORT SYSTEM:
CLEAR POLYCARBONATE LOCKING CLIP
ACCOMMODATES BOTH 3/4" AND 1" SHELVES
ADJUSTABLE ON 32-mm CENTERS

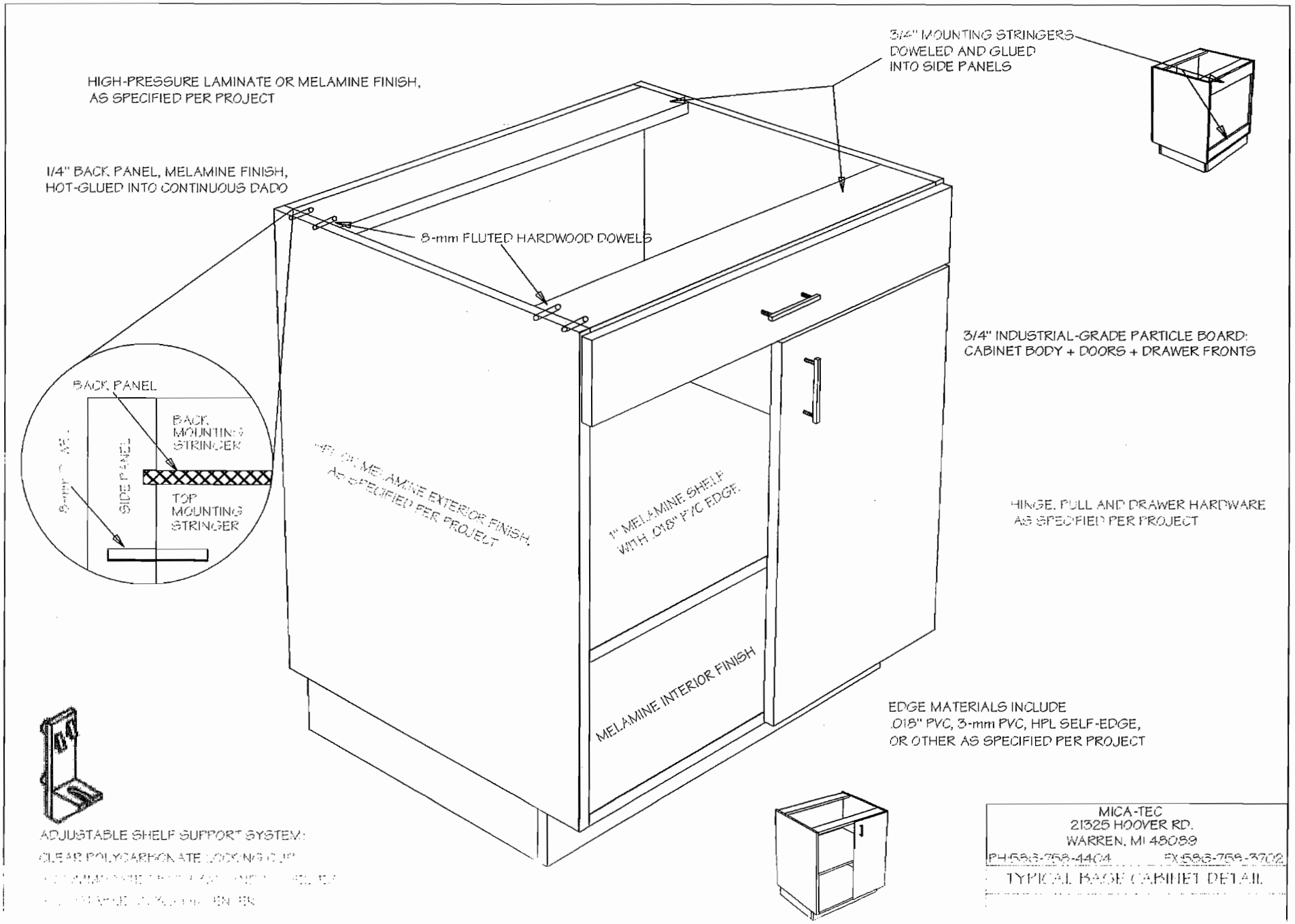
3/4" INDUSTRIAL-GRADE PARTICLEBOARD:
CABINET BODY + DOORS + DRAWER FRONTS

HIGH-PRESSURE LAMINATE OR MELAMINE FINISH,
AS SPECIFIED PER PROJECT



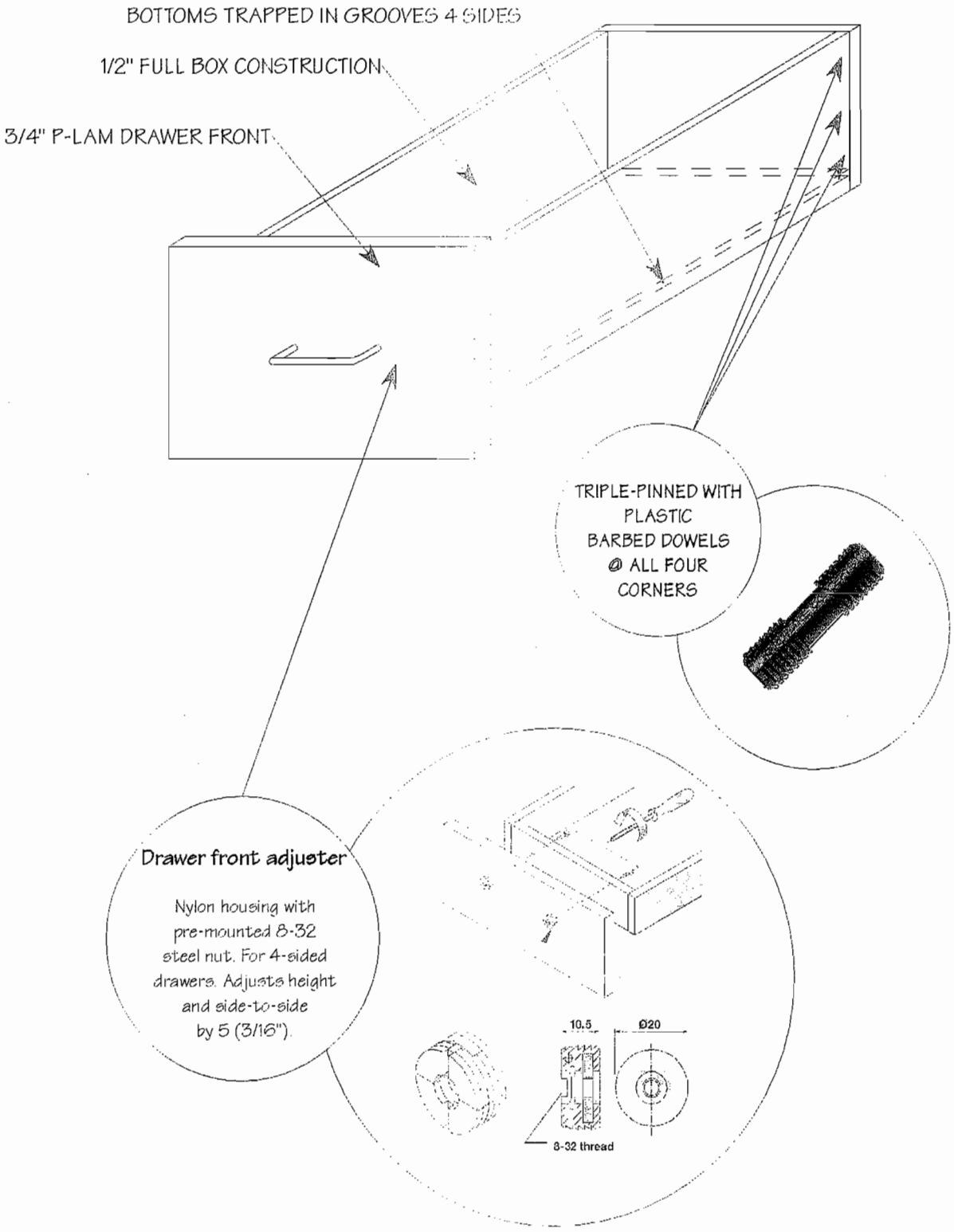
MICA-TEC
21325 HOOVER RD.
WARREN, MI 48089
PH 586-756-4404 FX 586-756-3702

TYPICAL WALL CABINET DETAIL



MICA-TEC
21325 HOOVER RD.
WARREN, MI 48089
PH 586-758-4404 FX 586-759-3702

TYPICAL BASE CABINET DETAIL



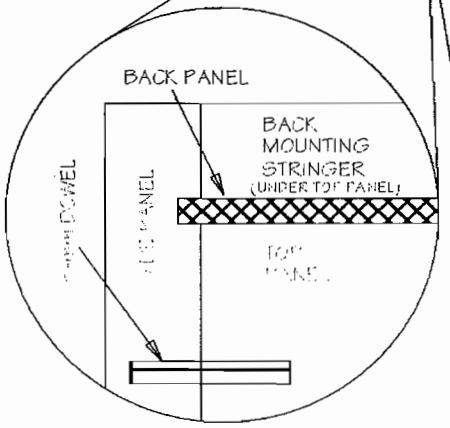
PAGE A4

DRAWER DETAIL

PRE MANUFACTURED EDUCATIONAL CASEWORK

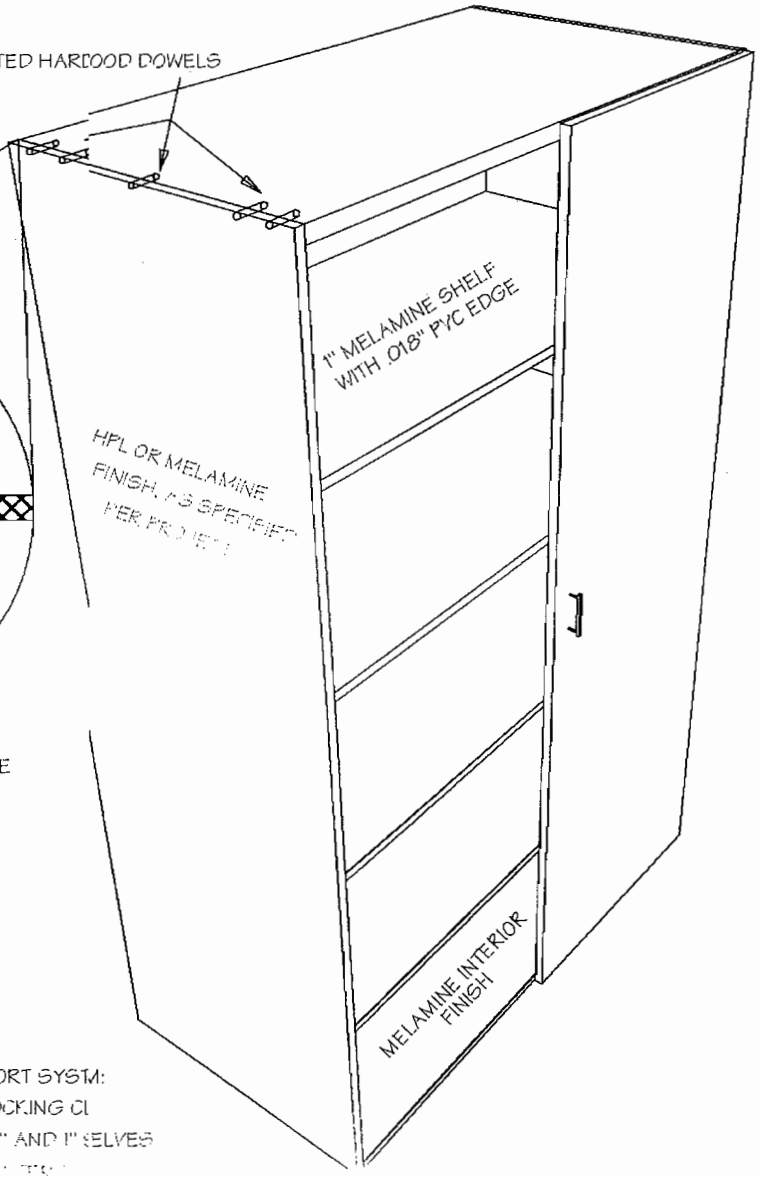
8-mm FLUTED HARDOOD DOWELS

1/4" BACK PANEL, MELAMINE FINISH,
HOT-GLUED INTO CONTINUOUS DADO



HINGE, PULL AND DRAWER HARDWARE
AS SPECIFIED PER PROJECT

ADJUSTABLE SHELF SUPPORT SYSTM:
CLEAR POLYCARBONATE LOCKING CL
ACCOMMODATES BOTH 3/4" AND 1" SELVES

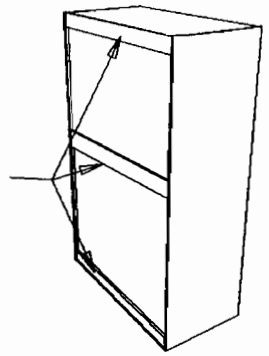


HIGH-PRESSURE LAMINATE OR MELAMINE FINISH,
AS SPECIFIED PER PROJECT

3" INDUSTRIAL-GRADE PARTICLE BOARD:
CABINET BODY + DOORS + DRAWER FRONTS

EDGE MATERIALS TO INCLUDE
.018" PVC, 3-mm PVC, HPL SELF-EDGE
OR OTHER AS SPECIFIED PER PROJECT

3" MOUNTING STRINGERS
DOWELED AND GLUED
INTO SIDE PANELS



MICA-TEC
21325 HOOVER RD.
WARREN, MI 48089

TYPICAL TALL CABINET DETAIL

RECENTLY COMPLETED PROJECTS

ALLEN, HAISLEY, THURSTON SCHOOLS
ANN ARBOR, MI
180,000.00
ARCHITECT: FANNING HOWEY
CONSTRUCTION MGR: BARTON MALOW
CONTACT: JOHN STEINHEBEL 248-219-2359

GENESYS HEALTH CARE
$190,000.00
ARCHITECT: A. J. DESIGN
ACT: VISION QUEST
CONTACT: BRANDON KAUFMAN 248-789-6944

SEQUOYAH MIDDLE SCHOOL
CHIPPEWA SCHOOLS
$413,000.00
ARCHITECT: WAKLEY ASSOCIATES
CONSTRUCTION MGR: BARTON MALOW
CONTACT: DON ROBERTSON 586-219-4720

CARMEN AINSWORTH HIGH SCHOOL
FLINT MICHIGAN
$109,00.00
ARCHITECT: THA
CONSTRUCTION MGR: WOLGAST
CONTRACTOR: LARRY BUILTE

SOUTH LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
SOUTH LAKE SCHOOLS
$145,000.00
ARCHITECT: WAKELY ASSOCIATES (586) 573-4100
PRIME CONTR.: DEGENHARDT & SONS
CONTACT: TED (248) 642-0272

WOLFE MIDDLE SCHOOL
CENTER LINE SCHOOL DISTRICT
ARCHITECT: CDPA ARCHITECTS (248) 354-2441
PRIME CONTR.: UZSTAN CONSTRUCTION
CONTACT: ANDY (248) 373-7411

KELLOGG DENTAL BLDG. U 0F M
ANN ARBOR, MI
$67,000.00
ARCHITECT: UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES
JACQULINE JEFFERY PH: 734-764-3414
PRIME CONTR: J.L.JUDGE CONSTRUCTION, DETROIT, MI PH: 313-961-5531

MOTT COMMUNITY COLLEGE –TRADE TECH RENOVATIONS
FLINT, MI
$57,881.00
ARCHITECT: SSOE, INC. ARCHITECTS ENGINEERS TROY, MI
PRIME CONTR: R.L. WHITE DEVELOPMENT CORP, GRAND BLANC, AND MI
CONTACT: DOUG PH: 810-695-2330

FITZGERALD HIGH SCHOOL (AUTOMOTIVE CAREER)
ARCHITECT: STRAT WOLD ARCHITECTS & ENGINEERS (248) 649-6655
PRIME CONTR.: FARNELL CONTRACTING:
CONTACT: DOUG (248) 745-8998

BIRMINGHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS
(ENVIRONMENTAL CENTER/CARETAKER HOUSE)
$25,000.00
ARCHITECT: KADUSHIN ARCHITECTS
PRIME CONTR.: ERECTORS II
CONTACT: JACK ROUSSEY (248) 354-3212

CESAR CHAVEZ ACADEMY
FARMINGHTON, MI
$145,903.00
ARCHITECT: ARCHICIVITAS, DETROIT, MI
PRIME CONTR: CORONA CONSTRUCTION, LIVONIA, MI CONTACT: DON
PH: 313-422-0112

COUSINO HIGH SCHOOL
WARREN CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS
$175,000.00
C.M.: MCCARTHY SMITH: MARK BONAR (586) 558-8051
ARCHITECT: FRENCH ASSOCIATES

SECTION 00230
SCHEDULE AND PHASING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 MILESTONE SCHEDULE

A. The following are the milestone schedule dates for the listed work and will become a part of the Contract Documents. Each contractor is responsible to review the supplementary General Conditions for additional requirements. The master construction schedule will be developed after award of the Agreement with Contractor input.

MILESTONE ACTIVITIES	SCHEDULED START	SCHEDULED COMPLETION
Last pre-bid RFI taken	February 21, 2007	-
Receive Bids	March 06, 2007	
Issuance of Contracts (tentatively)	April 03, 2007	-
Athletic Field, Parking Lot and Ticket Booth	*June 04, 2007*	*August 28, 2007*
Mat Storage Room Addition	*April 06, 2007*	*August 06, 2007*
Storage Additions	*April 6, 2007*	*July 24, 2007*
Concession Building	*June 18, 2007*	*June 20, 2007*
Cafeteria Addition	*April 9, 2007*	*October 3, 2007*
Interior Renovations	*June 25, 2007*	*August 31, 2007*
Press Box	*June 18, 2007*	*August 20, 2007*

Close coordination will be required between all construction trades in order that individual areas of renovation and new construction can be completed within the scheduled time. Consult the proposed construction sequence and renovation sequence schedules and key plans found in Part 2 for start and completion dates of individual Work areas.

B. It is expressly agreed that time is of the essence for the completion of Work under the Agreement and **Contractor** agrees to perform the Work within the allotted time and in the manner specified. **Contractor** shall be liable for any and all damages and expenses suffered by the Owner or Barton Malow Company arising or resulting from the failure of **Contractor** to perform the Work in accordance with the construction schedule.

1.03 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

A. **Contractor** agrees to commence Work in the field within five (5) Days after being notified to do so by the Barton Malow Company. **Contractor** shall diligently perform and fully complete all Work to the satisfaction of Barton Malow Company and Owner.

Work shall begin at such points as Barton Malow Company may designate and shall be carried to completion with the utmost speed.

B. **Contractor** shall submit to Barton Malow Company **within fifteen (15) Days of award of the Agreement a Bar Chart/CPM construction schedule using all necessary scheduling information using Barton Malow Company specified coding** of all activities contained in the **Contractor's** scope of Work. This schedule shall include activity descriptions and durations in working days, for shop drawings, fabrication, delivery and installation of products, materials and equipment. This schedule shall identify

precedent relationships between **Contractor's** activities and those of other **contractors**, the dollar value, necessary manpower loadings, and precedent activities for other **contractors**. The activities on the schedule must be at a level of detail approved by Barton Malow Company and should agree with the terminology and building sequencing established by Barton Malow Company.

C. Barton Malow Company will compile all **Contractors'** schedules and develop a project master construction schedule. Once the individual **Contractors** schedules are agreed upon by Barton Malow Company, this project master construction schedule will become the project plan for construction.

D. Special requirements and/or sequencing issues should be brought to the attention of Barton Malow Company. It is intended the milestones remain in effect and all Bidders agree to accept the milestone dates. Barton Malow Company reserves the right to revise the project master construction schedule as deemed necessary.

E. Barton Malow Company shall periodically update the project master construction schedule and display it at the Project site. Contractor shall familiarize itself with the project master construction schedule and how it will affect or modify its operations, including coordination with the activities of other **contractors**. Reasonable changes in sequencing, durations and phasing are to be expected with each master schedule update. These changes will be made by **Contractor** at no additional cost.

F. If it is apparent **Contractor** is unable to perform its Work in the sequence indicated or the time allotted, **Contractor** must notify Barton Malow Company within five (5) Days after initial publication of the project master construction schedule. **Contractor**s schedule of activities may be re-sequenced, and the schedule may be adjusted, provided all Work is completed within the stated milestone dates and provided Barton Malow Company and affected **contractors** are notified of the change within five (5) calendar days of receipt of the schedule and the change does not otherwise negatively impact the other scheduled work; otherwise, the project master construction schedule shall be deemed accepted by all parties and becomes a contractual requirement for each **Contractor**.

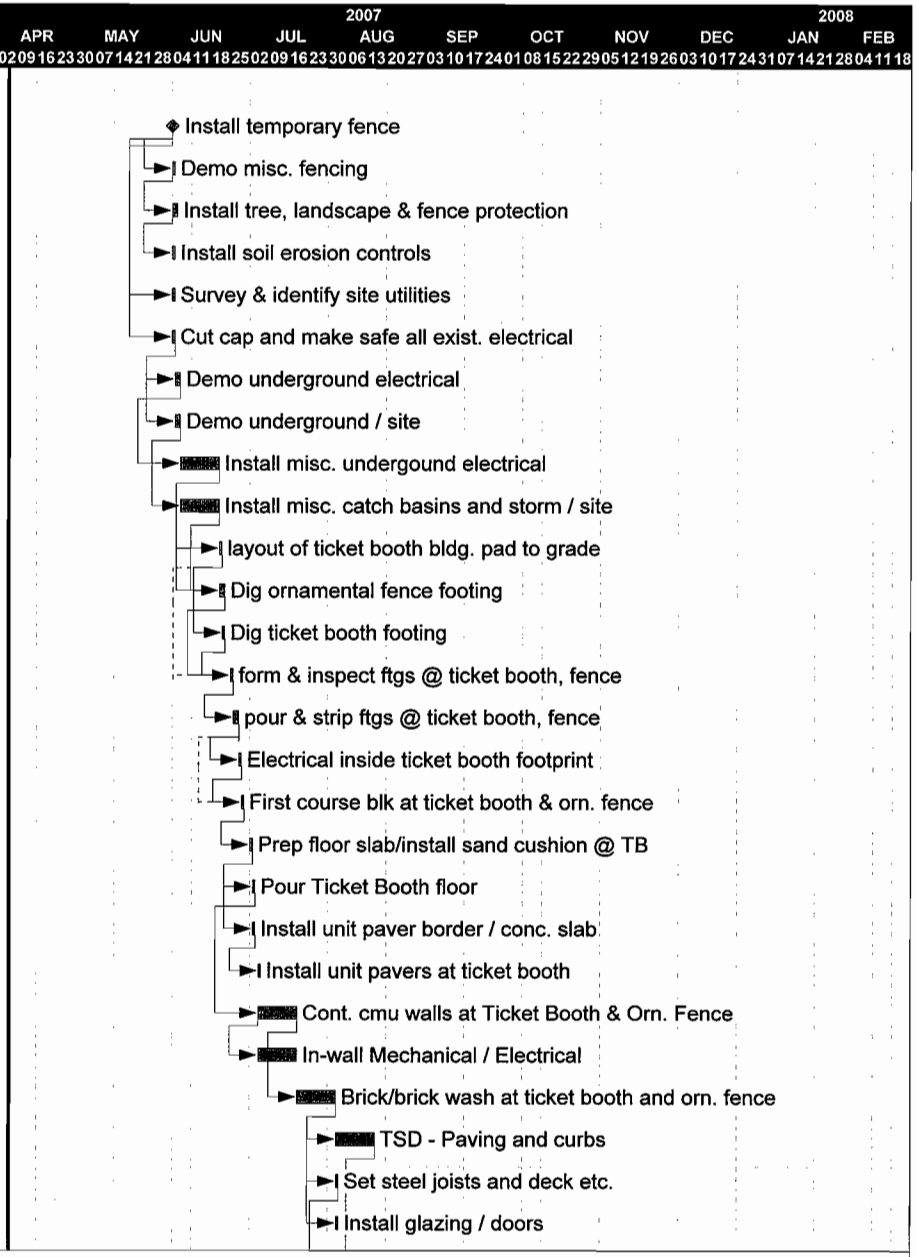
G. If **Contractor** delays progress for any reason other than those delays specifically excused under the Contract Documents, Contractor will take all necessary steps to expedite its Work to maintain milestone target dates at no expense or additional cost to Owner or Barton Malow Company.

H. If **Contractor** is behind schedule and is so notified by Barton Malow Company, **Contractor** shall be required to accelerate the Work at its own expense. **Contractor** shall furnish to Barton Malow Company a short interval schedule of its Work showing location, number of men and crew required to get back on the agreed upon master construction schedule. If **Contractor** fails to maintain and meet the short interval schedule, **Barton Malow Company** reserves the right to take whatever steps it deems necessary in its sole discretion to recover the schedule at the **Contractor**'s expense. The **Contractor** shall employ such means as overtime work, multiple work shifts, and additional equipment, all without additional compensation, and shall continue to do so until the progress of the Work, in the opinion of Barton Malow Company, is in conformance with the master project construction schedule.

I. **Contractor** agrees that it shall have no claim against the Owner, Architect, or Barton Malow Company for an increase in the contract price nor for a payment or allowance of any kind for damage, loss, or expense arising or resulting from delays, regardless of whether the delay is the basis for an extension of time. This provision includes claims for damage, loss, or expense arising or resulting from interruptions to, or necessary suspension of, **Contractor**'s Work to enable other **contractors** to perform their work.

END OF SECTION 00230

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
Athletic Field Parking Lot and Ticket Booth					
1010	Install temporary fence	0	04JUN07 *		49d
1020	Demo misc. fencing	1	04JUN07	04JUN07	115d
1030	Install tree, landscape & fence protection	2	04JUN07	05JUN07	115d
1040	Install soil erosion controls	1	04JUN07 *	04JUN07	116d
1045	Survey & identify site utilities	1	04JUN07	04JUN07	116d
1046	Cut cap and make safe all exist. electrical	1	04JUN07	04JUN07	49d
1065	Demo underground electrical	2	05JUN07	06JUN07	49d
1070	Demo underground / site	2	05JUN07	06JUN07	49d
1080	Install misc. undergound electrical	10	07JUN07	20JUN07	49d
1085	Install misc. catch basins and storm / site	10	07JUN07	20JUN07	49d
1165	layout of ticket booth bldg. pad to grade	1	21JUN07	21JUN07	49d
1167	Dig ornamental fence footing	2	21JUN07	22JUN07	49d
1240	Dig ticket booth footing	1	22JUN07	22JUN07	49d
1242	form & inspect ftgs @ ticket booth, fence	1	25JUN07	25JUN07	49d
1245	pour & strip ftgs @ ticket booth, fence	2	26JUN07	27JUN07	49d
1247	Electrical inside ticket booth footprint	1	28JUN07	28JUN07	49d
1250	First course blk at ticket booth & orn. fence	1	29JUN07	29JUN07	49d
1340	Prep floor slab/install sand cushion @ TB	1	02JUL07	02JUL07	49d
1360	Pour Ticket Booth floor	1	03JUL07	03JUL07	49d
1373	Install unit paver border / conc. slab	1	03JUL07	03JUL07	94d
1363	Install unit pavers at ticket booth	1	05JUL07	05JUL07	94d
1370	Cont. cmu walls at Ticket Booth & Orn.	10	05JUL07	18JUL07	49d
1380	In-wall Mechanical / Electrical	10	05JUL07	18JUL07	85d
1371	Brick/brick wash at ticket booth and orn.	10	19JUL07	01AUG07	49d
1177	TSD - Paving and curbs	10	02AUG07	15AUG07	49d
1400	Set steel joists and deck etc.	1	02AUG07	02AUG07	67d
1440	Install glazing / doors	1	02AUG07	02AUG07	74d

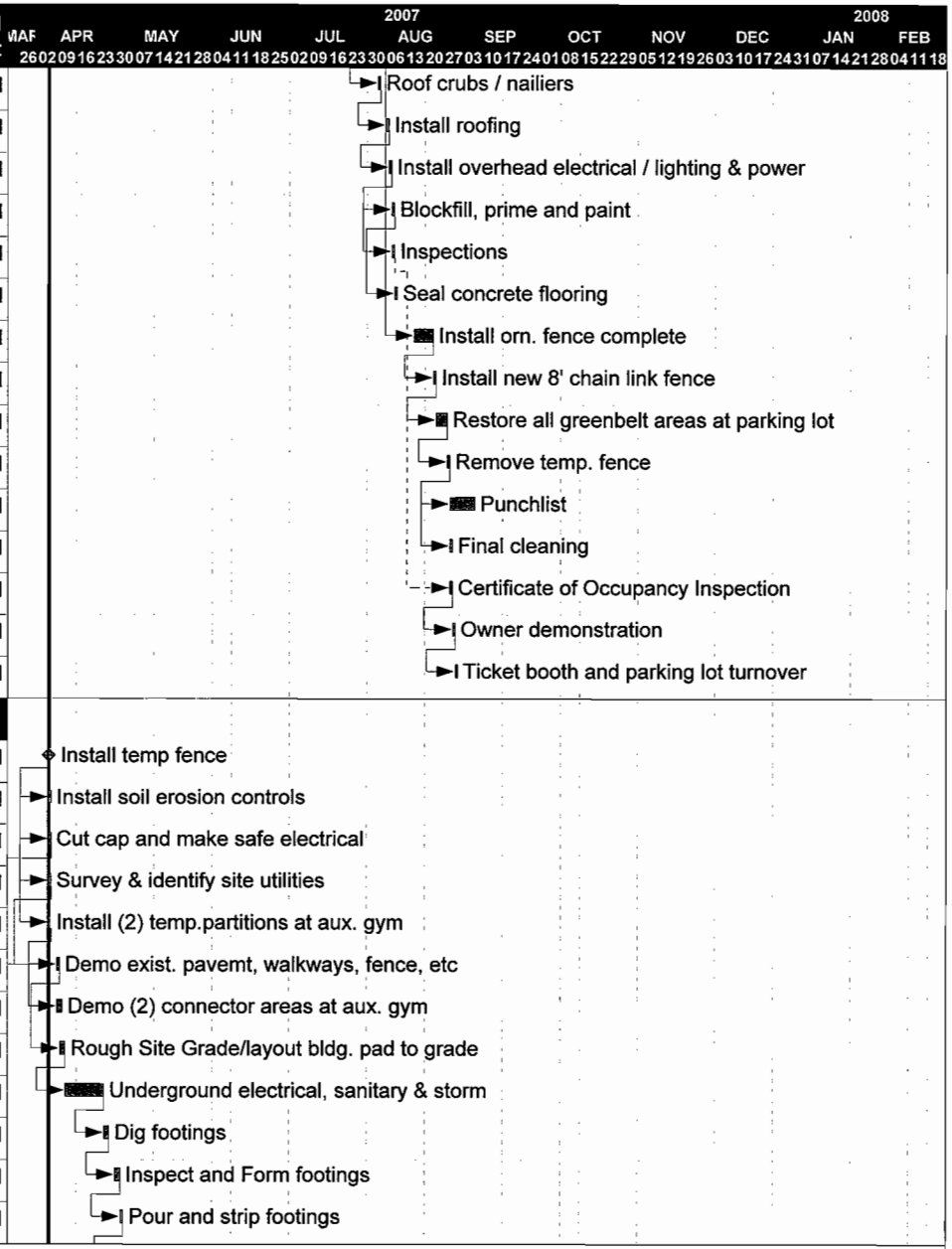


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	1A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
1420	Roof crubs / nailiers	1	03AUG07	03AUG07	67d
1430	Install roofing	1	06AUG07	06AUG07	67d
1450	Install overhead electrical / lighting & power	1	07AUG07	07AUG07	67d
1375	Blockfill, prime and paint	1	08AUG07	08AUG07	69d
1455	Inspections	1	08AUG07	08AUG07	67d
1377	Seal concrete flooring	1	09AUG07	09AUG07	69d
1476	Install orn. fence complete	5	16AUG07	22AUG07	49d
1477	Install new 8' chain link fence	1	23AUG07	23AUG07	49d
2290	Restore all greenbelt areas at parking lot	2	24AUG07	27AUG07	49d
2300	Remove temp. fence	1	28AUG07	28AUG07	49d
2310	Punchlist	7	29AUG07	06SEP07	49d
2320	Final cleaning	1	29AUG07	29AUG07	55d
2340	Certificate of Occupancy Inspection	1	29AUG07 *	29AUG07	53d
2350	Owner demonstration	1	30AUG07	30AUG07	53d
2360	Ticket booth and parking lot turnover	1	31AUG07	31AUG07	53d
Mat Storage Room Addition					
1530	Install temp fence	0	06APR07 *		57d
1531	Install soil erosion controls	1	06APR07	06APR07	157d
1532	Cut cap and make safe electrical	1	06APR07	06APR07	57d
1533	Survey & identify site utilities	1	06APR07	06APR07	57d
1534	Install (2) temp.partitions at aux. gym	1	06APR07	06APR07	155d
1535	Demo exist. pavemt, walkways, fence, etc	1	09APR07	09APR07	57d
1565	Demo (2) connector areas at aux. gym	2	09APR07	10APR07	155d
1567	Rough Site Grade/layout bldg. pad to grade	2	10APR07	11APR07	57d
1568	Underground electrical, sanitary & storm	10	12APR07	25APR07	57d
1580	Dig footings	2	26APR07	27APR07	57d
1590	Inspect and Form footings	2	30APR07	01MAY07	57d
1592	Pour and strip footings	1	02MAY07	02MAY07	57d

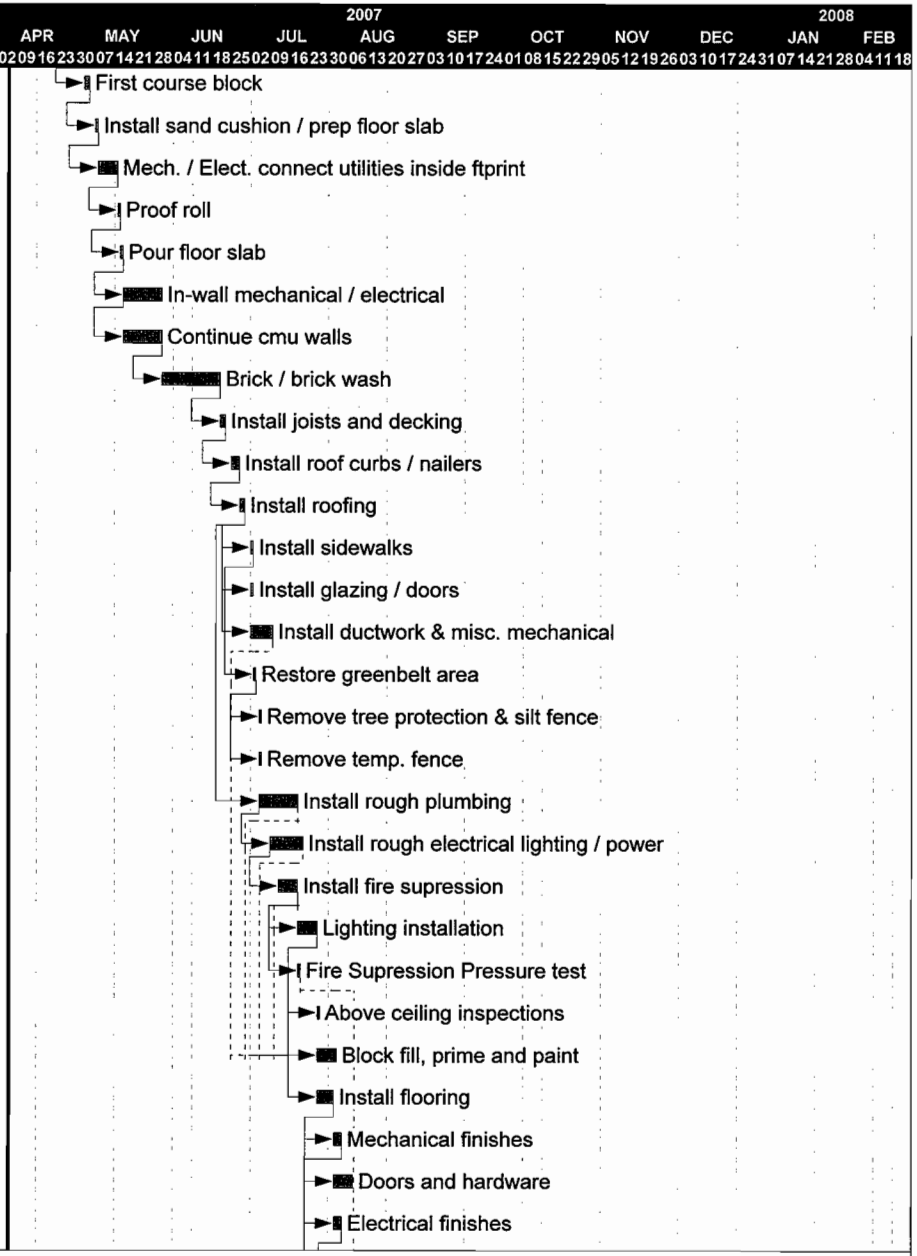


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	2A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
1620	First course block	2	03MAY07	04MAY07	57d
1621	Install sand cushion / prep floor slab	1	07MAY07	07MAY07	57d
1625	Mech. / Elect. connect utilities inside ftprint	5	08MAY07	14MAY07	57d
1630	Proof roll	1	15MAY07	15MAY07	57d
1650	Pour floor slab	1	16MAY07	16MAY07	57d
1660	In-wall mechanical / electrical	10	17MAY07	30MAY07	57d
1670	Continue cmu walls	10	17MAY07	30MAY07	57d
1675	Brick / brick wash	15	31MAY07	20JUN07	57d
1677	Install joists and decking	2	21JUN07	22JUN07	57d
1678	Install roof curbs / nailers	3	25JUN07	27JUN07	57d
1679	Install roofing	2	28JUN07	29JUN07	57d
1681	Install sidewalks	1	02JUL07	02JUL07	94d
1720	Install glazing / doors	1	02JUL07	02JUL07	96d
1730	Install ductwork & misc. mechanical	5	02JUL07	09JUL07	87d
1683	Restore greenbelt area	1	03JUL07	03JUL07	94d
1684	Remove tree protection & silt fence	1	05JUL07	05JUL07	94d
1685	Remove temp. fence	1	05JUL07	05JUL07	94d
1740	Install rough plumbing	10	05JUL07	18JUL07	57d
1750	Install rough electrical lighting / power	10	09JUL07	20JUL07	57d
1760	Install fire supression	5	12JUL07	18JUL07	57d
1810	Lighting installation	5	19JUL07	25JUL07	57d
1892	Fire Supression Pressure test	1	19JUL07	19JUL07	81d
1780	Above ceiling inspections	1	26JUL07	26JUL07	79d
1800	Block fill, prime and paint	5	26JUL07	01AUG07	75d
1830	Install flooring	4	26JUL07	31JUL07	57d
1850	Mechanical finishes	3	01AUG07	03AUG07	69d
1860	Doors and hardware	5	01AUG07	07AUG07	71d
1870	Electrical finishes	3	01AUG07	03AUG07	57d

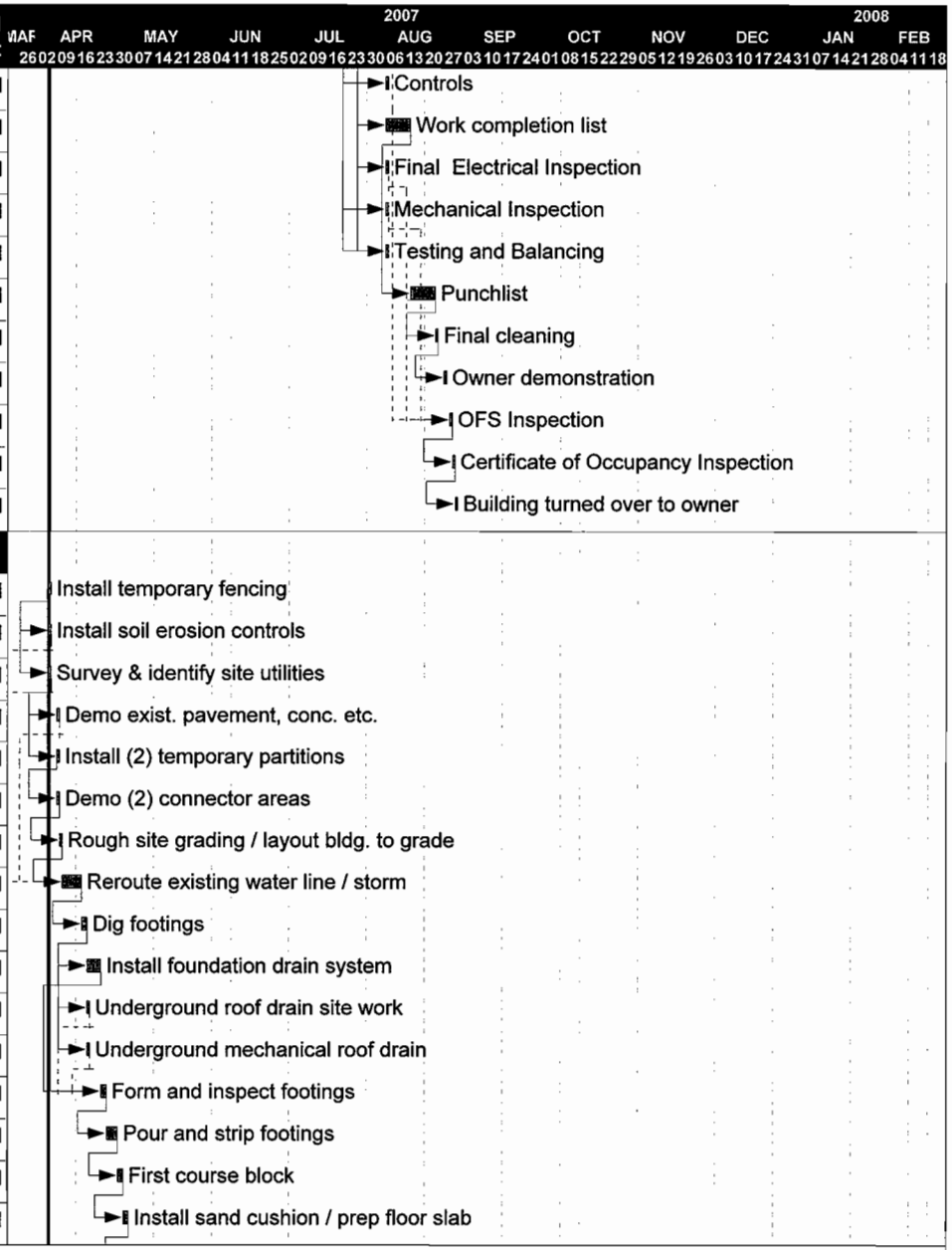


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	3A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
1770	Controls	1	06AUG07	06AUG07	72d
1880	Work completion list	7	06AUG07	14AUG07	57d
1890	Final Electrical Inspection	1	06AUG07	06AUG07	69d
1891	Mechanical Inspection	1	06AUG07	06AUG07	69d
1895	Testing and Balancing	1	06AUG07	06AUG07	72d
1920	Punchlist	7	15AUG07	23AUG07	57d
1930	Final cleaning	1	24AUG07	24AUG07	57d
1940	Owner demonstration	1	27AUG07	27AUG07	57d
1900	OFS Inspection	1	29AUG07 *	29AUG07	53d
1910	Certificate of Occupancy Inspection	1	30AUG07 *	30AUG07	53d
1950	Building turned over to owner	1	31AUG07	31AUG07	53d
Storage Additions					
1100	Install temporary fencing	1	06APR07	06APR07	67d
1255	Install soil erosion controls	1	06APR07	06APR07	69d
1258	Survey & identify site utilities	1	06APR07	06APR07	67d
1260	Demo exist. pavement, conc. etc.	1	09APR07	09APR07	68d
1280	Install (2) temporary partitions	1	09APR07	09APR07	67d
1290	Demo (2) connector areas	1	09APR07	09APR07	67d
1295	Rough site grading / layout bldg. to grade	1	10APR07	10APR07	67d
1305	Reroute existing water line / storm	5	11APR07	17APR07	67d
1310	Dig footings	2	18APR07	19APR07	67d
1312	Install foundation drain system	3	20APR07	24APR07	67d
1314	Underground roof drain site work	1	20APR07	20APR07	69d
1315	Underground mechanical roof drain	1	20APR07	20APR07	69d
1320	Form and inspect footings	2	25APR07	26APR07	67d
1330	Pour and strip footings	2	27APR07	30APR07	67d
1390	First course block	2	01MAY07	02MAY07	67d
1600	Install sand cushion / prep floor slab	2	03MAY07	04MAY07	67d

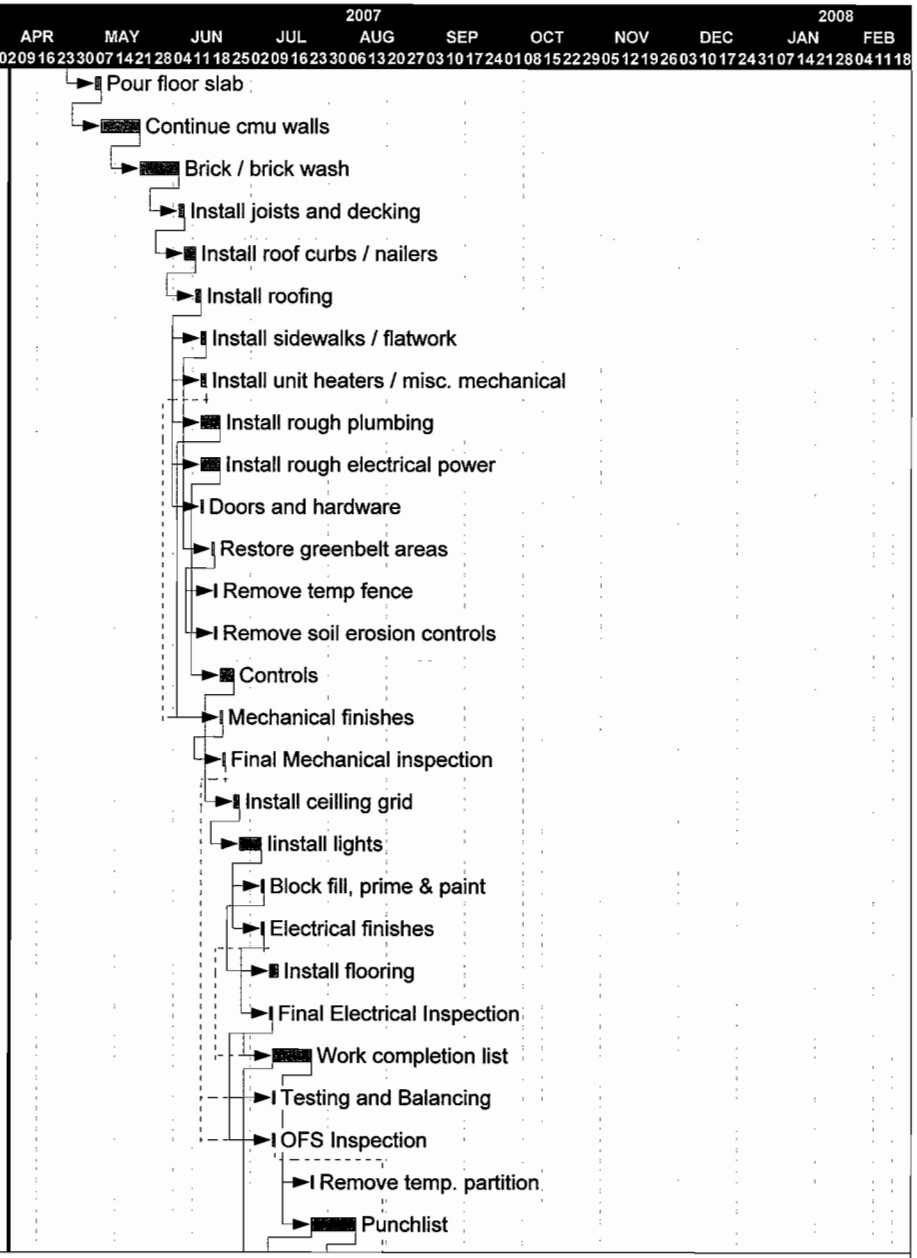


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	4A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
1960	Pour floor slab	2	07MAY07	08MAY07	67d
1980	Continue cmu walls	10	09MAY07	22MAY07	67d
2000	Brick / brick wash	10	23MAY07	05JUN07	67d
1990	Install joists and decking	2	06JUN07	07JUN07	67d
2010	Install roof curbs / nailers	2	08JUN07	11JUN07	67d
2020	Install roofing	2	12JUN07	13JUN07	67d
2002	Install sidewalks / flatwork	2	14JUN07	15JUN07	105d
2040	Install unit heaters / misc. mechanical	2	14JUN07	15JUN07	102d
2050	Install rough plumbing	5	14JUN07	20JUN07	99d
2060	Install rough electrical power	5	14JUN07	20JUN07	67d
2110	Doors and hardware	1	14JUN07	14JUN07	108d
2004	Restore greenbelt areas	1	18JUN07	18JUN07	105d
2152	Remove temp fence	1	19JUN07	19JUN07	105d
2153	Remove soil erosion controls	1	19JUN07	19JUN07	105d
2070	Controls	3	21JUN07	25JUN07	67d
2100	Mechanical finishes	1	21JUN07	21JUN07	99d
2102	Final Mechanical inspection	1	22JUN07	22JUN07	99d
2075	Install ceilling grid	2	26JUN07	27JUN07	67d
2080	Iinstall lights	5	28JUN07	05JUL07	67d
2090	Block fill, prime & paint	1	06JUL07	06JUL07	90d
2120	Electrical finishes	1	06JUL07	06JUL07	67d
2122	Install flooring	3	09JUL07	11JUL07	90d
2140	Final Electrical Inspection	1	09JUL07	09JUL07	67d
2130	Work completion list	10	10JUL07	23JUL07	67d
2150	Testing and Balancing	1	10JUL07	10JUL07	91d
2160	OFS Inspection	1	10JUL07	10JUL07	89d
2111	Remove temp. partition	1	24JUL07	24JUL07	81d
2180	Punchlist	12	24JUL07	08AUG07	67d

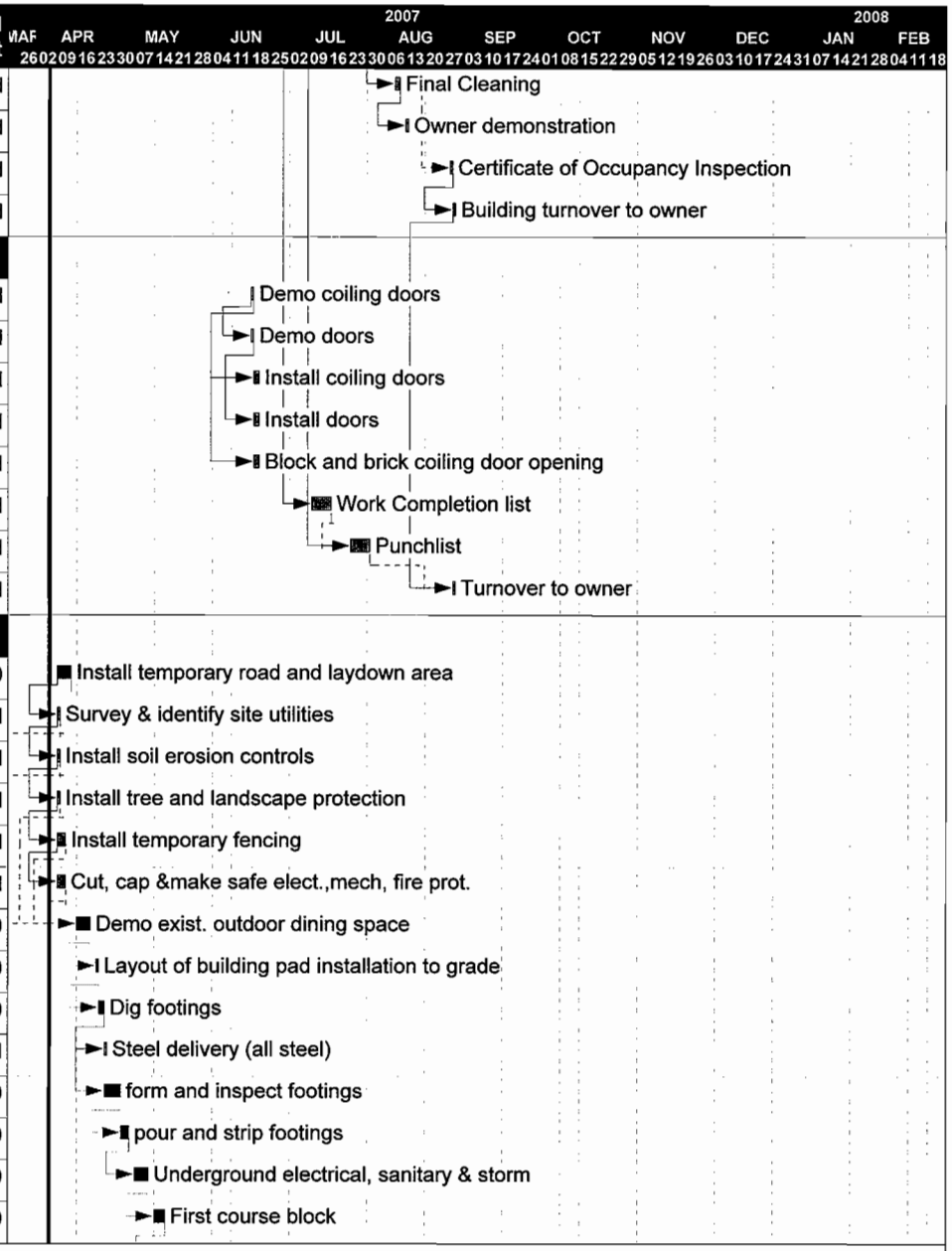


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	5A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

- Early bar
- Progress bar
- Critical bar
- Summary bar
- Start milestone point
- Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
2190	Final Cleaning	2	09AUG07	10AUG07	67d
2200	Owner demonstration	1	13AUG07	13AUG07	67d
2170	Certificate of Occupancy Inspection	1	29AUG07 *	29AUG07	54d
2210	Building turnover to owner	1	30AUG07	30AUG07	54d
Concession Building					
3120	Demo coiling doors	1	18JUN07 *	18JUN07	104d
3620	Demo doors	1	18JUN07	18JUN07	104d
3200	Install coiling doors	2	19JUN07	20JUN07	104d
3630	Install doors	2	19JUN07	20JUN07	104d
3640	Block and brick coiling door opening	2	19JUN07	20JUN07	104d
3660	Work Completion list	5	10JUL07	16JUL07	81d
3650	Punchlist	5	24JUL07	30JUL07	76d
2790	Turnover to owner	1	30AUG07	30AUG07	54d
Cafeteria Addition					
1000	Install temporary road and laydown area	5	09APR07 *	13APR07	0
1001	Survey & identify site utilities	1	09APR07	09APR07	2d
1110	Install soil erosion controls	1	09APR07	09APR07	2d
1180	Install tree and landscape protection	1	09APR07	09APR07	2d
1200	Install temporary fencing	3	09APR07	11APR07	2d
1210	Cut, cap &make safe elect.,mech, fire prot.	3	09APR07	11APR07	2d
1520	Demo exist. outdoor dining space	5	16APR07	20APR07	0
2240	Layout of building pad installation to grade	1	23APR07	23APR07	0
2250	Dig footings	2	24APR07	25APR07	0
2252	Steel delivery (all steel)	1	26APR07	26APR07	143d
2255	form and inspect footings	4	26APR07	01MAY07	0
2260	pour and strip footings	3	02MAY07	04MAY07	0
2270	Underground electrical, sanitary & storm	5	07MAY07	11MAY07	0
2280	First course block	4	14MAY07	17MAY07	0

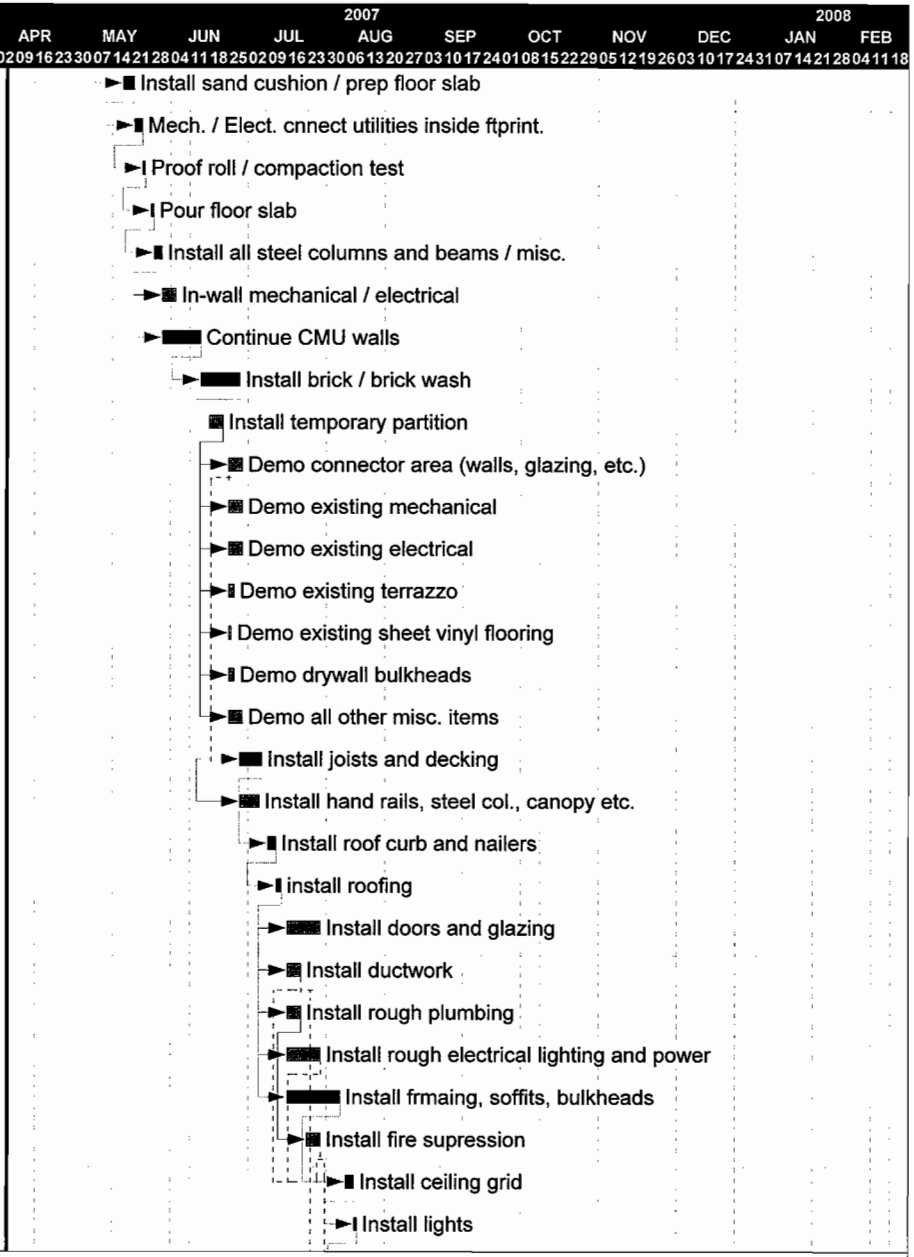


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	6A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
2330	Install sand cushion / prep floor slab	2	18MAY07	21MAY07	0
2370	Mech. / Elect. cnnect utilities inside ftprint.	3	22MAY07	24MAY07	0
2365	Proof roll / compaction test	1	25MAY07	25MAY07	0
2380	Pour floor slab	1	28MAY07	28MAY07	0
2405	Install all steel columns and beams / misc.	3	29MAY07	31MAY07	0
2390	In-wall mechanical / electrical	3	01JUN07	05JUN07	115d
2400	Continue CMU walls	10	01JUN07	14JUN07	0
2420	Install brick / brick wash	10	15JUN07	28JUN07	0
1220	Install temporary partition	5	18JUN07 *	22JUN07	4d
1230	Demo connector area (walls, glazing, etc.)	5	25JUN07	29JUN07	4d
1521	Demo existing mechanical	5	25JUN07	29JUN07	97d
1522	Demo existing electrical	5	25JUN07	29JUN07	97d
1523	Demo existing terrazzo	2	25JUN07	26JUN07	100d
1524	Demo existing sheet vinyl flooring	1	25JUN07	25JUN07	101d
1525	Demo drywall bulkheads	2	25JUN07	26JUN07	100d
1526	Demo all other misc. items	5	25JUN07	29JUN07	97d
2410	Install joists and decking	5	29JUN07	06JUL07	0
2425	Install hand rails, steel col., canopy etc.	4	29JUN07	05JUL07	94d
2430	Install roof curb and nailers	3	09JUL07	11JUL07	0
2440	install roofing	2	12JUL07	13JUL07	0
2450	Install doors and glazing	10	16JUL07	27JUL07	78d
2460	Install ductwork	5	16JUL07	20JUL07	10d
2470	Install rough plumbing	5	16JUL07	20JUL07	5d
2480	Install rough electrical lighting and power	10	16JUL07	27JUL07	5d
2500	Install frmaing, soffits, bulkheads	15	16JUL07	03AUG07	0
2490	Install fire supression	5	23JUL07	27JUL07	5d
2502	Install ceiling grid	3	06AUG07	08AUG07	0
2522	Install lights	1	09AUG07	09AUG07	0

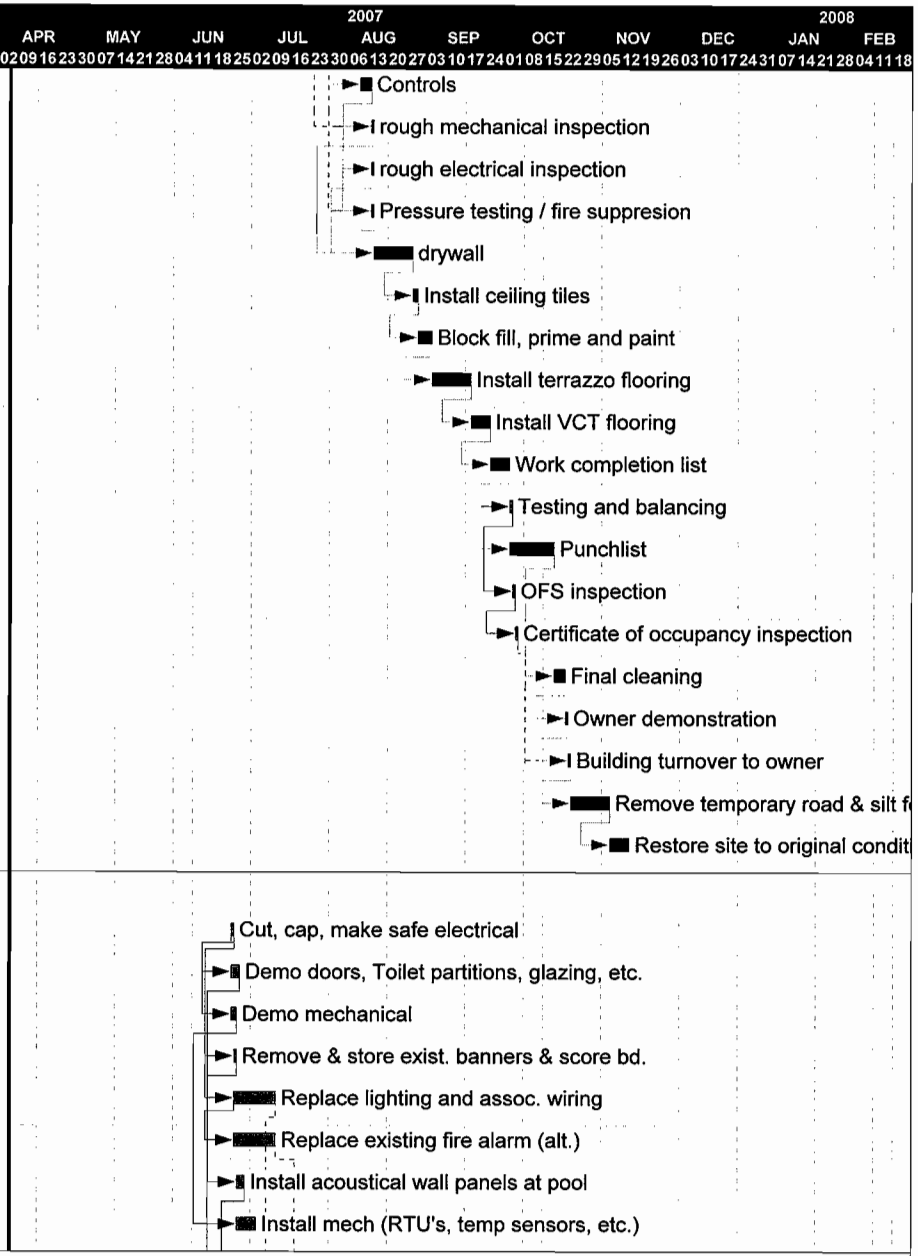


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	7A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
2510	Controls	2	10AUG07	13AUG07	0
2520	rough mechanical inspection	1	14AUG07	14AUG07	0
2524	rough electrical inspection	1	14AUG07	14AUG07	0
2536	Pressure testing / fire suppresion	1	14AUG07	14AUG07	0
2505	drywall	10	15AUG07	28AUG07	0
2526	Install ceiling tiles	2	29AUG07	30AUG07	0
2530	Block fill, prime and paint	3	31AUG07	04SEP07	0
2550	Install terrazzo flooring	10	05SEP07	18SEP07	0
2552	Install VCT flooring	5	19SEP07	25SEP07	0
2570	Work completion list	5	26SEP07	02OCT07	0
2590	Testing and balancing	1	03OCT07	03OCT07	12d
2620	Punchlist	12	03OCT07	18OCT07	0
2600	OFS inspection	1	04OCT07	04OCT07	12d
2610	Certificate of occupancy inspection	1	05OCT07	05OCT07	12d
2630	Final cleaning	2	19OCT07	22OCT07	0
2640	Owner demonstration	1	23OCT07	23OCT07	0
2650	Building turnover to owner	1	24OCT07	24OCT07	0
2411	Remove temporary road & silt fencing	10	25OCT07	07NOV07	0
2614	Restore site to original condition	5	08NOV07	14NOV07	0
Renovation - Unit A					
1190	Cut, cap, make safe electrical	1	25JUN07 *	25JUN07	64d
2800	Demo doors, Toilet partitions, glazing, etc.	3	25JUN07	27JUN07	89d
2810	Demo mechanical	2	25JUN07	26JUN07	95d
2230	Remove & store exist. banners & score bd.	1	26JUN07	26JUN07	96d
2860	Replace lighting and assoc. wiring	10	26JUN07	10JUL07	64d
2870	Replace existing fire alarm (alt.)	10	26JUN07	10JUL07	87d
2820	Install acoustical wall panels at pool	3	27JUN07	29JUN07	96d
2850	Install mech (RTU's, temp sensors, etc.)	5	27JUN07	03JUL07	95d

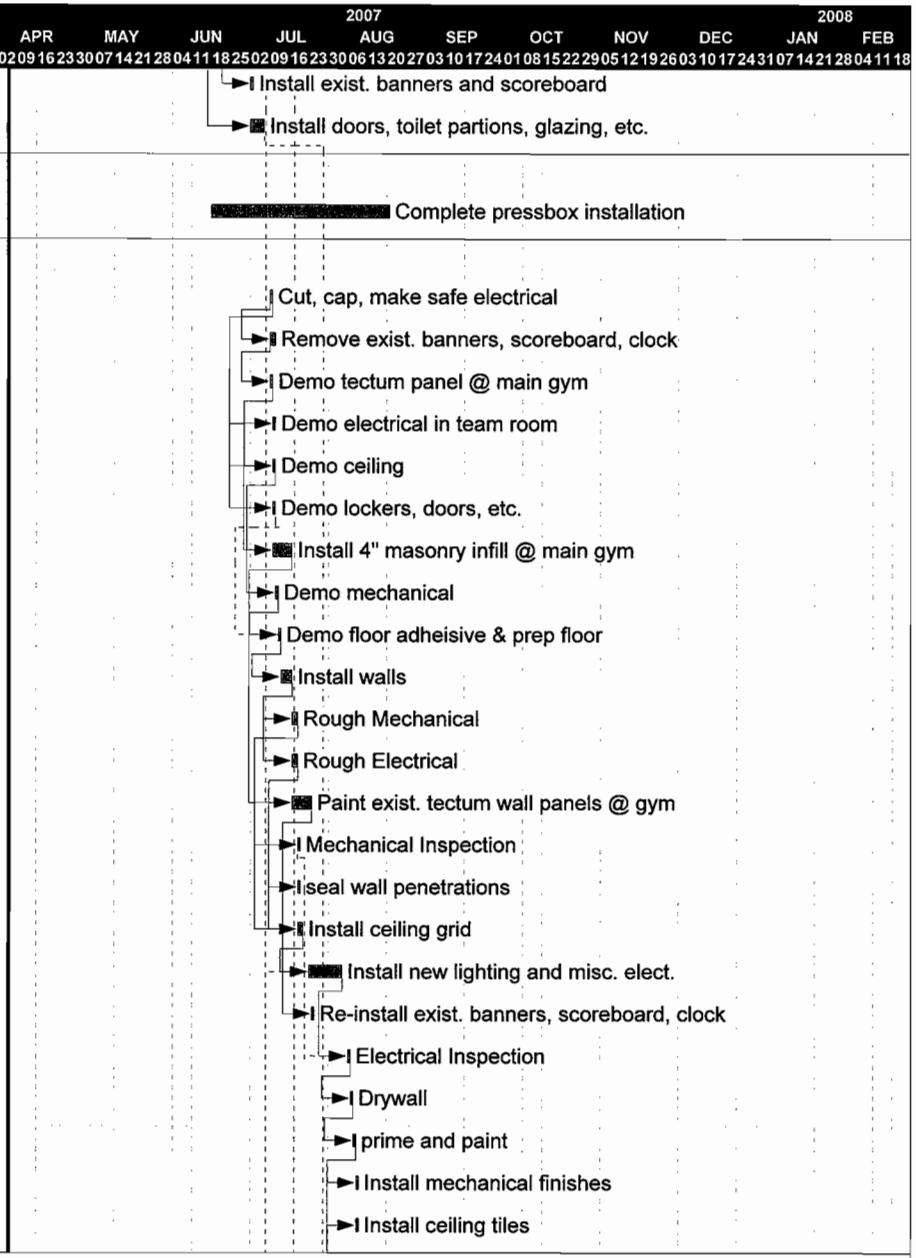


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	8A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
2830	Install exist. banners and scoreboard	1	02JUL07	02JUL07	96d
2840	Install doors, toilet partions, glazing, etc.	4	02JUL07	06JUL07	89d
Pressbox					
1168	Complete pressbox installation	45	18JUN07 *	20AUG07	62d
Renovation - Unit B					
2880	Cut, cap, make safe electrical	1	09JUL07 *	09JUL07	56d
2890	Remove exist. banners, scoreboard, clock	2	09JUL07	10JUL07	81d
2900	Demo tectum panel @ main gym	1	09JUL07	09JUL07	81d
2910	Demo electrical in team room	1	10JUL07	10JUL07	91d
2920	Demo ceiling	1	10JUL07	10JUL07	56d
2940	Demo lockers, doors, etc.	1	10JUL07	10JUL07	57d
2970	Install 4" masonry infill @ main gym	5	10JUL07	16JUL07	81d
2930	Demo mechanical	1	11JUL07	11JUL07	56d
2950	Demo floor adheisive & prep floor	1	12JUL07	12JUL07	56d
2960	Install walls	2	13JUL07	16JUL07	56d
2962	Rough Mechanical	2	17JUL07	18JUL07	56d
2964	Rough Electrical	2	17JUL07	18JUL07	56d
2971	Paint exist. tectum wall panels @ gym	5	17JUL07	23JUL07	81d
2965	Mechanical Inspection	1	19JUL07	19JUL07	68d
2980	seal wall penetrations	1	19JUL07	19JUL07	84d
3000	Install ceiling grid	2	19JUL07	20JUL07	56d
3010	Install new lighting and misc. elect.	10	23JUL07	03AUG07	56d
2975	Re-install exist. banners, scoreboard, clock	1	24JUL07	24JUL07	81d
2966	Electrical Inspection	1	06AUG07	06AUG07	56d
2955	Drywall	1	07AUG07	07AUG07	56d
2990	prime and paint	1	08AUG07	08AUG07	56d
2995	Install mechanical finishes	1	09AUG07	09AUG07	69d
3001	Install ceiling tiles	1	09AUG07	09AUG07	69d

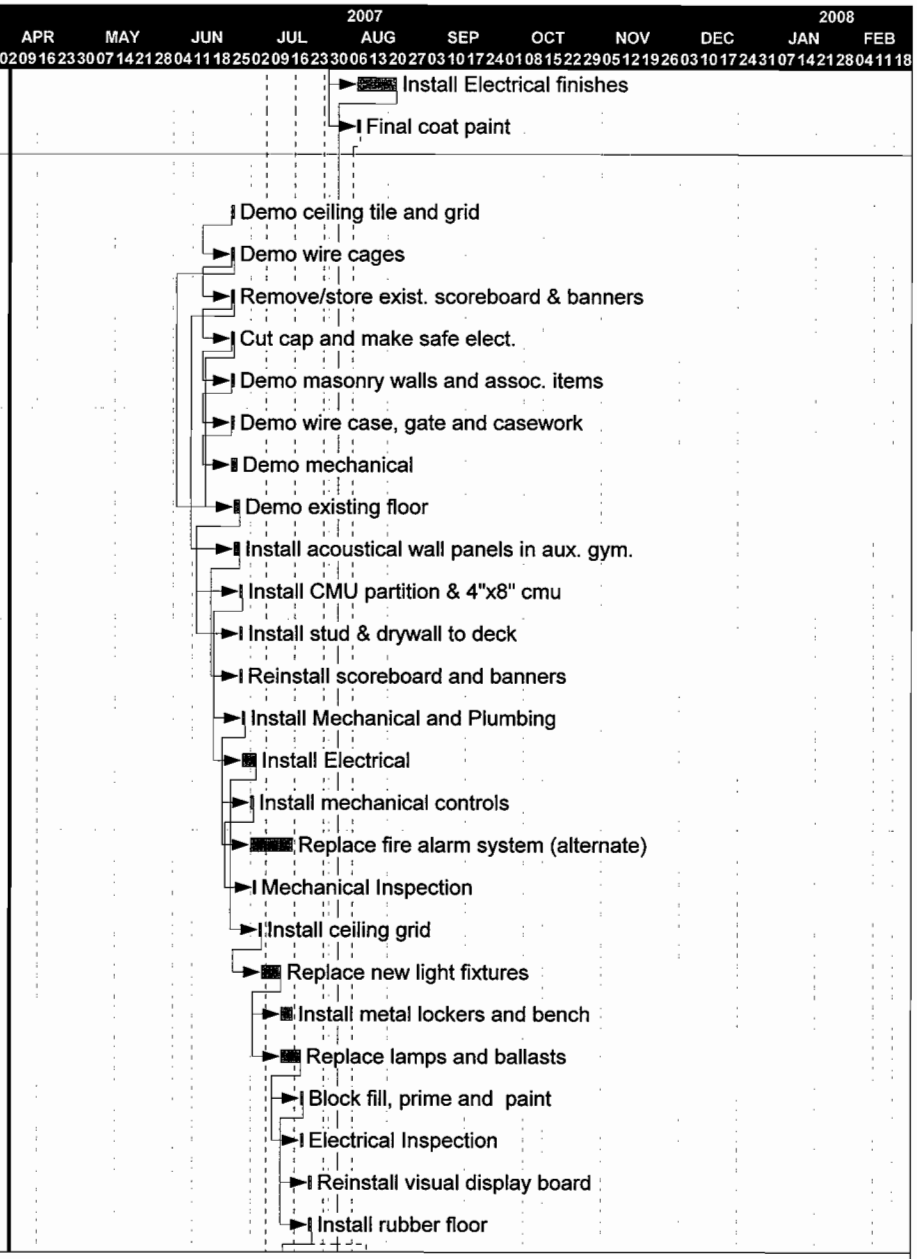


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	9A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
3020	Install Electrical finishes	10	09AUG07	22AUG07	56d
3030	Final coat paint	1	09AUG07	09AUG07	65d
Renovation - Unit C					
3040	Demo ceiling tile and grid	1	25JUN07 *	25JUN07	57d
3050	Demo wire cages	1	25JUN07	25JUN07	57d
3065	Remove/store exist. scoreboard & banners	1	25JUN07	25JUN07	57d
3070	Cut cap and make safe elect.	1	25JUN07	25JUN07	57d
3080	Demo masonry walls and assoc. items	1	25JUN07	25JUN07	100d
3090	Demo wire case, gate and casework	1	25JUN07	25JUN07	100d
3100	Demo mechanical	2	25JUN07	26JUN07	100d
3060	Demo existing floor	2	26JUN07	27JUN07	57d
3130	Install acoustical wall panels in aux. gym.	2	26JUN07	27JUN07	98d
3102	Install CMU partition & 4"x8" cmu	1	28JUN07	28JUN07	57d
3103	Install stud & drywall to deck	1	28JUN07	28JUN07	98d
3140	Reinstall scoreboard and banners	1	28JUN07	28JUN07	98d
3145	Install Mechanical and Plumbing	1	29JUN07	29JUN07	87d
3147	Install Electrical	3	29JUN07	03JUL07	57d
3150	Install mechanical controls	1	02JUL07	02JUL07	95d
3210	Replace fire alarm system (alternate)	10	02JUL07	16JUL07	87d
3680	Mechanical Inspection	1	03JUL07	03JUL07	95d
3155	Install ceiling grid	1	05JUL07	05JUL07	57d
3170	Replace new light fixtures	5	06JUL07	12JUL07	57d
3110	Install metal lockers and bench	2	13JUL07	16JUL07	87d
3160	Replace lamps and ballasts	5	13JUL07	19JUL07	57d
3104	Block fill, prime and paint	1	20JUL07	20JUL07	57d
3670	Electrical Inspection	1	20JUL07	20JUL07	83d
3180	Reinstall visual display board	1	23JUL07	23JUL07	82d
3190	Install rubber floor	1	23JUL07	23JUL07	57d

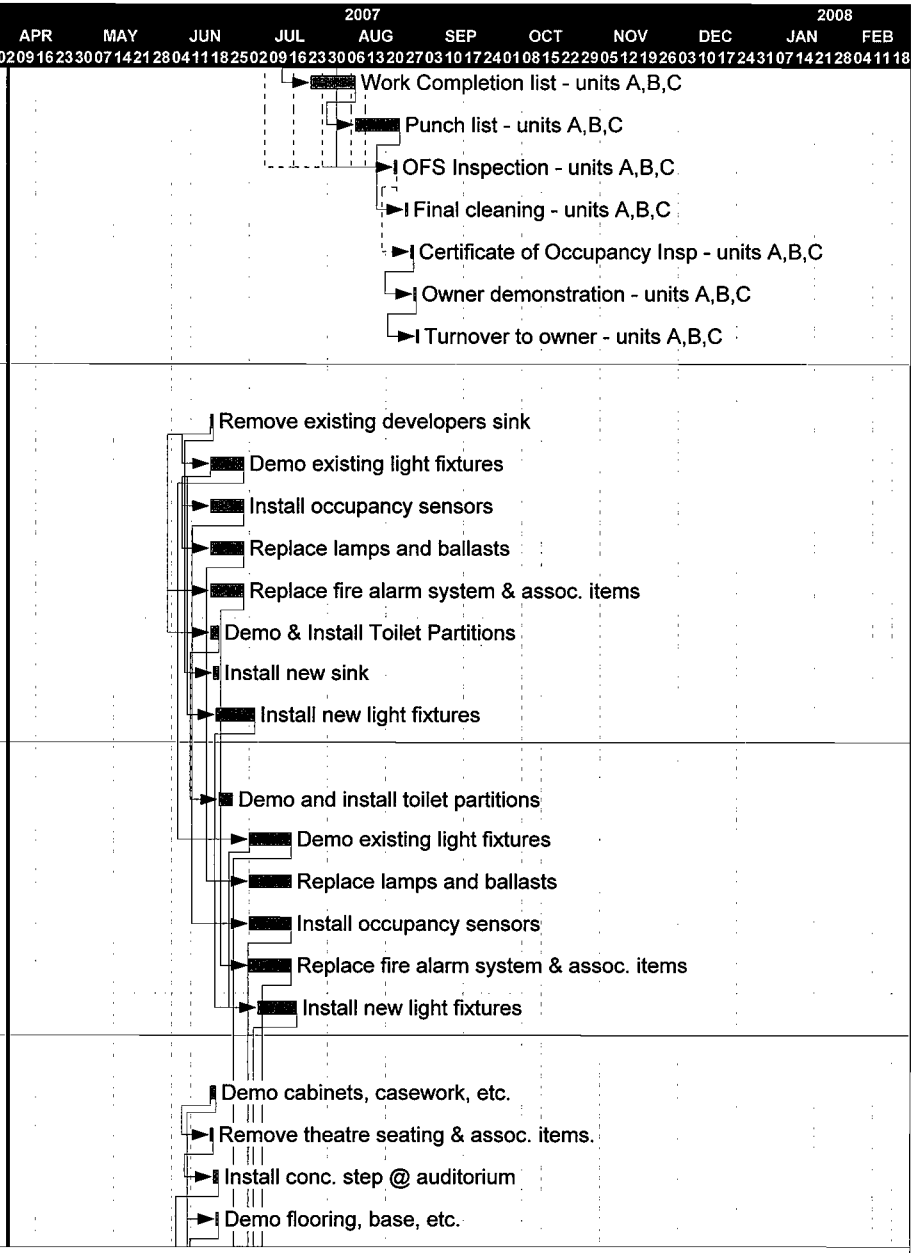


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	10A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
3710	Work Completion list - units A,B,C	12	24JUL07	08AUG07	57d
3720	Punch list - units A,B,C	12	09AUG07	24AUG07	57d
3690	OFS Inspection - units A,B,C	1	23AUG07	23AUG07	56d
3730	Final cleaning - units A,B,C	1	27AUG07	27AUG07	57d
3700	Certificate of Occupancy Insp - units A,B,C	1	29AUG07 *	29AUG07	53d
3740	Owner demonstration - units A,B,C	1	30AUG07	30AUG07	53d
3750	Turnover to owner - units A,B,C	1	31AUG07	31AUG07	53d
Renovation - Unit E					
3220	Remove existing developers sink	1	18JUN07 *	18JUN07	64d
3240	Demo existing light fixtures	10	18JUN07	29JUN07	64d
3260	Install occupancy sensors	10	18JUN07	29JUN07	66d
3270	Replace lamps and ballasts	10	18JUN07	29JUN07	87d
3280	Replace fire alarm system & assoc. items	10	18JUN07	29JUN07	66d
3610	Demo & Install Toilet Partitions	3	18JUN07	20JUN07	101d
3230	Install new sink	2	19JUN07	20JUN07	104d
3250	Install new light fixtures	10	20JUN07	03JUL07	64d
Renovation - Unit F					
3760	Demo and install toilet partitions	3	21JUN07	25JUN07	101d
3290	Demo existing light fixtures	10	02JUL07	16JUL07	64d
3310	Replace lamps and ballasts	10	02JUL07	16JUL07	87d
3320	Install occupancy sensors	10	02JUL07	16JUL07	66d
3330	Replace fire alarm system & assoc. items	10	02JUL07	16JUL07	66d
3300	Install new light fixtures	10	05JUL07	18JUL07	64d
Renovation - Unit G					
3340	Demo cabinets, casework, etc.	2	18JUN07 *	19JUN07	85d
3370	Remove theatre seating & assoc. items.	1	18JUN07	18JUN07	103d
3390	Install conc. step @ auditorium	2	19JUN07	20JUN07	103d
3350	Demo flooring, base, etc.	1	20JUN07	20JUN07	85d

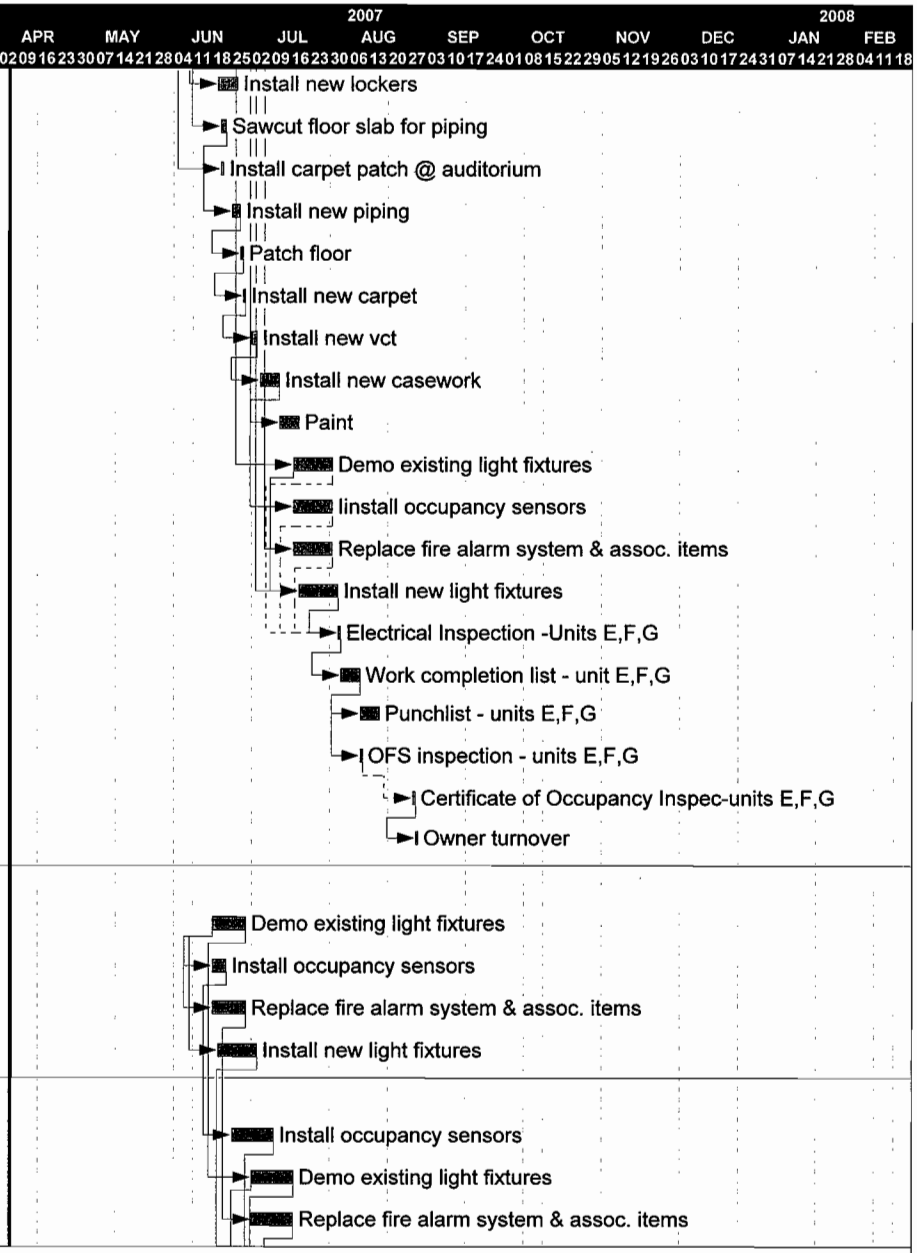


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	11A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
3380	Install new lockers	5	20JUN07	26JUN07	100d
3360	Sawcut floor slab for piping	2	21JUN07	22JUN07	85d
3400	Install carpet patch @ auditorium	1	21JUN07	21JUN07	103d
3381	Install new piping	3	25JUN07	27JUN07	85d
3382	Patch floor	1	28JUN07	28JUN07	85d
3386	Install new carpet	1	29JUN07	29JUN07	85d
3410	Install new vct	2	02JUL07	03JUL07	85d
3385	Install new casework	5	05JUL07	11JUL07	85d
3420	Paint	5	12JUL07	18JUL07	85d
3430	Demo existing light fixtures	10	17JUL07	30JUL07	64d
3450	Iinstall occupancy sensors	10	17JUL07	30JUL07	66d
3460	Replace fire alarm system & assoc. items	10	17JUL07	30JUL07	66d
3440	Install new light fixtures	10	19JUL07	01AUG07	64d
3451	Electrical Inspection -Units E,F,G	1	02AUG07	02AUG07	64d
3520	Work completion list - unit E,F,G	5	03AUG07	09AUG07	64d
3522	Punchlist - units E,F,G	5	10AUG07	16AUG07	64d
3532	OFS inspection - units E,F,G	1	10AUG07	10AUG07	66d
3531	Certificate of Occupancy Inspec-units E,F,G	1	29AUG07 *	29AUG07	54d
3521	Owner turnover	1	30AUG07	30AUG07	54d
Renovation - Unit H					
3470	Demo existing light fixtures	10	18JUN07 *	29JUN07	51d
3490	Install occupancy sensors	5	18JUN07	22JUN07	82d
3500	Replace fire alarm system & assoc. items	10	18JUN07	29JUN07	77d
3480	Install new light fixtures	10	20JUN07	03JUL07	51d
Renovation - Unit J					
3540	Install occupancy sensors	10	25JUN07	09JUL07	82d
3510	Demo existing light fixtures	10	02JUL07	16JUL07	51d
3550	Replace fire alarm system & assoc. items	10	02JUL07	16JUL07	77d

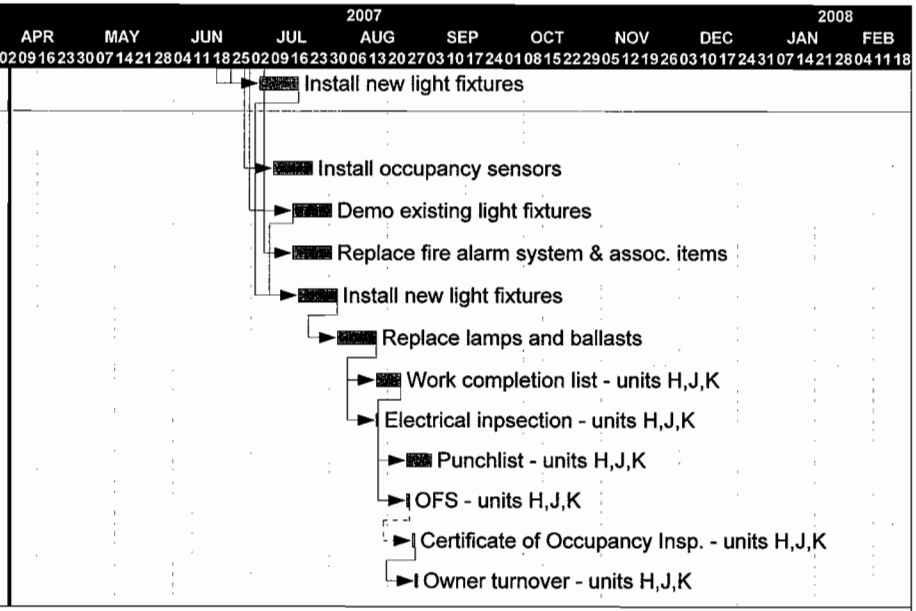


Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	12A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Act ID	Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total Float
3530	Install new light fixtures	10	05JUL07	18JUL07	51d
Renovation - Unit K					
3590	Install occupancy sensors	10	10JUL07	23JUL07	82d
3560	Demo existing light fixtures	10	17JUL07	30JUL07	51d
3600	Replace fire alarm system & assoc. items	10	17JUL07	30JUL07	77d
3570	Install new light fixtures	10	19JUL07	01AUG07	51d
3580	Replace lamps and ballasts	10	02AUG07	15AUG07	51d
3770	Work completion list - units H,J,K	7	16AUG07	24AUG07	51d
3780	Electrical inpsection - units H,J,K	1	16AUG07	16AUG07	64d
3790	Punchlist - units H,J,K	7	27AUG07	04SEP07	51d
3800	OFS - units H,J,K	1	27AUG07	27AUG07	55d
3810	Certificate of Occupancy Insp. - units H,J,K	1	29AUG07 *	29AUG07	54d
3820	Owner turnover - units H,J,K	1	30AUG07	30AUG07	54d



Start date	06APR07
Finish date	14NOV07
Data date	06APR07
Run date	23FEB07
Page number	13A

Barton Malow
Troy High School Phase II

Early bar
Progress bar
Critical bar
Summary bar
Start milestone point
Finish milestone point

Phase II Troy High School Additions Renovations
BP #9390
Planholders List

Work Category	Addenda	PICKED UP OR SHIPPED	CONTACT	DELIVERY	Work to Bid
2.1		ABC Paving	Barb Walters	Customer Pick-Up	SITEWORK
2.1		Nagle Paving	David Cowpes	Customer Pick-Up	SITEWORK
2.1		Cortis Bros.	John M.	Customer Pick-Up	SITEWORK
2.1		Merlyn Contractor	Jack Sulway	Customer Pick-Up	SITEWORK
2.1		Precision Landscaping	Rodney Miranne	Customer Pick-Up	SITEWORK
2.1		Anglin Civil Constructors	Jim Ratliff	Customer Pick-Up	SITEWORK
3.1		Brencal Contractors	Ken Perko	Customer Pick-Up	CONCRETE
3.1		Gemelli Concrete	Leo Gemelli	UPS (used cust's acct#)	CONCRETE
3.1		E.L.S. Construction	Don Yee	UPS (used cust's acct#)	CONCRETE
3.1		Kerson Construction	Mike Kerckaret	Customer Pick-Up	CONCRETE
3.1		Dan's Cement	Estimator	UPS (used cust's acct#)	CONCRETE
3.1		Aurthority Group Concrete	Roger Fox	Customer Pick-Up	CONCRETE
3.1		Aristeo Construction	Graham Tidbury	Customer Pick-Up	CONCRETE
4.1		Brend Contracting	Nicole Grund	Customer Pick-Up	MASONRY
4.1		Giannola Masonry	Roger Giza	Customer Pick-Up	MASONRY
4.1		Baro Contracting	Todd Gross	Customer Pick-Up	MASONRY
4.1		Efficient Design	Dennis K.	Customer Pick-Up	MASONRY
4.1		Baker Construction	Robin Quianiba	Customer Pick-Up	MASONRY
4.1		Leidal & Hart	Mike Harman	Customer Pick-Up	MASONRY
4.1		Brazen & Greer	Sasha Bakhein	Customer Pick-Up	MASONRY
5.1		Nelson Iron Works	Diane Grabowski	Customer Pick-Up	STRUCTURAL STEEL
5.1		Davis Iron			
6.1		Elkorn Construction	Jerry Nutt	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Brinker Team	Katie Corran	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Westwood Carpentry	Tom Broughton	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Scheich Commercial	Dennis Scheich	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Robert Van Kampen Company	Robert VanKampen	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Unity Construction	Jeff Lang	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Hicks Construction	Howard Hicks	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Great Lakes Construction Services	Steve Marszalek	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Blue Star, Inc	Eric Dovas	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Detroit Door	Doug Hawkins	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

REVISED: 2/20/2007

Phase II Troy High School Additions Renovations
BP #9390
Planholders List

Work Category	Addenda	PICKED UP OR SHIPPED	CONTACT	DELIVERY	Work to Bid
6.1		North American Dismanteling	Paula Oles	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
6.1		Flairwood Industries	Kevin Kramer	Customer Pick-Up	CARPENTRY & ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
7.1		Lutz Roofing Co.	Joe Sekula	Customer Pick-Up	ROOFING
7.1		Royal Roofing	Doug	Customer Pick-Up	ROOFING
7.1		Port Huron Roofing	Gray Hilton	UPS (used cust's acct#)	ROOFING
7.1		Stephenson Corporation	Lorrie Morris	UPS (used cust's acct#)	ROOFING
7.1		RoofCon	Jerry Woods	Customer Pick-Up	ROOFING
8.1		Peterson Glass	Kevin Hickey	Customer Pick-Up	ALUMINUM DOORS, WINDOWS & GLAZING
8.1		Glasco	Steve	Customer Pick-Up	ALUMINUM DOORS, WINDOWS & GLAZING
8.1		Hewett Company	Mark/Scott	Customer Pick-Up	ALUMINUM DOORS, WINDOWS & GLAZING
8.1		Harris Glass	Aaron Elliot	Customer Pick-Up	ALUMINUM DOORS, WINDOWS & GLAZING
8.1		Union Construction Services	Joe Hampton	Customer Pick-Up	ALUMINUM DOORS, WINDOWS & GLAZING
9.1		Hermes Painting Co.	Nick Stefanou	Customer Pick-Up	PAINTING
9.1		G.M. Painting	George/Fotis Meidanis	Customer Pick-Up	PAINTING
9.1		Skylite Painting	Dimitri	Customer Pick-Up	PAINTING
9.1		7 Brothers	Tony Vusky	Customer Pick-Up	PAINTING
9.1		Somerset Painting	Tim Ruttman	Customer Pick-Up	PAINTING
9.2		Michielutti Brothers	John Michielutti	Customer Pick-Up	TERRAZZO
9.2		Artisan Tile	Bill Bellaver	Customer Pick-Up	TERRAZZO
9.2		Shock Brothers	Chuck	Customer Pick-Up	TERRAZZO
9.2		Empire Tile Co	Don Obaby	Customer Pick-Up	TERRAZZO
9.2		Boston Tile & Terrazzo	Dave Mularoni	Customer Pick-Up	TERRAZZO
9.3		Qualtiy Floors	Dave Huffman	Customer Pick-Up	CPT, RESILIENT TILE AND BASE
9.3		Shock Brothers	Chuck	Customer Pick-Up	CPT, RESILIENT TILE AND BASE
9.3		Conventional Carpet, Inc.	Howard Shock	Customer Pick-Up	CPT, RESILIENT TILE AND BASE
9.4		Foster Specialty Floors	Robert Kuhn	Customer Pick-Up	SPORTS & RESINOUS FLOORING
9.4		Shock Brothers	Chuck	Customer Pick-Up	SPORTS & RESINOUS FLOORING
9.4		Conventional Carpet, Inc.	Howard Shock	Customer Pick-Up	SPORTS & RESINOUS FLOORING

REVISED: 2/20/2007

Phase II Troy High School Additions Renovations
BP #9390
Planholders List

Work Category	Addenda	PICKED UP OR SHIPPED	CONTACT	DELIVERY	Work to Bid
15.1		**Ecker Mechanical**	Jeff Howard	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Heights Heating**	Bob Gallant	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Thermanectis**	Carmen DeAngelis	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Long Mechanical**	Jason O'Hara	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Applegate Construction**	Dave McCormich	UPS (used cust's acct#)	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Johnson & Wood**	Steve Hall	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Fecteau Ventilation**	Ron	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Mcshane Mechanical**	Phil McShane	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Rene Vanassche & Sons Company**	Brian Burger	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.1		**Oakland Plumbing**	Mike Galvin	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL
15.2		**MCMI**	Mike Daly	Customer Pick-Up	TEMPERATURE AND LIGHTING CONTROLS
15.3		**Aerodynamics**	Laszlo Lukacs	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL TESTING & BALANCING
15.3		**International Test & Balance**	Craig Gow	Customer Pick-Up	MECHANICAL TESTING & BALANCING
16.1		**Metro Electric**	Joe Brewer	Customer Pick-Up	ELECTRICAL
16.1		**Great Lakes Power & Lighting**	Rob Schwab	Customer Pick-Up	ELECTRICAL
16.1		**LaBelle Electric**		Customer Pick-Up	ELECTRICAL
16.1		**Andrew Electric**	Andy	Customer Pick-Up	ELECTRICAL
PLAN ROOM		Builders Exchange of Grand Rapids	Cathy Pisciotta	UPS (used cust's acct#)	PLAN ROOM
PLAN ROOM		Construction Association of Michigan	Production	UPS (used cust's acct#)	PLAN ROOM
PLAN ROOM		F. W. Dodge	Production	UPS (used cust's acct#)	PLAN ROOM
PLAN ROOM		Construction News Service	Plan Room	Customer Pick-Up	
PLAN ROOM		Reed Construction Data	Production	UPS (used cust's acct#)	PLAN ROOM

REVISED: 2/20/2007

Troy School District						
Bid 9390						
Troy High School Additions / Renovations						
Phase II						
					6.1	
				5.1	**Carpentry**	
	2.1	**3.1**	**4.1**	**Situational**	**& Acoustical**	**7.1**
	Site Const.	Concrete	Masonry	Steel	Ceilings	Roofing
Ahern Contracting Inc.	169,000.00					
Cortis Brothers Trucking & Excav. Inc	253,500.00					
V G Excavating Inc.	265,000.00					
Matzak Inc.	379,000.00					
ABC Paving Co.	359,000.00					
Anglin Civil Constructors, Ltd.	735,329.00					
Dan's Cement Inc.		100,264.00				
E.L.S. Construction, Inc.		100,499.00				
Brencal Contractors, Inc.		104,430.00				
McCarthy Construction Co., Inc.		115,850.00				
Kerson Construction Inc.		121,790.00				
Authority Group Concrete, Inc.		129,700.00				
Gemelli Concrete LLC		138,880.00				
Cortis Brothers Trucking & Excav. Inc.		165,900.00				
Aristeo Construction		167,930.00				
Schiffer Mason Contractors, Inc.			339,000.00			
Brazen & Greer Inc.			347,700.00			
Bare Contracting Co., Inc.			367,800.00			
HMC Mason Contractors			369,700.00			
Giannola Masonry Company			369,723.00			
Efficient Design, Inc.			373,824.00			
Brend Contracting Co.			391,000.00			
Leidal & Hart mason Contractors, Inc.			356,920.00			
B & A Steel Co., Inc.				141,317.00		
Nelson Iron Works Inc.				157,981.00		
Davis Iron Works, Inc.				203,200.00		
Westwood Carpentry Co.					470,750.00	
Robert Van Kampen Co.					482,370.00	
Hicks Construction Co., Inc.					499,000.00	
Scheich Commercial Contrat. Corp.					599,500.00	
Royal Roofing						59,400.00
Lutz Roofing Co., Inc.						62,100.00

Troy School District					
Bid 9390					
Troy High School Additions					
Phase II					
	8.1				
	Aluminum				
	Door Window	**9.1**	**9.2**	**9.3**	**9.4**
	& Glazing	Painting	Ceramic Tile	Carpet, Resil. Tile	Athletic Flooring
Union Construction Services, Inc.	215,000.00				
Peterson Glass Co.	226,900.00				
Harris Glass Inc.	235,400.00				
Glasco Corp	244,480.00				
G.M. Painting Inc.		24,400.00			
L & R Painting, Inc.		34,160.00			
Seven Brothers Painting		35,000.00			
Somerset Painting		41,800.00			
Hermes Painting Co.		48,500.00			
Michielutti Bros. Inc.			37,100.00		
Artisan Tile Inc.			47,900.00		
Bostin Tile & Terrazzo Co.			55,180.00		
Shock Brothers Floorcovering, Inc.				52,500.00	
Quality Floor Covering Co.				52,925.00	
Conventional Carpet, Inc.				57,325.00	
Foster Specialty Floors					13,800.00

Troy School District				
Bid 9390				
Troy High School Additions				
Phase II				
		15.2	**15.3**	
		Temperature	**Mechanical**	
	15.1	**& Lighting**	**Testing**	**16.1**
	Mechanical	Controls	& Balance	Electrical
Delta Temp.	271,200.00			
Ecker Mechanical Contractors, Inc.	286,000.00			
Mechanical Controls & Main. Inc.		276,200.00		
International Testing Balance Inc.			3,399.00	
Aerodynamic Inspecting Co., Inc.			4,500.00	
J & J Electric Inc.				744,510.00