DESK

Secondary Reading

Reading: Literature

- <u>Key Ideas and Details</u> Use textual evidence to support analysis, inferences, themes, and summaries, and to analyze development and purpose of complex characters, events and ideas.
- <u>Craft and Structure</u> Analyze diction, structure, and point of view in one or more texts to determine their impact on meaning, content, and style.
- <u>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</u> Compare the representation of a subject or theme in texts, in
 different mediums, or in the source material and a specific work, to build knowledge or to compare
 approaches.
- Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity By the end of the year, read and comprehend stories, drama, and poems in the student grade-level text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Reading: Informational Text

- <u>Key Ideas and Details</u> Analyze textual evidence in non-fiction texts that most strongly supports analysis, inferences, central ideas, relationships, summaries, and development.
- <u>Craft and Structure</u> Examine a text to determine how the author advances purpose and relationships through diction, structure, and point of view.
- <u>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</u> Integrate knowledge and ideas by analyzing varying accounts of a subject, including seminal documents, and evaluating the validity of the reasoning and sufficiency of evidence to build knowledge or compare approaches.
- Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity By the end of the year, read and comprehend nonfiction in the student grade-level text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding at the high end of the range.

Writing

- <u>Argument</u> Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using reasons and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- <u>Informative / Explanatory</u> Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- <u>Narrative</u> Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events, using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
- <u>Production and Distribution of Writing</u> Develop, strengthen, produce and publish coherent, purposeful writing using the writing process and/or technology to interact and collaborate with others.
- Research to Build and Present Knowledge Conduct short, as well as more substantial, research projects that answer a question or solve a problem, evaluating and drawing evidence from a variety of authoritative sources while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard citation format.
- Range of Writing Write routinely over extended time frames and shorter time frames for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Speaking and Listening

- <u>Collaboration</u> Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others; ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
- <u>Comprehension</u> Integrate information presented in diverse media and formats, and evaluate point of view, reasoning, and rhetoric.
- <u>Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas</u> Present information, using organization, development, style, and digital media appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Language

- <u>Conventions of Standard English</u> Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, mechanics, and spelling.
- Knowledge of Language Apply knowledge of language to understand how it functions in different
 contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or
 listening.
- <u>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</u> Acquire and accurately use and interpret academic words and phrases; independently gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.