

# 45th United States of America Junior Mathematical Olympiad

Day I 12:30PM — 5PM EDT

April 19, 2016

**Note:** For any geometry problem, the first page of the solution must be a large, in-scale, clearly labeled diagram made with drawing instruments (ruler, compass, protractor, graph paper). Failure to meet this requirement will result in an automatic 1-point deduction.

**USAJMO 1.** The isosceles triangle  $\triangle ABC$ , with  $AB = AC$ , is inscribed in the circle  $\omega$ .

Let  $P$  be a variable point on the arc  $BC$  that does not contain  $A$ , and let  $I_B$  and  $I_C$  denote the incenters of triangles  $\triangle ABP$  and  $\triangle ACP$ , respectively.

Prove that as  $P$  varies, the circumcircle of triangle  $\triangle PI_B I_C$  passes through a fixed point.

**USAJMO 2.** Prove that there exists a positive integer  $n < 10^6$  such that  $5^n$  has six consecutive zeros in its decimal representation.

**USAJMO 3.** Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{100}$  be a sequence of mutually distinct non-empty subsets of a set  $S$ . Any two sets  $X_i$  and  $X_{i+1}$  are disjoint and their union is not the whole set  $S$ , that is,  $X_i \cap X_{i+1} = \emptyset$  and  $X_i \cup X_{i+1} \neq S$ , for all  $i \in \{1, \dots, 99\}$ . Find the smallest possible number of elements in  $S$ .