

6th United States of America
Junior Mathematical Olympiad

Day I 12:30 PM – 5 PM EDT

April 28, 2015

Note: For any geometry problem, the first page of the solution must be a large, in-scale, clearly labeled diagram made with drawing instruments (ruler, compass, protractor, graph paper). Failure to meet this requirement will result in a 1-point automatic deduction.

JMO 1. Given a sequence of real numbers, a move consists of choosing two terms and replacing each by their arithmetic mean. Show that there exists a sequence of 2015 distinct real numbers such that after one initial move is applied to the sequence – no matter what move – there is always a way to continue with a finite sequence of moves so as to obtain in the end a constant sequence.

JMO 2. Solve in integers the equation

$$x^2 + xy + y^2 = \left(\frac{x+y}{3} + 1 \right)^3.$$

JMO 3. Quadrilateral $APBQ$ is inscribed in circle ω with $\angle P = \angle Q = 90^\circ$ and $AP = AQ < BP$. Let X be a variable point on segment \overline{PQ} . Line AX meets ω again at S (other than A). Point T lies on arc AQB of ω such that \overline{XT} is perpendicular to \overline{AX} . Let M denote the midpoint of chord \overline{ST} . As X varies on segment \overline{PQ} , show that M moves along a circle.