# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

**JUNE 30, 2015** 

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Onteora Central School District Boiceville, New York

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Onteora Central School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Onteora Central School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, in 2015, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No.* 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and funding progress – other post-employment benefits plan on pages 3 through 12 and pages 47 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information on pages 52 through 54, as described in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 16, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of this report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WEST & COMPANY CPAS PC

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT

- The District-wide net position of the School District was \$24,634,110, an increase of \$514,099 for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- The District taxpayers approved the General Fund Budget.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District:

- The first two statements are *District-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the School District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in *more detail* than the District-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short-term*, as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships, in which the School District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The basic financial statements also include notes that provide additional information about the basic financial statements and the balances reported. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the basic financial statements with a comparison of the School District's budget for the year.

#### Figure A-1

Summary of the major features of the School District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the School District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain is in A-1. The remainder of this overview section highlights the structure and contents of each statement.

**Figure A-1**Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements				
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The daily operating activities of the School District, such as instruction and special education	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies			
Required financial statements	<ul><li> Statement of net position</li><li> Statement of activities</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of fiduciary net position</li> <li>Statement of changes in fiduciary net position</li> </ul>			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (if any), both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

#### **District-Wide Statements**

The District-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the School District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the School District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial
  position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- For assessment of the overall health of the School District, additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the property tax bases and the condition of buildings and other facilities should be considered.

In the District-wide financial statements, the School District's activities are shown as *Governmental Activities*. Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds – not the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The School District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the School District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The governmental fund statements focus primarily on current financial resources and often have a budgetary orientation. Governmental funds include the general fund, special aid fund, school lunch fund and the capital project fund. Required financial statements are the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.
- Fiduciary Fund: The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Figure A-2 – Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Percentage Change (Incr.;-Decr.)
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 40,119,904	\$ 25,160,899	59.5%
Capital assets - net	19,972,735	19,632,591	1.7%
<b>Total Assets</b>	60,092,639	44,793,490	34.2%
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Pensions	414,619	0	100.0%
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	414,619	0	100.0%
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	4,485,696	4,403,620	1.9%
Long-term liabilities	25,162,429	21,235,954	18.5%
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	29,648,125	25,639,574	15.6%
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Pensions	6,225,023	0	100.0%
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	6,225,023	0	100.0%
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	16,952,735	15,775,791	7.5%
Restricted	9,188,320	14,836,678	-38.1%
Unrestricted	(1,506,945)	(11,458,553)	86.8%
Total Net Position	\$ 24,634,110	\$ 19,153,916	28.6%

# **Changes in Net Position**

The School District's 2015 revenue was \$50,716,563 (see Figure A-3). Property taxes and New York State aid accounted for the majority of revenue by contributing 79.9% and 14.8% of the total revenue raised (see Figure A-4). The remainder of revenue came from fees for services, use of money and property, operating grants and other miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services totaled \$50,991,353 for 2015. These expenses (85%) are predominantly for the education, supervision, and transportation of students (see Figure A-5).

Net position increased during the year by \$514,099.

Figure A-3 – Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Percentage Change (Incr.;-Decr.)
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 496,770	\$ 430,903	15.3%
Operating grants and contributions	1,525,819	1,433,886	6.4%
General Revenues			
Property taxes	40,526,063	40,461,401	0.2%
State formula aid	7,482,420	7,145,097	4.7%
Federal sources	0	25,385	-100.0%
Use of money and property	57,747	61,297	-5.8%
Sale of property and compensation for loss	2,523	27,853	-90.9%
Miscellaneous	625,221	461,272	35.5%
<b>Total Revenues</b>	50,716,563	50,047,094	1.3%
Expenses			
General support	6,081,049	6,428,744	-5.4%
Instruction	38,477,647	35,811,919	7.4%
Transportation	5,170,675	5,599,657	-7.7%
Debt service	68,617	77,578	-11.6%
Cost of sales – Lunch Program	1,193,365	1,038,043	15.0%
Total Expenses	50,991,353	48,955,941	4.2%
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Position from Operations</b>	(274,790)	1,091,153	125.2%
Other Changes in Net Position	788,889	0	100.0%
<b>Total Increase in Net Position</b>	\$ 514,099	\$ 1,091,153	-52.9%

Figure A-4 – Revenue Sources for 2015 – Total Governmental Activities

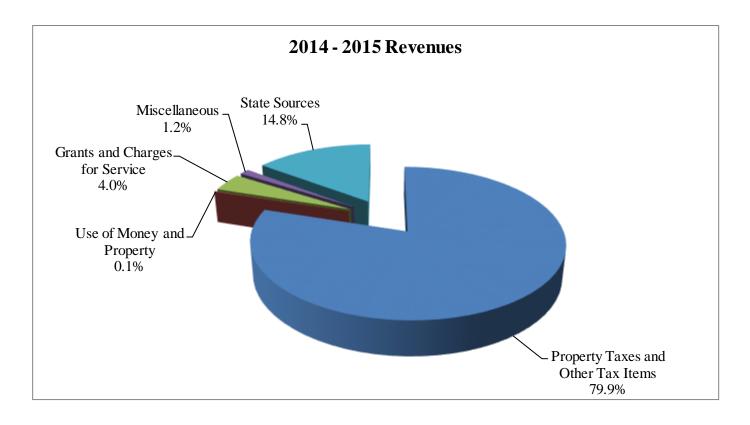
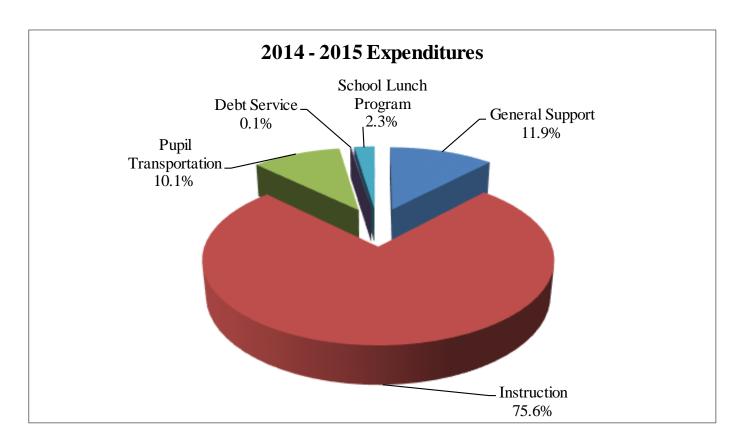


Figure A-5 – Expenses for 2015 – Total Governmental Activities



#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenue for the School District's governmental activities totaled \$50,716,563 while total expenses were \$50,991,353. Accordingly, net position increased by \$514,099. The continuation of the School District's solid financial condition can be contributed to:

- Effective leadership by the Board of Education.
- Community support for the School District's annual budget.
- Continued State and federal aid.
- Strategic use of services from BOCES.

**Figure A-6** presents the cost of several of the School District's major activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activity and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Figure A-6 – Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	of Services	Percentage Change	Net Cos	t of	Services	Percentage Change
	2015	2014	(Incr.; -Decr.)	2015		2014	(Incr.; -Decr.)
General support	\$ 6,081,049	\$ 6,428,744	-5.4%	\$ 6,081,049	\$	6,428,744	-5.4%
Instruction	38,477,647	35,811,919	7.4%	37,114,617		34,626,616	7.2%
Pupil transportation	5,170,675	5,599,657	-7.7%	5,170,675		5,599,657	-7.7%
Debt service - interest	68,617	77,578	-11.6%	68,617		77,578	-11.6%
Cost of sales - lunch program	1,193,365	1,038,043	15.0%	533,806		358,557	48.9%
Totals	\$50,991,353	\$48,955,941		\$48,968,764	\$	47,091,152	

- The cost of all governmental activities for the year was \$50,991,353.
- The users of the School District's programs financed \$496,770 of the costs.
- The federal and State government grants financed \$1,525,819.
- The majority of costs were financed by the School District's taxpayers and State aid.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$22,676,260. Variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The School District's governmental funds are presented on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include proceeds from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt, including the principal and interest payment.

No significant variances were reflected in the governmental fund financial statements for 2015.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

This section presents an analysis of variances between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results for the General Fund.

	Results vs	s. Budget		
	Original	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:			_	
Local sources	\$ 40,960,077	\$ 40,981,681	\$ 41,375,819	\$ 394,138
State sources	7,425,610	7,475,610	7,482,420	6,810
Other uses	15,000	15,000	0	(15,000)
Totals	48,400,687	48,472,291	48,858,239	385,948
Expenses:				
General support	4,788,301	4,900,975	4,064,526	836,449
Instruction	26,234,978	26,286,599	24,519,029	1,767,570
Transportation	3,988,487	3,990,137	3,431,702	558,435
Employee benefits	14,965,699	14,970,212	14,501,284	468,928
Debt service	493,660	493,660	492,765	895
Other uses	1,405,000	1,608,082	1,605,053	3,029
Totals	51,876,125	52,249,665	48,614,359	3,635,306
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues</b>				
Over Expenses	\$ (3,475,438)	\$ (3,777,374)	243,880	\$ 4,021,254
Beg	inning fund balance		12,960,535	
Othe	er change in fund bal	ance	788,889	
Outs	standing encumbranc	es	(238,704)	
	ropriated against cur		(2,500,001)	
Scho	ool District restricted	l <b>:</b>		
	Tax certiorari Debt		(84,176)	
		(149,891) (5,450,236)		
	Retirement contributions			
Unemployment insurance		(503,024)		
	Employee benefit	accrued liability	(1,345,226)	
	Repairs		(1,655,767)	
End	ing unassigned fund	balance	\$ 2,066,279	

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had \$19,972,735 invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, buses, athletic facilities, computers and other educational equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.

# **Capital Assets**

Figure A-7 – Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014
Land	\$ 20,626	\$ 20,626
Construction in progress	1,983,033	2,049,756
Buildings, furniture and equipment	17,969,076	19,423,660
Totals	\$ 19,972,735	\$ 21,494,042

The District's capital assets were lower on June 30, 2015, than they were the year before, decreasing by \$1,521,307. (see Figure A-7 total). This change in the Capital Assets occurred due to a new appraisal of the assets.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had \$25,046,435 in general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding. More detailed information about the School District's long-term debt is included in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Figure A-8 – Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014
General obligation bonds (financed with property taxes) Other debt	\$ 3,020,000 22,026,435	\$ 3,443,400 19,885,404
Totals	\$ 25,046,435	\$ 23,328,804

During 2015, the School District paid down its debt by retiring \$423,400 of outstanding bonds. Other debt represented judgment and claims, compensated absences and other post-employment benefits.

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE FUTURE OF THE DISTRICT

- 1. Costs for employee salaries and benefits, such as health benefits and teachers' and employees' retirement contributions, continue to account for a large portion of the budget.
- 2. There was \$1 million approved in the 2014-2015 budget to address the track, the parking lot in Phoenicia, the playgrounds at Woodstock and Phoenicia, and interior doors District-wide to address safety issues. The track work and the parking lot work have been completed. The playgrounds will be constructed during September, 2015 through a community build process. This process allows the playgrounds to be purchased at a lower cost so that more features can be incorporated into the structures.

The District is in the process of obtaining approval of the designs for the \$7 million capital project that was approved by the voters in May, 2014, that will accomplish the following:

Middle/High School (approximately 88% of project)

New boilers

Conversion from steam to hot water

Replace asphalt paving areas, drives, curbs, and walkways, including providing accessible spaces

Reconstruct ceilings, including asbestos abatement of corridor ceilings

Renovate toilet rooms

Replace interior corridor doors

Reconstruct plumbing drainage

Phoenicia (approximately 9% of project)

New boiler (biomass)

Bus Garage (approximately 3% of project)

New roof

This work will hopefully begin over the course of the 2015-2016 school year and continue through the summer of 2016. This work represents significant improvements for the District's facilities that will benefit the community for many years to come.

- 3. The West Hurley Elementary School has been closed since the summer of 2004. During the 2014-2015 school year, the District put this property on the market. If sold, the proceeds of the sale will reduce the long term debt of the District.
- 4. The tax levy limit continues to be a restriction, but the District did not increased the tax levy for three years in a row, and is only increasing it by 0.87% for the 2015-2016 school year in an effort to minimize the burden on the taxpayers. While maintaining a fiscally responsible tax levy, the District has maintained and improved programs for students. Onteora Central School District provides an education that the community can be proud to support.

# CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Victoria McLaren Assistant Superintendent for Business Onteora Central School District Route 28 Boiceville, New York 12412

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# **JUNE 30, 2015**

ASSETS		
Cash		
Unrestricted	\$	16,418,384
Restricted		9,188,320
Receivables		
State and Federal aid		1,118,818
Due from fiduciary funds		4,970
Other receivables		1,723
Inventories Not pension asset, proportionate share		14,708 13,372,981
Net pension asset - proportionate share Capital assets, net of depreciation		19,972,735
Total Assets		60,092,639
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		00,092,039
Pensions		414,619
Total Deferred Ouflows of Resources		414,619
LIABILITIES		,
Payables		
Accounts payable		254,865
Accrued liabilities		355,303
Due to other governments		267
Long-term liabilities		
Due and payable within one year		2.264.922
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		3,264,823
Due to Employees' Retirement System Bonds payable		200,438 410,000
Due and payable after one year		410,000
Bonds payable  Bonds payable		2,610,000
Judgment and claim		73,588
Net pension liability - proportionate share		525,994
Other post-employment benefits		20,614,229
Compensated absences payable		1,338,618
Total Liabilities		29,648,125
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions		6,225,023
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,225,023
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		16,952,735
Restricted		
Repairs		1,655,767
Employee retirement		5,450,236
Unemployment insurance Tax certiorari		503,024
Debt		84,176 149,891
Employee benefit accrued liability		1,345,226
Unrestricted		(1,506,945)
	Φ.	
Total Net Position	<b>D</b>	24,634,110

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	E		Program F	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in	
	Expenses		Services	Grants	Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
General support	\$ 6,081,049	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ (6,081,049)
Instruction	38,477,647	Ψ.	(168,186)	(1,194,844)	(37,114,617)
Pupil transportation	5,170,675		0	0	(5,170,675)
Debt service	68,617		0	0	(68,617)
School lunch program	1,193,365		(328,584)	(330,975)	(533,806)
<b>Total Functions and Programs</b>	\$ 50,991,353	\$	(496,770)	\$(1,525,819)	(48,968,764)
GENERAL REVENUES					
Real property taxes					38,083,622
Other tax items					2,442,441
Use of money and property					57,747
Sale of property and compensation for loss					2,523
Miscellaneous					625,221
State sources					7,482,420
<b>Total General Revenues</b>					48,693,974
CHANGES IN NET POSITION					(274,790)
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR AS RESTATED					24,120,011
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT					788,889
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$ 24,634,110

# ONTEORA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	General		Special Aid		School Lunch	Capital	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash								
Unrestricted	\$ 7,190,160	\$	32,441	\$	408,746	\$ 8,787,037	\$	16,418,384
Restricted	9,188,320		0		0	0		9,188,320
Due from other funds	1,129,873		0		0	0		1,129,873
Due from fiduciary funds	4,970		0		0	0		4,970
State and Federal aid	545,887		547,282		25,649	0		1,118,818
Other receivables	1,723		0		0	0		1,723
Inventories	0		0		14,708	0		14,708
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,060,933	\$	579,723	\$	449,103	\$ 8,787,037	\$	27,876,796
LIABILITIES		-		-				
Accounts payable	\$ 254,598	\$	80	\$	187	\$ 0	\$	254,865
Accrued liabilities	347,770		0		2,500	0		350,270
Due to other funds	0		579,643		530,448	19,782		1,129,873
Due to other governments	0		0		267	0		267
Due to Employees' Retirement System	200,438		0		0	0		200,438
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	3,264,823		0		0	0		3,264,823
Total Liabilities	4,067,629		579,723		533,402	19,782		5,200,536
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable								
Inventory	0		0		14,708	0		14,708
Restricted								
Repairs	1,655,767		0		0	0		1,655,767
Employee retirement	5,450,236		0		0	0		5,450,236
Unemployment insurance	503,024		0		0	0		503,024
Tax certiorari	84,176		0		0	0		84,176
Debt	149,891		0		0	0		149,891
Employee benefit accrued liability	1,345,226		0		0	0		1,345,226
Assigned	2,738,705		0		0	8,767,255		11,505,960
Unassigned	2,066,279		0		(99,007)	0		1,967,272
<b>Total Fund Balance</b>	13,993,304		0		(84,299)	8,767,255		22,676,260
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 18,060,933	\$	579,723	\$	449,103	\$ 8,787,037	\$	27,876,796

See notes to basic financial statements.

# RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# **JUNE 30, 2015**

Total balance - governmental funds balance sheet (page 15)	\$ 22,676,260
Add: Land, building and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation Net pension asset - proportionate share Pensions	19,972,735 13,372,981 414,619
Total	 33,760,335
Deduct:	
Accrued interest	5,033
Compensated absences	1,338,618
Other post-employment benefits	20,614,229
Judgement and claim	73,588
Net pension liability - proportionate share	525,994
Pensions	6,225,023
Long and short-term bonds payable	3,020,000
Total	31,802,485
NET POSITION, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 24,634,110

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES         Real property taxes       \$ 38,083,622       \$ 0       \$ 0       \$ 0       \$ 0	38,083,622 2,442,441 168,186 57,747
	2,442,441 168,186 57,747
Other tax items $2.442.441   0   0   0$	168,186 57,747
Other tax items       2,442,441       0       0       0         Charges for services       168,186       0       0       0	57,747
Use of money and property 57,740 0 7	
Sale of property and compensation for loss 2,523 0 0 0	7 572
Miscellaneous 621,307 13,219 3,914 0	2,523 638,440
State sources 7,482,420 446,391 11,627 0	7,940,438
Federal sources 0 735,234 284,787 0	1,020,021
Surplus food 0 0 34,561 0	34,561
Sales - school lunch 0 0 328,584 0	328,584
<b>Total Revenues</b> 48,858,239 1,194,844 663,480 0	50,716,563
EXPENDITURES	
General support 4,064,526 0 496,833 0	4,561,359
Instruction 24,519,029 1,199,132 0 0	25,718,161
Pupil transportation 3,431,702 24,337 0 0	3,456,039
Employee benefits 14,501,284 23,346 219,749 0	14,744,379
Debt service	
Principal 423,400 0 0 0	423,400
Interest 69,365 0 0 0	69,365
Cost of sales 0 0 317,290 0	317,290
Capital outlay 0 0 1,624,811	1,624,811
<b>Total Expenditures</b> 47,009,306 1,246,815 1,033,872 1,624,811	50,914,804
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	
OVER EXPENDITURES         1,848,933         (51,971)         (370,392)         (1,624,811)	(198,241)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES	
Operating transfers in 0 51,971 363,850 1,189,232	1,605,053
Operating transfers (out) (1,605,053) 0 0 0	(1,605,053)
<b>Total Other Sources (Uses)</b> (1,605,053) 51,971 363,850 1,189,232	0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND USES 243,880 0 (6,542) (435,579)	(198,241)
<b>FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR</b> 12,960,535 0 (77,757) 9,202,834	22,085,612
<b>OTHER CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b> 788,889 0 0 0	788,889
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR         \$ 13,993,304         \$ 0         \$ (84,299)         \$ 8,767,255         \$	22,676,260

See notes to basic financial statements.

# RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		\$ 50,716,563
EXPENDITURES	50,914,804	
Add:	1 151 000	
Depreciation	1,171,268	
Increase in judgement and claims	9,918	
Increase in other post-employment benefits	2,114,099	
Increase in compenstated absences	17,014	
	3,312,299	
Deduct:		
Fixed assets additions	(350,039)	
Decrease in accrued interest	748	
Pensions	3,161,641	
Principal payments of long-term debt	423,400	
	3,235,750	
EXPENDITURES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		 50,991,353
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		\$ (274,790)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# **JUNE 30, 2015**

	Priv	vate Purpose Trust	 Agency
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	100,852	\$ 56,748
Due from other funds		0	0
Total Assets	\$	100,852	\$ 56,748
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds	\$	0	\$ 4,970
Extraclassroom activity balances		0	45,886
Other liabilities		0	 5,892
Total Liabilities		0	\$ 56,748
NET POSITION			
Reserved for scholarships	\$	100,852	

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

ADDITIONS Investment earnings Other additions Gifts and contributions	\$ 545 677 19,235
Total additions	20,457
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Scholarships and awards	28,677
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(8,220)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	109,072
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 100,852

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Onteora Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

#### A) Reporting Entity

The Onteora Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the activities of the District and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

#### i) Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found included with these basic financial statements. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

#### **B)** Joint Venture

The District is a component district in Ulster County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### **B)** Joint Venture – (Continued)

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950 (6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$3,448,854 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

Participating school districts issue debt on behalf of BOCES. During the year, the District issued no serial bonds on behalf of BOCES. As of year-end, the District had no outstanding BOCES debt.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$547,656.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

# C) Basis of Presentation

### 1) District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary.

Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# 2) Funds Statements

The funds statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### C) Basis of Presentation – (Continued)

### 2) Funds Statements – (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund:** This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Revenue Funds:** These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and State grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, child nutrition or other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

- i) <u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third-party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.
- **ii)** Agency Funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

#### D) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### D) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – (Continued)

The fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### E) Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1 and become a lien on September 1. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to November 1.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

#### F) Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

#### **G) Interfund Transactions**

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 10 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### H) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

# I) Cash (and Cash Equivalents)/Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

#### J) Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### **K)** Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A reserve for these nonliquid assets (inventories and prepaids) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### L) Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$ 5,000	Straight-line	40
Building improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20
Furniture and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	5-15

#### M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. There are three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Lastly is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. There are three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue – property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and net pension asset (TRS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

The District reports only one deferred outflow item (pensions) and one deferred inflow item (pensions).

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources – (Continued)

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2015, the District reported the following asset (liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset (liability) was measured as of March 31, 2015 for ERS and June 30, 2014 for TRS. The total pension asset (liability) used to calculate the net pension asset (liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Actuarial valuation date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
Net pension asset (liability)	\$ (525,994)	\$ 13,372,981
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset (liability)	.01557%	.120051%

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District's recognized pension expense of \$756,852 for ERS and \$3,269,075 for TRS. At June 30, 2015 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources were:

	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources ERS		Deferred Inflows (Outflows) of Resources TRS	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	16,838	\$	195,555
Changes of assumptions		0		0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		91,358		8,981,410
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		105,985		9,261
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		200,438		(2,961,203)
Total	\$	414,619	\$	6,225,023

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources – (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Year ended:		
2016	\$ 53,545	\$(2,269,168)
2017	53,545	(2,269,168)
2018	53,545	(2,269,168)
2019	53,545	(23,816)
2020	0	(85,737)
Thereafter	0	0

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2014	June 30, 2013
Interest rate	7.5%	8%
Salary scale	4.9%	4.01% - 10.91%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2005 -	July 1, 2005 –
	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2010
	System's experience	System's experience
Inflation rate	2.7%	3.0%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2005 through March 31, 2011, System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2010, System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2011 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2005 through March 31, 2010. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2010.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by each target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources – (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions – (Continued)**

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
Asset type		
Domestic equity	7.30%	7.30%
International equity	8.55	8.50
Real estate	8.25	5.00
Domestic fixed income securities	0	1.50
Global fixed income securities	0	1.40
Mortgages	0	3.40
Short-term	0	0.80
Private equity/alternative investments	11.00	11.00
Absolute return strategies	6.75	0
Opportunistic portfolio	8.60	0
Bonds and mortgages	4.00	0
Cash	2.25	0
Inflation index bonds	4.00	0

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.5% for ERS and 8% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% for ERS and 8% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5% for ERS and 7% for TRS) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5% for ERS and 9% for TRS) than the current rate:

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources – (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption – (Continued)

<u>ERS</u>	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$(3,505,975)	\$ (525,994)	\$ 1,989,849
<u>TRS</u>	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(7.0%)	(8.0%)	(9.0%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ 288,474	\$13,372,981	\$24,522,799

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The components of the current-year net pension asset (liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates were as follows:

	(Dollars in thousands)		
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
	March 31,	June 30,	
Valuation date	2015	2014	
Employers' total pension asset (liability)	\$(164,591,504) \$	\$ (97,015,707)	\$(261,607,211)
Plan net position asset (liability)	161,213,259	108,155,083	269,368,342
Employers' net pension asset (liability)	(3,378,245)	11,139,377	14,517,622
Ratio of plan net position to the			
employers' total pension asset (liability)	97.9%	111.48%	102.97%

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015, based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015, amounted to \$200,438.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are paid to the System in September, October and November, 2015, through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015, represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015, amount to \$3,264,823.

Additional pension information can be found in Note 11.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### N) Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized. The District had no unearned revenue at June 30, 2015.

#### O) Vested Employee Benefits

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

#### P) Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement.

Substantially, all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### **Q)** Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RANs) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TANs), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

The District had no short-term debt as of June 30, 2015.

# R) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other post-employment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the funds financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### S) Equity Classifications

#### **District-Wide Statements**

In the District-wide statements, there are three classes of net position:

# i) Net Investment in Capital Assets

Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### S) Equity Classifications – (Continued)

# <u>District-Wide Statements</u> – (Continued)

#### ii) Restricted Net Position

Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### iii) Unrestricted Net Position

Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### **Funds Statements**

In the fund basis statements there are five classification of fund balance:

#### 1. Nonspendable

Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$14,708.

#### 2. Restricted

Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance.

The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

# **Currently Utilized by School District:**

### **Employee Benefit Accrued Liability**

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### S) Equity Classifications – (Continued)

**Funds Statements – (Continued)** 

#### 2. Restricted – (Continued)

**Currently Utilized by School District: - (Continued)** 

#### **Repairs**

According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

#### **Retirement Contributions**

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

#### **Debt Service**

According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service, must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement.

#### Tax Certiorari

According to Education Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### S) <u>Equity Classifications</u> – (Continued)

**Funds Statements – (Continued)** 

# 2. Restricted – (Continued)

**Currently Utilized by the District: - (Continued)** 

#### **Unemployment Insurance**

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

#### 3. Committed

Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School Districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2015.

#### 4. Assigned

Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. There were no significant encumbrances as of June 30, 2015.

# 5. Unassigned

Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### S) Equity Classifications – (Continued)

#### **Funds Statements – (Continued)**

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### **Order of Use of Fund Balance**

The District's policy is to annually determine the appropriate use of fund balance upon recommendation of the Superintendent and Board of Education.

#### T) New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2015, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

#### **U)** Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, effective for the year ending June 30, 2016.

GASB has issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018. This statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

GASB has issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2016.

The School District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 2 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide statements compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

#### A) Total Fund Balance of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balance of the District's governmental funds differs from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

#### B) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of four broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

#### i) Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

#### ii) Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### iii) Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### iv) Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset (liability) and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The implementation of the statements requires the District to report as an asset and/or liability its portion of the collective net pensions asset and liability in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems. The implementation of the statements also requires the District to report a deferred outflow and/or inflow for the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset and/or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Also included as a deferred outflow, is the District contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. See Note 16 for the financial statement impact of implementation of the statements.

#### NOTE 4 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgets**

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations occurred during the year, see supplementary information on page 52.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 4 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY – (CONTINUED)

#### **Deficit Fund Balance**

The School Lunch Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$84,299. Management is reviewing the program to determine changes to improve the School Lunch Fund operations.

## NOTE 5 – CASH (AND CASH EQUIVALENTS), CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

As of June 30, 2015, all District bank balances were collateralized with a third-party bank with the collateral held in the District's name.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements) included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized \$ 0

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name

26,328,164

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$9,188,320 within the governmental funds and \$157,600 within the fiduciary funds.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk.

The District does not typically purchase investments denominated in foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### **NOTE 6 – INVESTMENT POOL**

The District participates in multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, § 119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. At June 30, 2015, the School District held \$10,011 in investments consisting of various investments in securities issued by the United States and its agencies. The investments are highly liquid and considered to be cash equivalents. The following amounts are included as unrestricted cash:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>A</u> :	<u>mount</u>
General	\$	10,011

The above amount represents the cost of the investment pool shares and is considered to approximate fair value. The investment pools are SEC registered and categorically exempt from the New York State collateralization requirements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		etirements/ assifications		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:  Capital assets that are not depreciated:  Land	\$	20,626	\$	0	\$	0	\$	20,626
Construction in process	Ф	2,049,756	<b>—</b>	1,624,811		1,691,534	4	1,983,033
Total nondepreciable historical cost		2,070,382		1,624,811		1,691,534	,	2,003,659
Capital assets that are depreciated: Land improvements Building and improvements Furniture and equipment		95,297 29,095,478 2,002,577		0 2,411,007 98,255		0 2,792,578 13,100		95,297 8,713,907 2,087,732
Total depreciable historical cost		31,193,352		2,509,262	. '	2,805,678	30	0,896,936
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings, furniture and equipment		11,769,692		1,171,268		13,100	12	2,927,860
Total accumulated depreciation		11,769,692		1,171,268		13,100	12	2,927,860
Net depreciable historical cost		19,423,660		1,337,994		2,792,578	1′	7,969,076
Total historical cost, net	\$	21,494,042	\$	2,962,805	\$	4,484,112	\$ 19	9,972,735
Depreciation was allocated to the following pr General support Instruction Pupil transportation School lunch program	ogra	ams as follows	s: \$	138,905 878,920 118,110 35,333				
Total			\$	1,171,268	ı			

#### $\underline{NOTE~8} - \underline{SHORT\text{-}TERM~DEBT}$

The District had no short-term debt for year ending June 30, 2015.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 69,365
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(5,781)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	5,033
Total expense	\$ 68,617

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Serial bond payable	\$ 3,443,400	\$ 0	\$ 423,400	\$ 3,020,000	\$ 410,000
Other liabilities:					
Judgement and claim	63,670	9,918	0	73,588	0
Other post-employment benefits	18,500,130	2,114,099	0	20,614,229	0
Compensated absences, net	1,321,604	17,014	0	1,338,618	0
Total other liabilities	19,885,404	2,141,031	0	22,026,435	0
TOTAL LONG-TERM					
LIABILITIES	\$ 23,328,804	\$2,141,031	\$ 423,400	\$25,046,435	\$ 410,000

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

<b>Description of Issue</b>	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	utstanding une 30, 2015
Serial Bond - Refunded	2012	2022	3.45%	\$ 3,020,000
TOTALS				\$ 3,020,000

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

	<b>Principal</b>		<u>Interest</u>		<b>Total</b>	
Fiscal year ended June 30,						
2016	\$	410,000	\$	60,400	\$	470,400
2017		415,000		52,200		467,200
2018		420,000		43,900		463,900
2019		430,000		35,500		465,500
2020		440,000		26,900		466,900
Thereafter		905,000		27,200		932,200
TOTALS	\$	3,020,000	\$	246,100	\$	3,266,100

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENT FUNDS

	Interfund				Interfund			
	Receivable		Payable		Revenues		Expenditure	
General Fund	\$	1,134,843	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,605,053
Special Aid Funds		0		579,643		51,971		0
School Lunch Fund		0		530,448		363,850		0
Capital Projects Fund		0		19,782	1,	189,232		0
Total Governmental Activities		1,134,843		1,129,873	1,	605,053		1,605,053
Fiduciary Agency Fund		0		4,970		0		0
TOTALS	\$	1,134,843	\$	1,134,843	\$1,	605,053	\$	1,605,053

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### **Interfund Revenues and Expenditures**

Capital Fund revenue is for local share of various projects.

School Lunch Fund revenue is for the operation of the Food Program.

Special Aid Fund revenue is for the General Fund required portion of the 4408 program.

General Fund expenditures are for transfer of capital reserve, food operation and local share of 4408 costs.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS**

#### **General Information**

The District participates in the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (CONTINUED)

#### Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided:

#### **Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)**

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSSTR Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

#### **Employees' Retirement System (ERS)**

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at <a href="https://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php">www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</a> or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 2, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS – (CONTINUED)

The District is required to contribute at a rate determined actuarially by the Systems. The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. Required contributions for the current and two preceding years were:

	<u>NYSTRS</u>	<u>NYSERS</u>
2014-2015	\$ 3,269,075	\$ 756,852
2013-2014	2,854,188	789,752
2012-2013	1,923,355	809,389

Since 1989, the NYSERS billings have been based on Chapter 62 of the Laws of 1989 of the State of New York. This legislation requires participating employers to make payments on a current basis, while amortizing existing unpaid amounts relating to the System's fiscal years ending March 31, 1988 and 1989 over a 17 year period, with an 8.75% interest factor added. Local governments were given the option to prepay this liability, which the District did not exercise.

#### NOTE 12 - POST-EMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS

The District provides post-employment health insurance coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements.

The District implemented GASB Statement #45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, in the school year ended June 30, 2010. This required the District to calculate and record a net other post-employment benefit obligation at year end. The net other post-employment benefit obligation is basically the cumulative difference between the actuarially required contribution and the actual contributions made.

The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance annually as expenditures in the General Fund of the funds financial statements as payments are made. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized \$3,247,516 for its share of insurance premiums for currently enrolled retirees.

The District has obtained an actuarial valuation report as of July 1, 2014 which indicates that the total liability for other post-employment benefits is \$20,614,229, which is reflected in the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Plan Description**

Onteora Central School District provides medical and prescription drug insurance benefits for retirees, spouses and their covered dependents while contributing a portion of the expenses. Such post-employment benefits are an included value in the exchange of salaries and benefits for employee services rendered. An employee's total compensation package includes not only the salaries and benefits received during active service, but all compensation and benefits received for their services during post-employment. Nevertheless, both types of benefits constitute compensation for employee services.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established by the Board of Education. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District contributed \$4,410,919 to the employee health insurance.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 12 - POST-EMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS - (CONTINUED)

#### Annual Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the healthcare plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 5,129,523
Interest on net OPEB obligation	925,007
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(692,915)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	5,361,615
Contributions made	3,247,516
Increase in net OPEB obligation	2,114,099
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	18,500,130
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 20,614,229

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
06/30/15	\$ 5,361,615	59.1%	\$ 20,614,229
06/30/14	5,495,952	60.4%	18,500,130
06/30/13	5,240,864	57.8%	16,325,120

#### **Funding Status and Funding Progress**

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$83,334,919 and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$83,334,919. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$21,050,601 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 395.9%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 12 – POST-EMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS – (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is based on the expected earnings of the District's General Fund investments at the valuation date and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 6% after 30 years. Both rates included a 5% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 30 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015, was 30 years.

#### NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage.

#### **Consortiums and Self Insured Plans**

The District participates in Workers' Compensation Alliance, a risk-sharing pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. The District's share of the liability for unbilled and open claims is \$73,588.

#### NOTE 14 – DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purposes of scholarships.

The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

#### **NOTE 15 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 16 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No.* 27. The implementation of Statement No. 68 resulted in the reporting of an asset, deferred outflow of resources, liability and deferred inflow of resources related to the District's participation in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' retirement systems. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

Net position beginning of year as previously stated	\$ 20,245,069
GASB Statement No. 68 implementation:	
Beginning System asset – Teachers' Retirement System	779,905
Beginning System liability – Employees' Retirement Systems	(703,588)
Beginning deferred outflow of resources for contributions	
subsequent to the measurement date:	
Teachers' Retirement System	3,406,850
Employees' Retirement System	 391,775
Net position beginning of year as restated	\$ 24,120,011

#### NOTE 17 – OTHER CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION

The District had an accrued liability for open capital projects. The projects were finalized with the State of New York and the aid take back was less than the accrued liability. The liability became fund balance and net position for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **NOTE 18 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 16, 2015, the date of the issuance of the audit report. There were no issues to report that would have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Revenues	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual Over (Under)
REVENUES:				
Local Sources				
Real property taxes	\$38,087,134	\$38,087,134	\$38,083,622	\$ (3,512)
Real property tax items	2,342,943	2,342,943	2,442,441	99,498
Charges for services	150,000	150,000	168,186	18,186
Use of money and property	50,000	50,000	57,740	7,740
Sale of property and compensation for loss	0	0	2,523	2,523
Miscellaneous	330,000	351,604	621,307	269,703
<b>Total Local Sources</b>	40,960,077	40,981,681	41,375,819	394,138
State Sources	7,425,610	7,475,610	7,482,420	6,810
<b>Total Revenues</b>	48,385,687	48,457,291	48,858,239	400,948
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from other funds	15,000	15,000	0	(15,000)
<b>Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources</b>	48,400,687	48,472,291	48,858,239	\$ 385,948

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Year End Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance With Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances (Over) Under
EXPENDITURES					
General Support					
Board of Education	57,254	76,054	49,469	\$ 0	\$ 26,585
Central administration	250,800	223,800	216,930	0	6,870
Finance	531,637	553,489	476,062	21,273	56,154
Staff	319,445	322,014	267,652	0	54,362
Central services	3,181,665	3,275,977	2,632,160	193,609	450,208
Special items	447,500	449,641	422,253	0	27,388
Instructional					
Instruction, administration and improvements	1,678,120	1,671,757	1,595,169	399	76,189
Teaching – regular school	12,478,353	12,447,214	12,021,432	22,309	403,473
Programs for children with handicapping					
conditions	7,305,399	7,328,680	6,591,923	0	736,757
Occupational education	979,430	972,826	962,223	0	10,603
Teaching - special school	756,776	757,180	516,174	0	241,006
Instructional media	535,911	592,981	496,889	1,114	94,978
Pupil services	2,500,989	2,515,961	2,335,219	0	180,742
Pupil Transportation	3,988,487	3,990,137	3,431,702	0	558,435
Employee Benefits	14,965,699	14,970,212	14,501,284	Ö	468,928
Debt Service	493,660	493,660	492,765	0	895
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	50,471,125	50,641,583	47,009,306	238,704	3,393,573
Other Financing Uses Transfers to other funds	1,405,000	1,608,082	1,605,053	0	3,029
<b>Total Expenditures and Other Uses</b>	51,876,125	52,249,665	48,614,359	\$ 238,704	\$ 3,396,602
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,475,438)	(3,777,374)	243,880		
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING	12,960,535	12,960,535	12,960,535		
OTHER CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	0	0	788,889		
FUND BALANCE – ENDING	\$ 9,485,097	\$9,183,161	\$13,993,304	:	

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuar Value Asset (a)	of	Accrued Liability (b)	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
07/01/14	\$	0	\$ 83,334,919	\$ 83,334,919	0%	\$ 21,050,601	395.9%
07/01/13		0	83,829,624	83,829,624	0%	23,169,986	361.8%
07/01/12		0	80,753,558	80,753,558	0%	21,213,678	380.7%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

NYS Teachers' Retirement System	
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.120051%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (13,372,981)
District's covered-employee payroll	17,232,379
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	77.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	111.48%
NYS Employees' Retirement System	
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0155700%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 525,994
District's covered-employee payroll	4,391,587
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	12.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.9%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS

NYS Teachers' Retirement System	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,961,203
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 2,961,203
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 17,232,379
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.18%
NYS Employees' Retirement System	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 846,803
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 846,803
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,391,587
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.28%

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET – GENERAL FUND

ADOPTED BUDGET  ADDITIONS: Prior year's encumbrances Donations Grants Appropriation of reserve	\$ 51,876,125 108,191 21,604 50,000 193,745
FINAL BUDGET	\$ 52,249,665
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION  FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015	
2015-2016 voter-approved expenditure budget Maximum allowed (4% of 2015-2016 budget)	\$ 51,656,975 2,066,279
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law: Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	2,738,705 2,066,279 4,804,984
Less: Appropriated fund balance and encumbrances  General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	2,738,705 \$ 2,066,279
Actual percentage	4.0%

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES

	Expenditures Methods of Financing									
Project Title	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Prior Year	Current Year	Total	Unexpanded Balance (Deficit)	Local Sources	Proceeds of Obligations	Total	Fund Balances
Asbestos abatement	\$ 323,400	\$ 385,000	\$ 238,809	\$ 135,000	\$ 373,809	\$ 11,191	\$ 385,000	\$ 0	\$ 385,000	\$ 11,191
Wind turbine	29,618	29,618	4,840	10,700	15,540	14,078	29,618	0	29,618	14,078
Masonry	966,438	1,155,670	34,776	49,517	84,293	1,071,377	1,155,670	0	1,155,670	1,071,377
Construction	7,000,000	7,000,000	0	279,732	279,732	6,720,268	7,000,000	0	7,000,000	6,720,268
Repair	1,180,000	1,180,000	79,797	858,184	937,981	242,019	1,180,000	0	1,180,000	242,019
Door	100,000	100,000	0	8,074	8,074	91,926	100,000	0	100,000	91,926
Parking lot	275,000	275,000	0	19,315	19,315	255,685	275,000	0	275,000	255,685
Playground	350,000	350,000	0	0	0	350,000	350,000	0	350,000	350,000
Track	275,000	275,000	0	264,289	264,289	10,711	275,000	0	275,000	10,711
TOTALS	\$ 10,499,456	\$ 10,750,288	\$ 358,222	\$ 1,624,811	\$1,983,033	\$ 8,767,255	\$10,750,288	\$ 0	\$10,750,288	\$8,767,255

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		\$ 19,972,735
<b>DEDUCT:</b> Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable	\$ 410,000 2,610,000	 3,020,000
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		\$ 16,952,735

# ONTEORA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM INFORMATION SINGLE AUDIT (OMB CIRCULAR A-133)

**JUNE 30, 2015** 



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Onteora Central School District Boiceville, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Onteora Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 16, 2015.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Onteora Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Onteora Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Onteora Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Onteora Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEST & COMPANY CPAS PC

Gloversville, New York September 16, 2015



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Onteora Central School District Boiceville, New York

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Onteora Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Onteora Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Onteora Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Onteora Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Onteora Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Onteora Central School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Onteora Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Onteora Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Onteora Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Onteora Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEST & COMPANY CPAS PC

Gloversville, New York September 16, 2015

## ONTEORA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed through the State Education Department of the State of New York - Pass-through Grantor's No. 621-2010-60000:		
Title I	84.010	\$ 187,029
Title IIA	84.367	115,060
IDEA - Section 611	84.027	420,772
IDEA - Section 619	84.173	12,373
Total U.S. Department of Education		735,234
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
Passed through the State Education Department of the State of New York - Pass-through Grantor's No. 621-2010-60000:		
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	61,447
National School Lunch and Snack Programs	10.555	223,340
Total Pass-through State Education Department		284,787
Direct:		
Food Distribution	10.555	34,561
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		319,348
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS		\$ 1,054,582

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the District's federal award programs presented on the accrual basis of accounting, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2015, the District had food commodities totaling \$5,250 in inventory.

#### NOTE C - CLUSTERS

The Special Education Cluster consists of IDEA Section 611 and IDEA Section 619.

The Child Nutrition Cluster consists of Food Distribution, National School Breakfast Program and National School Lunch and Snack Program.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

B.

C.

Fii	nancial Statements	
1.	Type of auditors' report issued: unqualified	
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?Yes _X_	No
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?Yes _	<u>X</u> No
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements note	d?Yes _X_ No
Fe	deral Awards	
1.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?Yes _X_	No
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes	<u>X</u> No
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for ma	ajor programs: unqualified
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be r Circular A-133? Yes _X_ No	eported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB
4.	Identification of major programs:	
	CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program
	84.027 84.173	IDEA Section 611 IDEA Section 619
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A	and B programs: \$300,000
6.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes	_ No
FIN	DINGS – BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUI	<u>DIT</u>
No	one.	
FIN	DINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR F	EDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT
No	one.	

# ONTEORA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Onteora Central School District Boiceville, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of Onteora Central School District as of June 30, 2015, and the related statement of revenues collected and expenses paid for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

Insufficient accounting controls are exercised over cash receipts at the point of collections to the time of submission to the Central Treasurer. Accordingly, it was impracticable to extend our audit of such receipts beyond the amounts recorded.

#### **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Onteora Central School District as of June 30, 2015, and the revenues collected and expenses paid for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

WEST & COMPANY CPAS PC

Gloversville, New York September 16, 2015

#### EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

#### **JUNE 30, 2015**

ASSETS Cash	\$ 45,886
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 45,886
LIABILITIES AND CLUB BALANCES Club balances	\$ 45,886
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CLUB BALANCES	\$ 45,886

#### EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED AND EXPENSES PAID

	Balance July 1, 2014	Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 2015
Art Club	\$ 303	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 303
Bookstore	2,428	1,473	1,417	2,484
Belleayre Bash	1,615	10,933	10,940	1,608
Class of 2015	540	17,402	17,942	0
Class of 2016	3,995	1,286	38	5,243
Class of 2017	113	0	0	113
Class of 2018	284	0	0	284
DECA	4,619	16,018	17,971	2,666
Diversity Club	566	0	0	566
French Club	8,280	1,546	8,577	1,249
Honor Society	327	210	97	440
Marching Band	410	4,073	3,889	594
Literary Club	214	1,061	1,031	244
Model Congress	762	8,850	9,589	23
MS Yearbook	456	2,647	2,935	168
SADD	498	0	0	498
Sales Tax	554	1,549	1,424	679
Spanish Club	150	253	8	395
Student Activities Club	3,203	4	0	3,207
Theatre	8,988	8,298	7,459	9,827
Tomahawk HS Yearbook	5,876	10,281	10,050	6,107
TUFS	275	577	205	647
Bennett Student Council	1,881	13,242	6,582	8,541
TOTALS	\$ 46,337	\$ 99,703	\$ 100,154	\$ 45,886

#### EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Onteora Central School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. However, since the Board of Education does exercise general oversight, these funds and their corresponding cash accounts are reflected in the Trust and Agency Funds of the basic financial statements of the District.

The books and records of the Onteora Central School District's Extraclassroom Activities Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

#### NOTE 2 - MANAGEMENT LETTER

Management letter items associated with the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are included in the management letter accompanying the District's basic financial statements.



September 16, 2015

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Onteora Central School District Boiceville, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Onteora Central School District for the year ended June 30, 2015, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and improving operating efficiency. We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated September 16, 2015. A separate report dated September 16, 2015, contains our report on significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated September 16, 2015, on the financial statements of Onteora Central School District.

Our comments and recommendations for the year ended June 30, 2015, are as follows:

#### **Prior-Year Findings**

#### 1. Extraclassroom Activities

**a.** <u>Prior Condition</u>: There were several instances where Clubs did not charge sales tax on sales or pay sales taxes on purchases subject to the tax.

<u>Status</u>: This condition has been greatly improved as of June 30, 2015. Our testing found only one instance where sales tax was not paid.

**Recommendation:** Clubs should review activities subject to sales tax and properly charge the tax. Additionally, if a Club is not going to pay sales tax at time of purchase, a resale certificate should be issued. Purchases not for resale are subject to sales tax.

#### 2. Fixed Assets

**Prior Condition:** The District underwent a full appraisal of its fixed assets during 2012-2013, however, the District did not reconcile the internal fixed asset schedule to the appraisal.

**Status:** The condition has been corrected as of June 30, 2015.

#### 3. School Lunch Program

**Prior Condition:** The lunch program continues to have a deficit fund balance even though the general fund continues to fund the program.

**Status:** The condition has not been corrected as of June 30, 2015.

**Recommendation:** Management and the Board of Education need to review the program and determine what action needs to be taken to eliminate operating deficits.

#### 4. Special Aid Fund

**<u>Prior Condition</u>**: Although immaterial, the revenues and expenditures recorded in the fund did not balance at the time of the audit.

**Status:** The condition has been corrected as of June 30, 2015.

#### **Current-Year Finding**

#### 1. Extraclassroom Activity Fund

<u>Condition</u>: During our review of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds, we noted that there were 3 clubs that are inactive.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District remove all fiscally dormant clubs from the Extraclassroom Activity Funds and, at the discretion of the Board, distribute these funds to other active clubs based on current board policy.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

We would like to thank the District's staff for their cooperation throughout this engagement. We are available, at any time convenient for the Board, to discuss this management letter, the basic financial statements, the single audit and any other financial matters the Board may wish to discuss.

Very truly yours,

WEST & COMPANY CPAS PC

WEST & COMPANY CPAs PC