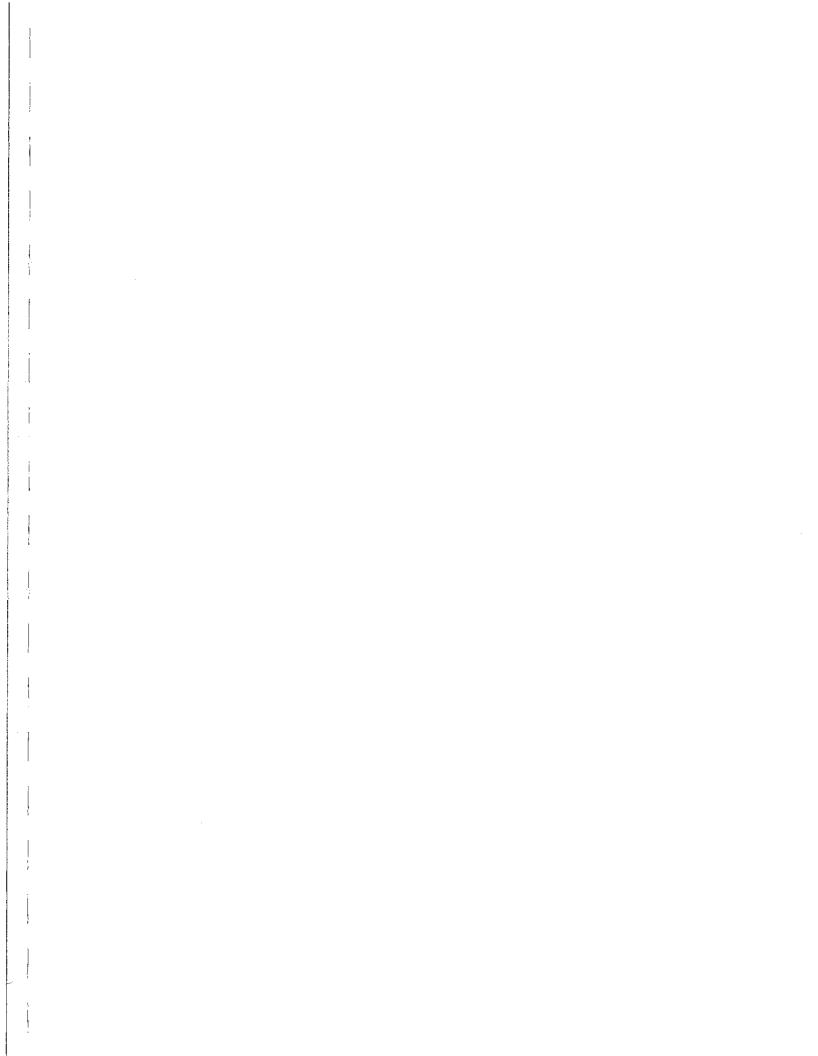
Janesville, Wisconsin

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS and REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007



SCHOOL DISTRICT OF JANESVILLE Janesville, Wisconsin

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Not The Same Old Bottom Line

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Education School District of Janesville Janesville, Wisconsin

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Janesville (the district) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the district's basic financial statements as identified in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the district's board of education and management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the district's board of education and management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Janesville as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2007, on our consideration of the School District of Janesville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the district's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements listed on pages 47 to 48 in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the School District of Janesville. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Madison, Wisconsin September 27, 2007 South Gesteland, LLP

SMITH & GESTELAND, LLP

Educational Services Center Business and Technology Services



527 S. Franklin St. • Janesville, WI 53548 (608) 743-5100 • FAX (608) 743-5101

Education is our investment in the future.

School District of Janesville Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

The discussion and analysis of the School District of Janesville's financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, as required by Governmental Accounting and Standards Board statement 34.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's financial status, as reflected in total net assets, improved by \$2.5 million.
- The school food service program, the district's only business-type activity, had total revenues of \$3,203,597 and total expenses of \$3,171,236. Net assets increased by \$32,361 for the current fiscal period.
- \$16.7 million was paid out in health related costs by the self-insured plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Claims increased by 1.25% over the previous year.
- In governmental funds, total fund balance increased by \$35 million which includes an increase of \$31.6 million for capital projects.
- The District held a referendum in November 2006 that was approved by a majority of the voters to borrow up to \$70.795 million for additions and renovations to Craig and Parker high schools including additional general and specialized classrooms and gymnasium space, and renovations to heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, general classrooms and locker rooms.
- Moody's Investor Service affirmed the District's rating to Aa3 and Standard & Poor's affirmed its AA- rating in April 2007.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District of Janesville's basic financial statements. These statements consist of 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Other supplementary information is also provided.

District-wide Statements

- The district-wide statements are the *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities*. These statements present an aggregate view of the district's finances using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Both statements distinguish functions that are supported principally by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, called *governmental activities*, from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges (business type activities).
- The statement of net assets presents information on all of the district's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in the net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

- The statement of activities presents information showing how the district's net assets changed during the year. This statement reports the cost of government functions and how those functions were financed for the fiscal year.
- The district-wide financial statements are shown on pages 14 to 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities. The district, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements and provide information that may be useful in evaluating a district's near-term financing requirements.
- There are two fund financial statements, the <u>balance sheet</u> and the <u>statement of revenues and expenditures and changes in fund balance</u>. Generally, fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and their impact on fund balance.
- Because the focus of fund financial statements is narrower than that of the district-wide statements, it is useful to make comparison between the information presented. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term implications of the government's near-term financial decisions. A reconciliation to facilitate this comparison is provided either at the bottom of the governmental funds statement or as a separate statement.
- The district has three kinds of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Governmental funds include the district's permanent funds (general, TEACH, special education, debt service, community service) and individual capital project funds as needed. The district has one proprietary fund, the food service fund. The only fiduciary funds for the district are an agency fund for student and parent organizations and a trust fund serving scholarship recipients.
- Financial information is presented separately on both the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general fund, capital projects fund and debt service fund as these are considered to be major funds. Data for the TEACH and special education funds have been consolidated under the heading of special revenue funds, and a community service fund is reported under other government funds. Data for each of these individual non-major funds is provided separately as supplementary information. The governmental fund financial statements are on pages 16 to 18 of this report.
- The proprietary fund statements for the district's food service program are prepared on the same basis of accounting and measurement focus as the district-wide financial statements. In addition, the district provides a statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund. Proprietary fund statements are located on pages 22 to 24 of this report.
- Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of affiliated parties not legally a part of the district such as students, parents or staff. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the district wide financial statements because the district cannot use these resources to finance operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Fiduciary fund statements are located on pages 25 to 26 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 27.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the district's budget data for major funds for the year.

Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-Wide Statements	Governmental	Fund Financial Statements Proprietary	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instructional, support services, and community services.	Activities the district operates similar to private business. The district's food service program is its only proprietary operation.	Assets held by the district on behalf of someone else. Student and other organizations that have funds on deposit with the district are reported here.
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Assets, and Statement of Activities.	Balance sheet, and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.	Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, and Statement of Cash Flows.	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets, and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets.
Basis of accounting and measure- ment focus	Accrual accounting, Economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting. Current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter. No capital assets or long- term liabilities are included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital; short-term and longterm.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital; short-term and long-term. These funds do not currently contain any capital assets, although they can.
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liabilities are due and payable.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All additions or deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received and paid.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District as a Whole

The district's combined net assets increased by 4.25% to \$60,799,271. The improvement came primarily from governmental activities with net assets growing by \$2,446,119. The net assets of the food service program increased by \$32,361 (12.6%).

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Assets

_	Governmental a	Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total		% Change
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Current Assets	74 000 557	00 504 300	047.470	400 000	7.4.7.7.000		
Current Assets	74,329,557	38,581,720	217,473	196,577	74,547,030	38,778,297	92.2%
Capital Assets	88,276,403	87,481,771	164,538	182,556	88,440,941	87,664,327	0.9%
Total Assets	162,605,960	126,063,491	382,011	379,133	162,987,971	126,442,624	28,9%
Current Liabilities	19,910,156	17,326,818	92,944	122,427	20,003,100	17,449,245	14.6%
Long-term debt outstanding	82,185,600	50,672,588			82,185,600	50,672,588	62.2%
Total Liabilities	102,095,756	67,999,406	92,944	122,427	102,188,700	68,121,833	50.0%
Net Assets	60,510,204	58,064,085	289,067	256,706	60,799,271	58,320,791	4.2%
Invested in capital assets, net							
of related debt	30,034,886	59,001,833	164,538	182,556	30,199,424	59,184,389	-49.0%
Restricted	32,603,926	3,809,178	124,529	74,150	32,728,455	3,883,328	742.8%
Unrestricted	(2,128,608)	(4,746,926)			(2,128,608)	(4,746,926)	-55.2%
Total Net Assets	60,510,204	58,064,085	289,067	256,706	60,799,271	58,320,791	4.2%

The largest portion of net assets held by the District is its investment in capital assets (land, schools, furniture and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The valuation of capital assets is based on historical costs and does not reflect the current market value of those assets. The District has an extensive repair and maintenance plan for buildings and sites that is funded by annual operating funds that would not necessarily be capitalized. Expenditures that typically keep an asset in working order are considered maintenance and are not capitalized, while expenditures that improve the asset and lengthen its useful life are typically capitalized. Major improvements funded by operating funds include roof replacements at Franklin Middle and Jefferson Elementary, ceiling and lighting upgrades at Van Buren and Harrison Elementaries, carpet replacement at Franklin Middle and remodeling at Roosevelt Elementary. Capital assets also include computer hardware and software upgrades and library and textbook collections.

Capital assets are not available for future spending. While the School District of Janesville's investment in capital assets is shown net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources (future tax levies), since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated and do not generate income.

An additional portion of the School District of Janesville's net assets are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The assets of the food service program, for example, are restricted for use only by that program. The same applies for net assets of the various other funds.

The District has a negative unrestricted net asset balance of \$2.1 million. This is primarily the result of

recognizing a prior service liability with the Wisconsin Retirement System in the district-wide financial statements that has not been included in the fund financial statements. The District currently makes monthly payments to the Wisconsin Retirement System of 1.3% of eligible wages to be applied against the prior service liability. The liability is actuarially determined based on assumptions of rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, salary increases and mortality among participants, and rate of return on investments to be generated by the fund.

Changes in Net Assets: Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ending 2007 and 2006. As demonstrated, general revenues are the primary source of funding governmental activities at 87.9%, while program revenues provide almost the entire source of funding for business-type activities.

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
For the Year Ended June 30

	G	overnmental Activities	%	В	usiness-type Activities	0/		Tatal	0/		T _4_1	0/
		2007	76		2007	<u>%</u>		Total 	%		Total 2006	<u>%</u>
Revenues:		2007			2001			2007			2006	
Program Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$	2,453,875	2.2%	\$	1,713,212	53.5%	\$	4,167,087	3.7%	\$	4,508,363	4.1%
Operating Grants and												
Contributions		10,940,618	9.9%		1,484,441	46.3%		12,425,059	10.9%		11,612,415	10.5%
Capital Grants &												
Contributions		-	0.0%					-	0.0%		-	0.0%
General Revenues												
Property Taxes		29,184,059	26.4%					29,184,059	25.6%		29,407,562	26.6%
General State Aid		66,348,819	59.9%					66,348,819	58.3%		63,698,671	57.7%
Other		1,752,513	1.6%		5,946	0.2%		1,758,459	1.5%		1,230,398	1.1%
Total Revenues	\$	110,679,884	100%	\$	3,203,599	100%	\$	113,883,483	100%	\$	110,457,409	100%
Expenses:		·			_						•	
Instruction	\$	65,777,077	60.8%	¢			\$	65,777,077	59.0%	\$	64.898.008	59.7%
Pupil Services	Ψ	6,506,117	6.0%	Ψ			Ψ	6,506,117	5.8%	Ψ	6.399.572	5.9%
Instructional Staff Services		4,367,599	4.0%					4,367,599	3.9%		4,455,694	4.1%
Administration & Business		6,287,003	5.8%					6,287,003	5.6%		6,258,170	5.8%
Operations & Maintenance		10,309,928	9.5%					10,309,928	9.3%		12,013,555	11.0%
Pupil Transportation		1,752,470	1.6%					1,752,470	1.6%		1,777,071	1.6%
Central Services		1.932,268	1.8%					1,932,268	1.7%		2,081,824	1.9%
Interest on Debt		1,191,176	1.1%					1,191,176	1.1%		1,384,270	1.3%
Other		10,110,127	9.3%		3,171,238	100%		13,281,365	11.9%		9,478,121	8.7%
Total Expenses	\$	108,233,765	100%	\$		100%	\$	111,405,003	100%	\$	108,746,285	100%
•		· · ·	<i>,</i>									
Increase in Net Assets	\$	2,446,119	/	\$	32,361	:	\$	2,478,480		\$	1,711,124	

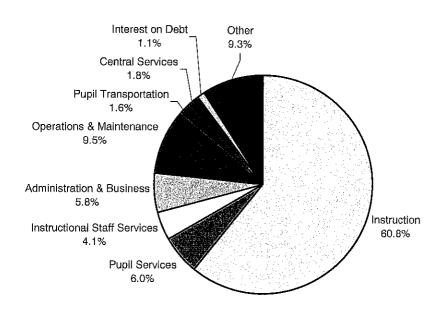
Governmental Activities: Property taxes are levied for two purposes, general and debt. Fifteen percent of the levy was used for long-term interest and debt retirement. Governmental activities contributed \$2.45 million to the increase in net assets. The improvement in the District's financial position is a result of conservative fiscal management, an increase in interest rates and a minimal increase in the cost of providing health insurance. Some specific examples of this are as follows:

• A lower than anticipated increase in costs of the self-funded insurance plan resulted in a savings of \$1,735,000. Health related payments totaled \$16.7 million as compared to \$16.5 million the previous year. This represents a 1.25% increase as opposed to the 12% increase anticipated.

- School allocations that went unspent during the year totaled \$130,000. As a means of providing more efficient use of funds, schools are permitted to carry over unused funds to the next year.
- An increase in short-term interest rates resulted in interest earnings totaling \$1.043 million, an increase of \$308,000 over last year.

The chart below depicts the major categories of expenses within governmental activities. The largest single expense to the district is the cost of providing instruction.

Expenses for the Fiscal Year 2007



The net cost of providing services is shown in table 3. Net cost is the total cost of the service less any user fees generated by the activities or any intergovernmental aid or gifts received for specific programs. The net cost shows the reliance on general revenues of the district, primarily state aid and property taxes.

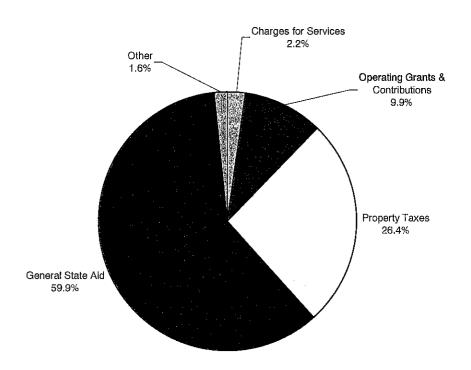
Table 3

Cost of Governmental Activities

	Tota	l Cost of Services 2007	Net (Net Cost of Services 2007			
Instruction	\$	65,777,077	\$	56,645,990			
Pupil Services		6,506,117		4,457,507			
Instructional Staff Services		4,367,599		3,242,264			
Administration & Business		6,287,003		6,286,355			
Operations & Maintenance		10,309,928		10,205,678			
Pupil Transportation		1,752,470		1,355,444			
Central Services		1,932,268		1,932,174			
Interest on Debt		1,191,176		1,191,176			
Other		10,110,127		9,522,684			
Total Expenses	\$	108,233,765	\$	94,839,272			

Program revenues offset 12.4%, or \$13.4 million of costs. The largest category of program revenue comes from grants and contributions totaling \$10.9 million. The largest single source of program revenue comes from the State of Wisconsin as aid for special education. Special education instruction receives the most program revenues at 34% of cost.

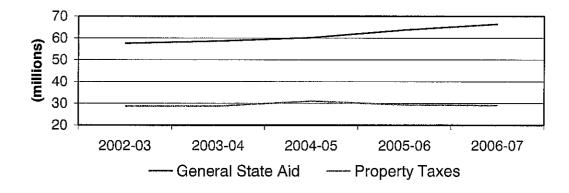
Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



General revenues consist primarily of General State aid and property taxes. A steady growth in General State aid has permitted the property tax levy to remain relatively unchanged as demonstrated by Table 4.

Five Year History of Major General Revenues (in million of dollars)

	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07
General State Aid	57.55	58.6	60.2	63.7	66.4
Property Taxes	28.67	28.68	31.04	29.4	29.1



Business-type activities: The largest source of revenue for the food service program comes from the sale of food and beverages. The District provides a hot lunch program at all sites except for the charter school and ala carte services at all middle and high schools. A federally subsidized school breakfast program is offered at Kennedy, Lincoln and Wilson Elementary, Marshall Middle and Parker High schools. Lunch prices were increased in 2005-06 and remained unchanged for 2006-07. The percentage of students qualified for free or reduced lunch for the year was 32%. The District received federal and state subsidies, including commodities, totaling \$1.5 million.

Food and supply costs made up 48% of all operating expenses while labor costs were 45% of the total. Annual depreciation totaled \$18,639.

Governmental Funds

Fund accounting is required by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. It is also the required method for budget adoption and levy certification. The increase in total governmental fund balance for the year was \$35 million, bringing the total to \$59.87 million, a 241% increase.

- At June 30, 2007, the General Fund balance totaled \$26.7 million representing 26.5% of expenditures or 3 months of operations. This is within the guidelines followed by the district that indicate a reasonable fund balance should be 2 to 3 months of operation costs. \$5.5 million of the fund balance is reserved for specific purposes: \$2.6 million for encumbered obligations payable in the next fiscal year (outstanding purchase orders), \$325,850 for inventory to be consumed in the next fiscal year, \$129,534 for school allocation carryovers and \$2.4 million for future claims from the self-insured health plan. The remainder of the fund balance is designated to meet the cash flow needs of the district.
- General fund revenue exceeded budget by \$120,011. The most significant variance in that category was interest earnings of \$1,043,000 which exceeded budget by \$443,000 due to an increase in the interest rate for short-term investments. Revenue from athletic participation fees came in \$43,000 over budget. Grant revenue came in under budget by \$300,000.
- General fund expenditures came in \$2.9 million under budget. \$129,534 is being carried over from site based accounts at the schools. Due to a very favorable claims year and changes in administration services, health insurance claims came in \$1,735,000 under budget. Federal and state grant expenditures came in \$409,000 under budget and \$607,000 was left unspent in the area of Buildings and Grounds maintenance and operations. The total impact of Special Education charged to the General fund was \$485,000 under budget. Budget variances for the General and Special Revenue funds can be viewed beginning on page 20 of this report.
- The Special Education fund is used to account for all revenue and expenditures associated with the special education program, including any federal and state funding. Because outside funding is insufficient to cover the cost of the program, funds are transferred from the General fund as an operating transfer. The transfer of \$10.7 million represents 62% of the total expenditures as compared to 63% the previous year. Less funding was needed, again due to a favorable health claims year.
- The TEACH fund balance at year end totaled \$580,000. As mentioned earlier, use of TEACH funds is restricted to educational technology and telecommunications access. TEACH block grants were funded by the State of Wisconsin and were discontinued after 2002-03. The first block grant was received in 1997-98.
- The Debt Service fund had an increase of \$245,000. Its fund balance will fluctuate from year to year because the fund balance must be sufficient to meet the amount of any scheduled debt payments that are due prior to February 15 of the subsequent year. The typical debt service schedule requires interest payments in the Fall and principal and interest payments in the Spring of each year. For

2006-07 the District received a premium and accrued interest totaling \$142,364 to offset future interest payments as a result of the most recent bond sale.

- The Community Services fund balance of \$519 represents donations received from the Janesville Fife and Drum Corp that have been held for future use as needed.
- The Capital Projects fund received \$33 million in bond proceeds to be used to fund the renovation and additions of both high schools. Bond proceeds were received in May 2007. The projects were largely in the planning and design phase at year end, so fund balance increased by \$31.6 million. Construction will begin in 2007-08 with another borrowing planned for Spring 2008 and project completion in the 2009-10 school year.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds consist of an agency fund and a trust fund. The agency fund records the assets held by the district for the benefit of others. The majority of these funds are held by the individual schools in the form of activity funds. The funds belong to various student groups and account for their fundraising efforts, class fees, etc. and all related disbursements. The management of the funds is regulated by the district and subject to annual audit. The trust fund is for the benefit of student scholarships. Donors have created scholarships benefiting high school graduates of our district and are funded by the donor or earnings from an endowment that is to remain intact.

Long-term Debt

Debt of the District is secured by an irrepealable tax levy adopted by the school board at the time of issuance. The maximum legal debt limit is set by state statutes and detailed in Note 7 to the financial statements. The District's current debt is 15.3% of the maximum permitted by law. At the end of the current fiscal year the School District of Janesville had general obligation debt of \$58.14 million. Current debt obligations have retirements running through March 2027.

Long term Debt Payment Schedule



In May 2007 the District issued \$33,000,000 of general obligation school building bonds at a true interest rate of 4.27% to fund phase I of the high school renovation and additions project. The second phase of the project planned for mid 2008 will be to issue bonds in an amount not to exceed \$37,795,000. The District has two capital leases that have five year paybacks and will be finalized in 2008.

Included in governmental activities under long-term obligations are other liabilities that are also detailed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The custodial/maintenance/food service labor union and the Janesville Education Association representing teaching staff are operating without a current agreement that expired June 2007. Both unions and the administration are participating in negotiations. The agreement with the secretary/clerk/aide unit expires at the end of June 2008.

The District has contracted for actuarial services to determine the value of post employment benefits (OPEB) other than pensions as described under GASB Statement 45 and has approved a plan for funding. The outcome of negotiations will have an impact on the OPEB liability. The District will be required to report OPEB costs in 2007-08.

The State of Wisconsin has not adopted a state budget for 2007-09 which impacts school funding for 2007-08. It is uncertain what impact this will have locally.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District of Janesville's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Douglas Bunton, Director of Business Services or Lauri Clifton, Comptroller, School District of Janesville, 527 South Franklin Street, Janesville, WI 53548, or by calling (608)743-5018.

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

As of June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 62,201,575	\$	\$ 62,201,575
Accounts receivable	25,651	891	26,542
Taxes receivable	8,862,473		8,862,473
Interest receivable	314,606	***	314,606
Due from other governments Other current assets	2,593,963	208,608	2,802,571
Other current assets	331,289	7,974	339,263
Total current assets	74,329,557	217,473	74,547,030
Noncurrent assets			
Land	1,329,744		1,329,744
Site improvements	3,077,839		3,077,839
Buildings and building improvements	102,574,285		102,574,285
Furniture and equipment	13,216,640	502,027	13,718,667
Work in progress	1,575,876		1,575,876
T	121,774,384	502,027	122,276,411
Less accumulated depreciation	(33,497,981)	(337,489)	(33,835,470)
Total noncurrent assets	88,276,403	164,538	88,440,941
Total assets	162,605,960	382,011	162,987,971
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Bank overdraft		4,512	4,512
Accounts payable	971,173	12,003	983,176
Accrued liabilities	13,493,165	39,940	13,533,105
Accrued interest Deferred revenue	518,841	26.400	518,841
Current portion of long-term liabilities	4,926,977	36,489	36,489
		***************************************	4,926,977
Total current liabilities	19,910,156	92,944	20,003,100
Noncurrent liabilities	00 405 600		GB 405 400
Long-term liabilities, less current portion	82,185,600		82,185,600
Total non-current liabilities	82,185,600		82,185,600
Total liabilities	102,095,756	92,944	102,188,700
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	30,034,886	164,538	30,199,424
Restricted for: Debt service	101.021		104.051
Capital projects	121,251 31,902,950		121,251
Other activities	51,902,930 579,725	124,529	31,902,950 704,254
Unrestricted	(2,128,608)	124,329	(2,128,608)
Total net assets	\$ 60,510,204	\$ 289,067	\$ 60,799,271

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

				Net	(Expenses) Re	venue	е	
		Program	n Revenues	and C	and Changes in Net Assets			
Functions/ Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Government Activities	Business Type Activities		Total	
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular instruction Vocational instruction Special education instruction	\$ 42,436,175 4,248,536 14,534,629	\$ 1,357,544 277,762	\$ 2,412,553 88,249 4,701,422	\$ (38,666,078) (4,160,287) (9,555,445)	\$	\$	(38,666,078) (4,160,287) (9,555,445)	
Other instruction	4,557,737	276,572	16,985	(4,264,180)			(4,264,180)	
Total instruction	65,777,077	1,911,878	7,219,209	(56,645,990)			(56,645,990)	
Support services;								
Pupil services	6,506,117	408,926	1,639,684	(4,457,507)			(4,457,507)	
Instructional staff services	4,367,599	11,717	1,113,618	(3,242,264)			(3,242,264)	
General administration services	776,279	,	, ,	(776,279)			(776,279)	
School administration services	4,494,201	648		(4,493,553)			(4,493,553)	
Business services	1,016,523	040		(1,016,523)			(1,016,523)	
Operations & maintenance	10,309,928	74,984	29,266	(10,205,678)			(1,010,323)	
Pupil transportation services			,					
Central services	1,752,470	45,722	351,304	(1,355,444)			(1,355,444)	
	1,932,268		94	(1,932,174)			(1,932,174)	
Insurance	760,981			(760,981)			(760,981)	
Community services	581,548		587,443	5,895			5,895	
Other support services	6,174,198			(6,174,198)			(6,174,198)	
Interest	1,191,176			(1,191,176)			(1,191,176)	
Depreciation - unallocated	2,593,400			(2,593,400)			(2,593,400)	
Total support services	42,456,688	541,997	3,721,409	(38,193,282)			(38,193,282)	
Total governmental activities	108,233,765	2,453,875	10,940,618	(94,839,272)			(94,839,272)	
Business-type activities:								
School food service program	3,171,238	1,713,212	1,484,441		26,415		26,415	
				(0.1.000.000)				
Total school district	\$ 111,405,003	\$ 4,167,087	\$ 12,425,059	(94,839,272)	26,415		(94,812,857)	
	General revenues	5 :						
	Property taxes:							
	General purpose	es		24,884,059			24,884,059	
	Debt services			4,300,000			4,300,000	
	Federal and stat	e aid not restricte	ed to specific purpo	ses:				
	General			66,348,819			66,348,819	
	Other			295,004			295,004	
	Interest and inve	estment earnings		1,315,145	4,385		1,319,530	
	Miscellaneous			142,364	1,561		143,925	
	Total gene	ral revenues		97,285,391	5,946		97,291,337	
	Change in	net assets		2,446,119	32,361		2,478,480	
	Net assets - beginn	ing of year		58,064,085	256,706		58,320,791	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

<u>\$ 60,510,204</u> <u>\$ 289,067</u> <u>\$ 60,799,271</u>

Net assets - end of year

Janesville, Wisconsin

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2007

ASSETS	General		Special Revenue	_	Debt Service	Capital Projects	_	Other Government Funds	(Total Government Funds
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Interest receivable	\$ 29,296,436 25,576 8,862,473 96,456	\$	579,725	\$	629,913 10,179	\$ 31,694,979 207,971	\$	522 75	\$	62,201,575 25,651 8,862,473 314,606
Due from other governments Inventories and other current assets Due from other funds	1,878,837 325,850 45,450	_	617,763 4,054 1,677,851	_			_	97,363 1,385		2,593,963 331,289 1,723,301
Total assets	\$ 40,531,078	\$	2,879,393	<u>\$</u>	640,092	\$ 31,902,950	\$	99,345	\$	76,052,858
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related items Due to other governments Due to other funds Other current liabilities	\$ 864,107 6,504,069 1,677,851 4,743,118	\$	71,803 1,664,198 35,070 528,597	\$		\$	\$	193 40,258 45,450 12,925	\$	936,103 8,208,525 35,070 1,723,301 5,284,640
Total liabilities	13,789,145	_	2,299,668					98,826	-	16,187,639
FUND EQUITY	13,707,143		2,277,000					70,020		10,107,037
Fund balances Reserved Unreserved - designated	5,449,884 21,292,049	_	579,725		640,092	31,902,950		519		38,573,170 21,292,049
Total fund balances	26,741,933		579,725		640,092	31,902,950		519		59,865,219
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 40,531,078	\$	2,879,393	\$	640,092	\$ 31,902,950	\$	99,345		
Total net assets reported for governmental act amount reported above as total government				ts ar	e different fr	om the				
Capital assets used in governmental activities reported as assets in governmental funds. A statement of net assets:						•				
Governmental capital assets Governmental accumulated depreciation	n						\$	121,774,384 (33,497,981)		88,276,403
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and not period, and therefore are not reported as lial liabilities at year end consist of the following	bilities in the gove									
Bonds payable Accrued interest on bonds payable Capital leases and other notes payable Vested employee benefits							\$	(58,140,000) (518,841) (101,517) (28,871,060)		(87,631,418)
Total net assets - governmental activitie	es								\$	60,510,204

1			
1			

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Government Funds	Total Government Funds
Debt service:						
Principal Interest	\$ 58,066 	\$	\$ 3,125,000 1,090,207	\$	\$	\$ 3,183,066 1,091,845
Total debt service	59,704		4,215,207			4,274,911
Capital outlay				1,627,060		1,627,060
Total expenditures	83,914,245	17,084,955	4,215,207	1,627,060	587,443	107,428,910
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	14,987,529	(10,608,455)	245,498	(1,373,598)		3,250,974
Other financial sources (uses)						
Payments to other institutions	(995,534)	(221,359)				(1,216,893)
Proceeds from bonds payable				33,000,000		33,000,000
Refund of uncollected property taxes Operating transfers in (out)	(26,341) _(10,746,922)	10,746,922				(26,341)
Net other financing sources (uses)	_(11,768,797)	10,525,563	WAAR AND	33,000,000		31,756,766
Net change in fund balances	3,218,732	(82,892)	245,498	31,626,402		35,007,740
Fund balances - beginning of year	23,523,201	662,617	394,594	276,548	519	24,857,479
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 26,741,933	\$ 579,725	\$ 640,092	\$ 31,902,950	\$ 519	\$ 59,865,219

Janesville, Wisconsin

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

W. I. and the second second			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 35,007,740
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities	\$	4,001,320	
Amount by which capital outlays are greater (less)		(3,144,006)	
than depreciation in the current period			857,314 V
Fixed asset disposals in current year Accumulated depreciation on fixed asset disposals	\$	(218,355) 155,673	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets			(62,682)
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. Vested employee benefits paid in current year Vested employee benefits earned in current year	\$	2,706,735 (6,146,724)	
Amounts paid are greater (less) than amounts paid by	***************************************	(0,140,724)	(3,439,989)
Principal proceeds from bond and notes payable issuance is reported in the governmental funds as revenue, but is reported as an increase in long-term debt in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt proceeds in the current year is:			(33,000,000)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities The amount of long-term debt principal payments.			
in the current year is:			3,238,421
In governmental funds interest payments on outstanding long-term debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities interest is reported as incurred. The amount of interest paid during the current period	\$	1,091,845	
The amount of interest accrued during the current period Interest paid is less than interest accrued by	-	(1,246,530)	(15/1 695)
·			 (154,685)
Change in net assets - governmental activities			\$ 2,446,119

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

				Variance with Final Budget
		l Amounts		Favorable
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 24,901,347		• •	\$ (17,288)
Other local sources	1,129,654	1,137,654	1,614,959	477,305
Interdistrict sources	1,208,705	1,211,283	1,176,548	(34,735)
Intermediate sources	20,960	42,097	42,097	
State sources	68,411,906	68,461,099	68,443,816	(17,283)
Federal sources	2,224,411	2,465,783	2,164,440	(301,343)
Other sources	562,500	562,500	575,855	13,355
Total revenues	98,459,483	98,781,763	98,901,774	120,011
Expenditures				
Instruction:				
Regular instruction	42,484,418	42,650,551	41,645,140	1,005,411
Vocational instruction	4,634,704	4,648,652	4,566,610	82,042
Special instruction	1,642,715	1,641,496	1,607,688	33,808
Other instruction	4,600,094	4,586,529	4,527,836	58,693
Total instruction	53,361,931	53,527,228	52,347,274	1,179,954
Support services:				
Pupil services	3,848,117	3,881,817	3,745,956	135,861
Instructional staff services	4,150,229	4,280,180	3,981,956	298,224
General administration services	780,679	804,004	785,479	18,525
School administration services	4,652,461	4,684,711	4,514,365	170,346
Business services	1,033,583	1,068,792	1,016,523	52,269
Operations and maintenance of plant	12,215,894	12,124,687	11,150,500	974,187
Pupil transportation	810,228	822,473	846,062	(23,589)
Central services	2,165,574	2,136,398	2,019,418	116,980
Insurance	752,465	763,833	754,697	9,136
Other support services	2,687,528	2,687,528	2,692,311	(4,783)
Total support services	33,096,758	33,254,423	31,507,267	1,747,156
Debt service:				
Principal	58,561	58,561	58,066	495
Interest	2,407	2,407	1,638	769
Total debt service	60,968	60,968	59,704	1,264
Total expenditures	86,519,657	86,842,619	83,914,245	2,928,374
Excess of revenues over expenditures	11,939,826	11,939,144	14,987,529	3,048,385
Other financing sources (uses)		11,707,111	11,707,527	
Payments to other institutions	(1,078,317)	(1,066,226)	(995,534)	70,692
Other			•	
Transfer to special education fund	(27,000) (11,217,822)	(30,160) (11,232,071)	(26,341) (10,746,922)	3,819
Total other financing uses	-			485,149
.	(12,323,139)	(12,328,457)	(11,768,797)	559,660
Net change in fund balance	(383,313)	(389,313)	3,218,732	3,608,045
Fund balance - beginning of year	23,523,201	23,523,201	23,523,201	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 23,139,888	\$ 23,133,888	\$ 26,741,933	\$ 3,608,045

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	5 1						Variance with Final Budget
	 	geted Amounts					Favorable
	 Original		Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)
Revenues							
Interdistrict sources	\$ 	\$	203,000	\$	156,736	\$	(46,264)
Intermediate sources	17,500		17,500		15,215		(2,285)
State sources	4,022,134		3,999,839		4,181,580		181,741
Federal sources	 2,193,002		2,206,479		2,122,969		(83,510)
Total revenues	 6,435,636		6,426,818		6,476,500		49,682
Expenditures							
Instruction:							
Vocational instruction	17,259		19,055		19,580		(525)
Special instruction	 12,912,195		12,920,774		12,677,349		243,425
Total instruction	 12,929,454		12,939,829		12,696,929		242,900
Support services:							
Pupil services	2,908,148		2,901,323		2,760,162		141,161
Instructional staff services	581,631		648,672		614,664		34,008
General administration services	27,786		11,429		7,126		4,303
Business services							
Operations and maintenance	43,615		42,045		40,920		1,125
Pupil transportation	937,987		937,044		906,408		30,636
Central services	52,700		51,700		52,462		(762)
Insurance	 				6,284	_	(6,284)
Total support services	 4,551,867		4,592,213		4,388,026		204,187
Total expenditures	 17,481,321		17,532,042	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	17,084,955		447,087
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(11,045,685)		(11,105,224)		(10,608,455)		496,769
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfer from general fund	11,217,822		11,232,071		10,746,922		(485,149)
Payments to other institutions	 (209,097)		(209,807)		(221,359)	_	(11,552)
Net change in fund balance	(36,960)		(82,960)		(82,892)		68
Fund balance - beginning of year	 662,617		662,617		662,617	_	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 625,657	\$	579,657	\$	579,725	\$	68

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

As of June 30

	2007		 2006
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Accounts receivable	\$	891	\$ 581
Due from other governments		208,608	187,778
Inventories and prepaid items		7,974	8,218
Total current assets		217,473	196,577
Noncurrent assets			
Furniture and equipment		502,027	501,406
Less accumulated depreciation		(337,489)	 (318,850)
Total noncurrent assets		164,538	 182,556
Total assets		382,011	 379,133
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Bank overdraft		4,512	38,798
Accounts payable		12,003	6,382
Accrued payroll		39,940	46,445
Deferred revenue		36,489	30,802
Total liabilities		92,944	122,427
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		164,538	182,556
Restricted for food service		124,529	 74,150
Total net assets	\$	289,067	\$ 256,706

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Years Ended June 30

	****	2007	 2006
Revenues:			
Food sales	\$	1,713,054	\$ 1,740,798
State sources		42,481	42,461
Federal sources		1,295,512	1,145,478
Federal commodities		146,448	131,201
Other revenue	_	1,717	
Total revenues		3,199,212	 3,059,938
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and wages		1,105,793	1,066,874
Employer paid benefits		331,039	337,006
Purchased services		156,510	159,446
Supplies, food, and materials		1,530,128	1,498,181
Other		29,127	12,171
Depreciation		18,639	 28,925
Total operating expenses	_	3,171,236	 3,102,603
Operating income (loss)		27,976	 (42,665)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Investment earnings		4,385	 4,767
Total nonoperating revenues		4,385	 4,767
Change in net assets		32,361	(37,898)
Net assets - beginning of year		256,706	 294,604
Net assets - end of year	\$	289,067	\$ 256,706

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Years Ended June 30

		2007		2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash received from user charges	\$	1,718,420	\$	1,761,200
Cash received from other government payments		1,318,880		1,048,330
Cash received from interest earnings		4,385		4,767
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,443,336)		(1,401,033)
Cash payments for utilities and other purchased services		(22,220)		(31,397)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,377,802)		(1,371,784)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	_	(163,420)		(139,899)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		34,907		(129,816)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash payments for acquisition of capital assets		(621)		(25,800)
•				
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(621)		(25,800)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Bank overdraft	****	(34,286)		38,798
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(34,286)		38,798
Net decrease in cash and investments				(116,818)
Cash and investments - beginning of year			_	116,818
Cash and investments - end of year	\$		\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Change in net assets	\$	32,361	\$	(37,898)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net				
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation		18,639		28,925
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(310)		(422)
Due from other governments		(20,830)		(139,299)
Due from other funds		244		(591)
Accounts payable		5,621		(4,202)
Accrued payroll		(6,505)		2,847
Deferred revenue		5,687		20,824
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	34,907	\$	(129,816)

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

As of June 30, 2007

ASSETS	Agency Funds	Private- Purpose Trust		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 714,790	\$ 142,434		
Total assets	714,790	142,434		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Due to grantor agencies	7,232 83,583			
Due to student groups:				
High school Middle school	365,543 143,887	-		
Elementary school	114,545			
Total liabilities	714,790			
NET ASSETS				
Reserved for educator scholarships				
Reserved for student scholarships		11,415		
Reserved for endowment		131,019		
Total net assets	\$	\$ 142,434		

Janesville, Wisconsin

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

For the Years Ended June 30

	Pur	vate- pose :ust
ADDITIONS	2007	2006
Interest earnings on scholarship funds Gifts	\$ 8,666 3,000	\$ 6,842 3,000
Total additions	11,666	9,842
DEDUCTIONS		
Investment fees Payments of scholarships	35 8,961	35 3,000
Total deductions	8,996	3,035
Change in net assets	2,670	6,807
Net assets - beginning	139,764	132,957
Net assets - ending	\$ 142,434	\$ 139,764

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements of the School District of Janesville (the "district") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the district are described below:

The School District of Janesville is organized as a unified school district. The district, governed by a nine member elected school board, operates programs for early childhood through grade twelve and is comprised of all or parts of five taxing districts.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the School District of Janesville. The district is not a component unit of another reporting entity nor does it have any component units.

The reporting entity for the district is based upon criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. All functions of the district for which it exercises oversight responsibility are included. The oversight responsibility includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency between the district and any other governmental entity; control by the district over selection of the entity's governing authority or designation of management; the ability of the district to significantly influence operations of the entity; and whether the district is responsible for the accountability for fiscal matters.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

District-Wide Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities present financial information about the district's governmental and business type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall district in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. The effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements to avoid double-counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the district's governmental activities and for business type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the district's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The district reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>. This is the district's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u>. This fund accounts for activities associated with providing educational programs for students with disabilities. Sources include financial aid received from the state and federal government and payments from other school districts. Excess expenditures of the fund are financed with a transfer from the general fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>. This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

<u>Capital Projects Fund.</u> This fund is used to account for major building and renovation expenditures financed through the use of bonds and promissory notes.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The district operates one proprietary fund, the food service fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the district's food service, generally school hot lunch, program.

The district accounts for assets held as an agent for various student and parent organizations in an agency fund.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The district-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time expenses are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the district gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The district considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the district may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net assets may be available to finance the program. It is the district's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Reports for the district's food service fund are prepared following the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Deposits and Investments

The district's cash and investments consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of six months or less from date of acquisition. Cash and investment balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

State statutes permit the district to invest available cash balances, other than debt service funds, in time deposits of authorized depositories, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, and the local government pooled-investment fund administered by the state investment board. Available balances in the debt service fund may be invested in municipal obligations, obligations of the United States, and the local government pooled-investment fund.

All investments are stated at fair value. Determination of fair value for investment in the state treasurer's investment pool is based on information provided by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board.

Property Tax Levy

Under Wisconsin law, personal property taxes and first installment real estate taxes can be collected by city, town, and village treasurers or clerks who then make proportional settlement with the school district and county treasurer for those taxes collected on their behalf. The county treasurer who then makes settlement with the city, town, village, and school districts before retaining any for county purposes collects second installment real estate taxes and delinquent taxes. Municipalities have the option of turning the entire collection process over to the county treasurer.

The District's property taxes are levied on or before October 31 on the equalized property valuation certified by the Department of Revenue. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes may be paid in full or two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31, and a final payment no later than the following July 31. The District is paid by the collecting municipality its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month on or before January 15, February 20, and August 20. The lottery tax credit portion of the levy is payable by April 15. On or before August 20, the County Treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance. The County assumes all responsibility for delinquent real property taxes.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period for which the taxes are levied. The 2006 tax levy is used to finance operations of the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. All property taxes are considered due on January 1, when an enforceable lien is assessed against the property and the taxpayer is liable for the taxes. All taxes are collected within 60 days of June 30 and are available to pay current liabilities.

Accounts Receivable

All accounts receivable are shown at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed such allowance would not be material.

Other Assets

Expendable supplies or non-capital items acquired for initial use in subsequent fiscal periods are recorded as inventory and/or prepaid supplies. Inventory and prepaid supplies are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or at estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by an independent third-party professional appraisal firm. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the district-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization 1 Threshold		•	Estimated
			Method	Useful Life
Buildings and building improvements	\$	5,000	Straight-line	20-100 years
Site improvements		5,000	Straight-line	20 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	Straight-line	10-20 years
Computer and related technology		5,000	Straight-line	5-10 years
Library books and video collections*		5,000	Straight-line	5-7 years

^{*}For purposes of determining the capitalization threshold for these items, the district groups all purchases by site for the year.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Vested Employee Benefits

<u>Vacation</u>. The district's policy does not provide school year employees with paid vacations. However, 12-month employees are provided paid vacation days. Administrators are paid for their unused vacation days at retirement. The superintendent can cash in up to two weeks vacation annually and directors and high school principals can cash in up to one week annually.

Sick Pay. The district's policy allows teachers to earn 10 days of sick pay for each year employed, accumulating to a maximum vested amount of 130 days. Clerical employees can accumulate up to 120 days and custodial and food service employees can accumulate up to 130 days. Administrators and administrative support staff earn up to 13.5 days per year, cumulative to a maximum of the number of contract days worked in a year.

<u>Retirement Plans</u>. District employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System. All contributions made by the district on behalf of its employees are reported as expenditures when paid.

<u>Post-Employment Benefits</u>. As provided in applicable negotiated contracts, certified district employees meeting a minimum age and length of service requirement may participate in the district's group health insurance program for up to eight years. Qualified clerical and custodial staff may receive up to three years of health benefits. An estimate of the present value of future benefits is recognized as a long-term liability in the statement of net assets.

State and Federal Aids

State general, categorical, and SAGE aids are recognized as revenue in the entitlement year. Federal and state aids for reimbursable programs are recognized as revenue in the year related program expenditures are incurred. Aids received prior to meeting revenue recognition criteria are recorded as deferred revenues.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used on the government fund statements and district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS (continued)

Differences between the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the statement of activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown in the columns on the following page represent:

- a. Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the statement of activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the statement of activities. The long-term expenses reported below recognize the change in vested employee benefits.
- b. Capital related differences include (1) the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the statement of activities, and (2) the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements, and capitalization and recording depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the statement of activities.
- c. Long-term debt transaction differences occur because long-term debt proceeds are recorded as revenue and both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements. In the statement of activities, long-term debt proceeds are recorded as a liability, interest expense is recorded as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund account for transactions through separate and distinct bank and investment accounts as required by State Statutes. In addition, the Trust and Agency Funds use separate and distinct accounts. All other funds share in common operating bank accounts.

Deposits: Deposits in banks are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$100,000 for demand deposits and time deposits. In addition, the state of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per entity above the amount provided by the FDIC. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relation to the total coverage, total recovery of losses may not be available.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The district is required to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 66.0603. The school board has adopted an investment policy pursuant to these statutes which allows the district to invest in the following:

Time deposits

Securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government

Securities of Wisconsin Municipal Units including Educational and School Districts

Other highly rated securities

Local Government Investment Pool

Repurchase agreements

Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the district's deposits may not be returned to it. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2007, \$279,825 of the district's bank balance of \$1,279,825 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Disclosures

As of June 30, 2007, the district had the following investments:

Investments	Maturities		Fair Value	
Investment in State Treasurer's				
Investment Pool	Less than 6 months	\$	6,553,973	
Wisconsin Investment Series				
Cooperative	Less than 1 year		55,737,124	
Johnson Bank Scholarship Investments	No stated maturities		180,340	
Johnson Bank CD's	Less than 6 months		500,000	
		\$_	62,971,437	

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Investments held in the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative and in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool conform with investment guidelines as required by state law. Both of these investments are unrated.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The district places no limit on the amount the district may invest in any one issuer.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM/DUE TO OTHER FUNDS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2007, are as follows:

Fund		Due From		Due To	
General fund Community service funds	\$	45,450	\$	1,677,851 45,450	
Special revenue fund		1,677,851	_		
	\$	1,723,301	\$	1,723,301	

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCES

Portions of fund balances are reserved and are not available for current appropriation or expenditure as follows:

Individual Fund	Reservation	8
General fund Special revenue fund Debt service fund Capital projects fund Food service fund Community service fund	\$ 5,449,884 579,725 640,092 31,902,950 124,529 519	Ence 2,594,499 and 325,850 Selfa 2.4 m Build; 129,574
Non-expendable trust - reserved for scholarship programs Expendable trust fund	131,019 11,415	
	\$ 38,840,133	

The general fund balance is designated to meet subsequent year cash flow requirements.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Sites (land)	\$ 1,329,744	\$	\$	\$ 1,329,744
Site improvements	703,841			703,841
Work in progress	208,999	1,575,876	208,999	1,575,876
Total sites and site improvements				
not being depreciated	2,242,584	1,575,876	208,999	3,609,461
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Site improvements	2,459,014	7,703	92,719	2,373,998
Buildings and building improvements	101,470,386	1,103,899		102,574,285
Furniture and equipment	11,819,435	1,522,841	125,636	13,216,640
Total capital assets being depreciated	115,748,835	2,634,443	218,355	118,164,923
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Site improvements	(821,634)	(111,834)	(49,871)	(883,597)
Buildings and building improvements	(23,753,501)	(1,689,592)	. , ,	(25,443,093)
Furniture and equipment	(5,934,513)	(1,342,580)	(105,802)	(7,171,291)
Total accumulated depreciation	(30,509,648)	(3,144,006)	(155,673)	(33,497,981)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	85,239,187	(509,563)	62,682	84,666,942
·				
Governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 87,481,771</u>	\$ 1,066,313	<u>\$ 271,681</u>	\$ 88,276,403
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 501,406	\$ 621	\$	\$ 502,027
Less accumulated depreciation	(318,850)	(18,639)		(337,489)
Business-type activities capital assets,				
net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 182,556	\$ (18,018)	\$	\$ 164,538
Depreciation expense was charged to governmental function	ons as follows:			
Regular instruction	\$ 212,410			
Vocational instruction	254,403			
Special education instruction	43,790			
Other instruction	40,003			
Depreciation not charged to a specific function	2,593,400			
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$ 3,144,006			

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF JANESVILLE Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations of the district are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds and notes payable					
Capital projects	\$ 28,265,000	\$ 33,000,000	\$ 3,125,000	\$ 58,140,000	\$ 4,850,000
Capital leases	85,291		58,066	27,225	18,018
Other notes payable	129,647		55,355	74,292	58,959
Total bonds and notes					
payable	28,479,938	33,000,000	3,238,421	58,241,517	4,926,977
Other liabilities					
Vested employee benefits	10,101,766	5,369,765	2,314,750	13,156,781	
Prior service liability,					
Wisconsin Retirement Fund	15,329,305	776,959	391,985	15,714,279	
Total other liabilities	25,431,071	6,146,724	2,706,735	28,871,060	
Total governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 53,911,009	\$ 39,146,724	\$ 5.945,156	\$ 87,112,577	\$ 4.926.977
long-term madmines	\$ 33,911,009	<u>Φ 39,140,724</u>	\$ 5,945,156	\$ 87,112,577	\$ 4,926,977
Business type activities:					
Bonds and notes payable	NONE				
Capital leases	NONE				

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Total interest paid during the year aggregated \$1,091,845. Total interest incurred during the year aggregated \$1,246,530.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the district. General obligation debt at June 30, 2007, is comprised of the following individual issues:

Description	Issue Date	Interest Rate (%)	Date of Maturity	Balance June 30, 2007
Notes and bonds awarded to:				
Harris N.A.	10/01/97	4.0 - 6.5	03/01/12	\$ 1,000,000
Harris N.A.	10/15/98	3.8 - 5.4	03/01/13	1,800,000
Morgan, Keegan, & Company, Inc.	05/15/04	3.5 - 4.25	03/01/19	8,950,000
Legg Mason Wood Walker	01/01/05	3.0 - 4.0	03/01/13	5,740,000
RBC Capital Markets	03/15/06	3.75 - 4.25	03/01/15	7,650,000
Harris N.A.	05/01/07	3.75 - 4.5	03/01/27	33,000,000
Total general				
obligation debt				\$ 58,140,000

The 2006 equalized valuation of the district as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$3,794,601,579. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2007, in accordance with Section 67.03(1)(b) of the Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt limit (10% of \$3,794,601,579)	\$ 379,460,158
Deduct long-term debt applicable to debt margin	58,140,000
- 11	
Margin of indebtedness	\$ 321,320,158

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of long-term principal and interest on June 30, 2007, follows:

Year Ended		-	
<u>June 30</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ 4,850,000	\$ 2,133,413	\$ 6,983,413
2009	3,960,000	2,184,400	6,144,400
2010	4,075,000	2,038,138	6,113,138
2011	3,455,000	1,882,200	5,337,200
2012	3,560,000	1,745,000	5,305,000
2013 - 2017	15,640,000	6,728,850	22,368,850
2018 - 2022	12,600,000	3,716,000	16,316,000
2023 - 2027	10,000,000	1,350,000	11,350,000
	\$ 58,140,000	\$ 21,778,001	\$ 79,918,001

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

All eligible district employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS). All permanent employees expected to work over 600 hours a year (440 hours for teachers) are eligible to participate in the System. Covered employees in the General/Teacher category are required by statute to contribute 5.2% of their salary to the plan. The district makes these contributions on behalf of employees as part of their compensation package. Employers are required to contribute an actuarially determined amount necessary to fund the remaining projected cost of future benefits. Rates are determined annually and go into effect on January 1 of each year.

The payroll for district employees covered by the system for the year ended December 31, 2006, was \$58,473,367. The total required contribution for the year ended December 31, 2006, was \$6,841,384, which consisted of \$3,391,455 or 5.8% of payroll from the employer and \$3,449,929 or 5.9% of payroll from employees. Total contributions for the years ending June 30, 2007 and 2006, were \$6,841,384 and \$6,627,694, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (continued)

Employees who retire at or after age 65 are entitled to receive a retirement benefit. Employees may retire at age 55 and receive actuarially reduced benefits. Retirement benefits are calculated as 1.6% of final average earnings for each year of creditable service. Final average earnings is the average of the employee's three highest years earnings. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and, by doing so, forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefit. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, are immediately vested.

The system also provides death and disability benefits for employees. Eligibility for and the amount of all benefits is determined under Chapter 40 of Wisconsin Statutes. The system issues an annual financial report which may be obtained by writing to Department of Employee Trust Funds, P.O. Box 7931, Madison, WI 53707-7931.

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASES, AS LESSEE

The district, as lessee, leases various vehicles, equipment, and buildings on an annual basis. Total rent expense was \$124,555 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

The district leases space for its Charter School under three separate operating leases. One for the first floor has a 3% annual increase in base rent, and a monthly payment of \$5,522. This lease ends June 2008, but there is an option to renew for an additional five year term. The second lease is for the second floor and has a monthly payment of \$5,165. This lease ends September 2008. The final lease is for the entire third floor and has a monthly payment of \$3,245. This lease ends June 2007, but there is an annual option to renew at that time. Rent expense under these leases was \$170,345 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Future minimum lease payments under these leases are as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2008	\$ 184,434
2009	15,495
	\$ 199,929

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASE, AS LESSEE

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital leases by major classes:

	June 30, 2007	
Equipment	\$	86,200
Leased property under capital leases	\$	86,200

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007:

Year ended June 30		
2008	\$	18,588
2009		9,294
Total minimum lease payments		27,882
Less amount representing interest	**************************************	657
Present value of net minimum	ф	27 225
lease payments	<u> </u>	21,225

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 - SELF-FUNDED INSURANCE PROGRAM

On September 1, 1983, the district established a self-funded health and dental benefit plan for its employees. The plan administrators, Midwest Securities and Delta Dental, process and pay claims on behalf of the district. The district funds the program and pays all fees. The plan reports on a fiscal year ending August 31.

Drug claims are also processed and paid for by a third party administrator. They then submit a billing to Midwest Securities who process the claim for reimbursement in accordance with the policies established for all claims processing.

Accounting and budgeting requirements for the plan are established by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. Prior to July 1, 1992, the plan was accounted for as an internal service fund of the district. Currently, the plan is accounted for in the general fund of the district.

As part of the health coverage of the plan, the district purchases stop-loss coverage which pays claims in excess of \$250,000 per individual, with \$1,000,000 of lifetime maximum coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2007, there were no claims that were subject to stop-loss coverage.

At June 30, 2007, the district has reported an estimated liability of \$1,756,935 which represents reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before June 30, 2007, but were not paid by the district as of that date.

Reported and unreported claims:

	\$	1,509,770	\$	16,977,251	\$	16,730,086	\$	1,756,935
Liability Balance July 1, 2006		and Changes In Estimates		Claim Payments		Liability Balance June 30, 2007		
Estimated			Curr	ent Year Claims			I	Estimated

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Encumbrances Outstanding - Encumbrances for purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are recognized by the district as a reservation of fund balance. On June 30, 2007, there was \$2,775,815 of encumbrances outstanding.

NOTE 13 - ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION, SICK PAY AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AMOUNTS

The district had a policy allowing qualified administrative staff to earn a retirement benefit equivalent of up to \$300 per year of service. Upon retirement, the employee was entitled to payment in cash. That policy has been revised effective July 1, 2002, whereby the \$300 is submitted to the Wisconsin Retirement System as an additional contribution on the employee's behalf. All accumulated balances for past years of service were frozen and are paid out to employees upon termination or the month of their 55th birthday, whichever comes first. In addition, the District has a policy allowing qualified administrative staff to earn a retirement benefit equivalent to paid-up group health insurance premiums to age 65 or for a maximum of ten years, whichever occurs first. The District also has a policy allowing qualified administrative staff to earn a retirement benefit equivalent to a \$100 per month credit, for a maximum of 120 months, applied toward group health insurance premium payments made by the retiree after paid-up group health insurance premiums terminate. The credit combined with the paid-up premiums provide a benefit to qualified administrative staff for a maximum of ten years.

Early retiree and retiree benefits for district non-administrative employees are governed by provisions in Board policy and negotiated labor contracts. Teachers and administrative support staff who qualify for early retiree benefits are entitled to a maximum of 48 months of paid health insurance premiums exclusive of sick days conversion, or until age 65, whichever occurs first. Members of the AFSCME bargaining units (custodial, maintenance, food service, secretarial, clerical, and aide employees) who qualify for early retiree benefits are entitled to a maximum of 36 months of paid health insurance premiums, or until age 65, whichever occurs first. Non-administrative retirees are not eligible for a monthly credit applied against their health insurance premium after they begin paying their own premiums.

The district also provides life insurance to qualified early retirees, paying for the monthly premiums for the same time period as the monthly health insurance premiums. An early retiree who has reached the end of district-paid benefits is responsible for life insurance premium payments until age 65. The district pays for all group life premiums for eligible retirees age 65 or older, until the retiree's death. During the 2006-2007 school year, 539 retirees were covered by the life insurance policy at a cost of \$41,373. Due to the nature of the life insurance benefit, an estimate of the future liability is not determinable at this time.

Janesville, Wisconsin

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 13 - ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION, SICK PAY AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AMOUNTS (continued)

Benefits that require payment in future fiscal years though related to currently-received services are recorded as an expenditure in the period incurred for district-wide presentation and as an expenditure in the period paid (or normally payable) for governmental reporting. The value of vested benefits payable in future fiscal periods are recorded as long-term obligations.

The District allows for the conversion of unused accumulated sick days to paid health benefits if certain criteria are met. The maximum potential liability to the District would be \$2,512,471 and will be funded as the benefit is paid out.

NOTE 14 - LIMITATION ON SCHOOL DISTRICT REVENUES

Wisconsin statues limit the amount of revenues that school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes. The annual revenue increase from these sources is limited by statute or the CPI-adjusted dollar amount on the prior year per pupil amount unless a higher amount has been approved by a referendum.

This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by a referendum prior to August 12, 1993.
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the district exceeded its revenue limit by \$17,430 due to a revision in the summer school membership.

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The district is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the district carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

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	SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Janesville, Wisconsin

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2007

	TEACH		Special		Totals			
	Grant		_Education_		2007		2006	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	579,725	\$		\$	579,725	\$	662,617
Due from other funds				1,677,851		1,677,851		1,753,225
Due from other governments				617,763		617,763		516,314
Other current assets				4,054		4,054	_	4,020
Total assets	\$	579,725	<u>\$</u>	2,299,668	\$	2,879,393	\$	2,936,176
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	71,803	\$	71,803	\$	40,787
Accrued salaries and related items				1,664,198		1,664,198		1,747,846
Due to other governments				35,070		35,070		
Other current liabilities				528,597		528,597		484,926
Total liabilities				2,299,668		2,299,668	·	2,273,559
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved		579,725	_	<u>.</u>		579,725		662,617
Total fund balances		579,725				579,725		662,617
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	579,725	<u>\$</u>	2,299,668	\$	2,879,393	<u>\$</u>	2,936,176

Janesville, Wisconsin

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	TEACH	Special	Totals			
	Grant	Education	2007	2006		
Revenues						
Interdistrict sources	\$	\$ 156,736	\$ 156,736	\$ 193,058		
Intermediate sources		15,215	15,215	27,486		
State sources		4,181,580	4,181,580	3,799,878		
Federal sources		2,122,969	2,122,969	2,305,798		
Total revenues		6,476,500	6,476,500	6,326,220		
Expenditures						
Instruction		12,696,929	12,696,929	12,776,339		
Support service	82,892	4,305,134	4,388,026	4,357,699		
Total expenditures	82,892	17,002,063	17,084,955	17,134,038		
Excess of revenues						
under expenditures	(82,892)	(10,525,563)	(10,608,455)	(10,807,818)		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers in		10,746,922	10,746,922	10,917,966		
Payments to other institutions		(221,359)	(221,359)	(153,766)		
Net other financing						
sources		10,525,563	10,525,563	10,764,200		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and						
other financing uses	(82,892)		(82,892)	(43,618)		
Fund balances, beginning of year	662,617		662,617	706,235		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 579,725	\$	\$ 579,725	\$ 662,617		

Janesville, Wisconsin

ANALYSIS OF LOCAL LEVY

June 30, 2007

	2005 Taxes	Total		2006 Taxes	
	Receivable July 1, 2006	Total 2006 Levy	Collections	Receivable June 30, 2007	
		2000 201)		<u> </u>	
City of Janesville	\$ 7,740,973	\$ 26,131,326	\$ 25,987,684	\$ 7,884,615	
Town of Harmony	1,690	6,879	6,576	1,993	
Town of Janesville	385,033	1,345,488	1,332,558	397,963	
Town of La Prairie	115,464	307,343	308,706	114,101	
Town of Rock	407,845	1,305,311	1,269,072	444,084	
	\$ 8,651,005	\$ 29,096,347	\$ 28,904,596	\$ 8,842,756	



Not The Same Old Bottom Line

September 27, 2007

Board of Education School District of Janesville 527 S. Franklin Street Janesville, Wisconsin 53548

Dear Board Members:

We would like to take this opportunity to comment on observations made during the course of our audit of the School District of Janesville for the year ended June 30, 2007, for your review and consideration.

Total net assets of the district increased by approximately \$2.5 million under the district-wide method of accounting. Under traditional governmental fund accounting, the fund balance increased by approximately \$35 million (this includes \$33 million received from the bond issuance). See page 19 of the basic financial statements for a reconciliation of district-wide results of operations versus governmental accounting results of operations. The general fund expenditures were over \$3 million under what was budgeted, largely the result of lower self-insured health costs. For additional information on the district's results of operations, see the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the financial statements, which was prepared by district staff.

Our review of the student activity accounts of the district included site visits to all high schools and middle schools and to four elementary schools on a rotating basis. Overall, our review of the accounting procedures at the district found the records to be in good shape. All recommendations regarding these funds were discussed with both the principal at each school and Lauri Clifton. These student activity funds represent a significant business activity within the district. Year-end balances in these funds were over \$600,000, resulting from activity of approximately \$1,800,000 during the year. As we have noted in the past, this volume equals and/or exceeds the operation of many small businesses and demonstrates the continued need to keep watch over compliance with accounting policies and procedures.

This year, Food Services had an increase in net assets as reported under the district-wide method of accounting, compared to a loss the prior year. This is the result of additional federal money received while keeping cost increases to a minimum. Total revenues were \$3,203,597 and total expenditures were \$3,171,236, resulting in a net increase of \$32,361, compared to revenues of \$3,064,705 and expenditures of \$3,102,603 and net loss of \$37,898 last year.

Board of Education School District of Janesville Page 2 September 27, 2007

General obligation debt of the district increased from \$28,265,000 last year to \$58,140,000 this year (due to the school projects bond issuance) and remains at a conservative level of less than 20% of the allowable debt limit. The statutory debt limit of the district is \$379,460,158, and the resulting margin of indebtedness of the district is \$321,320,158. This strong debt position continues to be a positive, even with the recent funds borrowed for capital projects.

The district participates in the Wisconsin Retirement System, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Every year, an actuarial calculation is performed by the system which estimates the amount that the district would need to have paid into the system at a given point in time to cover the estimated future cost of retirement payments to employees. At June 30, 2007, the district had an unfunded liability recorded for this pension plan of nearly \$16 million. While amounts vary, it is not uncommon for a district to have an unfunded liability of this relative size.

Beginning with fiscal year 2007-2008, the district will be required to implement GASB No. 45, which requires consideration and recording of other post-employment benefits (OPEB). We will be happy to assist the district as needed in this implementation.

We would like to thank the district administration and accounting staff for their cooperation during the course of our audit of the School District of Janesville. We would be happy to discuss any of the foregoing comments or recommendations with you in more detail if desired. Please do not hesitate to contact us if we can be of assistance in any way during the year.

Sincerely,

SMITH & GESTELAND, LLP

Keith Baumgartner, CPA

Keath Bourgarther

Partner